Union Calendar No. ^{110TH CONGRESS} ^{1ST SESSION} H.R. 2262

[Report No. 110-]

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 10, 2007

Mr. RAHALL (for himself and Mr. COSTA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

October --, 2007

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on May 10, 2007]

A BILL

- To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Hardrock Mining and Reclamation Act of 2007".
- 4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions and references.
 - Sec. 3. Application rules.

TITLE I—MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 101. Limitation on patents.
- Sec. 102. Royalty.
- Sec. 103. Hardrock mining claim maintenance fee.
- Sec. 104. Effect of payments for use and occupancy of claims.

TITLE II—PROTECTION OF SPECIAL PLACES

- Sec. 201. Lands open to location.
- Sec. 202. Withdrawal petitions by States, political subdivisions, and Indian tribes.

TITLE III—ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS OF MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 301. General standard for hardrock mining on Federal land.
- Sec. 302. Permits.
- Sec. 303. Exploration permit.
- Sec. 304. Operations permit.
- Sec. 305. Persons ineligible for permits.
- Sec. 306. Financial assurance.
- Sec. 307. Operation and reclamation.
- Sec. 308. State law and regulation.
- Sec. 309. Limitation on the issuance of permits.

TITLE IV—MINING MITIGATION

Subtitle A—Locatable Minerals Fund

- Sec. 401. Establishment of Fund.
- Sec. 402. Contents of Fund.
- Sec. 403. Subaccounts.

Subtitle B-Use of Hardrock Reclamation Account

- Sec. 411. Use and objectives of the Account.
- Sec. 412. Eligible lands and waters.
- Sec. 413. Expenditures.
- Sec. 414. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle C—Use of Hardrock Community Impact Assistance Account

Sec. 421. Use and objectives of the Account.

Sec. 422. Allocation of funds.

TITLE V—ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Administrative Provisions

- Sec. 501. Policy functions.
- Sec. 502. User fees.
- Sec. 503. Inspection and monitoring.
- Sec. 504. Citizens suits.
- Sec. 505. Administrative and judicial review.
- Sec. 506. Enforcement.
- Sec. 507. Regulations.
- Sec. 508. Effective date.

Subtitle B—Miscellaneous Provisions

- Sec. 511. Oil shale claims subject to special rules.
- Sec. 512. Purchasing power adjustment.
- Sec. 513. Savings clause.
- Sec. 514. Availability of public records.
- Sec. 515. Miscellaneous powers.
- Sec. 516. Multiple mineral development and surface resources.
- Sec. 517. Mineral materials.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS AND REFERENCES.

2	(a) IN GENERAL.—As used in this Act:
3	(1) The term "affiliate" means with respect to
4	any person, any of the following:
5	(A) Any person who controls, is controlled
6	by, or is under common control with such per-
7	son.
8	(B) Any partner of such person.
9	(C) Any person owning at least 10 percent
10	of the voting shares of such person.
11	(2) The term "applicant" means any person ap-
12	plying for a permit under this Act or a modification
13	to or a renewal of a permit under this Act.
14	(3) The term 'beneficiation" means the crushing
15	and grinding of locatable mineral ore and such proc-

1	esses as are employed to free the mineral from other
2	constituents, including but not necessarily limited to,
3	physical and chemical separation techniques.
4	(4) The term "casual use"—
5	(A) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C) ,
6	means mineral activities that do not ordinarily
7	result in any disturbance of public lands and re-
8	sources;
9	(B) includes collection of geochemical, rock,
10	soil, or mineral specimens using handtools, hand
11	panning, or nonmotorized sluicing; and
12	(C) does not include—
13	(i) the use of mechanized earth-moving
14	equipment, suction dredging, or explosives;
15	(ii) the use of motor vehicles in areas
16	closed to off-road vehicles;
17	(iii) the construction of roads or drill
18	pads; and
19	(iv) the use of toxic or hazardous mate-
20	rials.
21	(5) The term "claim holder" means a person
22	holding a mining claim, millsite claim, or tunnel site
23	claim located under the general mining laws and
24	maintained in compliance with such laws and this

Act. Such term may include an agent of a claim hold er.

(6) The term "control" means having the ability, 3 4 directly or indirectly, to determine (without regard to 5 whether exercised through one or more corporate 6 structures) the manner in which an entity conducts mineral activities, through any means, including 7 8 without limitation, ownership interest, authority to 9 commit the entity's real or financial assets, position 10 as a director, officer, or partner of the entity, or con-11 tractual arrangement.

12 (7) The term "exploration"—

(A) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C),
means creating surface disturbance other than
casual use, to evaluate the type, extent, quantity,
or quality of minerals present;

17 (B) includes mineral activities associated
18 with sampling, drilling, and analyzing locatable
19 mineral values; and

20 (C) does not include extraction of mineral
21 material for commercial use or sale.

(8) The term "Federal land" means any land,
and any interest in land, that is owned by the United
States and open to location of mining claims under
the general mining laws and title II of this Act.

(9) The term "Indian lands" means lands held
 in trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe or indi vidual or held by an Indian tribe or individual sub ject to a restriction by the United States against
 alienation.

6 (10) The term "Indian tribe" means any Indian 7 tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group 8 or community, including any Alaska Native village 9 or regional corporation as defined in or established 10 pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act 11 (43 U.S.C. 1601 and following), that is recognized as 12 eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their sta-13 14 tus as Indians. 15 (11) The term "locatable mineral"— 16 (A) subject to subparagraph (B), means any

10(A) subject to subparagraph (B), means any17mineral, the legal and beneficial title to which18remains in the United States and that is not19subject to disposition under any of—20(i) the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.

- 21 *181 and following);*
- (ii) the Geothermal Steam Act of 1970
 (30 U.S.C. 1001 and following);

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1	(iii) the Act of July 31, 1947, com-
2	monly known as the Materials Act of 1947
3	(30 U.S.C. 601 and following); or
4	(iv) the Mineral Leasing for Acquired
5	Lands Act (30 U.S.C. 351 and following);
6	and
7	(B) does not include any mineral that is
8	subject to a restriction against alienation im-
9	posed by the United States and is—
10	(i) held in trust by the United States
11	for any Indian or Indian tribe, as defined
12	in section 2 of the Indian Mineral Develop-
13	ment Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101); or
14	(ii) owned by any Indian or Indian
15	tribe, as defined in that section.
16	(12) The term "mineral activities" means any
17	activity on a mining claim, millsite claim, or tunnel
18	site claim for, related to, or incidental to, mineral ex-
19	ploration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or rec-
20	lamation activities for any locatable mineral.
21	(13) The term "National Conservation System
22	unit" means any unit of the National Park System,
23	National Wildlife Refuge System, National Wild and
24	Scenic Rivers System, or National Trails System, or
25	a National Conservation Area, a National Recreation

1	Area, a National Monument, or any unit of the Na-
2	tional Wilderness Preservation System.
3	(14) The term "operator" means any person pro-
4	posing or authorized by a permit issued under this
5	Act to conduct mineral activities and any agent of
6	such person.
7	(15) The term "person" means an individual,
8	Indian tribe, partnership, association, society, joint
9	venture, joint stock company, firm, company, cor-
10	poration, cooperative, or other organization and any
11	instrumentality of State or local government includ-
12	ing any publicly owned utility or publicly owned cor-
13	poration of State or local government.
14	(16) The term "processing" means processes
15	downstream of beneficiation employed to prepare
16	locatable mineral ore into the final marketable prod-
17	uct, including but not limited to smelting and electro-
18	lytic refining.
19	(17) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
20	of the Interior, unless otherwise specified.
21	(18) The term "temporary cessation" means a
22	halt in mine-related production activities for a con-
23	tinuous period of no longer than 5 years.
24	(19) The term "undue degradation" means irrep-
25	arable harm to significant scientific, cultural, or en-

1	vironmental resources on public lands that cannot be
2	effectively mitigated.
3	(b) TITLE II.—
4	(1) VALID EXISTING RIGHTS.—As used in title
5	II, the term "valid existing rights" means a mining
6	claim or millsite claim located on lands described in
7	section 201(b), that—
8	(A) was properly located and maintained
9	under this Act prior to and on the applicable
10	date; or
11	(B)(i) was properly located and maintained
12	under the general mining laws prior to the ap-
13	plicable date;
14	(ii) was supported by a discovery of a valu-
15	able mineral deposit within the meaning of the
16	general mining laws on the applicable date, or
17	satisfied the limitations under existing law for
18	millsite claims; and
19	(iii) continues to be valid under this Act.
20	(2) APPLICABLE DATE.—As used in paragraph
21	(1), the term "applicable date" means one of the fol-
22	lowing:
23	(A) For lands described in paragraph (1) of
24	section 201(b), the date of the recommendation
25	referred to in paragraph (1) of that section if

1	such recommendation is made on or after the
2	date of the enactment of this Act.
3	(B) For lands described in paragraph (1) of
4	section 201(b), if the recommendation referred to
5	in paragraph (1) of that section is made before
6	the date of the enactment of this Act, the earlier
7	of—
8	(i) the date of the enactment of this
9	Act; or
10	(ii) the date of any withdrawal of such
11	lands from mineral activities.
12	(C) For lands described in paragraph
13	(3)(B) of section 201(b), the date of the enact-
14	ment of this Act.
15	(D) For lands described in paragraph
16	(3)(A) or $(3)(C)$ of section 201(b), the date of the
17	enactment of the amendment to the Wild and
18	Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 and fol-
19	lowing) listing the river segment for study.
20	(E) For lands described in paragraph
21	(3)(B) of section 201(b), the date of the deter-
22	mination of eligibility of such lands for inclusion
23	in the Wild and Scenic River System.

(F) For lands described in paragraph (4) of
 section 201(b), the date of the withdrawal under
 other law.

4 (c) REFERENCES TO OTHER LAWS.—(1) Any reference
5 in this Act to the term general mining laws is a reference
6 to those Acts that generally comprise chapters 2, 12A, and
7 16, and sections 161 and 162, of title 30, United States
8 Code.

9 (2) Any reference in this Act to the Act of July 23, 10 1955, is a reference to the Act entitled "An Act to amend 11 the Act of July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681) and the mining 12 laws to provide for multiple use of the surface of the same 13 tracts of the public lands, and for other purposes" (30 14 U.S.C. 601 and following).

15 SEC. 3. APPLICATION RULES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—This Act applies to any mining
claim, millsite claim, or tunnel site claim located under the
general mining laws, before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act, except as provided in subsection (b).

(b) PREEXISTING CLAIMS.—(1) Any unpatented mining claim or millsite claim located under the general mining laws before the date of enactment of this Act for which
a plan of operation has not been approved or a notice filed
prior to the date of enactment shall, upon the effective date

of this Act, be subject to the requirements of this Act, except
 as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3).

3 (2)(A) If a plan of operations is approved for mineral
4 activities on any claim or site referred to in paragraph (1)
5 prior to the date of enactment of this Act but such oper6 ations have not commenced prior to the date of enactment
7 of this Act—

8 (i) during the 10-year period beginning on the 9 date of enactment of this Act, mineral activities at 10 such claim or site shall be subject to such plan of op-11 erations;

(ii) during such 10-year period, modifications of
any such plan may be made in accordance with the
provisions of law applicable prior to the enactment of
this Act if such modifications are deemed minor by
the Secretary concerned; and

(iii) the operator shall bring such mineral activities into compliance with this Act by the end of such
10-year period.

(B) Where an application for modification of a plan
of operations referred to in subparagraph (A)(ii) has been
timely submitted and an approved plan expires prior to
Secretarial action on the application, mineral activities
and reclamation may continue in accordance with the

terms of the expired plan until the Secretary makes an ad ministrative decision on the application.

3 (c) FEDERAL LANDS SUBJECT TO EXISTING PER4 MIT.—(1) Any Federal land shall not be subject to the re5 quirements of section 102 if the land is—

6 (A) subject to an operations permit; and

7 (B) producing valuable locatable minerals in
8 commercial quantities prior to the date of enactment
9 of this Act.

(2) Any Federal land added through a plan modification to an operations permit on Federal land that is submitted after the date of enactment of this Act shall be subject
to the terms of section 102.

14 (d) APPLICATION OF ACT TO BENEFICIATION AND 15 PROCESSING OF NON-FEDERAL MINERALS ON FEDERAL LANDS.—The provisions of this Act (including the environ-16 mental protection requirements of title III) shall apply in 17 the same manner and to the same extent to mining claims, 18 millsite 19 and tunnel site claimsclaims. used for 20 beneficiation or processing activities for any mineral with-21 out regard to whether or not the legal and beneficial title 22 to the mineral is held by the United States. This subsection 23 applies only to minerals that are locatable minerals or min-24 erals that would be locatable minerals if the legal and bene-25 ficial title to such minerals were held by the United States.

f:\V10\102507\102507.125.xml October 25, 2007 (1:00 p.m.)

1**TITLEI**—MINERAL**EXPLO**-2**RATION AND DEVELOPMENT**

3 SEC. 101. LIMITATION ON PATENTS.

4 (a) MINING CLAIMS.—

5 (1) DETERMINATIONS REQUIRED.—After the date
6 of enactment of this Act, no patent shall be issued by
7 the United States for any mining claim located under
8 the general mining laws unless the Secretary deter9 mines that, for the claim concerned—

10 (A) a patent application was filed with the 11 Secretary on or before September 30, 1994; and 12 (B) all requirements established under sec-13 tions 2325 and 2326 of the Revised Statutes (30) 14 U.S.C. 29 and 30) for vein or lode claims and 15 sections 2329, 2330, 2331, and 2333 of the Re-16 vised Statutes (30 U.S.C. 35, 36, and 37) for 17 placer claims were fully complied with by that 18 date.

(2) RIGHT TO PATENT.—If the Secretary makes
the determinations referred to in subparagraphs (A)
and (B) of paragraph (1) for any mining claim, the
holder of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance of
a patent in the same manner and degree to which
such claim holder would have been entitled to prior
to the enactment of this Act, unless and until such de-

1	terminations are withdrawn or invalidated by the
2	Secretary or by a court of the United States.
3	(b) Millsite Claims.—
4	(1) Determinations required.—After the date
5	of enactment of this Act, no patent shall be issued by
6	the United States for any millsite claim located under
7	the general mining laws unless the Secretary deter-
8	mines that for the millsite concerned—
9	(A) a patent application for such land was
10	filed with the Secretary on or before September
11	30, 1994; and
12	(B) all requirements applicable to such pat-
13	ent application were fully complied with by that
14	date.
15	(2) RIGHT TO PATENT.—If the Secretary makes
16	the determinations referred to in subparagraphs (A)
17	and (B) of paragraph (1) for any millsite claim, the
18	holder of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance of
19	a patent in the same manner and degree to which
20	such claim holder would have been entitled to prior
21	to the enactment of this Act, unless and until such de-
22	terminations are withdrawn or invalidated by the
23	Secretary or by a court of the United States.
24	SEC. 102. ROYALTY.
25	(a) Reservation of Royalty.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
2	graph (2) and subject to paragraph (3), production of
3	all locatable minerals from any mining claim located
4	under the general mining laws and maintained in
5	compliance with this Act, or mineral concentrates or
6	products derived from locatable minerals from any
7	such mining claim, as the case may be, shall be sub-
8	ject to a royalty of 8 percent of the gross income from
9	mining. The claim holder or any operator to whom
10	the claim holder has assigned the obligation to make
11	royalty payments under the claim and any person
12	who controls such claim holder or operator shall be
13	liable for payment of such royalties.
14	(2) Royalty for federal lands subject to
15	EXISTING PERMIT.—The royalty under paragraph (1)
16	shall be 4 percent in the case of any Federal land
17	that—
18	(A) is subject to an operations permit on
19	the date of the enactment of this Act; and
20	(B) produces valuable locatable minerals in
21	commercial quantities on the date of enactment
22	of this Act.
23	(3) Federal land added to existing oper-
24	ATIONS PERMIT.—Any Federal land added through a
25	plan modification to an operations permit on Federal

1	land that is submitted after the date of enactment of
2	this Act shall be subject to the royalty that applies to
3	other Federal land that is subject to the operations
4	permit before that submission under paragraph (1) or
5	(2), as applicable.
6	(4) Other Application provision not effec-
7	TIVE.—Section 3(c) of this Act shall have no force or
8	effect.
9	(5) DEPOSIT.—Amounts received by the United
10	States as royalties under this subsection shall be de-
11	posited into the account established under section 401.
12	(b) DUTIES OF CLAIM HOLDERS, OPERATORS, AND
13	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person—
13	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person—
13 14	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty pay-
13 14 15	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty pay- ment under this section shall make such payments to
13 14 15 16	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty pay- ment under this section shall make such payments to the United States at such times and in such manner
 13 14 15 16 17 	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty pay- ment under this section shall make such payments to the United States at such times and in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	 TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty payment under this section shall make such payments to the United States at such times and in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and (B) shall notify the Secretary, in the time and
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty pay- ment under this section shall make such payments to the United States at such times and in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and (B) shall notify the Secretary, in the time and manner as may be specified by the Secretary, of any
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty payment under this section shall make such payments to the United States at such times and in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and (B) shall notify the Secretary, in the time and manner as may be specified by the Secretary, of any assignment that such person may have made of the
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 TRANSPORTERS.—(1) A person— (A) who is required to make any royalty payment under this section shall make such payments to the United States at such times and in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and (B) shall notify the Secretary, in the time and manner as may be specified by the Secretary, of any assignment that such person may have made of the obligation to make any royalty or other payment

25 alty payment, affirming that such person is responsible for

making proper payments for all amounts due for all time 1 2 periods for which such person has a payment responsibility. 3 Such responsibility for the periods referred to in the pre-4 ceding sentence shall include any and all additional amounts billed by the Secretary and determined to be due 5 by final agency or judicial action. Any person liable for 6 7 royalty payments under this section who assigns any pay-8 ment obligation shall remain jointly and severally liable 9 for all royalty payments due for the claim for the period.

10 (3) A person conducting mineral activities shall—

11 (A) develop and comply with the site security 12 provisions in the operations permit designed to pro-13 tect from theft the locatable minerals, concentrates or 14 products derived therefrom which are produced or 15 stored on a mining claim, and such provisions shall 16 conform with such minimum standards as the Sec-17 retary may prescribe by rule, taking into account the 18 variety of circumstances on mining claims; and

(B) not later than the 5th business day after production begins anywhere on a mining claim, or production resumes after more than 90 days after production was suspended, notify the Secretary, in the
manner prescribed by the Secretary, of the date on
which such production has begun or resumed.

1 (4) The Secretary may by rule require any person en-2 gaged in transporting a locatable mineral, concentrate, or 3 product derived therefrom to carry on his or her person, 4 in his or her vehicle, or in his or her immediate control, 5 documentation showing, at a minimum, the amount, origin, and intended destination of the locatable mineral, con-6 7 centrate, or product derived therefrom in such cir-8 cumstances as the Secretary determines is appropriate.

9 (c) Record Keeping and Reporting Require-10 MENTS.—(1) A claim holder, operator, or other person directly involved in developing, producing, processing, trans-11 12 porting, purchasing, or selling locatable minerals, con-13 centrates, or products derived therefrom, subject to this Act, through the point of royalty computation shall establish and 14 15 maintain any records, make any reports, and provide any information that the Secretary may reasonably require for 16 the purposes of implementing this section or determining 17 18 compliance with rules or orders under this section. Such 19 records shall include, but not be limited to, periodic reports, records, documents, and other data. Such reports may also 20 21 include, but not be limited to, pertinent technical and fi-22 nancial data relating to the quantity, quality, composition 23 volume, weight, and assay of all minerals extracted from 24 the mining claim. Upon the request of any officer or em-25 ployee duly designated by the Secretary conducting an

audit or investigation pursuant to this section, the appro-1 priate records, reports, or information that may be required 2 3 by this section shall be made available for inspection and 4 duplication by such officer or employee. Failure by a claim 5 holder, operator, or other person referred to in the first sentence to cooperate with such an audit, provide data required 6 7 by the Secretary, or grant access to information may, at 8 the discretion of the Secretary, result in involuntary for-9 feiture of the claim.

10 (2) Records required by the Secretary under this section shall be maintained for 7 years after release of finan-11 12 cial assurance under section 306 unless the Secretary noti-13 fies the operator that the Secretary has initiated an audit or investigation involving such records and that such 14 15 records must be maintained for a longer period. In any case when an audit or investigation is underway, records shall 16 be maintained until the Secretary releases the operator of 17 18 the obligation to maintain such records.

(d) AUDITS.—The Secretary is authorized to conduct
such audits of all claim holders, operators, transporters,
purchasers, processors, or other persons directly or indirectly involved in the production or sales of minerals covered by this Act, as the Secretary deems necessary for the
purposes of ensuring compliance with the requirements of
this section. For purposes of performing such audits, the

Secretary shall, at reasonable times and upon request, have
 access to, and may copy, all books, papers and other docu ments that relate to compliance with any provision of this
 section by any person.

5 (e) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—(1) The Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the 6 7 Secretary of Agriculture to share information concerning 8 the royalty management of locatable minerals, concentrates, 9 or products derived therefrom, to carry out inspection, au-10 diting, investigation, or enforcement (not including the collection of royalties, civil or criminal penalties, or other pay-11 12 ments) activities under this section in cooperation with the 13 Secretary, and to carry out any other activity described in 14 this section.

15 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3)(A) of this subsection (relating to trade secrets), and pursuant to a co-16 operative agreement, the Secretary of Agriculture shall, 17 upon request, have access to all royalty accounting informa-18 tion in the possession of the Secretary respecting the pro-19 20 duction, removal, or sale of locatable minerals, concentrates, 21 or products derived therefrom from claims on lands open 22 to location under this Act.

23 (3) Trade secrets, proprietary, and other confidential
24 information protected from disclosure under section 552 of
25 title 5, United States Code, popularly known as the Free-

dom of Information Act, shall be made available by the Sec-1 retary to other Federal agencies as necessary to assure com-2 3 pliance with this Act and other Federal laws. The Sec-4 retary, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and other Federal of-5 ficials shall ensure that such information is provided pro-6 7 tection in accordance with the requirements of that section. 8 (f) INTEREST AND SUBSTANTIAL UNDERREPORTING 9 ASSESSMENTS.—(1) In the case of mining claims where 10 royalty payments are not received by the Secretary on the date that such payments are due, the Secretary shall charge 11 interest on such underpayments at the same interest rate 12 13 as the rate applicable under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. In the case of an underpayment, 14 15 interest shall be computed and charged only on the amount of the deficiency and not on the total amount. 16

(2) If there is any underreporting of royalty owed on
production from a claim for any production month by any
person liable for royalty payments under this section, the
Secretary shall assess a penalty of not greater than 25 percent of the amount of that underreporting.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection, the term
"underreporting" means the difference between the royalty
on the value of the production that should have been reported and the royalty on the value of the production which

was reported, if the value that should have been reported
 is greater than the value that was reported.

3 (4) The Secretary may waive or reduce the assessment
4 provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection if the person
5 liable for royalty payments under this section corrects the
6 underreporting before the date such person receives notice
7 from the Secretary that an underreporting may have oc8 curred, or before 90 days after the date of the enactment
9 of this section, whichever is later.

(5) The Secretary shall waive any portion of an assessment under paragraph (2) of this subsection attributable
to that portion of the underreporting for which the person
responsible for paying the royalty demonstrates that—

(A) such person had written authorization from
the Secretary to report royalty on the value of the
production on basis on which it was reported,

17 (B) such person had substantial authority for re18 porting royalty on the value of the production on the
19 basis on which it was reported,

20 (C) such person previously had notified the Sec21 retary, in such manner as the Secretary may by rule
22 prescribe, of relevant reasons or facts affecting the
23 royalty treatment of specific production which led to
24 the underreporting, or

(D) such person meets any other exception which
 the Secretary may, by rule, establish.

3 (6) All penalties collected under this subsection shall
4 be deposited in the Locatable Minerals Fund established
5 under title IV.

6 (q) DELEGATION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior acting 7 8 through the Director of the Minerals Management Service. 9 (h) EXPANDED ROYALTY OBLIGATIONS.—Each person 10 liable for royalty payments under this section shall be jointly and severally liable for royalty on all locatable minerals, 11 concentrates, or products derived therefrom lost or wasted 12 13 from a mining claim located under the general mining laws and maintained in compliance with this Act when such loss 14 15 or waste is due to negligence on the part of any person or due to the failure to comply with any rule, regulation, or 16 order issued under this section. 17

(i) GROSS INCOME FROM MINING DEFINED.—For the
purposes of this section, for any locatable mineral, the term
"gross income from mining" has the same meaning as the
term "gross income" in section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(j) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The royalty under this section
shall take effect with respect to the production of locatable
minerals after the enactment of this Act, but any royalty

payments attributable to production during the first 12 cal endar months after the enactment of this Act shall be pay able at the expiration of such 12-month period.

4 (k) Failure To Comply With Royalty Require-MENTS.—Any person who fails to comply with the require-5 ments of this section or any regulation or order issued to 6 7 implement this section shall be liable for a civil penalty 8 under section 109 of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Man-9 agement Act (30 U.S.C. 1719) to the same extent as if the 10 claim located under the general mining laws and main-11 tained in compliance with this Act were a lease under that 12 Act.

13 SEC. 103. HARDROCK MINING CLAIM MAINTENANCE FEE.

14 (a) FEE.—

15 (1) Except as provided in section 2511(e)(2) of 16 the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (relating to oil shale 17 claims), for each unpatented mining claim, mill or 18 tunnel site on federally owned lands, whether located 19 before, on, or after enactment of this Act, each claim-20 ant shall pay to the Secretary, on or before August 31 21 of each year, a claim maintenance fee of \$150 per 22 claim to hold such unpatented mining claim, mill or 23 tunnel site for the assessment year beginning at noon 24 on the next day, September 1. Such claim mainte-25 nance fee shall be in lieu of the assessment work re-

1	quirement contained in the Mining Law of 1872 (30
2	U.S.C. 28 et seq.) and the related filing requirements
3	contained in section $314(a)$ and (c) of the Federal
4	Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
5	1744(a) and (c)).
6	(2)(A) The claim maintenance fee required under
7	this subsection shall be waived for a claimant who
8	certifies in writing to the Secretary that on the date
9	the payment was due, the claimant and all related
10	parties—
11	(i) held not more than 10 mining
12	claims, mill sites, or tunnel sites, or any
13	combination thereof, on public lands; and
14	(ii) have performed assessment work
15	required under the Mining Law of 1872 (30
16	U.S.C. 28 et seq.) to maintain the mining
17	claims held by the claimant and such re-
18	lated parties for the assessment year ending
19	on noon of September 1 of the calendar year
20	in which payment of the claim maintenance
21	fee was due.
22	(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) , with
23	respect to any claimant, the term "all related
24	parties" means—

1	(i) the spouse and dependent children
2	(as defined in section 152 of the Internal
3	Revenue Code of 1986), of the claimant; or
4	(ii) a person affiliated with the claim-
5	ant, including—
6	(I) a person controlled by, control-
7	ling, or under common control with the
8	claimant; or
9	(II) a subsidiary or parent com-
10	pany or corporation of the claimant.
11	(3)(A) The Secretary shall adjust the fees re-
12	quired by this subsection to reflect changes in the
13	Consumer Price Index published by the Bureau of
14	Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor every 5
15	years after the date of enactment of this Act, or more
16	frequently if the Secretary determines an adjustment
17	to be reasonable.
18	(B) The Secretary shall provide claimants notice
19	of any adjustment made under this paragraph not
20	later than July 1 of any year in which the adjust-
21	ment is made.
22	(C) A fee adjustment under this paragraph shall
23	begin to apply the calendar year following the cal-
24	endar year in which it is made.

(4) Monies received under this subsection shall be
 deposited in the Locatable Minerals Fund established
 by this Act.

4 (b) LOCATION.—

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of law, for 5 6 every unpatented mining claim, mill or tunnel site lo-7 cated after the date of enactment of this Act and be-8 fore September 30, 1998, the locator shall, at the time 9 the location notice is recorded with the Bureau of 10 Land Management, pay to the Secretary a location 11 fee, in addition to the fee required by subsection (a) 12 of \$50 per claim.

(2) Moneys received under this subsection that
are not otherwise allocated for the administration of
the mining laws by the Department of the Interior
shall be deposited in the Locatable Minerals Fund established by this Act.

(c) CO-OWNERSHIP.—The co-ownership provisions of
the Mining Law of 1872 (30 U.S.C. 28 et seq.) will remain
in effect except that the annual claim maintenance fee,
where applicable, shall replace applicable assessment requirements and expenditures.

23 (d) FAILURE TO PAY.—Failure to pay the claim main24 tenance fee as required by subsection (a) shall conclusively
25 constitute a forfeiture of the unpatented mining claim, mill

or tunnel site by the claimant and the claim shall be deemed
 null and void by operation of law.

- 3 (e) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—
- 4 (1) Nothing in this section shall change or mod5 ify the requirements of section 314(b) of the Federal
 6 Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
 7 1744(b)), or the requirements of section 314(c) of the
 8 Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976
 9 (43 U.S.C. 1744(c)) related to filings required by sec10 tion 314(b), which remain in effect.

(2) Section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the
 United States (30 U.S.C. 28) is amended by inserting
 "or section 103(a) of the Hardrock Mining and Rec lamation Act of 2007" after "Act of 1993,".

15 SEC. 104. EFFECT OF PAYMENTS FOR USE AND OCCUPANCY
16 OF CLAIMS.

17 Timely payment of the claim maintenance fee required 18 by section 103 of this Act or any related law relating to 19 the use of Federal land, asserts the claimant's authority to 20 use and occupy the Federal land concerned for prospecting 21 and exploration, consistent with the requirements of this 22 Act and other applicable law.

TITLE II—PROTECTION OF SPECIAL PLACES 2

3 SEC. 201. LANDS OPEN TO LOCATION.

4 (a) LANDS OPEN TO LOCATION.—Except as provided 5 in subsection (b), mining claims may be located under the general mining laws only on such lands and interests as 6 7 were open to the location of mining claims under the gen-8 eral mining laws immediately before the enactment of this 9 Act.

10 (b) LANDS NOT OPEN TO LOCATION.—Notwith-11 standing any other provision of law and subject to valid 12 existing rights, each of the following shall not be open to 13 the location of mining claims under the general mining 14 laws on or after the date of enactment of this Act:

15 (1) Wilderness study areas.

16 (2) Areas of critical environmental concern.

17 (3) Areas designated for inclusion in the Na-18 tional Wild and Scenic Rivers System pursuant to 19 the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et 20 seq.), areas designated for potential addition to such 21 system pursuant to section 5(a) of that Act (16) 22 U.S.C. 1276(a)), and areas determined to be eligible 23 for inclusion in such system pursuant to section 5(d)24 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(d)).

1 (4) Any area identified in the set of inventoried 2 roadless areas maps contained in the Forest Service 3 Roadless Area Conservation Final Environmental 4 Impact Statement, Volume 2, dated November 2000. 5 (c) EXISTING AUTHORITY NOT AFFECTED.—Nothing in this Act limits the authority granted the Secretary in 6 7 section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management 8 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1714) to withdraw public lands. 9 SEC. 202. WITHDRAWAL PETITIONS BY STATES, POLITICAL 10 SUBDIVISIONS, AND INDIAN TRIBES.

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Any State or political subdivision 12 of a State or an Indian tribe may submit a petition to 13 the Secretary for the withdrawal of a specific tract of Federal land from the operation of the general mining laws, 14 15 in order to protect specific values identified in the petition that are important to the State or political subdivision or 16 Indian tribe. Such values may include the value of a water-17 shed to supply drinking water, wildlife habitat value, cul-18 tural or historic resources, or value for scenic vistas impor-19 20 tant to the local economy, and other similar values. In the 21 case of an Indian tribe, the petition may also identify reli-22 gious or cultural values that are important to the Indian 23 tribe. The petition shall contain the information required 24 by section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management 25 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1714).

1	(b) Consideration of Petition.—The Secretary—
2	(1) shall solicit public comment on the petition;
3	(2) shall make a final decision on the petition
4	within 180 days after receiving it; and
5	(3) shall grant the petition unless the Secretary
6	makes and publishes in the Federal Register specific
7	findings why a decision to grant the petition would
8	be against the national interest.
9	TITLE III—ENVIRONMENTAL
10	CONSIDERATIONS OF MIN-
11	ERAL EXPLORATION AND DE-
12	VELOPMENT
13	SEC. 301. GENERAL STANDARD FOR HARDROCK MINING ON
14	FEDERAL LAND.
15	Notwithstanding section 302(b) of the Federal Land
16	Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1732(b)),
17	the first section of the Act of June 4, 1897 (chapter 2; 30
18	Stat. 36 16 U.S.C. 478), and the National Forest Manage-
19	ment Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.), and in accord-
20	ance with this title and applicable law, unless expressly
21	stated otherwise in this Act, the Secretary—
22	(1) shall ensure that mineral activities on any
23	Federal land that is subject to a mining claim, mill-

24 site claim, or tunnel site claim is carefully controlled

1	to prevent undue degradation of public lands and re-
2	sources; and

3 (2) shall not grant permission to engage in min4 eral activities if the Secretary, after considering the
5 evidence, makes and publishes in the Federal Register
6 a determination that undue degradation would result
7 from such activities.

8 SEC. 302. PERMITS.

9 (a) PERMITS REQUIRED.—No person may engage in 10 mineral activities on Federal land that may cause a dis-11 turbance of surface resources, including but not limited to 12 land, air, ground water and surface water, and fish and 13 wildlife, unless—

(1) the claim was properly located under the
general mining laws and maintained in compliance
with such laws and this Act; and

17 (2) a permit was issued to such person under
18 this title authorizing such activities.

19 (b) NEGLIGIBLE DISTURBANCE.—Notwithstanding
20 subsection (a)(2), a permit under this title shall not be re21 quired for mineral activities that are a casual use of the
22 Federal land.

(c) COORDINATION WITH NEPA PROCESS.—To the extent practicable, the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct the permit processes under this Act

in coordination with the timing and other requirements
 under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy
 Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

4 SEC. 303. EXPLORATION PERMIT.

5 (a)AUTHORIZED EXPLORATION ACTIVITY.—Any claim holder may apply for an exploration permit for any 6 7 mining claim authorizing the claim holder to remove a rea-8 sonable amount of the locatable minerals from the claim 9 for analysis, study and testing. Such permit shall not au-10 thorize the claim holder to remove any mineral for sale nor to conduct any activities other than those required for explo-11 ration for locatable minerals and reclamation. 12

13 (b) PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An application for an exploration permit under this section shall 14 15 be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary or, 16 for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, and shall contain an exploration plan, a reclama-17 tion plan for the proposed exploration, and such docu-18 19 mentation as necessary to ensure compliance with applicable Federal and State environmental laws and regulations. 20 21 (c) RECLAMATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The rec-22 lamation plan required to be included in a permit applica-

23 tion under subsection (b) shall include such provisions as
24 may be jointly prescribed by the Secretary and the Sec25 retary of Agriculture.

1 (d) PERMIT ISSUANCE OR DENIAL.—The Secretary, or 2 for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agri-3 culture, shall issue an exploration permit pursuant to an 4 application under this section unless such Secretary makes 5 any of the following determinations: 6 (1) The permit application, the exploration plan 7 and reclamation plan are not complete and accurate. 8 (2) The applicant has not demonstrated that 9 proposed reclamation can be accomplished. 10 (3) The proposed exploration activities and con-11 dition of the land after the completion of exploration 12 activities and final reclamation would not conform 13 with the land use plan applicable to the area subject 14 to mineral activities. 15 (4) The area subject to the proposed permit is in-16 cluded within an area not open to location under sec-17 tion 201. 18 (5) The applicant has not demonstrated that the 19 exploration plan and reclamation plan will be in 20 compliance with the requirements of this Act and all 21 other applicable Federal requirements, and any State 22 requirements agreed to by the Secretary of the Inte-23 rior (or Secretary of Agriculture, as appropriate).

(6) The applicant has not demonstrated that the
 requirements of section 306 (relating to financial as surance) will be met.

4 (7) The applicant is eligible to receive a permit
5 under section 305.

6 (e) TERM OF PERMIT.—An exploration permit shall
7 be for a stated term. The term shall be no greater than that
8 necessary to accomplish the proposed exploration, and in
9 no case for more than 10 years.

10 (f) PERMIT MODIFICATION.—During the term of an exploration permit the permit holder may submit an applica-11 tion to modify the permit. To approve a proposed modifica-12 13 tion to the permit, the Secretary concerned shall make the same determinations as are required in the case of an origi-14 15 nal permit, except that the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture may specify by joint rule the extent to which 16 requirements for initial exploration permits under this sec-17 tion shall apply to applications to modify an exploration 18 permit based on whether such modifications are deemed sig-19 20 nificant or minor.

(g) TRANSFER, ASSIGNMENT, OR SALE OF RIGHTS.—
(1) No transfer, assignment, or sale of rights granted by
a permit issued under this section shall be made without
the prior written approval of the Secretary or for National
Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture.

1 (2) Such Secretary shall allow a person holding a per-2 mit to transfer, assign, or sell rights under the permit to 3 a successor, if the Secretary finds, in writing, that the suc-4 cessor— 5 (A) is eligible to receive a permit in accordance 6 with section 304(d); 7 (B) has submitted evidence of financial assur-8 ance satisfactory under section 306; and 9 (C) meets any other requirements specified by the 10 Secretary. 11 (3) The successor in interest shall assume the liability 12 and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing 13 permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full compliance with this Act. and the terms and conditions of the 14 15 permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment, or 16 *sale*. 17 (4) Each application for approval of a permit transfer. 18 assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the Interior 19 20 in such amount as may be established by such Secretary. 21 Such amount shall be equal to the actual or anticipated 22 cost to the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture, as ap-23 propriate, of reviewing and approving or disapproving such 24 transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Sec-

25 retary of the Interior. All moneys received under this sub-

section shall be deposited in the Locatable Minerals Fund
 established under title IV of this Act.

3 SEC. 304. OPERATIONS PERMIT.

4 (a) OPERATIONS PERMIT.—(1) Any claim holder that
5 is in compliance with the general mining laws and section
6 103 of this Act may apply to the Secretary, or for National
7 Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, for an
8 operations permit authorizing the claim holder to carry out
9 mineral activities, other than casual use, on—

10 (A) any valid mining claim, valid millsite
11 claim, or valid tunnel site claim; and

12 (B) such additional Federal land as the Sec-13 retary may determine is necessary to conduct the pro-14 posed mineral activities, if the operator obtains a 15 right-of-way permit for use of such additional lands 16 under title V of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-17 ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1761 et seq.) and agrees 18 to pay all fees required under that title for the permit 19 under that title.

(2) If the Secretary decides to issue such permit, the
21 permit shall include such terms and conditions as pre22 scribed by such Secretary to carry out this title.

(b) PERMIT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—An application for an operations permit under this section shall be
submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary con-

cerned and shall contain site characterization data, an op-1 2 erations plan, a reclamation plan, monitoring plans, long-3 term maintenance plans, to the extent necessary, and such 4 documentation as necessary to ensure compliance with ap-5 plicable Federal and State environmental laws and regulations. If the proposed mineral activities will be carried out 6 7 in conjunction with mineral activities on adjacent non-Fed-8 eral lands, information on the location and nature of such 9 operations may be required by the Secretary.

10 (c) PERMIT ISSUANCE OR DENIAL.—(1) After pro-11 viding for public participation pursuant to subsection (i), the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec-12 13 retary of Agriculture, shall issue an operations permit if such Secretary makes each of the following determinations 14 15 in writing, and shall deny a permit if such Secretary finds that the application and applicant do not fully meet the 16 following requirements: 17

(A) The permit application, including the site
characterization data, operations plan, and reclamation plan, are complete and accurate and sufficient
for developing a good understanding of the anticipated impacts of the mineral activities and the effectiveness of proposed mitigation and control.

24 (B) The applicant has demonstrated that the
25 proposed reclamation in the operation and reclama-

1	tion plan can be and is likely to be accomplished by
2	the applicant and will not cause undue degradation.
3	(C) The condition of the land, including the fish
4	and wildlife resources and habitat contained thereon,
5	after the completion of mineral activities and final
6	reclamation, will conform to the land use plan appli-
7	cable to the area subject to mineral activities and are
8	returned to a productive use.
9	(D) The area subject to the proposed plan is
10	open to location for the types of mineral activities
11	proposed.
12	(E) The proposed operation has been designed to
13	prevent material damage to the hydrologic balance
14	outside the permit area.
15	(F) The applicant will fully comply with the re-
16	quirements of section 306 (relating to financial assur-
17	ance) prior to the initiation of operations.
18	(G) Neither the applicant nor operator, nor any
19	subsidiary, affiliate, or person controlled by or under
20	common control with the applicant or operator, is in-
21	eligible to receive a permit under section 305.
22	(H) The reclamation plan demonstrates that 10
23	years following mine closure, no treatment of surface
24	or ground water for carcinogens or toxins will be re-

quired to meet water quality standards at the point
 of discharge.

3 (2) With respect to any activities specified in the rec-4 lamation plan referred to in subsection (b) that constitutes a removal or remedial action under section 101 of the Com-5 prehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 6 7 Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 and following), the 8 Secretary shall consult with the Administrator of the Envi-9 ronmental Protection Agency prior to the issuance of an operations permit. The Administrator shall ensure that the 10 11 reclamation plan does not require activities that would increase the costs or likelihood of removal or remedial actions 12 under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Com-13 pensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 and 14 15 following) or corrective actions under the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 and following). 16

17 (d) TERM OF PERMIT; RENEWAL.—

- 18 (1) An operations permit—
- 19 (A) shall be for a term that is no longer
 20 than the shorter of—

21 (i) the period necessary to accomplish
22 the proposed mineral activities subject to
23 the permit; and

24 *(ii) 20 years; and*

(B) shall be renewed for an additional 20 year period if the operation is in compliance
 with the requirements of this Act and other applicable law.

5 (2) Failure by the operator to commence mineral 6 activities within 2 years of the date scheduled in an 7 operations permit shall require a modification of the 8 permit if the Secretary concerned determines that 9 modifications are necessary to comply with section 10 201.

11 (e) PERMIT MODIFICATION.—

(1) During the term of an operations permit the
operator may submit an application to modify the
permit (including the operations plan or reclamation
plan, or both).

16 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System 17 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may, at any time, 18 require reasonable modification to any operations 19 plan or reclamation plan upon a determination that 20 the requirements of this Act cannot be met if the plan 21 is followed as approved. Such determination shall be 22 based on a written finding and subject to public no-23 tice and hearing requirements established by the Sec-24 retary concerned.

1	(3) A permit modification is required before
2	changes are made to the approved plan of operations,
3	or if unanticipated events or conditions exist on the
4	mine site, including in the case of—
5	(A) development of acid or toxic drainage;
6	(B) loss of springs or water supplies;
7	(C) water quantity, water quality, or other
8	resulting water impacts that are significantly
9	different than those predicted in the application;
10	(D) the need for long-term water treatment;
11	(E) significant reclamation difficulties or
12	reclamation failure;
13	(F) the discovery of significant scientific,
14	cultural, or biological resources that were not ad-
15	dressed in the original plan; or
16	(G) the discovery of hazards to public safe-
17	ty.
18	(f) Temporary Cessation of Operations.—(1) An
19	operator conducting mineral activities under an operations
20	permit in effect under this title may not temporarily cease
21	mineral activities for a period greater than 180 days unless
22	the Secretary concerned has approved such temporary ces-
23	sation or unless the temporary cessation is permitted under
24	the original permit. Any operator temporarily ceasing min-
25	eral activities for a period greater than 90 days under an

operations permit issued before the date of the enactment
 of this Act shall submit, before the expiration of such 90 day period, a complete application for temporary cessation
 of operations to the Secretary concerned for approval unless
 the temporary cessation is permitted under the original per mit.

7 (2) An application for approval of temporary cessation 8 of operations shall include such information required under 9 subsection (b) and any other provisions prescribed by the 10 Secretary concerned to minimize impacts on the environ-11 ment. After receipt of a complete application for temporary 12 cessation of operations such Secretary shall conduct an in-13 spection of the area for which temporary cessation of oper-14 ations has been requested.

(3) To approve an application for temporary cessation
of operations, the Secretary concerned shall make each of
the following determinations:

(A) A determination that the methods for securing surface facilities and restricting access to the permit area, or relevant portions thereof, will effectively
ensure against hazards to the health and safety of the
public and fish and wildlife.

(B) A determination that reclamation is in compliance with the approved reclamation plan, except in
those areas specifically designated in the application

for temporary cessation of operations for which a
 delay in meeting such standards is necessary to facili tate the resumption of operations.

4 (C) A determination that the amount of finan5 cial assurance filed with the permit application is
6 sufficient to assure completion of the reclamation ac7 tivities identified in the approved reclamation plan
8 in the event of forfeiture.

9 (D) A determination that any outstanding no-10 tices of violation and cessation orders incurred in 11 connection with the plan for which temporary ces-12 sation is being requested are either stayed pursuant 13 to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or 14 are in the process of being abated to the satisfaction 15 of the Secretary concerned.

16 (q) PERMIT REVIEWS.—The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall re-17 18 view each permit issued under this section every 10 years during the term of such permit, shall provide public notice 19 of the permit review, and, based upon a written finding, 20 21 such Secretary shall require the operator to take such ac-22 tions as the Secretary deems necessary to assure that min-23 eral activities conform to the permit, including adjustment 24 of financial assurance requirements.

(h) TRANSFER, ASSIGNMENT, OR SALE OF RIGHTS.—
 (1) No transfer, assignment, or sale of rights granted by
 a permit under this section shall be made without the prior
 written approval of the Secretary, or for National Forest
 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture.

6 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System 7 lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, may allow a person 8 holding a permit to transfer, assign, or sell rights under 9 the permit to a successor, if such Secretary finds, in writ-10 ing, that the successor—

(A) has submitted information required and is
eligible to receive a permit in accordance with section
305;

14 (B) has submitted evidence of financial assur15 ance satisfactory under section 306; and

16 (C) meets any other requirements specified by
17 such Secretary.

(3) The successor in interest shall assume the liability
and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing
permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full compliance with this Act, and the terms and conditions of the
permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment, or
sale.

24 (4) Each application for approval of a permit transfer,
25 assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall be ac-

companied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the Interior, 1 2 or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agri-3 culture, in such amount as may be established by such Sec-4 retary, or for National Forest System lands, by the Sec-5 retary of Agriculture. Such amount shall be equal to the actual or anticipated cost to the Secretary or, for National 6 7 Forest System lands, to the Secretary of Agriculture, of re-8 viewing and approving or disapproving such transfer, as-9 signment, or sale, as determined by such Secretary. All 10 moneys received under this subsection shall be deposited in the Locatable Minerals Fund established under title IV. 11

(i) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly promulgate regulations to ensure transparency and public participation in permit decisions required under this Act, consistent with any requirements that apply to such decisions
under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy
Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

19 SEC. 305. PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR PERMITS.

20 (a) CURRENT VIOLATIONS.—Unless corrective action 21 has been taken in accordance with subsection (c), no permit 22 under this title shall be issued or transferred to an appli-23 cant if the applicant or any agent of the applicant, the op-24 erator (if different than the applicant) of the claim con-25 cerned, any claim holder (if different than the applicant)

of the claim concerned, or any affiliate or officer or director
 of the applicant is currently in violation of any of the fol lowing:

4 (1) A provision of this Act or any regulation
5 under this Act.

6 (2) An applicable State or Federal toxic sub-7 stance, solid waste, air, water quality, or fish and 8 wildlife conservation law or regulation at any site 9 where mining, beneficiation, or processing activities 10 are occurring or have occurred.

(3) The Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and following) or
any regulation implementing that Act at any site
where surface coal mining operations have occurred
or are occurring.

(b) SUSPENSION.—The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall suspend
an operations permit, in whole or in part, if such Secretary
determines that any of the entities described in subsection
(a) were in violation of any requirement listed in subsection
(a) at the time the permit was issued.

(c) CORRECTION.—(1) The Secretary, or for National
Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may issue
or reinstate a permit under this title if the applicant submits proof that the violation referred to in subsection (a)

or (b) has been corrected or is in the process of being cor-1 rected to the satisfaction of such Secretary and the regu-2 3 latory authority involved or if the applicant submits proof 4 that the violator has filed and is presently pursuing, a di-5 rect administrative or judicial appeal to contest the existence of the violation. For purposes of this section, an appeal 6 7 of any applicant's relationship to an affiliate shall not con-8 stitute a direct administrative or judicial appeal to contest 9 the existence of the violation.

10 (2) Any permit which is issued or reinstated based 11 upon proof submitted under this subsection shall be condi-12 tionally approved or conditionally reinstated, as the case 13 may be. If the violation is not successfully abated or the 14 violation is upheld on appeal, the permit shall be suspended 15 or revoked.

(d) PATTERN OF WILLFUL VIOLATIONS.—No permit
under this Act may be issued to any applicant if there is
a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of the environmental protection requirements of this Act by the applicant,
any affiliate of the applicant, or the operator or claim holder if different than the applicant.

22 SEC. 306. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.

(a) FINANCIAL ASSURANCE REQUIRED.—(1) After a
permit is issued under this title and before any exploration
or operations begin under the permit, the operator shall file

with the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the 1 2 Secretary of Agriculture, evidence of financial assurance 3 payable to the United States. The financial assurance shall 4 be provided in the form of a surety bond, a trust fund, let-5 ters of credits, government securities, certificates of deposit, cash, or an equivalent form approved by such Secretary. 6 7 (2) The financial assurance shall cover all lands with-8 in the initial permit area and all affected waters that may 9 require restoration, treatment, or other management as a 10 result of mineral activities, and shall be extended to cover all lands and waters added pursuant to any permit modi-11 12 fication made under section 303(f) (relating to exploration 13 permits) or section 304(e) (relating to operations permits), or affected by mineral activities. 14

15 (b) AMOUNT.—The amount of the financial assurance required under this section shall be sufficient to assure the 16 completion of reclamation and restoration satisfying the re-17 quirements of this Act if the work were to be performed by 18 the Secretary concerned in the event of forfeiture, including 19 20 the construction and maintenance costs for any treatment 21 facilities necessary to meet Federal and State environ-22 mental requirements. The calculation of such amount shall 23 take into account the maximum level of financial exposure 24 which shall arise during the mineral activity and adminis-

trative costs associated with a government agency reclaim ing the site.

3 (c) DURATION.—The financial assurance required 4 under this section shall be held for the duration of the min-5 eral activities and for an additional period to cover the op-6 erator's responsibility for reclamation, restoration, and 7 long-term maintenance, and effluent treatment as specified 8 in subsection (g).

9 (d) ADJUSTMENTS.—The amount of the financial as-10 surance and the terms of the acceptance of the assurance may be adjusted by the Secretary concerned from time to 11 time as the area requiring coverage is increased or de-12 13 creased, or where the costs of reclamation or treatment change, or pursuant to section 304(f) (relating to temporary 14 15 cessation of operations), but the financial assurance shall otherwise be in compliance with this section. The Secretary 16 concerned shall review the financial guarantee every 3 years 17 18 and as part of the permit application review under section 19 304(c).

(e) RELEASE.—Upon request, and after notice and opportunity for public comment, and after inspection by the
Secretary, or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, such Secretary may, after consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, release in whole or in part the financial assur-

ance required under this section if the Secretary makes both
 of the following determinations:

3 (1) A determination that reclamation or restora4 tion covered by the financial assurance has been ac5 complished as required by this Act.

6 (2) A determination that the terms and condi-7 tions of any other applicable Federal requirements, 8 and State requirements applicable pursuant to coop-9 erative agreements under section 308, have been ful-10 filled.

(f) RELEASE SCHEDULE.—The release referred to in
subsection (e) shall be according to the following schedule:

13 (1) After the operator has completed any re-14 quired backfilling, regrading, and drainage control of 15 an area subject to mineral activities and covered by 16 the financial assurance, and has commenced revegeta-17 tion on the regraded areas subject to mineral activi-18 ties in accordance with the approved plan, that por-19 tion of the total financial assurance secured for the 20 area subject to mineral activities attributable to the 21 completed activities may be released except that suffi-22 cient assurance must be retained to address other re-23 quired reclamation and restoration needs and to as-24 sure the long-term success of the revegetation.

(2) After the operator has completed successfully
 all remaining mineral activities and reclamation ac tivities and all requirements of the operations plan
 and the reclamation plan, and all other requirements
 of this Act have been fully met, the remaining portion
 of the financial assurance may be released.

7 During the period following release of the financial assur8 ance as specified in paragraph (1), until the remaining
9 portion of the financial assurance is released as provided
10 in paragraph (2), the operator shall be required to comply
11 with the permit issued under this title.

12 (q) EFFLUENT.—Notwithstanding section 307(b)(4), 13 where any discharge or other water-related condition resulting from the mineral activities requires treatment in order 14 15 to meet the applicable effluent limitations and water quality standards, the financial assurance shall include the esti-16 mated cost of maintaining such treatment for the projected 17 period that will be needed after the cessation of mineral ac-18 tivities. The portion of the financial assurance attributable 19 20 to such estimated cost of treatment shall not be released 21 until the discharge has ceased for a period of 5 years, as 22 determined by ongoing monitoring and testing, or, if the 23 discharge continues, until the operator has met all applica-24 ble effluent limitations and water quality standards for 5 25 full years without treatment.

(h) ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS.—If the Secretary, or 1 2 for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agri-3 culture, determines, after final release of financial assur-4 ance, that an environmental hazard resulting from the mineral activities exists, or the terms and conditions of the ex-5 plorations or operations permit of this Act were not fulfilled 6 7 in fact at the time of release, such Secretary shall issue an 8 order under section 506 requiring the claim holder or oper-9 ator (or any person who controls the claim holder or oper-10 ator) to correct the condition such that applicable laws and 11 regulations and any conditions from the plan of operations 12 are met.

13 SEC. 307. OPERATION AND RECLAMATION.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—(1) The operator shall restore
lands subject to mineral activities carried out under a permit issued under this title to a condition capable of supporting—

18 (A) the uses which such lands were capable of
19 supporting prior to surface disturbance by the oper20 ator, or

(B) other beneficial uses which conform to applicable land use plans as determined by the Secretary,
or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of
Agriculture.

(2) Reclamation shall proceed as contemporaneously
 as practicable with the conduct of mineral activities. In the
 case of a cessation of mineral activities beyond that pro vided for as a temporary cessation under this Act, reclama tion activities shall begin immediately.

6 (b) OPERATION AND RECLAMATION STANDARDS.—The 7 Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture 8 shall jointly promulgate regulations that establish operation 9 and reclamation standards for mineral activities permitted under this Act. The Secretaries may determine whether out-10 11 come-based performance standards or technology-based de-12 sign standards are most appropriate. The regulations shall address the following: 13

14 (1) Segregation, protection, and replacement of
15 topsoil or other suitable growth medium, and the pre16 vention, where possible, of soil contamination.

17 (2) Maintenance of the stability of all surface18 areas.

19 (3) Control of sediments to prevent erosion and
20 manage drainage.

21 (4) Minimization of the formation and migra22 tion of acidic, alkaline, metal-bearing, or other delete23 rious leachate.

1	(5) Reduction of the visual impact of mineral
2	activities to the surrounding topography, including as
3	necessary pit backfill.
4	(6) Establishment of a diverse, effective, and per-
5	manent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety
6	native to the area affected by mineral activities, and
7	equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of
8	the area.
9	(7) Design and maintenance of leach operations,
10	impoundments, and excess waste according to stand-
11	ard engineering standards to achieve and maintain
12	stability and reclamation of the site.
13	(8) Removal of structures and roads and sealing
14	of drill holes.
15	(9) Restoration of, or mitigation for, fish and
16	wildlife habitat disturbed by mineral activities.
17	(10) Preservation of cultural, paleontological,
18	and cave resources.
19	(11) Prevention and suppression of fire in the
20	area of mineral activities.
21	(c) Surface or Groundwater Withdrawals.—The
22	Secretary shall work with State and local governments with
23	authority over the allocation and use of surface and ground-
24	water in the area around the mine site as necessary to en-
25	sure that any surface or groundwater withdrawals made

as a result of mining activities approved under this section
 do not cause undue degradation.

3 (d) SPECIAL RULE.—Reclamation activities for a
4 mining claim that has been forfeited, relinquished, or
5 lapsed, or a plan that has expired or been revoked or sus6 pended, shall continue subject to review and approval by
7 the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec8 retary of Agriculture.

9 SEC. 308. STATE LAW AND REGULATION.

(a) STATE LAW.—(1) Any reclamation, land use, environmental, or public health protection standard or requirement in State law or regulation that meets or exceeds the
requirements of this Act shall not be construed to be inconsistent with any such standard.

(2) Any bonding standard or requirement in State law
or regulation that meets or exceeds the requirements of this
Act shall not be construed to be inconsistent with such requirements.

(3) Any inspection standard or requirement in State
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(b) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER STATE REQUIREMENTS.—(1) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as affecting any toxic substance, solid waste, or air or water

quality, standard or requirement of any State, county,
 local, or tribal law or regulation, which may be applicable
 to mineral activities on lands subject to this Act.

4 (2) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as affecting
5 in any way the right of any person to enforce or protect,
6 under applicable law, such person's interest in water re7 sources affected by mineral activities on lands subject to this
8 Act.

9 (c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—(1) Any State may 10 enter into a cooperative agreement with the Secretary, or 11 for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-12 culture, for the purposes of such Secretary applying such 13 standards and requirements referred to in subsection (a) 14 and subsection (b) to mineral activities or reclamation on 15 lands subject to this Act.

16 (2) In such instances where the proposed mineral activities would affect lands not subject to this Act in addition 17 to lands subject to this Act, in order to approve a plan of 18 operations the Secretary concerned shall enter into a coop-19 20 erative agreement with the State that sets forth a common 21 regulatory framework consistent with the requirements of 22 this Act for the purposes of such plan of operations. Any 23 such common regulatory framework shall not negate the au-24 thority of the Federal Government to independently inspect

mines and operations and bring enforcement actions for
 violations.

3 (3) The Secretary concerned shall not enter into a co4 operative agreement with any State under this section until
5 after notice in the Federal Register and opportunity for
6 public comment and hearing.

7 (d) PRIOR AGREEMENTS.—Any cooperative agreement 8 or such other understanding between the Secretary con-9 cerned and any State, or political subdivision thereof, relat-10 ing to the management of mineral activities on lands subject to this Act that was in existence on the date of enact-11 ment of this Act may only continue in force until 1 year 12 after the date of enactment of this Act. During such 1-year 13 period, the State and the Secretary shall review the terms 14 15 of the agreement and make changes that are necessary to be consistent with this Act. 16

17 SEC. 309. LIMITATION ON THE ISSUANCE OF PERMITS.

No permit shall be issued under this title that authorizes mineral activities that would impair the land or resources of the National Park System or a National Monument. For purposes of this section, the term "impair" shall include any diminution of the affected land including its scenic assets, its water resources, its air quality, and its acoustic qualities, or other changes that would impair a

citizen's experience at the National Park or National Monu ment.
 TITLE IV—MINING MITIGATION
 Subtitle A—Locatable Minerals
 Fund

6 SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.

7 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established on the
8 books of the Treasury of the United States a separate ac9 count to be known as the Locatable Minerals Fund (herein10 after in this subtitle referred to as the "Fund").

11 (b) INVESTMENT.—The Secretary shall notify the Sec-12 retary of the Treasury as to what portion of the Fund is not, in the Secretary's judgment, required to meet current 13 withdrawals. The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest 14 15 such portion of the Fund in public debt securities with maturities suitable for the needs of such Fund and bearing in-16 terest at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, 17 taking into consideration current market yields on out-18 standing marketplace obligations of the United States of 19 comparable maturities. 20

21 SEC. 402. CONTENTS OF FUND.

The following amounts shall be credited to the Fund:
(1) All moneys collected pursuant to section 506
(relating to enforcement) and section 504 (relating to citizens suits).

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1	(2) All permit fees and transfer fees received
2	under section 304.
3	(3) All donations by persons, corporations, asso-
4	ciations, and foundations for the purposes of this sub-
5	title.
6	(4) All amounts deposited in the Fund under
7	section 102 (relating to royalties and penalties for
8	underreporting).
9	(5) All amounts received by the United States
10	pursuant to section 101 from issuance of patents.
11	(6) All amounts received by the United States
12	pursuant to section 103 as claim maintenance and lo-
13	cation fees.
14	(7) All income on investments under section
15	<i>401(b)</i> .
16	SEC. 403. SUBACCOUNTS.
17	There shall be in the Fund 2 subaccounts, as follows:
18	(1) The Hardrock Reclamation Account, which
19	shall consist of 2/3 of the amounts credited to the Fund
20	under section 402 and which shall be administered by
21	the Secretary acting through the Director of the Office
22	of Surface Mining and Enforcement.
23	(2) The Hardrock Community Impact Assistance
24	Account, which shall consist of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the amounts
25	credited to the Fund under section 402 and which

1	shall be administered by the Secretary acting through
2	the Director of the Bureau of Land Management.
3	Subtitle B—Use of Hardrock
4	Reclamation Account
5	SEC. 411. USE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE ACCOUNT.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized, subject
7	to appropriations, to use moneys in the Hardrock Reclama-
8	tion Account for the reclamation and restoration of land
9	and water resources adversely affected by past mineral ac-
10	tivities on lands the legal and beneficial title to which re-
11	sides in the United States, land within the exterior bound-
12	ary of any national forest system unit, or other lands de-
13	scribed in subsection (d) or section 412, including any of
14	the following:
15	(1) Protecting public health and safety.
16	(2) Preventing, abating, treating, and control-
17	ling water pollution created by abandoned mine
18	drainage.
19	(3) Reclaiming and restoring abandoned surface
20	and underground mined areas.
21	(4) Reclaiming and restoring abandoned milling
22	and processing areas.
23	(5) Backfilling, sealing, or otherwise controlling,
24	abandoned underground mine entries.

1	(6) Revegetating land adversely affected by past
2	mineral activities in order to prevent erosion and
3	sedimentation, to enhance wildlife habitat, and for
4	any other reclamation purpose.
5	(7) Controlling of surface subsidence due to
6	abandoned underground mines.
7	(b) PRIORITIES.—Expenditures of moneys from the
8	Hardrock Reclamation Account shall reflect the following
9	priorities in the order stated:
10	(1) The protection of public health and safety,
11	from extreme danger from the adverse effects of past
12	mineral activities, especially as relates to surface
13	water and groundwater contaminants.
14	(2) The protection of public health and safety,
15	from the adverse effects of past mineral activities.
16	(3) The restoration of land, water, and fish and
17	wildlife resources previously degraded by the adverse
18	effects of past mineral activities.
19	(c) HABITAT.—Reclamation and restoration activities
20	under this subtitle, particularly those identified under sub-
21	section $(a)(4)$, shall include appropriate mitigation meas-
22	ures to provide for the continuation of any established habi-
23	tat for wildlife in existence prior to the commencement of
24	such activities.

1 (d) OTHER AFFECTED LANDS.—Where mineral explo-2 ration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or reclamation 3 activities have been carried out with respect to any mineral 4 which would be a locatable mineral if the legal and bene-5 ficial title to the mineral were in the United States, if such activities directly affect lands managed by the Bureau of 6 7 Land Management as well as other lands and if the legal 8 and beneficial title to more than 50 percent of the affected 9 lands resides in the United States, the Secretary is author-10 ized, subject to appropriations, to use moneys in the Hardrock Reclamation Account for reclamation and res-11 toration under subsection (a) for all directly affected lands. 12 13 (e) RESPONSE OR REMOVAL ACTIONS.—Reclamation and restoration activities under this subtitle which con-14 15 stitute a removal or remedial action under section 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-16 tion, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601), shall be 17 conducted with the concurrence of the Administrator of the 18 Environmental Protection Agency. The Secretary and the 19 Administrator shall enter into a Memorandum of Under-20 21 standing to establish procedures for consultation, concur-22 rence, training, exchange of technical expertise and joint 23 activities under the appropriate circumstances, that provide 24 assurances that reclamation or restoration activities under 25 this subtitle shall not be conducted in a manner that in-

creases the costs or likelihood of removal or remedial actions
 under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Com pensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 and
 following), and that avoid oversight by multiple agencies
 to the maximum extent practicable.

6 SEC. 412. ELIGIBLE LANDS AND WATERS.

7 (a) ELIGIBILITY.—Reclamation expenditures under
8 this subtitle may only be made with respect to Federal lands
9 or Indian lands or water resources that traverse or are con10 tiguous to Federal lands or Indian lands where such lands
11 or water resources have been affected by past mineral activi12 ties, including any of the following:

(1) Lands and water resources which were used
for, or affected by, mineral activities and abandoned
or left in an inadequate reclamation status before the
effective date of this Act.

17 (2) Lands for which the Secretary makes a deter18 mination that there is no continuing reclamation re19 sponsibility of a claim holder, operator, or other per20 son who abandoned the site prior to completion of re21 quired reclamation under State or other Federal laws.

(3) Lands for which it can be established that
such lands do not contain locatable minerals which
could economically be extracted through the reprocessing or remining of such lands, unless such consider-

ations are in conflict with the priorities set forth
 under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 302(b).

3 (b) SPECIFIC SITES AND AREAS NOT ELIGIBLE.—The
4 provisions of section 411(d) of the Surface Mining Control
5 and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1240a(d)) shall
6 apply to expenditures made from the Hardrock Reclama7 tion Account.

8 (c) INVENTORY.—The Secretary shall prepare and 9 maintain a publicly available inventory of abandoned 10 locatable minerals mines on public lands and any aban-11 doned mine on Indian lands that may be eligible for ex-12 penditures under this subtitle, and shall deliver a yearly 13 report to the Congress on the progress in cleanup of such 14 sites.

15 SEC. 413. EXPENDITURES.

16 Moneys available from the Hardrock Reclamation Ac-17 count may be expended for the purposes specified in section 18 411 directly by the Director of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement. The Director may also make 19 20 such money available for such purposes to the Director of 21 the Bureau of Land Management, the Chief of the United 22 States Forest Service, the Director of the National Park 23 Service, or Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife 24 Service, to any other agency of the United States, to an 25 Indian tribe, or to any public entity that volunteers to de1 velop and implement, and that has the ability to carry out,

2 all or a significant portion of a reclamation program under

3 this subtitle.

4 SEC. 414. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

5 Amounts credited to the Hardrock Reclamation Ac6 count are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of
7 this subtitle without fiscal year limitation.

8 Subtitle C—Use of Hardrock Com9 munity Impact Assistance Ac10 count

11 SEC. 421. USE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE ACCOUNT.

12 Amounts in the Hardrock Community Impact Assist-13 ance Account shall be available to the Secretary, subject to 14 appropriations, to provide assistance for the planning, con-15 struction, and maintenance of public facilities and the pro-16 vision of public services to States, political subdivisions and 17 Indian tribes that are socially or economically impacted by 18 mineral activities conducted under the general mining laws.

19 SEC. 422. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.

20 Moneys deposited into the Hardrock Community Im-21 pact Assistance Account shall be allocated by the Secretary 22 for purposes of section 421 among the States within the 23 boundaries of which occurs production of locatable minerals 24 from mining claims located under the general mining laws 25 and maintained in compliance with this Act, or mineral

concentrates or products derived from locatable minerals
 from mining claims located under the general mining laws
 and maintained in compliance with this Act, as the case
 may be, in proportion to the amount of such production
 in each such State.

6 TITLE V—ADMINISTRATIVE AND 7 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS 8 Subtitle A—Administrative 9 Provisions

10 SEC. 501. POLICY FUNCTIONS.

(a) MINERALS POLICY.—Section 101 of the Mining
and Minerals Policy Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 21a) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence by inserting before the
period at the end the following: "and to ensure that
mineral extraction and processing not cause undue
degradation of the natural and cultural resources of
the public lands"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:
"It shall also be the responsibility of the Secretary of
Agriculture to carry out the policy provisions of
paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section.".

(b) MINERAL DATA.—Section 5(e)(3) of the National
Materials and Minerals Policy, Research and Development
Act of 1980 (30 U.S.C. 1604(e)(3)) is amended by inserting

before the period the following: ", except that for National
 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture shall
 promptly initiate actions to improve the availability and
 analysis of mineral data in public land use decision making".

6 SEC. 502. USER FEES.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Secretary of 8 Agriculture may each establish and collect from persons 9 subject to the requirements of this Act such user fees as may 10 be necessary to reimburse the United States for the expenses incurred in administering such requirements. Fees may be 11 assessed and collected under this section only in such man-12 13 ner as may reasonably be expected to result in an aggregate amount of the fees collected during any fiscal year which 14 15 does not exceed the aggregate amount of administrative expenses referred to in this section. 16

(b) ADJUSTMENT.—(1) The Secretary shall adjust the
fees required by this section to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor every 5 years after the date
of enactment of this Act, or more frequently if the Secretary
determines an adjustment to be reasonable.

(2) The Secretary shall provide claimants notice of
any adjustment made under this subsection not later than
July 1 of any year in which the adjustment is made.

(3) A fee adjustment under this subsection shall begin
 to apply the calendar year following the calendar year in
 which it is made.

4 SEC. 503. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.

5 (a) INSPECTIONS.—(1) The Secretary, or for National
6 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
7 make inspections of mineral activities so as to ensure com8 pliance with the requirements of this Act.

9 (2) The Secretary concerned shall establish a frequency 10 of inspections for mineral activities conducted under a permit issued under title III, but in no event shall such inspec-11 tion frequency be less than one complete inspection per cal-12 13 endar quarter or, two per calendar quarter in the case of a permit for which the Secretary concerned approves an 14 15 application under section 304(f) (relating to temporary cessation of operations). After revegetation has been established 16 in accordance with a reclamation plan, such Secretary shall 17 conduct annually 2 complete inspections. Such Secretary 18 shall have the discretion to modify the inspection frequency 19 for mineral activities that are conducted on a seasonal 20 21 basis. Inspections shall continue under this subsection until 22 final release of financial assurance.

23 (3)(A) Any person who has reason to believe he or she
24 is or may be adversely affected by mineral activities due
25 to any violation of the requirements of a permit approved

under this Act may request an inspection. The Secretary, 1 2 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-3 culture, shall determine within 10 working days of receipt 4 of the request whether the request states a reason to believe 5 that a violation exists. If the person alleges and provides reason to believe that an imminent threat to the environ-6 7 ment or danger to the health or safety of the public exists. 8 the 10-day period shall be waived and the inspection shall 9 be conducted immediately. When an inspection is conducted 10 under this paragraph, the Secretary concerned shall notify the person requesting the inspection, and such person shall 11 be allowed to accompany the Secretary concerned or the 12 13 Secretary's authorized representative during the inspection. 14 The Secretary shall not incur any liability for allowing 15 such person to accompany an authorized representative. 16 The identity of the person supplying information to the Secretary relating to a possible violation or imminent danger 17 18 or harm shall remain confidential with the Secretary if so 19 requested by that person, unless that person elects to accom-20 pany an authorized representative on the inspection.

(B) The Secretaries shall, by joint rule, establish procedures for the review of (i) any decision by an authorized
representative not to inspect; or (ii) any refusal by such
representative to ensure that remedial actions are taken
with respect to any alleged violation. The Secretary con-

cerned shall furnish such persons requesting the review a
 written statement of the reasons for the Secretary's final
 disposition of the case.

4 (b) MONITORING.—(1) The Secretary, or for National 5 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall require all operators to develop and maintain a monitoring 6 7 and evaluation system that shall identify compliance with 8 all requirements of a permit approved under this Act. The 9 Secretary concerned may require additional monitoring to 10 be conducted as necessary to assure compliance with the reclamation and other environmental standards of this Act. 11 Such plan must be reviewed and approved by the Secretary 12 and shall become a part of the explorations or operations 13 14 permit.

15 (2) The operator shall file reports with the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-16 culture, on a frequency determined by the Secretary con-17 cerned, on the results of the monitoring and evaluation 18 process, except that if the monitoring and evaluation show 19 a violation of the requirements of a permit approved under 20 21 this Act, it shall be reported immediately to the Secretary 22 concerned. The Secretary shall evaluate the reports sub-23 mitted pursuant to this paragraph, and based on those re-24 ports and any necessary inspection shall take enforcement 25 action pursuant to this section. Such reports shall be main-

tained by the operator and by the Secretary and shall be
 made available to the public.

3 (3) The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands
4 the Secretary of Agriculture, shall determine what informa5 tion shall be reported by the operator pursuant to para6 graph (3). A failure to report as required by the Secretary
7 concerned shall constitute a violation of this Act and subject
8 the operator to enforcement action pursuant to section 506.
9 SEC. 504. CITIZENS SUITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), any person may commence a civil action on his or her
own behalf to compel compliance—

(1) against any person (including the Secretary
or the Secretary of Agriculture) who is allged to be
in violation of any of the provisions of this Act or
any regulation promulgated pursuant to this Act or
any term or condition of any permit issued under
this Act; or

(2) against the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture where there is alleged a failure of such Secretary to perform any act or duty under this Act, or
to promulgate any regulation under this Act, which
is not within the discretion of the Secretary concerned.

1 The United States district courts shall have jurisdiction 2 over actions brought under this section, without regard to 3 the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, 4 including actions brought to apply any civil penalty under this Act. The district courts of the United States shall have 5 jurisdiction to compel agency action unreasonably delayed, 6 7 except that an action to compel agency action reviewable 8 under section 505 may only be filed in a United States 9 district court within the circuit in which such action would be reviewable under section 505. 10

11 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—(1) No action may be commenced 12 under subsection (a) before the end of the 60-day period be-13 ginning on the date the plaintiff has given notice in writing of such alleged violation to the the alleged violator and the 14 15 Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, except that any such action may be 16 brought immediately after such notification if the violation 17 18 complained of constitutes an imminent threat to the environment or to the health or safety of the public. 19

(2) No action may be brought against any person other
(2) No action may be brought against any person other
(2) than the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture under
(a)(1) if such Secretary has commenced and is
(b) diligently prosecuting a civil or criminal action in a court
(c) of the United States to require compliance.

(3) No action may be commenced under paragraph (2)
 of subsection (a) against either Secretary to review any rule
 promulgated by, or to any permit issued or denied by such
 Secretary if such rule or permit issuance or denial is judi cially reviewable under section 505 or under any other pro vision of law at any time after such promulgation, issuance,
 or denial is final.

8 (c) VENUE.—Venue of all actions brought under this
9 section shall be determined in accordance with section 1391
10 of title 28, United States Code.

11 (d) COSTS.—The court, in issuing any final order in 12 any action brought pursuant to this section may award 13 costs of litigation (including attorney and expert witness fees) to any party whenever the court determines such 14 15 award is appropriate. The court may, if a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction is sought, require 16 the filing of a bond or equivalent security in accordance 17 18 with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

(e) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall
restrict any right which any person (or class of persons)
may have under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code,
under this section, or under any other statute or common
law to bring an action to seek any relief against the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture or against any other
person, including any action for any violation of this Act

or of any regulation or permit issued under this Act or for
 any failure to act as required by law. Nothing in this sec tion shall affect the jurisdiction of any court under any pro vision of title 28, United States Code, including any action
 for any violation of this Act or of any regulation or permit
 issued under this Act or for any failure to act as required
 by law.

8 SEC. 505. ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.

9 (a) REVIEW BY SECRETARY.—(1)(A) Any person 10 issued a notice of violation or cessation order under section 506, or any person having an interest which is or may be 11 adversely affected by such notice or order, may apply to 12 the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec-13 retary of Agriculture, for review of the notice or order with-14 15 in 30 days after receipt thereof, or as the case may be, within 30 days after such notice or order is modified, vacated, 16 17 or terminated.

(B) Any person who is subject to a penalty assessed
under section 506 may apply to the Secretary concerned
for review of the assessment within 45 days of notification
of such penalty.

(C) Any person may apply to such Secretary for review of the decision within 30 days after it is made.

(D) Pending a review by the Secretary or resolution
 of an administrative appeal, final decisions (except enforce ment actions under section 506) shall be stayed.

4 (2) The Secretary concerned shall provide an oppor5 tunity for a public hearing at the request of any party to
6 the proceeding as specified in paragraph (1). The filing of
7 an application for review under this subsection shall not
8 operate as a stay of any order or notice issued under section
9 506.

10 (3) For any review proceeding under this subsection, 11 the Secretary concerned shall make findings of fact and shall issue a written decision incorporating therein an 12 order vacating, affirming, modifying, or terminating the 13 notice, order, or decision, or with respect to an assessment, 14 15 the amount of penalty that is warranted. Where the application for review concerns a cessation order issued under 16 section 506 the Secretary concerned shall issue the written 17 decision within 30 days of the receipt of the application 18 for review or within 30 days after the conclusion of any 19 20 hearing referred to in paragraph (2), whichever is later, 21 unless temporary relief has been granted by the Secretary concerned under paragraph (4). 22

(4) Pending completion of any review proceedings
under this subsection, the applicant may file with the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary

of Agriculture, a written request that the Secretary grant 1 temporary relief from any order issued under section 506 2 3 together with a detailed statement giving reasons for such 4 relief. The Secretary concerned shall expeditiously issue an order or decision granting or denying such relief. The Sec-5 retary concerned may grant such relief under such condi-6 7 tions as he or she may prescribe only if such relief shall 8 not adversely affect the health or safety of the public or 9 cause imminent environmental harm to land, air, or water 10 resources.

(5) The availability of review under this subsection
shall not be construed to limit the operation of rights under
section 504 (relating to citizen suits).

14 (b) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(1) Any final action by the 15 Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture in promulgating regulations to implement this Act, or any other final ac-16 tions constituting rulemaking to implement this Act, shall 17 be subject to judicial review only in the United States Court 18 of Appeals for the District of Columbia. Any action subject 19 to judicial review under this subsection shall be affirmed 20 21 unless the court concludes that such action is arbitrary, ca-22 pricious, or otherwise inconsistent with law. A petition for 23 review of any action subject to judicial review under this 24 subsection shall be filed within 60 days from the date of 25 such action, or after such date if the petition is based solely

on grounds arising after the 60th day. Any such petition
 may be made by any person who commented or otherwise
 participated in the rulemaking or any person who may be
 adversely affected by the action of the Secretaries.

5 (2) Final agency action under this subsection, including such final action on those matters described under sub-6 section (a), shall be subject to judicial review in accordance 7 8 with paragraph (4) and pursuant to section 1391 of title 9 28, United States Code, on or before 60 days from the date 10 of such final action. Any action subject to judicial review under this subsection shall be affirmed unless the court con-11 cludes that such action is arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise 12 inconsistent with law. 13

(3) The availability of judicial review established in
this subsection shall not be construed to limit the operations
of rights under section 504 (relating to citizens suits).

(4) The court shall hear any petition or complaint
filed under this subsection solely on the record made before
the Secretary or Secretaries concerned. The court may affirm or vacate any order or decision or may remand the
proceedings to the Secretary or Secretaries for such further
action as it may direct.

23 (5) The commencement of a proceeding under this sec24 tion shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, oper-

ate as a stay of the action, order, or decision of the Sec retary or Secretaries concerned.

3 (c) COSTS.—Whenever a proceeding occurs under sub-4 section (a) or (b), at the request of any person, a sum equal 5 to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses (including attorney fees) as determined by the Secretary or Secretaries 6 7 concerned or the court to have been reasonably incurred by 8 such person for or in connection with participation in such 9 proceedings, including any judicial review of the pro-10 ceeding, may be assessed against either party as the court, in the case of judicial review, or the Secretary or Secretaries 11 concerned in the case of administrative proceedings, deems 12 13 proper if it is determined that such party prevailed in whole or in part, achieving some success on the merits, and 14 15 that such party made a substantial contribution to a full and fair determination of the issues. 16

17 SEC. 506. ENFORCEMENT.

18 (a) ORDERS.—(1) If the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, or an au-19 thorized representative of such Secretary, determines that 20 21 any person is in violation of any environmental protection 22 requirement under title III or any regulation issued by the 23 Secretaries to implement this Act, such Secretary or author-24 ized representative shall issue to such person a notice of 25 violation describing the violation and the corrective meas-

ures to be taken. The Secretary concerned, or the authorized 1 2 representative of such Secretary, shall provide such person 3 with a period of time not to exceed 30 days to abate the 4 violation. Such period of time may be extended by the Secretary concerned upon a showing of good cause by such per-5 son. If, upon the expiration of time provided for such abate-6 7 ment, the Secretary concerned, or the authorized representa-8 tive of such Secretary, finds that the violation has not been 9 abated he or she shall immediately order a cessation of all 10 mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to the vio-11 lation.

(2) If the Secretary concerned, or the authorized representative of the Secretary concerned, determines that any
condition or practice exists, or that any person is in violation of any requirement under a permit approved under
this Act, and such condition, practice or violation is causing, or can reasonably be expected to cause—

18 (A) an imminent danger to the health or safety
19 of the public; or

20 (B) significant, imminent environmental harm
21 to land, air, water, or fish or wildlife resources;

22 such Secretary or authorized representative shall imme-

23 diately order a cessation of mineral activities or the portion

24 thereof relevant to the condition, practice, or violation.

1 (3)(A) A cessation order pursuant to paragraphs (1) 2 or (2) shall remain in effect until such Secretary, or author-3 ized representative, determines that the condition, practice, 4 or violation has been abated, or until modified, vacated or 5 terminated by the Secretary or authorized representative. In any such order, the Secretary or authorized representa-6 7 tive shall determine the steps necessary to abate the viola-8 tion in the most expeditious manner possible and shall in-9 clude the necessary measures in the order. The Secretary 10 concerned shall require appropriate financial assurances to ensure that the abatement obligations are met. 11

(B) Any notice or order issued pursuant to paragraphs
(1) or (2) may be modified, vacated, or terminated by the
Secretary concerned or an authorized representative of such
Secretary. Any person to whom any such notice or order
is issued shall be entitled to a hearing on the record.

17 (4) If, after 30 days of the date of the order referred to in paragraph (3)(A) the required abatement has not oc-18 curred, the Secretary concerned shall take such alternative 19 enforcement action against the claim holder or operator (or 20 21 any person who controls the claim holder or operator) as 22 will most likely bring about abatement in the most expedi-23 tious manner possible. Such alternative enforcement action 24 may include, but is not necessarily limited to, seeking ap-25 propriate injunctive relief to bring about abatement. Noth-

ing in this paragraph shall preclude the Secretary, or for
 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture,
 from taking alternative enforcement action prior to the ex piration of 30 days.

5 (5) If a claim holder or operator (or any person who controls the claim holder or operator) fails to abate a viola-6 7 tion or defaults on the terms of the permit, the Secretary, 8 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-9 culture, shall forfeit the financial assurance for the plan 10 as necessary to ensure abatement and reclamation under 11 this Act. The Secretary concerned may prescribe conditions 12 under which a surety may perform reclamation in accord-13 ance with the approved plan in lieu of forfeiture.

(6) The Secretary, or for National Forest System lands
the Secretary of Agriculture, shall not cause forfeiture of
the financial assurance while administrative or judicial review is pending.

18 (7) In the event of forfeiture, the claim holder, oper-19 ator, or any affiliate thereof, as appropriate as determined by the Secretary by rule, shall be jointly and severally liable 20 21 for any remaining reclamation obligations under this Act. 22 (b) COMPLIANCE.—The Secretary, or for National For-23 est System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may request 24 the Attorney General to institute a civil action for relief, 25 including a permanent or temporary injunction or re-

straining order, or any other appropriate enforcement
 order, including the imposition of civil penalties, in the dis trict court of the United States for the district in which
 the mineral activities are located whenever a person—

5 (1) violates, fails, or refuses to comply with any
6 order issued by the Secretary concerned under sub7 section (a); or

8 (2) interferes with, hinders, or delays the Sec9 retary concerned in carrying out an inspection under
10 section 503.

11 Such court shall have jurisdiction to provide such relief as 12 may be appropriate. Any relief granted by the court to en-13 force an order under paragraph (1) shall continue in effect 14 until the completion or final termination of all proceedings 15 for review of such order unless the district court granting 16 such relief sets it aside.

(c) DELEGATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may utilize personnel of the Office
of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement to ensure
compliance with the requirements of this Act.

(d) PENALTIES.—(1) Any person who fails to comply
with any requirement of a permit approved under this Act
or any regulation issued by the Secretaries to implement
this Act shall be liable for a penalty of not more than

\$25,000 per violation. Each day of violation may be deemed
 a separate violation for purposes of penalty assessments.

3 (2) A person who fails to correct a violation for which
4 a cessation order has been issued under subsection (a) with5 in the period permitted for its correction shall be assessed
6 a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 per violation for each
7 day during which such failure continues.

8 (3) Whenever a corporation is in violation of a re-9 quirement of a permit approved under this Act or any requ-10 lation issued by the Secretaries to implement this Act or fails or refuses to comply with an order issued under sub-11 section (a), any director, officer, or agent of such corpora-12 tion who knowingly authorized, ordered, or carried out such 13 violation, failure, or refusal shall be subject to the same pen-14 15 alties as may be imposed upon the person referred to in paragraph (1). 16

(e) SUSPENSIONS OR REVOCATIONS.—The Secretary,
or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall suspend or revoke a permit issued under title
III, in whole or in part, if the operator—

(1) knowingly made or knowingly makes any
false, inaccurate, or misleading material statement in
any mining claim, notice of location, application,
record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this Act;

1	(2) fails to abate a violation covered by a ces-
2	sation order issued under subsection (a);
3	(3) fails to comply with an order of the Sec-
4	retary concerned;
5	(4) refuses to permit an audit pursuant to this
6	Act;
7	(5) fails to maintain an adequate financial as-
8	surance under section 306;
9	(6) fails to pay claim maintenance fees or other
10	moneys due and owing under this Act; or
11	(7) with regard to plans conditionally approved
12	under section $305(c)(2)$, fails to abate a violation to
13	the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned, or if the
14	validity of the violation is upheld on the appeal
15	which formed the basis for the conditional approval.
16	(f) False Statements; Tampering.—Any person
17	who knowingly—
18	(1) makes any false material statement, rep-
19	resentation, or certification in, or omits or conceals
20	material information from, or unlawfully alters, any
21	mining claim, notice of location, application, record,
22	report, plan, or other documents filed or required to
22	be maintained under this Act. on

23 be maintained under this Act; or

(2) falsifies, tampers with, renders inaccurate, or
 fails to install any monitoring device or method re quired to be maintained under this Act,

4 shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more 5 than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a viola-6 7 tion committed after a first conviction of such person under 8 this subsection, punishment shall be by a fine of not more 9 than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of 10 not more than 4 years, or both. Each day of continuing 11 violation may be deemed a separate violation for purposes 12 of penalty assessments.

13 (g) KNOWING VIOLATIONS.—Any person who know-14 ingly—

15 (1) engages in mineral activities without a per16 mit required under title III, or

17 (2) violates any other requirement of a permit
18 issued under this Act, or any condition or limitation
19 thereof,

20 shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than
21 \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 per day of violation, or by
22 imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or both. If a con23 viction of a person is for a violation committed after the
24 first conviction of such person under this subsection, pun25 ishment shall be a fine of not less than \$10,000 per day

of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than 6 years,
 or both.

3 (h) KNOWING AND WILLFUL VIOLATIONS.—Any person
4 who knowingly and willfully commits an act for which a
5 civil penalty is provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (g)
6 shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more
7 than \$50,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 2
8 years, or both.

9 (i) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the 10 term "person" includes any officer, agent, or employee of 11 a person.

12 SEC. 507. REGULATIONS.

13 The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall 14 issue such regulations as are necessary to implement this 15 Act. The regulations implementing title II, title III, title 16 IV, and title V that affect the Forest Service shall be joint 17 regulations issued by both Secretaries, and shall be issued 18 no later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this 19 Act.

20 SEC. 508. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect on the date of enactment of
this Act, except as otherwise provided in this Act.

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Subtitle B—Miscellaneous Provisions

3 SEC. 511. OIL SHALE CLAIMS SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RULES.

4 (a) APPLICATION OF SECTION 511.—Section 511 shall
5 apply to oil shale claims referred to in section 2511(e)(2)
6 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-486).
7 (b) AMENDMENT.—Section 2511(f) of the Energy Pol8 icy Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-486) is amended as fol9 lows:

(1) By striking "as prescribed by the Secretary".
(2) By inserting before the period the following:
"in the same manner as if such claim was subject to
title II and title III of the Hardrock Mining and Reclamation Act of 2007".

15 SEC. 512. PURCHASING POWER ADJUSTMENT.

16 The Secretary shall adjust all location fees, claim maintenance rates, penalty amounts, and other dollar 17 18 amounts established in this Act for changes in the pur-19 chasing power of the dollar no less frequently than every 5 years following the date of enactment of this Act, employ-20 ing the Consumer Price Index for All-Urban Consumers 21published by the Department of Labor as the basis for ad-22 justment, and rounding according to the adjustment process 23 24 of conditions of the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjust-25 ment Act of 1990 (104 Stat. 890).

1 SEC. 513. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

2 (a) Special Application of Mining Laws.—Noth-3 ing in this Act shall be construed as repealing or modifying any Federal law, regulation, order, or land use plan, in 4 5 effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act that prohibits or restricts the application of the general mining 6 7 laws, including laws that provide for special management 8 criteria for operations under the general mining laws as 9 in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act, to the extent such laws provide for protection of natural and cul-10 11 tural resources and the environment greater than required under this Act, and any such prior law shall remain in 12 force and effect with respect to claims located (or proposed 13 to be located) or converted under this Act. Nothing in this 14 Act shall be construed as applying to or limiting mineral 15 investigations, studies, or other mineral activities conducted 16 by any Federal or State agency acting in its governmental 17 18 capacity pursuant to other authority. Nothing in this Act 19 shall affect or limit any assessment, investigation, evalua-20 tion, or listing pursuant to the Comprehensive Environ-21 mental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 22 (42 U.S.C. 9601 and following), or the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 3251 and following). 23

(b) EFFECT ON OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.—The provisions of this Act shall supersede the general mining laws,
except for those parts of the general mining laws respecting

location of mining claims that are not expressly modified 1 by this Act. Except for the general mining laws, nothing 2 3 in this Act shall be construed as superseding, modifying, amending, or repealing any provision of Federal law not 4 5 expressly superseded, modified, amended, or repealed by this Act. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as altering, af-6 7 fecting, amending, modifying, or changing, directly or indi-8 rectly, any law which refers to and provides authorities or 9 responsibilities for, or is administered by, the Environ-10 mental Protection Agency or the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, including the Federal Water 11 Pollution Control Act, title XIV of the Public Health Service 12 13 Act (the Safe Drinking Water Act), the Clean Air Act, the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990, the Toxic Substances 14 15 Control Act, the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 16 the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act, the 17 18 Federal Hazardous Substances Act, the Endangered Species Act of 1973, the Atomic Energy Act, the Noise Control Act 19 of 1972, the Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Comprehensive 20 21 Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act 22 of 1980, the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization 23 Act of 1986, the Ocean Dumping Act, the Environmental 24 Research, Development, and Demonstration Authorization 25 Act, the Pollution Prosecution Act of 1990, and the Federal

Facilities Compliance Act of 1992, or any statute con-1 taining an amendment to any of such Acts. Nothing in this 2 Act shall be construed as modifying or affecting any provi-3 4 sion of the Native American Graves Protection and Repa-5 triation Act (Public Law 101–601) or any provision of the American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 U.S.C. 1996), 6 7 the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470 et 8 seq.), and the Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993 9 (42 U.S.C. 2000bb et seq.).

10 (c) PROTECTION OF CONSERVATION AREAS.—In order 11 to protect the resources and values of National Conservation 12 System units, the Secretary, as appropriate, shall utilize 13 authority under this Act and other applicable law to the 14 fullest extent necessary to prevent mineral activities that 15 could have an adverse impact on the resources or values 16 for which such units were established.

17 SEC. 514. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC RECORDS.

18 Copies of records, reports, inspection materials, or in-19 formation obtained by the Secretary or the Secretary of Ag-20 riculture under this Act shall be made immediately avail-21 able to the public, consistent with section 552 of title 5, 22 United States Code, in central and sufficient locations in 23 the county, multicounty, and State area of mineral activity 24 or reclamation so that such items are conveniently available

to residents in the area proposed or approved for mineral
 activities and on the Internet.

3 SEC. 515. MISCELLANEOUS POWERS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out his or her duties 5 under this Act, the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may conduct any inves-6 tigation, inspection, or other inquiry necessary and appro-7 8 priate and may conduct, after notice, any hearing or audit, 9 necessary and appropriate to carrying out his or her duties. (b) ANCILLARY POWERS.—In connection with any 10 hearing, inquiry, investigation, or audit under this Act, the 11 12 Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, is authorized to take any of the fol-13 14 lowing actions:

(1) Require, by special or general order, any person to submit in writing such affidavits and answers
to questions as the Secretary concerned may reasonably prescribe, which submission shall be made within
such reasonable period and under oath or otherwise,
as may be necessary.

21 (2) Administer oaths.

(3) Require by subpoend the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all books,
papers, records, documents, matter, and materials, as
such Secretary may request.

(4) Order testimony to be taken by deposition be fore any person who is designated by such Secretary
 and who has the power to administer oaths, and to
 compel testimony and the production of evidence in
 the same manner as authorized under paragraph (3)
 of this subsection.

7 (5) Pay witnesses the same fees and mileage as
8 are paid in like circumstances in the courts of the
9 United States.

10 (c) ENFORCEMENT.—In cases of refusal to obey a subpoena served upon any person under this section, the dis-11 trict court of the United States for any district in which 12 13 such person is found, resides, or transacts business, upon application by the Attorney General at the request of the 14 15 Secretary concerned and after notice to such person, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person 16 to appear and produce documents before the Secretary con-17 cerned. Any failure to obey such order of the court may 18 be punished by such court as contempt thereof and subject 19 to a penalty of up to \$10,000 a day. 20

(d) ENTRY AND ACCESS.—Without advance notice and
upon presentation of appropriate credentials, the Secretary,
or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, or any authorized representative thereof—

1 (1) shall have the right of entry to, upon, or 2 through the site of any claim, mineral activities, or 3 any premises in which any records required to be 4 maintained under this Act are located; 5 (2) may at reasonable times, and without delay, 6 have access to records, inspect any monitoring equip-7 ment, or review any method of operation required 8 under this Act; 9 (3) may engage in any work and do all things 10 necessary or expedient to implement and administer 11 the provisions of this Act; 12 (4) may, on any mining claim located under the 13 general mining laws and maintained in compliance 14 with this Act, and without advance notice, stop and 15 inspect any motorized form of transportation that 16 such Secretary has probable cause to believe is car-17 rying locatable minerals, concentrates, or products de-18 rived therefrom from a claim site for the purpose of 19 determining whether the operator of such vehicle has 20 documentation related to such locatable minerals, con-21 centrates, or products derived therefrom as required 22 by law, if such documentation is required under this 23 Act; and 24 (5) may, if accompanied by any appropriate law

24 (5) may, if accompanied by any appropriate law
25 enforcement officer, or an appropriate law enforce-

1 ment officer alone, stop and inspect any motorized 2 form of transportation which is not on a claim site 3 if he or she has probable cause to believe such vehicle 4 is carrying locatable minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom from a claim site on Federal 5 6 lands or allocated to such claim site. Such inspection shall be for the purpose of determining whether the 7 8 operator of such vehicle has the documentation re-9 quired by law, if such documentation is required 10 under this Act.

11SEC. 516. MULTIPLE MINERAL DEVELOPMENT AND SUR-12FACE RESOURCES.

13 The provisions of sections 4 and 6 of the Act of August 14 13, 1954 (30 U.S.C. 524 and 526), commonly known as 15 the Multiple Minerals Development Act, and the provisions 16 of section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 612), 17 shall apply to all mining claims located under the general 18 mining laws and maintained in compliance with such laws 19 and this Act.

20 SEC. 517. MINERAL MATERIALS.

21 (a) DETERMINATIONS.—Section 3 of the Act of July
22 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611), is amended as follows:

23 (1) By inserting "(a)" before the first sentence.

(2) By inserting "mineral materials, including
 but not limited to" after "varieties of" in the first
 sentence.

4 (3) By striking "or cinders" and inserting in
5 lieu thereof "cinders, and clay".

6 (4) By adding the following new subsection at
7 the end thereof:

"(b)(1) Subject to valid existing rights, after the date 8 9 of enactment of the Hardrock Mining and Reclamation Act of 2007, notwithstanding the reference to common varieties 10 in subsection (a) and to the exception to such term relating 11 to a deposit of materials with some property giving it dis-12 tinct and special value, all deposits of mineral materials 13 referred to in such subsection, including the block pumice 14 15 referred to in such subsection, shall be subject to disposal only under the terms and conditions of the Materials Act 16 17 of 1947.

18 "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'valid
19 existing rights' means that a mining claim located for any
20 such mineral material—

21 "(A) had and still has some property giving it
22 the distinct and special value referred to in subsection
23 (a), or as the case may be, met the definition of block
24 pumice referred to in such subsection;

1	"(B) was properly located and maintained
2	under the general mining laws prior to the date of en-
3	actment of the Hardrock Mining and Reclamation
4	Act of 2007;
5	"(C) was supported by a discovery of a valuable
6	mineral deposit within the meaning of the general
7	mining laws as in effect immediately prior to the
8	date of enactment of the Hardrock Mining and Rec-
9	lamation Act of 2007; and
10	``(D) that such claim continues to be valid under
11	this Act.".
12	(b) Mineral Materials Disposal Clarifica-
13	TION.—Section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
14	612), is amended as follows:
15	(1) In subsection (b) by inserting "and mineral
16	material" after "vegetative".
17	(2) In subsection (c) by inserting "and mineral
18	material" after "vegetative".
19	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1 of the Act
20	of July 31, 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the dis-
21	posal of materials on the public lands of the United States"
22	(30 U.S.C. 601 and following) is amended by striking
23	"common varieties of" in the first sentence.
24	(d) Short Titles.—

1	(1) SURFACE RESOURCES.—The Act of July 23,
2	1955, is amended by inserting after section 7 the fol-
3	lowing new section:
4	"SEC. 8. This Act may be cited as the 'Surface Re-
5	sources Act of 1955'.".
6	(2) Mineral materials.—The Act of July 31,
7	1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of
8	materials on the public lands of the United States"
9	(30 U.S.C. 601 and following) is amended by insert-
10	ing after section 4 the following new section:
11	"SEC. 5. This Act may be cited as the 'Materials Act
12	of 1947'.''.
13	(e) REPEALS.—(1) Subject to valid existing rights, the
14	Act of August 4, 1892 (27 Stat. 348, 30 U.S.C. 161), com-
15	monly known as the Building Stone Act, is hereby repealed.
16	(2) Subject to valid existing rights, the Act of January
17	31, 1901 (30 U.S.C. 162), commonly known as the Saline
18	Placer Act, is hereby repealed.

Union Calendar No.

^{110TH CONGRESS} H. R. 2262

[Report No. 110–]

A BILL

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.