## **IMPLEMENTING** CLIMATE AND **GLOBAL** CHANGE RESEARCH



A REVIEW OF THE FINAL U.S. CLIMATE CHANGE SCIENCE PROGRAM STRATEGIC PLAN

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Strategic Plan for the U.S. Climate **Change Science Program** 

Vision: A nation and the global community empowered with the science-based knowledge to manage the risks and opportunities of change in the climate and related environmental systems.

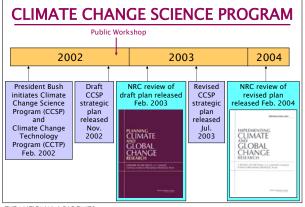
**Mission:** Facilitate the creation and application of knowledge of the Earth's global environment through research, observations, decision support, and communication.

## CCSP Goals:

- #1 Improve knowledge of the Earth's past and present climate and environment, including its natural variability, and improve understanding of the causes of observed variability.
- and change.
  #2 Improve quantification of the forces bring about changes in the Earth's climate and
- related systems.
  #3 Reduce uncertainty in projections of how the Earth's climate and related systems may change in the future.
- change in the future.

  44 Understand the sensitivity and adaptability of different natural and managed ecosystems and human systems to climate and related changes.

  55 Explore the uses and identify the limits of evolving knowledge to manage risks and opportunity related to climate variability and change.



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## **COMMITTEE TO REVIEW THE** U.S. CCSP STRATEGIC PLAN

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## OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF REVISED PLAN

- Much improved over its draft and responds well to National
- Articulates a guiding vision, is ambitious, and is broad in scope
- Encompasses activities in areas of long-standing importance and new or enhanced cross-disciplinary efforts
- · Emphasizes decision support and links to stakeholders
- Calls for integration with the Climate Change Technology Program
- Includes strategic management framework that enables it to effectively guide climate and global change research

The CCSP should implement the activities described in the strategic plan with urgency.

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## **ENSURING A BALANCED AND** SOCIETALLY RELEVANT PROGRAM

- CCSP Goal 4 calls for understanding the sensitivity and adaptability of ecosystems and human systems to climate and related global changes
- Meeting this goal will require significant new efforts in areas not presently well supported by CCSP, including
  - Ecosystems
- Impacts
- Water cycle
- Adaptation
- Economics
- Human dimensions
- · Science plans and institutional support for these areas should be rapidly strengthened

Accelerate efforts in previously underemphasized program elements.

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# ENSURING A BALANCED AND SOCIETALLY RELEVANT PROGRAM

- CCSP Goal 5 calls for exploring the uses and identifying the limits of evolving knowledge to manage risks and opportunities related to climate variability and change.
- Treatment of decision support much improved in revised plan, but needs further development in implementation
  - Identifying stakeholders and the decisions they need to make
  - Supporting national and international policy decisions, as well as state, local, and regional adaptive management decisions
  - Supporting economics analysis of impacts and possible response options

Further develop CCSP decision support activities.

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## **OBSERVATIONS AND MODELING**

- Plan calls for major upgrades in global observing and climate modeling capabilities
- · More comprehensive strategy needed for
  - Implementing, sustaining, and evolving the necessary observing system
  - Delivering model products, including climate projections, seasonal-to-interannual predictions, regional climate models, and projections of impacts
- · Pursue opportunities for international collaborations

Improve strategies for implementing and sustaining a global Earth observing system and for meeting climate modeling goals.

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## LINKAGES BETWEEN CCSP AND CCTP

The CCSP plan describes joint activities of the CCSP and CCTP to develop improved scenarios of greenhouse gas emissions.

Areas of CCSP-CCTP interaction that have been overlooked:

- evaluation of social and environmental impacts of potential new technologies
- research on how mitigation or adaptation strategies developed by CCTP might produce climate or environmental impacts
- poorly defined role of economic analyses in the coordination between CCSP and CCTP

Establish a systematic mechanism for identifying and supporting research areas that fall at the CCSP-CCTP interface.

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# Office of the President Climate Change Roley and Program Review by NGC, DFO, NGC Committee on Climate Change Science and Technology Integration Chair: Secretary of Energy Secretary of Energy Chair: Secretary of Energy Chair: Secretary of Comment Secretary of Energy Chair: Secretary of Comment Chair: Secretary of Commen

## EFFECTIVELY MANAGING THE PROGRAM

- CCSP management structure engages high-level officials who could ensure that the program has the necessary resources and could monitor progress toward program goals
- · Attention should be paid to:
  - Clarifying and applying priorities and criteria in program selection and budgeting processes at participating agencies
  - Defining and applying metrics that indicate success in achieving goals

Establish and institutionalize effective management processes that create accountability for meeting program goals.

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## EFFECTIVELY MANAGING THE PROGRAM

- CCSP leadership should adopt an adaptive management approach for the program as a whole by:
  - carefully monitoring progress toward program goals
  - learning from experience,
  - $\,$   $\,$  adjusting plan, its timelines, and deliverables as needed
- Future strategic planning efforts should build upon the successes of this first one in terms of transparency and opportunities for stakeholder input

Generate an updated strategic plan every three to five years.

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## MAINTAINING SCIENTIFIC CREDIBILITY

- Involving high-level political leaders in CCSP management can create a real or perceived possibility that the program's priorities or scientific results could be influenced by political considerations
- Establishing a standing advisory body charged with independent oversight of the entire program will be more effective than using a number of ad hoc external mechanisms

Establish a mechanism for independent oversight of the program as a whole.

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## SYNTHESIS AND ASSESSMENT PRODUCTS

- The CCSP strategic plan calls for 21 synthesis and assessment products to be produced in the next four years
- The list of products appears somewhat ad hoc rather than a coherent portfolio of priority synthesis and assessment products

## The committee recommends:

- The products be chosen to explicitly address the range of needs for decision makers and program management, as well as the broad scope specified in the Global Change Research Act
- The CCSP ensure the credibility of the products by producing them with independent oversight and review
- The CCSP ensure that the products are produced without unduly affecting the ability to conduct research and in coordination with the IPCC assessments

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## ADDRESSING CAPACITY NEEDS

- CCSP likely faces shortages in human and institutional capacity, especially in new or expanded areas
  - Human dimensions, economics, ecosystems, etc.
  - Decision support
  - 21 synthesis and assessment reports

Carefully assess needs in capacity implied by the plan and address any gaps.

 Given the expanded attention to decision support, communication with stakeholders, and interagency coordination, the CCSP Office will likely have more responsibilities

Appropriately resource the CCSP Office to reflect its expanded roles.

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## **CONCLUDING REMARKS**

- The CCSP represents a transition from the science-based GCRP to a program that employs science in the service of societal objectives
- The CCSP strategic plan is a wholly adequate framework to guide climate and global change research for the next decade
- > The CCSP needs to secure the financial resources that will ensure the overall success of the plan
- > The major challenge ahead is for *vigorous implementation*

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