Appendix B. Tables 3.3, 3.4 and 3.8

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Appendix B Table 3.3 Summary of Geology, Soils and Paleontology

| Milepost | Geology (Period) | Paleontology | Geologic Hazards | Soils |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| CH MM 6.5 | Medicine Bow (Cretaceous) | Mixed geologic | None noted. | Torriorthenty, |
| 7.0 | Lewis Shale (Cretaceous) | units, identified | | Shallow |
| 8.0 | Mesaverde Group(Cretaceous) Steele | dinosaur fossil sites | Relatively small | Torriorthenty |
| 9.0 | Shale (Cretaceous), Niobrara | within Cloverly | seismic activity. | Association |
| 10.0 | (Cretaceous), Frontier (Cretaceous) | Formation, | | |
| 11.0 | Mowry Shale (Cretaceous), Thermopolis | Sundance | | |
| 12.0 | Shale(Cretaceous) Cloverly (Cretaceous) | Formation, and Morrison Formation | | |
| 13.0 | Morrison Formation (Jurassic) | Monison Formation | | |
| 14.0 | Wornson Formation (Jurassic) | | | |
| 15.0 | | | | |
| 16.0 | | | | |
| 17.0 | | | | |
| 18.0 | | | | |
| 19.0 | Farris (Cretaceous and Paleocene Epoch | Study area is north | | |
| 20.0 | of Tertiary) | of known vertebrate | | |
| 21.0 | Hanna (Cretaceous and Paleocene Epoch | fossil bearing | | |
| 22.0 | of Tertiary) | zones. | | |
| 23.0 | | | | |
| 24.0 | | | | |
| 25.0 | | | | |
| 26.0 | | | | |
| 27.0 | | | | |
| 28.0 | | | | |
| 29.0 | | | 27 | |
| 30.0 | | | None noted. | |
| 31.0 | G. 1 G. 1 (C.) | 3.6 1 1 6 | | |
| 32.0 | Steele Shale (Cretaceous) | Marine deposits of sedimentary rock | | |
| 33.0 34.0 | Niobrara (Cretaceous) | sedifficitary rock | | |
| 35.0 | | Vertebrate fossils | | |
| 36.0 | | unlikely. | | |
| 37.0 | | | | |
| 38.0 | | | | |
| 39.0 | | | | |
| 40.0 | | | | |
| 41.0 | | | | |
| 42.0 | | | | |
| 43.0 | | | | |
| 44.0 | | | | |
| 45.0 | Steele Shale (Cretaceous) | Marine deposits of | None noted. | Torriorthenty, |
| 46.0 | Niobrara (Cretaceous) | sedimentary rock | | Shallow |
| 47.0 | The state (Cromodous) | | | Torriorthenty |
| 48.0 | | Vertebrate fossils | | Association |
| 49.0 | | unlikely. | | |
| 50.0 | | | | |
| 51.0 | | | | |
| 52.0 | | | | |
| 53.0 | | | | |
| 54.0 | | | | |
| 55.0 | | | | |
| 56.0 | | | | |
| 57.0 | | | | |
| 58.0 | | | | Equalla D1: |
| 59.0 60.0 | Almond (Cretaceous) | | | Forelle-Poposhia- Diamondville |
| 00.0 | Annona (Cretaceous) | | | (F-P-D) |

Appendix B Table 3.3 Summary of Geology, Soils and Paleontology

| Milepost | Geology (Period) | Paleontology | Geologic Hazards | Soils |
|----------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 61.0 | | | | Borollic |
| 62.0 | Steele (Cretaceous) | | | Camborthids- |
| | | | | Pahlow-Alcova (BC-P-A) |
| 63.0 | \dashv | | | Forelle-Poposhia- |
| 64.0 | Almond (Cretaceous) | | | Diamondville |
| 65.0 | <u> </u> | | | (F-P-D) |
| 66.0 | Lewis Shale (Cretaceous) | | | |
| 67.0 | | | | |
| 68.0 | Medicine Bow (Cretaceous) | | | |
| 69.0 | Wind River (Eocene Epoch of the | Tertiary Period | | |
| 70.0 | Tertiary Period) | vertebrate fossils possible. | | |
| 71.0 | _ | possible. | | GF-T-E |
| 73.0 | - | | | F-P-D |
| 74.0 | 7 | | | Gerdrum Family- |
| 75.0 | 7 | | | Tisworth-Elkol |
| 76.0 | <u> </u> | | | (GF-T-E) |
| 77.0 | | | | |
| 78.0 | | | | |
| 79.0 | _ | | | |
| 80.0 | | | | |
| 81.0 | Almond (Cretaceous) | Vertebrate fossils unlikely. | | |
| 82.0 | Recent Depositional Activity | Tertiary Period | None noted. | GF-T-E |
| 83.0 | (Tertiary) | vertebrate fossils | | |
| 84.0 | | possible. | | |
| 85.0 | 4 | | | |
| 86.0 87.0 | - | | | Redrob-Grenoble |
| 88.0 | - | Vertebrate fossils | | Redrob-Grenobie |
| 89.0 | Recent Depositional Activity | possible. | | F-P-D |
| 90.0 | j ' ' | • | | |
| 91.0 | | | | |
| 92.0 | | | | |
| 93.0 | Frontier (Cretaceous) | | | |
| 94.0 | Recent Depositional Activity | | | |
| 95.0 | (Tertiary) | | | |
| 96.0 97.0 | - | | | BC-P-A |
| 98.0 | 98.0 to 99.0 and from 100.0 to 100.6, | Vertebrate fossils | Relatively small | Wycolo-Tieside- |
| 99.0 | Chugwater Formation | unlikely. | seismic activity | Fiveoh |
| 100.0 | (Triassic); | | from 98.0 to 104.0; | |
| 101.0 | 99.0 to 100.0, Alluvial fan (Tertiary); | | normal and reverse | Pilotpeak- |
| 102.0 | 100.6 to 101.0, Forelle Limestone | | faults from 100.8. | Canwall-Rock |
| 103.0 | (Permian); 101.0 to 101.1, Satanka | | | Outcrop |
| 104.0 | Shale; 101.0 to 101.3 (Permian), Recent Deposition (Tertiary); 101.3 to 105.6 and | | | Cheadle-Nathale- |
| 105.0 | from 106.0 to 106.7, Casper and | | | Rock Outcrop |
| 106.0 | Fountain Formations (Pennsylvanian); | | | Rogert-Rock |
| | 105.6 to 106.0, Laramie Mountains | | | Outcrop |
| | Anorthesite and Norite (Precambrian | | | |
| 105 5 | Era) | | | _ |
| 107.0 | Sherman Granite | | None noted. | |
| 108.0 | (Precambrian Era) | | | |
| 109.0 110.0 | \dashv | | | |
| 110.0 | | <u> </u> | _1 | 1 |

Appendix B Table 3.3 Summary of Geology, Soils and Paleontology

| Milepost | Geology (Period) | Paleontology | Geologic Hazards | Soils |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| 111.0 | _ | | | |
| 112.0 | | | | |
| 113.0 | Sherman Granite | Vertebrate fossils | None noted. | Boyle-Lininger- |
| 114.0 | (Precambrian Era) | unlikely. | | Rock Outcrop |
| 115.0 | | | | Ipson-Evanston- |
| 116.0 | | | | Trimad |
| 117.0 | White River Formation | Tertiary Period | Reverse fault. | |
| 118.0 | (Eocene Epoch of Tertiary Period) | vertebrate fossils | None noted. | |
| 119.0 | _ | possible. | | Ipson-Evanston- |
| 120.0 | _ | | | Trimad |
| 121.0 | | | | - |
| 122.0 | | Tertiary Period | None noted. | |
| 123.0 | White River Formation | vertebrate fossils | | |
| 124.0 | (Eocene Epoch of Tertiary Period) | possible. | | |
| 125.0 | - | | | |
| 126.0 | - | | | D 1: DI |
| 127.0 | - | | | Poposhia-Blazon- Trimad |
| 128.0 | - | | | Tilliau |
| 129.0 | - | | | |
| 130.0 131.0 | - | | | Merden- |
| 131.0 | | | | Evanston- |
| | | | | Chivington |
| 132.0 | - | | | Evanston- |
| 133.0 | - | | | Trinidad- |
| 134.0 | - | | | Poposhia |
| 135.0 | Ogallala Formation | | | |
| 136.0 | (Oligocene Epoch of the Tertiary) | | | |
| 137.0 | (a gara a Para a ra a ra 3) | | | |
| 138.0 | 1 | | | |
| 139.0 | | | | Ascalon-Altvan- |
| 140.0 |] | | | Treon |
| 141.0 | | | | |
| 142.0 | | | | |
| 143.0 | | | | |
| 144.0 | | | | |
| 145.0 | | | | CI III |
| 146.0 | | | | Cheyenne Urban |
| CH MM | | | | Area CH MM145.5 to AU |
| 146.2 /0.0 | | | | CH 1.5 |
| AU CH | | | | C11 1.J |
| 1.0 | - | | | |
| 2.0 | - | | | |
| 3.0 | - | | | |
| 5.0 | Ogallala Formation | Tertiary Period | None Noted | Ascalon-Altvan- |
| 3.0 | (Oligocene Epoch of the Tertiary) | vertebrate fossils possible | None Noted | Ascalon-Altvan- Treon |
| 6.0 |] | | | |
| 7.0 |] | | | |
| 8.0 |] | | | Ascalon-Peetz |
| 9.0 |] | | | |
| 10.0 | | | | |
| 11.0 | White River Formation | | | Argiustolls – |
| 12.0 | (Eocene Epoch of Tertiary Period) | | | Rock Outcrop - |
| | <u> </u> | | | Ustic |

Appendix B Table 3.3 Summary of Geology, Soils and Paleontology

| Torriorther | scalon- |
|--|---------|
| 14.0 Formation (Cretaceous) Platner Renohill - Shingle | |
| 15.0 (Cretaceous) Renohill - Shingle Ascalon-Pour | Terry- |
| 16.0 Older gravels and alluvium (Pre – Bull 17.0 Lake, Quaternary Age) Tertiary Period vertebrate fossils possible | Terry- |
| 16.0 | |
| 17.0 | |
| 18.0 19.0 20.0 21.0 22.0 23.0 24.0 25.0 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | eetz |
| 19.0 20.0 21.0 22.0 23.0 24.0 25.0 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | |
| 20.0 21.0 Olney - A Platner Altvan - D 25.0 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | |
| Olney - A Platner | |
| 22.0 Platner Altvan - D | |
| 23.0 24.0 25.0 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | scalon- |
| 24.0 25.0 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | |
| 25.0 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | acono |
| 26.0 27.0 Tertiary Period | |
| 27.0 Tertiary Period | |
| | |
| 28.0 vertebrate fossils Olney – A | |
| Zo.o Vertebrate rossins | scalon- |
| possible Platner | |
| 29.0 Renohill – | Terry- |
| 30.0 Laramie Vertebrate fossils Shingle | |
| 31.0 Formation possible | |
| 32.0 (Cretaceous) Olney – A Platner | scalon- |
| 33.0 Renohill – | |
| AU CH | Terry |
| 34.0 | Terry |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|--|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam NE | NENW Sec. 14, T25N, R84W | WUS (7) |
| 2 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam NE | NENE Sec. 14, T25N, R84W | Non-WUS ¹ |
| 3 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam NE | SWNW Sec. 13, T25N, R84W | Non-WUS |
| 4 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam NE | NESW Sec. 13, T25N, R84W | Non-WUS |
| 5 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam NE | SESE Sec. 13, T25N, R84W | Non-WUS |
| 6 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam NE | SWSW Sec. 18, T25N, R83W | WUS (15) |
| 7 | Sipps Creek | Seminoe Dam SE | SWNE Sec. 19, T25N, R83W | WUS (3) |
| 8 | Sipps Creek | Seminoe Dam SE | SENE Sec. 19, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 9 | Sipps Creek | Seminoe Dam SE | SWNW Sec. 20, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 10 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam SE | NWNE Sec. 29, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 11 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Seminoe Dam SE | NWNW Sec. 28, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 12 | Saylor Creek | Seminoe Dam SE | NWSE Sec. 28, T25N, R83W | WUS (20) |
| 13 | McNees Draw | Seminoe Dam SE | SESE Sec. 28, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 14 | Beaver Jimmy Creek | Seminoe Dam SE | SWSW Sec. 27, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 15 | Saylor Creek | Seminoe Dam SE | NWNE Sec. 34, T25N, R83W | WUS (10) |
| 16 | No name (tributary to Saylor Creek) | Seminoe Dam SE | SENE Sec. 34, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 17 | Homestake Draw | Schneider Ridge | SENE Sec. 34, T25N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 18 | Saylor Creek | Schneider Ridge | NESW Sec. 35, T25N, R83W | WUS (3) |
| 19 | Caton Creek | Schneider Ridge | NENE Sec. 3, T24N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 20 | Austin Creek | Schneider Ridge | NWSW Sec. 12, T24N, R83W | WUS (4) |
| 21 | No name (tributary to Austin Creek) | Schneider Ridge | NWNW Sec. 13, T24N, R83W | WUS (2) |
| 22 | No Name (tributary to Austin Creek) | Schneider Ridge | NWNW Sec. 13, T24N, R83W | Non-WUS |
| 23 | No name (tributary to Austin Creek) | Schneider Ridge | SENW Sec. 13, T24N, R83W | Non-WUS |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 24 | No name (tributary to Seminoe Reservoir) | Schneider Ridge | SWSE Sec. 13, T24N, R83W | WUS (2) |
| 25 | No name (tributary to Cottonwood Draw) | Schneider Ridge | SWNW Sec. 20, T24N, R82W | Non-WUS |
| 26 | Cottonwood Draw | Schneider Ridge | SENE Sec. 20, T24N, R82W | WUS (5) |
| 27 | No name (tributary to Charlie Brooks Draw) | Schneider Ridge | SWNW Sec. 22, T24N, R82W | Non-WUS |
| 28 | No name | TE Ranch | SENE Sec. 22, T24N, R82W | Non-WUS |
| 29 | No name | TE Ranch | SENW Sec. 23, T24N, R82W | Non-WUS |
| 30 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | TE Ranch | SENW Sec. 24, T24N, R82W | WUS (30) |
| 31 | Dry Creek | TE Ranch | SENE Sec. 20, T24N, R81W | Non-WUS |
| 32 | Ditch | TE Ranch | SWNE Sec. 21, T24N, R81W | Ditch |
| 33 | Troublesome Creek | TE Ranch | SENE Sec. 21, T24N, R81W | WUS (8), potential wetland ³ |
| 34 | No name | TE Ranch | SENE Sec. 22, T24N, R81W | Non-WUS |
| 35 | Dry Creek | Difficulty | SESE Sec. 19, T24N, R80W | WUS (15) |
| 36 | No name (tributary to Dry Creek) | Difficulty | SESE Sec. 19, T24N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 37 | Canal | Difficulty | NENW Sec. 29, T24N, R80W | Canal |
| 38 | Difficulty Creek | Difficulty | SWNE Sec. 29, T24N, R80W | WUS (8), potential wetland ³ |
| 39 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | NESW Sec. 28, T24N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 40 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | NESW Sec. 28, T24N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 41 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | SWSE Sec. 28, T24N, R80W | WUS (6) |
| 42 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | SESE Sec. 28, T24N, R80W | WUS (2) |
| 43 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | SENW Sec. 34, T24N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 44 | Sledge Creek (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | NESE Sec. 34, T24N, R80W | WUS (30) |
| 45 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Difficulty | SESW Sec. 35, T24N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 46 | Medicine Bow River | Como East | SENE Sec. 2, T23N, R80W | WUS (30), potential wetland ³ |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 47 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Como East | SWSE Sec. 1, T23N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 48 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Como East | NENE Sec. 12, T23N, R80W | Non-WUS |
| 49 | Pine Draw | Como East | NENW Sec. 20, T23N, R79W | WUS (30) |
| 50 | No name (tributary to Pine Draw) | Como East | SWNE Sec. 20, T23N, R79W | Non-WUS |
| 51 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Como East | SWSE Sec. 27, T23N, R79W | Non-WUS |
| 52 | No name | Como East | NENE Sec. 2, T22N, R79W | Non-WUS |
| 53 | No name | Medicine Bow | SWNE Sec. 7, T22N, R78W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 54 | No name | Medicine Bow | NWSW Sec. 8, T22N, R78W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 55 | Vandiver Ditch | Pine Ridge | SENE Sec. 21, T22N, R78W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 56 | Medicine Bow River | Pine Ridge | NESE Sec. 21, T22N, R78W | WUS (30), potential wetland ³ |
| 57 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Pine Ridge | NWSW Sec. 22, T22N, R78W | Non-WUS |
| 58 | No name | Pine Ridge | SESE Sec. 27, T22N, R78W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 59 | No name (tributary to Medicine Bow River) | Pine Ridge | SESE Sec. 27, T22N, R78W | Non-WUS ⁵ |
| 60 | No name (tributary to Iron Hill Lake) | Foote Creek Lake | NESW Sec. 1, T21N, R78W | WUS (8) |
| 61 | No name (tributary to Iron Hill Lake) | Foote Creek Lake | SWSE Sec. 1, T21N, R78W | WUS (8) |
| 62 | No name | Foote Creek Lake | SWSE Sec. 1, T21N, R78W | WUS (4) |
| 63 | No name | Foote Creek Lake | SENE Sec. 12, T21N, R78W | WUS (4) |
| 64 | No name | Foote Creek Lake | SENE Sec. 12, T21N, R78W | Non-WUS |
| 65 | Ditch | Foote Creek Lake | NENW Sec. 18, T21N, R77W | Ditch |
| 66 | No name | Foote Creek Lake | SWNE Sec. 18, T21N, R77W | WUS (8) |
| 67 | No name | Foote Creek Lake | SWSW Sec. 17, T21N, R77W | Non-WUS |
| 68 | Foote Creek | Foote Creek Lake | SESE Sec. 20, T21N, R77W | WUS (12) |
| 69 | No name (tributary to Foote Creek) | Foote Creek Lake | NWNW Sec. 28. T21N, R77W | Non-WUS |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 70 | No name | Pierce Reservoir | NESW Sec. 34, T21N, R77W | Non-WUS |
| 71 | No name | Pierce Reservoir | NWNW Sec. 3, T20N, R77W | Non-WUS |
| 72 | No name | Pierce Reservoir | NENE Sec. 10, T20N, R77W | Non-WUS |
| 73 | Bosler Ditch | Pierce Reservoir | SWNW Sec. 11, T20N, R77W | Ditch |
| 74 | Rock Creek | Pierce Reservoir | NESW Sec. 11, T20N, R77W | WUS (20); potential wetland ⁴ |
| 75 | Three Mile Creek | Pierce Reservoir | SESW Sec. 11, T20N, R77W | WUS (20); potential wetland ⁴ |
| 76 | Coalbank Creek | Pierce Reservoir | NWNE Sec. 14, T20N, R77W | WUS (4), potential wetland ³ |
| 77 | No name playa | Rock River | SESW Sec. 13 and NENW Sec. 24, T20N, R77W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 78 | Coalbank Creek | Rock River | NESE Sec. 24, T20N, R77W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 79 | Coalbank Creek | Rock River | SESE Sec. 24, T20N, R77W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 80 | Coalbank Creek | Rock River | NWSE Sec. 30, T20N, R76W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 81 | No name (tributary to Coalbank Creek) | Rock River | NWNW Sec. 32, T20N, R76W | Non-WUS |
| 82 | No name (tributary to Coalbank Creek) | Rock River | SENW Sec. 32, T20N, R76W | Non-WUS |
| 83 | No name | Rock River | SWNW Sec. 4, T19N, R76W | Non-WUS |
| 84 | No name | Rock River | SWSE Sec. 4, T19N, R76W | Non-WUS |
| 85 | Ditch | Rock River | SENE Sec. 9, T19N, R76W | Ditch |
| 86 | No name | Rock River | SWSW Sec. 10, T19N, R76W | Non-WUS |
| 87 | Dutton Creek | Rock River | NENW Sec. 15, T19N, R76W | WUS (25), potential wetland ³ |
| 88 | King Ditch No. 2 | Big Judson | SENW Sec. 23, T19N, R76W | Ditch |
| 89 | No name | Big Judson | SESE Sec. 23, T19N, R76W | Non-WUS; potential wetland ³ |
| 90 | No name playa and Homer Ditch | Big Judson | NWNW and SENW Sec. 25, T19N, R76W | Potential wetland and ditch ³ |
| 91 | Cooper Creek | Cooper Lake South | SWNW Sec. 31, T19N, R75W | WUS (20), potential wetland ³ |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| 92 | Cooper Creek | Cooper Lake South | SWNW Sec. 31, T19N, R75W | Non-WUS |
| 93 | No name | Cooper Lake South | NWSW Sec. 5, T18N, R75W | WUS (6), potential wetland ³ |
| 94 | No name | Cooper Lake South | NENW Sec. 16, T18N, R75W | WUS (6) |
| 95 | No name playa | Cooper Lake South | E½ Sec. 16, T18N, R75W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 96 | No name playa, no name stream | Cooper Lake South | SWNW and SENW Sec. 22, T18N, R75W | Potential wetland ³ , Non-WUS |
| 97 | James Lake North Canal | Cooper Lake South | NWSE Sec. 22, T18N, R75W | Canal |
| 98 | James Lake North Canal | Cooper Lake South | NENE Sec. 27, T18N, R75W | Canal |
| 99 | No name | Cooper Lake South | NWSW Sec. 26, T18N, R75W | Non-WUS |
| 100 | No name | Alsop Lake | SWSE Sec. 26, T18N, R75W | Non-WUS |
| 101 | Ditch | Alsop Lake | SWSE Sec. 26, T18N, R75W | Ditch |
| 102 | No name playa | Alsop Lake | NENE Sec. 35, T18N, R75W | Non-wetland |
| 103 | No name | Alsop Lake | NWSW Sec. 36, T18N, R75W | WUS (4) |
| 104 | Four Mile Creek | Alsop Lake | NENW Sec. 1, T17N, R75W | WUS (6), potential wetland ³ |
| 105 | No name | Alsop Lake | NESE Sec. 1, T17N, R75W | Non-WUS |
| 106 | No name | Alsop Lake | SESE Sec. 1, T17N, R75W | Non-WUS |
| 107 | No name (tributary to Little Laramie River) | Bamforth Lake | NWNW Sec. 7, T17N, R74W | Non-WUS |
| 108 | No name (tributary to Little Laramie River) | Bamforth Lake | NWSE Sec. 7, T17N, R74W | Non-WUS |
| 109 | Little Laramie River | Bamforth Lake | SESE Sec. 7, T17N, R74W | WUS (25), potential wetland ³ |
| 110 | Browns Creek | Bamforth Lake | NWNW Sec. 17, T17N, R74W | WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 111 | No name (tributary to Browns Creek) | Bamforth Lake | SENW Sec. 17, T17N, R74W | WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 112 | Ditch | Bamforth Lake | NESW Sec. 17, T17N, R74W | Ditch |
| 113 | Ditch | Bamforth Lake | SWSE Sec. 17, T17N, R74W | Ditch |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| 114 | Ditch | Bamforth Lake | NENE Sec. 20, T17N, R74W | Ditch |
| 115 | No name playas | Bamforth Lake | SESW Sec. 21 and E½ Sec. 28, T17N, R74W | Dry playas, potential wetlands ³ |
| 116 | Ditch | Bamforth Lake | SENE Sec. 28, T17N, R74W | Ditch |
| 117 | North Canal | Bamforth Lake | NENW Sec. 34, T17N, R74W | Canal |
| 118 | North Canal | Bamforth Lake | NESW Sec. 2, T16N, R74W | Canal |
| 119 | No name | Laramie SW | NWNW Sec. 13, T16N, R74W | Non-WUS |
| 120 | No name | Laramie SW | NWSE Sec. 13, T16N, R74W | Non-WUS |
| 121 | North Canal | Laramie SW | SESE Sec. 13, T16N, R74W | Non-WUS |
| 122 | Canal | Laramie | SENE Sec. 19, T16N, R73W | Ditch |
| 123 | No name | Laramie | SESE and NWSW Sec. 20, T16N, R73W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 124 | Laramie River | Laramie | SESE Sec. 20, T16N, R73W | WUS (30) |
| 125 | No name | Laramie | SENW Sec. 25, T16N, R73W | WUS (10) |
| 126 | No name (tributary to Jack Spring Rabbit Creek) | Pilot Hill | SENE Sec. 29, T16N, R72W | Non-WUS |
| 127 | No name | Pilot Hill | NESE Sec. 27, T16N, R72W | Non-WUS |
| 128 | Horse Creek | Pilot Hill | NWSW Sec. 25, T16N, R72W | ND ² , potential wetland ³ |
| 129 | No name | Pilot Hill | NESE Sec. 25, T16N, R72W | ND |
| 130 | No name | Pilot Hill | SWNW Sec. 30, T16N, R71W | ND |
| 131 | No name | Pilot Hill | SWNW Sec. 30, T16N, R71W | ND |
| 132 | No name | Pilot Hill | SWNW Sec. 29, T16N, R71W | ND |
| 133 | No name | Pilot Hill | SENW Sec. 29, T16N, R71W | ND |
| 134 | Meadow Fork Branch | Green Top Mountain | SENW Sec. 26, T16N, R71W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 135 | Dry Creek | Green Top Mountain | SWNW Sec. 25, T16N, R71W | ND |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|--|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 136 | Dry Creek | Green Top Mountain | SWNE Sec. 25, T16N, R71W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 137 | No name (tributary to North Lodgepole Creek) | Islay | SENW Sec. 28, T16N, R70W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 138 | No name (tributary to North Lodgepole Creek) | Islay | SENE Sec. 28, T16N, R70W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 139 | No name (tributary to North Lodgepole Creek) | Islay | SENW Sec. 27, T16N, R70W | ND |
| 140 | No name (tributary to North Lodgepole Creek | Islay | NWSE Sec. 27, T16N, R70W | ND |
| 141 | North Lodgepole Creek | Islay | NESE Sec. 27, T16N, R70W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 142 | No name (tributary to North Lodgepole Creek) | Islay | NESW Sec. 26, T16N, R70W | ND |
| 143 | North Lodgepole Creek | Islay | NWSE Sec. 26, T16N, R70W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 144 | Middle Lodgepole Creek | Islay | SWSW Sec. 25, T16N, R70W | ND, potential wetland ³ |
| 145 | Ditch | Islay | NWNW Sec. 36, T16N, R70W | Ditch |
| 146 | No name | Islay | SENW Sec. 36, T16N, R70W | Non-WUS |
| 147 | No name | Islay | NWSE Sec. 36, T16N, R70W | Non-WUS |
| 148 | No name | Islay | SWSE Sec. 36, T16N, R70W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 149 | No name | Islay | NENE Sec. 1, T15N, R70W | Non-WUS |
| 150 | No name | Islay | NESE Sec. 1, T15N, R70W | Non-WUS |
| 151 | No name | Islay | NESE Sec. 1, T15N, R70W | Non-WUS |
| 152 | No name | Islay | SWSW Sec. 6, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 153 | South Lodgepole Creek | Islay | SENW Sec. 7, T15N, R69W | WUS (4), potential wetland ³ |
| 154 | No name (tributary to South Lodgepole Creek) | Islay | NESW Sec. 7, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 155 | No name | Islay | SENE Sec. 18, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 156 | No name | Islay | NESE Sec. 18, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 157 | No name | Islay | SESE Sec. 18, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 158 | No name | Islay | NWSW Sec. 20, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 159 | No Name | Hecla | NWNE Sec. 29, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 160 | No name | Hecla | SWNE Sec. 29, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 161 | No name | Hecla | NWSE Sec. 29, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 162 | No name | Hecla | SESE Sec. 29, T15N, R69W | WUS (3), potential wetland ³ |
| 163 | No name | Hecla | NENE Sec. 32, T15N, R69W | WUS (6) |
| 164 | No name | Hecla | NWNW Sec. 33, T15N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 165 | No name | Silver Crown | NWNE Sec. 4, T14N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 166 | North Fork Crow Creek | Silver Crown | NESE Sec. 4, T14N, R69W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 167 | No name | Silver Crown | SWSW Sec. 3, T14N, R69W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 168 | No name | Silver Crown | SESE Sec. 14, T14N, R69W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 169 | Crow Creek | Silver Crown | SESE Sec. 14, T14N, R69W | WUS (4), potential wetland ³ |
| 170 | Crow Creek | Silver Crown | NWNW Sec. 24, T14N, R69W | WUS (4), potential wetland ³ |
| 171 | Gilchrist Ditch No. 4 | Silver Crown | NESW Sec. 24, T14N, R69W | Ditch |
| 172 | No name (tributary to Crow Creek) | Silver Crown | SESE Sec. 24, T14N, R69W | Non-WUS |
| 173 | No name (tributary to Crow Creek) | Silver Crown | NWNW Sec. 30, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 174 | No name (tributary to Crow Creek) | Silver Crown | NWNW Sec. 30, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 175 | Ditch | Silver Crown | NESW Sec. 30, T14N, R68W | Ditch |
| 176 | No name | Silver Crown | SESE Sec. 30, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 177 | No name | Silver Crown | SWSW Sec. 29, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 178 | No name | Silver Crown | NENE Sec. 32, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 179 | No name | Silver Crown | NENE Sec. 32, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 180 | No name | Silver Crown | NWNE Sec. 33, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 181 | No name | Silver Crown | SENE Sec. 33, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 182 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Round Top Lake | SWNW Sec. 34, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 183 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Round Top Lake | SWNE Sec. 34, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 184 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Round Top Lake | NESE Sec. 34, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 185 | No name | Round Top Lake | NESE Sec. 35, T14N, R68W | Non-WUS |
| 186 | No name | Round Top Lake | SWSW Sec. 31, T14N, R67W | Non-WUS |
| 187 | No name | Round Top Lake | NENE Sec. 6, T13N, R67W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 188 | No name | Round Top Lake | NWNE Sec. 5, T13N, R67W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 189 | No name | Round Top Lake | SWNE, Sec. 4, T13N, R67W | Non-WUS |
| 190 | No name | Cheyenne South | SESW Sec. 2, T13N, R67W | Potential wetland ⁴ |
| 191 | Ditch (or channeled) | Cheyenne South | SWSE Sec. 2, T13N, R67W | Ditch |
| 192 | Clear Creek | Cheyenne South | SENE Sec. 11, T13N, R67W | Non-WUS, potential wetland ³ |
| 193 | No name | Cheyenne South | SWNW Sec. 12, T13N, R67W | Potential wetland |
| 194 | No name (tributary to closed basin) | Cheyenne South | SENE Sec. 18, T13N, R66W | Non-WUS ¹ |
| 195 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | SWNW Sec. 29, T13N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 196 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | NWNW Sec. 32, T13N, R66W | WUS (2) |
| 197 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | SWSW Sec. 32, T13N, R66W | Wetland |
| 198 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | SWSW Sec. 5, T12N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 199 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | NWNW Sec. 17, T12N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 200 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | SWNW Sec. 17, T12N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 201 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | SWSW Sec. 17, T12N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 202 | No name (tributary to Porter Draw) | Cheyenne South | SWSW Sec. 17, T12N, R66W | WUS (2) |
| 203 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | SWSW Sec. 20, T12N, R66W | WUS (20) |
| 204 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | SWSW Sec. 29, T12N, R66W | WUS (2) |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 205 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | NWNW Sec. 32, T12N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 206 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | SWSW Sec. 32, T12N, R66W | WUS (5) |
| 207 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | NWNW Sec. 5, T11N, R55W | Non-WUS |
| 208 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | SWSW Sec. 5, T11N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 209 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | NWNW Sec. 8, T11N, R66W | WUS (10) |
| 210 | No name (tributary to Owl Creek) | Carr East | SWSW Sec. 8, T11N, R66W | WUS (16) |
| 211 | No name (tributary to Little Owl Creek) | Carr East | NWNW Sec. 32, T11N, R66W | Wetland |
| 212 | No name (tributary to Little Owl Creek) | Carr East | SWSW Sec. 32, T11N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 213 | No name (tributary to Lone Tree Creek) | Carr East | NWSW Sec. 29, T10N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 214 | No name (tributary to Lone Tree Creek) | Carr East | NWNW Sec. 32, T10N, R66W | Wetland, WUS (10) |
| 215 | No name (tributary to Lone Tree Creek) | Carr East | NWNW Sec. 32, T10N, R66W | Wetland, WUS (25) |
| 216 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | NWSW Sec. 17, T9N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 217 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | SWSW Sec. 17, T9N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 218 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | NWNW Sec. 20, T9N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 219 | Spring Creek | Dover | NWSW Sec. 32, T9N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 220 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | SWNW Sec. 5, T8N, R66W | Dredged WUS –ditch (5) |
| 221 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | SWNW Sec. 5, T8N, R66W | Dredged WUS -ditch (5) |
| 222 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | NWSW Sec. 8, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 223 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Dover | NWNW Sec. 17, T8N, R66W | Dredged WUS -ditch (15) |
| 224 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Nunn | SWNW Sec. 17, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 225 | No name (tributary to Spring Creek) | Nunn | SWNW Sec. 17, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 226 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Nunn | NWNW Sec. 20, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 227 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Nunn | NWNW Sec. 20, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |

| Feature No. | Name | U.S. Geological Survey 7.5' Quadrangle | Location | Water of the U.S. (width in ft) or Wetland ¹ |
|----------------|---|---|----------------------------|---|
| 228 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Nunn | NWNW Sec. 29, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 229 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Nunn | NWNW Sec. 29, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 230 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Nunn | SWSW Sec. 29, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 231 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Nunn | SWSW Sec. 29, T8N, R66W | Non-WUS |
| 232 | No name (tributary to Pierce Lateral Ditch System) | Severance | NWNW Sec. 5, T7N, R66W | Non-WUS |

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| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Corridor1,2 Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Mammals | | | | | |
| Abert's squirrel | Sciurus aberti | Ponderosa pine connected to the main population in northern Colorado | WY | | None |
| Black-tailed prairie dog | Cynomys ludovicianus | Shortgrass prairie, usually with loose, sandy soils; can form large, dense colonies | CO, WY | NSS3 SC | Potential |
| Botta's pocket gopher | Thomomy bottae rubidus | Southwestern Colorado | СО | SC | None |
| Dwarf shrew | Sorex nanus | Historically, found in alpine rubble slopes and conifer forests above 4,000 m; sometimes found in prairie and pinyon-juniper at lower elevations | WY | | Unlikely |
| Eastern cottontail | Sylvilagus floridanus | Nation-wide they are habitat generalists, but in Wyoming are restricted to riparian or brushy habitats | WY | | Potential |
| Eastern mole | Scalopus aquaticus | Found in southeast Wyoming in areas of soft, deep soil and where moisture keeps soil relatively loose; collections in Lingle and Horse Creeks | WY | | Potential |
| Fringed myotis | Myotis thysanodes | Found in mid-elevation grasslands, deserts and woodlands; sometimes found in higher forests; roosts: caves, mines, rock crevices, buildings | WY | NSS2 | Potential |
| Hoary bat | Lasiurus cinereus | Widespread and mobile, hoary bats are found in shrublands, grasslands, and aspen-pine forests near roosting habitat; roosts: deciduous trees | WY | | Potential |
| Kit fox | Vulpes macrotis | Western Colorado | CO | SE | None |
| Long-eared myotis | Myotis evotis | Found in conifer forests, especially ponderosa pine; forage over water holes and possible openings in conifer forest; roosts: caves, buildings, mines | WY | | Potential |
| Northern pocket gopher | Thomomys talpoides macrotis | Meadows and along streams | СО | SC | Potential |
| Pallid bat | Antrozous pallidus | Generally found in desert and grassland habitats | WY | NSS2 | Potential |
| Plains (eastern) spotted skunk | Spilogale putorius interruptua | Usually occur near riparian areas, but also found near human settlements (fence rows, barns, brush piles, etc.) | WY | | Potential |
| River otter | Lontra canadensis | Upper Colorado River, Dolores River, and upper Platte River | СО | ST | None |
| Spotted bat | Euderma maculatum | Cliff roosting, generally near perennial water in a variety of habitats (including desert, shrub- steppe, and evergreen forest) | WY | NSS2 | Potential |
| Swift fox | Vulpes velox | Shortgrass prairie, but can be found in sage- grasslands; they are particularly found in sparely vegetated areas such as prairie dog towns | WY, CO | NSS3 SC | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Townsend's big- eared bat | Corynorhinus townsendii [Plecotus townsendii] | Hibernates and day-roosts in caves and mines and will use buildings as day roosts; typical habitat includes desert shrublands, pinyon- juniper woodlands, and dry conifer forests, generally near riparian or wetland areas | WY, CO | NSS2 SC | Potential |
| White-footed mouse | Peromyscus leucopus | Found along forest riparian corridors that extend into Wyoming from the east, although they are sometimes caught in grasslands adjacent to these forests (where deer mice are more common) | WY | | None |
| White-tailed prairie dog (Large towns only) | Cynomys leucurus | Found in grassland and shrub-grass communities, often with loose, sandy soils; colonies are usually not as large or dense as black-tailed prairie dog colonies | WY | | Known to occur |
| Wolverine | Gulo gulo | High elevations with heavy timbers | CO | SE | Unlikely |
| Wyoming pocket gopher | Thomomys clusius | Meadow with loose soil | WY | | Likely |
| Birds | | | | | |
| American avocet | Recurvirostra americana | Marshes, ponds, and shores, especially alkaline areas | WY | | Potential |
| American bittern | Botaurus lentiginosus | Marshes and vegetated shorelines, especially cattails and bulrushes | WY | NSS3 | Potential |
| American dipper | Cinclus mexicanus | Fast flowing rocky streams mostly in mountains, moves to lower elev. streams and rivers in winter | WY | | Potential |
| American peregrine falcon | Falco peregrinus anatum | Mountainous zones or cliffs near large lakes and rivers | WY, CO | NSS3 SC | Likely |
| American three-toed woodpecker | Picoides dorsalis [Picoides tridactylus] | Old-growth conifer forest, especially spruce-fir and ponderosa pine or recently burned forest | WY | | Potential |
| American white pelican (Breeding colonies only) | Pelecanus erythrorhynchos | Ponds, lakes, rivers, and reservoirs | WY | NSS3 | Likely |
| Baird's sparrow | Ammodramus bairdii | Mid-grass prairie and meadows | WY, CO | NSS4 | Potential |
| Bald eagle | Haliaeetus leucocephalus | Wooded areas usually along rivers, lakes, reservoirs; sometimes in open country | WY | | Likely |
| Barn owl | Tyto alba | Open country around abandoned buildings, barns, holes in cut banks, and cliffs | WY | | Unlikely |
| Black tern (Breeding colonies only) | Chlidonias niger | Ponds, lakes, reservoirs, and marshes | WY | NSS3 | Potential |
| Black-billed cuckoo | Coccyzus erythropthalmus | Deciduous woods and thickets, usually along large streams | WY | | Potential |
| Black-crowned night- heron | Nycticorax nycticorax | Marshes and wooded streams | WY | | Potential |
| Black-necked stilt | Himantopus mexicanus | Marshes, ponds, and shores | WY | | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Black-rosy finch [Rosy finch] | Leucosticte atrata [Leucosticte arctoa] | Above timberline, usually near cliffs, rocky areas and snowfields; can be found in open country and towns in the winter | WY | | Unlikely |
| Black-throated gray warbler | Dendroica nigrescens | Juniper woodlands | WY | | None |
| Blue grosbeak | Guiraca caerulea | Thickets, stream sides, and woodland edges | WY | | Potential |
| Bobolink | Dolichonyx oryzivorus | Tall grass, usually with overlooking perch | WY | NSS4 | Unlikely |
| Brewer's sparrow | Spizella breweri | Sagebrush foothills and medium-height sagebrush in basins; also, mountain mahogany hills | WY, CO | | Likely |
| Bufflehead | Bucephala albeola | Lakes, ponds, rivers, and reservoirs | WY | | Potential |
| Burrowing owl | Athene cunicularia [Speotyto cunicularia] | Plains and basins, often associated with prairie dog towns | WY, CO | NSS4 ST | Likely |
| Bushtit | Psaltriparus minimus | Juniper woodlands | WY | NSS3 | None |
| California gull (Breeding colonies only) | Larus californicus | Lakes, reservoirs, wet meadows, fields, and garbage dumps | WY | | Potential |
| Canyon wren | Catherpes mexicanus | Rocky canyons and cliffs | WY | | Unlikely |
| Caspian tern | Sterna caspia | Lakes, reservoirs, and rivers | WY | NSS3 | Potential |
| Chestnut-collared longspur | Calcarius ornatus | Medium height grass, especially meadows around ponds | WY | NSS4 | Unlikely |
| Chimney swift | Chaetura pelagica | Cities and towns, usually over buildings | WY | | Potential |
| Clark's grebe | Aechmophorus clarkii [Achemophorus occidentalis] | Ponds, lakes, and reservoirs | WY | NSS4 | Potential |
| Columbian sharp- tailed grouse | Tympanuchus phasianellus columbianus | Grasslands | WY, CO | SC | Potential |
| Common goldeneye | Bucephala clangula | Lakes, rivers, and reservoirs | WY | | Potential |
| Common loon | Gavia immer | Nests on medium to large lakes not disturbed by humans; during migration found on ponds, lakes, and reservoirs | WY | NSS1 | Potential |
| Eastern bluebird | Sialia sialis | Open woodlands | WY | | Unlikely |
| Eastern screech-owl | Otus asio | Wooded river and stream bottoms, usually with cottonwoods | WY | NSS3 | Potential |

| Group/Common | Scientific Name | Habitat | State | State | Potential to |
|---|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Name | determine i tume | 22407440 | Where Listed Sensitive | Status ^{3,4} | Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
| Ferruginous hawk | Buteo regalis | Open grasslands and shrublands | WY, CO | SC | Known to occur |
| Forster's tern | Sterna forsteri | Lakes, reservoirs, and marshes | WY | NSS3 | Potential |
| Golden eagle | Aquila chrysaetos | Open grasslands and shrublands especially around cliffs and canyons | WY | | Known to occur |
| Golden-crowned kinglet | Regulus satrapa | Mature spruce forest, usually along streams; descend to lower elevations in winter | WY | | Unlikely |
| Grasshopper sparrow | Ammodramus savannarum | "Mid-grass" prairie, tall-grass prairie, hay meadows, and open savanna | WY | | Unlikely |
| Greater prairie- chicken | Tympanuchus cupido | Taller grasslands | WY | | Unlikely |
| Greater sage-grouse | Centrocercus urophasianus | Sagebrush basins and foothills, generally close to water | WY, CO | SC | Known to occur |
| Greater sandhill crane | Grus canadensis tabida | Mud flats around reservoirs, moist meadows, and agricultural areas, parks with grassy hummocks and watercourses, beaver ponds, and natural ponds lined with willow or aspen, wetlands, and shallow marshes | СО | SC | Potential |
| Gunnison sage- grouse | Centrocercus minimus | Southwestern Colorado | СО | SC | None |
| Hammond's flycatcher | Empidonax hammondii | Tall, moist montane conifer forest, especially along streams | WY | | Unlikely |
| Herring gull (Breeding colonies only) | Larus argentatus | Lakes, reservoirs, wet meadows, and fields | WY | | Potential |
| Lesser prairie- chicken | Tympanuchus pallidicinctus | Grasslands with an abundance of midgrasses and sand sage | СО | ST | Potential |
| Lewis' woodpecker | Melanerpes lewis | Open, mature ponderosa pine forest and recently burned forest | WY | NSS3 | Potential |
| Loggerhead shrike | Lanius ludovicians | Open country with scattered trees and shrubs | WY, CO | | Known to occur |
| Long-billed curlew | Numenius americanus | Meadows, pastures, shorelines, and marshes | WY, CO | NSS3 SC | Potential |
| McCown's longspur | Calcarius mccownii | Sparsely vegetated shortgrass prairie | WY | NSS4 | Potential |
| Merlin | Falco columbarius | Open woodlands, grasslands, and shrublands sometimes in cities in winter | WY | | Potential |
| Mountain plover | Charadrius montanus | Sparse shortgrass or mixed grass prairie; also in short-sagebrush plains; often associated with prairie dog towns | WY, CO | NSS4 SC | Potential |
| Northern bobwhite (Native populations only) | Colinus virginianus | Brushy areas and open woodlands | WY | | Potential |
| Northern goshawk | Accipiter gentilis | Open montane conifer forest or aspen | WY, CO | NSS4 | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Osprey | Pandion haliaetus | Wooded areas along lakes and rivers | WY | | Unlikely |
| Plains sharp-tailed grouse | Tympanuchus phasianellus jamesii | Douglas County | СО | SE | None |
| Pygmy nuthatch | Sitta pygmaea | Mature ponderosa pine forest | WY | NSS4 | Unlikely |
| Ring-billed gull (Breeding colonies only) | Larus delawarensis | Lakes, reservoirs, fields, garbage dumps, and wet meadows | WY | | Potential |
| Ring-necked duck | Aythya collaris | Rivers, lakes, and reservoirs | WY | | Potential |
| Rose-breasted grosbeak | Pheucticus ludovicianus | Riparian woodlands and cities and towns | WY | | Potential |
| Sage sparrow | Amphispiza belli | Medium to tall sagebrush shrubland | WY, CO | | Likely |
| Sage thrasher | Oreoscoptes montanus | Tall sagebrush and greasewood | WY, CO | | Likely |
| Short-eared owl | Asio flammeus | Open grasslands, meadows, marshes, and farmland, especially around tall grass or weeds | WY | | Potential |
| Snowy egret | Egretta thula | Ponds, lakes, and reservoirs | WY | | Potential |
| Snowy plover | Charadrius alexandrinus | Sandy beaches and shores of alkaline ponds | WY | | Potential |
| Trumpeter swan | Cygnus buccinator | Ponds, lakes, and streams | WY | NSS2 | Potential |
| Tundra swan | Cygnus columbianus | Ponds, lakes, and reservoirs | WY | | Potential |
| Virginia rail | Rallus limicola | Densely vegetated marshes, especially cattails and bulrushes | WY | | Potential |
| Virginia's warbler | Vermivora virginiae | Riparian woodlands and brushy slopes | WY | | Potential |
| Western scrub-jay | Aphelocoma californica [Aphelocoma coerulescens] | Juniper woodlands | WY | NSS3 | None |
| Western snowy plover | Charadrius alexandrinus | Sandy beaches, alkaline lakes | СО | SC | Potential |
| White-faced ibis | Plegadis chihi | Marshes, wet meadows, and vegetated shorelines | WY | NSS3 | Potential |
| White-winged crossbill | Loxia leucoptera | Conifer forest with an abundance of cones, especially mature spruce on high ridges | WY | | Potential |
| White-winged junco | Junco hyemalis aikeni | Open woodlands and woodland edges; cities and towns in winter | WY | | Potential |
| Williamson's sapsucker | Sphyrapicus thyroideus | Old-growth conifer forest, especially a mixture of spruce and lodgepole pine | WY | | Potential |
| Winter wren | Troglodytes troglodytes | Brushy stream-sides in conifer forest | WY | | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Corridor1,2 Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Yellow-billed cuckoo | Coccyzus americanus | Deciduous woods and thickets, usually along large streams | WY, CO | NSS2 SC | Potential |
| Amphibians | | | | | |
| Boreal toad | Bufo boreas boreas | Montane habitats, spruce fir forest, alpine, pond margins, wet meadows, and riparian areas | WY, CO | NSS2 SE | None |
| Couch's spadefoot | Scaphiopus couchii | Shortgrass plains, mesquite savanna, creosote bush desert, other areas of low rainfall | СО | SC | None |
| Great Basin spadefoot | Spea intermontana | Spring seeps, permanent and temporary waters | WY | NSS4 | Potential |
| Great plains narrowmouth toad | Gastrophryne olivacea | Damp burrows, crevices, under rocks, bark, and boards in the vicinity of streams, springs, and rain pools | СО | SC | Unlikely |
| Northern cricket frog | Acris crepitans | Shortgrass plains of eastern Colorado along rivers | СО | SC | None |
| Northern leopard frog | Rana pipiens | Found near permanent water in areas up to about 9,000 feet; lower elevation sites are usually swampy cattail marshes and higher ones tend to be beaver ponds | WY, CO | SC | Potential |
| Plains leopard frog | Rana blairi | Arid regions of plains and prairies near shallow streams and ponds | СО | SC | Potential |
| Wood frog (Southern Rocky Mountain population) | Rana sylvatica (undescribed taxon) | Wood frogs are found in ponds, lakes, and slow-moving streams at higher elevations (e.g., usually over 8,500 feet above sea level), often in the vicinity of conifer forests | WY, CO | SC | None |
| Reptiles | | | | | |
| Common garter snake | Thamnophis sirtalis | Ponds, marshes, prairie swales, roadside ditches, streams, sloughs, damp meadows, woods, farms, and city lots | СО | SC | Likely |
| Common kingsnake | Lampropeltis getula | Deserts, riparian areas, woodlands, forests, and farmland from sea level to 7,000 ft | СО | SC | None |
| Lesser earless lizard | Holbrookia maculata | The northern earless lizard is usually found in grassland communities, preferring exposed, sandy areas with yucca | WY | | Unlikely |
| Longnose leopard lizard | Gambelia wislizenii | Arid and semiarid plains with bunchgrass, alkalibush, creosote bush, or other scattered low plants | СО | SC | Unlikely |
| Massasauga | Sistrurus catenatus | River bottoms, wet prairies, swamps, bogs, woodlands | СО | SC | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Midget faded rattlesnake | Crotalus viridis concolor | Rocky arid areas up to 8,000 ft in elevation | СО | SC | None |
| Milk snake | Lampropeltis triangulum | Milk snakes can be found in woodlands along escarpments in prairie communities below about 6,000 feet | WY | | Potential |
| Northern many-lined skink | Eumeces multivirgatus multivirgatus | The many-lined skink occurs in grassland communities or open scarp woodlands; lives on the ground and often hides under loose objects (e.g., boards, logs, rocks, etc.) | | | Potential |
| Northern prairie lizard | Sceloporus undulatus garmani | The northern prairie lizard is mostly found in grasslands, but also in low shrublands and in woodlands along rock escarpments (not among large rocks and cliffs, as the red-lipped prairie lizard) | | | Potential |
| Red-lipped prairie lizard | Sceloporus undulatus erythrocheilus | The red-lipped prairie lizard is restricted to rock and cliff habitats along the Front Range | СО | | None |
| Roundtail horned lizard | Phrynosoma modestum | Sandy or gravelly soils of plains, desert flats and washes in arid or semiarid habitats with cedar, ocotillo, oak, mesquite, creosote bush, or sumac | | SC | None |
| Texas blind snake | Leptotyphlops dulcis | Rocky hillsides with patches of loose soil and canyon bottoms or washes near permanent or intermittent streams | | SC | Potential |
| Texas horned lizard | Phrynosoma cornutum | Arid and semiarid open country with sparse plant growth of bunchgrasses, cactus, juniper, acacia, and mesquite | СО | SC | None |
| Triploid checkered whiptail | Cnemidophorus neotesselatus | Hillsides, arroyos, canyons, shrubby areas, roadsides, and transition areas near the Arkansas, Huerfano, Apishapa, and Purgatoire Rivers and tributaries | СО | SC | None |
| Yellow mud turtle | Kinosternon flavescens | Highly aquatic turtle of semiarid grasslands and open woodlands, frequenting both permanent and intermittent streams | СО | SC | Unlikely |
| Fish | | | | | |
| Arkansas darter | Etheostoma cragini | Streams and river habitats of eastern plains and South Platte basin | СО | ST | Potential |
| Brassy minnow | Hybognathus hankinsoni | Streams and river habitats of eastern plains and South Platte basin | СО | ST | Potential |
| Colorado river cutthroat trout | Oncorhynchus clarki pleuriticus | Colorado River basin | СО | SC | None |
| Colorado roundtail chub | Gila robusta | Colorado River basin | СО | SC | None |
| Common shiner | Luxilus cornutus | Front Range and transition zone between montane and plains habitats, South Platte basin | СО | ST | None |
| Flathead chub | Platygobio gracilus | Large and small plains streams with turbidity | CO | SC | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Greenback cutthroat trout | Oncorhynchus clarki stomias | Greenback cutthroat trout are now thought to be extirpated from Wyoming; historic range was mostly in Colorado, extending into Wyoming tributaries of the South Platte River, including Dale Creek and Lonetree Creek | WY,CO | ST | Potential |
| Hornyhead chub | Nocomis biguttatus | Found in clear, gravel-bottomed streams; it has been collected in the Sweetwater River and in the North Platte River drainage including the tributaries of the Laramie River, but is now very rare in Wyoming | СО | | Unlikely |
| Iowa darter | Etheostoma exile | Clear sluggish or standing water with vegetation | СО | SC | Potential |
| Lake chub | Couesius plumbeus | Front range and transition zone between montane and eastern plains habitat, South Platte basin | СО | SE | None |
| Mountain sucker | Catostomus playtrhynchus | Smaller rivers and streams with gravel, sand, and mud bottoms | СО | SC | None |
| Northern redbelly dace | Phoxinus eos | Front Range and transition zone between montane and eastern plains habitat, South Platte basin, West Plum Creek, Saint Vrain Creek | СО | SE | None |
| Orangethroat darter | Etheostoma spectabile | In Wyoming, orangethroat darters have been found in Lodgepole Creek (Laramie County); they prefer small streams with sand or gravel bottoms, including intermittent streams, but may also be found in small lakes | WY | NSS2 | Known to occur |
| Plains minnow | Hybognathus placitus | Stream and river habitats in the eastern plains of Colorado, South Platte basin | СО | SE | Potential |
| Plains orangethroat darter | Etheostoma spectabile | In Wyoming, orangethroat darters have been found in Lodgepole Creek (Laramie County); they prefer small streams with sand or gravel bottoms, including intermittent streams, but may also be found in small lakes | WY, CO | SC | Potential |
| Rio grande chub | Gila pandora | Pools of small to moderate streams near areas of current and in association with undercut banks, overhanging bank vegetation, and aquatic plants | СО | SC | None |
| Rio grande cutthroat trout | Oncorhynchus clarki virginalis | Clear cold water, naturally fluctuating flows, low levels of fine sediment in channel bottoms, well-distributed pools, stable streambanks, and abundant stream cover | СО | SC | None |
| Rio grande sucker | Catostomus plebeius | Rio Grande basin | СО | SE | None |
| Southern redbelly dace | Phoxinus erythrogaster | Front Range and transition zone between montane and eastern plains habitats, South Platte basin | СО | SE | None |
| Stonecat | Noturus flavus | Areas of good current in streams and rivers and may be found in rocky gravel-covered bays | СО | SC | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|-------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Sturgeon chub | Macrhybopsis gelida [Hybopsis gelida] | The sturgeon chub is found in large, turbid rivers, usually where fast currents form riffles over sand, gravel, or rubble; in Wyoming it currently occurs in the Powder River north of Salt Creek and it occurred historically in the Bighorn, North Platte, and Missouri Rivers | WY | NSS1 | None |
| Suckermouth minnow | Phenacobius mirabilis | Found in clear water riffles with sand or gravel substrate, but sometimes in lakes; occurs in Wyoming in the tributaries of the North Platte River; South Platte basin | WY, CO | SE | Potential |
| Mollusks | | | | | |
| Cylindrical papershell | Anodontoides ferussacianus | Mud and sands of small creeks and headwaters of large streams, upper Mississippi River | СО | SC | None |
| Rocky mountain capshell | Acroloxus coloradensis | Aquatic or riparian habitat in mountains | СО | SC | None |
| Plants | | | | | |
| Alpine fever-few | Parthenium alpinum | Parthenium alpinum is endemic to northeastern Colorado and southeastern Wyoming; in Wyoming it is known only from the North Platte River valley and southeast plains of Carbon, Goshen, Natrona, Niobrara, and Platte Counties; it is found in cushion plant communities on open, stony slopes and ridges, often on calcareous substrates | WY | | Potential |
| Bedstraw milkweed | Asclepias subverticillata | Asclepias subverticillata is known from Utah to Oklahoma and south to Mexico; there is one historical record in Wyoming, from the Hanna Basin in Carbon County; it is found on roadsides and in other disturbed sites; it is vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | WY | | Potential |
| | | Machaeranthera bigelovii var. bigelovii is a regional endemic of southeastern Wyoming, central Colorado, and north-central New Mexico; in Wyoming it is known from only three populations in the Laramie Range in Albany County; it occurs in open shortgrass prairie on dry granite gravels | WY | | Potential |
| Blunt-leaf spike-moss | Selaginella mutica | Selaginella mutica occurs from southern Wyoming to eastern Utah south to Arizona and southwest Texas; in Wyoming it occurs in the Laramie and Medicine Bow ranges and Green River Basin in Carbon, Laramie, and Sweetwater counties; it grows in cracks on cliffs and on ledges and boulder outcrops of granite or sandstone with thin patches of soil amid lichens and other cryptogams | WY | | Potential |
| Cedar Rim thistle | Cirsium aridum | Barren, chalky hills, gravelly slopes, and fine textured, sandy-shaley draws at 6,700-7,200 ft | WY | | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|-----------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Colorado tansy-aster | Machaeranthera coloradoensis var. Coloradoensis | Machaeranthera coloradoensis var. coloradoensis is a regional endemic of southeastern Wyoming and central Colorado; in Wyoming it is found in the foothills of the Laramie and Medicine Bow ranges and Sierra Madre in Albany and Carbon counties; it occurs in barren cushion plant and sparsely vegetated communities on limey-sandstone, shaleygypsum, or redbed slopes and outcrops | | | Potential |
| Colorado watercress | Rorippa coloradoensis | Actual habitat unknown but thought to occur in lower montane woodland shrub community, along margins of rivers and lakes | СО | | Unlikely |
| Crawe sedge | Carex crawei | Carex crawei is a widespread species but is known from only one historical population in Goshen County and one extant population in Laramie County in Wyoming; it is found in moist meadows and boggy areas | | | Unlikely |
| Cusick's alkali-grass | Puccinellia cusickii | Puccinellia cusickii is known from Washington and Oregon, east to Montana, North Dakota and Wyoming; in Wyoming it is known from the Wind River and Laramie basins and the foothills of the Bighorns and Black Hills in Albany, Crook, Johnson, and Natrona counties; it is found in moist riparian areas and alkaline seeps and draws | WY | | Potential |
| Daggett rock cress | Arabis pendulina var. Russeola | Arabis pendulina var. russeola is endemic to Wyoming, Colorado, and Utah; in Wyoming it is known from the southern and central parts of the state; it usually occurs in open sagebrush grasslands and juniper woodlands | WY | | Potential |
| Dissected bahia | Bahia dissecta | Bahia dissecta occurs from southeastern Wyoming and northern Utah to Baja California, Sonora, and southwest Texas; in Wyoming it is restricted to the Laramie and Medicine Bow ranges and Sierra Madre in Albany and Carbon counties; it grows on gravelly, granite slopes in sagebrush and juniper grasslands, open Ponderosa pine woods, and along rocky streambanks | | | Potential |
| Dog parsley | Aletes nuttallii | Eroded barren dry hills, dark shale | СО | | None |
| Dwarf bilberry | Vaccinium myriillus var. Oreophilum | Vaccinium myrtillus var. oreophilum is a widespread species but is only peripheral in Wyoming, in Wyoming it is known from only three extant occurrences in the Laramie Range and Sierra Madre in Albany and Carbon counties; it is found in lodgepole pine and aspen woods, often with Vaccinium scoparium (grouseberry) | | | Unlikely |
| Dwarf milkweed | Asclepias uncialis | Shortgrass prairie, often on sandstone-derived soils and gravelly or rocky slopes; 4,000-6,000 ft | СО | | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Fendler cloak-fern | Argyrochosma fendleri | Argyrochosma fendleri is known from southeastern Wyoming to Arizona, western New Mexico, and Sonora, Mexico; in Wyoming it is known from only one population in the Laramie Range in Laramie County; it grows in dry crevices of granite cliffs and rocks | WY | | Unlikely |
| Flat-top fragrant goldenrod | Euthamia graminifolia var. Major | Euthamia graminifolia var. major is a widespread taxon; in Wyoming it is known from only two historic and three extant populations in the Laramie Range and Southeast Plains in Platte and Albany counties; it is found mostly on stony sandbars and streambanks | WY | | Unlikely |
| Gibbens' beardtongue | Penstemon gibbensii | Sparsely vegetated shale or sandy-clay slopes at 5,500-7,700 ft | WY | | Potential |
| Great basin downingia | Downingia laeta | Downingia laeta is known from southern Alberta and Saskatchewan to eastern Oregon, northern California, and central Nevada to southern Wyoming; in Wyoming it is known from the Laramie Basin, Sweetwater River Plateau, and Overthrust Belt in Albany, Carbon, and Uinta counties; it is found in moist clay or sandy openings along ditch banks and reservoirs | WY | | Potential |
| Halls sedge | Carex parryana var. Unica | Carex parryana var. unica occurs from southwestern Manitoba to Nebraska and Colorado; in Wyoming it is known from the Southeastern Plains, Hartville Uplift, Laramie Basin, and Laramie Range in Albany, Carbon, Laramie, and Platte counties; it is found in cold springs and montane wet meadows | WY | | Potential |
| Howard's evening- primrose | Oenothera howardii | Oenothera howardii is known from Nevada, Utah, Wyoming, Colorado, and Kansas, in Wyoming it is known from only one population, in the southeast plains in Laramie County; it is usually found in shrub and open forest communities and on chalky banks | WY | | Unlikely |
| Illinois pondweed | Potamogeton illinoensis | Potamogeton illinoensis is widespread throughout North America; in Wyoming, however, it is known from only four populations, all of which are historical, and it may have been extirpated; it is an aquatic species and is found in ponds, riverbanks, and marshes | WY | | Unlikely |
| James nailwort | Paronychia jamesii | Paronychia jamesii is a species of the southern and central Great Plains and Arizona; it is at the northern limit of its distribution in Wyoming and is known from only two populations in Albany and Goshen counties; it occurs in rocky or sandy hills in grassland, often where the soil is and is often found along roadsides; it is vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | WY | | Unlikely |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
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| Jeweled blazingstar | Mentzelia speciosa | Mentzelia speciosa is a regional endemic of Colorado and Wyoming; in Wyoming it is known from only one population on the southeast plains in Laramie County; it is found in gravelly and disturbed areas, and it is vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | WY | | Unlikely |
| Laramie columbine | Aquilegia laramiensis | Crevices of granite boulders and cliffs, 6,400-8,000 ft | WY | | Potential |
| Laramie false sagebrush | Sphaeromeria simplex | Sphaeromeria simplex is endemic to southeast Wyoming in the western foothills of the Laramie Range, Shirley Basin, and Shirley Mountains in Albany, Carbon, Converse, and Natrona counties; it is found on gentle slopes or rims of dry, rocky limestone-sandstone "pebble plains" in wind-scoured openings dominated by cushion plant communities within more densely vegetated juniper, limber pine, big sagebrush, or mountain mahogany stands | WY | | Potential |
| Lesser bladderwort | Utricularia minor | Utricularia minor is widespread in Canada and the northern United States; in Wyoming it is known from three historical and two extant populations on the Yellowstone Plateau, Jackson Hole, Laramie Valley, and Bighorn, Absaroka, and Laramie ranges, in Albany, Park, Teton, and Washakie Counties; it is found submerged in shallow ponds, lakes, and slow-moving streams | WY | | Potential |
| Many-flowered gromwell | Lithospermum multiflorum | Lithospermum multiflorum is known from Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, Utah, and one historical population in Laramie County, Wyoming; it is found in shrubland, ponderosa pine, and woodland communities | WY | | Unlikely |
| Marsh felwort | Lomatogonium rotatum | Lomatogonium rotatum is a widespread species of northern North America and Greenland; in Wyoming there are six extant populations known from the Sierra Madre, Medicine Bow and Laramie ranges and the Laramie and Saratoga valleys in Albany, Carbon, and Laramie counties; it occurs along the margins of salt marshes, along lakeshores, flooded meadows, and moist hummocks within willow thickets and sedge marshlands; changes in hydrology may be threat to this species | WY | | Unlikely |
| Mat grama | Bouteloua simplex | Bouteloua simplex is known from Arizona, Colorado, Kansas, Maine, New Mexico, Texas, Utah, and Wyoming; in Wyoming it is known from only three populations in Laramie County; it is found in sandy gravel in draws and along roadsides; it is vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | WY | | Unlikely |
| Mountain cateye | Oreocarya cana | Gravelly loam soils | CO | | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Mountain larkspur | Delphinium ramosum | Delphinium ramosum is known from New Mexico, Colorado, and one population in the Laramie Range in Laramie County, Wyoming; it is found in moist meadows in the mountains | WY | | Unlikely |
| Mountain muhly | Muhlenbergia montana | Muhlenbergia montana is found in many western states but is known from only two historical and one extant population in Wyoming, in the Laramie Range of Laramie County and the Saratoga Valley in Carbon County; it grows on prairies and foothills on grassy slopes and in forest openings | WY | | Potential |
| Mountain-loving sedge | Carex oreocharis | Carex oreocharis is a regional endemic of the southern Rocky Mountains from southeastern Wyoming to northern Arizona; in Wyoming it is known from only five populations in the southern Laramie Range in Albany and Laramie counties; it occurs primarily on dry, gravelly, rolling plains of granite in sagebrush grassland | WY | | Unlikely |
| Nelson's milkvetch | Astragalus nelsonianus | Alkaline clay flats, shale bluffs and gullies, pebbly slopes, and volcanic cinders in sparsely vegetated sagebrush, juniper, and cushion plant communities at 5200-7600 ft | WY | | Potential |
| Pale blue-eye-grass | Sisyrinchium pallidum | Sisyrinchium pallidum is a regional endemic of southeastern Wyoming and north-central Colorado; it grows in wet meadows, along streambanks, and in other marshy areas | WY | | Potential |
| Perennial rockcress | Boechera perennans | Boechera perennans is a species of the southwestern United States and Mexico; it is at the northern limit of its distribution in Wyoming and is known from only one population in Albany County; it occurs in rocky shrublands and grasslands | WY | | Unlikely |
| Persistent sepal yellowcress | Rorippa calycina | Rorippa calycina is a regional endemic of south-central Montana, western North Dakota, Nebraska, and central Wyoming, with a disjunct population in northern Canada; in Wyoming it is known from the Bighorn Basin, North Platte River drainage, and the Great Divide, Green River, and Wind River basins in Albany, Big Horn, Carbon, Fremont, Park, Sweetwater, and Washakie counties; it is found along moist sandy to muddy banks of streams, stock ponds, and man-made reservoirs near the high-water line | WY | | Potential |
| Porter's aster | porteri | Symphyotrichum porteri is a regional endemic of southeastern Wyoming, central Colorado, and northern New Mexico; in Wyoming it is known only from the Laramie Range in Albany and Laramie counties, and has been reported for Carbon County; it occurs in aspen/lodgepole pine groves, limber pine/Douglas-fir stands, and grassy meadows and shrub lands on sandy granite rubble and granite talus slopes | WY | | Potential |

| Group/Common Name | Scientific Name | Habitat | State Where Listed Sensitive | State Status ^{3,4} | Potential to Occur Along Transmissio n Line Corridor? |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Ring muhly | Muhlenbergia torreyi | Muhlenbergia torreyi is known from Arizona, Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wyoming; in Wyoming it is known from only one population on the high plains in Laramie County; it is found on plains and foothills | WY | | Unlikely |
| Rocky mountain phacelia | Phacelia denticulata | Phacelia denticulata is a regional endemic of southeastern Wyoming and central Colorado; in Wyoming it is known only from the Laramie Valley and Laramie Range in Albany and Laramie counties; it occurs on gravelly, sandy or clay banks, prairie draws and flats, and on rocky slopes in the mountains | WY | | Potential |
| Rosinweed | Silphium integrifolium var. laeve | Silphium integrifolium var. laeve is widespread in the midwestern and southeastern United States, with a disjunct population in Laramie County, Wyoming; it is found on moderately dry to moist sites with rich soils in prairies, meadows, and at the edge of willow thickets | WY | | Unlikely |
| Saffron groundsel | Packera crocata | Packera crocata is a regional endemic of southern Wyoming, northeastern Utah, and western Colorado; in Wyoming, this species is known from 3 historical records in the Medicine Bow Range and foothills of the Laramie and Washakie basins in Albany and Sweetwater counties; it is found in mid-elevation montane wet meadows, stream sides, and slopes | WY | | Unlikely |
| Sandhill goosefoot | Chenopodium cycloides | Sandy soils on dunes, stabilized sand in blowouts, elevation 4,000-5,900 ft | СО | | None |
| Sartwell's sedge | Carex sartwellii var. Sartwellii | Carex sartwellii var. sartwellii is a widespread taxon but is uncommon in Wyoming; it is found in moist aspen groves and meadows and in seeps and other wetlands | WY | | Potential |
| Slender-leaved buckwheat | Eriogonum exilifolium | Eriogonum exilifolium is a regional endemic of south-central Wyoming and adjacent north-central Colorado; in Wyoming it is restricted to the Laramie and Shirley basins and foothills of the Medicine Bow and Laramie ranges in Albany and Carbon counties; it is found on semi-bare sandy-clay gumbo flats, white shaley-gypsum ridges, red clay hills, and limestone outcrops in cushion plant-bunchgrass communities | | | Potential |
| Streambank groundsel | Packera pseudaurea var. flavula | Packera pseudaurea var. flavula occurs from southern Wyoming to northern New Mexico; in Wyoming it is known from only three populations in the southeastern Plains and Medicine Bow Range in Albany, Carbon, and Laramie counties; it occurs in moist streamside meadows | WY | | Unlikely |

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|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Strict-leaved pondweed | Potamogeton strictifolius | Potamogeton strictifolius is known from across Canada and the northern United States; in Wyoming it is historically known from the Yellowstone Plateau of Yellowstone National Park, the northwest Wind River Range of Sublette County, and Laramie Basin of Albany County; there is one known extant population in the Green River Basin in Sweetwater County; it is found rooted in shallow water at edge of gently flowing rivers, lakes, or reservoirs; changes in hydrology may be threat to this species | WY | | Unlikely |
| Three-fingered milkvetch | Astragalus tridactylicus | Astragalus tridactylicus is also endemic to Wyoming and Colorado; in Wyoming it is known only from Albany and Laramie counties; it occurs in grassland and open areas, including roadsides; it is also vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | WY | | Potential |
| Underwood's spike- moss | Selaginella underwoodii | Selaginella underwoodii is known from southeastern Wyoming and Colorado south to Western Texas, Utah and Arizona; in Wyoming it is known from only seven populations in the Laramie Range in Albany, Laramie, and Platte counties; it is usually found on granite cliffs and rock outcrops within Douglas-fir or ponderosa pine woods | WY | | Unlikely |
| Vasey rush | Juncus vaseyi | Juncus vaseyi is known from British Columbia to Quebec, south to Idaho, Colorado, Minnesota, Illinois, and New York; in Wyoming it is known from only four populations in the Laramie and Wind River ranges in Albany and Sublette counties; it is found on sandy beaches along glacial lakes or in hummocky wet meadows | WY | | Unlikely |
| Ward's goldenweed | Oonopsis wardii | Oonopsis wardii is endemic to the Laramie and Shirley Basins and the Casper Arch region in Albany, Carbon, and Natrona counties, Wyoming; it is found on selenium-rich shale-clay slopes, barren plains, and disturbed roadsides in shrublands and grasslands | WY | | Potential |
| Watson goosefoot | Chenopodium watsonii | Chenopodium watsonii is known from Alberta and Saskatchewan, south to Arizona and east to Missouri, with disjunct populations in Maine; in Wyoming it is known from only three populations on the high plains of Laramie, Goshen, and Weston counties; it is found in disturbed areas, and it is vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | WY | | Unlikely |
| Weber's scarlet-gilia | Ipomopsis aggregata ssp. weberi | Openings in coniferous forests and scrub oak woodlands at 8,500-9,600 ft | WY | | Potential |

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|---------------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| White larch-leaf beardtongue | | Penstemon laricifolius ssp. exilifolius is endemic to Wyoming and Colorado; it occurs on sparsely vegetated areas or microhabitats and is often found along roadsides; it is vulnerable to road development and maintenance activities | | | Potential |
| White scorpion-weed | | Phacelia alba occurs from southeastern Wyoming south to New Mexico and Chihuahua, Mexico, and west to eastern Arizona and eastern Utah; in Wyoming it is known from only five extant populations in the southern Laramie Range and Laramie Basin in Albany and Laramie counties; it occurs in dry, open places in foothills, meadows, sagebrush grasslands, and forests, often on clay-loam, gravelly, or sandy soils | | | Unlikely |
| Wyoming feverfew | Bolophyta alpina | Along ridges and low hills in areas devoid of grassy vegetation, usually with other cushionplants; elevation 5,400-5,800 ft | СО | | Potential |