determined that the Regulatory Flexibility Act is not applicable to this rule since the Rural Utilities Service is not required by 5 U.S.C. 551 *et seq.* or any other provision of law to publish a notice of proposed rulemaking with respect to the subject matter of this rule.

Background

On June 29, 1998, RUS revised 7 CFR 1724, Electric Engineering, Architectural Services and Design Policies and Procedures, which references RUS Form 211, Engineering Services Contract for the Design and Construction of a Generating Plant (63 FR 35312). A typographical error has been found in Article VI, Section 8 of this form. This rule updates the reference to the corrected form.

On February 13, 2004, RUS revised 7 GFR 1726, Electric System Construction Policies and Procedures, which references RUS Form 198, Equipment Contract (69 FR 7105). A typographical error has been found in Article II, Section 1 of this form. Also, a numbering error has been found in Article VI of this form. This rule updates the reference to the corrected form.

List of Subjects

7 CFR Part 1724

Electric power, Loan programs energy, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Rural areas.

7 CFR Part 1726

Electric power, Loan programs energy, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Rural areas.

■ For reasons set forth in the preamble, RUS amends 7 CFR parts 1724 and 1726 as follows:

PART 1724—ELECTRIC ENGINEERING, ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES AND DESIGN POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1724 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 901 et seq., 1921 et seq., 6941 et seq.

Subpart F—RUS Contract Forms

■ 2. Amend § 1724.74 by revising paragraph (c)(1) to read as follows:

§1724.74 List of electric program standard contract forms.

(C) * * * * * *

(1) RUS Form 211, Rev. 4–04, Engineering Service Contract for the Design and Construction of a Generating Plant. This form is used for engineering services for generating plant construction.

PART 1726—ELECTRIC SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

■ 3. The authority citation for part 1726 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 901 *et seq.*, 1921 *et seq.*, 6941 *et seq.*

Subpart I—RUS Standard Forms

■ 4. Amend § 1726.304 by revising paragraph (c)(4) to read as follows:

§ 1726.304 List of electric program standard contract forms.

* * * * * *
(c) * * *
(4) RUS Form 198, Rev. 4–04,
Equipment Contract. This form is used for equipment purchases.

Dated: August 17, 2004.

Hilda Gay Legg,

Administrator, Rural Utilities Service. [FR Doc. 04–19584 Filed 8–26–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2004-17661; Airspace Docket No. 04-AAL-08]

Establishment of Class E Airspace; Shungnak, AK

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action establishes Class E airspace at Shungnak, AK to provide adequate controlled airspace to contain aircraft executing two new Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAP) and a new Textual Departure Procedure. This Rule results in new Class E airspace upward from 700 feet (ft.) and 1,200 feet above the surface at Shungnak, AK.

DATES: Effective 0901 UTC, November 25, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jesse Patterson, AAL–538G, Federal Aviation Administration, 222 West 7th Avenue, Box 14, Anchorage, AK 99513– 7587; telephone number (907) 271– 5898; fax: (907) 271–2850; e-mail: Jesse.ctr.Patterson@faa.gov. Internet address: http://www.alaska.faa.gov/at.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On Wednesday, June 9, 2004, the FAA proposed to revise part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to create new Class E airspace upward from 700 ft. and 1,200 ft. above the surface at Shungnak, AK (69 FR 32289). The action was proposed in order to add Class E airspace sufficient in size to contain aircraft while executing two new Standard Instrument Approach Procedures and a new Textual Departure Procedure for the Shungnak Airport. In addition to the Textual Departure Procedure, the new approaches are Area Navigation-Global Positioning System (RNAV GPS) Runway (RWY) 9, original and (2) RNAV (GPS) Runway 27, original. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No public comments have been received, thus, the rule is adopted as proposed.

The area will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. The Class E airspace areas designated as 700/1200 foot transition areas are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9L, *Airspace Designations and Reporting Points*, dated September 2, 2003, and effective September 16, 2003, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be revoked and revised subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

This revision to 14 CFR part 71 establishes Class E airspace at Shungnak, Alaska. This additional Class E airspace was created to accomodate aircraft executing two new SIAPs and a textual departure procedure and will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The intended effect of this rule is to provide adequate controlled airspace for IFR operations at Shungnak Airport, Shungnak, Alaska.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

■ In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9L, *Airspace Designations and Reporting Points*, dated September 2, 2003, and effective September 16, 2003, is amended as follows:

* * * * *

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

* * * * *

AAL AK E5 Shungnak, AK [New]

Shungnak Airport, AK

(Lat. 66°53'17" N., long. 157°09'44" W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of the Shungnak Airport and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within a 30-mile radius of 66°45′29″ N 156°30′39″ W and within a 30-mile radius of 66°49′54.50″N 156°24′52.38″W, excluding the Ambler, AK Class E airspace.

* * * *

Issued in Anchorage, AK, on August 18, 2004.

Judith G. Heckl,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Alaskan Region.

[FR Doc. 04–19619 Filed 8–26–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2004-17660; Airspace Docket No. 03-AAL-09]

Revision of Class E Airspace; King Salmon, AK

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action revises Class E airspace at King Salmon, AK to provide adequate controlled airspace to contain aircraft executing three new Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAP). This Rule results in newClass E airspace upward from 1,200 feet above the surface at King Salmon, AK.

DATES: Effective 0901 UTC, November 25, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jesse Patterson, AAL–538G, Federal Aviation Administration, 222 West 7th Avenue, Box 14, Anchorage, AK 99513– 7587; telephone number (907) 271– 5898; fax: (907) 271–2850; e-mail: Jesse.ctr.Patterson@faa.gov. Internet address: http://www.alaska.faa.gov/at

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On Wednesday, June 9, 2004, the FAA proposed to revise part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to create new Class E airspace upward from 1,200 ft. above the surface at King Salmon, AK (69 FR 32290). The action was proposed in order to add Class E airspace sufficient in size to contain aircraft while executing three new Standard Instrument Approach Procedures for the King Salmon Airport. The new approaches are Area Navigation-Global Positioning System (RNAV GPS) Runway (RWY) 11, original, (2) RNAV (GPS) Y RWY 29, original and (3) RNAV (GPS) Z RWY 29 original. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No public comments have been received, thus, the rule is adopted as proposed.

The area will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. The Class E airspace areas designated as 700/1200 foot transition areas are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9L, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 2, 2003, and effective September 16, 2003, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be revoked and revised subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

This revision to 14 CFR part 71 establishes Class E airspace at King Salmon, Alaska. This additional Class E airspace was created to accommodate aircraft executing three new SIAPs and will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The intended effect of this rule is to provide adequate controlled airspace for IFR operations at King Salmon Airport, King Salmon, Alaska.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore—(1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT **Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44** FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

■ In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9L, *Airspace Designations and Reporting Points*, dated September 2, 2003, and effective