State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

HOUSE BILL 2495

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 15-101, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 15, CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 3, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 15-465.01; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-905, 15-947, 15-973 AND 15-974, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO ACCOMMODATION SCHOOLS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 15-101, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

15-101. <u>Definitions</u>

In this title, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Accommodation school" means either:
- (a) A school which is operated through the county board of supervisors and the county school superintendent and which the county school superintendent administers to serve a military reservation or territory which is not included within the boundaries of a school district.
- (b) A school that provides educational services to homeless children or alternative education programs as provided in section 15-308, subsection B.
- (c) A SCHOOL THAT IS ESTABLISHED TO SERVE A MILITARY RESERVATION, THE BOUNDARIES OF WHICH ARE COTERMINOUS WITH THE BOUNDARIES OF THE MILITARY RESERVATION ON WHICH THE SCHOOL IS LOCATED.
- 2. "Assessed valuation" means the valuation derived by applying the applicable percentage as provided in title 42, chapter 15, article 1 to the full cash value or limited property value, whichever is applicable, of the property.
- 3. "Charter school" means a public school established by contract with a district governing board, the state board of education or the state board for charter schools pursuant to article 8 of this chapter to provide learning that will improve pupil achievement.
- 4. "Child with a disability" means a child with a disability as defined in section 15-761.
- 5. "Class A bonds" means general obligation bonds approved by a vote of the qualified electors of a school district at an election held on or before December 31, 1998.
- 6. "Class B bonds" means general obligation bonds approved by a vote of the qualified electors of a school district at an election held from and after December 31, 1998.
- 7. "Competency" means a demonstrated ability in a skill at a specified performance level.
- 8. "Course" means organized subject matter in which instruction is offered within a given period of time and for which credit toward promotion, graduation or certification is usually given. A course consists of knowledge selected from a subject for instructional purposes in the schools.
- 9. "Course of study" means a list of required and optional subjects to be taught in the schools.
- 10. "Dual enrollment course" means a college level course that is conducted on the campus of a high school or on the campus of a joint technological education district, that is applicable to an established community college academic degree or certificate program and that is transferable to a university under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of

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regents. A dual enrollment course that is applicable to a community college occupational degree or certificate program may be transferable to a university under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents.

- 11. "Fiscal year" means the year beginning July 1 and ending June 30.
- 12. "Governing board" means a body organized for the government and management of the schools within a school district or a county school superintendent in the conduct of an accommodation school.
- 13. "Lease" means an agreement for conveyance and possession of real or personal property.
- 14. "Limited property value" means the value determined pursuant to title 42, chapter 13, article 7. Limited property value shall be used as the basis for assessing, fixing, determining and levying primary property taxes.
- 15. "Parent" means the natural or adoptive parent of a child or a person who has custody of a child.
- 16. "Person who has custody" means a parent or legal guardian of a child, a person to whom custody of the child has been given by order of a court or a person who stands in loco parentis to the child.
 - 17. "P.L. 81-874" means public law 81-874 or its successors.
- 18. "Primary property taxes" means all ad valorem taxes except for secondary property taxes.
- 19. "Private school" means a nonpublic institution where instruction is imparted.
- 20. "School" means any public institution established for the purposes of offering instruction to pupils in programs for preschool children with disabilities, kindergarten programs or any combination of grades one through twelve.
- 21. "School district" means a political subdivision of this state with geographic boundaries organized for the purpose of the administration, support and maintenance of the public schools or an accommodation school.
- 22. "Secondary property taxes" means ad valorem taxes used to pay the principal of and the interest and redemption charges on any bonded indebtedness or other lawful long-term obligation issued or incurred for a specific purpose by a school district or a community college district and amounts levied pursuant to an election to exceed a budget, expenditure or tax limitation.
- 23. "Subject" means a division or field of organized knowledge, such as English or mathematics, or a selection from an organized body of knowledge for a course or teaching unit, such as the English novel or elementary algebra.
- Sec. 2. Title 15, chapter 4, article 3, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 15-465.01, to read:

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15-465.01. <u>Accommodation school; military reservation; governing board</u>
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A. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, THE GOVERNING BOARD OF AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL LOCATED ON A MILITARY RESERVATION SHALL BE COMPOSED OF:

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- 1. TWO MEMBERS WHO ARE APPOINTED BY THE COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.
- 2. TWO MEMBERS WHO ARE APPOINTED BY THE COMMANDING OFFICER OF THE MILITARY RESERVATION ON WHICH THE SCHOOL OR SCHOOLS ARE LOCATED.
- 3. ONE MEMBER WHO IS SELECTED BY A VOTE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BOARD WHO ARE APPOINTED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPHS 1 AND 2. THE MEMBER APPOINTED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE SELECTED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE APPOINTMENT OF THE FOURTH MEMBER APPOINTED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPHS 1 AND 2.
- B. THE TERM OF EACH MEMBER SHALL BE FOUR YEARS, TO BEGIN AND END ON JANUARY 1, EXCEPT THAT THE FIRST PERSON APPOINTED BY THE COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT AND THE FIRST PERSON APPOINTED BY THE COMMANDING OFFICER PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPHS 1 AND 2 SHALL SERVE TWO YEAR TERMS, TO BEGIN AND END ON JANUARY 1.
- C. A PERSON WHO IS REGISTERED TO VOTE IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL IS LOCATED AND WHO EITHER IS EMPLOYED ON THE MILITARY RESERVATION OR RESIDES ON THAT MILITARY RESERVATION IS ELIGIBLE FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE GOVERNING BOARD, EXCEPT THAT NO EMPLOYEE OF THE ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL OR THE SPOUSE OF AN EMPLOYEE OF AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL MAY BE A MEMBER OF THE GOVERNING BOARD OF THAT ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL.
- D. THE APPOINTMENT TO FILL A VACANCY CAUSED BY OTHER THAN EXPIRATION OF A TERM SHALL BE MADE BY THE ENTITY THAT MADE THE ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT AND FOR THE UNEXPIRED PORTION OF THE TERM.
- E. AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL HAVE ALL OF THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD, EXCEPT THAT AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL GOVERNING BOARD SHALL NOT ISSUE DEBT OR LEVY TAXES.
 - Sec. 3. Section 15-905, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-905. School district budgets: notice: adoption: aggregate budget limit: summary: adjustments: definition
- A. Not later than July 5 of each year or no later than the publication of notice of the public hearing and board meeting as required by this section, the governing board of each school district shall prepare and furnish to the superintendent of public instruction and the county school superintendent, unless waived by the county school superintendent, a proposed budget in electronic format for the budget year, which shall contain the information and be in the form as provided by the department of education. The proposed budget shall include the following:
- 1. The total amount of revenues from all sources that was necessary to meet the school district's budget for the current year.
- 2. The total amount of revenues by source that will be necessary to meet the proposed budget of the school district, excluding property taxes. The governing board shall prepare the proposed budget and a summary of the proposed budget. Both documents shall be kept on file at the school district office and shall be made available to the public upon request. The auditor general in conjunction with the department of education shall prescribe the

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form of the summary of the proposed budget for use by governing boards. School district governing boards may include in the proposed budget any items or amounts which are authorized by legislation filed with the secretary of state and which will become effective during the budget year. If subsequent events prevent the legislation from becoming effective, school district governing boards must reduce their budgets by the amounts budgeted pursuant to the legislation which did not become effective.

- B. The governing board of each school district shall prepare a notice fixing a time not later than July 15 and designating a public place within each school district at which a public hearing and board meeting shall be held. The governing board shall present the proposed budget for consideration of the residents and the taxpayers of the school district at such hearing and meeting.
- C. The governing board of each school district shall publish or mail, prior to the hearing and meeting, a copy of the proposed budget or the summary of the proposed budget and, in addition, a notice of the public hearing and board meeting no later than ten days prior to the meeting. The proposed budget and the summary of the proposed budget shall contain the percentage of increase or decrease in each budget category of the proposed budget as compared to each category of the budget for the current year. Notification shall be either by publication in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district in which the size of the newspaper print shall be at least eight-point type, by electronic transmission of the information to the department of education for posting on the department's web site or by mailing the information to each household in the school district. The cost of publication, web site posting or mailing shall be a charge against the school district. The publisher's affidavit of publication shall be filed by the governing board with the superintendent of public instruction within thirty days after publication. If the budget or proposed budget and notice are posted on a web site maintained by the department of education or mailed, the board shall file an affidavit with the superintendent of public instruction within thirty days after the mailing or the date that the information is posted on the web site. If a truth in taxation notice and hearing is required under section 15-905.01, the governing board may combine the notice and hearing under this section with the truth in taxation notice and hearing.
- D. At the time and place fixed in the notice, the governing board shall hold the public hearing and present the proposed budget to the persons attending the hearing. Upon request of any person, the governing board shall explain the budget, and any resident or taxpayer of the school district may protest the inclusion of any item. A governing board member who has a substantial interest, as defined in section 38-502, in a specific item in the school district budget shall refrain from voting on the specific item. A governing board member may without creating a conflict of interest

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participate in adoption of a final budget even though the member may have substantial interest in specific items included in the budget.

- Immediately following the public hearing the president shall call to order the governing board meeting for the purpose of adopting the budget. The governing board shall adopt the budget which shall not exceed the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit, making such deductions as it sees fit but making no additions to the proposed budget total for maintenance and operations or capital outlay, and shall enter the budget as adopted in its minutes. Not later than July 18, the budget as finally adopted shall be filed by the governing board with the county school superintendent who shall immediately transmit a copy to the board of supervisors. Not later than July 18, the budget as finally adopted shall be submitted electronically to the superintendent of public instruction. On or before October 30, superintendent of public instruction shall review the budget and notify the governing board if the budget is in excess of the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit. If the governing board receives notification that the budget is in excess of the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit by fewer than one thousand dollars, the governing board shall adjust the budget and expenditures so as not to exceed the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit for the current year. If the governing board receives notification that the budget is in excess of the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit by one thousand dollars or more, it shall on or before December 15, after it gives notice and holds a public meeting in a similar manner as provided in subsections C and D of this section, adopt a revised budget for the current year which shall not exceed the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit. or before December 18, the governing board shall file the revised budget which it adopts with the county school superintendent who shall immediately transmit a copy to the board of supervisors. Not later than December 18, the budget as revised shall be submitted electronically to the superintendent of public instruction. School districts that are subject to section 15-914.01 are not required to send a copy of revised budgets to the county school superintendent. Procedures for adjusting expenditures or revising the budget shall be as prescribed in the uniform system of financial records.
- F. The governing board of each school district may budget for expenditures within the school district budget as follows:
- 1. Amounts within the general budget limit, as provided in section 15-947, subsection C, may only be budgeted in the following sections of the budget:
 - (a) The maintenance and operation section.
 - (b) The capital outlay section.

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- 2. Amounts within the unrestricted capital budget limit, as provided in section 15-947, subsection D, may only be budgeted in the unrestricted capital outlay subsection of the budget. Monies received pursuant to the unrestricted capital budget limit shall be placed in the unrestricted capital outlay fund. The monies in the fund are not subject to reversion.
- 3. The soft capital allocation limit, as provided in section 15-947, subsection E, may only be budgeted in the soft capital allocation subsection of the budget.
- G. The governing board may authorize the expenditure of monies budgeted within the maintenance and operation section of the budget for any subsection within the section in excess of amounts specified in the adopted budget only by action taken at a public meeting of the governing board and if the expenditures for all subsections of the section do not exceed the amount budgeted as provided in this section. Until June 30, 1999, the governing board may authorize the expenditure of monies to exceed the budgeted expenditures of the capital outlay section of the budget only by action taken at a public meeting of the governing board and if monies are available in the reserve.
 - H. The aggregate budget limit is the sum of the following:
- 1. The general budget limit as determined in section 15-947 for the budget year.
- 2. The unrestricted capital budget limit as determined in section 15-947 for the budget year.
- 3. The soft capital allocation limit for the budget year as determined in section 15-947.
 - 4. Federal assistance, excluding P.L. 81-874 monies.
- School districts which overestimated tuition revenues as provided in section 15–947, subsection C, paragraph 2 shall adjust the general budget limit and expenditures based upon tuition revenues for attendance of nonresident pupils during the current fiscal year. School districts which underestimated tuition revenues may adjust their budgets prior to May 15 based upon tuition revenues for attendance of nonresident pupils during the current fiscal year. School districts which overestimated revenues as provided in section 15–947, subsection C, paragraph 2, subdivision (a), items (iii), (iv) and (v) and subdivision (d) shall adjust the general budget limit and expenditures based on actual revenues during the current fiscal year. School districts which underestimated such revenues may adjust their budgets before May 15 based on actual revenues during the current fiscal year. Procedures for completing adjustments shall be as prescribed in the uniform system of financial records. Not later than May 18, the budget as adjusted shall be submitted electronically to the superintendent of public instruction.
- J. A common school district not within a high school district whose estimated tuition charge for high school pupils exceeds the actual tuition charge for high school pupils shall adjust the general budget limit and

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expenditures based on the actual tuition charge. Not later than May 18, the budget as adjusted shall be submitted electronically to the superintendent of public instruction. A common school district not within a high school district whose estimated tuition charge for high school pupils is less than the actual tuition charge for high school pupils may adjust its budget before May 15 based on the actual tuition charge. Procedures for completing adjustments shall be as prescribed in the uniform system of financial records. If the adjusted general budget limit requires an adjustment of state aid and if the adjustment to state aid is not made in the current year, the superintendent of public instruction shall adjust by August 15 of the succeeding fiscal year the apportionment of state aid to the school district to correct any overpayment or underpayment of state aid received during the current year.

K. The governing board may include P.L. 81-874 assistance allocated for children with disabilities, children with specific learning disabilities, and children residing on Indian lands AND CHILDREN RESIDING WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL THAT IS LOCATED ON A MILITARY RESERVATION AND THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS A HEAVILY IMPACTED LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY PURSUANT TO 20 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 7703 which is in addition to basic assistance when determining the general budget limit as prescribed in section 15-947, subsection C. THE INCREASE IN THE GENERAL BUDGET LIMIT FOR CHILDREN RESIDING WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL THAT IS LOCATED ON A MILITARY RESERVATION AND THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS A HEAVILY IMPACTED LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY SHALL EQUAL THE DOLLAR AMOUNT CALCULATED PURSUANT TO 20 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 7703(b)(2). The governing board may adjust before May 15 the budget for the current year based on any adjustments which result in increases over the amount estimated by the superintendent of public instruction for P.L. 81-874 assistance for such pupils for the fiscal year preceding the current year. The governing board shall adjust before May 15 the budget for the current year based on any adjustments which result in decreases in the amount estimated by the superintendent of public instruction for P.L. 81-874 assistance for such pupils for the fiscal year preceding the current year. Not later than May 18, the budget as adjusted shall be submitted electronically to the superintendent of public instruction. Procedures for complying with the provisions of this subsection shall be as prescribed in the uniform system of financial records.

L. The state board of education shall hold a hearing if expenditures by any school district exceed the general budget limit prescribed in section 15-947, subsection C, the unrestricted capital budget limit, the soft capital allocation limit prescribed in section 15-947, subsection E, the school plant fund limits prescribed in section 15-1102, subsection B, the maintenance and operation section of the budget or the capital outlay section of the budget. If the expenditures of any school district exceed these limits or sections of the budget without authorization as provided in section 15-907, the state

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board of education shall reduce the state aid for equalization assistance for education for the school district computed as provided in section 15-971 during the fiscal year subsequent to the fiscal year in which the excess expenditures were made by an amount equal to the excess expenditures, except that in case of hardship to the school district, the superintendent of public instruction may approve reductions partly in the first subsequent year and partly in the second subsequent year.

- M. The governing board of a school district shall reduce the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit or the soft capital allocation limit, for the year subsequent to the year in which the expenditures were in excess of the applicable limit or section of the budget by the amount determined in subsection L of this section, except that in case of hardship to the school district, the superintendent of public instruction may approve reductions partly in the first subsequent year and partly in the second subsequent year. The reduction in the limit is applicable to each school district which has exceeded the general budget limit, the unrestricted capital budget limit, the soft capital allocation limit or a section of the budget even if the reduction exceeds the state aid for equalization assistance for education for the school district.
- Except as provided in section 15-916, no expenditure shall be made by any school district for a purpose not included in the budget or in excess of the aggregate budget limit prescribed in this section, except that if no budget has been adopted, from July 1 to July 15 the governing board may make expenditures if the total of the expenditures does not exceed ten per cent of the prior year's aggregate budget limit. Any expenditures made from July 1 to July 15 and prior to the adoption of the budget shall be included in the total expenditures for the current year. No expenditure shall be made and no debt, obligation or liability shall be incurred or created in any year for any purpose itemized in the budget in excess of the amount specified for the item irrespective of whether the school district at any time has received or has on hand funds in excess of those required to meet the expenditures, debts, obligations and liabilities provided for under the budget except expenditures from cash controlled funds as defined by the uniform system of financial records and except as provided in section 15–907 and subsection G of this section. This subsection does not prohibit any school district from prepaying insurance premiums or magazine subscriptions, or from prepaying any item which is normally prepaid in order to procure the service or to receive a discounted price for the service, as prescribed by the uniform system of financial records.
- 0. The governing board of a school district which is classified as a heavily impacted school district having twenty per cent or more pupils pursuant to 20 United States Code section 238(d)1(A) may determine its eligibility to increase the amount that may be included in determining the general budget limit as provided in subsection K of this section and may increase the amount as follows:

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- 1. For fiscal year 1988-1989:
- (a) Multiply one thousand ninety-four dollars by the number of children with disabilities or children with specific learning disabilities, excluding children who also reside on Indian lands, reported to the division of impact aid, United States department of education in the district's application for fiscal year 1987-1988.
- (b) Multiply five hundred forty-seven dollars by the number of children residing on Indian lands, excluding children who have disabilities or also have specific learning disabilities, reported to the division of impact aid, United States department of education in the district's application for fiscal year 1987-1988.
- (c) Multiply one thousand nine hundred fourteen dollars by the number of children residing on Indian lands who have disabilities or also have specific learning disabilities reported to the division of impact aid, United States department of education in the district's application for fiscal year 1987-1988.
 - (d) Add the amounts determined in subdivisions (a) through (c).
- (e) If the amount of P.L. 81-874 assistance as provided in subsection K of this section is less than the sum determined in subdivision (d) of this paragraph, the district is eligible to use the provisions of this subsection.
- 2. For budget years after 1988-1989, use the provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection, but increase each dollar amount by the growth rate for that year as prescribed by law, subject to appropriation and use the number of children reported in the appropriate category for the current fiscal year.
- 3. If the district is eligible to use the provisions of this subsection, subtract the amount of P.L. 81-874 assistance determined in subsection K of this section from the sum determined in paragraph 1, subdivision (d) of this subsection. The difference is the increase in the amount that may be included in determining the general budget limit as provided in subsection K of this section, if including this amount does not increase the district's primary tax rate for the budget year. If the amount of P.L. 81-874 assistance determined in subsection K of this section is adjusted for the current year, the increase determined in this paragraph shall be recomputed using the adjusted amount and the recomputed increase shall be reported to the department of education by May 15 on a form prescribed by the department of education.
- 4. If a district uses the provisions of this subsection, the district is not required to adjust its budget for the current year based on adjustments in the estimated amount of P.L. 81-874 assistance as provided in subsection K of this section.
- P. A school district, except for an accommodation school, which applies for P.L. 81-874 assistance during the current year may budget an amount for P.L. 81-874 administrative costs for the budget year. The amount budgeted for P.L. 81-874 administrative costs is exempt from the revenue

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control limit and may not exceed an amount determined for the budgeted year as follows:

- 1. Determine the minimum cost. The minimum cost for fiscal year 1990-1991 is two thousand three hundred forty-three dollars. For fiscal year 1991-1992 and thereafter, the minimum cost is the minimum cost for the prior year increased by the growth rate as prescribed by law, subject to appropriation.
- 2. Determine the hourly rate. The hourly rate for fiscal year 1990-1991 is nine dollars thirty-eight cents. For fiscal year 1991-1992 and thereafter, the hourly rate is the hourly rate for the prior year increased by the growth rate as prescribed by law, subject to appropriation.
- 3. Determine the P.L. 81-874 revenues available by subtracting the amount of P.L. 81-874 assistance used to increase the general budget limit as provided in subsections K and O of this section for the current fiscal year from the total amount of P.L. 81-874 revenues received in the current fiscal year.
 - 4. Determine the total number of administrative hours as follows:
 - (a) Determine the sum of the following:
- (i) 1.00 hours for each high impact pupil who is not disabled or does not have specific learning disabilities.
- (ii) 1.25 hours for each high impact pupil who is disabled or has specific learning disabilities.
- (iii) 0.25 hours for each low impact pupil who is not disabled or does not have specific learning disabilities.
- (iv) 0.31 hours for each low impact pupil who is disabled or has specific learning disabilities.
 - (b) For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (i) "High impact pupil" means a pupil who resides on Indian lands or a pupil who resides on federal property or in low rent housing and whose parent is employed on federal property or low rent housing property or is on active duty in uniformed service, as provided in P.L. 81-874, section 3(a) and as reported in the application for P.L. 81-874 assistance in the current year.
- (ii) "Low impact pupil" means a pupil who resides on nonfederal property and has a parent who is employed on federal property or low rent housing property or is on active duty in a uniformed service or a pupil who resides on federal property or in low rent housing and who does not have a parent who is employed on federal property or low rent housing property or is on active duty in uniformed service, as provided in P.L. 81-874, section 3(b) and as reported in the application for P.L. 81-874 assistance in the current year.
- 5. Multiply the total number of administrative hours determined in paragraph 4 of this subsection by the hourly rate determined in paragraph 2 of this subsection.

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- 6. Determine the greater of the minimum cost determined in paragraph ${\bf 1}$ of this subsection or the product determined in paragraph ${\bf 5}$ of this subsection.
- 7. Add to the amount determined in paragraph 6 of this subsection the amount, if any, to be expended by the school district in the budget year through an intergovernmental agreement with other school districts or the department of education to provide P.L. 81-874 technical assistance to participating districts.
- 8. Determine the lesser of the amount determined in paragraph 7 of this subsection or the revenues available as determined in paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 9. The amount determined in paragraph 8 of this subsection is the maximum amount which may be budgeted for P.L. 81-874 administrative costs for the budget year as provided in this subsection.
- 10. If the governing board underestimated the amount that may be budgeted for P.L. 81-874 administrative costs for the current year, the board may adjust the general budget limit and the budget before May 15. If the governing board overestimated the amount that may be budgeted for P.L. 81-874 administrative costs for the current year, the board shall adjust the general budget limit and the budget before May 15.
- Q. If a school district governing board has adopted a budget for a fiscal year based on forms and instructions provided by the auditor general and the department of education for that fiscal year and if, as a result of the enactment or nonenactment of proposed legislation after May 1 of the previous fiscal year, the budget is based on incorrect limits, does not include items authorized by law or does not otherwise conform with law, the governing board may revise its budget at a public hearing on or before September 15 to conform with the law. Not later than September 18, the budget as adjusted shall be submitted electronically to the superintendent of public instruction. If the governing board does not revise the budget on or before September 15 and if the budget includes any items not authorized by law or if the budget exceeds any limits, the governing board shall adjust or revise the budget as provided in subsection E of this section.
- R. For the purposes of this section, "P.L. 81-874 assistance" means, for the current year, an amount equal to the final determination of P.L. 81-874 assistance for the fiscal year preceding the current year as confirmed by the division of impact aid, United States department of education or, if a final determination has not been made, the amount estimated by the superintendent of public instruction as confirmed by the division of impact aid, United States department of education and, for the budget year, an amount equal to the determination of P.L. 81-874 assistance for the fiscal year preceding the budget year as estimated by the superintendent of public instruction.

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Sec. 4. Section 15-947, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

15-947. Revenue control limit: district support level: general budget limit: unrestricted total capital budget limit: soft capital allocation limit
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- A. The revenue control limit for a school district is equal to the sum of the base revenue control limit determined in section 15-944 and the transportation revenue control limit determined in section 15-946.
- B. The district support level for a school district is equal to the sum of the base support level determined in section 15-943 and the transportation support level determined in section 15-945.
- C. The general budget limit for each school district, for each fiscal year, is the sum of the following:
- 1. The maintenance and operations portion of the revenue control limit for the budget year.
 - 2. The maintenance and operation portion of the following amounts:
- (a) Amounts that are fully funded by revenues other than a levy of taxes upon the taxable property within the school district, as listed below:
- (i) Amounts budgeted as the budget balance carryforward as provided in section 15-943.01.
 - (ii) Tuition revenues for attendance of nonresident pupils.
 - (iii) State assistance as provided in section 15-976.
- (iv) Special education revenues as provided in section 15-825, subsection D and section 15-1204.
- (v) P.L. 81-874 assistance determined for children with disabilities, children with specific learning disabilities, and children residing on Indian lands AND CHILDREN RESIDING WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF AN ACCOMMODATION SCHOOL THAT IS LOCATED ON A MILITARY RESERVATION AND THAT IS CLASSIFIED AS A HEAVILY IMPACTED LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY PURSUANT TO 20 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 7703 as provided in section 15-905, subsections K and O.
- (vi) P.L. 81-874 administrative costs as provided in section 15-905, subsection P.
- (vii) State assistance for excess tuition as provided in section 15-825.01.
- (viii) Amounts received from the state board of education pursuant to section 15-973.01.
- (b) Amounts approved pursuant to an override election as provided in section 15-481 for the applicable fiscal year.
- (c) Expenditures for excess utility costs as provided in section 15-910.
- (d) Amounts authorized by the county school superintendent pursuant to section 15-974, subsection $\stackrel{\textbf{C}}{\leftarrow}$ B.
- (e) Expenditures for complying with a court order of desegregation as provided in section 15-910.
- (f) Expenditures for the bond issues portion of the cost of tuition as provided in section 15-910.

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- (g) Interest on registered warrants or tax anticipation notes as provided in section 15-910.
- (h) Amounts budgeted for a jointly owned and operated career and technical education and vocational education center as provided in section 15-910.01.
- (i) Amount of energy reduction adjustment pursuant to section 15-910.02.
- 3. The maintenance and operations portion of the capital outlay revenue limit for the budget year.
- 4. Any other budget item that is budgeted in the maintenance and operation section of the budget and that is specifically exempt from the revenue control limit or the capital outlay revenue limit.
- D. The unrestricted capital budget limit, for each school district for each fiscal year, is the sum of the following:
- 1. The federal impact adjustment as determined in section 15-964 for the budget year.
- 2. Any other budget item that is budgeted in the capital outlay section of the budget and that is specifically exempt from the capital outlay revenue limit.
- 3. The capital portion of the amounts contained in subsection ${\tt C}$, paragraph 2 of this section.
- 4. The unexpended budget balance in the unrestricted capital outlay fund from the previous fiscal year.
- 5. The net interest earned in the unrestricted capital outlay fund the previous fiscal year.
- $\hbox{E. The soft capital allocation limit for each school district for each} \\ \hbox{fiscal year is the sum of the following:}$
 - 1. The soft capital allocation for the budget year.
- 2. The unexpended budget balance in the soft capital allocation fund from the previous fiscal year.
- 3. The net interest earned in the soft capital allocation fund the previous fiscal year.
 - Sec. 5. Section 15-973, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-973. Apportionment of funds; expenditure limitation
- A. The state board of education shall apportion state aid from appropriations made for such purpose to the several counties on the basis of state aid entitlement for the school districts in each county. No allowance shall be made for nonresident alien children nor for wards of the United States for whom tuition is paid, but attendance of a student in a school of a county adjoining the county of his residence outside the state under a certificate of educational convenience as provided by section 15-825 shall be deemed to be enrollment in the school of the county or school district of his residence.

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- B. Apportionments shall be made as follows:
- 1. On July 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 2. On September 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 3. On October 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 4. On December 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 5. On January 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 6. On February 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 7. On March 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 8. On April 15, one-sixth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 9. On May 15, one-sixth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year.
- 10. On June 15, one-twelfth of the total amount to be apportioned during the fiscal year, except that if the total amount of monies available to make the payment is less than the amount of the payment, a portion of the June 15 payment may be delayed no later than June 30 to allow for the receipt of income from the permanent state common school fund.
- The superintendent of public instruction shall furnish to the county treasurer and the county school superintendent an abstract of the apportionment and shall certify the apportionment to the department of administration, which shall draw its warrant in favor of the county treasurer of each county for the amount apportioned. Upon receipt of the warrant the county treasurer shall notify the county school superintendent of the amount, together with any other monies standing to the credit of such school district in the county school fund.
- C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B of this section, if sufficient appropriated funds are available and on a showing by a school district that additional state monies are necessary for current expenses, an apportionment or part of an apportionment of state aid may be paid to the school district prior to the date set for such apportionment by subsection B of this section. After the first forty days in session of the current year, a school district may request additional state monies to fund the increased state aid due to anticipated student growth through the first one hundred days or two hundred days in session, as applicable, of the current year as provided in section 15-948. In no event shall a school district have received more than three-fourths of its total apportionment before April 15 of the fiscal year. Early payments pursuant to this subsection must be approved by the state treasurer, the director of the department of

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administration and the superintendent of public instruction. If the computation of state aid for an accommodation school is based on P.L. 81-874 monies to be received in the current year pursuant to section 15-974, subsection A, paragraph 2, the maximum early payment to an accommodation school shall be determined using an estimate of the P.L. 81-874 monies to be received during the fiscal year.

- D. Until June 30, 1999, at such time and as provided by federal law or regulation, state aid shall be reduced as follows:
- 1. The superintendent of public instruction shall compute the amount of monies which each school district is eligible to receive under P.L. 81-874, less P.L. 81-874 monies for children with disabilities, children with specific learning disabilities and children residing on Indian lands which are in addition to the basic assistance as provided in 20 United States Code section 238(d)2(C) and (D), and for which monies have been appropriated.
- 2. The superintendent of public instruction shall deduct from state aid for each school district which is eligible to receive monies under P.L. 81-874 and for which monies are appropriated as provided in paragraph 1 of this subsection the lesser of:
 - (a) The maximum allowed by law or regulation.
 - (b) The amount computed as follows:
- (i) For fiscal year 1982-1983, twenty-five per cent of the amount computed in paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- (ii) For fiscal year 1983-1984, fifty per cent of the amount computed in paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- (iii) For fiscal year 1984-1985, seventy-five per cent of the amount computed in paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- (iv) Beginning with fiscal year 1985–1986, ninety-five per cent of the amount computed in paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- 3. The reduction in state aid shall be made from equalization assistance as prescribed in section 15-971 or from additional state aid as prescribed in section 15-972 during the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the monies are received. The superintendent of public instruction shall make additional adjustments in state aid for allowable deductions which were not made in any previous fiscal year which is not more than five years earlier than the year in which the adjustments are made. The superintendent of public instruction shall give the school district prior notice of the intention to make the additional adjustments and may distribute the adjustments over more than one year after considering the effects of the adjustments on the school district.
- E. The superintendent of public instruction shall not make application to the federal government to utilize P.L. 81-874 monies in determining the apportionment prescribed in this section.
- F. If a school district which is eligible to receive monies pursuant to this article is unable to meet a scheduled payment on any lawfully incurred long-term obligation for debt service as provided in section

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15-1022, the county treasurer shall use any amount distributed pursuant to this section to make the payment. The county treasurer shall keep a record of all the instances in which a payment is made pursuant to this subsection. Any monies subsequently collected by the district to make the scheduled payment shall be used to replace the amount diverted pursuant to this subsection. When determining the total amount to be funded by a levy of secondary taxes upon property within the school district for the following fiscal year, the county board of supervisors shall add to the amounts budgeted to be expended during the following fiscal year an amount equal to the total of all payments pursuant to this subsection during the current fiscal year which were not repaid during the current year.

G. The total amount of state monies that may be spent in any fiscal year by the state board of education for apportionment of state aid for education shall not exceed the amount appropriated or authorized by section 35-173 for that purpose. This section shall not be construed to impose a duty on an officer, agent or employee of this state to discharge a responsibility or to create any right in a person or group if the discharge or right would require an expenditure of state monies in excess of the expenditure authorized by legislative appropriation for that specific purpose.

Sec. 6. Section 15-974, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-974. Equalization assistance for education for accommodation schools

A. Equalization assistance for education for accommodation schools shall be computed as follows:

1. Determine the total of the lesser of an accommodation school's revenue control limit or district support level as determined in section 15-947, an accommodation school's capital outlay revenue limit as determined in section 15-961 and an accommodation school's soft capital allocation as determined in section 15-962.

2. From the amount determined in paragraph 1 of this subsection subtract the monies received from P.L. 81 874 for the prior fiscal year if the amount to be received in the current fiscal year is equal to or greater than the amount received in the prior fiscal year. If the amount to be received during the current fiscal year is less than the amount received in the prior fiscal year, the subtraction shall be determined as follows:

(a) Subtract the amount to be received in the current fiscal year, adjusting the final payment to reflect actual receipts during the fiscal year.

(b) If additional P.L. 81-874 monies are received after the computation of the last payment of state aid but before the end of the fiscal year, the amount received late shall be subtracted from the equalization assistance for the following fiscal year, except that the total amount reduced pursuant to subdivision (a) of this paragraph and this subdivision shall not exceed the amount of P.L. 81-874 monies received in the prior year.

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3. Equalization assistance for an accommodation school shall be the amount determined in paragraph 2 of this subsection.

- B. A. Equalization assistance for education for accommodation schools shall be paid from appropriations for that purpose to the school districts as provided in section 15-973.
- C. B. When an accommodation school has a positive total cash balance at the end of a fiscal year in its maintenance and operation fund, the county school superintendent of the county in which the accommodation school is located may authorize an addition to the accommodation school's revenue control limit as provided in section 15-947, subsection A for the following fiscal year. The county school superintendent may not authorize an addition that exceeds the lesser of the ending cash balance less the amount budgeted for the budget balance carryforward as provided in section 15-943.01 or ten per cent of the revenue control limit of the accommodation school AND FIVE PER CENT OF THE REVENUE CONTROL LIMIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-482, WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF AN ELECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-481. If an accommodation school has a cash balance in excess of the amount needed to fund the budget balance carryforward, the addition authorized pursuant to this subsection and the items listed in section 15-947, subsection C, paragraph 2, subdivisions (c) and (f) for the following fiscal year, the remaining cash balance shall MAY be used to reduce the amount of state aid for equalization assistance for education for the accommodation school as provided in section 15-971, subsection D for the following year FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-962, SUBSECTION F.
- $box{D.}$ C. The provisions of Subsection $box{C}$ B of this section shall not apply to an accommodation school with a student count of one hundred twenty-five or less in kindergarten programs and grades one through eight or to an accommodation school which offers instruction in grades nine, ten, eleven or twelve and which has a student count of one hundred or less in grades nine through twelve.
- E. For the purpose of this section, "monies received from P.L. 81-874" means total P.L. 81-874 monies less P.L. 81-874 monies for children with disabilities, children with specific learning disabilities and children residing on Indian lands which are in addition to the basic assistance as provided in 20 United States Code section 238, subsection (d), paragraph 2, clauses (C) and (D).

Sec. 7. Retroactivity

Section 15-905, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, applies retroactively to from and after June 30, 2004.

Sec. 8. <u>Emergency</u>

This act is an emergency measure that is necessary to preserve the public peace, health or safety and is operative immediately as provided by law.

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