REFERENCE TITLE: employer sanctions; judicial findings

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature Second Regular Session 2008

## **HB 2344**

Introduced by Representatives Konopnicki, Pancrazi, Ulmer, Senators Aguirre: Arzberger, Flake

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 23-211 AND 23-212, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT OF UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 23-211, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

## 23-211. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Agency" means any agency, department, board or commission of this state or a county, city or town that issues a license for purposes of operating a business in this state.
- 2. "Basic pilot program" means the basic employment verification pilot program as jointly administered by the United States department of homeland security and the social security administration or its successor program.
- 3. "Employee" means any person who performs employment services for an employer pursuant to an employment relationship between the employee and employer.
- 4. "Employer" means any individual or type of organization that transacts business in this state, that has a license issued by an agency in this state and that employs one or more individuals who perform employment services in this state. Employer includes this state, any political subdivision of this state and self-employed persons.
  - 5. "Intentionally" has the same meaning prescribed in section 13-105.
- 6. "Knowingly employ an unauthorized alien" means the actions described in 8 United States Code section 1324a. This term shall be interpreted consistently with 8 United States Code section 1324a and any applicable federal rules and regulations TO HIRE, EMPLOY OR RECRUIT A PERSON AND HAVE ACTUAL OR CONSTRUCTIVE KNOWLEDGE THAT THE PERSON IS AN UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN.
  - 7. "License":
- (a) Means any agency permit, certificate, approval, registration, charter or similar form of authorization that is required by law and that is issued by any agency for the purposes of operating a business in this state.
  - (b) Includes:
  - (i) Articles of incorporation under title 10.
- (ii) A certificate of partnership, a partnership registration or articles of organization under title 29.
  - (iii) A grant of authority issued under title 10, chapter 15.
  - (iv) Any transaction privilege tax license.
  - (c) (b) Does not include:
- (i) Any license issued pursuant to title 45 or 49 or rules adopted pursuant to those titles.
  - (ii) Any professional license.
  - 8. "PATTERN OR PRACTICE":
  - (a) MEANS REGULAR, REPEATED AND INTENTIONAL ACTIONS.
- (b) DOES NOT INCLUDE ISOLATED, SPORADIC OR ACCIDENTAL ACTS OR MULTIPLE VIOLATIONS OF THIS ARTICLE RESULTING FROM A SINGLE ACTION.

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8. 9. "Unauthorized alien" means an alien who does not have the legal right or authorization under federal law to work in the United States as described in 8 United States Code section 1324a(h)(3).

Sec. 2. Section 23-212, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 23-212. Employment of unauthorized aliens; prohibition; false and frivolous complaints; violation; classification; license suspension and revocation; affirmative defense

- A. An employer shall not intentionally employ an unauthorized alien or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.
- B. On receipt of a complaint that an employer allegedly intentionally employs an unauthorized alien or knowingly employs an unauthorized alien, the attorney general or county attorney shall investigate whether the employer has violated subsection A. When investigating a complaint, the attorney general or county attorney shall verify the work authorization of the alleged unauthorized alien with the federal government pursuant to 8 United States Code section 1373(c). A state, county or local official shall not attempt to independently make a final determination on whether an alien is authorized to work in the United States. An alien's immigration status or work authorization status shall be verified with the federal government pursuant to 8 United States Code section 1373(c). A person who knowingly files a false and frivolous complaint under this subsection is guilty of a class 3 misdemeanor.
- C. If, after an investigation, the attorney general or county attorney determines that the complaint is not frivolous:
- 1. The attorney general or county attorney shall notify the United States immigration and customs enforcement of the unauthorized alien.
- 2. The attorney general or county attorney shall notify the local law enforcement agency of the unauthorized alien.
- 3. The attorney general shall notify the appropriate county attorney to bring an action pursuant to subsection D if the complaint was originally filed with the attorney general.
- D. An action for a violation of subsection A shall be brought against the employer by the county attorney in the county where the unauthorized alien employee is employed. THE COUNTY ATTORNEY SHALL ESTABLISH BEYOND A REASONABLE DOUBT THAT AN EMPLOYER HAS INTENTIONALLY EMPLOYED AN UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN OR KNOWINGLY EMPLOYED AN UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN. The county attorney shall not bring an action against any employer for any violation of subsection A that occurs before January 1, 2008. A second violation of this section shall be based only on an unauthorized alien who is employed by the employer after an action A JUDICIAL FINDING OF A VIOLATION has been brought ISSUED for a violation of subsection A.
- E. For any action in superior court under this section, the court shall expedite the action, including assigning the hearing at the earliest practicable date.

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- F. On a finding of a violation of subsection A:
- 1. For a first violation during a three year period that is a knowing violation of subsection A, the court:
- (a) Shall order the employer to terminate the employment of all unauthorized aliens.
- (b) Shall order the employer to be subject to a three year probationary period. During the probationary period the employer shall file quarterly reports with the county attorney of each new employee who is hired by the employer at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work.
- Shall order the employer to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney within three business days after the order is issued. The affidavit shall state that the employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer will not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. The court shall order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses subject to this subdivision that are held by the employer if the employer fails to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney within three business days after the order is issued. All licenses that are suspended under this subdivision shall remain suspended until the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. Notwithstanding any other law, on filing of the affidavit the suspended licenses shall be reinstated immediately by the appropriate agencies. the purposes of this subdivision, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this subdivision are all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this subdivision are all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business IF THERE IS A PATTERN OR PRACTICE OF EMPLOYING UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS. On receipt of the court's order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the court's order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the attorney general and the attorney general shall maintain the copy pursuant to subsection G.
- (d) May order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses described in subdivision (c) of this paragraph that are held by the employer for not to exceed ten business days. The court shall base its decision to suspend under this subdivision on any evidence or information submitted to it during the action for a violation of this subsection and shall consider the following factors, if relevant:
  - (i) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the employer.
  - (ii) Any prior misconduct by the employer.
  - (iii) The degree of harm resulting from the violation.

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- (iv) Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply with any applicable requirements.
  - (v) The duration of the violation.
- (vi) The role of the directors, officers or principals of the employer in the violation.
  - (vii) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 2. For a first violation during a five year period that is an intentional violation of subsection A, the court shall:
- (a) Order the employer to terminate the employment of all unauthorized aliens.
- (b) Order the employer to be subject to a five year probationary period. During the probationary period the employer shall file quarterly reports with the county attorney of each new employee who is hired by the employer at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work.
- (c) Order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses,—described in subdivision (d) of this paragraph that are held by the employer for a minimum of ten days. The court shall base its decision on the length of the suspension under this subdivision on any evidence or information submitted to it during the action for a violation of this subsection and shall consider the following factors, if relevant:
  - (i) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the employer.
  - (ii) Any prior misconduct by the employer.
  - (iii) The degree of harm resulting from the violation.
- (iv) Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply with any applicable requirements.
  - (v) The duration of the violation.
- (vi) The role of the directors, officers or principals of the employer in the violation.
  - (vii) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- (d) Order the employer to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. The affidavit shall state that the employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer will not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. All licenses that are suspended under this subdivision shall remain suspended until the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. For the purposes of this subdivision, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this subdivision are all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this subdivision are all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business IF THERE IS A PATTERN OR

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PRACTICE OF EMPLOYING UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS. On receipt of the court's order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the court's order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the attorney general and the attorney general shall maintain the copy pursuant to subsection G.

- 3. For a second violation of subsection A during the period of probation, the court  $\frac{1}{2}$  MAY:
- (a) BASE ITS DECISION TO REVOKE ANY LICENSE DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION (b) OF THIS PARAGRAPH ON ANY EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION SUBMITTED TO IT DURING THE ACTION FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION AND SHALL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING FACTORS. IF RELEVANT:
  - (i) THE NUMBER OF UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS EMPLOYED BY THE EMPLOYER.
  - (ii) ANY PRIOR MISCONDUCT BY THE EMPLOYER.
  - (iii) THE DEGREE OF HARM RESULTING FROM THE VIOLATION.
- (iv) WHETHER THE EMPLOYER MADE GOOD FAITH EFFORTS TO COMPLY WITH ANY APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS.
  - (v) THE DURATION OF THE VIOLATION.
- (vi) THE ROLE OF THE DIRECTORS, OFFICERS OR PRINCIPALS OF THE EMPLOYER IN THE VIOLATION.
  - (vii) ANY OTHER FACTORS THE COURT DEEMS APPROPRIATE.
- (b) Order the appropriate agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the court shall order the appropriate agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business IF THERE IS A PATTERN OR PRACTICE OF EMPLOYING UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS. On receipt of the order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall immediately revoke the licenses.
- G. The attorney general shall maintain copies of court orders that are received pursuant to subsection F and shall maintain a database of the employers who have a first violation of subsection A and make the court orders available on the attorney general's website.
- H. On determining whether an employee is an unauthorized alien, the court shall consider only the federal government's determination pursuant to 8 United States Code section 1373(c). The federal government's determination creates a rebuttable presumption of the employee's lawful status. The court may take judicial notice of the federal government's determination and may request the federal government to provide automated or testimonial verification pursuant to 8 United States Code section 1373(c).
- I. For the purposes of this section, proof of verifying the employment authorization of an employee through the basic pilot program creates a

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rebuttable presumption that an employer did not intentionally employ an unauthorized alien or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.

J. For the purposes of this section, an employer who establishes that it has complied in good faith with the requirements of 8 United States Code section  $\frac{1324b}{1324a(b)}$  establishes an affirmative defense that the employer did not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.

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