

§ 1340.4

45 CFR Ch. XIII (10–1–06 Edition)

§ 1340.4 Coordination requirements.

All Federal agencies responsible for programs related to child abuse and neglect shall provide information as required by the Commissioner to insure effective coordination of efforts.

Subpart B—Grants to States

§ 1340.10 Purpose of this subpart.

This subpart sets forth the requirements and procedures States must meet in order to receive grants to develop, strengthen, and carry out State child abuse and neglect prevention and treatment programs under section 107 of the Act.

[55 FR 27639, July 5, 1990]

§ 1340.11 Allocation of funds available.

(a) The Commissioner shall allocate the funds available for grants to States for each fiscal year among the States on the basis of the following formula:

(1) An amount of \$25,000 or such other amount as the Commissioner may determine; plus

(2) An additional amount bearing the same ratio to the total amount made available for this purpose (reduced by the minimum amounts allocated to the States under paragraph (a)(1) of this section) as the number of children under the age of eighteen in each State bears to the total number of children under eighteen in all the States. Annual estimates of the number of children under the age of eighteen, provided by the Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce, are used in making this determination.

(b) If a State has not qualified for assistance under the Act and this subpart prior to a date designated by the Commissioner in each fiscal year, the amount previously allocated to the State shall be allocated among the eligible States.

§ 1340.12 Application process.

(a) The Governor of the State may submit an application or designate the State office, agency, or organization which may apply for assistance under this subpart. The State office, agency, or organization need not be limited in its mandate or activities to child abuse and neglect.

(b) Grant applications must include a description of the activities presently conducted by the State and its political subdivisions in preventing and treating child abuse and neglect, the activities to be assisted under the grant, a statement of how the proposed activities are expected to improve or expand child abuse prevention and treatment programs in the State, and other information required by the Commissioner in compliance with the paperwork reduction requirements of 44 U.S.C. chapter 35 and any applicable directives issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

(c) States shall provide with the grant application a statement signed by the Governor that the State meets the requirements of the Act and of this subpart. This statement shall be in the form and include the documentation required by the Commissioner.

§ 1340.13 Approval of applications.

(a) The Commissioner shall approve an application for an award for funds under this subpart if he or she finds that:

(1) The State is qualified and has met all requirements of the Act and § 1340.14 of this part, except for the definitional requirement of § 1340.14(a) with regard to the definition of “sexual abuse” (see § 1340.2(d)(1)) and the definitional requirement of negligent treatment as it relates to the failure to provide adequate medical care (see § 1340.2(d)(2)). The State must include these two definitional requirements in its definition of child abuse and neglect either by statute or regulation having the force and effect of law no later than the close of the second general legislative session of the State legislature following February 25, 1983;

(2) Either by statute or regulation having the force and effect of law, the State modifies its definition of “child abuse and neglect” to provide that the phrase “person responsible for a child’s welfare” includes an employee of a residential facility or a staff person providing out-of-home care no later than the close of the first general legislative session of the State legislature which convenes following February 6, 1987;

(3) The funds are to be used to improve and expand child abuse or neglect prevention or treatment programs; and

(4) The State is otherwise in compliance with these regulations.

(b) At the time of an award under this subpart, the amount of funds not obligated from an award made eighteen or more months previously shall be subtracted from the amount of funds under the award, unless the Secretary determines that extraordinary reasons justify the failure to so obligate.

[48 FR 3702, Jan. 26, 1983, as amended at 52 FR 3995, Feb. 6, 1987; 55 FR 27639, July 5, 1990]

§ 1340.14 Eligibility requirements.

In order for a State to qualify for an award under this subpart, the State must meet the requirements of § 1340.15 and satisfy each of the following requirements:

(a) State must satisfy each of the requirements in section 107(b) of the Act.

(b) *Definition of Child Abuse and Neglect.* Wherever the requirements below use the term "Child Abuse and Neglect" the State must define that term in accordance with § 1340.2. However, it is not necessary to adopt language identical to that used in § 1340.2, as long as the definition used in the State is the same in substance.

(c) *Reporting.* The State must provide by statute that specified persons must report and by statute or administrative procedure that all other persons are permitted to report known and suspected instances of child abuse and neglect to a child protective agency or other properly constituted authority.

(d) *Investigations.* The State must provide for the prompt initiation of an appropriate investigation by a child protective agency or other properly constituted authority to substantiate the accuracy of all reports of known or suspected child abuse or neglect. This investigation may include the use of reporting hotlines, contact with central registers, field investigations and interviews, home visits, consultation with other agencies, medical examinations, psychological and social evaluations, and reviews by multidisciplinary teams.

(e) *Institutional child abuse and neglect.* The State must have a statute or

administrative procedure requiring that when a report of known or suspected child abuse or neglect involves the acts or omissions of the agency, institution, or facility to which the report would ordinarily be made, a different properly constituted authority must receive and investigate the report and take appropriate protective and corrective action.

(f) *Emergency services.* If an investigation of a report reveals that the reported child or any other child under the same care is in need of immediate protection, the State must provide emergency services to protect the child's health and welfare. These services may include emergency caretaker or homemaker services; emergency shelter care or medical services; review by a multidisciplinary team; and, if appropriate, criminal or civil court action to protect the child, to help the parents or guardians in their responsibilities and, if necessary, to remove the child from a dangerous situation.

(g) *Guardian ad litem.* In every case involving an abused or neglected child which results in a judicial proceeding, the State must insure the appointment of a guardian ad litem or other individual whom the State recognizes as fulfilling the same functions as a guardian ad litem, to represent and protect the rights and best interests of the child. This requirement may be satisfied: (1) By a statute mandating the appointments; (2) by a statute permitting the appointments, accompanied by a statement from the Governor that the appointments are made in every case; (3) in the absence of a specific statute, by a formal opinion of the Attorney General that the appointments are permitted, accompanied by a Governor's statement that the appointments are made in every case; or (4) by the State's Uniform Court Rule mandating appointments in every case. However, the guardian *ad litem* shall not be the attorney responsible for presenting the evidence alleging child abuse or neglect.

(h) *Prevention and treatment services.* The State must demonstrate that it has throughout the State procedures and services deal with child abuse and neglect cases. These procedures and services include the determination of