JURISDICTION:	KANSAS
General Reference:	This chapter summarizes Kansas State statutes related to speed. Kansas Statutes Annotated and Kansas Administrative Regulations
Basis for a Speed Law Violation:	
Basic Speed Rule:	A person shall not operate a vehicle at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent under the conditions and having regard to the actual hazards than existing. §8-1557
Statutory Speed Limit: See Other below.	 70 MPH on multilaned highways as designated by the State Secretary of Transportation §8-1558(a)(2) 65 MPH on all other highways except a county or township highway §8-1558(a)(4) 55 MPH on a county or township highway §8-1558(a)(3) 30 MPH in an urban district §8-1558(a)(1)
Posted (Maximum) Speed Limit:	 I. The State Secretary of Transportation may decrease the above speed limits.¹ §8-1559(a)(1) II. The State Secretary of Transportation or local government authorities may establish a speed limit in a construction zone. §8-1559(a)(c) III. Based on engineering and traffic investigations, a local government may increase or decrease the above speed limits within its jurisdiction. However, the following limitations apply. (1) A speed limit cannot be established greater than 65 MPH. (2) Outside an urban or residence district, the speed limit cannot be less than 20 MPH. (3) Within an urban district school zone, when students are going either to or from school, the speed limit cannot be less than 20 MPH. §§8-1560(a) &(b) and 8-2002 IV. Local authorities, which have authority over a county or township, may establish proper highway speed limits within these jurisdictions. Such speed limits may be established with or without an engineering or traffic investigation. However, no speed limit shall established >65 MPH. §8-1560(h) V. Local authorities, within their respective jurisdictions, may establish speed limits within construction zones. §8-1560(f)
Minimum Speed Limit:	I. No person shall operate a motor vehicle at such a slow speed as to impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic. §8-1561(a) II. A person, driving at less than the normal speed of traffic, shall drive in the right-hand lane then available for traffic or as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway. §8-1514(b)
Posted (Minimum) Speed Limit:	I. Based on engineering and traffic investigations, either the State Secretary of Transportation or local government authorities may establish a minimum speed limit on any highway or part thereof. §8-1561(b)
Basis for a Speed Law Violation: (continued)	
Posted (Minimum) Speed Limit: (continued)	 II. Based on engineering and traffic investigations, either the State Secretary of Transportation or local government authorities may establish a maximum speed limit on any bridge or elevated structure. §8-1563(c) & (d)
Other:	I. A motor-driven cycle shall not be operated at a speed greater than 35

¹The secretary may decrease such limits based either on engineering and traffic investigations or on other information that is available. Under no circumstances is the secretary authorized to increase a speed limit in excess of the statutory maximum limits. §8-1559(a) & (d) In addition, the State may establish different highway speed limits either (1) for different types of vehicles (e.g., persons, who operate certain types of trucks, may be required to drive these vehicles at a slower speed than those who operate other types of motor vehicles), (2) at different times of the day, (3) for various weather conditions or (4) for other two bearing on safe speeds. §8-1559(b)

MPH. §8-1562

II. A vehicle which is towing a house trailer shall not be operated at a speed greater than 55 MPH. \$8-1563(a)III. A vehicle equipped with solid rubber tires shall not be operated at a speed greater than 10 MPH. \$8-1563(b)IV. While traveling either to or from a school, interschool or intraschool functions or activities, a school bus cannot be driven either (1)>45 MPH on roadways having a dirt, sand or gravel surface or (2) >55 MPH on other highways. \$8-1558(b)

Adjudication of Speed Law Violations:

Civil/Criminal Adjudication of Violation:

Other:

Sanctions Following an Adjudication of a Speed Law Violation:

Criminal Sanctions: Imprisonment: Term (Day, Month, Years, Etc.): Mandatory Minimum Term: Fine: Amount (\$ Range): Mandatory Min. Fine (\$):

Other Penalties: Traffic School:

Other:

All Speed Law Violations are Traffic Infractions. §§8-2116, 8-2118 & 21-3105(2)

None

Not more than **\$500**² §21-4503a(d) **None**

If an offender is subject to a license suspension because of 3 moving violations within 12 months, they may be allowed to maintain their driving privileges by attending a driver improvement clinic. §8-255(f)

Construction Zone. For speeding violations committed within a construction zone, the fine is **double** the usual amount for a speeding offense. §8-2118(e)

Sanctions Following an Adjudication of a Speed Law Violation: (continued)

Licensing Action:

²If a person either waives their right to a trial for, pleads guilty to or no contest to a traffic infraction, the fine imposed is determined via the uniform fine schedule. Under this schedule, the following fines are imposed for speeding offenses. I. For violating the basic speed rule, the fine is \$20. For exceeding the speed limit by 1 to 10 MPH, the fine is \$10. For exceeding the speed limit by 11 to 20 MPH, the fine is \$10 plus \$2 for every MPH above 10 MPH over the limit. For exceeding the speed limit by 21 to 30 MPH, the fine is \$30 plus \$3 for every MPH above 20 MPH over the limit. For exceeding the speed limit by 31 MPH, the fine is \$60 plus \$5 for every MPH above 30 MPH over the limit. II. For impeding the normal flow of traffic, the fine is \$10. III. For speeding on a motor cycle, the fine is \$20. IV. For exceeding the posted maximum safe speed on a bridge or elevated structure, the fine is \$10. V. For not driving in the right-lane when proceeding at a speed less than the normal speed of traffic, the fine is \$20. §8-2118(c)

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Type of Licensing Action Suspension³ §8-255(a)(1) & (2) (Susp/Rev): Term of License Withdrawal (Days, Months, Years, etc.): Not more than 1 year §8-256 Mandatory Minimum Term of Withdrawal: None Miscellaneous Sanctions Assessment. An offender is assessed \$7 in addition to any fine.⁴ This Not Included Elsewhere: assessment is used to fund various law enforcement and crime victim activities. §§8-249(b) & 12-4117 and Kansas Administrative Regulations 92-52-9 Other Criminal Actions Related to Speeding: Class A, B or C Misdemeanor⁵ §§8-1565(a) & (d) and 8-2116(b) Racing on Highway: Sanctions: Criminal Sanction: 1st offense-Not more than 1 months 2nd offender (within 1 year)-Not Imprisonment (Term): more than 6 months 3rd or subsequent offender (within 1 year)-Not more than 1 year §21-4502(1)(a), (b) & (c) Mandatory Minimum Term: None 1st offense-Not more than \$500 2nd offender (within 1 year)-Not more Fine (\$ Range): than \$1,000 3rd or subsequent offender (within 1 year)-Not more than **\$2,500** §21-4503a(b)(1), (2) & (3) Mandatory Minimum Fine: None Administrative Licensing Action: Licensing Authorized and **Suspension**³ \$8-255(a)(1) & (2)Type of Action: Length of Term of Licensing Withdrawal: Not more than 1 year §8-256 Mandatory Action--Minimum Length of License Withdrawal: None

³Basis for Suspension. The licensing agency is authorized to suspend an offenders's license if the following conditions are satisfied. I. The offender has committed numerous serious traffic law violations which indicate a disrespect for the traffic laws. II. The offender has been convicted of 3 or more moving traffic law violations within a 12 month period. \$8-255(a)(1) & (2)

⁴This assessment may only apply to offenses committed under §8-1558 (exceeding the statutory speed limit), §8-1562 (driving too slow and impeding traffic) and §8-1563 (exceeding certain speeds while towing a house trailer or operating a vehicle with solid rubber tires).

⁵A 1st offense is a Class C misdemeanor. A 2nd offense within 1 year is a Class B misdemeanor. And, a 3rd or subsequent offense within 1 year is a Class A misdemeanor. §8-2116(b)

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Other:

Other Criminal Actions Related to Speeding: (continued)

> Racing on Highway: (continued) Other: (continued)

<u>Reckless Driving</u>: Sanction: Criminal: Imprisonment (Term):

Mandatory Minimum Term of Imprisonment: Fine (\$ Range):

Mandatory Minimum Fine:

Administrative Licensing Actions: Type of Licensing Action (Susp/Rev): Length of Term of License Withdrawal Action: Mandatory Term of License Withdrawal Action:

Other:

Commercial Motor Vehicle (CMV) Operators:

Grounds for Disqualification:

Period of Disqualification:

Period of Mandatory Disqualification:

If an offender is subject to a license suspension because of 3 moving

violations within 12 months, they may be allowed to maintain their driving privileges by attending a driver improvement clinic. §8-255(f)

Misdemeanor §8-1566(a) & (b)

<u>1st offense-5 to 90 days</u> <u>2nd or subsequent offense-10 days to 6 months</u> §8-1566(b)

None <u>1st offense</u>-\$25 to \$500 <u>2nd or subsequent offense</u>-\$50 to \$500 §8-1566(b) None

Revocation §8-254(a)(5)

Not more than 1 year §8-265

None An offender may be issued restricted driving privileges in lieu of revocation. §8-254(b)

Assessment. An offender is assessed \$7 in addition to any fine. This assessment is used to fund various law enforcement and crime victim activities. §§8-249(b) & 12-4117 and Kansas Administrative Regulations 92-52-9

A person is disqualified from operating a CMV if while driving such a vehicle they either (1) commit 2 "serious traffic violations" within a 3 year period or (2) commit 3 such violations within a 3 year period. §8-2,142(f)

<u>2 serious violations</u> (within 3 years)-Not less than **60 days** <u>3 serious</u> <u>violations</u> (within 3 years)-Not less than **120 days** §8-2,142(f)

<u>2 serious violations</u> (within 3 years)-**60 days** <u>3 serious violations</u> (within 3 years)-**120 days** §8-2,142(f)

 $^{^{6}}$ A person who has obtained a commercial driver's license (CDL) and is qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle. A commercial motor vehicle is defined as a vehicle designed to carry either passengers or property and either has a gross vehicle weight of \geq 26,001 lbs., is designed to transport 16 or more persons, or is transporting hazardous materials which requires that the vehicle to be placarded in accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. §8-2,128(f)

⁷A "serious traffic violation" includes exceeding the speed limit by 15 or more MPH or reckless driving. \$8-2,128(v) & (b)