REFERENCE TITLE: education accountability; crisis teams; receivership

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

HB 2469

Introduced by
Representatives Nelson, Crandall, Crump, Tobin: Anderson, Burns J, Garcia
M, McGuire, Rios P, Yarbrough

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 15-103, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 15, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 15-107; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-272, 15-304, 15-341, 15-422 AND 23-355, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING LAWS 2005, CHAPTER 274, SECTION 2, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2007, CHAPTER 234, SECTION 2; REPEALING LAWS 2005, CHAPTER 274, SECTION 3, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2007, CHAPTER 234, SECTION 3; AMENDING LAWS 2007, CHAPTER 234, SECTION 5; AMENDING LAWS 2007, CHAPTER 238, SECTION 1; RELATING TO SCHOOL FINANCE.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 15-103, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

- A. The state board of education shall CONDUCT A PUBLIC MEETING WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE RECEIPT OF ALLEGATIONS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT INSOLVENCY OR GROSS MISMANAGEMENT TO review THE allegations of school district insolvency and gross mismanagement AND DETERMINE WHETHER THE SCHOOL DISTRICT IS INSOLVENT OR HAS GROSSLY MISMANAGED ITS FINANCES. The state board shall give the school district an opportunity to respond to these allegations at a public meeting. If the state board determines that the school district is insolvent or has grossly mismanaged its finances, the state board shall appoint a receiver for that school district.
- B. The state board shall find a school district insolvent if it finds one or more of the following:
- 1. The school district is unable to pay debts as they fall due or in the usual course of business.
- 2. The salaries of any teachers or other employees have remained unpaid for $AT\ LEAST$ forty-five days.
- 3. The tuition due another school district or other state institution remains unpaid on or after January 1 of the year following the school year it was due and there is no dispute regarding the validity or amount of the claim.
- 4. The school district has defaulted in payment of its bonds or interest on bonds or in payment of rentals due any state or federal authority or private business for a period of sixty calendar days and no action has been initiated within that period of time to make payment.
- 5. The school district has contracted for any loan not authorized by law.
- 6. The school district has accumulated and has operated with a deficit equal to five per cent or more of the school district's revenue control limit for any fiscal year within the past two fiscal years COMMITTED AN OVEREXPENDITURE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 15-107.
- 7. The school district's warrants have not been honored for payment by the school district's servicing bank or by the county treasurer and the warrants have remained unpaid for a period of more than sixty calendar days.
- C. No school district shall be deemed to be insolvent pursuant to subsection B of this section if the circumstances are the result of the failure of the state to make any payments of monies due the school district at the time payment is due.
- D. The state board of education shall have jurisdiction over all petitions requesting that a school district be placed in receivership and a receiver be appointed because of the school district's alleged insolvency or

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gross mismanagement. The state board shall have the burden of demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that the school district is insolvent or is engaged in gross mismanagement.

- E. If the state board of education finds that the school district is insolvent or has engaged in gross mismanagement, the state board shall place the school district in receivership and appoint a receiver recommended by the state board. The state board shall develop and adopt a list of qualified receivers to be appointed by the board.
- F. On appointment, the receiver shall begin a full review and investigation of the school district's financial affairs and submit to the state board of education a detailed report listing the findings of that investigation that shall include a financial improvement plan and budget that details how the school district will eliminate any continued gross financial mismanagement and achieve financial solvency. The plan shall include a proposed timeline for achieving financial solvency. The receiver shall submit the report within one hundred twenty days after the receiver's appointment. The financial improvement plan approved by the state board of education may authorize the receiver to do any of the following:
- 1. Override any decisions of the school district's governing board or the school district superintendent, or both, concerning the management and operation of the school district, and initiate and make decisions concerning the management and operation of the school district.
- 2. Attend any and all meetings of the school district's governing board and administrative staff.
- 3. Supervise the day-to-day activities of the school district's staff, including reassigning the duties and responsibilities of personnel in a manner that, in the determination of the receiver, best suits the needs of the school district.
- 4. Place on extended leave, suspend or terminate for cause the school district's superintendent or chief financial officer, or both. A person terminated pursuant to this paragraph may appeal the receiver's decision to the state board of education if an appeal is filed with the state board within thirty days of receiving notice of the termination.
- 5. Authorize pupils to transfer from schools operated by the school district to schools operated by another school district that is not currently in receivership.
- 6. Appoint a chief educational officer who shall possess the powers and duties of a school district superintendent. A chief educational officer who is appointed pursuant to this paragraph shall hold a valid administrative certificate.
- 7. Appoint a chief fiscal officer who shall possess the powers and duties of the school district's chief school business official and any other duties regarding budgeting, accounting and other financial matters that are assigned to the school district by law.

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- 8. Appoint a competent independent public accountant to audit the accounts of the school district.
- 9. Reorganize the school district's financial accounts, management and budgetary systems to improve financial responsibility and reduce financial inefficiency within the district.
- 10. Establish school district fiscal guidelines and a system of internal controls, including internal administrative controls and internal accounting controls, with provisions for internal audits.
- 11. Cancel or renegotiate any contract, other than contracts of certificated teachers who have been employed by the school district in the capacity of a certificated teacher for more than one year immediately before the date the receiver was appointed, to which the governing board or the school district is a party if the cancellation or renegotiation of the contract will produce needed economies in the operation of the district's schools. The receiver may refuse to reemploy any certificated teacher who has not been employed by the school district for more than the major portion of three consecutive school years as provided in section 15-536.
- G. The receiver's power, authority and duties shall be effective on the date of the receiver's appointment by the state board of education. The receiver shall perform the receiver's duties according to the instructions of the state board of education order and according to law. The receiver shall promptly report any violations of law, including a violation of the uniform system of financial records, to the state board of education.
- H. On review and approval of the state board of education, the receiver shall take all necessary steps to implement the financial improvement plan and budget utilizing those powers identified in the plan as prescribed in subsection F of this section.
- I. The salary and benefits of the receiver and any officers or employees appointed by the receiver shall be paid by the school district. The state board of education shall determine the salary for the receiver and any officers or employees appointed by the receiver based on amounts recommended by the state board.
- J. The state board of education shall remove the school district from receivership and dismiss the receiver and dismiss any officer or employee appointed by the receiver thirty days after all of the following have occurred:
- 1. The auditor general certifies that the school district has been financially solvent for one fiscal year.
- 2. The auditor general certifies that the school district's financial records are in compliance with the uniform system of financial records and generally accepted accounting principles.
- 3. The receiver certifies that the school district is no longer engaged in gross mismanagement.
- 4. The state board of education has determined that the school district is able to pay its debts as those debts become due.

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- K. The receiver shall submit a quarterly progress report to the state board of education. The first progress report is due on the three month anniversary of TWO HUNDRED TEN DAYS AFTER the receiver's appointment by the state board.
- L. The state board of education shall formally review the receiver's progress every six months. If, based on the quarterly progress reports, the state board determines that the receiver's progress is insufficient, the state board may remove the current receiver and appoint another receiver for the school district.
- M. The state board of education may dismiss the receiver for cause or on a majority vote of no confidence in the receiver of the state board.
- N. The school district shall indemnify the receiver and any officer or employee appointed by the receiver who is made or threatened to be made a party to any litigation by reason of their status under this section if the receiver, officer or employee acted in good faith and in a manner that the receiver, officer or employee reasonably believed to be consistent with the best interest of the school district and if the receiver, officer or employee had no reasonable cause to believe that the conduct was unlawful.
- O. During the period of time that the school district is in receivership, no member, officer, employee or agent of the school district may enter into any contract or incur any liability on behalf of the school district for any purpose if the amount of the contract or liability exceeds the receiver's authorized financial plan and budget for the school district. The receiver may discipline, including, if warranted, imposing a suspension from duty without pay, removal from office or termination of, any school district employee or officer who violates this subsection.
- P. This section does not create a private cause of action against the school district or its officers, directors, board members or employees.
- Q. The assumption of control of the school district by the receiver shall in no way interfere with the election or reelection of school district governing board members.
- R. This section shall not interfere with a school district's ability to declare bankruptcy under federal law.
- S. The state board of education shall continue to monitor and offer technical assistance to a school district for two years after its removal from receivership.
- T. A PERSON WHO THREATENS OR KNOWINGLY CAUSES PHYSICAL HARM TO A RECEIVER APPOINTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION OR SECTION 15-107 WHILE THE RECEIVER IS ENGAGED IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE RECEIVER'S DUTIES IS GUILTY OF A CLASS 3 FELONY.
 - T. U. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Delinquent debt" means debts or liability unpaid by the school district for a period of more than sixty days from the time of notice.
- $\frac{2}{2}$. "Gross mismanagement" means that the school district's officers or employees committed or engaged in gross incompetence or systemic and

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egregious mismanagement of the school district's finances or financial records.

- 3. 2. "Notice" means written notice personally served or delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 4. 3. "Receiver" means an individual appointed by the state board of education from the persons recommended by the state board for the purpose of managing a school district placed in receivership by the state board of education.
- 5. 4. "Receivership" means the state or condition of being under the control of the receiver appointed by the state board of education.
- $\frac{6.}{5.}$ "Superintendent" means the chief executive officer of the school district.
- Sec. 2. Title 15, chapter 1, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 15-107, to read:
 - 15-107. School district overexpenditures; fiscal crisis

 response management procedure teams; quarterly
 progress reports; fiscal management report; annual
 report; actions resulting from overexpenditures;
 professional development; small school district
 exemption; definitions
- A. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION RECEIVES NOTICE OR A CREDIBLE ALLEGATION THAT A SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS COMMITTED OR ATTEMPTED TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE, THE STATE BOARD SHALL CALL A PUBLIC MEETING TO DETERMINE WHETHER AN OVEREXPENDITURE HAS BEEN ATTEMPTED OR HAS OCCURRED.
- B. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION DETERMINES AT THE PUBLIC MEETING CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION THAT A SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS COMMITTED OR ATTEMPTED TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE, THE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT SHALL APPEAR BEFORE THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AT A PUBLIC MEETING TO REQUEST EMERGENCY AUTHORIZATION TO MAKE THE OVEREXPENDITURE. THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION MAY AUTHORIZE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAKE AN EMERGENCY EXPENDITURE. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AUTHORIZES THE EMERGENCY EXPENDITURE, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL EITHER:
 - 1. APPOINT A RECEIVER PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-103.
- 2. DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO CONTRACT WITH A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM AND TO ASSIGN THAT FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL BE COMPOSED OF PERSONS WHO HAVE EXPERTISE IN SCHOOL FINANCE AND MAY INCLUDE CURRENT OR FORMER SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL OFFICERS, CURRENT OR FORMER SCHOOL DISTRICT BUSINESS MANAGERS, CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CURRENT OR FORMER SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENTS. THE PERSONS ASSIGNED TO A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL NOT BE EMPLOYEES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION OR THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL CONDUCT ON-SITE EVALUATIONS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND WORK WITH THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO:

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- (a) DETERMINE THE NATURE AND THE AMOUNT OF THE OVEREXPENDITURE.
- (b) DETERMINE THE MANNER IN WHICH THE OVEREXPENDITURE OCCURRED.
- (c) DETERMINE THE REASONS THAT THE OVEREXPENDITURE OCCURRED.
- (d) PRESCRIBE METHODS TO CORRECT THE OVEREXPENDITURE.
- (e) PRESCRIBE METHODS TO PREVENT OVEREXPENDITURES FROM OCCURRING IN THE FUTURE.
- 3. IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN A TEN YEAR PERIOD AND THE OVEREXPENDITURE EXCEEDS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET BY LESS THAN ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT, CONTINUE TO MONITOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OR TAKE ANY ACTION PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH 1 OR 2 OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- C. A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM ASSIGNED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE DESIGNATED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS A LEVEL ONE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM OR A LEVEL TWO FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM.
- D. THE EXPENSES OF THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL BE PAID BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
 - E. A LEVEL ONE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL:
- 1. BE ASSIGNED TO A SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR NOT LONGER THAN TWELVE CONSECUTIVE MONTHS.
- 2. MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONCERNING BUDGETARY AND FISCAL MATTERS.
- F. A LEVEL TWO FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL BE ASSIGNED TO A SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR NOT LONGER THAN TWENTY-FOUR CONSECUTIVE MONTHS. A LEVEL TWO FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM MAY:
- 1. OVERRIDE FINANCIAL DECISIONS THAT ARE DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE EDUCATION OF PUPILS AND THAT ARE MADE BY THE GOVERNING BOARD OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- 2. MAKE BUDGETARY AND FISCAL DECISIONS AS SPECIFIED BY LAW ON BEHALF OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- G. A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL REVIEW AND INVESTIGATE THE FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND MAY WORK WITH SCHOOL FINANCE PERSONNEL AT THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO ENSURE THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCES ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THIS STATE. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL SUBMIT A DETAILED WRITTEN QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT TO THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION LISTING THE FINDINGS OF THE INVESTIGATION AND THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS OF THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL INCLUDE COPIES OF ALL RELEVANT RECORDS IN THE PROGRESS REPORT.
- H. A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM MAY REQUEST THAT THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION APPOINT A RECEIVER FOR A SCHOOL DISTRICT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-103. IF THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM REQUESTS THAT A RECEIVER BE APPOINTED FOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL APPOINT A RECEIVER AT A PUBLIC MEETING NO

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LATER THAN THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE REQUEST FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE RECEIVER WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE APPOINTMENT OF THE RECEIVER OR AT THE NEXT SCHEDULED MEETING OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. THE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM SHALL BE RELIEVED OF ITS RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THIS SECTION AND SHALL BE DISBANDED AFTER SUBMITTING THE REPORT PRESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION TO THE RECEIVER.

- I. A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL SUBMIT, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE RECEIVER OR FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM, A FISCAL MANAGEMENT REPORT TO THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION WITHIN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE THAT THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AUTHORIZED THE EMERGENCY EXPENDITURE OR THE CLOSE OF THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. THE FISCAL MANAGEMENT REPORT SHALL BE IN A FORMAT DEVELOPED BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AND SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:
- 1. A DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE NATURE OF THE OVEREXPENDITURE AND THE MANNER IN WHICH THE OVEREXPENDITURE OCCURRED.
- 2. A DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE REASONS THAT THE OVEREXPENDITURE OCCURRED.
- 3. A DETAILED LIST OF ANY FINANCIAL ENCUMBRANCES THAT WILL CARRY OVER INTO THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR AND THAT COULD POTENTIALLY RESULT IN ANOTHER OVEREXPENDITURE IN THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR.
 - 4. A FISCAL MANAGEMENT PLAN TO CORRECT THE OVEREXPENDITURE.
- 5. A DETAILED EXPLANATION OF METHODS THAT WILL BE USED TO PREVENT OVEREXPENDITURES FROM OCCURRING IN THE FUTURE.
- 6. THE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE RECEIVER OR FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM.
- J. ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL SUBMIT AN ANNUAL REPORT ON SCHOOL DISTRICT OVEREXPENDITURES TO THE GOVERNOR, THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE. THE STATE BOARD SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF THIS REPORT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND THE DIRECTOR OF THE ARIZONA STATE LIBRARY, ARCHIVES AND PUBLIC RECORDS. THE ANNUAL REPORT PRESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:
- 1. A SUMMARIZED COMPILATION OF THE FISCAL MANAGEMENT REPORTS SUBMITTED BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION I OF THIS SECTION DURING THE MOST RECENTLY COMPLETED FISCAL YEAR.
- 2. THE ACTIONS TAKEN BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION, THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, SCHOOL DISTRICTS, FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAMS AND RECEIVERS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION DURING THE MOST RECENTLY COMPLETED FISCAL YEAR.
- 3. AN UPDATE ON PAST ACTIONS TAKEN BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION, THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION CONCERNING OVEREXPENDITURES THAT WERE COMMITTED OR ATTEMPTED IN PREVIOUS FISCAL YEARS.

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- K. THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS AGAINST SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT COMMIT OR ATTEMPT TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE:
- 1. IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN A TEN YEAR PERIOD AND THE OVEREXPENDITURE EXCEEDS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET BY ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT OR LESS OR THE OVEREXPENDITURE AMOUNTS TO LESS THAN TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL REVIEW THE OVEREXPENDITURE IN ADDITION TO ANY ENCUMBERED MONIES OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE FOLLOWING FISCAL YEAR. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION DETERMINES THAT THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE OVEREXPENDITURE AND THE ENCUMBERED MONIES IS ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT OR MORE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO ASSIGN A LEVEL ONE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION DETERMINES THAT THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE OVEREXPENDITURE AND THE ENCUMBERED MONIES IS LESS THAN ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION MAY EITHER:
- (a) DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO ASSIGN A LEVEL ONE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- (b) MONITOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL RECORDS AT LEAST ONCE EACH SIX MONTHS FOR THE FOLLOWING TWO YEARS.
- 2. IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN A TEN YEAR PERIOD AND THE OVEREXPENDITURE EXCEEDS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET BY MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE PER CENT OR THE OVEREXPENDITURE AMOUNTS TO LESS THAN TWO HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, WHICHEVER IS LESS, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO ASSIGN A LEVEL ONE FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- 3. IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE FOR THE SECOND TIME WITHIN A TEN YEAR PERIOD OR IF THE OVEREXPENDITURE EXCEEDS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET BY MORE THAN FIVE PER CENT BUT NOT MORE THAN TEN PER CENT, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TO ASSIGN A LEVEL TWO FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR AT LEAST ONE YEAR OR THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION MAY ASSIGN A RECEIVER FOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- 4. NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 15-103, IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE FOR THE THIRD OR SUBSEQUENT TIME WITHIN A TEN YEAR PERIOD OR IF THE OVEREXPENDITURE EXCEEDS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET BY MORE THAN TEN PER CENT, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION SHALL IMMEDIATELY APPOINT A RECEIVER FOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT. A RECEIVER APPOINTED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH HAS ALL THE POWERS AND DUTIES PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 15-103.

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- L. AFTER REVIEWING THE REPORTS SUBMITTED BY A RECEIVER OR A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION MAY REVIEW FOR POSSIBLE REVOCATION ALL CERTIFICATES ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-203 TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND MAY RECOMMEND THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TERMINATE THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT AND THE BUSINESS MANAGER OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- M. IF AN OVEREXPENDITURE IS ATTEMPTED OR COMMITTED TWO OR MORE TIMES DURING THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE SUPERINTENDENT OR BUSINESS MANAGER IS EMPLOYED BY THAT SCHOOL DISTRICT, THE STATE BOARD SHALL REVIEW FOR POSSIBLE REVOCATION ALL CERTIFICATES ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-203 TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND SHALL DIRECT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO TERMINATE THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE BUSINESS MANAGER OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- N. ANY RELEVANT DOCUMENTS AND OTHER MATERIALS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE COUNTY ATTORNEY FOR REVIEW TO DETERMINE WHETHER ANY CRIMES HAVE BEEN COMMITTED. IF THE COUNTY ATTORNEY DETERMINES THAT CRIMES HAVE BEEN COMMITTED IN CONNECTION WITH AN OVEREXPENDITURE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COUNTY ATTORNEY SHALL COMMENCE APPROPRIATE CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION.
- O. ANY SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT COMMITS AN OVEREXPENDITURE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL PROVIDE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING FOR GOVERNING BOARD MEMBERS, THE SUPERINTENDENT, ASSOCIATE SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS AND BUSINESS MANAGERS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT. THE EXPENSES OF THE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING PRESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE PAID BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT. EACH PERSON REQUIRED TO OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL COMPLETE AT LEAST FIFTEEN HOURS OF PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR IN WHICH THE OVEREXPENDITURE OCCURRED. A SUPERINTENDENT, ASSOCIATE SUPERINTENDENT OR BUSINESS MANAGER WHO FAILS TO OBTAIN THE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING AS PRESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE TERMINATED FROM EMPLOYMENT WITH THE SCHOOL DISTRICT. THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OR A QUALIFIED ELECTOR WHO RESIDES IN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY BRING AN ACTION IN SUPERIOR COURT TO ENFORCE THIS SUBSECTION. IF A COURT DETERMINES THAT A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION HAS OCCURRED BY A GOVERNING BOARD MEMBER, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER TO REMOVE THE GOVERNING BOARD MEMBER FROM OFFICE. ANY VACANCY IN THE OFFICE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD THAT RESULTS FROM A COURT ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE FILLED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED BY LAW. A PERSON WHO REPLACES A PERSON WHO FAILED TO OBTAIN THE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING PRESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL COMPLETE AT LEAST FIFTEEN HOURS OF PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING WITHIN NINETY DAYS. THE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TRAINING PRESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL CONSIST OF COURSES IN AT LEAST TWO OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - SCHOOL FINANCE, INCLUDING FINANCIAL DECISIONS RELATED TO ACADEMICS.
 - 2. EMPLOYMENT, STAFFING, INVENTORY AND HUMAN RESOURCES.
 - 3. EXPENDITURE LIMITATIONS.

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- 4. EMPLOYMENT AND RETENTION OF EMPLOYEES WHO DEMONSTRATE LEADERSHIP AND TEACHING SKILLS.
 - 5. INTERNAL CONTROLS.
 - 6. DUTIES OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES.
- P. UNTIL JULY 1, 2013, THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT QUALIFIES FOR THE SMALL SCHOOL DISTRICT ADJUSTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-949.
 - O. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:
- 1. "ATTEMPT TO COMMIT" MEANS A REQUEST BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT TO A COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT THAT WOULD RESULT IN AN OVEREXPENDITURE.
- 2. "OVEREXPENDITURE" MEANS AN EXPENDITURE IN EXCESS OF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - (a) THE GENERAL BUDGET LIMIT.
 - (b) THE UNRESTRICTED CAPITAL BUDGET LIMIT.
 - (c) THE SOFT CAPITAL ALLOCATION LIMIT.
 - Sec. 3. Section 15-272, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 15-272. <u>Duties of department of education for uniform system of</u> financial records
- A. The department of education shall advise and consult with the auditor general in the preparation and implementation of a uniform system of financial records.
- B. The state board of education, shall upon ON report from the auditor general, SHALL determine whether school districts are maintaining the uniform system of financial records. If the state board of education determines that a school district is not in compliance with the uniform system of financial records or has failed to correct a deficiency within ninety days after receiving notice from the auditor general, the state board of education may SHALL direct the superintendent of public instruction to withhold any UP TO TEN PER CENT OF THE portion of state funds MONIES to the school district FOR EACH VIOLATION from the date of the determination until such time as the auditor general reports compliance with the uniform system of financial records. The auditor general and the department of education shall assist the school district to achieve compliance during such period.
 - Sec. 4. Section 15-304, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-304. Warrants; limitations; definition
- A. The county school superintendent, on the voucher of the governing board of a school district, shall draw his THE SUPERINTENDENT'S warrant on the county treasurer for all necessary expenses against the school fund of the district. The warrants shall be drawn in the order in which the vouchers are filed in his THE SUPERINTENDENT'S office. A warrant shall not be drawn for an expenditure from the maintenance and operation, capital outlay, adjacent ways and federal and state grant funds for a purpose not included in the budget of the school district or for an expenditure in excess of the amount budgeted and not previously expended, except for EMERGENCY expenditures authorized by the board of supervisors as provided in section

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15-907 STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-107. The county school superintendent shall not draw a warrant for an expenditure from any school district fund except the maintenance and operation, capital outlay or adjacent ways fund or federal and state grant funds unless sufficient cash is available in the fund according to the records of the county school superintendent OR UNLESS THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AUTHORIZED AN EMERGENCY EXPENDITURE PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-107. The county school superintendent may only draw a warrant for an expenditure from a federal or state grant fund when sufficient cash is not available in the grant fund if the county treasurer maintains the two accounts as provided in section 15-996, paragraph 1 and if the county school superintendent determines that the expenditures are included in the budget section of the approved grant application.

- B. UNLESS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT IS IN RECEIVERSHIP, THE COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD AND THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION IN WRITING IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 15-107.
- C. A COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT WHO FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT.
- D. THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY COMMENCE AN ACTION IN SUPERIOR COURT TO ENFORCE THIS SECTION. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT A COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT HAS VIOLATED THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER DIRECTING BOTH:
 - 1. THE REMOVAL OF THE COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT FROM OFFICE.
- 2. THE REVOCATION FOR UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT OF ALL CERTIFICATES ISSUED TO THE FORMER COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-203.
- E. ANY VACANCY IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT THAT RESULTS FROM A COURT ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE FILLED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED BY LAW.
- F. For THE purposes of this section, "voucher" means a summary cover sheet and either copies of the invoices of the expenditure or a listing of the invoice detail.
 - Sec. 5. Section 15-341, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-341. General powers and duties; immunity; delegation
 - A. The governing board shall:
- 1. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures for the governance of the schools, not inconsistent with law or rules prescribed by the state board of education.
- 2. Maintain the schools established by it for the attendance of each pupil for a period of not less than one hundred seventy-five school days or two hundred school days, as applicable, or its equivalent as approved by the superintendent of public instruction for a school district operating on a year-round operation basis, to offer an educational program on the basis of a four day school week or to offer an alternative kindergarten program on the basis of a three day school week, in each school year, and if the funds of

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the district are sufficient, for a longer period, and as far as practicable with equal rights and privileges.

- 3. Exclude from schools all books, publications, papers or audiovisual materials of a sectarian, partisan or denominational character.
 - 4. Manage and control the school property within its district.
- 5. Acquire school furniture, apparatus, equipment, library books and supplies for the use of the schools.
- 6. Prescribe the curricula and criteria for the promotion and graduation of pupils as provided in sections 15-701 and 15-701.01.
- 7. Furnish, repair and insure, at full insurable value, the school property of the district.
- 8. Construct school buildings on approval by a vote of the district electors.
- 9. Make in the name of the district conveyances of property belonging to the district and sold by the board.
- 10. Purchase school sites when authorized by a vote of the district at an election conducted as nearly as practicable in the same manner as the election provided in section 15-481 and held on a date prescribed in section 15-491, subsection E, but such authorization shall not necessarily specify the site to be purchased and such authorization shall not be necessary to exchange unimproved property as provided in section 15-342, paragraph 23.
- 11. Construct, improve and furnish buildings used for school purposes when such buildings or premises are leased from the national park service.
- 12. Purchase school sites or construct, improve and furnish school buildings from the proceeds of the sale of school property only on approval by a vote of the district electors.
- 13. Hold pupils to strict account for disorderly conduct on school property.
- 14. Discipline students for disorderly conduct on the way to and from school.
- 15. Except as provided in section 15-1224, deposit all monies received by the district as gifts, grants and devises with the county treasurer who shall credit the deposits as designated in the uniform system of financial records. If not inconsistent with the terms of the gifts, grants and devises given, any balance remaining after expenditures for the intended purpose of the monies have been made shall be used for reduction of school district taxes for the budget year, except that in the case of accommodation schools the county treasurer shall carry the balance forward for use by the county school superintendent for accommodation schools for the budget year.
- 16. Provide that, if a parent or legal guardian chooses not to accept a decision of the teacher as provided in section 15-521, paragraph 3, the parent or legal guardian may request in writing that the governing board review the teacher's decision. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to release school districts from any liability relating to a child's promotion or retention.

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- 17. Provide for adequate supervision over pupils in instructional and noninstructional activities by certificated or noncertificated personnel.
- 18. Use school monies received from the state and county school apportionment exclusively for payment of salaries of teachers and other employees and contingent expenses of the district.
- 19. Make an annual report to the county school superintendent on or before October 1 each year in the manner and form and on the blanks prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction or county school superintendent. The board shall also make reports directly to the county school superintendent or the superintendent of public instruction whenever required.
- 20. Deposit all monies received by school districts other than student activities monies or monies from auxiliary operations as provided in sections 15-1125 and 15-1126 with the county treasurer to the credit of the school district except as provided in paragraph 21 of this subsection and sections 15-1223 and 15-1224, and the board shall expend the monies as provided by law for other school funds.
- 21. Establish a bank account in which the board during a month may deposit miscellaneous monies received directly by the district. The board shall remit monies deposited in the bank account at least monthly to the county treasurer for deposit as provided in paragraph 20 of this subsection and in accordance with the uniform system of financial records.
- 22. Employ an attorney admitted to practice in this state whose principal practice is in the area of commercial real estate, or a real estate broker who is licensed by this state and who is employed by a reputable commercial real estate company, to negotiate a lease of five or more years for the school district if the governing board decides to enter into a lease of five or more years as lessor of school buildings or grounds as provided in section 15-342, paragraph 7 or 10. Any lease of five or more years negotiated pursuant to this paragraph shall provide that the lessee is responsible for payment of property taxes pursuant to the requirements of section 42-11104.
- 23. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures for disciplinary action against a teacher who engages in conduct that is a violation of the policies of the governing board but that is not cause for dismissal of the teacher or for revocation of the certificate of the teacher. Disciplinary action may include suspension without pay for a period of time not to exceed ten school days. Disciplinary action shall not include suspension with pay or suspension without pay for a period of time longer than ten school days. The procedures shall include notice, hearing and appeal provisions for violations that are cause for disciplinary action. The governing board may designate a person or persons to act on behalf of the board on these matters.
- 24. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures for disciplinary action against an administrator who engages in conduct that is a violation of the policies of the governing board regarding duties of administrators but

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that is not cause for dismissal of the administrator or for revocation of the certificate of the administrator. Disciplinary action may include suspension without pay for a period of time not to exceed ten school days. Disciplinary action shall not include suspension with pay or suspension without pay for a period of time longer than ten school days. The procedures shall include notice, hearing and appeal provisions for violations that are cause for disciplinary action. The governing board may designate a person or persons to act on behalf of the board on these matters. For violations that are cause for dismissal, the provisions of notice, hearing and appeal in chapter 5, article 3 of this title shall apply. The filing of a timely request for a hearing suspends the imposition of a suspension without pay or a dismissal pending completion of the hearing.

- 25. Notwithstanding section 13-3108, prescribe and enforce policies and procedures that prohibit a person from carrying or possessing a weapon on school grounds unless the person is a peace officer or has obtained specific authorization from the school administrator.
- 26. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures relating to the health and safety of all pupils participating in district sponsored practice sessions, games or other interscholastic athletic activities, including the provision of water.
- 27. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures regarding the smoking of tobacco within school buildings. The policies and procedures shall be adopted in consultation with school district personnel and members of the community and shall state whether smoking is prohibited in school buildings. If smoking in school buildings is not prohibited, the policies and procedures shall clearly state the conditions and circumstances under which smoking is permitted, those areas in a school building that may be designated as smoking areas and those areas in a school building that may not be designated as smoking areas.
- 28. Establish an assessment, data gathering and reporting system as prescribed in chapter 7, article 3 of this title.
- 29. Provide special education programs and related services pursuant to section 15-764, subsection A to all children with disabilities as defined in section 15-761.
- 30. Administer competency tests prescribed by the state board of education for the graduation of pupils from high school.
- 31. Secure insurance coverage for all construction projects for purposes of general liability, property damage and workers' compensation and secure performance and payment bonds for all construction projects.
- 32. Keep on file the resumes of all current and former employees who provide instruction to pupils at a school. Resumes shall include an individual's educational and teaching background and experience in a particular academic content subject area. A school district shall inform parents and guardians of the availability of the resume information and shall make the resume information available for inspection on request of parents

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and guardians of pupils enrolled at a school. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require any school to release personally identifiable information in relation to any teacher or employee including the teacher's or employee's address, salary, social security number or telephone number.

- 33. Report to local law enforcement agencies any suspected crime against a person or property that is a serious offense as defined in section 13-604 or that involves a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument or serious physical injury and any conduct that poses a threat of death or serious physical injury to employees, students or anyone on the property of the school. This paragraph does not limit or preclude the reporting by a school district or an employee of a school district of suspected crimes other than those required to be reported by this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, "dangerous instrument", "deadly weapon" and "serious physical injury" have the same meaning MEANINGS prescribed in section 13-105.
- 34. In conjunction with local law enforcement agencies and local medical facilities, develop an emergency response plan for each school in the school district in accordance with minimum standards developed jointly by the department of education and the division of emergency management within the department of emergency and military affairs.
- 35. Annually assign at least one school district employee to participate in a multihazard crisis training program developed or selected by the governing board.
- 36. Provide written notice to the parents or guardians of all students affected in the school district at least thirty days prior to a public meeting to discuss closing a school within the school district. The notice shall include the reasons for the proposed closure and the time and place of the meeting. The governing board shall fix a time for a public meeting on the proposed closure no less than thirty days before voting in a public meeting to close the school. The school district governing board shall give notice of the time and place of the meeting. At the time and place designated in the notice, the school district governing board shall hear reasons for or against closing the school. The school district governing board is exempt from this paragraph if it is determined by the governing board that the school shall be closed because it poses a danger to the health or safety of the pupils or employees of the school.
- 37. Incorporate instruction on Native American history into appropriate existing curricula.
- 38. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures allowing pupils who have been diagnosed with anaphylaxis by a health care provider licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13, 14, 17 or 25 or by a registered nurse practitioner licensed and certified pursuant to title 32, chapter 15 to carry and self-administer emergency medications including auto-injectable epinephrine while at school and at school sponsored activities. The pupil's name on the prescription label on the medication container or on the medication device and annual written documentation from the pupil's parent or

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guardian to the school that authorizes possession and self-administration is sufficient proof that the pupil is entitled to the possession and self-administration of the medication. The policies shall require a pupil who uses auto-injectable epinephrine while at school and at school sponsored activities to notify the nurse or the designated school staff person of the use of the medication as soon as practicable. A school district and its employees are immune from civil liability with respect to all decisions made and actions taken that are based on good faith implementation of the requirements of this paragraph, except in cases of wanton or wilful neglect.

- 39. Allow the possession and self-administration of prescription medication for breathing disorders in handheld inhaler devices,—by pupils who have been prescribed that medication by a health care professional licensed pursuant to title 32. The pupil's name on the prescription label on the medication container or on the handheld inhaler device and annual written documentation from the pupil's parent or guardian to the school that authorizes possession and self-administration shall be sufficient proof that the pupil is entitled to the possession and self-administration of the medication. A school district and its employees are immune from civil liability with respect to all decisions made and actions taken that are based on a good faith implementation of the requirements of this paragraph.
- 40. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures to prohibit pupils from harassing, intimidating and bullying other pupils on school grounds, on school property, on school buses, at school bus stops and at school sponsored events and activities that include the following components:
- (a) A procedure for pupils to confidentially report to school officials incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying.
- (b) A procedure for parents and guardians of pupils to submit written reports to school officials of suspected incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying.
- (c) A requirement that school district employees report suspected incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying to the appropriate school official.
- (d) A formal process for the documentation of reported incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying, except that no documentation shall be maintained unless the harassment, intimidation or bullying has been proven.
- (e) A formal process for the investigation by the appropriate school officials of suspected incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying.
- (f) Disciplinary procedures for pupils who have admitted or been found to have committed incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying.
- (g) A procedure that sets forth consequences for submitting false reports of incidents of harassment, intimidation or bullying.
- 41. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures regarding changing or adopting attendance boundaries that include the following components:
- (a) A procedure for holding public meetings to discuss attendance boundary changes or adoptions that allows public comments.

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- (b) A procedure to notify the parents or guardians of the students affected.
- (c) A procedure to notify the residents of the households affected by the attendance boundary changes.
- (d) A process for placing public meeting notices and proposed maps on the school district's website for public review, if the school district maintains a website.
- (e) A formal process for presenting the attendance boundaries of the affected area in public meetings that allows public comments.
- (f) A formal process for notifying the residents and parents or guardians of the affected area as to the decision of the governing board on the school district's website, if the school district maintains a website.
- (g) A formal process for updating attendance boundaries on the school district's website within ninety days of an adopted boundary change. The school district shall send a direct link to the school district's attendance boundaries website to the department of real estate.
- (h) If the land that a school was built on was donated within the past five years, a formal process to notify the entity $\frac{\text{who}}{\text{THAT}}$ donated the land affected by the decision of the governing board.
- 42. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION DETERMINES THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS COMMITTED OR ATTEMPTED TO COMMIT AN OVEREXPENDITURE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 15-107, PROVIDE A COPY OF THE FISCAL MANAGEMENT REPORT SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-107, SUBSECTION I ON ITS WEBSITE AND MAKE COPIES AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC AT THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- B. Notwithstanding subsection A, paragraphs 8, 10 and 12 of this section, the county school superintendent may construct, improve and furnish school buildings or purchase or sell school sites in the conduct of an accommodation school.
- C. If any school district acquires real or personal property, whether by purchase, exchange, condemnation, gift or otherwise, the governing board shall pay to the county treasurer any taxes on the property that were unpaid as of the date of acquisition, including penalties and interest. The lien for unpaid delinquent taxes, penalties and interest on property acquired by a school district:
- 1. Is not abated, extinguished, discharged or merged in the title to the property.
 - 2. Is enforceable in the same manner as other delinquent tax liens.
- D. The governing board may not locate a school on property that is less than one-fourth mile from agricultural land regulated pursuant to section 3-365, except that the owner of the agricultural land may agree to comply with the buffer zone requirements of section 3-365. If the owner agrees in writing to comply with the buffer zone requirements and records the agreement in the office of the county recorder as a restrictive covenant running with the title to the land, the school district may locate a school within the affected buffer zone. The agreement may include any stipulations

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regarding the school, including conditions for future expansion of the school and changes in the operational status of the school that will result in a breach of the agreement.

- E. A school district, its governing board members, its school council members and its employees are immune from civil liability for the consequences of adoption and implementation of policies and procedures pursuant to subsection A of this section and section 15-342. This waiver does not apply if the school district, its governing board members, its school council members or its employees are guilty of gross negligence or intentional misconduct.
- F. A governing board may delegate in writing to a superintendent, principal or head teacher the authority to prescribe procedures that are consistent with the governing board's policies.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a school district governing board shall not take any action that would result in an immediate reduction or a reduction within three years of pupil square footage that would cause the school district to fall below the minimum adequate gross square footage requirements prescribed in section 15-2011, subsection C, unless the governing board notifies the school facilities board established by section 15–2001 of the proposed action and receives written approval from the school facilities board to take the action. A reduction includes an increase in administrative space that results in a reduction of pupil square footage or sale of school sites or buildings, or both. A reduction includes a reconfiguration of grades that results in a reduction of pupil square footage of any grade level. This subsection does not apply to temporary reconfiguration of grades to accommodate new school construction if the temporary reconfiguration does not exceed one year. The sale of equipment that results in an immediate reduction or a reduction within three years that falls below the equipment requirements prescribed in section 15-2011, subsection B is subject to commensurate withholding of school district capital outlay revenue limit monies pursuant to the direction of the school facilities board. Except as provided in section 15-342, paragraph 10, proceeds from the sale of school sites, buildings or other equipment shall be deposited in the school plant fund as provided in section 15-1102.
- H. Subsections C through G of this section apply to a county board of supervisors and a county school superintendent when operating and administering an accommodation school.
- I. Until the state board of education and the auditor general adopt rules pursuant to section 15-213, subsection I, a school district may procure construction services, including services for new school construction pursuant to section 15-2041, by the construction-manager-at-risk, design-build and job-order-contracting methods of project delivery as provided in title 41, chapter 23, except that the rules adopted by the director of the department of administration do not apply to procurements

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pursuant to this subsection. Any procurement commenced pursuant to this subsection may be completed pursuant to this subsection.

Sec. 6. Section 15-422, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-422. Nominating petitions: ballots

- A. Nominating petitions shall be filed with the county school superintendent as prescribed by title 16, chapter 3. Nominating petitions shall be signed by a number of qualified electors of the district as provided in section 16-322. Nominating petitions for persons seeking to fill a vacancy on a governing board shall be designated as provided in section 16-314.
- B. The county school superintendent may cause separate ballots to be prepared, or such school district candidates' names may be included as a part of the regular ballot. In any event the names of all persons whose petitions have been filed shall appear on a ballot, without partisan or other designation except the title of the office.
- C. IF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION HAS APPOINTED A RECEIVER OR A FISCAL CRISIS RESPONSE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE TEAM PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-107, THE BALLOT SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT NEXT TO THE NAME OF EACH GOVERNING BOARD MEMBER THAT WAS A MEMBER OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD AT THE TIME THAT THE OVEREXPENDITURE WAS COMMITTED OR ATTEMPTED:

THIS MEMBER OF THE ______ SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD PARTICIPATED IN DECISIONS THAT ALLOWED THE SCHOOL DISTRICT TO OVERSPEND ITS BUDGET DURING FISCAL YEAR _____ AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- Sec. 7. Section 23-355, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 23-355. Action by employee to recover wages; amount of recovery
- A. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, if an employer, in violation of the provisions of this chapter, shall fail FAILS to pay wages due any employee, such THE employee may recover in a civil action against an employer or former employer an amount which THAT is treble the amount of the unpaid wages.
- B. THIS SECTION DOES NOT AUTHORIZE A COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT TO ISSUE A WARRANT IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 15-304 OR IN VIOLATION OF ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW.

Sec. 8. Repeal

- A. Laws 2005, chapter 274, section 2, as amended by Laws 2007, chapter 234, section 2, is repealed.
- B. Laws 2005, chapter 274, section 3, as amended by Laws 2007, chapter 234, section 3, is repealed.
 - Sec. 9. Laws 2007, chapter 234, section 5 is amended to read:
 - Sec. 5. Errors in school district budget calculation; correction

A. Notwithstanding sections 15-905 and 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that miscalculated its fiscal year 2004-2005 budget shall be required to correct the error over a five-year period

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beginning in fiscal year 2007-2008 and ending in fiscal year 2011-2012 if each of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The school district provides evidence to the superintendent of public instruction that the school district's budget for the current year is properly calculated and will not result in any overexpenditures.
- 2. The total amount of the correction from the maintenance and operations fund that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, is more than two hundred twenty thousand dollars but less than two hundred forty thousand dollars.
- 3. The total amount of the correction from the unrestricted capital outlay fund that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, is more than three thousand dollars but less than five thousand dollars.
- 4. The average daily membership of the school district in fiscal year 2004-2005 was more than eight hundred eighty but less than nine hundred forty.
- B. Notwithstanding sections 15-905 and 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that miscalculated its budgets during fiscal year 2005-2006 shall correct the error over a six-year period beginning in fiscal year 2007-2008 and ending in fiscal year 2012-2013 if both of the following conditions exist:
- 1. The department of education erroneously doubled the amount that should have been calculated pursuant to section 15-905, subsection 0, Arizona Revised Statutes, and that erroneous action resulted in an overstated general budget limit.
- 2. The total amount of the correction that would otherwise be required under this section is more than four hundred thousand dollars but less than one million two hundred thousand dollars.
- C. Notwithstanding sections 15-905 and 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that miscalculated its budgets during fiscal year 2005-2006 shall be required to correct the error over a five-year period beginning in fiscal year 2007-2008 and ending in fiscal year 2011-2012 if each of the following conditions exist:
- 1. The school district reported a total attending average daily membership count of more than one thousand one hundred pupils and less than one thousand two hundred pupils for the 2005-2006 school year in the annual report of the superintendent of public instruction for fiscal year 2005-2006.
- 2. The total amount of the correction that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, is more than four hundred thousand dollars but less than four hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- D. Notwithstanding sections 15-905 and 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that overexpended its budgets during fiscal years 2003-2004, 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 is required to correct these overexpenditures plus any overexpenditures for fiscal year 2006-2007 over a five-year SIX-YEAR period in equal installments beginning in fiscal year

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 $\frac{2007-2008}{2010-2011}$ and ending in fiscal year $\frac{2011-2012}{2015-2016}$ 2015-2016 if each of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The total amount of the corrections for fiscal years 2003-2004, 2004-2005, AND 2005-2006 that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, is more than three million dollars but less than three million four hundred thousand dollars.
- 2. The school district did not receive state aid for equalization assistance for education during fiscal year 2005-2006 or fiscal year 2006-2007.
- 3. The school district's student count calculated pursuant to section 15-902, Arizona Revised Statutes, during fiscal year 2005-2006 is more than eight hundred but less than nine hundred twenty.
- E. In addition to the monies required to be repaid pursuant to subsections A, B, C and D of this section, accrued interest is required to be paid at a rate determined by the superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 10. Laws 2007, chapter 238, section 1 is amended to read: Section 1. School district budget overexpenditures; correction; interest

- A. Notwithstanding sections 15-905 and 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that overexpended its budget during fiscal years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 shall be required to correct these overexpenditures plus any overexpenditures for fiscal year 2006-2007 over a $\frac{\text{five-year}}{\text{year}}$ SIX-YEAR period beginning in fiscal year $\frac{2007-2008}{2010-2011}$ and ending in fiscal year $\frac{2011-2012}{2015-2016}$ if all of the following conditions exist:
- 1. The school district is an elementary school district that is located in a county with a population that exceeds one million five hundred thousand persons.
- 2. The school district's student count for the 2006-2007 school year was more than one thousand three hundred pupils and less than one thousand eight hundred pupils.
- 3. The total amount of the correction that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2004-2005 is more than six thousand dollars but less than ten thousand dollars.
- 4. The total amount of the correction that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2005-2006 is more than seven hundred thousand dollars but less than one million one hundred thousand dollars.
- B. In addition to monies required to be repaid pursuant to subsection A of this section, accrued interest is required to be paid at a rate determined by the superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 11. Optional incentives for school districts previously placed in receivership; unification and consolidation assistance

A. Notwithstanding sections 15-448 and 15-459, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that was placed into receivership by the state

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board of education before December 31, 2007 may conduct an election in May or June of 2008 to submit to the qualified electors the question of unification of the school district with another school district with coterminous or overlapping boundaries or the question of consolidation of the school district with another school district with coterminous or overlapping boundaries.

- B. A school district that was placed into receivership by the state board of education before December 31, 2007 and that schedules an election to be conducted in May or June of 2008 to submit to the qualified electors the question of unification or consolidation of the school district with another school district with coterminous or overlapping boundaries may use the following optional incentives if the unification or consolidation is approved by the qualified electors:
- 1. The accumulation of overexpenditures by the school district shall be delayed until July 1, 2013 and the school district is required to correct these overexpenditures plus any unpaid interest over a ten year period beginning in fiscal year 2013-2014 and ending in fiscal year 2023-2024.
- 2. Notwithstanding section 15-912, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that consolidated pursuant to this section may increase the revenue control limit and the district support level based on the secondary assessed valuation for the first three years of operation by an amount determined as follows:
- (a) In the first year for which a budget is computed, ten per cent of the revenue control limit.
- (b) In the second year for which a budget is computed, seven per cent of the revenue control limit.
- (c) In the third year for which a budget is computed, four per cent of the revenue control limit.
- (d) A school district that budgets for consolidation assistance pursuant to this section may not budget for unification assistance pursuant to section 15-912.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, during the three year period for which the consolidation assistance is in effect plus an additional two years immediately thereafter.
- 3. Notwithstanding section 15-912.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that unified pursuant to this section may increase the revenue control limit and the district support level based on the secondary assessed valuation for the first three years of operation by an amount determined as follows:
- (a) In the first year for which a budget is computed, ten per cent of the revenue control limit.
- (b) In the second year for which a budget is computed, seven per cent of the revenue control limit.
- (c) In the third year for which a budget is computed, four per cent of the revenue control limit.

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- (d) A school district that budgets for unification assistance pursuant to this section may not budget for consolidation assistance pursuant to section 15-912, Arizona Revised Statutes, during the three year period for which the unification assistance is in effect plus an additional two years immediately thereafter.
- 4. If a common school district unifies or consolidates pursuant to this section, any high school pupils that reside within the former boundaries of the common school district may enroll in any school district that provides instruction to high school pupils for the next four academic years after the election at which the qualified electors approved the unification or consolidation if the school district of attendance allows enrollment of nonresident pupils.

Sec. 12. <u>School district budget overexpenditures; correction;</u> interest

- A. Notwithstanding sections 15-905 and 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, a school district that overexpended its budget during fiscal year 2006-2007 shall be required to correct these overexpenditures plus any overexpenditures for fiscal years 2007-2008 and 2008-2009 over a six-year period beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010 and ending in fiscal year 2014-2015 if all of the following conditions exist:
- 1. The school district is a unified school district that is partially located on an Indian reservation.
- 2. The school district's average daily membership for the 2006-2007 school year was less than three hundred fifty pupils.
- 3. The total amount of the correction that would otherwise be required under section 15-915, Arizona Revised Statutes, for fiscal year 2006-2007 is more than one million two hundred tousand dollars but less than one million eight hundred thousand dollars.
- B. In addition to monies required to be repaid pursuant to subsection A of this section, accrued interest is required to be paid at a rate determined by the superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 13. <u>Intent</u>

By enacting section 11 of this act, relating to optional incentives for school districts previously placed in receivership, the legislature intends the following:

- 1. That the assistance provided in the form of optional incentives, including unification assistance and consolidation assistance, is to preserve and enhance the academic opportunities and to provide for a successful school system.
- 2. That the assistance provided in the form of optional incentives, including unification assistance and consolidation assistance, is temporary to ensure that those school districts that were placed into receivership return to their core mission of providing pupils in this state with a high quality education.

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- 3. That education of children in this state not be jeopardized by poor budgetary decisions.
 - 4. That any impact to the career ladder program authorized by title 15, chapter 9, article 1.1, Arizona Revised Statutes, as a result of unification or consolidation pursuant to section 11 of this act not be construed as an expansion of the career ladder program or an appropriation of additional monies for additional school districts for the career ladder program.

Sec. 14. Emergency

This act is an emergency measure that is necessary to preserve the public peace, health or safety and is operative immediately as provided by law.

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