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Library of Congress, Washington, D.C. 20540-4305

Editorial electronic mail address: CPSO@loc.gov

Editorial fax number: (202) 707-6629

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DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGING

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS RULE INTERPRETATIONS (LCRI)

Cumulative index of LCRI to the *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules*, second edition, 2002 revision, that have appeared in issues of *Cataloging Service Bulletin*. Any LCRI previously published but not listed below is no longer applicable and has been cancelled. Lines in the margins (|) of revised interpretations indicate where changes have occurred.

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1.0G. ACCENTS AND OTHER DIACRITICAL MARKS. [Rev.]

~~In French, Portuguese, and Spanish do not transcribe or add accent marks over letters that are transcribed in their capitalized form. (Note: The Spanish letter Ñ is transcribed as found since it is a separate letter of the Spanish alphabet.) For books published before 1801, retain an accent found in the source being transcribed, but do not add one not present. Apply these guidelines also to headings, as appropriate.~~

Covered by AACR2 1.0G and 22.1D.

Note: Prior to January 2006 catalogers did not add a diacritic to initial capital letters in French, Spanish, and Portuguese. This exception no longer applies. With respect to capital letters appearing at the beginning of names or words, add diacritics according to the usage of the language. When in current cataloging a change is otherwise needed to an existing bibliographic or name authority record in these languages, catalogers are asked to add the diacritic at the same time.

With respect to acronyms, initialisms (including single capital letters used in names), do not systematically add the accent. Instead:

- 1) for purposes of transcription, follow the usage as found in the data;
- 2) for purposes of establishing the authorized form of a corporate name, follow the usage as found on the body's own publications.

22.17. DATES. [Rev.]

Option decision

Establishing New Headings That Do Not Conflict

Apply the optional provision. This means adding a date whenever it is known.

Post Nineteenth Century Persons

For persons living in the twentieth or twenty first century or any person who has died since Dec. 31, 1900, the date upon which the heading is based should be a precise one. Specifically, add the date to headings for these persons only if it falls into any of the following categories:

- 1) The person is still living and the year of birth is known ("1942- ").
- 2) The person is no longer living and the years of birth and death are known ("1900-1981").
- 3) The person is no longer living and only the year of birth is known ("b. 1900").
- 4) The person is no longer living and only the date of death is known ("d. 1918").

Note: If a date is a specific non-Gregorian year, add the Gregorian equivalent to the heading even if this means using a date in the form "1921 or 2."

Pre-Twentieth Century Persons

For pre-twentieth century persons, less precise dates may be used. Consult the examples under 22.17A for guidance. Note one detail about the use of "flourished" dates: "Flourished" dates acceptable for addition to headings for pre-twentieth century persons normally express a span of years of activity. A single year "fl." may be used only in exceptional cases, as when a reference source itself designates the date in this way or there is one publication or other event in the person's life known to be the single or at least primary basis for a single year.

Changes to Existing Headings Already Coded for AACR2

Optionally, add death dates to headings that have open birth dates.

Do not add the date (birth or death) to an existing heading without dates represented by a name authority record that has already been coded "AACR2" or "AACR2 compatible" (including in either case those labeled "preliminary"—008 byte 33 = d). However, if such a heading must be revised later, add the date(s).

Changes to Existing Headings Being Coded for AACR2

Apply the guidelines as stated above when updating headings in this category.

Abbreviations B.C. and A.D.

Use the abbreviation B.C. for dates in the pre-Christian era. Place the abbreviation at the end of a date or span of dates in that era.

100 0# \$a Nefertiti, \$c Queen of Egypt, \$d 14th cent.
B.C.

100 0# \$a Spartacus, \$d d. 71 B.C.

100 0# \$a Pericles, \$d 499-429 B.C.

100 0# \$a Ajātaśatru, \$c King of Magadha, \$d ca. 494-ca.
467 B.C.

Use the abbreviation A.D. only when the dates span both eras.

100 0# \$a Augustus, \$c Emperor of Rome, \$d 63 B.C.-14
A.D.

100 0# \$a Ovid, \$d 43 B.C.-17 or 18 A.D.

100 1# \$a Seneca, Lucius Annaeus, \$d ca. 4 B.C.-65 A.D.

If a date is questionable, place the question mark immediately following the date.

100 0# \$a Antonius Marcus, \$d 83?-30 B.C.

100 0# \$a Vercingetorix, \$c Chief of the Arverni, \$d d.
45? B.C.

23.1. INTRODUCTORY NOTE. [Rev.]

Ambiguous Entities

Treat the ambiguous entities listed below as geographic names and establish them under the general provisions of chapter 23, AACR2, tagging them as X51.

- City sections
- Collective settlements
- Communes
- Conservation districts
- Jurisdictions, Ancient (other than cities)
- Military installations (Active; also all established after 1899)
- Park districts
- Recreation districts
- Sanitation districts
- Utility districts
- Water districts

Military Installations

Treat military installations as local places. This means adding as a qualifier the country, state, province, etc., that would have been added to a city or town in the same place. Apply this even if the installation is located outside the country that controls it, i.e., add the heading for the larger place in which it is located in all cases. Make references from the name as a subheading of the country that controls it and as a subheading of the military branch to which it belongs. (Military installations that are treated as local places include forts, bases, camps, airfields, arsenals, and Coast Guard stations but not shipyards.)

```
151 00 †a March Air Force Base (Calif.)1
451 00 †a March Field (Calif.)
410 10 †a United States. †b March Air Force Base
410 10 †a United States. †b Air Force. †b March Air
      Force Base

151 00 †a Yokosuka Naval Base (Japan)
410 10 †a United States. †b Yokosuka Naval Base
410 10 †a United States. †b Navy. †b Yokosuka Naval
      Base
```

American Indian Tribes

The appropriate MARC 21 field for names of U.S. government recognized tribes as legal entities in name authority records will henceforth be the 151 (Geographic name) field instead of the previously used 110 (Corporate name) field. This is in keeping with the guidance provided in rule 21.35 of the *Anglo American Cataloguing Rules* 2nd edition (AACR2) in regard to treating tribal entities as national governments.

¹MARC coding in the examples reflects the provisions of *USMARC Format for Authority Data* (except spaces added before and after subfield codes) and not any individual system.

Tribes recognized by the U.S. government are independent, autonomous political entities with inherent powers of self-government; they possess sovereignty and are equal to federal states. There are over 500 recognized tribes within the continental United States. Virtually all federally recognized tribes have jurisdiction over some delimited area of land, a geographic place, although land and area vary with each tribe.

When establishing headings for American Indian tribes of the United States, consult the official list created and maintained by the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, published and updated in the *Federal Register*. The list of federally recognized tribes published Nov. 25, 2005, entitled: *Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Services from the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs* is available at <<http://frwebgate2.access.gpo.gov/cgi-bin/waisgate.cgi?WAIS docID=573025501103+5+0+0&WAISaction=retrieve>> or <<http://www.loc.gov/catdir/cpsol/biaind.pdf>>. Updated lists of tribal entities from the Federal Register will be posted as received. This source, the date of publication, and the date accessed should be recorded in a 670 field in the name authority record and may be cited as "BIA Indian Entities."

Example of recognized tribe (complete name authority record fields not provided):

```
151 ## $a San Carlos Apache Tribe of the San Carlos
      Reservation, Arizona
670 ## $a BIA Indian Entities, 2005, Dec. 14, 2005 $b
      (San Carlos Apache Tribe of the San Carlos
      Reservation, Arizona)
```

Some tribes have a federally approved name that sounds as if the name were for a populated place rather than a tribe. Confusion may result when there actually is a populated place of that name. In such cases, the tribe and the populated place are separate entities, and both may be established as needed.

```
151 ## $a Native Village of Nunapitchuk
151 ## $a Nunapitchuk (Alaska)
```

23.2. GENERAL RULES. [Rev.]

Sources

Apply the following for current place names:

1) For names in the United States, base the heading on the form found in the Geographic Names Information System (GNIS), U.S. Geological Survey (United States Board on Geographic Names (BGN) domestic names system). GNIS may be accessed through the World Wide Web (<http://geonames.usgs.gov/>). A recent edition of the *Rand McNally Commercial Atlas & Marketing Guide* may also be used when access to the World Wide Web is not available.

2) For names in Australia, base the heading on the form found in the Geoscience Australia Gazetteer of Australia database (<http://www.ga.gov.au/map/names/>).

3) For names in Canada, use the heading provided by the Library and Archives Canada (LAC). Accept the LAC form, even if it differs from LC policy in such matters as abbreviations, diacritics, fullness, qualifiers, etc. Additional information on Canadian place names may also be found in Natural Resources Canada's Canadian Geographical Names Data Base (http://geonames.nrcan.gc.ca/search/search_e.php).

4) For names in Great Britain, base the name on a recent edition of The Ordnance Survey gazetteer of Great Britain. Online access may be found at <<http://www.ordsvy.gov.uk/>>. The site for searching a place name is <<http://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/oswebsite/site/help/index.html>>

5) For names in New Zealand, base the heading on the form found in Land Information New Zealand's New Zealand Geographic Placenames Database (<http://www.linz.govt.nz/rcs/linz/pub/web/root/core/Placenames/SearchPlaceNames/searchplacenames/index.jsp>).

6) For other names, base the heading on the form found in the work being cataloged together with a consideration of the form found on GNS (or an appropriate gazetteer if access to the World Wide Web is not available). In all cases, a gazetteer published within the last two years may also be used when access to the World Wide Web is not available.

English or Vernacular Forms

If BGN approves both a vernacular and an English form (called a conventional name in BGN terminology), use the English form.

For the following names, use the English form listed rather than the BGN-approved form:

Alma-Ata
Ashkhabad
Bavaria
Bosnia and Hercegovina
Brittany
Bruges
Burgundy
Carinthia
Crete
Crimea
Cuzco
East Flanders
Ghent
Hesse
Hokkaido
Istanbul
Jaffa
Kyoto
Louvain
Lower Austria
Lower Saxony
Malacca
Mantua
Mexico City
Navarre
North Brabant
North Holland
North Rhine-Westphalia
Nuremberg
Osaka

Padua
 Picardy
 Piraeus
 Rabat
 Rhineland-Palatinate
 Saint Gall
 Saxony
 Saxony-Anhalt
 Seville
 Sicily
 South Holland
 Styria
 Syracuse
 Tehran [instead of Teheran]
 Thuringia
 Turin
 Upper Austria
 West Flanders
 Zurich

Note: If a foreign name is established in an English form, use the same form if the name is used by more than one jurisdictional level or is used as part of another name, whenever the same name occurs at the beginning of the name.

	151 ## \$a Kyoto (Japan)
	151 ## \$a Kyoto (Japan : Prefecture)
<i>not</i>	151 ## \$a Kyōto-fu (Japan)
	151 ## \$a Cologne (Germany)
	151 ## \$a Cologne-Deutz (Cologne, Germany)
<i>not</i>	151 ## \$a Köln-Deutz (Cologne, Germany)
<i>but</i>	151 ## \$a Garching bei München (Germany)
<i>not</i>	151 ## \$a Garching bei Munich (Germany)

Note: Before 1999, headings for the provinces and major cities of China were established in a conventionalized English-language form based on the Wade-Giles romanization system. After 1998, these geographic administrative areas of China are to be established in the BGN-approved pinyin form. Existing headings will be revised by LC on a project basis.

Modifications of the Name

1) *Initial articles.* Drop initial articles from the beginning of the entry element of geographic names in Arabic, Urdu, Hebrew, and Yiddish. Retain initial articles in other non-English geographic names when retention is supported by current gazetteers in the country's language. ("Non-English" is meant to include names in French, Spanish, etc., when these are used in the United States (e.g., Los Angeles) or other English-speaking countries.) Drop all other initial articles (e.g., drop "The" from "The Dalles").

2) *Gazetteers.* If the name is based on the form found in a recently published gazetteer, generally use in the heading the form found on the item being cataloged rather than a shortened form or unabbreviated form found in a gazetteer, unless 23.5A is applicable.

in source: Montgomery County
gazetteer: Montgomery
(GNIS: Montgomery County)
heading: 151 ## \$a Montgomery County (Md.)

However, for the English-language terms "Saint" or "St." and "Mount" or "Mt.," always use the spelled out form regardless of the item being cataloged or other evidence *unless* the name is for a place or jurisdiction within the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland, in which case the abbreviation "St." should be preferred to the spelled out form "Saint," *or* the name is for a place or jurisdiction in Canada, in which case the heading supplied by the National Library of Canada should be used. Make a reference from the form not used in the heading.

in source: St. Joseph
gazetteer: Saint Joseph
(GNIS: Saint Joseph)
heading: 151 ## \$a Saint Joseph (Mo.)
451 ## \$a St. Joseph (Mo.)

but *in source:* St. Andrews
gazetteer: St. Andrews
heading: 151 ## \$a St. Andrews (Scotland)
451 ## \$a Saint Andrews (Scotland)

in source: St. John's
NLC heading: St. John's (N.L.)
heading: 151 ## \$a St. John's (N.L.)
451 ## \$a Saint John's (N.L.)

3) *U.S. Board on Geographic Names.* If BGN approves a romanized form that conflicts with LC's policy for the romanization of that language, use the LC form of romanization in the heading. If the BGN response indicates both a brief and a long form of the place name, generally select the long form as the heading, unless 23.5A is applicable.

GNS: **Borno State**
heading: 151 ## \$a Borno State (Nigeria)

GNS: **Coast Province**
heading: 151 ## \$a Coast Province (Kenya)

GNS: **Sulz am Neckar**
heading: 151 ## \$a Sulz am Neckar (Germany)

GNS: **Villefranche-sur-Mer**
heading: 151 ## \$a Villefranche-sur-Mer (France)

GNS: **Wimmera Shire**
heading: 151 ## \$a Wimmera Shire (Vic.)

GNS: **Kōra-chō**
heading: 151 ## \$a Kōra-chō (Japan)

Note that in the case of conflicts, 23.4F1 mandates a preference for long forms found in sources (including BGN)

"variants"), rather than adding "an appropriate smaller place" within parentheses after the conflicting name.

GNS: Münster
sources: Münster in Westfalen
heading: 151 ## \$a Münster in Westfalen (Germany)
not 151 ## \$a Münster (North Rhine-Westphalia,
Germany)

but *GNS:* Sundern
sources: Sundern (Sauerland)
heading: 151 ## \$a Sundern (Hochsauerlandkreis, Germany)

4) *Districts of India.* In order to have consistent headings for the districts of India, establish all of them with the word "District" (or its equivalent in non-English) omitted. If the resulting heading conflicts, as in the case of the city's bearing the same name, add "District" as an element of the parenthetical qualifier (24.6).

5) *U.S. Townships.* For U.S. townships (called "towns" in some states) that encompass one or more local communities and the surrounding territory, do not include the term "township" or "town" as part of the name. Instead, add the term after the name of the state.

151 ## \$a Kintire (Minn. : Township)
(GNIS: Kintire, Township of)

151 ## \$a Milo (Me. : Town)
(GNIS: Milo, Town of)

These non-local jurisdictions are called "townships" in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and South Dakota; they are called "towns" in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. If there is more than one township with the same name in the same state, apply LCRI 23.4F1.)

Note: For the period 1980-1990, the term "Township" or "Town" was added only if the name conflicted. Change existing headings for U.S. townships lacking the term "Township" or "Town" when the headings are needed for post-1990 cataloging.

Special Decisions

1) *China.* For all the governments that have controlled the mainland of China, use "China" for all periods except 1931-1945. For the government headquartered in Nanking, 1931-1937, and in Chungking, 1937-1945, use "China." For the government headquartered in Jui-chin, 1931-1937, use "China (Soviet Republic, 1931-1937)." For the government headquartered in Peking, 1937-1940, use "China (Provisional government, 1937-1940)." For the governments headquartered in Nanking, 1938-1945, use "China (Reformed government, 1938-1940)" for 1938-1940, and use "China (National government, 1940-1945)" for 1940-1945. For the post-1948 government on Taiwan, use "China (Republic : 1949-)." For the province of Taiwan, use "Taiwan."

2) *Germany.* For the Federal Republic of Germany, use "Germany (West)" for 1949-1990 and "Germany" after 1990. For the German Democratic Republic, use "Germany (East)."

3) *Great Britain.* For the United Kingdom, use "Great Britain."

4) *Korea*. For Korea until September 1945, including the Japanese occupation (1910-1945), use "Korea." For Nam Chosŏn Kwado Chŏngbu (South Korean Interim Government, 1947-1948), the American occupation government (1945-1948), and the Republic of Korea, use "Korea (South)." For the Soviet occupation government (1945-1948) and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, use "Korea (North)."

5) *London*. In dealing with London, use the following headings:

a) Use "City of London (England)" for items from the 677-acre entity.

b) Use "Greater London Council" for items from the former entity bearing this name that had administrative control over the 32 London boroughs that made up "Greater London" (excluding the City of London). (The entity ceased April 1, 1986.)

c) Use "London (England)" as the qualifier added to corporate headings for a body located in the City of London or in an inner borough. Use "London (England)" also as the qualifier added to a corporate heading for a body located in an outer borough when the body is commonly associated with London rather than with the name of the particular outer borough. Otherwise, use the heading for the particular outer borough. (The inner London boroughs are Camden, Greenwich, Hackney, Hammersmith and Fulham, Islington, Kensington and Chelsea, Lambeth, Lewisham, Southwark, Tower Hamlets, Wandsworth, and the City of Westminster.)

6) *Soviet Union*. For the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, use "Soviet Union."

For the republics that constituted the Soviet Union, use the following headings:

<i>Before 1992</i>	<i>After 1991</i>
Armenian S.S.R.	Armenia (Republic)
Azerbaijan S.S.R.	Azerbaijan
Byelorussian S.S.R.	Belarus
Estonia	Estonia
Georgian S.S.R.	Georgia (Republic)
Kazakh S.S.R.	Kazakhstan
Kirghiz S.S.R.	Kyrgyzstan
Latvia	Latvia
Lithuania	Lithuania
Moldova	
(<i>Before 1990: Moldavian S.S.R.</i>)	Moldova
Russian S.F.S.R.	Russia (Federation)
Tajik S.S.R.	Tajikistan
Turkmen S.S.R.	Turkmenistan
Ukraine	Ukraine
Uzbek S.S.R.	Uzbekistan

7) *Washington, D.C.* For Washington, D.C., use "District of Columbia" as the heading for the government of this name. Use "Washington (D.C.)" only as a location qualifier or as the entry element for cross references from place.

Name Authority Records

On the name authority record for a conference heading, do not add the number, date, or place to the name when the conference is an ongoing one, even if all the meetings were held in one place (cf. 24.7B4). Apply this both to meetings entered directly under their own names and to meetings entered subordinately to headings for corporate bodies.

Conflicts

If the name of an ongoing conference conflicts, add to the name an appropriate qualifier.

authority record: 111 2# \$a Governor's Conference on
Education (Kan.)

bibliographic record: 111 2# \$a Governor's Conference on
Education (Kan.) \$n (1st
: \$d 1954 : \$c Topeka,
Kan.)

authority record: 111 2# \$a International Symposium on
Quality Control (1974-)

bibliographic record: 111 2# \$a International Symposium
On Quality Control
(1974-) \$n (1st : \$d 1974
: \$c Geneva, Switzerland)

Date

If the name includes an abbreviated or full form of the year and the name is followed by one or more additions, a year must always be included in these additions.

111 2# \$a GAGETECH '92 \$d (1992 : \$c Dearborn, Mich.)

111 2# \$a TOOLS Europe '94 \$d (1994 : \$c Versailles,
France)

111 2# \$a AFPAC 2000 \$d (2000 : \$c Kiel, Germany)

Location

In deciding between using local place or institution, etc. (24.7B4), when establishing the heading for a named conference, add as the qualifier the local place or institution, etc., that appears with the conference name in the source for the conference name as opposed to other locations within the item where the conference name is repeated. If an institution's name appears in the source, transcribe the institution's name as the qualifier, or if a local place name appears, transcribe that. When transcribing an institution, give it in the nominative case in the language in which it is found in the item. (Even if the institution represents a subordinate unit, record its name rather than the name of the higher body alone.) When transcribing a local place, give its catalog-entry form (as modified by 23.4A1 and 24.4C1, second paragraph). If both an institution and a local place appear, prefer to use the name of the institution, etc., generally without the name of the local place unless the name of the institution is a very "weak" one (use judgment in this respect and do not be concerned about a high degree of consistency). *Note:* Do not use as location the name of a hotel, convention center, or office building unless the conference was held outside a local place.

For electronic conferences, do not add the name of the local place or other location.

Two or More Meetings

If the item being cataloged contains the proceedings, etc., of two meetings of the same conference and main entry under the heading for the conference is appropriate (cf. LCRI 21.1B2, Category D), enter the item under the heading for the first meeting and make an added entry under the heading for the second meeting even if the meetings are consecutively numbered.

If the item contains the proceedings, etc., of three or more meetings of the same conference, enter the item under the heading for the conference without any additions.

25.6B3. PARTS OF A WORK. [Rev.]

Television and Radio Series

PCC practice; LC practice for radio series; LC practice for secondary access only related to television series:
Compilations of selected portions of television and radio series may or may not relate to a particular season; treat them accordingly as follows:

1) for those that are a compilation of all the programs telecast or broadcast in a particular season, collocate them by using the uniform title of the work as a whole followed by the term "Season" as the standard term to denote what may be called variously "year 1," "season one," "first season," "vol. 1," "first year," etc., followed by a number of the season;

```
130 0# $a All in the family. $n Season 1.
245 10 $a All in the family. $n The complete first
      season $h [videorecording] ...
```

```
130 0# $a American Radio Company of the Air (Radio
      program). $n Season 1.
245 10 $a Garrison Keillor's American Radio Company.
      $n The first season ...
```

2) for selections from a particular season, use the pattern in 1) directly above and add the term "Selections";

```
130 0# $a I love Lucy (Television program). $n Season
      1. $k Selections.
245 10 $a I love Lucy. $n Season one. $n V. 9 $h
      [videorecording] ...
```

```
130 0# $a Rhoda. $n Season 3. $k Selections
245 14 $a The very best of Rhoda. $n Season 3
      $h [videorecording] ...
      (Two episodes of the television show broadcast in 1976)
```

```
130 0# $a Shadow (Radio program). $n Season 2.
```

\$k Selections.
245 14 \$a The Shadow. \$n The best of season two
...
(Made up example)

3) for selections from two or more seasons or for those covered by a special rubric such as “The best of ...”, use the uniform title of the work as a whole followed only by the term “Selections”; when a selection with a special rubric relates to a single season, however, use the pattern in 2) directly above.

130 0# \$a Simpsons (Television program). \$k
Selections.
245 14 \$a The best of the Simpsons \$h
[videorecording] ...

130 0# \$a Simpsons (Television program). \$k
Selections.
245 14 \$a The Simpsons \$h [videorecording]: \$b
political party ...
(A compilation of politically themed episodes from the show)

130 0# \$a All things considered (Radio program).
\$k Selections.
245 14 \$a The best of All things considered ...

26.3B-C. SEE ALSO REFERENCES AND EXPLANATORY REFERENCES. [Rev.]

Introduction

These instructions deal with the following types of cross references:

- 1) *see also* references, including "earlier/later heading" references;
- 2) *Explanatory see also references*
 - a) References requiring special texts
 - b) Private communications of heads of state, etc.
 - c) Initial and acronym references

For reasons of economy, LC ceased adding MARC 21 note field 665 (History reference) to newly created name authority records. Sequences of related headings formerly connected by 665 history reference notes have since been connected by simple *see also* references or earlier/later heading references as illustrated in the examples below. LC and PCC catalogers are instructed to convert an existing information reference to *see also* references whenever the 665 field must be changed for any reason. This is accomplished by the use of MARC 21 Field 5XX (See Also from tracings) and when appropriate by use of subfield code \$w coded with value “a” (earlier heading) or value “b” (later heading).

See Also References

See also references are used to connect related headings. When the relationship is not directly sequential or

when information about the exact relationship is not known, MARC 21 subfield \$w is not supplied. When the relationship is sequential, a special type of *see also* reference is generated by adding a subfield \$w to the 5XX field; “earlier heading” or “later heading” coding is supplied in the 0 position of subfield \$w; value “a” or value “b” respectively and may be used whether the sequence results from a name change, reorganization, hierarchical change, official language change, or similar phenomenon. In case of doubt, do not use the subfield \$w.

Normally, make references only to connect immediately adjacent headings, thus creating a chain of *see also* references leading from one heading to another. However, if the relationship is not clear, it is permissible to connect several headings without the use of the subfield \$w (cf. examples 2 and 10 below).

1) *Guidelines on making relational references.* When new information about a related body is discovered, apply one of the following alternatives:

a) If entries (bibliographic records, subdivisions, *see* references to other headings) are or will be under the related body, establish the body (if it is not already established) and make the appropriate *see also* or earlier/later heading references.

b) If the related body is not established in the catalog against which the searching and cataloging is performed and it is not likely it will ever be needed, record data about the related body on the authority record for the heading being established. After the name in the source citation, bracket in a statement e.g., “[no publs. in LC database],” “[no publs. in RLIN21 database]” This alternative should not normally be applied when an earlier name is being established and the later name is the one for which no publications have been received.

```
110 2# $a Tucker Manufacturing & Engine Company
670 ## $a Tucker Mfg. & Engine Co. ... 1992: $b cover
(Tucker Manufacturing & Engine Company, Arlington, Va.)
pref. (Tucker Manufacturing Company [no publs. in LC
database] formed in 1879; Tucker interests combined in
1936 to form single firm known as Tucker Manufacturing
& Engine Company)
```

c) If the related body is not established in the automated file and it is not likely it will ever be needed, record data about the related body on the authority record for the heading being established. After the name in the source citation, bracket in a statement, e.g., “[no publs. in LC database],” “[no publs. in RLIN 21 database].” This alternative should not normally be applied when an earlier name is being established and the later name is the one for which no publications have been received.

2) *Evaluating existing references.* When evaluating existing *see also* references on authority records, normally, retain the reference (adjusting it to current practice and AACR2) if there is an authority record for the heading referred from in the LC/NAF. If there is no authority record, apply the guidelines above in deciding whether to retain or delete the reference. If the reference is retained, an authority record must be made for the heading.

3) *Procedures*

a) All headings connected by the references must be represented in the authority file, including those for which there are no bibliographic records. *All headings and references leading to the headings must be in correct LC AACR2 form.* Establish any heading not yet in the authority file.

b) *Source citations.* When giving data in the authority record (MARC21 fields 670 and/or 675),

generally, cite at least sources that deal with the immediately preceding and succeeding headings.

If a source gives only an earlier or later name but not the name used in the heading, cite the source in a 675 field. Do not, however, divide a citation for successive issues of a serial; give the complete citation in a 670 field if any volume contains the heading or in a 675 field if no volume contains the heading.

Justification (additional 670 fields) on the authority record of preceding or succeeding headings is not required in the following cases:

- (1) changes in government heading because of an official language change;
- (2) changes involving only a parent body to which the body being established is subordinate;
- (3) when converting existing information in the 665 field to *see also* references. Do not

normally add source citations to justify references between headings already represented in the authority record. Add sources to justify new references.

c) *Tracings*. On each name authority record, trace a *see also* reference for each heading to be connected, other than the heading for which the authority record is being prepared. If appropriate, use subfield \$w with the value “a” (earlier heading) or value “b” (later heading).

Change any existing references that are no longer appropriate (e.g., if necessary, change earlier/later heading references to simple *see also* references or vice versa). *Convert an existing 665 field to see also references whenever the 665 field must be changed for any reason.* If no change is needed to the 665 field, do not convert it to *see also* references. Complete the reference evaluation process for all the headings involved in the reference(s).

If *any change* is needed to the 665 field, delete it by completing the reference evaluation process for all headings involved, converting the 665 field to *see also* references according to the guidelines above. Note that this means some tracings will be deleted entirely.

d) *Geographic names*. Changes to geographic names are handled the same way as changes to corporate names. Whenever earlier/later headings for a jurisdiction are being created or an existing heading for a jurisdiction is being changed, the addition or adjustment of a 667 “Subject usage note” may be required. Notification to CPSO to make this change is requested and LC and PCC catalogers are advised to consult the *Descriptive Cataloging Manual Z1* supplement to the *MARC 21 Format for Authority Data* for further guidelines.

e) *Conference names*. Use judgement in determining the need for adding earlier/later heading references for conference name changes, judging whether or not the addition of the *see also* reference is useful and/or improves access to the catalog. If *see also* references are created follow the guidelines provided above. (cf. examples in 9 below).

Examples (Note that the complete reference structure may not be shown in each example)

1) *Available information*: Some of the principal members of the Ballets des Champs Elysées left the company to form the Ballet de Paris; the former continued to exist, however.

authority record

110 2# \$a Ballets des Champs Elysées
510 2# \$a Ballets de Paris

resulting reference

Ballet de Paris
see also
Ballets des Champs Elysées

authority record

110 2# \$a Ballet de Paris
510 2# \$a Ballets des Champs Elysées

resulting reference

Ballets des Champs Elysées
see also
Ballet de Paris

2) The available information about the relationship is not clear and/or there is not enough information readily available to determine the chronological relationships. Simple *see also references* without the subfield \$w are used to connect the headings. All the headings are connected by *see also* references.

authority record

110 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Ministerio de Agricultura y Ganadería
510 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Ministerio de Agricultura
510 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Secretaría de Estado de Agricultura y Ganadería

resulting reference

Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura
see also
Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura y Ganadería

Argentina. Secretaría de Estado de Agricultura y Ganadería
see also
Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura

authority record

110 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Ministerio de Agricultura
510 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Ministerio de Agricultura y
Ganaderia
510 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Secretaría de Estado de
Agricultura y Ganadería

resulting references

Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura y Ganadería
see also
Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura

Argentina. Secretaría de Estado de Agricultura y Ganadería
see also
Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura

authority record

110 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Secretaría de Estado de
Agricultura y Ganadería
510 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Ministerio de Agricultura y
Ganaderia
510 1# \$a Argentina. \$b Ministerio de Agricultura

resulting references

Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura y Ganadería
see also
Argentina. Secretaría de Estado de Agricultura y Ganadería

Argentina. Ministerio de Agricultura
see also
Argentina. Secretaría de Estado de Agricultura y Ganadería

3) *Available information:* The American Material Handling Society changed its name to International Material Management Society.

authority record

110 2# \$a American Material Handling Society
510 2# \$w b \$a International Material Management
Society

resulting reference

International Material Management Society
see also the earlier heading
American Material Handling Society

authority record

110 2# \$a International Material Management Society
510 2# \$w a \$a American Material Handling Society

resulting reference

American Material Handling Society
see also the later heading
International Material Management Society

4) *Available information:* The name of the International Union of American Republics was changed in 1910 to Union of American Republics and in 1949 to Organization of American States.

authority record

110 2# \$a International Union of American Republics
510 2# \$w b \$a Union of American Republics

resulting reference

Union of American Republics
see also the earlier heading
International Union of American Republics

authority record

110 2# \$a Union of American Republics
510 2# \$w a \$a International Union of American
Republics
510 2# \$w b \$a Organization of American States

resulting references

International Union of American Republics
see also the later heading
Union of American Republics

Organization of American States
see also the earlier heading
Union of American Republics

authority record

110 2# \$a Organization of American States
510 2# \$w a \$a Union of American Republics

resulting reference

Union of American Republics
see also the later heading
Organization of American States

5) *Available information:* In 1954 the Screen Writers' Guild and the Radio Writers Guild merged to form the Writers Guild of America, West.

authority record

110 2# \$a Screen Writers' Guild
510 2# \$w b \$a Writers Guild of America, West

resulting reference

Writers Guild of America, West
see also the earlier heading
Screen Writers' Guild

authority record

110 2# \$a Radio Writers Guild
510 2# \$w b \$a Writers Guild of America, West

resulting reference

Writers Guild of America, West
see also the earlier heading
Radio Writers Guild

authority record

110 2# \$a Writers Guild of America, West
510 2# \$w a \$a Screen Writers' Guild
510 2# \$w a \$a Radio Writers Guild

resulting references

Screen Writers' Guild
see also the later heading
Writers Guild of America, West

Radio Writers Guild
see also the later heading
Writers Guild of America, West

6) *Available information:* The name of the American-Asian Education Exchange was changed in 1962 to American Afro-Asian Education Exchange; in 1967 the original name was resumed.

authority record

110 2# \$a American-Asian Education Exchange
510 2# \$a American Afro-Asian Education Exchange

resulting reference

American Afro-Asian Education Exchange
see also
American-Asian Education Exchange

authority record

110 2# \$a American Afro-Asian Education Exchange
510 2# \$a American-Asian Education Exchange

resulting reference

American-Asian Education Exchange
see also
American Afro-Asian Education Exchange

(References were made at the time of the first change of name that had the display constants "see also the earlier heading/see also the later heading." When the original name was resumed, the \$w was deleted resulting in simple *see also* references.)

7) *Available information:* Drabenderhöhe changed its name in 1961 to Bielstein; in 1969 Bielstein was absorbed by Wiehl.

authority record

151 ## \$a Drabenderhöhe (Germany)
551 ## \$w b \$a Bielstein (Germany)

resulting reference

Bielstein (Germany)
see also the earlier heading
Drabenderhöhe (Germany)

authority record

151 ## \$a Bielstein (Germany)
551 ## \$w a \$a Drabenderhöhe (Germany)
551 ## \$a Wiehl (Germany)

resulting references

Drabenderhöhe (Germany)
see also the later heading
Bielstein (Germany)

Wiehl (Germany)
see also
Bielstein (Germany)

authority record

151 ## \$a Wiehl (Germany)
551 ## \$a Bielstein (Germany)

resulting reference

Bielstein (Germany)
see also
Wiehl (Germany)

8) When under earlier cataloging rules a *see* reference tracing from one or more earlier names has already been made and, consequently, publications issued under one name are entered under another, retain the *see* reference tracing until the heading is needed for a new publication. When it is needed, establish the heading and convert the *see* reference tracing to a *see also* reference tracing (cf. LCRI 26.3). Do not change any existing bibliographic records.

Available information: The International Federation of General Factory Workers was established in 1907. In 1950 the name was changed to International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General Workers Unions and in 1964 to International Federation of Chemical and General Workers' Unions. Works published before the change of name in 1964 are found under International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General Workers Unions.

a) *Earliest name not yet used as a heading*

authority record

110 2# \$a International Federation of Industrial
Organizations and General Workers Unions
410 2# \$a International Federation of General Factory
Workers
510 2# \$w b \$a International Federation of Chemical
and General Workers' Unions

resulting references

International Federation of General Factory Workers
see also
International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General
Workers Unions

International Federation of Chemical and General Workers' Unions
see also the earlier heading

International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General
Workers Unions

authority record

110 2# \$a International Federation of Chemical and
General Workers' Unions
510 2# \$w a \$a International Federation of Industrial
Organizations and General Workers
Unions

resulting reference

International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General
Workers Unions
see also the later heading
International Federation of Chemical and General Workers' Unions

b) *Earliest name now needed as a heading.* When the heading "International Federation of General Factory Workers" is needed for a newly cataloged item, establish the heading and make a *see also* reference. Do not change any existing bibliographic records.

authority record

110 2# \$a International Federation of General Factory
Workers
510 2# \$w b \$a International Federation of Industrial
Organizations and General Workers
Unions

resulting reference

International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General
Workers Unions
see also the earlier heading
International Federation of General Factory Workers

On the authority record for "International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General Workers Unions," change the *see* reference to a *see also* reference.

authority record

110 2# \$a International Federation of Industrial
Organizations and General Workers Unions
510 2# \$w a \$a International Federation of General
Factory Workers
510 2# \$w b \$a International Federation of Chemical
and General Workers' Unions

resulting new reference

International Federation of General Factory Workers
see also the later heading
International Federation of Industrial Organizations and General
Workers Unions

9) When judged useful, connect authority records for named meetings in the same way as for other corporate names. Do not add notes to the bibliographic records for unnamed meetings.

Available information: The 3rd, 7th, and 9th of the following series of meetings were named; the 4th, 5th, 6th, and 8th were unnamed and the proceedings of those meetings are entered under title.

authority record

111 2# \$a Symposium on the Plasma Membrane \$d (1961
: \$c New York, N.Y.)
511 2# \$w b \$a Symposium on Macromolecular Metabolism
\$d (1965 : \$c New York, N.Y.)

resulting reference

Symposium on the Macromolecular Metabolism (1965 : New York,
N.Y.)
see also the earlier heading
Symposium on the Plasma Membrane (1961 : New York, N.Y.)

authority record

111 2# \$a Symposium on Macromolecular Metabolism \$d
(1965 : \$c New York, N.Y.)
511 2# \$w a \$a Symposium on the Plasma Membrane \$d
(1961 : \$c New York, N.Y.)
511 2# \$w b \$a Basic Science Symposium

resulting references

Symposium on the Plasma Membrane (1961 : New York, N.Y.)
see also the later heading
Symposium on Macromolecular Metabolism (1965 : New York, N.Y.)

Basic Science Symposium
see also the earlier heading
Symposium on Macromolecular Metabolism (1965 : New York, N.Y.)

authority record

111 2# \$a Basic Science Symposium
511 2# \$w a \$a Symposium on Macromolecular Metabolism
\$d (1965 : \$c New York, N.Y.)

resulting reference

Symposium on Macromolecular Metabolism (1965 : New York, N.Y.)
see also the later heading
Basic Science Symposium

10) *Available information*: In 1963 the Arkansas Resources and Development Commission was replaced by the Arkansas Geological Commission. The following bodies are known to be related to these bodies but the nature of the relationship is uncertain: Arkansas. State Geologist; Arkansas. Office of the State Geologist; Arkansas. Division of Geology; Arkansas Geological and Conservation Commission. All the headings are connected to all the other headings, as illustrated by the following example showing only one of the headings:

authority record

110 2# \$a Arkansas Resources and Development
Commission
510 2# \$a Arkansas Geological Commission
510 2# \$a Arkansas. \$b State Geologist
510 1# \$a Arkansas. \$b Office of the State Geologist
510 1# \$a Arkansas. \$b Division of Geology
510 2# \$a Arkansas Geological and Conservation
Commission

resulting references

Arkansas Geological Commission
see also
Arkansas Resources and Development Commission

Arkansas. State Geologist
see also
Arkansas Resources and Development Commission

Arkansas. Office of the State Geologist
see also
Arkansas Resources and Development Commission

Arkansas. Division of Geology
see also
Arkansas Resources and Development Commission

Arkansas Geological and Conservation Commission
see also
Arkansas Resources and Development Commission

MARC 21 field 663/664 (Complex See Also and See References)

1) *"General" references*. Explanatory references of the type illustrated by the examples in 26.3C1 of AACR2 for "Aktiebolaget ...," "Conference ...," and "Catholic Church. Sacra ..." are not used on name authority records created by the Library of Congress or by PCC contributors. Instead, the specific reference is supplied in all authority records.

2) *Private communications of heads of state, etc.* Create reciprocal *see also* references to connect headings for heads of state, ecclesiastical officials, etc., to the corresponding official heading instead of the explanatory reference called for in 21.4D2 and illustrated in 26.3C1.

authority record

100 0# \$a Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, \$c Shah of Iran, \$d
1919-
510 1# \$a Iran. \$b Shah (1941-1979 : Mohammed Reza
Pahlavi)
(Subfield \$w not needed)

And

110 1# \$a Iran. \$b Shah (1941-1979 : Mohammed Reza
Pahlavi)
500 0# \$a Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, \$c Shah of Iran, \$d
1919-
(Subfield \$w not needed)

resulting references

Iran. Shah (1941-1979 : Mohammed Reza Pahlavi)
see also
Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, Shah of Iran, 1919-

Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, Shah of Iran, 1919-
see also
Iran. Shah (1941-1979 : Mohammed Reza Pahlavi)

Before 2005, reciprocal references were not routinely provided from the personal name to the corporate name authority record. Add such references when maintenance work is required to the authority record for another reason.

Note: Catalogers are reminded that *LC Descriptive Cataloging Manual* (DCM) Z1 provides information for the appropriate coding of the MARC 21 fixed field (008) positions 11 and 15 as well as instructions for the addition of a “Subject usage” 667 note field when creating the corporate name authority record.

SUBJECT CATALOGING

SUBDIVISION SIMPLIFICATION PROGRESS

Since the Subject Subdivisions Conference took place at Airlie House, Virginia, in May 1991, progress continues to be made in simplifying subdivisions in the Library of Congress Subject Headings system. On Weekly Lists 05-16 to 05-42 changes were made in the following areas:

Recommendation #1. Toward achieving the recommended standard order of **[topic]—[place]—[chronology]—[form]** where it can be applied in LC subject heading strings, new topical subdivisions for which geographic orientation is possible are established with the designation (*May Subd Geog*). On a case-by-case basis, subdivisions not previously divided by place are authorized for geographic subdivision. Three

subdivisions were authorized for geographic subdivision during this period.

Recommendation #6. During the second and third quarters of 2005, progress in simplifying subdivisions was made in the following areas:

1) *Cancellation of subdivisions that represent the same or similar concepts in different forms.* The subdivisions —**Early works to 600** and —**Medieval works**, which had been established under the heading **Lord's Supper**, were cancelled and replaced with the standard free-floating form subdivision —**Early works to 1800**. The subdivision —**Apparatus and instruments**, which had been established under the heading **Radioisotope scanning**, was replaced with the standard free-floating subdivision —**Equipment and supplies**.

2) *Phrase headings replaced with subdivisions.* Several phrase headings that were constructed with parenthetical or adjectival qualifiers for religions were revised to subdivision forms. The headings **Lam-rim (Bonpo)**; **Rdzogs-chen (Bonpo)**; and **Yoga (Bonpo)** were revised to **Lam-rim—Bon (Tibetan religion)**; **Rdzogs-chen—Bon (Tibetan religion)**; and **Yoga—Bon (Tibetan religion)**. The headings **Yoga (Jainism)** and **Yoga (Tantric Buddhism)** were revised to **Yoga—Jainism** and **Yoga—Tantric Buddhism**. The seven headings **Man (Christian theology)**; **Man (Hinduism)**; **Man (Islam)**; **Man (Jewish theology)**; **Man (Shinto)**; **Man (Sikhism)**; and **Man (Zoroastrianism)** were replaced by the new heading **Theological anthropology** subdivided by the corresponding religion: **Theological anthropology—Christianity**; **Theological anthropology—Hinduism**; **Theological anthropology—Islam**; **Theological anthropology—Judaism**; **Theological anthropology—Shinto**; **Theological anthropology—Sikhism**; and **Theological anthropology—Zoroastrianism**. The three headings **Sin (Assyro-Babylonian religion)**; **Sin (Islam)**; and **Sin (Judaism)** were revised to **Sin—Assyro-Babylonian religion**; **Sin—Islam**; and **Sin—Judaism**. The four headings **Soul (Buddhism)**; **Soul (Hinduism)**; **Soul (Islam)**; and **Soul (Jainism)** were revised to **Soul—Buddhism**; **Soul—Hinduism**; **Soul—Islam**; and **Soul—Jainism**. The heading **Decision (Christian theology)** was revised to **Decision making—Religious aspects—Christianity**. The heading **Creeds, Jewish** was revised to **Judaism—Creeds**.

The heading **Zen Buddhism and martial arts** was revised to **Martial arts—Religious aspects—Zen Buddhism**.

The heading **Drugs and youth** was cancelled and replaced with **Youth—Drug use**.

3) *Subdivisions replaced with phrase headings.* Two headings constructed with subdivisions were revised to phrases. **Cables, Submarine—Atlantic** was replaced with **Transatlantic cables** and **Cables, Submarine—Pacific** was replaced with **Transpacific cables**.

4) *Subdivisions revised to different forms.* The subdivision —**Bakers and bakeries** was revised to —**Bakeries** under the headings **Advertising** and **Collective bargaining**. The subdivision —**Problems, Famous** was updated to —**Famous problems** under the heading **Geometry**.

No changes to existing free-floating subdivisions took place during the second and third quarters of 2005.

SUBJECT HEADINGS OF CURRENT INTEREST

Weekly Lists 18-30, 2005

African American professional athletes (*May Subd Geog*)
Agritourism (*May Subd Geog*)
Airbus A380 (Jet transport)
Alcoholic fathers (*May Subd Geog*)

Animal phobias (*May Subd Geog*)
Barrier island ecology (*May Subd Geog*)
Belly dancers (*May Subd Geog*)
Biocomplexity (*May Subd Geog*)
Blended learning (*May Subd Geog*)
Brothels (*May Subd Geog*)
Car sharing (*May Subd Geog*)
Child car seats (*May Subd Geog*)
Civil commitment of sex offenders (*May Subd Geog*)
Compulsive washing (*May Subd Geog*)
Condom use (*May Subd Geog*)
Creative destruction (*May Subd Geog*)
Cross-border shopping (*May Subd Geog*)
Debt-for-nature swaps (*May Subd Geog*)
Determinate sentences (Criminal procedure) (*May Subd Geog*)
Direct-to-consumer prescription drug advertising (*May Subd Geog*)
Domestic terrorism (*May Subd Geog*)
Drag bikes (*May Subd Geog*)
Earthquake aftershocks (*May Subd Geog*)
Educational attainment (*May Subd Geog*)
Family secrets (*May Subd Geog*)
Fatherhood responsibility movement (*May Subd Geog*)
Figure skating (*May Subd Geog*)
Film clips (*May Subd Geog*)
Flat panel displays (*May Subd Geog*)
Fundamentalists (*May Subd Geog*)
Girls' schools (*May Subd Geog*)
Humanistic Buddhism (*May Subd Geog*)
Indian code talkers (*May Subd Geog*)
Information behavior (*May Subd Geog*)
Insect phobia (*May Subd Geog*)
Isotonic exercise (*May Subd Geog*)
Israeli West Bank Barrier
Lake Erie monster
Mudslides (*May Subd Geog*)
Nation-building (*May Subd Geog*)
Natural ventilation (*May Subd Geog*)
Navajo code talkers (*May Subd Geog*)
Neoliberalism (*May Subd Geog*)
New democracies (*May Subd Geog*)
Nicotine addiction (*May Subd Geog*)
Offshore outsourcing (*May Subd Geog*)
Open access publishing (*May Subd Geog*)
Paleo-Eskimos (*May Subd Geog*)
Pebble mosaics (*May Subd Geog*)
Phishing (*May Subd Geog*)
Police—Gang units (*May Subd Geog*)
Professional athletes (*May Subd Geog*)
Protective custody (*May Subd Geog*)
Rear-end collisions (*May Subd Geog*)

Rockcrawling (*May Subd Geog*)
RSS feeds (*May Subd Geog*)
Salmon farming (*May Subd Geog*)
Sexual minority students (*May Subd Geog*)
Social comparison (*May Subd Geog*)
Spam filtering (Electronic mail)
Spousal abuse (*May Subd Geog*)
Spree murderers (*May Subd Geog*)
Submarine volcanoes (*May Subd Geog*)
Surprise birthday parties (*May Subd Geog*)
Synchronized skating (*May Subd Geog*)
Treadmills (Exercise equipment) (*May Subd Geog*)
Zines (*May Subd Geog*)

Weekly Lists 31-43, 2005

Active food packaging (*May Subd Geog*)
Agroterrorism (*May Subd Geog*)
Ambient intelligence (*May Subd Geog*)
Amenity migration (*May Subd Geog*)
American Dream
Beach soccer (*May Subd Geog*)
Birthday cards (*May Subd Geog*)
Boardwalks (*May Subd Geog*)
Confederate cemeteries (*May Subd Geog*)
Disruptive technologies (*May Subd Geog*)
Double dutch (Rope skipping) (*May Subd Geog*)
Electronic government publications (*May Subd Geog*)
Employees—Coaching of (*May Subd Geog*)
Endangered languages (*May Subd Geog*)
Ex-gay movement (*May Subd Geog*)
Excited delirium syndrome (*May Subd Geog*)
Fire twirling (*May Subd Geog*)
First-generation college students (*May Subd Geog*)
Gay bathhouses (*May Subd Geog*)
Generation Y (*May Subd Geog*)
Helplines (*May Subd Geog*)
Hurricane Katrina, 2005
Internalized homophobia (*May Subd Geog*)
Internalized homophobia in lesbians (*May Subd Geog*)
Islamophobia (*May Subd Geog*)
Jury ethics (*May Subd Geog*)
Krumping (*May Subd Geog*)
London Terrorist Bombings, London, England, 2005
Low-income college students (*May Subd Geog*)
Metabolic syndrome (*May Subd Geog*)
Military convoys (*May Subd Geog*)
Monogamous relationships (*May Subd Geog*)
Nanodiamonds (*May Subd Geog*)
Nutrition disorders in animals (*May Subd Geog*)

Obesity in animals (*May Subd Geog*)
 Opera fesitvals (*May Subd Geog*)
 Plutocracy (*May Subd Geog*)
 Polkabilly music (*May Subd Geog*)
 Religious adherents (*May Subd Geog*)
 Road work zones (*May Subd Geog*)
 Roadside memorials (*May Subd Geog*)
 Self-financed political candidates (*May Subd Geog*)
 Sports car racing (*May Subd Geog*)
 Straight-edge culture (*May Subd Geog*)
 Streaming videos (*May Subd Geog*)
 Sudoku (*May Subd Geog*)
 Terrorism—Finance
 Transportation demand management (*May Subd Geog*)
 Working class men (*May Subd Geog*)

REVISED LC SUBJECT HEADINGS

The list below comprises headings that were changed or cancelled on weekly lists 16-29, 2005.

<i>Cancelled Heading</i>	<i>Replacement Heading</i>	<i>May Subd Geog</i>
Abhidharma (Bonpo)	Bon Abhidharma	NO
Africa in popular culture	Africa—In popular culture	NO
African American middle aged women	African American middle-aged women	YES
Airbus (Jet transport)	Airbus aircraft	NO
Allied rat	Bush rat	YES
Amphimallon	Rhizotrogus	YES
Anaheim Stadium (Anaheim, Calif.)	Angel Stadium of Anaheim (Anaheim, Calif.)	NO
Art, Bavarian	Art, German—Germany—Bavaria	
Art, Bonpo	Bon art	YES
Artificial recharge of groundwater	Artificial groundwater recharge	YES
Arts, Bonpo	Bon arts	YES
Asparagus-beetle	Asparagus beetle	YES
Bangala (African people)	Ngala (African people)	YES
Bar U Ranch National Historic Site of Canada (Alta.)	Bar U Ranch National Historic Site (Alta.)	NO
Bean leaf-beetle	Bean leaf beetle	YES
Bean-weevil	Bean weevil	YES
Benguella (African people)	Ovimbundu (African people)	YES
Blood pheasants	Blood pheasant	YES
Bloomington Lake (Md. and W. Va.)	Jennings Randolph Lake (Md. and W. Va.)	NO
Bonpo (Sect)	Bon (Tibetan religion)	YES
Bonpo (Sect)—Doctrines	Bon (Tibetan religion)—Doctrines	NO
Bonpo (Sect)—Prayer-books and devotions	Bon (Tibetan religion)—Prayer-books and devotions	NO
Bonpo (Sect)—Rituals	Bon (Tibetan religion)—Rituals	NO

Bonpo (Sect)—Sacred books	Bon (Tibetan religion)—Sacred books	NO
Bonpo art and symbolism	Bon symbolism	YES
Bonpo astrology	Bon astrology	YES
Bonpo incantations	Bon incantations	YES
Bonpo lamas	Bon lamas	YES
Bonpo literature	Bon literature	YES
Bonpo logic	Bon logic	NO
Bonpo meditations	Bon meditations	NO
Bonpo pilgrims and pilgrimages	Bon pilgrims and pilgrimages	YES
Bonpo shrines	Bon shrines	YES
Broad-bean weevil	Broadbean weevil	YES
Buzi River (Mozambique)	Búzi River (Zimbabwe and Mozambique)	NO
Buzi River Watershed (Mozambique)	Búzi River Watershed (Zimbabwe and Mozambique)	NO
Cables, Submarine—Atlantic	Transatlantic cables	NO
Cables, Submarine—Pacific	Transpacific cables	NO
Canada Highway 93 (Alta. and B.C.)	Highway 93 (Alta. and B.C.)	NO
Canada Highway 95 (B.C.)	Highway 95 (B.C.)	NO
Cape Croker Indian Reserve (Ont.)	Neyaashiinigiing Indian Reserve No. 27 (Ont.)	NO
Capricornis	Serows	YES
Chaurasya language	Wambule language	YES
Chestnut-weevil	Chestnut weevils	YES
Cigar tax	Cigars—Taxation	YES
Cigarette habit	Nicotine addiction	YES
Cigarette habit	Smoking	YES
Cigarette tax	Cigarettes—Taxation	YES
Cigarette tax—Law and legislation	Cigarettes—Taxation—Law and legislation	YES
Civil commitment of narcotic addicts	Civil commitment of drug addicts	YES
Clover-leaf weevil	Clover leaf weevil	YES
Colorado River (Río Negro Province, Argentina)	Colorado River (Mendoza and Neuquén-Buenos Aires, Argentina)	NO
Colorado River Watershed (Río Negro Province, Argentina)	Colorado River Watershed (Mendoza and Neuquén-Buenos Aires, Argentina)	NO
Conjugal violence	Marital violence	YES
Conjugal violence—Law and legislation	Marital violence—Law and legislation	YES
Cookery, Seychelles	Cookery, Seychellois	NO
Cornus (Plants)	Dogwoods	YES
Cottonwood beetle	Cottonwood leaf beetle	YES
Creeds, Jewish	Judaism—Creeds	NO
Dbal-gsas (Bonpo deity)	Dbal-gsas (Bon deity)	NO
Decision (Christian theology)	Decision making—Religious aspects—Christianity	NO
Dehalak' Island (Eritrea)	Dahlak Island (Eritrea)	NO
Delorme, Lisa (Fictitious character)	Delorme, Lise (Fictitious character)	NO
Di (The Chinese word)	De (The Chinese word)	NO
Diamond-back moth	Diamondback moth	YES
Diamond-back moth—Biological control	Diamondback moth—Biological control	YES
Diamond-back moth—Control	Diamondback moth—Control	YES
Douglas-fir tussock moth	Douglas fir tussock moth	YES
Eremophila	Eremophila (Plants)	YES
Errors, Popular	Common fallacies	YES
Euprotomicrus bispinatus	Pygmy shark	YES

Evacuation Day, Nov. 25, 1783	Evacuation Day, New York, N.Y., 1783	NO
Exercise for middle aged persons	Exercise for middle-aged persons	YES
Exercise for middle aged women	Exercise for middle-aged women	YES
Fort Mercer (Red Bank, N.J.)	Fort Mercer (National Park, N.J.)	NO
French River (Ont.)	French River (Ont. : River)	NO
Fundulus albolineatus	Whiteline topminnow	YES
Fundulus blairae	Blair's starhead topminnow	YES
Fundulus heteroclitus	Mummichog	YES
Fundulus nottii	Bayou topminnow	YES
Funeral rites and ceremonies, Bonpo	Bon funeral rites and ceremonies	YES
Gcod (Bonpo rite)	Gcod (Bon rite)	NO
Giant scallop	Placopecten magellanicus	YES
Gods, Bonpo	Bon gods	YES
Grape leaf-folder	Grape leaf folder	YES
Great Lakes	Great Lakes (North America)	NO
Haematopus	Oystercatchers	YES
Harem	Harems	YES
Harem in art	Harems in art	NO
Hauptbahnhof (Berlin, Germany)	Ostbahnhof (Berlin, Germany)	NO
Hawaiian rat	Polynesian rat	YES
Hummer truck	Hummer trucks	NO
Iraq War, 2003	Iraq War, 2003-	NO
Iraq War, 2003—Kurds	Iraq War, 2003—Kurds	YES
Jungle fowl	Junglefowl	YES
Kardak Rocks (Turkey)	Imia Islands (Greece)	NO
Kele language	Kele language (Gabon)	YES
Kiore	Polynesian rat	YES
Koran—Ethnology	Ethnology in the Koran	NO
Lam-rim (Bonpo)	Lam-rim--Bon (Tibetan religion)	NO
Levkás Island (Greece)	Lefkas Island (Greece)	NO
Lha-rgod-thog-pa (Bonpo deity)	Lha-rgod-thog-pa (Bon deity)	NO
Linaeidea	Chrysomela	YES
Lord's Supper—Early works to 600	Lord's Supper—Early works to 1800	NO
Lord's Supper—Medieval works	Lord's Supper—Early works to 1800	NO
Lucania (Fish)	Brightfin killifishes	YES
Ma-tri (Bonpo deity)	Ma-tri (Bon deity)	NO
Maiya language	Indus Kohistani language	YES
Mälär Lake (Sweden)	Mälär, Lake (Sweden)	NO
Mälaren (Sweden)	Mälär, Lake (Sweden)	NO
Malva sylvestris	High mallow	YES
Man (Buddhism)	Buddhist anthropology	NO
Man (Christian theology)	Theological anthropology—Christianity	NO
Man (Christian theology) in literature	Theological anthropology in literature	NO
Man (Hinduism)	Theological anthropology—Hinduism	NO
Man (Islam)	Theological anthropology—Islam	NO
Man (Islam)—Koranic teaching	Theological anthropology—Islam—Koranic teaching	NO
Man (Jewish theology)	Theological anthropology—Judaism	NO
Man (Shinto)	Theological anthropology—Shinto	NO
Man (Sikhism)	Theological anthropology—Sikhism	NO
Man (Theology)	Theological anthropology	NO

Man (Theology) in literature	Theological anthropology in literature	NO
Man (Zoroastrianism)	Theological anthropology—Zoroastrianism	NO
McNicholas family	McNichol family	NO
Me-ri (Bonpo deity)	Me-ri (Bon deity)	NO
Meditation—Bonpo (Sect)	Meditation—Bon (Tibetan religion)	NO
Mesoplodon densirostris	Blainville's beaked whale	YES
Mesoplodon europaeus	Gervais's beaked whale	YES
Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum	Methanothermobacter thermautotrophicus	YES
Middle aged consumers	Middle-aged consumers	YES
Middle aged fathers	Middle-aged fathers	YES
Middle aged gay men	Middle-aged gay men	YES
Middle aged gays	Middle-aged gays	YES
Middle aged lesbians	Middle-aged lesbians	YES
Middle aged men	Middle-aged men	YES
Middle aged mothers	Middle-aged mothers	YES
Middle aged persons	Middle-aged persons	YES
Middle aged persons—Employment	Middle-aged persons—Employment	YES
Middle aged persons—Nutrition	Middle-aged persons—Nutrition	NO
Middle aged persons—Psychology	Middle-aged persons—Psychology	NO
Middle aged persons—Sexual behavior	Middle-aged persons—Sexual behavior	NO
Middle aged persons in literature	Middle-aged persons in literature	NO
Middle aged sexual minorities	Middle-aged sexual minorities	YES
Middle aged women	Middle-aged women	YES
Middle aged women—Life skills guides	Middle-aged women—Life skills guides	NO
Middle aged women—Sexual behavior	Middle-aged women—Sexual behavior	NO
Middle aged women—United States	Middle-aged women—United States	
Monkey flowers	Monkeyflowers	YES
Mpur dialect	Mpur dialect (Congo)	YES
Mud Run Disaster, Oct. 10, 1888	Mud Run Disaster, Pa., 1888	NO
Musconetcong Valley (New Jersey)	Musconetcong Valley (N.J.)	NO
Mycoplasma-like diseases of plants	Phytoplasma diseases	YES
Mycoplasma-like organisms	Phytoplasmas	YES
Mycoplasma-like organisms, Phytopathogenic	Phytoplasmas	YES
Myrica faya	Morella faya	YES
NAi Prijs	AM NAi Prijs	NO
Nkunya language	Nkonya language	YES
Nukahiva language	Marquesan language—Dialects—French Polynesia— Nuka Hiva	
Operophtera	Operophtera	YES
Operophtera fagata	Northern winter moth	YES
Orientalists	Asianists	YES
Orientalists	Middle East specialists	YES
Oystercatcher	Eurasian oystercatcher	YES
Pacific Bell Park (San Francisco, Calif.)	SBC Park (San Francisco, Calif.)	NO
Pagrosomus	Pagrus	YES
Pagrosomus auratus	Chrysophrys auratus	YES
Palestine in popular culture	Palestine—In popular culture	NO
Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasma-like organism	Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma	YES
Penaeus stylirostris	Blue shrimp	YES
Pepper-weevil	Pepper weevil	YES

Philosophy, Bonpo	Bon philosophy	YES
Physical fitness for middle aged persons	Physical fitness for middle-aged persons	YES
Physical fitness for middle aged women	Physical fitness for middle-aged women	YES
Pinyon Canyon Maneuver Site (Colo.)	Pinon Canyon Maneuver Site (Colo.)	NO
Pissodes sitchensis	White pine weevil	YES
Plants, Smokable	Smokable plants	YES
Plateau languages (Nigeria)	Plateau languages (Benue-Congo)	YES
Prints, Eskimo	Eskimo prints	YES
Psychodrama	Drama—Therapeutic use	YES
Pucrasia maculophya	Koklass pheasant	YES
Rainier Vista (Seattle, Wash.)	Rainier Vista (Seattle, Wash. : Park)	NO
Rdzogs-chen (Bonpo)	Rdzogs-chen—Bon (Tibetan religion)	NO
Rdzogs-chen (Rñiñ-ma-pa)	Rdzogs-chen	NO
Reeves pheasant	Reeve's pheasant	YES
Religious life—Bonpo (Sect)	Religious life—Bon (Tibetan religion)	NO
Roller-skating	Roller skating	YES
Rome—History—The five Julii, 30 B.C.-68 A.D.	Rome—History—Julio-Claudians, 30 B.C.-68 A.D.	NO
Sacandaga Lake (N.Y.)	Sacandaga Lake (Hamilton County, N.Y.)	NO
Sandžak (Serbia and Montenegro)	Sandžak (Serbia and Montenegro : Region)	NO
Scholastic Aptitude Test	SAT (Educational test)	NO
Scholastic Assessment Test	SAT (Educational test)	NO
Scrub jay	Florida scrub jay	YES
Senga language	Nsenga language	YES
Seychelles fiction (French Creole)	Seychellois fiction (French Creole)	YES
Seychelles literature	Seychellois literature	YES
Seychelles literature (French Creole)	Seychellois literature (French Creole)	YES
Seychelles poetry (French Creole)	Seychellois poetry (French Creole)	YES
Sheep herding	Shepherding	YES
Sheep herding—Equipment and supplies	Shepherding—Equipment and supplies	NO
Short stories, Seychelles (French Creole)	Short stories, Seychellois (French Creole)	YES
Sin (Assyro-Babylonian religion)	Sin—Assyro-Babylonian religion	NO
Sin (Islam)	Sin—Islam	NO
Sin (Judaism)	Sin—Judaism	NO
Sitātapatrā (Bonpo deity)	Sitātapatrā (Bon deity)	NO
Six-spotted leaf-hopper	Aster leafhopper	YES
SkyDome (Toronto, Ont.)	Rogers Centre (Toronto, Ont.)	NO
Smoking cessation programs	Smoking cessation	YES
Snowberry	Symphoricarpos	YES
Sorghum-midge	Sorghum midge	YES
Soul (Buddhism)	Soul—Buddhism	NO
Soul (Hinduism)	Soul—Hinduism	NO
Soul (Islam)	Soul—Islam	NO
Soul (Islam)—Koranic teaching	Soul—Islam—Koranic teaching	NO
Soul (Jainism)	Soul—Jainism	NO
Spalacidae	Blind mole rats	YES
Spalax	Ukrainian blind mole rats	YES
Sphaeralcea	Globemallows	YES
Sphyrapicus	Sapsuckers	YES
Spiritual life—Bonpo (Sect)	Spiritual life—Bon (Tibetan religion)	NO
Spur fowl	Spurfowl	YES

Stag-lha-me-'bar (Bonpo deity)	Stag-lha-me-'bar (Bon deity)	NO
Stanton Drew (England)	Stanton Drew (England : Megalithic monument)	NO
Swastika in art	Swastikas in art	NO
Swida	Dogwoods	YES
Symphoricarpos rotundifolius	Roundleaf snowberry	YES
Temples, Bonpo	Bon temples	YES
Terra-cotta sculpture, Maya	Maya terra-cotta sculpture	YES
Thugs	Thugs (Indic criminal group)	YES
Titicaca Lake (Peru and Bolivia)	Titicaca, Lake (Peru and Bolivia)	NO
Tobacco habit	Tobacco use	YES
Tobacco habit—Treatment	Nicotine addiction—Treatment	YES
Unsolicited electronic mail messages	Spam (Electronic mail)	YES
Unsolicited electronic mail messages—Law and legislation	Spam (Electronic mail)—Law and legislation	YES
Villa Borghese (Rome, Italy)	Casino Borghese (Rome, Italy)	NO
Villa Borghese (Rome, Italy)	Villa Borghese (Rome, Italy : Park)	NO
Villanovans	Villanovan culture	YES
Walnut span-worm	Walnut spanworm	YES
White-pine weevil	White pine weevil	YES
Women Orientalists	Women Asianists	YES
Women Orientalists	Women Middle East specialists	YES
Yaak River (Mont.)	Yaak River (B.C. and Mont.)	NO
Yoga (Bonpo)	Yoga—Bon (Tibetan religion)	NO
Yoga (Jainism)	Yoga—Jainism	NO
Yoga (Tantric Buddhism)	Yoga—Tantric Buddhism	NO
Zen Buddhism and martial arts	Martial arts—Religious aspects—Zen Buddhism	NO

The list below comprises headings that were changed or cancelled on weekly lists 30-42, 2005.

<i>Cancelled Heading</i>	<i>Replacement Heading</i>	<i>May Subd Geog</i>
Acipenser ruthenus	Sterlet	YES
Advertising—Bakers and bakeries	Advertising—Bakeries	YES
Aguacatec language	Awakateko language	YES
Ambassador Bridge (Detroit, Mich. and Windsor, Ont.)	Ambassador Bridge (Detroit, Mich., and Windsor, Ont.)	NO
Andilyaugwa language	Anindilyakwa language	YES
Aqueduct Bridge (Washington, D.C. and Va.)	Aqueduct Bridge (Washington, D.C., and Va.)	NO
Archipelagoes—Asia, Southeastern	Archipelagoes—Southeast Asia	
Armadillididae	Armadillidiidae	YES
Armadillidium vulgare	Common pill bug	YES
Art, Réunion	Art, Reunionese	YES
Asia, Southeastern	Southeast Asia	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Antiquities	Southeast Asia—Antiquities	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Civilization	Southeast Asia—Civilization	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Civilization—French influences	Southeast Asia—Civilization—French influences	NO

Asia, Southeastern—Civilization—Indic influences	Southeast Asia—Civilization—Indic influences	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Civilization—Islamic influences	Southeast Asia—Civilization—Islamic influences	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Civilization—Tamil influences	Southeast Asia—Civilization—Tamil influences	NO
Asia, Southeastern—History	Southeast Asia—History	NO
Asia, Southeastern—History—1945-	Southeast Asia—History—1945-	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Languages	Southeast Asia—Languages	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Languages—Tone	Southeast Asia—Languages—Tone	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Library resources	Southeast Asia—Library resources	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Library resources—Directories	Southeast Asia—Library resources—Directories	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Politics and government	Southeast Asia—Politics and government	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Politics and government—1945-	Southeast Asia—Politics and government—1945-	NO
Asia, Southeastern—Study and teaching	Southeast Asia—Study and teaching	YES
Astronomy—Electronic publishing	Astronomical literature—Electronic publishing	YES
Bakers and bakeries	Bakeries	YES
Bakers and bakeries	Bakers	YES
Bakers and bakeries—Decoration	Bakeries—Decoration	YES
Bakers and bakeries—Equipment and supplies	Bakeries—Equipment and supplies	NO
Bakers and bakeries—Law and legislation	Bakeries—Law and legislation	YES
Bakers and bakeries in art	Bakeries in art	NO
Baskets—Great Lakes Region	Baskets—Great Lakes Region (North America)	
Bays—Curaçao	Bays—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
Bill Emerson Memorial Bridge (East Cape Girardeau, Ill. and Cape Girardeau, Mo.)	Bill Emerson Memorial Bridge (East Cape Girardeau, Ill., and Cape Girardeau, Mo.)	NO
Bonaire Marine Park (Bonaire)	Bonaire Marine Park (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Branchiura	Branchiura (Crustacea)	YES
Bulgaria—History—Coup, 1881	Bulgaria—History—Coup d'état, 1881	NO
Campo Arañuela Region (Spain)	Campo Arañuelo Region (Spain)	NO
Caracas Bay (Curaçao)	Caracas Bay (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Carwile family	Carville family	NO
Catalonia (Spain)—History—Revolution, 1640	Catalonia (Spain)—History—Reapers' War, 1640-1659	NO
Cenchrus ciliaris	Buffelgrass	YES
Children's literature, Yao (Southeastern Asia)	Children's literature, Yao (Southeast Asia)	YES
Christoffel Park (Curaçao)	Christoffel Nationaal Park (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Clark Hill Lake (Ga. and S.C.)	J. Strom Thurmond Lake (Ga. and S.C.)	NO
Collective bargaining—Bakers and bakeries	Collective bargaining—Bakeries	YES
Cookery, Réunion	Cookery, Reunionese	NO
Cornish Bridge (Cornish, N.H. and Windsor, Vt.)	Cornish Bridge (Cornish, N.H., and Windsor, Vt.)	NO
Côte d'Ivoire—Politics and government—1960-	Côte d'Ivoire—Politics and government—1960-1993	NO
Côte d'Ivoire—Politics and government—1960-	Côte d'Ivoire—Politics and government—1993-	NO
Cults—Asia, Southeastern	Cults—Southeast Asia	
Curaçao Lava Formation (Curaçao)	Curaçao Lava Formation (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Curaçao Riots, Willemstad, Curaçao, 1969	Curaçao Riots, Willemstad, Netherlands Antilles, 1969	NO
Daphne	Daphnes	YES

Daphne mezereum	Mezereon	YES
Dramatic music—Asia, Southeastern	Dramatic music—Southeast Asia	
Dwellings—Curaçao	Dwelling—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
Economic assistance—Asia, Southeastern	Economic assistance—Southeast Asia	
Embroidery, Yao (Southeastern Asia)	Embroidery, Yao (Southeast Asia)	YES
Endocrinology, Developmental	Developmental endocrinology	YES
Engelmann spruce beetle	White pine weevil	YES
English language—Study and teaching—Asia, Southeastern	English language—Study and teaching—Southeast Asia	
Ethnology—Asia, Southeastern	Ethnology—Southeast Asia	
Ethnology—Curaçao	Ethnology—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
Express trains—Asia, Southeastern	Express trains—Southeast Asia	
Film clips	Film excerpts	YES
Folk poetry, Yao (Southeastern Asia)	Folk poetry, Yao (Southeast Asia)	YES
Formations (Geology)—Curaçao	Formations (Geology)—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
Fowl plague	Avian influenza	YES
Fowl plague virus	Avian influenza A virus	YES
Gadiculus argenteus	Silvery pout	YES
Gadiculus thori	Silvery pout	YES
Gamasidae	Parasitidae	YES
Garza-Vela United States Courthouse (Brownsville, Tex.)	Reynaldo G. Garza and Filemon B. Vela United States Courthouse (Brownsville, Tex.)	NO
Geometry—Problems, Famous	Geometry—Famous problems	NO
German Americans—Evacuation and relocation, 1942	German Americans—Evacuation and relocation, 1942-1948	NO
Golden Triangle (Southeastern Asia)	Golden Triangle (Southeast Asia)	NO
Granite Reef Aqueduct (Ariz.)	Hayden-Rhodes Aqueduct (Ariz.)	NO
Great Lakes Region	Great Lakes Region (North America)	NO
Great Lakes Region—Languages	Great Lakes Region (North America)—Languages	NO
Great Lakes Watershed	Great Lakes Watershed (North America)	NO
Groups (Stratigraphy)—Great Lakes Region	Groups (Stratigraphy)—Great Lakes Region (North America)	
Harbors—Curaçao	Harbors—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
High Rock Lake (Rowen County and Davidson County, N.C.)	High Rock Lake (Rowan County and Davidson County, N.C.)	NO
Indians of North America—Great Lakes Region	Indians of North America—Great Lakes Region (North America)	
Inns of court	Inns of Court	NO
Kabre (African people)	Kabiye (African people)	YES
Kabre dialect	Kabiye language	YES
Karst (Region)	Karst (Slovenia and Italy : Region)	NO
Kōbu Tonneru (Itsukaichi-machi, Tokyo and Uenohara-machi, Japan)	Kōbu Tonneru (Itsukaichi-machi, Tokyo, and Uenohara-machi, Japan)	NO
Lagoons—Curaçao	Lagoons—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
Landes (France)	Landes (France : Region)	NO
Langston Hughes Cultural Arts Center (Seattle, Wash.)	Langston Hughes Performing Arts Center (Seattle, Wash.)	NO
Lewis and Clark Bridge (Longview, Wash. and Rainier, Or.)	Lewis and Clark Bridge (Longview, Wash., and Rainier, Or.)	NO

Library Association Carnegie Medal	Carnegie Medal	NO
Library Association Kate Greenaway Medal	Kate Greenaway Medal	NO
Literary prizes—Asia, Southeastern	Literary prizes—Southeast Asia	
Long Bridge (Washington, D.C. and Va.)	Long Bridge (Washington, D.C., and Va.)	NO
Lowenfeld mosaic test	Lowenfeld Mosaics	YES
Lucy (Fictitious character)	Lucy (Fictitious character : Wordsworth)	NO
Maa language (Southeastern Asia)	Maa language (Southeast Asia)	YES
Malay language—Asia, Southeastern	Malay language—Southeast Asia	
Malva verticillata	Cluster mallow	YES
Manuscripts, Yao (Southeastern Asia)	Manuscripts, Yao (Southeast Asia)	YES
Mária Valéria Híd (Esztergom, Hungary and Štúrovo, Slovakia)	Mária Valéria Híd (Esztergom, Hungary, and Štúrovo, Slovakia)	NO
Marine parks and reserves—Bonaire	Marine parks and reserves—Netherlands Antilles—Bonaire	
Martyr (The word)	Martyr (The English word)	NO
Maserati automobile	Maserati automobiles	NO
Missouri National Recreational River (S.D. and Neb.)	Missouri National Recreational River (Neb. and S.D.)	NO
Montenegro—History—Petar I, 1782-1830	Montenegro—History—Peter I, 1782-1830	NO
Montenegro—History—Petar II, 1830-1851	Montenegro—History—Peter II, 1830-1851	NO
Music—Asia, Southeastern	Music—Southeast Asia	
Music—Asia, Southeastern—History and criticism	Music—Southeast Asia—History and criticism	NO
Musical instruments—Asia, Southeastern	Musical instruments—Southeast Asia	
Muztāgh River (Pakistan)	Shaksgam River (Pakistan and China)	NO
Muztāgh River Valley (Pakistan)	Shaksgam Valley (Pakistan and China)	NO
National Park Washington-Slagbaai (Bonaire)	Washington Slagbaai Nationaal Park (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Neolithic period—Asia, Southeastern	Neolithic period—Southeast Asia	
Nesokia indica	Short-tailed bandicoot rat	YES
Neutrality—Great Lakes	Neutrality—Great Lakes (North America)	
New River (Ariz.)	New River (Ariz. : River)	NO
Ngaanyatjara (Australian people)	Ngaanyatjarra (Australian people)	YES
Ngaanyatjara language	Ngaanyatjarra language	YES
Nursery rhymes, Réunion (French)	Nursery rhymes, Reunionese (French)	YES
Ogbah language	Ogba language	YES
Øresundsbron (Copenhagen, Denmark and Malmö, Sweden)	Øresundsbron (Copenhagen, Denmark, and Malmö, Sweden)	NO
Painting, Yao (Southeastern Asia)	Painting, Yao (Southeast Asia)	YES
Papovaviruses	Papillomaviruses	YES
Papovaviruses	Polyomaviruses	YES
Parks—Bonaire	Parks—Netherlands Antilles—Bonaire	
Peninsulas—Asia, Southeastern	Peninsulas—Southeast Asia	
Phonocylinders	Cylinder recordings	YES
Physics—Electronic publishing	Physics literature—Electronic publishing	YES
Pine-shoot moth	European pine shoot moth	YES
Pinhook Swamp (Ga.)	Pinhook Swamp (Fla. and Ga.)	NO
Plantations—Curaçao	Plantations—Netherlands Antilles—Curaçao	
Polyoma virus	Polyomaviruses	YES
Potomac Highway Bridge (Washington, D.C.)	Potomac Highway Bridge (Washington, D.C., and Va.)	NO

and Va.)		
Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test	PSAT (Educational test)	NO
Preliminary Scholastic Assessment Test	PSAT (Educational test)	NO
Presidents—United States—Assassination	Presidents—Assassination—United States	
Proverbs, Kabre	Proverbs, Kabiye	YES
Ptinidae	Spider beetles	YES
Radioisotope scanning—Apparatus and instruments	Radioisotope scanning—Equipment and supplies	NO
Railroad bridges—Québec	Railroad bridges—Québec (Province)	
Réunion fiction (French)	Reunionese fiction (French)	YES
Réunion fiction (French Creole)	Reunionese fiction (French Creole)	YES
Réunion Islanders	Reunionese	YES
Réunion Islanders—France	Reunionese—France	
Réunion literature	Reunionese literature	YES
Réunion literature (French)	Reunionese literature (French)	YES
Réunion literature (French Creole)	Reunionese literature (French Creole)	YES
Réunion newspapers	Reunionese newspapers	YES
Réunion newspapers—Circulation	Reunionese newspapers—Circulation	NO
Réunion periodicals	Reunionese periodicals	YES
Réunion poetry (French)	Reunionese poetry (French)	YES
Réunion poetry (French Creole)	Reunionese poetry (French Creole)	YES
Réunion wit and humor, Pictorial	Reunionese wit and humor, Pictorial	YES
Rhyacionia zozana	Ponderosa pine tip moth	YES
Roller-skating—Equipment and supplies	Roller skating—Equipment and supplies	NO
Roller-skating—Tournaments	Roller skating—Tournaments	YES
Rooi Catootje (Curaçao)	Rooi Catootje (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Sabeth Site (India)	Jetavana Monastery Site (India)	NO
Saint Eustatius (Netherlands Antilles)—History	Sint Eustatius (Netherlands Antilles)—History	NO
Saint Eustatius (Netherlands Antilles)—History— Capture by the British, 1781	Sint Eustatius (Netherlands Antilles)—History— Capture by the British, 1781	NO
Saint Martin	Saint Martin (West Indies)	NO
Santa Anna Bay (Curaçao)	Santa Anna Bay (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Sarah Mildred Long Bridge (Kittery, Me. and Portsmouth, N.H.)	Sarah Mildred Long Bridge (Kittery, Me., and Portsmouth, N.H.)	NO
Schottegat (Curaçao)	Schottegat (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Scymnorhinus	Dalatias	YES
Seroe Domi Formation (Curaçao)	Seroe Domi Formation (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Shape note hymnals	Shape-note hymnals	YES
Shape note singing	Shape-note singing	YES
Short stories, Réunion (French)	Short stories, Reunionese (French)	YES
Short stories, Réunion (French Creole)	Short stories, Reunionese (French Creole)	YES
Silvertone organ—Methods	Electronic organ—Methods	NO
Silvertone organ—Methods—Self-instruction	Electronic organ—Methods—Self-instruction	NO
Spaanse Water (Curaçao)	Spaanse Water (Netherlands Antilles)	NO
Storms—Great Lakes	Storms—Great Lakes (North America)	
Teatro Sociale (Alba, Italy)	Teatro sociale (Alba, Italy)	NO
Technical assistance—Asia, Southeastern	Technical assistance—Southeast Asia	
Teni River Farm (China)	Tenihe nong mu chang (China)	NO
Textile fabrics, Yao (Southeastern Asia)	Textile fabrics, Yao (Southeast Asia)	YES
Underground railroad	Underground Railroad	YES

Wailpi (Australian people)	Adynyamathanha (Australian people)	YES
Wailpi language	Adynyamathanha language	YES
Walmatjari (Australian people)	Walmajarri (Australian people)	YES
Walmatjari language	Walmajarri language	YES
Water levels—Great Lakes	Water levels—Great Lakes (North America)	
Water temperature—Great Lakes	Water temperature—Great Lakes (North America)	
William H. Natcher Bridge (Rockport, Ind. and Maceo, Ky.)	William H. Natcher Bridge (Rockport, Ind., and Maceo, Ky.)	NO
Windward Islands	Windward Islands (West Indies)	NO
Women, Kabre	Women, Kabiye	YES
Women, Tanga	Women, Tanga (Africa)	YES
Women, Wailpi	Women, Adynyamathanha	YES
Women, Walmatjari	Women, Walmajarri	YES
Yao language (Southeastern Asia)	Yao language (Southeast Asia)	YES
Yao literature (Southeastern Asia)	Yao literature (Southeast Asia)	YES
Yao poetry (Southeastern Asia)	Yao poetry (Southeast Asia)	YES
Yosemite National Park (Calif.)— Transportation	Transportation—California—Yosemite National Park	
Yukon (Transport planes)	Yukon (Transport plane)	NO
Zbarazh, Battle of, Zbarazh, Ukraine, 1920	Zbarazh, Battle of, Zbarazh, Ternopil's'ka oblast', Ukraine, 1920	NO

SUBJECT HEADINGS REPLACED BY NAME HEADINGS

<i>Cancelled Subject Heading</i>	<i>Replacement Name Heading</i>
1993 March on Washington for Lesbian, Gay and Bi Equal Rights and Liberation, Washington, D.C., 1993	March on Washington for Lesbian, Gay, and Bi Equal Rights and Liberation (1993 : Washington, D.C.)
Bereza Kartuska (Belarus : Concentration camp)	Bereza Kartuska (Concentration camp)
Tate House (Stroudwater, Me.)	Tate House (Portland, Me.)
Thirteen articles of faith (Judaism)	Maimonides, Moses, 1135-1204. 13 'ikre ha-emunah

MARC

The following additions and changes should be noted for inclusion in the 2003 edition of the *MARC Code List for Languages*.

Additions:

Favorlang [map]
 Indus Kohistani [inc]
 Laven [mkh]
 Seychellois French Creole [cpf]
 Sikka [map]
 Yandruwandha [aus]

Changes:

from:

Andilyaugwa [aus]
Chaurasya [sit]
Koluawawa [map]
Mpur [bnt]
Nkunya [nic]
Réunion French Creole [cpf]
Senga [bnt]
Wailpi [aus]
Walmatjari [aus]

to:

Anindilyakwa [aus]
Wambule [sit]
Koluwawa [map]
Mpur (Congo) [bnt]
Nkonya [nic]
Reunionese French Creole [cpf]
Nsenga [bnt]
Adynyamathanha [aus]
Walmajarri [aus]

INDEX

Cataloging Service Bulletin Index

Cataloging Service Bulletin Index #1-110, Summer 1978-Fall 2005, by Nancy B. Olson, will be available from Soldier Creek Press. This annual cumulative index covers all the rule interpretations to the *Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules*, second edition, as well as information from the *Cataloging Service Bulletin* on Library of Congress subject headings and changes made to them. It also covers information appearing in CSB on Library of Congress cataloging and classification policy and procedures. The index may be ordered from Soldier Creek Press, PO Box 10, Belle Plaine MN 56011, or from abborder@frontiernet.net. Standing orders are encouraged; price is \$49.00.