TOP (Pg 6)

Centerfold -

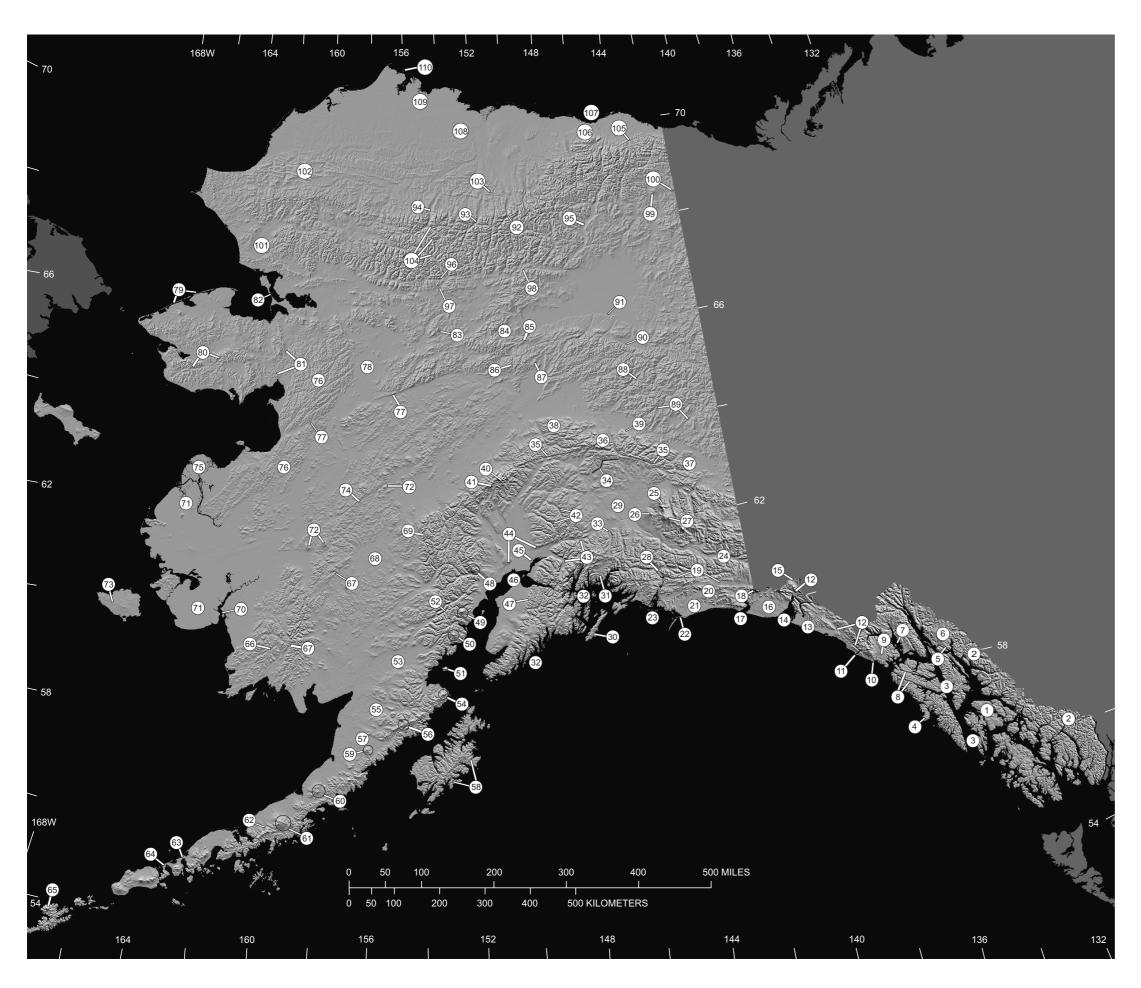


Figure 2. Shaded-relief index of Alaska (without Aleutian Islands inset or lakes) showing locations of physiographic features discussed in text. Numbered features are as follows:

1	Areas of low relief on Kupreanof Island,	
	in part, underlain by less resistant rocks	
2	Coast plutonic complexNGeologically	
3	young intrusive igneous rocks Chatham Strait, a fiord underlain by	
5	Chatham Strait, a nord underfain by	
4	Mount Edgecumbe volcanic field on	
	southern part of Kruzof Island	
5	Onshore extension of Denali fault near	
6	Juneau	
6 7	Juneau Icefield Glacier Bay	
8	Peril Strait (S) and Sitkoh Bay faults on	
	northern part of Baranof Island	
9	Brady Glacier	
10	Icy Cape	
11	Lituya Bay	
12	Fairweather fault	
13 14	Coastal lowlands near Alsek River Yakutat Bay	
	Possible fault valley on Canadian border	
16		
17	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
18	Mount Saint Elias	
19	Valley containing Contact and Bagley	
	faults	
20	Bagley Icefield	
21	8	
22 23	- ····F	
23 24	Delta of Copper River Chitina River fault valley	
25	Mount Sanford volcano	
26	Mount Drum volcano	
27		
28	Copper River valley	
29	Copper River basin	
30	Montague Island	
31	Columbia Glacier	
32		
	of Kenai Peninsula	
33	Tazlina Lake	
34	Rainy Creek thrust fault Denali fault	
35 36		
37	2	
38	Nenana River valley	
39	Granite Mountain pluton	
40	Mount McKinley	
	Mount Foraker	
42	Valleys of Sheep (SW) and Talkeetna	
	Rivers	
	Knik (SW) and Matanuska Glaciers	
44		
	Elmendorf moraine	
46	Cook Inlet basin	
	Border Ranges fault Mount Spurr volcano	
	Redoubt Volcano	
	Iliamna Volcano	
	Augustine Volcano	
	Lake Clark fault	
	Iliamna Lake	
	Mount Douglas volcano	
55	Naknek Lake	
56	Mount Katmai volcano (caldera)	
	Becharof Lake	
58	Faults on Kodiak Island	

59 Mount Peulik volcano

- 60 Aniakchak Crater (caldera)
- 61 Mount Veniaminof volcano
- 62 Moraines of valley glaciers
- 63 Moraine at head of Cold Bay 64 Moraine at head of Morzhovoi Bay
- 65 Makushin Volcano
- 66 Goodnews fault
- 67 Denali-Farewell faults 68 Holitna Lowland
- 69 Prominent, NW-trending lineament in Alaska Range
- 70 Estuary at mouth of Kuskokwim River
- 71 Yukon-Kuskokwim Coastal Lowland
- 72 Nobs of resistant igneous rocks
- 73 Quaternary basalt cones on Nunivak Island
- 74 Iditarod-Nixon Fork fault
- 75 Delta of Yukon River
- 76 Nulato Hills
- 77 Kaltag fault
- 78 Koyukuk Flats
- 79 Barrier islands, Seward Peninsula
- 80 Fault-bounded Bendeleben (NE) and Kigluaik Mountains
- 81 N-striking faults on eastern part of Seward Peninsula
- 82 Baldwin Peninsula
- 83 Rugged relief developed locally on resistant, igneous and metamorphic rocks at and around intrusions
- 84 Highlands of resistant metamorphic rocks
- 85 ENE-trending Tozitna fault
- 86 Minook Creek fault
- 87 Unnamed fault parallel to Shaw Creek fault
- 88 NE-trending Shaw Creek fault
- 89 Lineaments of Yukon-Tanana Upland
- 90 Tintina fault
- 91 South margin of Yukon Flats, possibly fault controlled
- 92 Itkillik River valley
- 93 Anaktuvuk River valley
- 94 Killik River valley
- 95 Chandalar River valley96 E-trending, Kobuk-Malamute fault system
- 97 Fault system parallel to Kobuk-Malamute fault system
- 98 Possible convergence of Kobuk-Malamute fault system and parallel fault system
- 99 Bear Mountain pluton
- 100 Ammerman Mountain pluton
- 101 Noatak Lowlands
- 102 E-trending folds and faults of Arctic Foothills
- 103 Reverse-Z-shaped ridge produced by plunging folds
- 104 WNW topographic trends of central Brooks Range
- 105 NE-trending Leffingwell ridge
- 106 Sadlerochit Mountains
- 107 Camden Bay
- 108 Aeolian dunefield
- 109 Unconsolidated Quaternary deposits of Arctic Coastal Plain
- 110 Barrier islands, Beaufort Sea coastline