AmeriCorps grantees in placing applicants who require reasonable accommodation (as defined in section 101(9) of the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12111(9)) or auxiliary aids and services (as defined in section 3(1) of such Act, 42 U.S.C. 12102(1)) in an AmeriCorps program; and

- (2) To conduct outreach activities to individuals with disabilities to recruit them for participation in AmeriCorps programs.
- (b) Eligibility—(1) Placement, accommodation, and auxiliary services. Eligibility for assistance under this part is limited to AmeriCorps programs that: (i) Receive competitive funding from the Corporation under §2521.30(a)(3) or 2521.30(b)(3) of this chapter; and
- (ii) Demonstrate that the program has received a substantial number of applications for placement from persons who are individuals with a disability and who require a reasonable accommodation (as defined in section 101(9) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990), or auxiliary aids and services (as defined in section 3(1) of such Act) in order to perform national service; and
- (iii) Demonstrate that additional funding would assist the program in placing a substantial number of such individuals with a disability as participants in projects carried out through the program.
- (2) Outreach. Corporation grantees and any public or private nonprofit organization may apply for funds to conduct outreach to individuals with disabilities to recruit them for participation in AmeriCorps programs. Outreach funds can also be used by any organization to assist AmeriCorps programs in adapting their programs to encourage greater participation by individuals with disabilities.
- (c) Application procedures. Eligible applicants must comply with the requirements specified in the Corporation's application materials.

§ 2524.50 What are the guidelines for assistance with disaster relief?

(a) *Purpose*. Disaster relief funds are intended to provide emergency assistance not otherwise available to enable national and community service programs to respond quickly and effec-

tively to a Presidentially-declared disaster.

- (b) Eligibility. Any AmeriCorps program (including youth corps, the National Civilian Community Corps, VISTA, and other programs authorized under the Domestic Volunteer Services Act) or grant making entity (such as a State or Federal agency) that is supported by the Corporation may apply for disaster relief grants.
- (c) Application process. Eligible applicants must comply with the requirements specified in the Corporation's application materials.
- (d) Waivers. In appropriate cases, due to the limited nature of disaster activities, the Corporation may waive specific program requirements such as matching requirements and the provision of AmeriCorps educational awards for participants supported with disaster relief funds.

PART 2525—NATIONAL SERVICE TRUST: PURPOSE AND DEFINITIONS

Sec.

2525.10 What is the National Service Trust? 2525.20 Definitions.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 12601-12604

Source: 59 FR 30710, June 15, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§ 2525.10 What is the National Service Trust?

The National Service Trust is an account in the Treasury of the United States from which the Corporation makes payments of education awards, pays interest that accrues on qualified student loans for AmeriCorps participants during terms of service in approved national service positions, and makes other payments authorized by Congress.

[64 FR 37414, July 12, 1999]

§ 2525.20 Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in §2510.20 of this chapter, the following definitions apply to terms used in parts 2525 through 2529 of this chapter:

Approved school-to-work program. The term approved school-to-work program means a program that is involved in a federally-approved school-to-work system, as certified by a State, designated

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local partnership, or other entity that receives a grant under the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 6101 *et seq.*).

Cost of attendance. The term cost of attendance has the same meaning as in title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1070 et. seq.).

Current educational expenses. The term current educational expenses means the cost of attendance, or other costs attributable to an educational course offered by an institution of higher education that has in effect a program participation agreement under Title IV of the Higher Education Act, for a period of enrollment that begins after an individual enrolls in an approved national service position.

Education award. The term education award means the financial assistance available under parts 2526 and 2528 of this chapter for which an individual in an approved AmeriCorps position may be eligible.

Educational expenses at a Title IV institution of higher education. The term educational expenses means—

- (1) Cost of attendance as determined by the institution; or
- (2) Other costs at a title IV institution of higher education attributable to a non-title IV educational course as follows:
- (i) Tuition and fees normally assessed a student for a course or program of study by the institution, including costs for rental or purchase of any books or supplies required of all students in the same course of study:
- (ii) For a student engaged in a course of study by correspondence, only tuition and fees and, if required, books, and supplies:
- (iii) For a student with a disability, an allowance (as determined by the institution) for those expenses related to the student's disability, including special services, personal assistance, transportation, equipment, and supplies that are reasonably incurred and not provided for by other assisting agencies; and
- (iv) For a student engaged in a work experience under a cooperative education program or course, an allowance for reasonable costs associated with

such employment (as determined by the institution).

Holder. The term holder means—

(1) The original lender; or

(2) Any other entity to whom a loan is subsequently sold, transferred, or assigned if such entity acquires a legally enforceable right to receive payments from the borrower.

Institution of higher education. For the purposes of parts 2525 through 2529 of this chapter, the term institution of higher education has the same meaning given the term in section 481(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1088(a)).

Period of enrollment. Period of enrollment means the period that the title IV institution has established for which institutional charges are generally assessed (i.e., length of the student's course, program, or academic year.)

Qualified student loan. The term qualified student loan means any loan made, insured, or guaranteed pursuant to title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.), other than a loan to a parent of a student pursuant to section 428B of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1078–2), any loan made pursuant to title VII or VIII of the Public Service Health Act (42 U.S.C. 292a et seq.), or any other loan designated as such by Congress. This includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

- (1) Federal Family Education Loans. (i) Subsidized and Unsubsidized Stafford Loans.
- (ii) Supplemental Loans to Students (SLS).
 - (iii) Federal Consolidation Loans.
- (iv) Guaranteed Student Loans (predecessor to Stafford Loans).
- (v) Federally Insured Student Loans (FISL).
- (2) William D. Ford Federal Direct Loans. (i) Direct Subsidized and Unsubsidized Stafford Loans.
- (ii) Direct Subsidized and Unsubsidized Ford Loans.
 - (iii) Direct Consolidation Loans.
- (3) Federal Perkins Loans. (i) National Direct Student Loans.
- (ii) National Defense Student Loans.
- (4) Public Health Service Act Loans. (i) Health Education Assistance Loans (HEAL).
- (ii) Health Professions Student Loans (HPSL).

- (iii) Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS).
 - (iv) Nursing Student Loans (NSL).
 - (v) Primary Care Loans (PCL).

Term of service. The term term of service means—

- (1) For AmeriCorps participants other than VISTA volunteers, any of the terms of service specified in § 2522.220 of this chapter; and
- (2) For VISTA volunteers, not less than a full year of service as a VISTA volunteer

[59 FR 30711, June 15, 1994 as amended at 64 FR 37414, July 12, 1999; 65 FR 77821, Dec. 13, 2000; 67 FR 45360, July 9, 2002]

PART 2526—ELIGIBILITY FOR AN EDUCATION AWARD

Sec.

- 2526.10 Who is eligible to receive an education award from the National Service Trust?
- 2526.20 Is an AmeriCorps participant who does not complete an originally-approved term of service eligible to receive a prorated education award?
- 2526.30 How do convictions for the possession or sale of controlled substances affect an education award recipient's ability to use that award?
- 2526.40 What is the time period during which an individual must use an education award?
- 2526.50 Is there a limit on the number of education awards an individual may receive?
- 2526.60 May an individual receive an education award and related interest benefits from the National Service Trust as well as other loan cancellation benefits for the same service?

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 12601-12604.

Source: 59 FR 30711, June 15, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§ 2526.10 Who is eligible to receive an education award from the National Service Trust?

- (a) General. An individual is eligible to receive an education award from the National Service Trust if the individual—
- (1) Is a citizen, national, or lawful permanent resident alien of the United States:
- (2) Is either at least 17 years of age at the commencement of service or is an out-of-school youth 16 years of age at the commencement of service partici-

- pating in a program described in §2522.110(b)(3) or (g) of this chapter;
- (3) Successfully completes a term of service in an approved national service position.
- (b) High school diploma or equivalent. To use an education award, an individual must—
- (1) Have received a high school diploma or its equivalent; or
- (2) Be enrolled at an institution of higher education on the basis of meeting the standard described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 484 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1091) and meet the requirements of subsection of section 484; or
- (3) Have received a waiver described in §2522.200(b) of this chapter.
- (c) Written declaration regarding high school diploma sufficient for disbursement. For purposes of disbursing an education award, if an individual provides a written declaration under penalty of law that he or she meets the requirements in paragraph (b) of this section relating to high school education, no additional documentation is needed.
- (d) Prohibition on duplicate benefits. An individual who receives a post-service benefit in lieu of an education award may not receive an education award for the same term of service.
- (e) Penalties for false information. Any individual who makes a materially false statement or representation in connection with the approval or disbursement of an education award or other payment from the National Service Trust may be liable for the recovery of funds and subject to civil and criminal sanctions.

[64 FR 37414, July 12, 1999, as amended at 67 FR 45361, July 9, 2002]

§ 2526.20 Is an AmeriCorps participant who does not complete an originally-approved term of service eligible to receive a pro-rated education award?

(a) Compelling personal circumstances. A participant who is released prior to completing an originally-approved term of service for compelling personal circumstances and who completes at least 15 percent of the originally-approved term of service is eligible for a pro-rated education award.