

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Plant Materials center Bismarck, North Dakota

# BISMARCK Ecotype Buffalograss



Announcing the release of

# **BISMARCK** Ecotype

Buffalograss Buchloe dactyloides

A buffalograss adapted to the Northern Great Plains

## **Potential Uses**

Reduced Maintenance Cover

Prairie Restoration

Prairie Landscaping



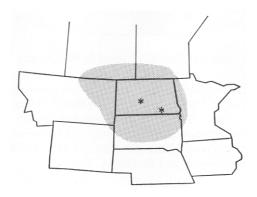
male spikelet (above)

leaf detail (left)

#### **Plant Description**

- Native warm-season sod-former
- Spreads by stolons
- ♦ Male spikelet averages 5" high
- ♦ Blue-green leaves average 4" high

### Origin\* and Projected Area of Adaptation



# **Bismarck Ecotype Features**

- Originates from central North Dakota
- Low water use
- Adapted to USDA Plant Hardiness Zone 3
- ♦ All male population no seed
- Vegetatively propagated
- Vigorous stolons
- Prefers clayey and silty sites
- Not recommended on sandy sites

#### **Establishment**

- Establishes readily from plugs
- Plugs should be at least
  2 1/2 inches deep
- Place plugs in prepared seedbed May 1-June 15
- Late summer or fall planting is not recommended
- 1-foot spacing averages 80% cover after 1 growing season
- Watering after transplanting and during dry periods will hasten establishment
- Periodic mowing and 2,4-D application will help minimize weed competition
- Stolons spread most actively on bare ground
- Stolons will not root through heavy mulch layers
- Stolons may grow 12 inches the first year on a good site
- Other seeded grasses may provide too much competition and shade out the buffalograss
- Blue grama and buffalograss have complementary vegetative characteristics and perform well as a mixture
- Buffalograss performs best in open sunlight

#### Management

- t Needs little or no mowing
- Glyphosate applied in early spring (buffalograss must be completely dormant) controls cool-season grasses and some broadleaf weeds
- Irrigation during dry cycles will help extend "green" period

#### **Availability of Plants**

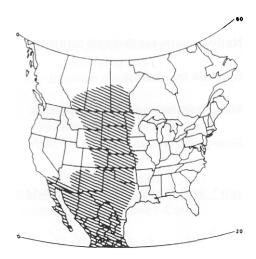
Clonal material (Generation 1) of Bismarck ecotype buffalograss is available for certified increase from the USDA, NRCS Plant Materials Center, 3308 University Drive, Bismarck, North Dakota 58504-7564. Limited quantities of vegetative material are currently available from commercial vendors.

## Origin

Bismarck ecotype is a composite of two accessions of buffalograss collected from central North Dakota. One accession originated on a very shallow range site in western Dickey County in 1985. The second accession was collected in 1986 on a clayey range site in Morton County. The precipitation at these two sites varies between 16 and 20 inches. The temperatures during the year may climb above 100' F and plunge to -40' F in winter. The growing season is approximately 130-140 days.

## Release Agencies

USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station



Natural distribution of buffalograss

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