

### **GPM** Global Precipitation Measurement

Planning for Global Precipitation Measurement

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OBJECTIVE: Understand the Horizontal and Vertical Structure of Rainfall and Its Microphysical Element. Provide Training for Constellation Radiometers.

### **Core Satellite**

- Dual Frequency Radar
- Multi-frequency Radiometer
- H2-A Launch
- TRMM-like Spacecraft
- Non-Sun Synchronous Orbit
- ~65° Inclination
- ~400 500 km Altitude
- ~4 km Horizontal Resolution (Maximum)
- 250 m Vertical Resolution

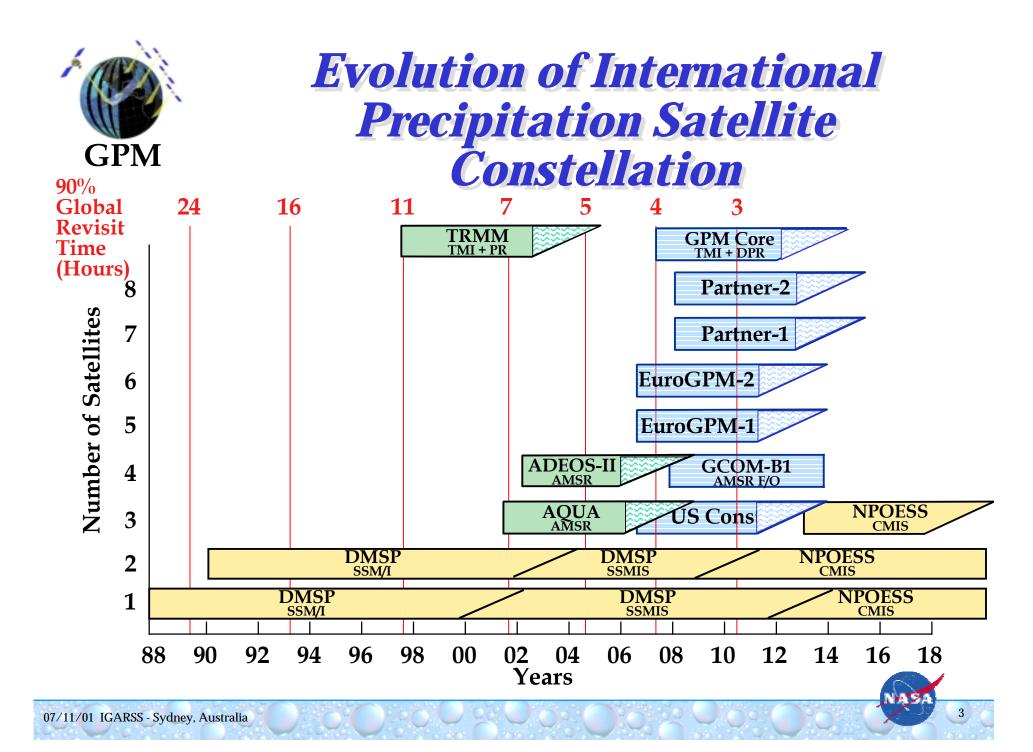
<u>Precipitation Validation Sites</u>
Global Ground Based Rain Measurement OBJECTIVE: Provide Enough Sampling to Reduce Uncertainty in Short-term Rainfall Accumulations. Extend Scientific and Societal Applications.

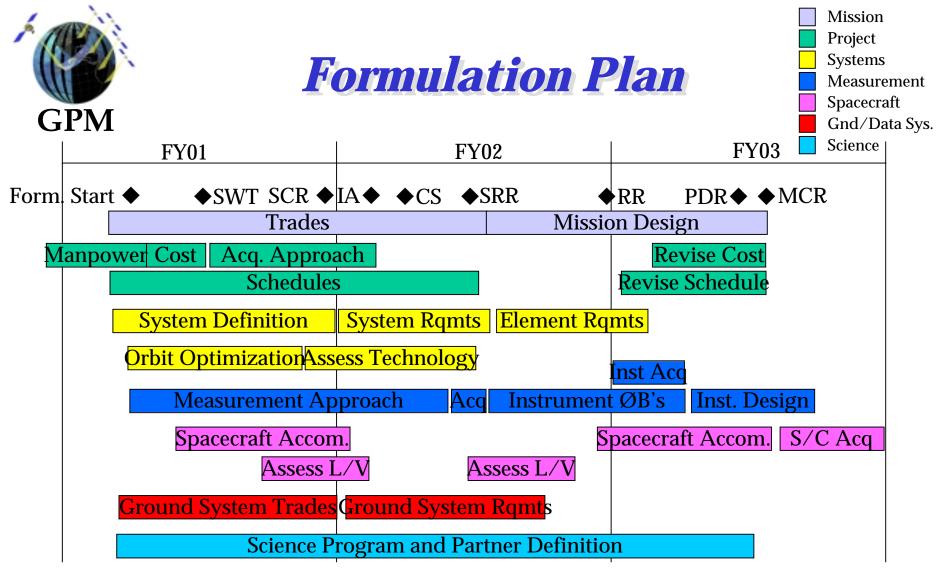
### **Constellation Satellites**

- Multiple Satellites with Microwave Radiometers
- Aggregate Revisit Time, 3 Hour goal
- Sun-Synchronous Polar Orbits
- ~600 km Altitude

<u>Global Precipitation Processing</u> <u>Center</u>

• Capable of Producing Global Precip Data Products as Defined by GPM Partners





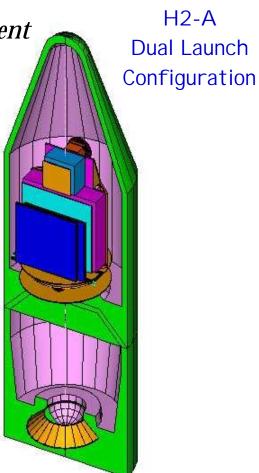
#### Milestone Abbreviations:

SWT - Science Working Team SCR - System Concept Review IA - Independent Assessment CS - Concept Selection SRR - System Requirements Review RR - Receiving Review PDR - Preliminary Design Review MCR - Mission Confirmation Review



## **GPM Trade Space**

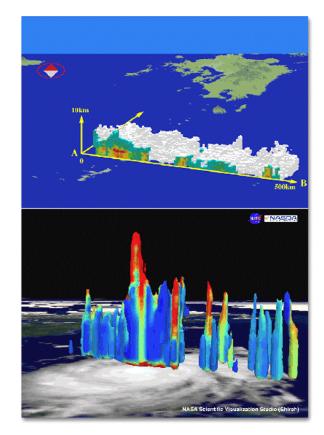
- Science Requirements & Partnership Development
- Systems Engineering & Systems Effectiveness
- Mission Architecture
- Measurement Approach
  - Radiometer(s)
  - Radar
- Ground and Data System
- Programmatic Considerations





## **Science Formulation Activities**

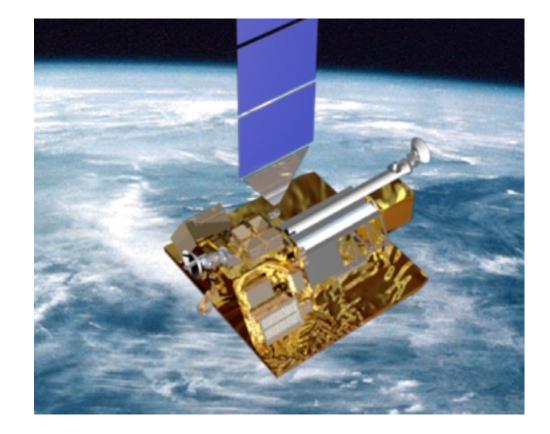
- Encourage Participation via Workshops, AO's & Colloquia
  - SWT Meetings, International Workshops
  - GPM Seminars
- Refine Primary Science Requirements
- Systematic Measurement Approach
  - Future Mission Scope Definition
  - Developing Operational Agency Involvement
  - Technology Roadmaps and Infusion Approaches
- Sensitivity Studies in Support of Trades
  - Define Impact of Data Gap's
  - Assess Radiometer Approach





# **Measurement Approach Trades**

- Radiometer(s)
  - Frequencies
    - 10.7, 19, 22, 37, 85, 150?
  - Scan Method
    - Conical vs Cross Track
  - Antenna Size
    - Orbit Altitude
    - Spatial Resolution
    - Cost & Complexity
  - Technology Readiness Assessment
  - eg TMI, SSMI/S, CMIS, CMR/STAR
- Radar
  - Accommodations
  - Technology Readiness Assessment

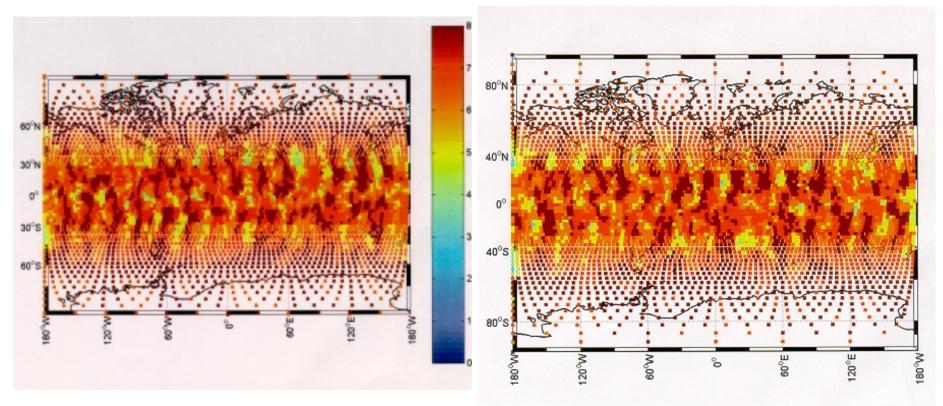




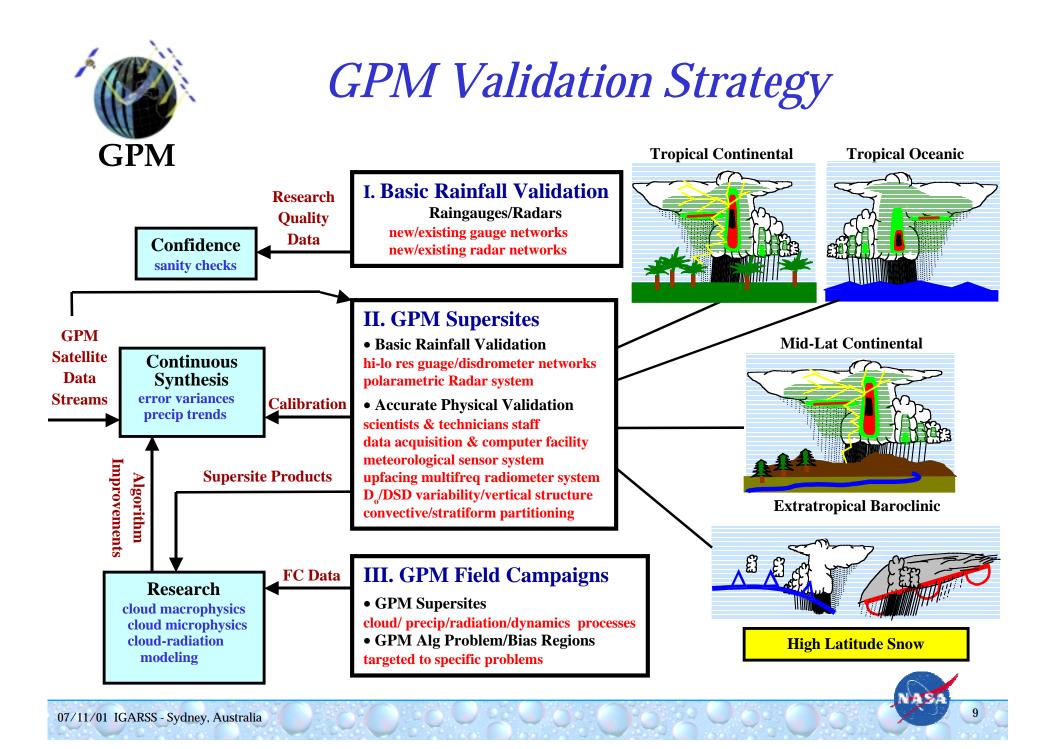


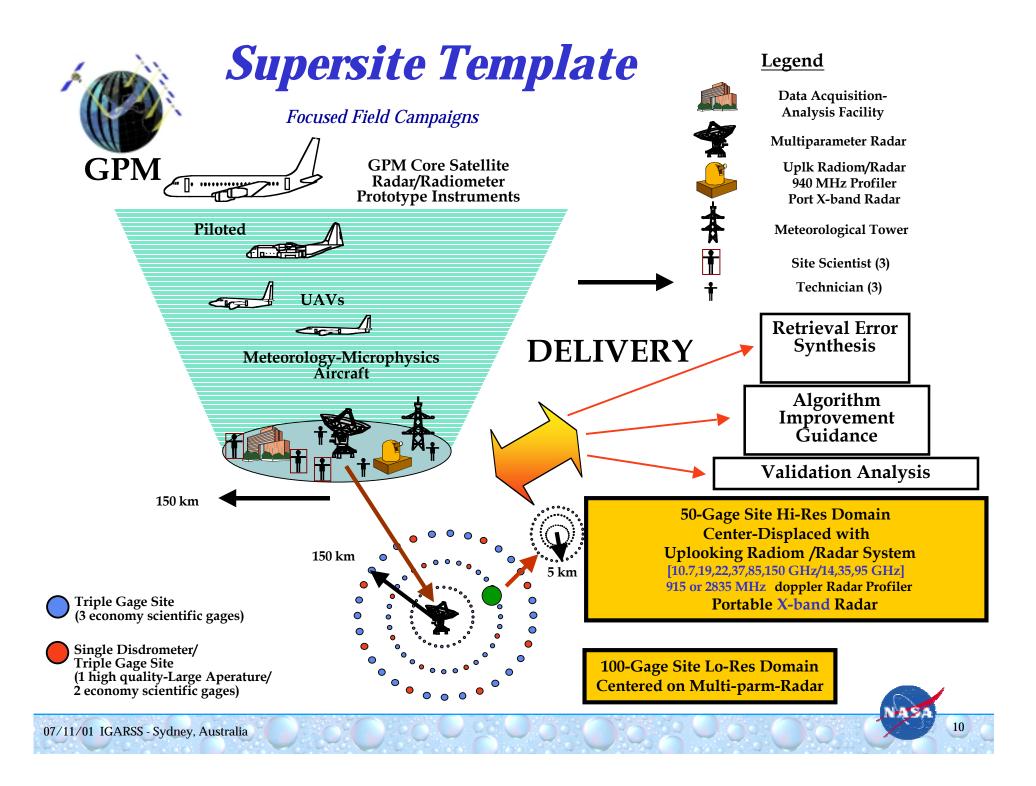
## Number of 3-Hour Intervals Sampled on Two Different Days

Precipitation Sampling Worldwide Constant Area Pixels



CORE, DMSP-F18, DMSP-F19, Megha-Tropiques, GCOM-B1, and Three 600 km Drones @ 34°, 84°, and 90°









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- GPM is a NASA Funded Program
  - Currently in Advance Study
  - Starts Formulation (Phase B) in October 2001
- GPM considers Validation part of the measurement and thus a dedicated mission segment
- GPM Performance Depend upon Successful Partnerships
  - Space Segment
  - Ground Segment
  - Validation Segment
  - Research Segment