Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

(g) In carrying out this section, the State Conservationist may consult with the local conservation district.

Subpart C—General Administration

§1469.30 Fair treatment of tenants and sharecroppers.

Payments received under this part must be divided in the manner specified in the applicable contract or agreement, and NRCS will ensure that potential participants who would have an interest in acreage being offered receive treatment which NRCS deems to be equitable, as determined by the Chief. NRCS may refuse to enter into a contract when there is a disagreement among multiple applicants seeking enrollment as to an applicant's eligibility to participate in the contract as a tenant.

§1469.31 Appeals.

(a) An applicant or a participant may obtain administrative review of an adverse decision under CSP in accordance with parts 11 and 614, Subparts A and C, of this title, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Participants cannot appeal the following decisions:

(1) Payment rates, payment limits, and cost-share percentages;

(2) Eligible conservation practices; and,

(3) Other matters of general applicability.

(c) Before a participant can seek judicial review of any action taken under this part, the participant must exhaust all administrative appeal procedures set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, and for purposes of judicial review, no decision will be a final agency action except a decision of the Chief under these procedures.

§1469.32 Compliance with regulatory measures.

Participants who carry out conservation practices are responsible for obtaining the authorities, permits, easements, or other approvals necessary for the implementation, operation, and maintenance of the conservation practices in keeping with applicable laws and regulations. Participants must comply with all laws and are responsible for all effects or actions resulting from their performance under the contract.

§1469.33 Access to agricultural operation.

Any authorized NRCS representative has the right to enter an agricultural operation for the purpose of ascertaining the accuracy of any representations made in a contract or in anticipation of entering a contract, as to the performance of the terms and conditions of the contract. Access includes the right to provide technical assistance, inspect any work undertaken under the contract, and collect information necessary to evaluate the performance of conservation practices in the contract. The NRCS representative will make a reasonable effort to contact the participant prior to the exercise of this provision.

§1469.34 Performance based on advice or action of representatives of NRCS.

If a participant relied upon the advice or action of any authorized representative of CCC, and did not know or have reason to know that the action or advice was improper or erroneous, the State Conservationist may accept the advice or action as meeting the requirements of CSP. In addition, the State Conservationist may grant relief, to the extent it is deemed desirable by CCC, to provide a fair and equitable treatment because of the good faith reliance on the part of the participant.

§1469.35 Offsets and assignments.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, NRCS will make any payment or portion thereof to any participant without regard to questions of title under State law and without regard to any claim or lien against the crop, or proceeds thereof, in favor of the owner or any other creditor except agencies of the U.S. Government. The regulations governing offsets and withholdings found at 7 CFR part 1403 are applicable to contract payments.

(b) Any producer entitled to any payment may assign any payments in accordance with regulations governing

§1469.36

assignment of payment found at 7 CFR part 1404.

§1469.36 Misrepresentation and scheme or device.

(a) If the Department determines that a participant erroneously represented any fact affecting a CSP determination made in accordance with this part, the participant's conservation stewardship contract will be terminated immediately in accordance with §1469.25(b). The participant will forfeit all rights for future contract payments, and must refund payments received, plus interest, and liquidated damages as described in §1469.25.

(b) A producer who is determined to have knowingly:

(1) Adopted any scheme or device that tends to defeat the purpose of CSP:

(2) Made any fraudulent representation; or

(3) Misrepresented any fact affecting a CSP determination, must refund to NRCS all payments, plus interest, and liquidated damages as determined in accordance with §1469.25 received by such participant with respect to all contracts. In addition, NRCS will terminate the participant's interest in all conservation stewardship contracts.

(c) If the producer acquires land subsequent to enrollment in CSP, that land is not considered part of the agricultural operation; however, if the land was previously owned or controlled by them before the date of enrollment and after May 13, 2002, then NRCS will conduct an investigation into the activity to see if there was a scheme or device.

PART 1484—PROGRAMS TO HELP **DEVELOP FOREIGN MARKETS FOR AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES**

Subpart A—General Information

Sec.

- 1484.10 What is the effective date of this part?
- 1484.11 Has the Office of Management and Budget reviewed the paperwork and record keeping requirements contained in this part?
- 1484.12 What is the Cooperator program? 1484.13 What special definitions apply to the Cooperator program?
- 1484.14 Is my organization eligible to participate in the Cooperator program?

7 CFR Ch. XIV (1-1-08 Edition)

Subpart B—Application and Fund Allocation

- 1484.20 How can my organization apply to the Cooperator program?
- 1484.21 How does FAS determine which Cooperator program applications are approved?
- 1484.22 How are Cooperator program funds allocated?

Subpart C—Program Operations

- 1484.30 How does FAS formalize its working relationship with approved Cooperators?
- 1484.31 Who acts on behalf of each Cooperator?
- 1484.32 Must Cooperators follow specific employment practices?
- 1484.33 Must Cooperators follow certain financial management guidelines?
- 1484.34 Must Cooperators adhere to specific standards of ethical conduct?
- 1484.35 Must Cooperators follow specific contracting procedures?
- 1484.36 How do Cooperators dispose of disposable property?
- 1484.37 Must Cooperators adhere to Federal Travel Regulations?
- 1484.38 Can a Cooperator keep proceeds generated from an activity?

Subpart D-Contributions and Reimbursements

- 1484.50 What cost share contributions are eligible?
- 1484.51 What are ineligible contributions?
- 1484.52 What are the guidelines for computing the value of non-cash contributions?
- 1484.53 What are the requirements for documenting and reporting contributions?
- 1484.54 What expenditures may FAS reimburse under the Cooperator program?
- 1484.55 What expenditures may not be reimbursed under the Cooperator program?
- 1484.56 How are Cooperators reimbursed? 1484.57 Will FAS make advance payments to a Cooperator?

Subpart E-Reporting, Evaluation, and Compliance

- 1484.70 Must Cooperators report to FAS?
- 1484.71 Are Cooperator documents subject to the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act?
- 1484.72 How is program effectiveness measured?
- 1484.73 Are Cooperators penalized for failing to make required contributions?
- 1484.74 How is Cooperator program compliance monitored?
- 1484.75 How does a Cooperator respond to a compliance report?