GEOPOWERING THE WEST

Geothermal Energy

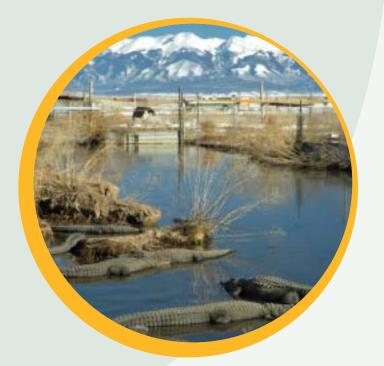
The Bountiful, Clean Energy Source for the West



GeoPowering the West will contribute to the overall increased use of domestic renewable energy resources, as recommended in the National Energy Policy, by:

- Doubling the number of states with geothermal electric power facilities from four to eight by 2010, and
- Supplying the heat or power needs of 5 million Western homes and businesses by 2015.

Geothermal Energy Program Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy U.S. Department of Energy



Aquaculture, or fish farming, is one of the many uses of geothermal waters. These alligators consume waste products from nearby geothermally heated fish farms, and also provide meat and leather products.

GeoPowering the West Activities

G eothermal energy represents a major economic opportunity for the American West, an area characterized by a steadily increasing population that requires reliable sources of heat and power. GeoPowering the West is pursuing this opportunity by:

- Bringing together national, state and local stakeholders for state-sponsored geothermal development workshops;
- Working with public power companies and rural electric cooperatives to promote use of geothermal power;
- Promoting increased federal use of geothermal energy;
- Helping American Indians identify and develop geothermal resources on tribal lands; and
- Sponsoring non-technical educational workshops.

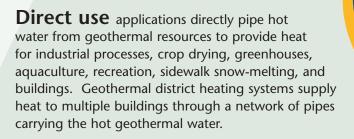
What Is GeoPowering the West?

The U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE's) GeoPowering the West (GPW) program works with the U.S. geothermal industry, power companies, industrial and residential consumers, and federal, state, and local officials to provide technical and institutional support and limited, cost-shared funding to state-level activities.

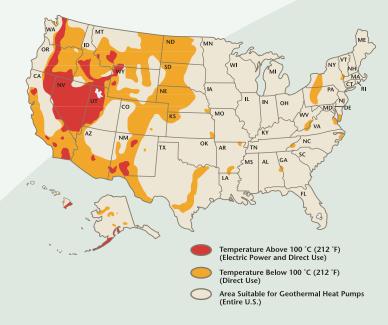
By demonstrating the benefits of geothermal energy, GPW increases state and regional awareness of opportunities to enhance local economies and strengthen our nation's energy security while minimizing environmental impact.

By identifying barriers to development and working with others to eliminate them, GPW helps a state or region create a regulatory and economic environment that is more favorable for geothermal and other renewable energy development.

These two geothermal power plants in Steamboat Springs, Nevada, have a combined 48-MW capacity.



U.S. Geothermal Energy Potential



Electricity is produced using expanding steam or very hot water from the underground reservoir to spin a conventional turbine-generator. Geothermal power plants operate at high capacity factors (70-100%), with availability factors typically greater than 95%. Geothermal plants are among the cleanest sources of electric power available.



Heat and Power for the 21st Century

Resources and Contacts

General Geothermal Energy Information

U.S. Department of Energy Office of Wind and Geothermal Technologies www.eren.doe.gov/geothermal www.eren.doe.gov/geopoweringthewest

GeoPowering the West

Susan L. Norwood GPW National Coordinator U.S. Department of Energy 202.586.4779 susan.norwood@ee.doe.gov

Roger Hill GPW Technical Director Sandia National Laboratories 505.844.6111 rrhill@sandia.gov

Curtis Framel DOE Seattle Region 206.553.7841 curtis.framel@ee.doe.gov

Steve Palomo DOE Denver Region 303.275.4838 steve.palomo@ee.doe.gov

Sara Boddy GPW Communications National Renewable Energy Laboratory 303.275.4256 sara_boddy@nrel.gov

Barbara Farhar GPW Policy Analyst National Renewable Energy Laboratory 303.384.7376 barbara_farhar@nrel.gov

Gerry Nix GPW (NREL) Program Manager National Renewable Energy Laboratory 303.384.7566 gerald_nix@nrel.gov

Bob Neilson GPW (INEEL) Program Manager Idaho National Engineering & Environmental Laboratory 208.526.8274 rmn@inel.gov

Joel Renner Geothermal Program Manager Idaho National Engineering & Environmental Laboratory 208.526.9824 rennerjl@inel.gov

Ed Hoover GPW (Sandia) Program Manager Sandia National Laboratories 505.844.7315 erhoove@sandia.gov

GeoPowering the West Partners

Liz Battocletti Bob Lawrence & Associates 703.836.0304 ecbatto@aol.com

John Lund Geo-Heat Center 541.885.1750 lundj@oit.edu geoheat@oit.edu

Jane Long Great Basin Center for Geothermal Energy 775.784.6987 jcslong@unr.edu | www.mines.unr.edu/geothermal/

James Taranik Great Basin Center for Geothermal Energy 775.784.4258 jtaranik@mines.unr.edu | www.mines.unr.edu/geothermal/

Troy Gagliano National Conference of State Legislatures 303.830.2200 troy.gagliano@ncsl.org | www.ncsl.org

Mike Hughes Resolve, Inc. 303.861.1500 mhughes@resolv.org

Paul Dunlevy U.S. Bureau of Land Management 202.452.7707 paul_dunlevy@blm.gov

U.S. Trade and Education Associations

Ted Clutter Geothermal Resources Council 530.758.2360 tclutter@geothermal.org | www.geothermal.org

Karl Gawell Geothermal Energy Association 202.454.5264 karl@geo-energy.org | www.geo-energy.org

Marilyn Nemzer Geothermal Education Office 800.866.4436 mnemzer@aol.com | geothermal.marin.org



U.S. Department of Energy Office of Wind and Geothermal Technologies 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20585

Produced for the U.S. Department of Energy by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory DOE/GO 102002-1559 April 2002



Printed with renewable-source ink on paper containing at least 50% wastepaper, including 20% postconsumer waste.