REFERENCE TITLE: clean elections; amendments

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-ninth Legislature First Regular Session 2009

HB 2603

Introduced by Representatives Crandall, Campbell CH, Gowan, Reagan, Sinema, Tobin

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 16-901, 16-901.01, 16-941, 16-945, 16-946, 16-950, 16-952, 16-954 AND 16-961, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE CITIZENS CLEAN ELECTIONS ACT.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 16-901, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 16-901. Definitions 5 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Agent" means, with respect to any person other than a candidate, 6 1. 7 any person who has oral or written authority, either express or implied, to make or authorize the making of expenditures as defined in this section on 8 9 behalf of a candidate, any person who has been authorized by the treasurer of a political committee to make or authorize the making of expenditures or a 10 11 political consultant for a candidate or political committee. 12 2. "Candidate" means an individual who receives or gives consent for 13 receipt of a contribution for his nomination for or election to any office in 14 this state other than a federal office. 15 3. "Candidate's campaign committee" means a political committee 16 designated and authorized by a candidate. 17 4. "Clearly identified candidate" means that the name, a photograph or 18 a drawing of the candidate appears or the identity of the candidate is 19 otherwise apparent by unambiguous reference. 20 5. "Contribution" means any gift, subscription, loan, advance or 21 deposit of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing an 22 election, including supporting or opposing the recall of a public officer or 23 supporting or opposing the circulation of a petition for a ballot measure, 24 question or proposition or the recall of a public officer and: 25 (a) Includes all of the following: 26 (i) A contribution made to retire campaign debt. 27 (ii) Money or the fair market value of anything directly or indirectly 28 given or loaned to an elected official for the purpose of defraying the 29 expense of communications with constituents, regardless of whether the 30 elected official has declared his candidacy UNLESS THE MONEY OR ITEM IS NOT 31 SPENT, USED OR DISTRIBUTED BETWEEN APRIL 30 AND NOVEMBER 30 OF AN ELECTION 32 YEAR. 33 (iii) The entire amount paid to a political committee to attend a 34 fund-raising or other political event and the entire amount paid to a 35 political committee as the purchase price for a fund-raising meal or item, 36 except that no contribution results if the actual cost of the meal or 37 fund-raising item, based on the amount charged to the committee by the 38 vendor, constitutes the entire amount paid by the purchaser for the meal or 39 item, the meal or item is for the purchaser's personal use and not for resale 40 and the actual cost is the entire amount paid by the purchaser in connection 41 with the event. This exception does not apply to auction items. 42 (iv) Unless specifically exempted, the provision of goods or services 43 without charge or at a charge that is less than the usual and normal charge 44 for such goods and services.

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(b) Does not include any of the following:

2 (i) The value of services provided without compensation by any 3 individual who volunteers on behalf of a candidate, a candidate's campaign 4 committee or any other political committee.

5 (ii) Money or the value of anything directly or indirectly provided to 6 defray the expense of an elected official meeting with constituents if the 7 elected official is engaged in the performance of the duties of his office or 8 provided by the state or a political subdivision to an elected official for 9 communication with constituents if the elected official is engaged in the 10 performance of the duties of his office.

11 (iii) The use of real or personal property, including a church or community room used on a regular basis by members of a community for 12 13 noncommercial purposes, that is obtained by an individual in the course of 14 volunteering personal services to any candidate, candidate's committee or 15 political party, and the cost of invitations, food and beverages voluntarily 16 provided by an individual to any candidate, candidate's campaign committee or 17 political party in rendering voluntary personal services on the individual's 18 residential premises or in the church or community room for candidate-related 19 or political party-related activities, to the extent that the cumulative 20 value of the invitations, food and beverages provided by the individual on 21 behalf of any single candidate does not exceed one hundred dollars with 22 respect to any single election.

(iv) Any unreimbursed payment for personal travel expenses made by an
 individual who on his own behalf volunteers his personal services to a
 candidate.

26 (v) The payment by a political party for party operating expenses, 27 party staff and personnel, party newsletters and reports, voter registration 28 and efforts to increase voter turnout, party organization building and 29 maintenance and printing and postage expenses for slate cards, sample 30 ballots, other written materials that substantially promote three or more 31 nominees of the PRINTED LISTINGS OF THREE OR MORE CANDIDATES OF THAT party 32 for public office and other election activities not related to a specific 33 candidate, except that this item does not apply to costs incurred with 34 respect to a display of the listing of candidates made on telecommunications 35 systems or in newspapers, magazines or similar types of general circulation 36 advertising.

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(vi) Independent expenditures.

38 (vii) Monies loaned by a state bank, a federally chartered depository 39 institution or a depository institution the deposits or accounts of which are 40 insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation or the national credit 41 union administration, other than an overdraft made with respect to a checking 42 or savings account, that is made in accordance with applicable law and in the 43 ordinary course of business. In order for this exemption to apply, this loan 44 shall be deemed a loan by each endorser or guarantor, in that proportion of 45 the unpaid balance that each endorser or guarantor bears to the total number

of endorsers or guarantors, the loan shall be made on a basis that assures repayment, evidenced by a written instrument, shall be subject to a due date or amortization schedule and shall bear the usual and customary interest rate of the lending institution.

5 (viii) A gift, subscription, loan, advance or deposit of money or 6 anything of value to a national or a state committee of a political party 7 specifically designated to defray any cost for the construction or purchase 8 of an office facility not acquired for the purpose of influencing the 9 election of a candidate in any particular election.

10 (ix) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of a 11 political committee or a candidate, if the only person paying for the 12 services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the services and 13 if the services are solely for the purpose of compliance with this title.

14 (x) The payment by a political party of the costs of campaign 15 materials, including pins, bumper stickers, handbills, brochures, posters, 16 party tabloids and yard signs, used by the party in connection with volunteer 17 activities on behalf of any nominee of the party or the payment by a state or 18 local committee of a political party of the costs of voter registration and 19 get-out-the-vote activities conducted by the committee if the payments are 20 not for the costs of campaign materials or activities used in connection with 21 any telecommunication, newspaper, magazine, billboard, direct mail or similar 22 type of general public communication or political advertising.

(xi) Transfers between political committees to distribute monies raised through a joint fund-raising effort in the same proportion to each committee's share of the fund-raising expenses and payments from one political committee to another in reimbursement of a committee's proportionate share of its expenses in connection with a joint fund-raising effort.

29 (xii) An extension of credit for goods and services made in the 30 ordinary course of the creditor's business if the terms are substantially 31 similar to extensions of credit to nonpolitical debtors that are of similar 32 risk and size of obligation and if the creditor makes a commercially 33 reasonable attempt to collect the debt, except that any extension of credit 34 under this item made for the purpose of influencing an election which remains 35 unsatisfied by the candidate after six months, notwithstanding good faith collection efforts by the creditor, shall be deemed receipt of a contribution 36 37 by the candidate but not a contribution by the creditor.

38 (xiii) Interest or dividends earned by a political committee on any
 39 bank accounts, deposits or other investments of the political committee.

6. "Earmarked" means a designation, instruction or encumbrance that results in all or any part of a contribution or expenditure being made to, or expended on behalf of, a clearly identified candidate or a candidate's campaign committee.

44 7. "Election" means any election for any initiative, referendum or 45 other measure or proposition or a primary, general, recall, special or runoff election for any office in this state other than the office of precinct
 committeeman and other than a federal office. For THE purposes of sections
 16-903 and 16-905, the general election includes the primary election.

4 "Expenditures" includes any purchase, payment, distribution, loan, 8. 5 advance, deposit or gift of money or anything of value made by a person for the purpose of influencing an election in this state including supporting or 6 7 opposing the recall of a public officer or supporting or opposing the 8 circulation of a petition for a ballot measure, question or proposition or 9 the recall of a public officer and a contract, promise or agreement to make an expenditure resulting in an extension of credit and the value of any 10 11 in-kind contribution received. Expenditure does not include any of the 12 following:

13 (a) A news story, commentary or editorial distributed through the 14 facilities of any telecommunications system, newspaper, magazine or other 15 periodical publication, unless the facilities are owned or controlled by a 16 political committee, political party or candidate.

17 (b) Nonpartisan activity designed to encourage individuals to vote or
 18 to register to vote IF THE ACTIVITY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE EXPRESS ADVOCACY AS
 19 DEFINED IN SECTION 16-901.01.

20 (c) The payment by a political party of the costs of preparation, 21 display, mailing or other distribution incurred by the party with respect to 22 any printed slate card, sample ballot or other printed listing of three or 23 more candidates OF THAT PARTY for any public office for which an election is 24 held, except that this subdivision does not apply to costs incurred by the 25 party with respect to a display of any listing of candidates made on any 26 telecommunications system or in newspapers, magazines or similar types of 27 general public political advertising.

28 (d) The payment by a political party of the costs of campaign 29 materials, including pins, bumper stickers, handbills, brochures, posters, 30 party tabloids and yard signs, used by the party in connection with volunteer 31 activities on behalf of any nominee of the party or the payment by a state or 32 local committee of a political party of the costs of voter registration and 33 get-out-the-vote activities conducted by the committee if the payments are 34 not for the costs of campaign materials or activities used in connection with 35 any telecommunications system, newspaper, magazine, billboard, direct mail or 36 similar type of general public communication or political advertising.

(e) Any deposit or other payment filed with the secretary of state or
 any other similar officer to pay any portion of the cost of printing an
 argument in a publicity pamphlet advocating or opposing a ballot measure.

9. "Exploratory committee" means a political committee that is formed
for the purpose of determining whether an individual will become a candidate
and that receives contributions or makes expenditures of more than five
hundred dollars in connection with that purpose.

1 10. "Family contribution" means any contribution that is provided to a 2 candidate's campaign committee by a parent, grandparent, spouse, child or 3 sibling of the candidate or a parent or spouse of any of those persons.

4 11. "Filing officer" means the office that is designated by section 5 16-916 to conduct the duties prescribed by this chapter.

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12. "Identification" means:

7 (a) For an individual, his name and mailing address, his occupation 8 and the name of his employer.

9 (b) For any other person, including a political committee, the full 10 name and mailing address of the person. For a political committee, 11 identification includes the identification number issued on the filing of a 12 statement of organization pursuant to section 16-902.01.

13 13. "Incomplete contribution" means any contribution received by a 14 political committee for which the contributor's mailing address, occupation, 15 employer or identification number has not been obtained and is not in the 16 possession of the political committee.

17 14. "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure by a person or political committee, other than a candidate's campaign committee, that 18 19 expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate, 20 that is made without cooperation or consultation with any candidate or 21 committee or agent of the candidate and that is not made in concert with or 22 at the request or suggestion of a candidate, or any committee or agent of the 23 candidate. Independent expenditure includes an expenditure that is subject 24 to the requirements of section 16-917, which requires a copy of campaign 25 literature or advertisement to be sent to a candidate named or otherwise 26 referred to in the literature or advertisement. An expenditure is not an 27 independent expenditure if any of the following applies:

(a) Any officer, member, employee or agent of the political committee making the expenditure is also an officer, member, employee or agent of the committee of the candidate whose election or whose opponent's defeat is being advocated by the expenditure or an agent of the candidate whose election or whose opponent's defeat is being advocated by the expenditure.

(b) There is any arrangement, coordination or direction with respect to the expenditure between the candidate or the candidate's agent and the person making the expenditure, including any officer, director, employee or agent of that person.

37 (c) In the same election the person making the expenditure, including38 any officer, director, employee or agent of that person, is or has been:

39 (i) Authorized to raise or expend monies on behalf of the candidate or40 the candidate's authorized committees.

41 (ii) Receiving any form of compensation or reimbursement from the 42 candidate, the candidate's committees or the candidate's agent.

(d) The expenditure is based on information about the candidate's
plans, projects or needs, or those of his campaign committee, provided to the
expending person by the candidate or by the candidate's agents or any

1 officer, member or employee of the candidate's campaign committee with a view 2 toward having the expenditure made.

3 15. "In-kind contribution" means a contribution of goods or services or4 anything of value and not a monetary contribution.

5 16. "Itemized" means that each contribution received or expenditure 6 made is set forth separately.

7 17. "Literature or advertisement" means information or materials that 8 are mailed, distributed or placed in some medium of communication for the 9 purpose of influencing the outcome of an election.

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18. "Personal monies" means any of the following:

11 (a) Assets to which the candidate has a legal right of access or 12 control at the time he becomes a candidate and with respect to which the 13 candidate has either legal title or an equitable interest.

14 (b) Salary and other earned income from bona fide employment of the 15 candidate, dividends and proceeds from the sale of the stocks or investments of the candidate, bequests to the candidate, income to the candidate from 16 17 trusts established before candidacy, income to the candidate from trusts 18 established by bequest after candidacy of which the candidate is a 19 beneficiary, gifts to the candidate of a personal nature that have been 20 customarily received before the candidacy and proceeds received by the 21 candidate from lotteries and other legal games of chance.

(c) The proceeds of loans obtained by the candidate that are not
 contributions and for which the collateral or security is covered by
 subdivision (a) or (b) of this paragraph.

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(d) Family contributions.

26 19. "Political committee" means a candidate or any association or 27 combination of persons that is organized, conducted or combined for the 28 purpose of influencing the result of any election or to determine whether an 29 individual will become a candidate for election in this state or in any 30 county, city, town, district or precinct in this state, that engages in 31 political activity in behalf of or against a candidate for election or 32 retention or in support of or opposition to an initiative, referendum or 33 recall or any other measure or proposition and that applies for a serial 34 number and circulates petitions and, in the case of a candidate for public 35 office except those exempt pursuant to section 16-903, that receives contributions or makes expenditures in connection therewith, notwithstanding 36 37 that the association or combination of persons may be part of a larger 38 association, combination of persons or sponsoring organization not primarily 39 organized, conducted or combined for the purpose of influencing the result of 40 any election in this state or in any county, city, town or precinct in this 41 state. Political committee includes the following types of committees:

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(a) A candidate's campaign committee.

43 (b) A separate, segregated fund established by a corporation or labor
 44 organization pursuant to section 16-920, subsection A, paragraph 3.

1 (c) A committee acting in support of or opposition to the 2 qualification, passage or defeat of a ballot measure, question or 3 proposition.

4 (d) A committee organized to circulate or oppose a recall petition or 5 to influence the result of a recall election.

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(e) A political party.

7 (f) A committee organized for the purpose of making independent 8 expenditures.

9 (g) A committee organized in support of or opposition to one or more 10 candidates.

11

(h) A political organization.(i) An exploratory committee.

12

20. "Political organization" means an organization that is formally affiliated with and recognized by a political party, including a district committee organized pursuant to section 16-823.

16 21. "Political party" means the state committee as prescribed by 17 section 16-825 or the county committee as prescribed by section 16-821 of an 18 organization that meets the requirements for recognition as a political party 19 pursuant to section 16-801 or section 16-804, subsection A.

20 22. "Sponsoring organization" means any organization that establishes, 21 administers or contributes financial support to the administration of, or 22 that has common or overlapping membership or officers with, a political 23 committee other than a candidate's campaign committee.

24 23. "Standing political committee" means a political committee that is
 25 TO WHICH all of the following APPLY:

26 (a) IS active in more than one reporting jurisdiction in this state 27 for more than one year.

28 (b) Files a statement of organization as prescribed by section 29 16-902.01, subsection E.

30 (c) Is any of the following as defined by paragraph 19 of this 31 section:

32 33 (i) A separate, segregated fund.

(ii) A political party.

34 (iii) A committee organized for the purpose of making independent 35 expenditures.

36

(iv) A political organization.

37 24. "Statewide office" means the office of governor, secretary of
 38 state, state treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public
 39 instruction, corporation commissioner or mine inspector.

40 25. "Surplus monies" means those monies of a political committee 41 remaining after all of the committee's expenditures have been made and its 42 debts have been extinguished.

43 26. "YARD SIGN" MEANS AN OUTDOOR SIGN THAT IS NO LARGER THAN FIFTEEN44 SQUARE FEET.

16-901.01.

1 Sec. 2. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, 2 Constitution of Arizona, section 16-901.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is 3 amended to read:

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contributions For purposes of this chapter, "expressly advocates" means: Α.

Limitations on certain unreported expenditures and

7 1. Conveying a communication containing a phrase such as "vote for," "elect," "re-elect," "support," "endorse," "cast your ballot for," "(name of 8 candidate) in (year)," "(name of candidate) for (office)," "vote against," 9 "defeat," "reject," or a campaign slogan or words that in context can have no 10 reasonable meaning other than to advocate the election or defeat of one or 11 12 more clearly identified candidates. , or

13 2. Making a general public communication, such as in a broadcast 14 medium, newspaper, magazine, billboard, or direct mailer referring to one or 15 more clearly identified candidates and targeted to the electorate of that 16 candidate(s):-

17 (A) that in context can have no reasonable meaning other than to 18 advocate the election or defeat of the candidate(s), as evidenced by factors 19 such as the presentation of the candidate(s) in a favorable or unfavorable 20 light, the targeting, placement, or timing of the communication, or the 21 inclusion of statements of the candidate(s) or opponents, or

22 (B) In the sixteen-week period immediately preceding a general 23 election.

24 B. A communication within the scope of subsection A, paragraph 2 shall 25 not be considered as one that "expressly advocates" merely because it 26 presents information about the voting record or position on a campaign issue 27 of three or more candidates, so long as it is not made in coordination with a 28 candidate, political party, agent of the candidate or party, or a person who 29 is coordinating with a candidate or candidate's agent.

30 Sec. 3. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, 31 Constitution of Arizona, section 16-941, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 32 to read:

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16-941. Limits on spending and contributions for political <u>campaigns</u>

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a participating candidate: Α. 36 1. Shall not accept any contributions, other than a limited number of 37 five-dollar qualifying contributions as specified in section 16-946 and early 38 contributions as specified in section 16-945, except in the emergency 39 situation specified in section 16-954, subsection F.

40 2. Shall not make expenditures of more than a total of five hundred dollars of the candidate's personal monies for a candidate for the 41 42 legislature or more than one thousand dollars for a candidate for statewide 43 office.

44 Shall not make expenditures in the primary election period in 3. 45 excess of the adjusted primary election spending limit.

1 4. Shall not make expenditures in the general election period in 2 excess of the adjusted general election spending limit.

3

5. Shall comply with section 16-948 regarding campaign accounts and 4 section 16-953 regarding returning unused monies to the citizens clean 5 elections fund described in this article.

SHALL NOT MAKE COORDINATED EXPENDITURES WITH ANY CANDIDATE WHO HAS 6 PREVIOUSLY TRIGGERED MATCHING MONIES FOR THAT PARTICIPATING CANDIDATE. ANY 7 EXPENDITURES DETERMINED TO BE IN VIOLATION OF THIS PARAGRAPH ARE SUBJECT TO 8 9 ALL APPLICABLE PENALTIES, INCLUDING THOSE PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-924.

B. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a nonparticipating 10 11 candidate:

12 1. Shall not accept contributions in excess of an amount that is 13 twenty per cent less than the limits specified in section 16-905, subsections 14 A through G, as adjusted by the secretary of state pursuant to section 15 16-905, subsection J. Any violation of this paragraph shall be subject to 16 the civil penalties and procedures set forth in section 16-905, subsections L 17 through P and section 16-924.

18 2. Shall comply with section 16-958 regarding reporting, including 19 filing reports with the secretary of state indicating whenever 20 (a) expenditures other than independent expenditures on behalf of the 21 candidate, from the beginning of the election cycle to any date up to primary 22 election day, exceed seventy per cent of the original primary election 23 spending limit applicable to a participating candidate seeking the same 24 office, or (b) contributions to a candidate, from the beginning of the 25 election cycle to any date during the general election period, less 26 expenditures made from the beginning of the election cycle through primary 27 election day, exceed seventy per cent of the original general election 28 spending limit applicable to a participating candidate seeking the same 29 office. A nonparticipating candidate is exempt from this paragraph if there 30 is no participating candidate running against that nonparticipating 31 candidate.

32 C. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a candidate, whether 33 participating or nonparticipating:

1. If specified in a written agreement signed by the candidate and one 34 35 or more opposing candidates and filed with the citizens clean elections 36 commission, shall not make any expenditure in the primary or general election 37 period exceeding an agreed-upon amount lower than spending limits otherwise 38 applicable by statute.

39 2. Shall continue to be bound by all other applicable election and 40 campaign finance statutes and rules, with the exception of those provisions 41 in express or clear conflict with this article.

42 D. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any person who makes 43 independent expenditures related to a particular office cumulatively 44 exceeding five hundred dollars in an election cycle, with the exception of 45 any expenditure listed in section 16-920 and any independent expenditure by an organization arising from a communication directly to the organization's members, shareholders, employees, affiliated persons and subscribers, shall file reports with the secretary of state in accordance with section 16-958 so indicating, identifying the office and the candidate or group of candidates whose election or defeat is being advocated and stating whether the person is advocating election or advocating defeat.

Sec. 4. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1,
Constitution of Arizona, section 16-945, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended
to read:

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16-945. Limits on early contributions

11 A. A participating candidate may accept early contributions only from 12 individuals and only during the exploratory period and the qualifying period, 13 subject to the following limitations:

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no contributor shall give,
 and no participating candidate shall accept, contributions from a contributor
 exceeding one hundred dollars during an election cycle.

17 2. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, early contributions to a 18 participating candidate from all sources for an election cycle shall not 19 exceed, for a candidate for governor, forty thousand dollars or, for other 20 candidates, ten percent PER CENT of the sum of the original primary election 21 spending limit and the original general election spending limit.

3. PARTICIPATING CANDIDATES MAY EXCEED THE CONTRIBUTION LIMITS
 PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH 2 IF THE CANDIDATE DOES NOT SPEND THE EXCESS MONIES
 RECEIVED. MONIES RECEIVED IN EXCESS OF THE LIMIT SHALL BE HELD BY THE
 CANDIDATE IN THE CANDIDATE'S CAMPAIGN ACCOUNT AND MAY BE SPENT ONLY ON
 APPROVAL OF THE COMMISSION AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-952.

27 3. 4. Qualifying contributions specified in section 16-946 shall not
 28 be included in determining whether the limits in this subsection have been
 29 exceeded.

B. Early contributions specified in subsection A of this section and the candidate's personal monies specified in section 16-941, subsection A, paragraph 2 may be spent only during the exploratory period and the qualifying period. Any early contributions not spent by the end of the qualifying period shall be paid to the fund.

C. NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, CANDIDATES MAY SPEND
 EARLY CONTRIBUTIONS AFTER THE QUALIFYING PERIOD ON APPROVAL OF THE COMMISSION
 AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-952.

38 C. D. If a participating candidate has a debt from an election 39 campaign in this state during a previous election cycle in which the 40 candidate was not a participating candidate, then, during the exploratory 41 period only, the candidate may accept, in addition to early contributions 42 specified in subsection A of this section, contributions subject to the 43 limitations in section 16-941, subsection B, paragraph 1, or may exceed the 44 limit on personal monies in section 16-941, subsection A, paragraph 2, provided that such contributions and monies are used solely to retire such debt.

3 Sec. 5. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, 4 Constitution of Arizona, section 16-946, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 5 to read:

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16-946. Qualifying contributions

A. During the qualifying period, a participating candidate may collect qualifying contributions, which shall be paid to the fund.

9 B. To qualify as a <u>"qualifying contribution</u>, a contribution must be 10 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

11 1. Made by a qualified elector as defined in section 16-121, who at 12 the time of the contribution is registered in the electoral district of the 13 office the candidate is seeking and who has not given another qualifying 14 contribution to that candidate during that election cycle. ;-

15 2. Made by a person who is not given anything of value in exchange for 16 the qualifying contribution. ;-

17

3. In the sum of five dollars, exactly. ;-

4. Received unsolicited during the qualifying period or solicited during the qualifying period by a person who is not employed or retained by the candidate and who is not compensated to collect contributions by the candidate or on behalf of the candidate. ;-

5. If made by check or money order, made payable to the candidate's campaign committee, or if in cash, deposited in the candidate's campaign committee's account. ; and

6. Accompanied by a three part reporting slip that includes the printed name, registration address, and signature of the contributor, the name of the candidate for whom the contribution is made, the date, and the printed name and signature of the solicitor. ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES EXECUTED AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 41-132 ARE DEEMED TO COMPLY WITH THIS PARAGRAPH.

C. A copy of the reporting slip shall be given as a receipt to the contributor, and another copy shall be retained by the candidate's campaign committee. Delivery of an original reporting slip to the secretary of state shall excuse the candidate from disclosure of these contributions on campaign finance reports filed under article 1 of this chapter.

Sec. 6. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1,
 Constitution of Arizona, section 16-950, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended
 to read:

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16-950. <u>Qualification for clean campaign funding</u>

A. A candidate who has made an application for certification may also
 apply, in accordance with subsection B of this section, to receive funds from
 the citizens clean elections fund, instead of receiving private
 contributions.

B. To receive any clean campaign funding, the candidate must present to the secretary of state no later than one week after the end of the qualifying period a list of names of persons who have made qualifying 1 contributions pursuant to section 16-946 on behalf of the candidate. The 2 list shall be divided by county. At the same time, the candidate must tender 3 to the secretary of state the original reporting slips identified in section 4 16-946, subsection C for persons on the list and an amount equal to the sum 5 of the qualifying contributions collected. The secretary of state shall 6 deposit the amount into the fund.

7 C. The secretary of state shall select at random a sample of five per 8 cent of the number of non-duplicative names on the list IF THE CANDIDATE 9 SEEKS STATEWIDE OFFICE AND TWENTY PER CENT OF THE NUMBER OF NON-DUPLICATIVE NAMES ON THE LIST IF THE CANDIDATE SEEKS LEGISLATIVE OFFICE and forward 10 11 facsimiles of the selected reporting slips to the county recorders for the 12 counties of the addresses specified in the selected slips. Within ten days, 13 the county recorders shall provide a report to the secretary of state identifying as disqualified any slips that are unsigned or undated or that 14 15 the recorder is unable to verify as matching a person who is registered to 16 vote in the electoral district of the office the candidate is seeking on the 17 date specified on the slip. The secretary of state shall multiply the number of slips not disqualified by twenty, and if the result is greater than one 18 19 hundred ten per cent of the quantity required, shall approve the candidate 20 for funds, and if the result is less than one hundred ten per cent of the 21 quantity required, the secretary of state shall forward facsimiles of all of 22 the slips to the county recorders for verification, and the county recorders 23 shall check all slips in accordance with the process above. A county 24 recorder shall not check slips already verified. A county recorder shall 25 report verified totals daily to the secretary of state until a determination 26 is made that a sufficient number of verified slips has been submitted. If a 27 sufficient number of verified slips has been submitted to one or more county 28 recorders, the county recorders may stop the verification process.

D. To qualify for clean campaign funding, a candidate must have been approved as a participating candidate pursuant to section 16-947 and have obtained the following number of qualifying contributions:

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1. For a candidate for legislature, two hundred.

33

For candidate for mine inspector, five hundred.

34 3. For a candidate for treasurer, superintendent of public instruction 35 or corporation commission, one thousand five hundred.

36 4. For a candidate for secretary of state or attorney general, two 37 thousand five hundred.

38

5. For a candidate for governor, four thousand.

39 E. To qualify for clean campaign funding, a candidate must have met 40 the requirements of this section and either be an independent candidate or 41 meet the following standards:

1. To qualify for funding for a party primary election, a candidate must have properly filed nominating papers and nominating petitions with signatures pursuant to chapter 3, articles 2 and 3 of this title in the 1 primary of a political organization entitled to continued representation on 2 the official ballot in accordance with section 16-804.

3 2. To qualify for clean campaign funding for a general election, a 4 candidate must be a party nominee of such a political organization.

5 A WRITE-IN CANDIDATE IS NOT ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE CLEAN CAMPAIGN 6 FUNDING FOR A PRIMARY ELECTION AND IS ELIGIBLE FOR CLEAN CAMPAIGN FUNDING FOR 7 THE GENERAL ELECTION IF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:

8

(a) THE WRITE-IN CANDIDATE WINS THE PRIMARY ELECTION FOR THAT OFFICE.

9

THE WRITE-IN CANDIDATE WILL APPEAR ON THE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT.

(b)

10 (c) THE WRITE-IN CANDIDATE COMPLIES WITH ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF 11 THIS ARTICLE. INCLUDING SECTION 16-947.

12 Sec. 7. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, Constitution of Arizona, section 16-952, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 13 14 to read:

15

16-952. Equal funding of candidates

A. Whenever during a primary election period a report is filed, or 16 17 other information comes to the attention of the commission, indicating that a nonparticipating candidate who is not unopposed in that primary has made 18 19 expenditures during the election cycle to date exceeding the original primary 20 election spending limit, including any previous adjustments, the commission 21 shall immediately pay from the fund to the campaign account of any AUTHORIZE 22 THE participating candidate in the same party primary as the nonparticipating 23 candidate TO SPEND MONIES RAISED PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-945, SUBSECTION A, 24 PARAGRAPH 3 UP TO an amount equal to any excess of the reported amount over 25 the primary election spending limit as previously adjusted, less six per cent 26 for a nonparticipating candidate's fund raising expenses and less the amount 27 of early contributions raised for that participating candidate for that 28 office as prescribed by section 16 945. The primary election spending limit 29 for all such participating candidates shall be adjusted by increasing it by 30 the amount that the commission is obligated to pay to a AUTHORIZES THE 31 participating candidate TO SPEND.

32 Β. Whenever during a general election period a report has been filed, 33 or other information comes to the attention of the commission, indicating 34 that the amount a nonparticipating candidate who is not unopposed has 35 received in contributions during the election cycle to date less the amount 36 of expenditures the nonparticipating candidate made through the end of the 37 primary election period exceeds the original general election spending limit, 38 including any previous adjustments, the commission shall immediately pay from 39 the fund to the campaign account of any AUTHORIZE THE participating candidate 40 qualified for the ballot and seeking the same office as the nonparticipating 41 candidate TO SPEND MONIES RAISED PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-945, SUBSECTION A, 42 PARAGRAPH 3 UP TO an amount equal to any excess of the reported difference 43 AMOUNT over the general election spending limit, as previously adjusted, less 44 six per cent for a nonparticipating candidate's fund-raising expenses. The 45 general election spending limit for all such participating candidates shall

be adjusted by increasing it by the amount that the commission is obligated
 to pay to a AUTHORIZES THE participating candidate TO SPEND.

C. For the purposes of subsections A and B of this section, the following expenditures reported pursuant to this article shall be treated as follows:

6 1. Independent expenditures against a participating candidate shall be 7 treated as expenditures of each opposing candidate, for the purpose of 8 subsection A of this section, or contributions to each opposing candidate, 9 for the purpose of subsection B of this section.

2. Independent expenditures in favor of one or more nonparticipating opponents of a participating candidate shall be treated as expenditures of those nonparticipating candidates, for the purpose of subsection A of this section, or contributions to those nonparticipating candidates, for the purpose of subsection B of this section.

3. Independent expenditures in favor of a participating candidate shall be treated, for every opposing participating candidate, as though the independent expenditures were an expenditure of a nonparticipating opponent, for the purpose of subsection A of this section, or a contribution to a nonparticipating opponent, for the purpose of subsection B of this section.

4. Expenditures made during the primary election period by or on behalf of an independent candidate or a nonparticipating candidate who is unopposed in a party primary shall be deducted from the total amount of monies raised for purposes of determining the amount of equalizing funds, up to the amount of primary funds received by the participating candidate. Equalizing funds pursuant to subsection B of this section shall then be calculated and paid at the start of the general election period.

5. Expenditures made before the general election period that consist of a contract, promise or agreement to make an expenditure during the general election period resulting in an extension of credit shall be treated as though made during the general election period, and equalizing funds pursuant to subsection B of this section shall be paid at the start of the general election period.

6. Expenditures for or against a participating candidate promoting or opposing more than one candidate who is not running for the same office shall be allocated by the commission among candidates for different offices based on the relative size or length and relative prominence of the reference to candidates for different offices.

38 D. Upon applying for citizen funding pursuant to section 16-950, a 39 participating candidate for the legislature in a one-party-dominant 40 legislative district who is qualified for clean campaign funding for the 41 party primary election of the dominant party may choose to reallocate a 42 portion of funds from the general election period to the primary election 43 At the beginning of the primary election period, the commission period. 44 shall pay from the fund to the campaign account of a participating candidate 45 who makes this choice an extra amount equal to fifty per cent of the original

1 primary election spending limit, and the original primary election spending 2 limit for the candidate who makes this choice shall be increased by the extra 3 amount. For a primary election in which one or more participating candidates 4 have made this choice, funds shall be paid under subsections A and B of this 5 section only to the extent of any excess over the original primary election 6 spending limit as so increased. If a participating candidate who makes this 7 choice becomes qualified for clean campaign funding for the general election, the amount the candidate receives at the beginning of the general election 8 9 period shall be reduced by the extra amount received at the beginning of the primary election period, and the original general election spending limit for 10 11 that candidate shall be reduced by the extra amount. For a general election 12 in which a participating candidate has made this choice, funds shall be paid 13 under subsections A and B of this section only to the extent of any excess 14 over the original general election spending limit, without such reduction, 15 unless the candidate who has made this choice is the only participating 16 candidate in the general election, in which case such funds shall be paid to 17 the extent of excess over the original general election spending limit with 18 such reduction. For the purpose of this subsection, a one-party-dominant 19 legislative district is a district in which the number of registered voters 20 registered in the party with the highest number of registered voters exceeds 21 the number of registered voters registered to each of the other parties by an amount at least as high as ten per cent of the total number of voters 22 23 registered in the district. The status of a district as a one-party-dominant 24 legislative district shall be determined as of the beginning of the 25 qualifying period.

E. If an adjusted spending limit reaches three times the original
 spending limit for a particular election, the commission shall not pay any
 further amounts from the fund to the campaign account of any participating
 candidate, and the spending limit shall not be adjusted further.

30 Sec. 8. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, 31 Constitution of Arizona, section 16-954, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 32 to read:

33

16-954. <u>Clean elections tax reduction; return of excess monies</u>

34 A. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, a taxpayer who 35 files on a state income tax return form may designate a five-dollar voluntary 36 contribution per taxpayer to the fund by marking an optional check-off box on 37 the first page of the form. A taxpayer who checks this box shall receive a 38 five-dollar reduction in the amount of tax, and five dollars from the amount 39 of taxes paid shall be transferred by the department of revenue to the fund. 40 The department of revenue shall provide check-off boxes, identified as the 41 clean elections fund tax reduction, on the first page of income tax return 42 forms, for designations pursuant to this subsection.

B. Any taxpayer may make a voluntary donation to the fund by
designating the fund on an income tax return form filed by the individual or
business entity or by making a payment directly to the fund. Any taxpayer

1 making a donation pursuant to this subsection shall receive а 2 dollar-for-dollar tax credit not to exceed twenty percent PER CENT of the tax 3 amount on the return or five hundred dollars per taxpayer, whichever is 4 Donations made pursuant to this section are otherwise not tax higher. 5 deductible and cannot be designated as for the benefit of a particular candidate, political party, or election contest. The department of revenue 6 shall transfer to the fund all donations made pursuant to this subsection. 7 8 The department of revenue shall provide a space, identified as the clean 9 elections fund tax credit, on the first page of income tax return forms, for donations pursuant to this subsection. 10

C. Beginning January 1, 1999, an additional surcharge of ten percent
 PER CENT shall be imposed on all civil and criminal fines and penalties
 collected pursuant to section 12-116.01 and shall be deposited into the fund.

14 D. At least once per year, the commission shall project the amount of 15 monies that the fund will collect over the next four years and the time such 16 monies shall become available. Whenever the commission determines that the 17 fund contains more monies than the commission determines that it requires to 18 meet current debts plus expected expenses, under the assumption that expected 19 expenses will be at the expenditure limit in section 16-949, subsection A, 20 and taking into account the projections of collections, the commission shall 21 designate such monies as excess monies and so notify the state treasurer, who 22 shall thereupon return the excess monies to the general fund.

23 E. At least once per year, the commission shall project the amount of 24 citizen funding for which all candidates will have qualified pursuant to this 25 article for the following calendar year. By the end of each year, the commission shall announce whether the amount that the commission plans to 26 27 spend the following year pursuant to section 16-949, subsection A exceeds the 28 projected amount of citizen funding. If the commission determines that the 29 fund contains insufficient monies or the spending cap would be exceeded were 30 all candidate's CANDIDATES' accounts to be fully funded, then the commission 31 may include in the announcement specifications for decreases in the following 32 parameters, based on the commission's projections of collections and expenses 33 for the fund, made in the following order:

34 1. First, the commission may announce a decrease in the matching cap
 35 under section 16-952, subsection E from three times to an amount between
 36 three and one times.

37 2. 1. Next, The commission may announce that the fund will provide
 38 equalization monies under section 16-952, subsections A and B as a fraction
 39 of the amounts there specified.

40 3. 2. Finally, The commission may announce that the fund will provide 41 monies under section 16-951 as a fraction of the amounts there specified.

F. If the commission cannot provide participating candidates with all monies specified under sections 16-951 and 16-952, as decreased by any announcement pursuant to subsection E of this section, then the commission shall allocate any reductions in payments proportionately among candidates entitled to monies and shall declare an emergency. Upon declaration of an emergency, a participating candidate may accept private contributions to bring the total monies received by the candidate from the fund and from such private contributions up to the adjusted spending limits, as decreased by any announcement made pursuant to subsection E of this section.

6 Sec. 9. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, 7 Constitution of Arizona, section 16-961, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 8 to read:

9

16-961. <u>Definitions</u>

A. The terms "candidate's campaign committee," "contribution," "expenditures," "exploratory committee," "independent expenditure," "personal monies," "political committee" and "statewide office" are defined in section 16-901.

B. 1. "Election cycle" means the period between successive generalelections for a particular office.

16 2. "Exploratory period" means the period beginning on the day after a 17 general election and ending the day before the start of the qualifying 18 period.

19 3. "Qualifying period" means the period beginning on the first day of 20 August in a year preceding an election, for an election for a statewide 21 office, or on the first day of January of an election year, for an election 22 for legislator, and ending seventy-five days before the day of the general 23 election.

4. "Primary election period" means the nine-week period ending on theday of the primary election.

26 5. "General election period" means the period beginning on the day 27 after the primary election and ending on the day of the general election.

6. For any recall election, the qualifying period shall begin when the election is called and last for thirty days, there shall be no primary election period and the general election period shall extend from the day after the end of the qualifying period to the day of the recall election. For recall elections, any reference to "general election" in this article shall be treated as if referring to the recall election.

C. 1. "Participating candidate" means a candidate who becomes certified as a participating candidate pursuant to section 16-947.

2. "Nonparticipating candidate" means a candidate who does not become certified as a participating candidate pursuant to section 16-947.

38 3. Any limitation of this article that is applicable to a 39 participating candidate or a nonparticipating candidate shall also apply to 40 that candidate's campaign committee or exploratory committee.

41 D. "Commission" means the citizens clean elections commission 42 established pursuant to section 16-955.

43 E. "Fund" means the citizens clean elections fund defined by this 44 article.

1 F. 1. "Party nominee" means a person who has been nominated by a 2 political party pursuant to section 16-301 or 16-343. 3 2. "Independent candidate" means a candidate who has properly filed 4 nominating papers and nominating petitions with signatures pursuant to 5 section 16-341. 6 3. "Unopposed" means with reference to an election for: 7 (a) A member of the house of representatives, opposed by no more than 8 one other candidate who has qualified for the ballot and who is running in 9 the same district. 10 (b) A member of the corporation commission, opposed by a number of 11 candidates who have qualified for the ballot that is fewer than the number of corporation commission seats open at that election and for which the term of 12 13 office ends on the same date. (c) All other offices, opposed by no other candidate who has qualified 14 15 for the ballot and who is running in that district or running for that same 16 office and term. 17 G. "Primary election spending limits" means: 1. 18 For a candidate for the legislature, twelve thousand nine hundred twenty-one dollars IF UNOPPOSED IN THAT PRIMARY. FOR CANDIDATES WITH 19 20 OPPOSITION IN THE PRIMARY, THE LIMIT IS DOUBLED.

2. For a candidate for mine inspector, forty-one thousand three
 hundred forty-nine dollars IF UNOPPOSED IN THAT PRIMARY. FOR CANDIDATES WITH
 OPPOSITION IN THE PRIMARY, THE LIMIT IS DOUBLED.

For a candidate for treasurer, superintendent of public instruction
 or the corporation commission, eighty-two thousand six hundred eighty dollars
 IF UNOPPOSED IN THAT PRIMARY. FOR CANDIDATES WITH OPPOSITION IN THE PRIMARY,
 THE LIMIT IS DOUBLED.

4. For a candidate for secretary of state or attorney general, one
hundred sixty-five thousand three hundred seventy-eight dollars IF UNOPPOSED
IN THAT PRIMARY. FOR CANDIDATES WITH OPPOSITION IN THE PRIMARY, THE LIMIT IS
DOUBLED.

For a candidate for governor, six hundred thirty-eight thousand two
 hundred twenty-two dollars IF UNOPPOSED IN THAT PRIMARY. FOR CANDIDATES WITH
 OPPOSITION IN THE PRIMARY, THE LIMIT IS DOUBLED.

H. "General election spending limits" means amounts fifty per cent
 greater than the amounts specified FOR OPPOSED CANDIDATES in subsection G of
 this section.

I. 1. "Original" spending limit means a limit specified in
subsections G and H of this section, as adjusted pursuant to section 16-959,
or a special amount expressly set for a particular candidate by a provision
of this title.

42 2. "Adjusted" spending limit means an original spending limit as 43 further adjusted to account for reported overages pursuant to section 16-952. Sec. 10. <u>Requirements for enactment: three-fourths vote</u> Pursuant to article IV, part 1, section 1, Constitution of Arizona, sections 16-901.01, 16-941, 16-945, 16-946, 16-950, 16-952, 16-954 and 16-961, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, are effective only on the affirmative vote of at least three-fourths of the members of each house of the legislature.