

Comparative International Statistics

This section presents statistics for the world as a whole and for many countries on a comparative basis with the United States. Data are shown for population, births and deaths, social and industrial indicators, finances, agriculture, communication, and military affairs.

Statistics of the individual nations may be found primarily in official national publications, generally in the form of yearbooks, issued by most of the nations at various intervals in their own national languages and expressed in their own or customary units of measure. (For a listing of selected publications, see Guide to Sources.) For handier reference, especially for international comparisons, the United Nations Statistics Division compiles data as submitted by member countries and issues a number of international summary publications, generally in English and French. Among these are the *Statistical Yearbook*; the *Demographic Yearbook*; *International Trade Statistics Yearbook*; *National Accounts Statistics: Main Aggregates and Detailed Tables*; *Population and Vital Statistics Reports* (quarterly); the *Monthly Bulletin of Statistics*; and the *Energy Statistics Yearbook*. Specialized agencies of the United Nations also issue international summary publications on agricultural, labor, health, and education statistics. Among these are the *Production Yearbook* and *Trade Yearbook* issued by the Food and Agriculture Organization, the *Yearbook of Labour Statistics* issued by the International Labour Office, *World Health Statistics* issued by the World Health Organization, and the *Statistical Yearbook* issued by the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

The U.S. Census Bureau presents estimates and projections of basic demographic measures for countries and regions of the world in the *World Population Reports* (WP) series. The *International Population Reports* (Series IPC), and *International Briefs* (Series IB) also present population figures for many foreign

countries. Detailed population statistics are also available from the Census Bureau's International Data Base (<http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idbnew.html>).

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) also compile data on international statistics. The IMF publishes a series of reports relating to financial data. These include *International Financial Statistics*, *Direction of Trade*, and *Balance of Payments Yearbook*, published in English, French, and Spanish. The OECD publishes a vast number of statistical publications in various fields such as economics, health, and education. Among these are *OECD in Figures*, *Main Economic Indicators*, *Economic Outlook*, *National Accounts*, *Labour Force Statistics*, *OECD Health Data*, and *Education at a Glance*.

Statistical coverage, country names, and classifications—Problems of space and availability of data limit the number of countries and the extent of statistical coverage shown. The list of countries included and the spelling of country names are based almost entirely on the list of sovereign nations, dependencies, and areas of special sovereignty provided by the U.S. Department of State.

In recent years, several important changes took place in the status of the world's nations. In 1990, a unified Germany was formed from the Federal Republic of Germany (West) and the German Democratic Republic (East). The Republic of Yemen was formed by union of the Yemen Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen. Also in 1990, Namibia, once a United Nations mandate, realized its independence from South Africa.

In 1991, the Soviet Union broke up into 15 independent countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan.

In the South Pacific, the Marshall Islands, Micronesia, and Palau gained full independence from the U.S. in 1991.

Following the breakup of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in 1992, the United States recognized Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia, and The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia as independent countries.

On January 1, 1993, Czechoslovakia was succeeded by two independent countries: the Czech Republic and Slovakia. Eritrea announced its independence from Ethiopia in April 1993 and was subsequently recognized as an independent nation by the United States. In May of 2002, East Timor won independence from Indonesia, making it the world's newest independent state.

The population estimates and projections used in Tables 1318, 1319, 1321, 1322, and 1325 were prepared by the Census Bureau. For each country, the data on population, by age and sex, fertility, mortality, and international migration were evaluated and, where necessary, adjusted for inconsistencies and errors in the data. In most instances, comprehensive projections were made by the component method, resulting in distributions of the population by age and sex and requiring an assessment of probable future trends of fertility, mortality, and international migration.

Economic associations—The Organization for European Economic Co-Operation (OEEC), a regional grouping of Western European countries established in 1948 for the purpose of harmonizing national economic policies and conditions, was succeeded on September 30, 1961, by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). The member nations of the OECD are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

Quality and comparability of the

data—The quality and comparability of the data presented here are affected by a number of factors:

(1) The year for which data are presented may not be the same for all subjects for a particular country or for a given subject for different countries, though the data shown are the most recent available. All such variations have been noted. The data shown are for calendar years except as otherwise specified.

(2) The bases, methods of estimating, methods of data collection, extent of coverage, precision of definition, scope of territory, and margins of error may vary for different items within a particular country, and for like items for different countries. Footnotes and headnotes to the tables give a few of the major time-periods and coverage qualifications attached to the figures; considerably more detail is presented in the source publications. Many of the measures shown are, at best, merely rough indicators of magnitude.

(3) Figures shown in this section for the United States may not always agree with figures shown in the preceding sections. Disagreements may be attributable to the use of differing original sources, a difference in the definition of geographic limits (the 50 states, conterminous United States only, or the United States including certain outlying areas and possessions), or to possible adjustments made in the United States figures by other sources in order to make them more comparable with figures from other countries.

International comparisons of

national accounts data—In order to compare national accounts data for different countries, it is necessary to convert each country's data into a common unit of currency, usually the U.S. dollar. The market exchange rates, which are often used in converting national currencies, do not necessarily reflect the relative purchasing power in the various countries. It is necessary that the goods and services produced in different countries be valued consistently if the differences observed are meant to reflect real differences in the volumes of goods and services produced.

The use of purchasing power parities (see Table 1337) instead of exchange rates is intended to achieve this objective.

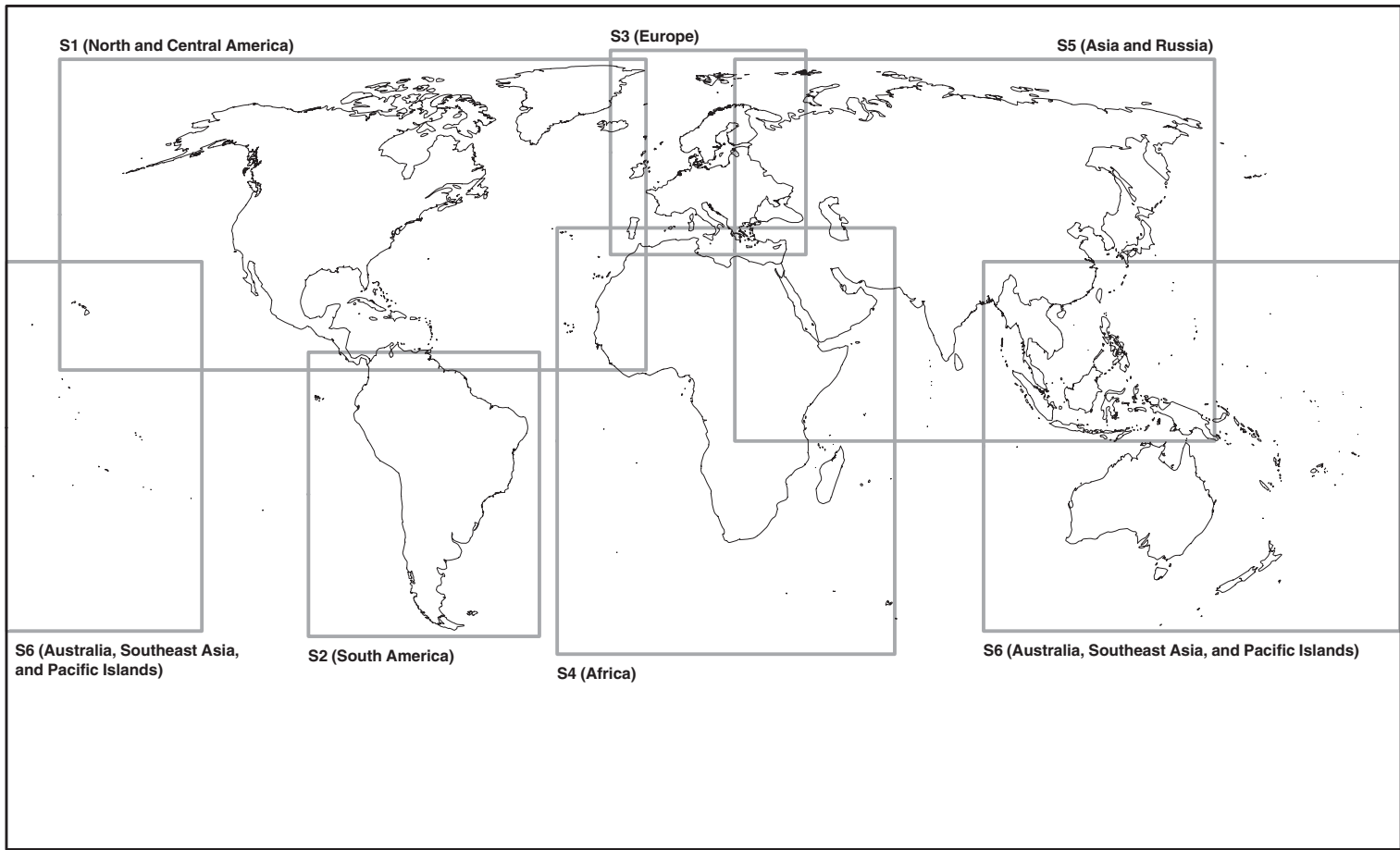
The method used to present the data shown in Table 1337 is to construct volume measures directly by revaluing the goods and services sold in different countries at a common set of international prices. By dividing the ratio of the gross domestic products of two countries expressed in their own national currencies by the corresponding ratio calculated at constant international prices, it is possible to derive the implied purchasing power parity (PPP) between the two currencies concerned. PPPs show how many units of currency are needed in one country to buy the same amount of goods and services that one unit of currency will buy in the other country. For further information, see *National Accounts, Main Aggregates, Volume I*, issued annually by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France.

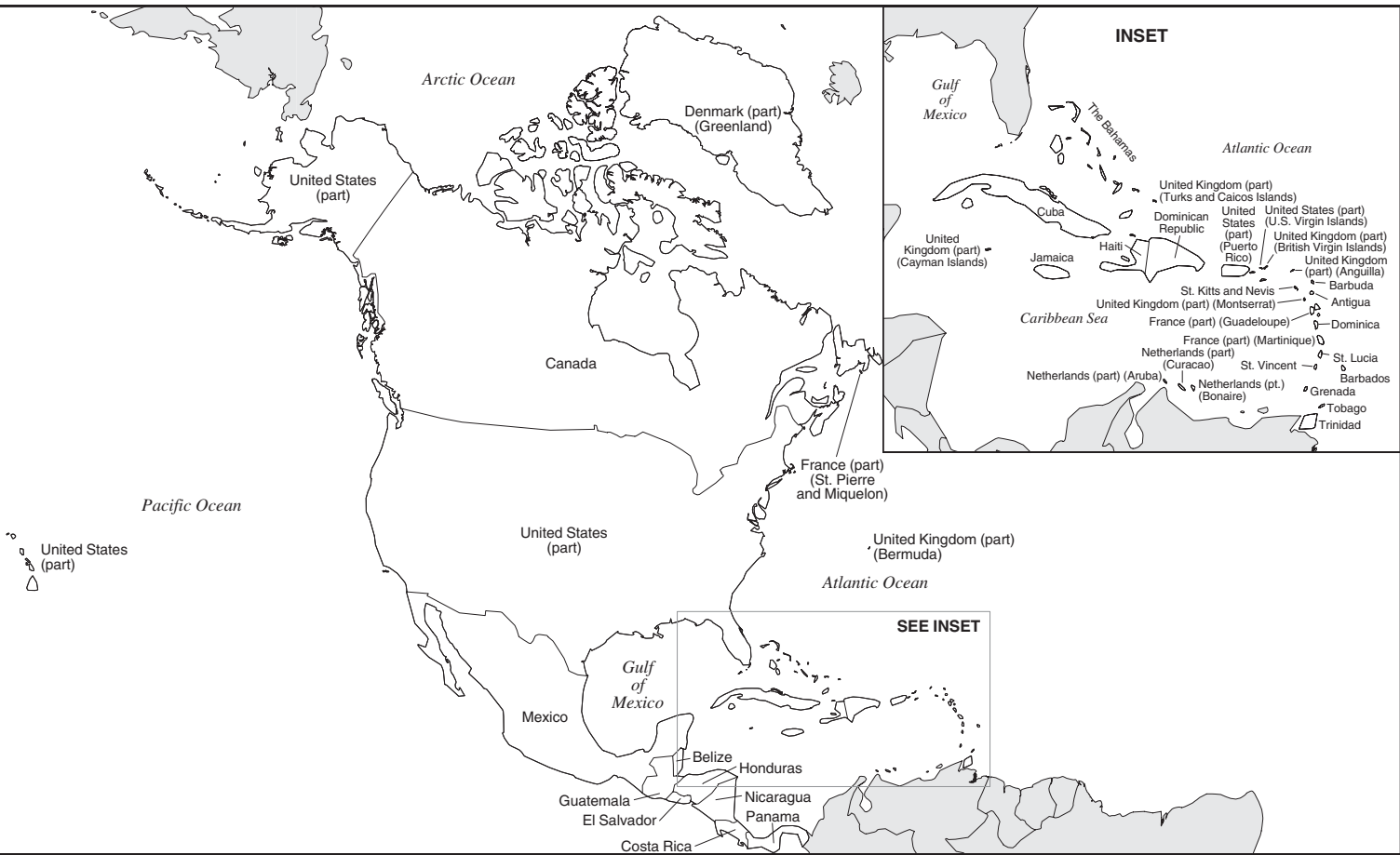
International Standard Industrial Classification—The original version of the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) was adopted in 1948. Wide use has been made both nationally and internationally in classifying data according to kind of economic activity in the fields of production, employment, national income, and other economic statistics. A number of

countries have utilized the ISIC as the basis for devising their industrial classification scheme.

Substantial comparability has been attained between the industrial classifications of many other countries, including the United States and the ISIC by ensuring, as far as practicable, that the categories at detailed levels of classification in national schemes fitted into only one category of the ISIC. The United Nations, the International Labour Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization, and other international bodies have utilized the ISIC in publishing and analyzing statistical data. Revisions of the ISIC were issued in 1958, 1968, and 1989.

International maps—A series of regional world maps is provided on pages 832-838. References are included in Table 1321 for easy location of individual countries on the maps. The Robinson map projection is used for this series of maps. A map projection is used to portray all or part of the round Earth on a flat surface, but this cannot be done without some distortion. For the Robinson projection, distortion is very low along the Equator and within 45 degrees of the center but is greatest near the poles. For additional information on map projections and maps, please contact the Earth Science Information Center, U.S. Geological Survey, 507 National Center, Reston, VA 22092.





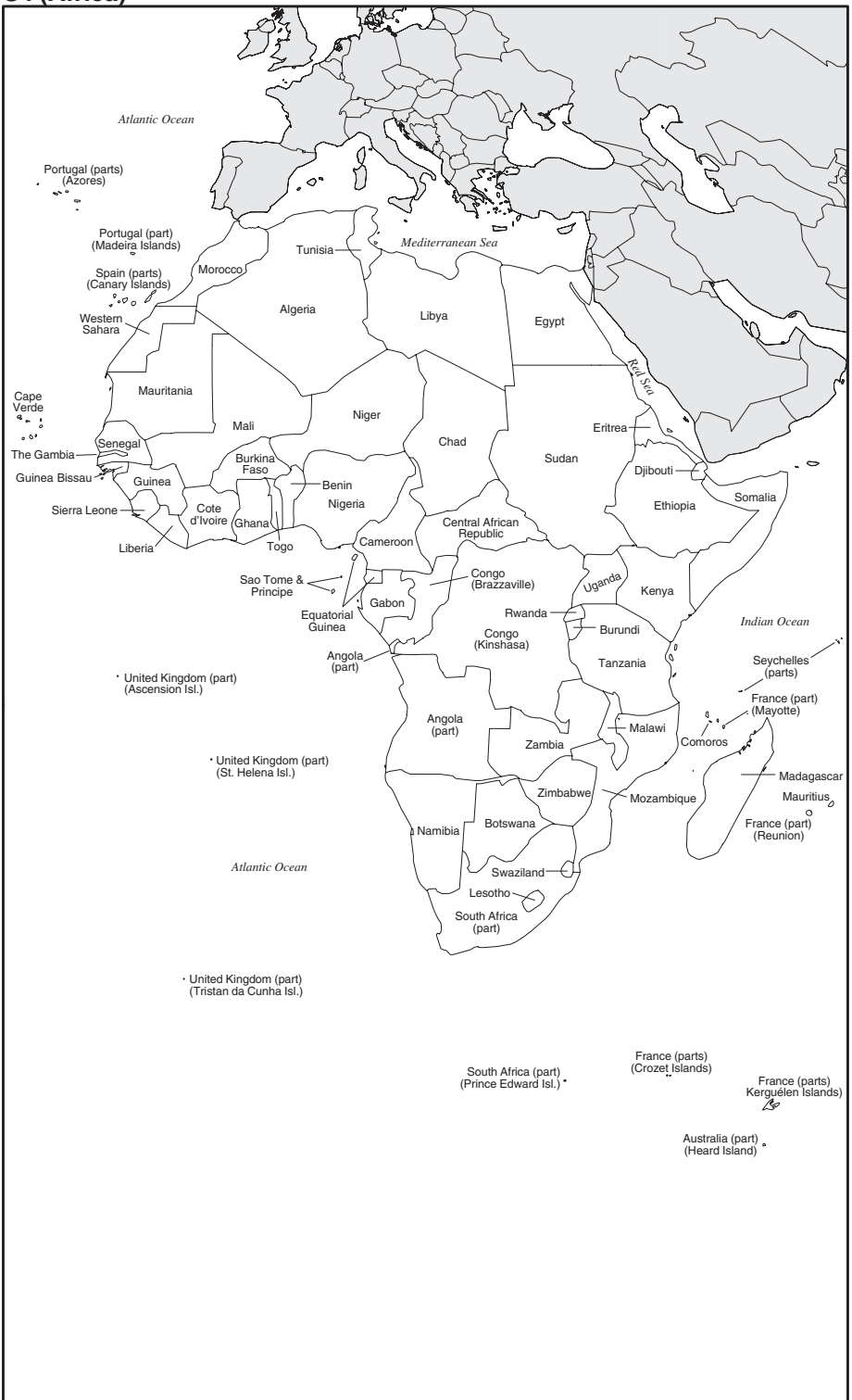
S2 (South America)

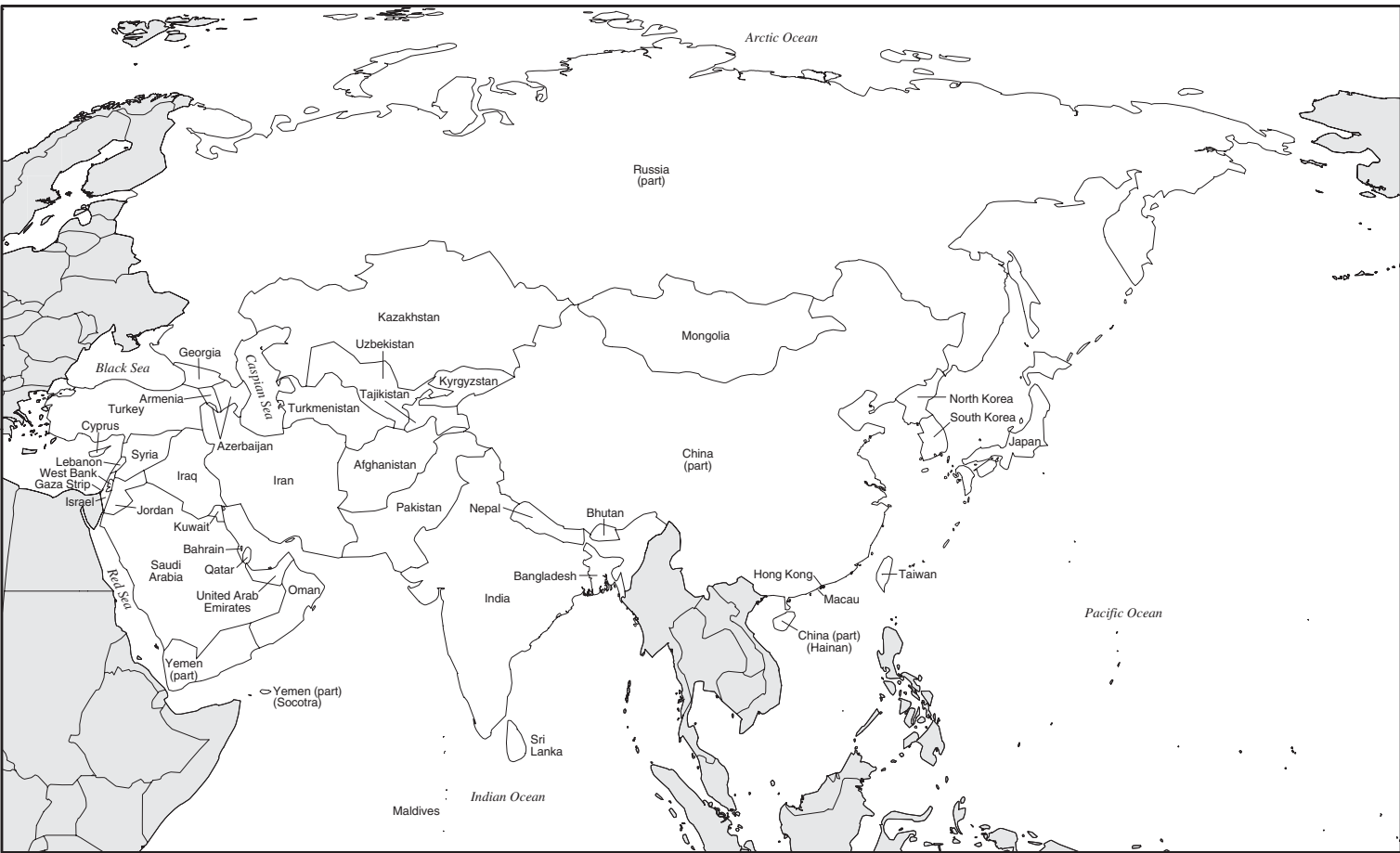


S3 (Europe)



S4 (Africa)





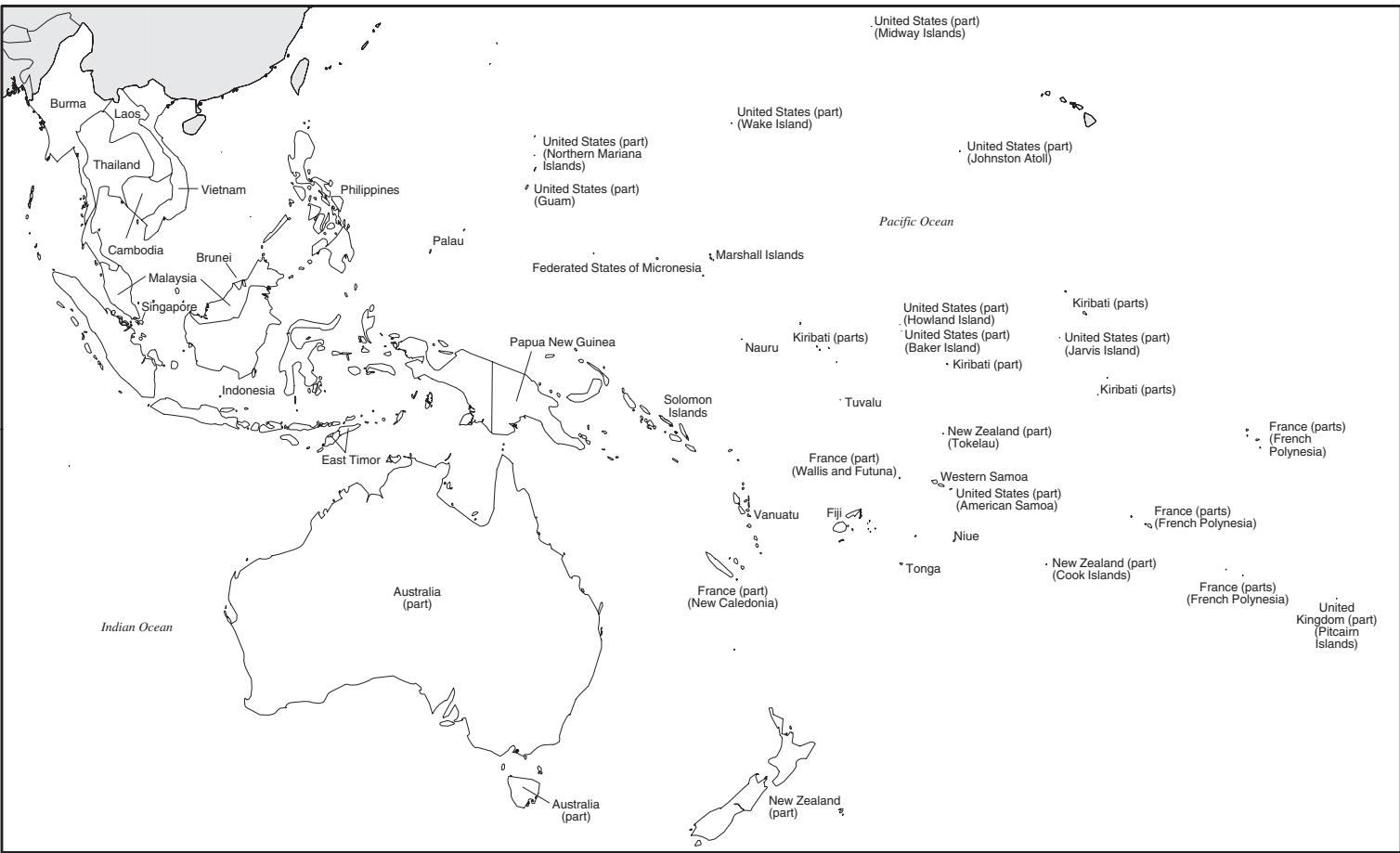
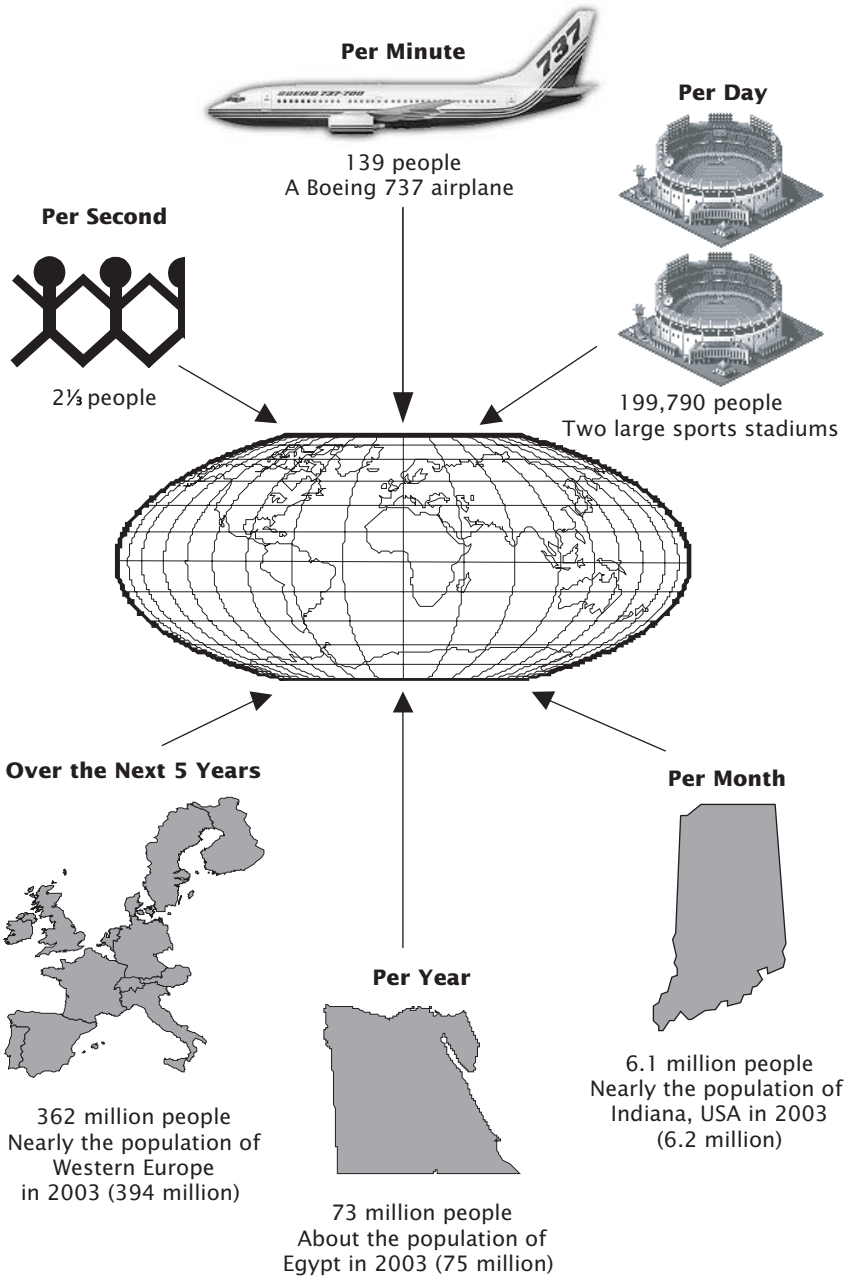


Figure 30.1

Net Additions to the World: 2003

In 2003, the world gained 2½ people per second



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, International Programs Center, International Data Base and unpublished tables.

No. 1318. Total World Population: 1980 to 2050

[As of midyear (4,454 represents 4,454,000,000)]

Year	Average annual ¹			Year	Average annual ¹		
	Population (mil.)	Growth rate (percent)	Population change (mil.)		Population (mil.)	Growth rate (percent)	Population change (mil.)
1980	4,454	1.68	75.4	2015	7,171	0.97	69.8
1985	4,853	1.71	83.6	2020	7,511	0.86	65.0
1990	5,285	1.58	84.1	2025	7,824	0.76	59.3
1995	5,696	1.38	79.3	2030	8,112	0.67	50.7
2003	6,305	1.14	72.5	2035	8,378	0.60	50.7
2004	6,378	1.13	72.6	2040	8,623	0.54	46.7
2005	6,450	1.12	72.5	2045	8,848	0.48	42.3
2010	6,812	1.05	72.2	2050	9,050	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Represents change from year shown to immediate succeeding year.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Total Midyear Population for the World: 1950-2050," updated 30 April 2004; <<http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/worldpop.html>>.

No. 1319. Population by Continent: 1980 to 2050

[In millions, except percent (4,454 represents 4,454,000,000)]

Year	World	Africa	North America	South America	Asia	Europe	Oceania
1980	4,454	473	372	242	2,651	694	23
1990	5,285	627	425	296	3,189	721	27
2000	6,085	803	487	348	3,686	730	31
2010	6,812	977	541	392	4,138	728	35
2020	7,511	1,153	595	431	4,572	722	38
2030	8,112	1,344	647	461	4,912	707	41
2040	8,623	1,554	695	481	5,166	684	43
2050	9,050	1,784	738	490	5,340	654	45
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
1980	100.0	10.6	8.4	5.4	59.5	15.6	0.5
2000	100.0	13.2	8.0	5.7	60.6	12.0	0.5
2050	100.0	19.7	8.2	5.4	59.0	7.2	0.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "International Data Base" (as of 30 April 2004); <<http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idbagg.html>>.

No. 1320. Population and Population Change, by Development Status: 1950 to 2051

[In millions, except percent (2,555 represents 2,555,000,000)]. The "less developed" countries include all of Africa, all of Asia except Japan, the Transcaucasian and Central Asian republics of the New Independent States, all of Latin America and the Caribbean, and all of Oceania except Australia and New Zealand. This category matches the "less developed country" classification employed by the United Nations]

Year	World	Less developed countries	More developed countries	Percent of world	
				Less developed countries	More developed countries
POPULATION					
1951	2,555	1,749	807	68.4	31.6
1961	3,040	2,129	910	70.1	29.9
1971	3,708	2,705	1,003	72.9	27.1
1981	4,454	3,374	1,081	75.7	24.3
1991	5,285	4,142	1,143	78.4	21.6
2001	6,085	4,892	1,193	80.4	19.6
2011	6,812	5,588	1,224	82.0	18.0
2021	7,511	6,265	1,246	83.4	16.6
2031	8,112	6,858	1,254	84.5	15.5
2041	8,623	7,369	1,254	85.5	14.5
2051	9,050	7,805	1,245	86.2	13.8
POPULATION CHANGE					
1950-1960	484	381	104	78.6	21.4
1960-1970	668	576	93	86.1	13.9
1970-1980	746	669	78	89.6	10.4
1980-1990	830	768	62	92.5	7.5
1990-2000	801	750	50	93.7	6.3
2000-2010	727	696	31	95.8	4.2
2010-2020	698	677	21	96.9	3.1
2020-2030	601	592	9	98.5	1.5
2030-2040	511	511	-	100.0	-
2040-2050	427	436	-9	102.1	-2.1

- Represents zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "International Data Base" (as of April 2004).

No. 1321. Population by Country: 1990 to 2010

[5,284,679 represents 5,284,679,000. Population data generally are de facto figures for the present territory. Population estimates were derived from information available as of spring 2002. East Timor became independent of Indonesia, but population data will not be available until the next update of the International Data Base. See text of this section for general comments concerning the data. For details of methodology, coverage, and reliability, see coverage, and reliability, see source. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Country or area	Map reference	Mid-year population (1,000)				Population rank, 2003	Annual rate of growth, 2000-2010 (percent)	Population per sq. mile, 2003	Area (sq. mile)
		1990	2000	2003	2010, proj.				
World	S0	5,284,679	6,085,479	6,305,145	6,812,248	(X)	1.1	125	50,580,305
Afghanistan	S5	14,669	23,898	27,060	34,505	39	3.7	108	250,000
Albania	S3	3,251	3,474	3,527	3,660	128	0.5	333	10,579
Algeria	S4	25,093	30,409	31,714	34,555	35	1.3	34	919,591
Andorra	S3	53	67	69	74	203	1.0	397	174
Angola	S4	8,049	10,132	10,766	12,250	72	1.9	22	481,351
Antigua and Barbuda	S1	63	66	68	71	204	0.6	400	170
Argentina	S2	33,022	37,498	38,741	41,405	30	1.0	37	1,056,637
Armenia	S5	3,377	3,043	3,002	2,967	131	-0.3	261	11,506
Australia	S6	17,022	19,165	19,732	20,925	52	0.9	7	2,941,285
Austria	S3	7,723	8,113	8,163	8,214	87	0.1	256	31,942
Azerbaijan	S5	7,200	7,748	7,831	8,221	89	0.6	234	33,436
Bahamas, The	S1	257	290	297	311	176	0.7	77	3,888
Bahrain	S4	500	634	667	737	162	1.5	2,792	239
Bangladesh	S5	109,897	130,407	138,448	159,765	8	2.0	2,678	51,703
Barbados	S1	263	274	277	283	178	0.3	1,670	166
Belarus	S3	10,215	10,367	10,322	10,294	77	-0.1	129	80,154
Belgium	S3	9,969	10,264	10,331	10,423	76	0.2	885	11,672
Belize	S1	191	247	266	312	179	2.3	30	8,803
Benin	S4	4,662	6,428	7,041	8,504	94	2.8	165	42,710
Bhutan	S5	1,598	2,005	2,140	2,476	142	2.1	118	18,147
Bolivia	S2	6,574	8,153	8,586	9,499	86	1.5	21	418,683
Bosnia and Herzegovina	S3	4,424	3,836	3,989	4,103	120	0.7	202	19,741
Botswana	S4	1,312	1,578	1,573	1,420	147	-1.1	7	226,012
Brazil	S2	151,084	175,553	182,033	195,580	5	1.1	56	3,265,061
Brunei	S6	258	336	358	408	174	1.9	176	2,035
Bulgaria	S3	8,894	7,818	7,588	7,149	91	-0.9	178	42,683
Burkina Faso	S4	9,090	12,217	13,228	15,748	63	2.5	125	105,714
Burma	S5	38,526	41,772	42,511	43,721	27	0.5	167	253,954
Burundi	S4	5,285	5,714	6,096	7,296	100	2.4	616	9,903
Cambodia	S5	9,271	12,433	13,125	14,902	64	1.8	193	68,154
Cameroon	S4	11,685	14,792	15,746	17,938	59	1.9	87	181,251
Canada	S1	27,791	31,278	32,207	34,253	34	0.9	9	3,560,219
Cape Verde	S1	349	401	412	431	172	0.7	265	1,556
Central African Republic	S4	2,803	3,501	3,684	4,073	126	1.5	15	240,533
Chad	S4	6,030	8,419	9,253	11,302	82	2.9	19	486,178
Chile	S2	13,128	15,153	15,663	16,720	60	1.0	54	289,112
China	S5	1,148,364	1,268,853	1,291,496	1,347,563	1	0.6	359	3,600,930
Colombia	S2	32,859	39,686	41,662	46,109	28	1.5	104	401,042
Comoros	S4	429	578	633	773	163	2.9	755	838
Congo (Brazzaville)	S4	2,240	2,809	2,954	3,209	133	1.3	22	131,853
Congo (Kinshasa)	S4	37,969	51,810	56,225	69,577	23	2.9	65	875,521
Costa Rica	S2	3,027	3,711	3,896	4,306	123	1.5	199	19,560
Cote d'Ivoire	S4	11,901	15,866	16,962	19,485	57	2.1	138	122,780
Croatia	S3	4,508	4,411	4,498	4,487	116	0.2	206	21,829
Cuba	S1	10,545	11,134	11,269	11,507	69	0.3	263	42,803
Cyprus	S5	681	758	772	801	159	0.5	216	3,568
Czech Republic	S3	10,310	10,270	10,251	10,202	79	-0.1	338	30,365
Denmark	S3	5,141	5,337	5,394	5,516	108	0.3	330	16,359
Djibouti	S4	366	431	457	526	166	2.0	54	8,486
Dominica	S1	73	72	70	70	202	-0.2	240	290
Dominican Republic	S1	7,076	8,354	8,716	9,521	85	1.3	467	18,680
East Timor	S6	746	847	998	1,153	156	3.1	177	5,641
Ecuador	S2	10,318	12,505	13,074	14,245	65	1.3	122	106,844
Egypt	S4	56,694	70,492	74,719	84,348	15	1.8	194	384,988
El Salvador	S1	5,100	6,123	6,470	7,293	98	1.7	809	8,000
Equatorial Guinea	S4	368	474	510	604	164	2.4	47	10,830
Eritrea	S4	2,944	4,243	4,362	5,128	118	1.9	93	46,842
Estonia	S1	1,569	1,380	1,351	1,291	150	-0.7	78	17,413
Ethiopia	S4	47,958	62,651	66,558	75,066	18	1.8	154	432,310
Fiji	S6	738	832	869	958	157	1.4	123	7,054
Finland	S3	4,986	5,169	5,204	5,255	110	0.2	44	117,942
France	S3	56,735	59,382	60,181	61,638	20	0.4	286	210,668
Gabon	S4	938	1,223	1,322	1,562	151	2.5	13	99,486
Gambia, The	S4	962	1,367	1,501	1,833	148	2.9	389	3,861
Georgia	S5	5,426	4,777	4,711	4,601	114	-0.4	175	26,911
Germany	S3	79,380	82,188	82,398	82,283	13	(Z)	609	353,236
Ghana	S4	15,400	19,509	20,468	22,230	50	1.3	230	88,811
Greece	S3	10,130	10,559	10,626	10,750	73	0.2	210	50,502
Grenada	S2	92	89	89	91	197	0.2	682	131
Guatemala	S1	9,654	12,820	13,909	16,589	62	2.6	332	41,865
Guinea	S4	6,280	8,642	9,030	10,800	83	2.2	95	94,927
Guinea-Bissau	S4	996	1,278	1,361	1,566	149	2.0	126	10,811
Guyana	S2	742	698	702	732	161	0.5	9	76,004
Haiti	S1	6,075	7,177	7,528	8,555	92	1.8	707	10,641
Honduras	S1	4,757	6,201	6,670	7,686	97	2.1	154	43,201
Hungary	S3	10,372	10,137	10,058	9,880	80	-0.3	282	35,653
Iceland	S1	255	281	291	309	177	0.9	8	38,707
India	S5	841,655	1,002,708	1,049,700	1,155,011	2	1.4	914	1,147,950
Indonesia	S6	188,005	224,138	234,893	258,825	4	1.4	336	699,548

See footnotes at end of table.

No. 1321. Population by Country: 1990 to 2010—Con.

[See headnote, page 841]

Country or area	Map reference	Mid-year population			(1,000) 2010, proj.	Popu- lation rank, 2003	Annual rate of growth, 2000- 2010 (percent)	Popu- lation per sq. mile, 2003	Area (sq. mile)
		1990	2000	2003					
Iran	S5	57,036	65,660	68,018	71,861	17	0.9	106	631,660
Iraq	S5	18,135	22,676	26,075	29,672	44	2.7	147	167,556
Ireland	S3	3,508	3,792	4,016	4,250	122	1.1	148	26,598
Israel	S4	4,512	5,842	6,277	6,645	99	1.3	779	7,849
Italy	S3	56,743	57,719	58,103	58,091	22	0.1	511	113,521
Jamaica	S1	2,463	2,653	2,732	2,851	137	0.7	645	4,181
Japan	S5	123,537	126,700	127,417	127,195	10	(Z)	353	152,411
Jordan	S4	3,262	4,999	5,760	6,486	105	2.6	154	35,344
Kazakhstan	S5	16,398	15,032	15,186	15,460	61	0.3	14	1,049,150
Kenya	S4	23,934	30,310	32,368	33,654	37	1.0	144	219,788
Kiribati	S6	71	92	103	115	195	2.3	356	277
Korea, North	S5	20,019	21,648	22,912	23,802	48	0.9	483	46,490
Korea, South	S5	42,869	47,261	48,893	50,180	24	0.6	1,274	37,911
Kuwait	S5	2,142	1,974	2,336	2,788	141	3.5	317	6,880
Kyrgyzstan	S5	4,382	4,851	5,146	5,509	112	1.3	65	76,641
Laos	S5	4,210	5,498	6,217	6,994	102	2.4	66	89,112
Latvia	S3	2,664	2,376	2,290	2,218	139	-0.7	93	24,903
Lebanon	S4	3,147	3,578	3,826	4,056	125	1.3	944	3,950
Lesotho	S4	1,693	1,847	1,867	1,862	146	0.1	159	11,719
Liberia	S4	2,189	3,149	3,482	3,935	130	2.2	89	37,188
Libya	S4	4,140	5,115	5,766	6,447	104	2.3	8	679,359
Liechtenstein	S3	29	32	34	35	213	0.8	533	62
Lithuania	S5	3,695	3,654	3,597	3,545	127	-0.3	144	25,174
Luxembourg	S3	383	439	469	498	167	1.3	458	998
Macedonia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of	S3	1,893	2,041	2,079	2,115	143	0.4	208	9,928
Madagascar	S4	11,522	15,506	18,040	20,993	56	3.0	76	224,533
Malawi	S4	9,215	10,874	12,159	13,416	67	2.1	321	36,324
Malaysia	S6	17,504	21,793	23,953	26,144	46	1.8	182	126,853
Maldives	S5	216	301	349	400	175	2.8	2,846	116
Mali	S4	8,228	10,665	12,292	14,012	68	2.7	25	471,024
Malta	S4	359	390	399	407	173	0.4	3,189	142
Marshall Islands	S6	46	53	59	66	208	2.2	807	70
Mauritania	S4	1,984	2,668	3,087	3,561	134	2.9	7	397,838
Mauritius	S4	1,074	1,179	1,231	1,280	153	0.8	1,696	714
Mexico	S1	84,914	99,927	106,203	112,469	11	1.2	140	742,486
Micronesia, Federated States of	S6	109	108	108	107	193	-0.1	399	271
Moldova	S5	4,398	4,431	4,455	4,535	117	0.2	341	13,012
Monaco	S3	30	32	32	33	214	0.4	41,608	1
Mongolia	S5	2,216	2,601	2,791	3,004	136	1.4	4	604,247
Morocco	S4	24,686	30,122	32,726	35,301	36	1.6	184	172,317
Mozambique	S4	12,649	17,673	19,027	19,721	54	1.1	61	302,737
Namibia	S4	1,409	1,826	1,976	2,036	145	1.1	6	317,873
Nauru	S6	9	12	13	14	223	1.9	1,550	8
Nepal	S5	19,325	24,702	27,677	30,758	40	2.2	501	52,819
Netherlands	S3	13,952	15,908	16,407	16,783	58	0.5	1,238	13,104
New Zealand	S6	3,360	3,820	4,035	4,228	121	1.0	38	103,734
Nicaragua	S2	3,684	4,932	5,465	5,990	110	1.9	113	46,430
Niger	S4	7,630	10,174	11,666	13,220	70	2.6	23	489,073
Nigeria	S4	92,566	123,750	140,602	156,787	9	2.4	381	351,649
Norway	S3	4,242	4,492	4,593	4,676	115	0.4	38	118,865
Oman	S5	1,773	2,533	3,002	3,523	135	3.3	34	82,031
Pakistan	S5	114,578	146,343	162,420	179,592	6	2.0	519	300,664
Palau	S6	15	19	20	22	219	1.4	112	177
Panama	S2	2,388	2,836	3,039	3,220	132	1.3	101	29,340
Papua New Guinea	S6	3,825	4,927	5,545	6,171	109	2.3	30	174,405
Paraguay	S2	4,236	5,586	6,348	7,162	101	2.5	39	153,398
Peru	S2	21,511	25,980	27,926	29,758	38	1.4	55	494,208
Philippines	S6	64,318	79,740	87,857	95,868	12	1.8	735	115,124
Poland	S3	38,119	38,646	38,635	38,691	31	(Z)	329	117,571
Portugal	S3	9,923	10,336	10,566	10,736	75	0.4	296	35,382
Qatar	S5	481	744	863	970	158	2.6	192	4,247
Romania	S5	22,866	22,452	22,330	22,181	49	-0.1	252	88,934
Russia	S5	147,931	146,673	143,155	140,581	7	-0.4	22	6,592,817
Rwanda	S4	6,962	7,405	8,099	8,821	90	1.7	811	9,633
Saint Kitts and Nevis	S1	41	39	39	40	212	0.4	279	139
Saint Lucia	S1	140	156	166	177	190	1.3	687	236
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	S1	107	115	118	119	191	0.3	892	131
Samoa	S0	170	179	177	176	187	-0.2	162	1,100
San Marino	S3	23	27	29	31	215	1.3	1,214	23
Sao Tome and Principe	S4	119	160	187	219	188	3.1	475	371
Saudi Arabia	S4	16,061	23,153	26,418	29,222	43	2.3	30	829,996
Senegal	S4	7,362	9,784	11,127	12,534	74	2.5	143	74,131
Serbia and Montenegro	S3	9,935	10,850	10,829	10,839	71	(Z)	274	39,435
Seychelles	S4	73	79	81	83	198	0.4	457	176
Sierra Leone	S4	4,226	5,203	6,018	6,688	103	2.5	207	27,653
Singapore	S6	3,047	4,037	4,426	4,701	119	1.5	17,751	241
Slovakia	S3	5,263	5,400	5,431	5,470	107	0.1	287	18,842
Slovenia	S3	1,991	2,011	2,011	2,003	144	(Z)	257	7,819
Solomon Islands	S6	335	466	538	610	165	2.7	48	10,633
Somalia	S4	6,675	7,253	8,592	9,922	88	3.1	33	242,216

See footnotes at end of table.

No. 1321. Population by Country: 1990 to 2010—Con.

[See headnote, page 841]

Country or area	Map reference	Mid-year population (1,000)			Population rank, 2003	Annual rate of growth, ¹ 2000-2010 (percent)	Population per sq. mile, 2003	Area (sq. mile)	
		1990	2000	2003					
South Africa	S4	37,191	42,351	42,552	40,608	26	-0.4	91	471,444
Spain	S3	39,351	40,016	40,217	40,549	29	0.1	209	192,819
Sri Lanka	S5	17,193	19,239	19,742	20,832	51	0.8	790	24,996
Sudan	S4	26,627	35,080	38,114	45,485	32	2.6	42	917,375
Suriname	S2	395	429	435	441	170	0.3	7	62,344
Swaziland	S4	885	1,120	1,161	1,170	154	0.4	175	6,641
Sweden	S3	8,601	8,924	8,970	9,074	84	0.2	56	158,927
Switzerland	S3	6,837	7,267	7,408	7,623	93	0.5	482	15,355
Syria	S4	12,436	16,306	17,586	20,606	55	2.3	247	71,062
Tajikistan	S5	5,332	6,441	6,864	8,007	95	2.2	124	55,251
Tanzania	S4	25,651	33,768	35,922	41,197	33	2.0	105	342,100
Thailand	S5	55,250	62,352	64,265	68,058	19	0.9	325	197,595
Togo	S4	3,705	5,033	5,429	6,256	106	2.2	259	21,000
Tonga	S0	92	102	108	123	194	1.8	391	277
Trinidad and Tobago	S2	1,198	1,125	1,104	1,042	155	-0.8	557	1,981
Tunisia	S4	8,207	9,564	9,873	10,583	81	1.0	165	59,985
Turkey	S5	56,085	65,667	68,109	73,322	16	1.1	229	297,591
Turkmenistan	S5	3,668	4,518	4,776	5,431	113	1.8	25	188,456
Tuvalu	S6	9	11	11	13	224	1.5	1,126	10
Uganda	S4	17,242	23,496	25,633	31,570	42	3.0	332	77,108
Ukraine	S5	51,658	49,153	48,055	46,193	25	-0.6	206	233,089
United Arab Emirates	S5	1,951	2,369	2,485	2,763	138	1.5	77	32,278
United Kingdom	S3	57,493	59,522	60,095	61,285	21	0.3	644	93,278
United States	S1	250,132	282,339	290,343	309,163	3	0.9	82	3,539,227
Uruguay	S2	3,106	3,324	3,382	3,491	129	0.5	50	67,035
Uzbekistan	S5	20,624	24,756	25,982	29,280	41	1.7	150	172,741
Vanuatu	S6	154	190	199	221	184	1.5	35	5,699
Venezuela	S2	19,325	23,543	24,655	27,134	45	1.4	72	340,560
Vietnam	S5	66,637	78,518	81,625	89,223	14	1.3	650	125,622
Yemen	S5	12,416	17,479	19,350	24,637	53	3.4	95	203,849
Zambia	S4	7,876	9,799	10,307	11,286	78	1.4	36	285,992
Zimbabwe	S4	10,154	12,186	12,577	12,926	66	0.6	84	149,293
OTHER									
Taiwan ²	S5	20,279	22,151	22,603	23,562	47	0.6	1,815	12,456
AREAS OF SPECIAL SOVEREIGNTY AND DEPENDENCIES									
American Samoa	S0	47	57	58	57	207	(Z)	753	77
Anguilla	S1	8	12	13	14	222	1.8	363	35
Aruba	S1	67	70	71	73	201	0.5	951	75
Bermuda	S1	58	63	64	67	206	0.7	3,408	19
Cayman Islands	S1	26	38	42	50	211	2.7	418	100
Cook Islands	S0	18	20	21	22	218	0.9	226	93
Faroe Islands	S3	47	45	46	48	210	0.6	86	541
French Guiana	S2	116	173	187	214	185	2.1	5	34,421
French Polynesia	S0	202	249	262	291	180	1.5	185	1,413
Gaza Strip ³	S4	643	1,132	1,275	1,651	152	3.8	8,666	147
Gibraltar	S3	29	28	28	28	216	0.2	11,990	2
Greenland	S1	56	56	56	56	209	(Z)	-	131,931
Guadeloupe	S1	378	426	440	468	169	0.9	647	680
Guam	S6	134	155	164	181	189	1.5	783	209
Guernsey	S3	63	64	65	66	205	0.3	865	75
Hong Kong	S5	5,688	6,659	6,810	7,090	96	0.6	17,833	382
Jersey	S3	84	89	90	92	196	0.3	1,996	45
Macau	S6	352	431	441	468	168	0.8	71,466	6
Man, Isle of	S3	69	73	74	77	200	0.5	327	227
Martinique	S1	374	415	426	448	171	0.8	1,042	409
Mayotte	S4	90	156	178	231	186	3.9	1,229	145
Montserrat	S1	11	6	9	10	225	4.3	233	39
Netherlands Antilles	S2	189	210	216	228	182	0.8	583	371
New Caledonia	S6	168	202	211	230	183	1.3	29	7,243
Northern Mariana Islands	S6	44	70	76	91	199	2.6	413	184
Puerto Rico	S1	3,537	3,816	3,879	4,001	124	0.5	1,121	3,459
Reunion	S4	597	721	755	829	160	1.4	783	965
Saint Helena	S4	7	7	7	8	226	0.6	47	158
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	S1	6	7	7	7	227	0.2	75	93
Turks and Caicos Islands	S1	12	18	19	24	220	3.0	117	166
Virgin Islands	S1	104	109	109	108	192	-0.1	805	135
Virgin Islands, British	S1	16	20	22	25	217	2.0	375	58
Wallis and Futuna	S6	14	15	16	17	221	0.9	149	106
West Bank ⁴	S4	1,255	2,020	2,237	2,765	140	3.1	1,027	2,178
Western Sahara	S4	191	245	262	301	181	2.1	3	102,703

- Represents or rounds to zero. X Not applicable. Z Less than 0.05 percent or less than one person per square mile.
¹ Computed by the exponential method. For explanation of average annual percent change, see Guide to Tabular Presentation.
² With the establishment of diplomatic relations with China on January 1, 1979, the U.S. government recognized the People's Republic of China as the sole legal government of China and acknowledged the Chinese position that there is only one China and that Taiwan is part of China. ³ "Congo" is the official short-form name for both the Republic of Congo and the Democratic Republic of the Congo. To distinguish one from the other the U.S. Dept. of State adds the capital in parentheses. This practice is unofficial and provisional. ⁴ The Gaza Strip and West Bank are Israeli occupied with interim status subject to Israeli/Palestinian negotiations. The final status is to be determined.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "International Data Base" (as of 30 April 2004); <http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idbnew.html>.

No. 1322. Age Distribution by Country: 2003 and 2010

[In percent. Covers countries with 5 million or more population in 2003]

Country or area	2003		2010, proj.		Country or area	2003		2010, proj.	
	Under 15 years old	65 years old and over	Under 15 years old	65 years old and over		Under 15 years old	65 years old and over	Under 15 years old	65 years old and over
World	28.6	7.1	26.5	7.7	Laos	42.2	3.2	40.5	3.1
Afghanistan	44.8	2.4	44.4	2.4	Libya	34.5	4.1	32.9	4.4
Algeria	30.8	4.6	24.8	5.0	Madagascar	44.9	3.1	44.5	2.9
Angola	43.5	2.8	43.1	2.8	Malawi	46.7	2.7	46.9	2.8
Argentina	26.2	10.4	24.1	11.0	Malaysia	33.7	4.4	31.0	5.1
Australia	20.2	12.7	18.7	13.9	Mali	47.2	3.0	46.4	2.8
Austria	16.1	15.7	14.3	18.1	Mexico	32.1	5.3	28.7	6.4
Azerbaijan	27.7	7.6	24.5	6.9	Morocco	33.2	4.8	29.6	5.2
Bangladesh	34.1	3.4	33.8	3.7	Mozambique	43.8	2.7	41.3	3.1
Belarus	16.8	14.3	15.6	13.6	Nepal	39.7	3.6	37.3	3.9
Belgium	17.2	17.2	16.0	17.8	Netherlands	18.4	13.8	17.2	15.2
Benin	47.0	2.3	45.2	2.4	Nicaragua	38.8	3.0	33.1	3.4
Bolivia	37.1	4.5	32.1	4.9	Niger	47.6	2.2	46.1	2.2
Brazil	27.1	5.7	24.0	6.8	Nigeria	43.6	2.8	42.5	3.0
Bulgaria	14.7	17.1	13.8	17.9	Pakistan	40.7	4.0	36.7	4.2
Burkina Faso	46.1	2.9	45.6	2.8	Papua New Guinea	38.4	3.8	36.6	4.1
Burma	28.1	4.9	25.4	5.3	Paraguay	38.4	4.7	36.5	5.1
Burundi	46.7	2.7	44.7	2.5	Peru	32.6	5.0	28.5	5.8
Cambodia	39.3	3.0	33.1	3.1	Philippines	36.2	3.9	33.2	4.4
Cameroun	42.3	3.2	40.5	3.4	Poland	17.5	12.7	15.7	13.1
Canada	18.5	12.9	16.7	14.2	Portugal	16.8	16.7	16.3	17.8
Chad	47.9	2.8	47.4	2.7	Romania	16.8	14.2	15.5	14.7
Chile	26.4	7.7	22.7	9.2	Russia	15.7	13.3	14.3	13.3
China ¹	23.1	7.4	19.6	8.3	Rwanda	42.5	2.7	43.0	2.5
Colombia	31.3	4.9	28.5	5.7	Saudi Arabia	38.4	2.3	38.0	2.5
Congo (Kinshasa) ²	48.3	2.5	47.2	2.4	Senegal	43.7	3.1	40.8	3.0
Cote d'Ivoire	45.4	2.2	43.9	2.4	Serbia and Monte- negro	18.6	14.7	17.5	15.0
Cuba	20.5	9.9	18.2	11.7	Sierra Leone	44.8	3.2	43.8	3.4
Czech Republic	15.3	14.0	13.5	15.9	Slovakia	17.9	11.6	15.7	12.6
Denmark	18.9	14.9	17.9	16.6	Somalia	44.8	2.7	45.0	2.5
Dominican Republic	33.6	5.2	31.1	6.0	South Africa	30.0	5.0	26.7	6.3
Ecuador	34.4	4.8	31.0	5.4	Spain	14.4	17.6	14.5	18.4
Egypt	33.9	4.2	31.0	4.9	Sri Lanka	25.2	6.9	22.6	8.2
El Salvador	37.1	5.1	35.0	5.4	Sudan	44.0	2.2	40.7	2.7
Ethiopia	44.8	2.8	43.4	2.9	Sweden	17.8	17.2	15.5	19.3
Finland	17.7	15.5	16.2	17.2	Switzerland	16.9	15.3	15.4	16.6
France	18.6	16.3	18.0	16.7	Syria	38.6	3.2	35.5	3.4
Germany	14.9	17.8	13.5	20.4	Taiwan ¹	20.1	9.3	18.4	10.4
Ghana	38.9	3.6	32.7	4.0	Tajikistan	39.8	4.7	36.9	4.1
Greece	14.5	18.3	14.2	19.4	Tanzania	44.3	2.6	42.9	2.7
Guatemala	42.9	3.3	41.2	3.4	Thailand	24.2	7.0	22.4	8.5
Guinea	44.5	3.2	44.1	3.2	Togo	44.5	2.5	40.2	2.9
Haiti	42.7	3.7	39.7	3.7	Tunisia	26.7	6.4	22.3	7.2
Honduras	41.6	3.6	38.6	4.0	Turkey	27.2	6.4	23.5	7.3
Hungary	16.2	14.8	14.8	16.0	Uganda	50.8	2.4	49.0	2.2
India	32.2	4.8	29.2	5.3	Ukraine	16.3	15.0	15.4	14.8
Indonesia	29.7	5.0	27.6	5.8	United Kingdom	18.3	15.7	16.5	16.4
Iran	29.4	4.8	23.4	5.1	United States	20.9	12.4	20.0	13.0
Iraq	40.7	3.0	38.5	3.0	Uzbekistan	34.7	4.7	31.7	4.3
Israel	26.9	9.9	25.4	10.0	Venezuela	31.0	4.9	26.6	5.7
Italy	14.0	18.8	13.4	20.3	Vietnam	30.2	5.6	26.0	5.6
Japan	14.4	18.6	14.1	22.1	Yemen	46.8	2.8	46.1	2.5
Jordan	35.9	3.6	30.5	4.3	Zambia	46.3	2.8	44.4	2.8
Kazakhstan	25.3	7.3	21.6	7.6	Zimbabwe	39.7	3.5	38.7	4.1
Kenya	41.3	2.8	36.5	3.2					
Korea, North	25.0	7.2	22.2	9.5					
Korea, South	20.6	7.9	18.3	9.9					
Kyrgyzstan	33.0	6.0	29.4	5.5					

¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ² See footnote 3, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "International Data Base" (as of 30 April 2004); <<http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idbnew.html>>.

No. 1323. Foreign or Foreign-Born Population and Labor Force in Selected OECD Countries: 1990 and 2001

[31,811 represents 31,811,000. In Australia, Canada, and the United States the data refer to people present in the country who are foreign born. In the European countries and Japan they generally refer to foreigners and represent the nationalities of residents]

Country	Foreign population ¹				Foreign labor force ²			
	Number (1,000)		Percent of total population		Number (1,000)		Percent of total labor force	
	1990	2001	1990	2001	1990	2001	1990	2001
United States ³	(NA)	31,811	(NA)	11.1	11,565	20,014	9.4	13.9
Australia ³	(NA)	4,482	(NA)	23.1	(NA)	2,367	25.7	24.2
Austria	456	764	5.9	9.4	230	360	7.4	11.0
Belgium	905	847	9.1	8.2	289	(NA)	7.1	(NA)
Canada ³	(NA)	5,449	(NA)	18.2	(NA)	3,151	(NA)	19.9
Denmark	161	267	3.1	5.0	69	101	2.4	3.5
France	3,597	(NA)	6.3	(NA)	1,550	1,618	6.2	6.2
Germany	5,343	7,319	8.4	8.9	(NA)	3,616	(NA)	9.1
Italy	781	1,363	1.4	2.4	(NA)	801	(NA)	3.8
Japan	1,075	1,779	0.9	1.4	(NA)	169	(NA)	0.2
Luxembourg	113	167	29.4	37.5	85	171	45.2	61.7
Netherlands	692	690	4.6	4.3	197	(NA)	3.1	(NA)
Spain	279	1,109	0.7	2.7	85	607	0.6	3.4
Sweden	484	476	5.6	5.3	246	227	5.4	5.1
Switzerland	1,100	1,419	16.3	19.7	670	739	18.9	18.1
United Kingdom	1,723	2,587	3.2	4.4	882	1,229	3.3	4.4

NA Not available. ¹ Data are from population registers except for France (census), the United Kingdom (labor force survey), Japan and Switzerland (register of foreigners), and Italy and Spain (residence permits). ² Includes unemployed except for Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, and United Kingdom. Data for Austria, Germany, and Luxembourg are from social security registers, and for Denmark, from the register of population. Data for Italy, Spain, and Switzerland are from residence or work permits. Figures for Japan and Netherlands are estimates. Data for other countries are from labor force surveys. ³ Census data from Current Population Survey.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Trends in International Migration (2003 Editions)* (copyright).

No. 1324. Medical Doctors and Inpatient Care—Selected Countries: 1990 to 2001

Country	Medical doctors per 1,000 population			Inpatient care					
				Acute care beds per 1,000 population			Average length of stay (days)		
	1990	2000	2001	1990	2000	2001	1990	2000	2001
United States	2.4	(NA)	(NA)	3.7	2.9	2.9	9.1	6.8	6.7
Australia	2.2	2.4	2.5	(NA)	3.8	(NA)	(NA)	15.9	(NA)
Austria	2.2	3.1	3.2	7.0	6.2	6.2	12.8	8.6	(NA)
Belgium	3.3	3.9	(NA)	4.9	(NA)	(NA)	13.8	(NA)	(NA)
Canada	2.1	2.1	2.1	4.0	3.2	(NA)	13.0	(NA)	(NA)
Czech Republic	2.7	3.4	3.4	8.5	6.6	6.5	15.4	11.4	11.3
Denmark	3.1	3.4	3.4	4.1	(NA)	(NA)	8.2	6.0	5.9
Finland	2.4	3.1	3.1	4.3	2.4	2.4	18.2	10.3	10.6
France	3.1	3.3	3.3	8.5	6.7	(NA)	15.1	13.1	(NA)
Germany	(NA)	3.3	3.3	7.5	6.4	6.3	17.2	11.9	11.6
Greece	3.4	4.5	4.4	4.0	(NA)	(NA)	9.9	(NA)	(NA)
Hungary	2.9	(NA)	2.9	7.1	6.3	6.0	12.6	9.7	8.7
Iceland	2.8	3.4	3.5	4.3	(NA)	(NA)	18.3	(NA)	(NA)
Ireland	(NA)	2.2	2.4	3.3	3.0	3.0	7.9	7.4	7.5
Italy	(NA)	4.1	4.3	6.2	4.3	(NA)	11.7	7.7	(NA)
Japan	1.7	1.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	50.5	(NA)	(NA)
Korea, South	0.8	1.3	1.4	2.7	5.2	5.2	13.0	14.0	13.0
Luxembourg	2.0	2.5	2.5	7.0	6.7	6.6	17.6	(NA)	(NA)
Mexico	(NA)	1.4	1.5	(NA)	1.0	1.0	4.4	4.3	4.2
Netherlands	2.5	3.2	3.3	4.3	3.5	3.3	34.1	33.4	33.0
New Zealand	1.9	2.2	(NA)	8.0	(NA)	(NA)	9.4	7.7	7.7
Norway	(NA)	2.9	3.0	3.8	3.1	3.1	(NA)	8.9	8.7
Poland	2.1	2.2	2.2	6.3	5.1	5.0	12.5	8.9	8.4
Portugal	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.4	(NA)	(NA)	10.8	(NA)	(NA)
Slovak Republic	(NA)	3.7	3.6	(NA)	5.9	5.6	(NA)	10.4	10.1
Spain	(NA)	3.3	3.1	3.3	(NA)	(NA)	12.2	(NA)	(NA)
Sweden	2.9	3.0	(NA)	4.1	2.4	(NA)	18.0	6.4	6.4
Switzerland	3.0	3.5	3.5	6.5	4.1	3.9	(NA)	12.8	12.7
Turkey	0.9	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.2	2.1	6.9	5.9	5.8
United Kingdom	1.5	2.0	(NA)	(NA)	3.9	3.9	15.6	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD Health Data 2003* (copyright).

No. 1325. Vital Statistics, by Country: 2003 and 2010

[Covers countries with 12 million or more population in 2003]

Country or area	Crude birth rate ¹		Crude death rate ²		Expectation of life at birth (years)		Infant mortality rate ³		Total fertility rate per woman ⁴	
	2003	2010, proj.	2003	2010, proj.	2003	2010, proj.	2003	2010, proj.	2003	2010, proj.
United States	14.1	14.2	8.4	8.3	77.1	78.4	6.8	6.2	2.07	2.11
Afghanistan	47.5	45.1	21.5	18.8	42.0	45.1	168.9	149.3	6.81	6.47
Algeria	18.3	16.7	4.6	4.7	72.5	74.3	33.4	25.7	2.16	1.76
Argentina	17.5	15.8	7.6	7.5	75.5	76.9	16.2	13.1	2.28	2.03
Australia	12.6	11.7	7.3	7.7	80.1	81.0	4.8	4.4	1.76	1.75
Bangladesh	29.9	27.8	8.6	7.7	61.3	63.9	66.1	54.3	3.17	3.04
Brazil	17.7	15.5	6.1	6.3	71.1	73.0	31.7	24.9	2.01	1.81
Burkina Faso	44.8	42.4	18.8	18.6	44.5	43.6	99.8	92.1	6.34	5.92
Burma	19.2	16.9	12.2	12.0	55.8	57.7	70.4	59.7	2.15	1.86
Cambodia	27.3	26.6	9.3	8.5	57.9	60.6	75.9	61.9	3.58	3.10
Cameroon	35.5	32.5	15.3	15.5	48.1	47.9	70.1	62.7	4.63	4.08
Canada	11.0	10.7	7.6	8.0	79.8	80.7	4.9	4.5	1.61	1.62
Chad	47.1	43.4	16.4	16.8	48.5	46.2	95.7	88.6	6.44	5.97
Chile	16.1	14.5	5.7	6.1	76.2	77.5	9.3	7.7	2.09	1.90
China ⁵	13.0	14.3	6.9	7.1	71.6	73.8	26.4	19.4	1.68	1.80
Colombia	21.6	19.3	5.6	5.6	71.1	73.1	22.5	17.8	2.61	2.44
Congo (Kinshasa) ⁶	45.1	42.4	14.9	13.4	48.9	50.5	96.6	83.2	6.69	6.11
Cote d'Ivoire	40.0	36.8	18.4	19.0	42.7	41.7	98.3	88.4	5.51	4.79
Ecuador	23.7	20.8	4.3	4.2	75.8	77.2	25.4	19.9	2.83	2.50
Egypt	24.4	21.3	5.4	5.2	70.4	72.4	35.3	26.7	3.02	2.61
Ethiopia	39.8	35.6	20.2	20.7	41.2	40.1	103.2	94.9	5.55	4.76
France	12.5	11.5	9.1	9.4	79.3	80.3	4.4	4.0	1.85	1.83
Germany	9.6	8.2	10.3	11.0	78.4	79.4	4.2	4.0	1.37	1.42
Ghana	25.8	21.4	10.5	11.5	56.5	55.6	53.0	47.6	3.32	2.54
Guatemala	35.1	32.0	6.8	6.6	65.2	65.9	37.9	31.4	4.67	4.19
Hungary	9.8	9.4	13.1	12.9	72.1	73.7	8.8	7.7	1.30	1.36
India	23.3	20.7	8.5	7.9	63.6	66.1	59.6	48.5	2.91	2.55
Indonesia	21.5	18.7	6.3	6.3	68.9	71.1	38.1	30.0	2.50	2.28
Iran	17.2	17.3	5.6	5.6	69.4	71.4	44.2	35.6	1.95	1.73
Iraq	33.7	29.4	5.8	4.9	67.8	70.3	55.2	42.2	4.52	3.76
Italy	9.2	8.0	10.1	10.8	79.4	80.3	6.2	5.4	1.26	1.32
Japan	9.6	8.7	8.6	10.0	80.9	81.6	3.3	3.2	1.38	1.42
Kazakhstan	15.3	16.7	9.7	9.4	65.6	68.2	31.9	24.9	1.90	1.87
Kenya	28.8	23.6	16.0	18.3	45.2	43.7	63.4	58.0	3.47	2.63
Korea, North	17.6	13.8	6.9	7.5	70.8	72.7	25.7	20.5	2.25	1.90
Korea, South	12.6	11.0	6.0	6.8	75.4	76.8	7.3	6.5	1.56	1.58
Madagascar	42.2	40.5	11.9	10.1	56.1	58.9	80.2	68.7	5.72	5.47
Malaysia	23.7	22.1	5.1	5.1	71.7	73.6	19.0	15.0	3.13	2.92
Mexico	21.9	19.4	4.7	4.8	74.7	76.3	22.5	17.8	2.53	2.31
Morocco	23.3	20.6	5.8	5.4	70.0	72.1	44.9	34.7	2.89	2.46
Mozambique	36.9	32.9	23.0	29.1	38.2	32.4	137.8	133.0	4.87	4.29
Nepal	32.5	28.8	9.8	8.7	59.0	61.7	70.6	58.7	4.39	3.73
Netherlands	11.7	10.3	8.7	8.8	78.6	79.6	5.2	4.7	1.66	1.66
Nigeria	38.8	35.3	13.8	15.7	51.0	47.3	71.4	65.8	5.40	4.79
Pakistan	32.0	26.9	8.9	7.5	62.2	64.9	76.6	63.1	4.44	3.46
Peru	21.7	18.9	6.3	6.2	68.9	71.0	34.0	27.2	2.66	2.32
Philippines	26.3	23.2	5.6	5.2	69.3	71.4	25.0	20.2	3.29	2.89
Poland	10.5	10.9	10.0	10.3	73.9	75.6	9.0	7.6	1.37	1.42
Romania	10.7	10.4	11.6	11.9	70.9	72.7	28.1	22.1	1.35	1.40
Russia	9.4	10.4	15.3	14.6	66.1	68.3	17.4	14.6	1.25	1.31
Saudi Arabia	29.9	28.2	2.7	2.5	75.0	76.5	14.2	11.3	4.17	3.77
South Africa	18.9	16.4	18.4	30.1	46.6	36.5	60.8	65.1	2.24	1.96
Spain	10.1	9.5	9.5	10.1	79.2	80.2	4.5	4.2	1.26	1.32
Sri Lanka	16.1	14.8	6.5	6.6	72.6	74.4	15.2	12.5	1.90	1.78
Sudan	36.5	31.8	9.6	8.3	57.7	60.5	65.6	55.2	5.10	4.21
Syria ⁵	29.5	25.2	5.0	4.6	69.4	71.5	31.7	25.0	3.72	3.02
Taiwan	12.7	12.0	6.2	6.9	76.9	78.1	6.7	5.9	1.57	1.59
Tanzania	39.5	35.7	17.4	17.1	44.6	44.6	103.7	92.3	5.24	4.62
Thailand	16.4	14.2	6.9	7.3	71.2	73.0	21.8	17.4	1.91	1.83
Tunisia	16.0	15.3	5.0	5.3	74.4	76.0	26.8	20.4	1.83	1.71
Turkey	17.6	15.6	6.0	6.1	71.8	73.7	44.2	34.3	2.03	1.82
Uganda	46.6	45.0	17.0	15.2	44.9	46.8	87.9	76.6	6.72	6.12
Ukraine	9.9	11.6	16.4	15.7	66.5	68.5	20.9	17.5	1.34	1.58
United Kingdom	11.0	10.7	10.2	10.0	78.2	79.2	5.3	4.8	1.66	1.66
Uzbekistan	26.1	26.1	8.0	7.4	64.0	66.2	71.5	65.6	3.00	2.80
Venezuela	19.8	17.8	4.9	5.0	73.8	75.5	23.8	18.9	2.36	2.13
Vietnam	19.6	18.7	6.2	6.0	70.1	72.1	30.8	24.7	2.24	2.10
Yemen	43.2	41.8	9.0	7.4	61.0	63.6	65.0	53.4	6.82	6.23
Zimbabwe	30.3	27.8	22.0	27.4	39.0	34.6	66.5	69.0	3.66	3.26

¹ Number of births during 1 year per 1,000 persons (based on midyear population). ² Number of deaths during 1 year per 1,000 persons (based on midyear population). ³ Number of deaths of children under 1 year of age per 1,000 live births in a calendar year. ⁴ Average number of children that would be born if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and, at each year of age, they experienced the birth rates occurring in the specified year. ⁵ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ⁶ See footnote 3, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "International Data Base" (as of 30 April 2004); <<http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idbnew.html>>.

No. 1326. Births to Unmarried Women by Country: 1980 to 2001

[Percent of all live births. For U.S. figures, beginning 1980, marital status is inferred from a comparison of the child's and parents' surnames on the birth certificate for those States that do not report on marital status. No estimates are included for misstatements on birth records or failures to register births]

Country	1980	1990	1995	2001 ¹
United States	18.4	28.0	32.2	33.2
Canada	12.8	24.4	27.6	28.3
Japan	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.6
Denmark	33.2	46.4	46.5	44.6
France	11.4	30.1	37.6	42.6
Germany ²	(NA)	15.1	16.1	23.4
Ireland	5.0	14.6	22.3	31.8
Italy	4.3	6.5	8.1	9.6
Netherlands	4.1	11.4	15.5	24.9
Spain	3.9	9.6	11.1	17.0
Sweden	39.7	47.0	53.0	55.3
United Kingdom	11.5	27.9	33.6	39.5

NA Not available. ¹ Data for Ireland, Italy, and Spain are either provisional or estimated by Eurostat. For all other countries, data are final. ² Data are for 1991 instead of 1990.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Monthly Labor Review*, September 2003.

No. 1327. Marriage and Divorce Rates by Country: 1980 to 2000

[Per 1,000 population aged 15-64 years]

Country	Marriage rate				Divorce rate			
	1980	1990	1995	2000 ¹	1980	1990	1995	2000 ¹
United States ²	15.9	14.8	13.6	12.8	7.9	7.2	6.8	6.2
Canada	11.5	10.0	8.1	7.4	3.7	4.2	3.9	3.4
Japan	9.8	8.4	9.1	9.3	1.8	1.8	2.3	3.1
Denmark	8.0	9.1	9.9	10.8	4.1	4.0	3.7	4.0
France ³	9.7	7.7	6.7	7.5	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.1
Germany ⁴	(NA)	8.2	7.8	7.5	(NA)	2.5	3.1	3.5
Ireland	10.9	8.3	6.7	7.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	1.0
Italy	8.7	8.2	7.5	7.2	0.3	0.7	0.7	1.0
Netherlands	9.6	9.3	7.7	8.2	2.7	2.8	3.2	3.2
Spain	9.4	8.5	7.5	7.7	(NA)	0.9	1.2	1.4
Sweden	7.1	7.4	6.0	7.0	3.7	3.5	4.0	3.8
United Kingdom	11.6	10.0	8.5	7.8	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.0

NA Not available. ¹ Marriage data for Ireland and Italy are either provisional or estimated by Eurostat. The U.S. divorce rate is estimated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. ² U.S. data include unlicensed marriages in California. ³ Data are for 1999 instead of 2000. ⁴ Data are for 1991 instead of 1990. ⁵ Divorce not allowed by law prior to 1997.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Monthly Labor Review*, September 2003.

No. 1328. Single-parent Households: 1980 to 2002

[In thousands (6,061 represents 6,061,000). For the United Kingdom in 1981, children are defined as those under 15 and those who are 15, 16, or 17 and attended school full time; for later years, children are defined as those under 16 and those who are 16 or 17 and attend school full time. For Ireland, children are defined as those under 15. For all other countries, children are defined as children living at home, or away from school, under the age of 18]

Country and year	Number	Percent of all households with children	Country and year	Number	Percent of all households with children
United States:			Ireland: ¹		
1980	6,061	19.5	1981	30	7.2
1990	7,752	24.0	1991	44	10.7
1995	9,055	26.4	1996	56	13.8
2001	9,374	26.5	2002	69	16.7
Canada:			Germany:		
1981	437	12.7	1991	1,429	15.2
1991	572	16.2	1995	1,674	17.6
1996	690	18.7	2000	1,963	21.2
2000	707	19.3	Netherlands:		
Japan:			1988	179	9.6
1980	796	4.9	1993	180	10.0
1990	934	6.5	1995 ²	208	11.7
1995	884	6.9	2000	240	13.0
2000	1,003	8.3	Sweden:		
Denmark: ¹			1985	117	11.2
1980	99	13.4	1990	151	14.8
1990	117	17.8	1991 ²	166	15.2
1995	120	18.6	1995	189	17.4
2001	120	18.4	2000	251	23.1
France:			United Kingdom: ³		
1988	761	11.9	1981	1,010	13.9
1990	755	11.9	1991	1,344	19.4
1995	874	14.0	1994-95	1,617	21.9
2000	1,039	17.1	2001	1,446	20.7

¹ Data are from family-based, rather than household-based, statistics. ² Break in series. ³ Great Britain only (excludes Northern Ireland).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Monthly Labor Review*, September 2003.

**No. 1329. Percent Distribution of Households by Type and Country:
1980 to 2002**

Year	Married-couple households ¹					Single parent ²	One-person	Other ³
	Total	Total	With children ²	Without children ²				
United States:								
1980	100.0	60.8	30.9	29.9	7.5	22.7	9.0	
1990	100.0	56.0	26.3	29.8	8.3	24.6	11.1	
1995	100.0	54.4	25.5	28.9	9.1	25.0	11.5	
2001	100.0	52.3	24.0	28.3	8.7	26.1	13.0	
Canada:								
1981	100.0	66.8	36.3	30.5	5.3	20.3	7.6	
1991	100.0	62.8	29.6	33.2	5.7	22.9	8.6	
1996	100.0	60.5	27.8	32.7	6.4	24.2	8.9	
2001	100.0	59.4	25.6	33.8	6.1	25.7	8.8	
Japan:								
1980	100.0	68.4	42.9	25.6	2.2	19.8	9.5	
1990	100.0	65.2	33.1	32.1	2.3	23.1	9.4	
1995	100.0	62.8	27.4	35.4	2.0	25.6	9.6	
2000	100.0	61.1	23.8	37.4	2.2	26.5	10.3	
Denmark: ⁴								
1980	100.0	50.3	25.0	25.3	3.9	44.9	1.0	
1990	100.0	45.6	19.5	26.1	4.2	49.6	0.6	
1995	100.0	44.9	18.2	26.6	4.2	50.4	0.5	
2001	100.0	45.7	18.5	27.2	4.2	49.6	0.6	
France:								
1982	100.0	67.0	39.7	27.3	4.3	24.6	4.1	
1990	100.0	64.9	38.6	26.2	6.6	26.1	2.5	
1995	100.0	62.2	35.9	26.3	6.7	28.9	2.3	
2000	100.0	60.0	32.8	27.1	7.2	30.8	2.0	
Germany:								
1991	100.0	55.3	31.6	23.7	7.1	33.6	4.0	
1995	100.0	53.3	28.8	24.4	7.3	34.9	4.5	
2000	100.0	51.1	25.9	25.2	7.7	36.1	5.2	
Ireland:								
1981	100.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	16.9	(NA)	
1991	100.0	61.6	47.9	13.7	10.6	20.2	7.6	
1996	100.0	59.6	44.5	15.1	11.2	21.5	7.7	
2002	100.0	59.2	41.4	17.7	11.7	21.6	7.6	
Netherlands:								
1988	100.0	64.7	37.3	27.4	5.4	28.7	1.2	
1993	100.0	63.1	33.3	29.9	5.0	30.9	1.0	
1995 ⁵	100.0	61.2	32.6	28.5	5.6	32.6	0.7	
2000	100.0	60.2	30.6	29.6	5.6	33.4	0.7	
Sweden:								
1985	100.0	54.8	23.8	31.0	3.2	36.1	5.9	
1990	100.0	52.1	21.9	30.2	3.9	39.6	4.4	
1991 ⁵	100.0	52.6	22.4	30.2	4.1	41.2	2.2	
1995	100.0	50.7	21.2	29.4	4.6	42.3	2.4	
2000	100.0	45.8	19.1	26.7	5.8	46.5	1.9	
United Kingdom: ⁶								
1981	100.0	65.0	31.0	34.0	5.0	22.0	8.0	
1991	100.0	61.0	25.0	36.0	6.0	27.0	6.0	
1994-95	100.0	58.0	25.0	33.0	7.0	27.0	8.0	
2001	100.0	58.0	23.0	35.0	6.0	29.0	7.0	

NA Not available. ¹ May include unmarried cohabitating couples. Such couples are explicitly included under married couples in Canada, Denmark, Ireland, France, and the Netherlands. For Sweden, all cohabitants are included as married couples. In other countries, some unmarried cohabitants are included as married couples, while some are classified under "other households," depending on responses to surveys and censuses. ² Children are defined as unmarried children living at home according to the following age limits: under 18 years old in the United States, Canada, Japan, Denmark, Sweden, and the United Kingdom, except that the United Kingdom includes 15-, 16-, and 17-year-olds in 1981 and 16- and 17-year-olds thereafter only if they are attending school full-time; under 25 years old in France; and children of all ages in Germany, Ireland, and the Netherlands. ³ Includes both family and nonfamily households not elsewhere classified. These households comprise, for example, siblings residing together, other households composed of relatives, and households made up of roommates. Some unmarried cohabitating couples may also be included in the "other" group. See footnote 1. ⁴ From family-based statistics. However, one person living alone constitutes a family in Denmark. In this respect, the Danish data are closer to household statistics. ⁵ Break in series. ⁶ Great Britain only (excludes Northern Ireland).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Monthly Labor Review*, September 2003.

No. 1330. Health Expenditures as Percent of GDP by Country: 1980 to 2001

[In percent. G.D.P.=gross domestic product; for explanation, see text, Section 13, Income]

Country	Total health expenditures					Public health expenditures				
	1980	1990	1999	2000	2001	1980	1990	1999	2000	2001
United States	8.7	11.9	13.0	13.1	13.9	3.6	4.7	5.7	5.8	6.2
Australia	7.0	7.8	8.7	8.9	(NA)	4.4	5.2	6.0	6.1	(NA)
Austria	7.6	7.1	7.8	7.7	7.7	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.3
Belgium	6.4	7.4	8.5	8.6	9.0	(NA)	(NA)	6.2	6.2	6.4
Canada	7.1	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.7	5.4	6.7	6.4	6.5	6.9
Czech Republic	(NA)	5.0	7.1	7.1	7.3	(NA)	4.9	6.5	6.5	6.7
Denmark	9.1	8.5	8.5	8.3	8.6	8.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.1
Finland	6.4	7.8	6.9	6.7	7.0	5.0	6.3	5.2	5.0	5.3
France	(NA)	8.6	9.3	9.3	9.5	(NA)	6.6	7.1	7.1	7.2
Germany ¹	8.7	8.5	10.6	10.6	10.7	6.8	6.5	8.0	7.9	8.0
Greece	6.6	7.4	9.6	9.4	9.4	3.7	4.0	5.1	5.3	5.2
Hungary	(NA)	(NA)	6.8	6.7	6.8	(NA)	(NA)	5.3	5.1	5.1
Iceland	6.2	8.0	9.5	9.3	9.2	5.5	6.9	8.0	7.8	7.6
Ireland	8.4	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.8	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.9
Italy	(NA)	8.0	7.8	8.2	8.4	(NA)	6.4	5.6	6.0	6.3
Japan	6.4	5.9	7.5	7.6	(NA)	4.6	4.6	5.8	6.0	(NA)
Korea, South	(NA)	4.8	5.6	5.9	(NA)	(NA)	1.7	2.4	2.6	(NA)
Luxembourg	5.9	6.1	6.1	5.6	(NA)	5.5	5.7	5.4	4.9	(NA)
Mexico	(NA)	4.5	5.5	5.6	6.6	(NA)	2.0	2.7	2.7	3.0
Netherlands	7.5	8.0	8.7	8.6	8.9	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.7
New Zealand	5.9	6.9	7.9	8.0	8.1	5.2	5.7	6.1	6.2	6.2
Norway	6.9	7.7	8.5	7.6	8.0	5.9	6.4	7.3	6.5	6.8
Poland	(NA)	5.3	6.2	6.0	6.3	(NA)	4.8	4.4	4.2	4.6
Portugal	5.6	6.2	8.7	9.0	9.2	3.6	4.1	5.9	6.2	6.3
Slovak Republic	(NA)	(NA)	5.8	5.7	5.7	(NA)	(NA)	5.2	5.1	5.1
Spain	5.4	6.7	7.5	7.5	7.5	4.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4
Sweden	8.8	8.2	8.4	8.4	8.7	8.2	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.4
Switzerland	7.6	8.5	10.7	10.7	10.9	(NA)	4.5	5.9	5.9	(NA)
Turkey	3.3	3.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	0.9	2.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
United Kingdom	5.6	6.0	7.2	7.3	7.6	5.0	5.0	5.8	5.9	6.2

NA Not available. ¹ Data prior to 1991 are for former West Germany.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD Health Data 2003, 2nd ed.* (copyright).

No. 1331. Average Temperatures and Precipitation—Selected International Cities

[In degrees Fahrenheit, except as noted. Data are generally based on a standard 30-year period; for details, see source. For data on U.S. cities, see Tables 377-380]

City	January					July				
	Average high	Average low	Warm-est	Coldest	Average precipitation (inches)	Average high	Average low	Warm-est	Coldest	Average precipitation (inches)
Amsterdam, Netherlands	41	34	57	3	3.1	69	55	90	39	2.9
Athens, Greece	55	44	70	28	1.9	89	73	108	61	0.2
Baghdad, Iraq	58	38	75	25	1.1	110	78	122	61	-
Bangkok, Thailand	89	71	95	54	0.4	90	78	99	72	6.2
Beijing, China	34	17	54	1	0.2	86	72	104	63	8.8
Berlin, Germany	35	26	58	-11	(NA)	73	56	95	41	(NA)
Bogota, Colombia	66	43	84	27	1.9	64	47	82	32	1.8
Brasilia, Brazil	81	64	95	54	(NA)	79	52	97	37	(NA)
Buenos Aires, Argentina	85	64	104	44	4.2	58	41	88	23	2.3
Cairo, Egypt	65	49	86	32	0.2	93	72	108	63	-
Frankfurt, Germany	38	30	56	-4	1.8	75	57	97	38	2.4
Geneva, Switzerland	39	29	57	-2	2.2	77	56	96	41	2.8
Hong Kong, China	67	58	79	43	1.1	89	81	97	70	14.3
Istanbul, Turkey	46	37	64	16	3.7	82	66	100	50	0.7
Jakarta, Indonesia	83	75	92	72	(NA)	88	74	92	67	(NA)
Kabul, Afghanistan	36	23	64	-4	1.3	88	67	102	49	0.2
Karachi, Pakistan	76	55	93	39	0.3	89	83	109	68	3.5
Lagos, Nigeria	82	79	93	64	(NA)	79	76	88	70	(NA)
London, England	45	36	61	15	2.4	72	56	93	45	1.8
Madrid, Spain	51	32	68	14	1.8	90	61	104	46	0.4
Manila, Philippines	86	71	95	61	0.8	88	76	99	70	15.9
Mexico City, Mexico	70	45	86	26	0.3	74	56	86	37	5.1
Montreal, Canada	21	7	52	-31	2.8	79	61	93	43	3.4
Moscow, Russia	21	11	46	-33	1.4	71	55	95	41	3.2
Nairobi, Kenya	77	58	88	45	1.8	71	54	85	43	0.5
New Delhi, India	68	48	85	32	0.9	93	81	111	70	7.9
Paris, France	43	34	59	1	(NA)	75	58	95	41	(NA)
Rio De Janeiro, Brazil	91	74	109	64	5.3	81	64	102	52	1.8
Rome, Italy	55	39	64	19	3.2	83	66	100	55	0.6
Seoul, Korea	33	21	55	-1	(NA)	82	71	97	55	(NA)
Singapore, Singapore	85	73	100	66	9.4	86	76	99	70	5.9
Sydney, Australia	79	65	109	49	4.0	62	44	80	32	2.5
Tel Aviv, Israel	62	46	84	32	(NA)	87	69	100	50	(NA)
Tokyo, Japan	48	35	66	25	2.0	82	71	95	55	5.3
Toronto, Canada	28	15	59	-24	1.9	79	60	99	45	2.8

- Represents zero. NA Not available.

Source: U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, *Climates of the World*.

No. 1332. Selected Environmental Data—OECD Countries

[Figures are for 1998 or the latest available year. Varying definitions and survey methods can limit the comparability across countries]

Country	Air pollutant emissions per capita			Waste generated			
	Sulfur oxides (kilograms)	Nitrogen oxides (kilograms)	Carbon dioxide ¹ (tons)	Municipal ² (kilograms per capita)	Nuclear ³		
					Amount (tons)	Per unit of energy (tons per Mtoe ⁴)	Per 1,000 persons (kilograms)
United States	63	84	21	760	1,900	0.9	7.1
Australia	96	135	17	690	-	-	-
Austria	5	23	8	560	-	-	-
Belgium	20	36	12	550	165	1.3	16.2
Canada	82	67	17	350	1,515	5.0	50.0
Czech Republic	26	39	12	330	43	1.1	4.2
Denmark	5	39	9	660	-	-	-
Finland	15	46	11	460	72	2.2	14.0
France	14	28	6	510	1,165	4.5	19.8
Germany	10	20	10	540	450	1.3	5.5
Greece	51	36	8	430	-	-	-
Hungary	59	22	6	450	80	1.9	7.9
Iceland	33	92	8	700	-	-	-
Ireland	42	32	11	560	-	-	-
Italy	16	26	7	500	-	-	-
Japan	7	13	9	410	897	1.9	7.1
Korea, South	25	23	10	360	370	2.7	8.0
Luxembourg	7	39	18	640	-	-	-
Mexico	12	12	4	320	22	0.1	0.2
Netherlands	6	27	11	610	12	0.2	0.8
New Zealand	12	53	8	6380	-	-	-
Norway	6	54	8	620	-	-	-
Poland	39	22	8	290	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Portugal	38	37	6	450	-	-	-
Spain	40	33	7	660	97	1.2	2.5
Sweden	8	30	5	450	238	4.7	26.9
Switzerland	4	15	6	650	64	2.4	9.0
Turkey	33	14	3	390	-	-	-
United Kingdom	20	27	9	560	865	3.4	14.6

- Represents zero. NA Not available. ¹ Carbon dioxide from energy use only. Excludes international marine bunkers. ² Municipal waste is that which is collected and treated by or for municipalities: household waste and bulky waste as well as comparable waste from small communities or industrial enterprises; and market and garden residue. ³ Wastes from spent fuel arising in nuclear power plants, measured in terms of heavy metal. ⁴ Mtoe=million tons of oil equivalent (primary energy supply). ⁵ Includes separate collection by private sector. ⁶ Household waste only.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD Environmental Data Compendium*, 2002 (copyright).

No. 1333. Carbon Dioxide Emissions from Consumption of Fossil Fuels by Country: 1990 to 2002

[In million metric tons of carbon equivalent (5,901 represents 5,901,000,000). Includes carbon dioxide emissions from the consumption of petroleum, natural gas, and coal, and the flaring of natural gas]

Country	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
World, total	5,901	6,029	6,157	6,244	6,225	6,310	6,516	6,608	6,691
Australia	72	80	81	89	90	96	98	107	112
Brazil	69	82	84	87	88	90	92	95	94
Canada	130	135	138	146	148	151	157	157	161
China ¹	617	788	803	824	805	795	823	866	906
France	102	101	106	104	110	109	112	112	111
Germany	(NA)	239	240	239	235	223	230	235	229
India	162	236	226	238	245	255	272	275	280
Indonesia	41	58	64	67	65	72	75	80	82
Iran	55	71	71	79	81	88	87	92	98
Italy	113	118	118	113	116	115	122	122	122
Japan	270	299	308	310	299	310	323	322	322
Korea, South	64	109	112	118	101	106	115	118	123
Mexico	84	87	92	95	104	97	103	100	99
Netherlands	58	61	62	64	62	61	68	75	70
Poland	89	83	78	91	85	88	79	75	73
Russia	(NA)	433	428	392	396	416	421	424	415
Saudi Arabia	59	69	73	72	70	76	81	85	90
South Africa	81	94	95	104	99	102	104	103	103
Spain	62	67	64	72	74	80	87	88	93
Taiwan ¹	32	49	53	56	60	59	64	59	63
Thailand	23	43	46	48	44	49	47	49	51
Turkey	35	41	46	49	50	49	55	52	52
Ukraine	(NA)	122	109	102	100	101	98	103	106
United Kingdom	164	153	159	153	149	146	151	156	151
United States	1,367	1,442	1,494	1,512	1,521	1,542	1,587	1,558	1,568

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *International Energy Annual*, 2002. See also <<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/ieal/contents.html>>.

No. 1334. Educational Attainment by Country: 2001

[Percent of adult population (persons 25 to 64 years old). Tertiary-type A includes education leading to a BA, Masters or equivalent degree, and advanced research programs]

Country	Upper secondary education or higher	Tertiary type-A attainment	Country	Upper secondary education or higher	Tertiary type-A attainment
United States	87.7	28.3	Japan	83.1	19.2
Australia	58.9	19.2	Luxembourg	52.7	11.4
Austria	75.7	6.6	Korea, South	68.0	17.5
Belgium	58.5	12.1	Mexico	21.6	13.3
Canada	81.9	20.4	Netherlands	65.0	21.0
Czech Republic	86.2	11.1	New Zealand	75.7	13.9
Denmark	80.2	7.5	Norway	85.2	25.6
Finland	73.8	14.8	Poland	45.9	11.9
France	63.9	11.9	Portugal	19.9	6.6
Germany	82.6	13.5	Spain	40.0	16.9
Greece	51.4	12.4	Sweden	80.6	16.9
Hungary	70.2	14.1	Switzerland	87.4	15.8
Iceland	56.9	18.8	Turkey	24.3	8.9
Ireland	57.6	14.0	United Kingdom	63.0	18.0
Italy	43.3	10.0			

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD in Figures*, 2003, (copyright).

No. 1335. Participation in Job-Related Continuing Education and Training by Country

[Percentage of the employed population 25 to 64 years old. Data refer to all job-related education and training organized, financed, or sponsored by authorities, provided by employers, or self-financed. Job-related continuing education and training refers to all organized, systematic education and training activities in which people take part in order to obtain knowledge and/or learn new skills for a current or a future job, to increase earnings, improve job and/or career opportunities in current or other fields, and generally to improve their opportunities for advancement and promotion. Data are based on International Adult Literacy Survey 1994-1998 and national household surveys on adult education and training]

Country	Time period	Total	Male	Female
United States ¹	2001	40	39	41
Australia	1996-97	47	46	50
Canada	1997	28	26	30
Czech Republic	1998-99	27	31	23
Denmark	1998-99	55	52	58
Finland ¹	2000	43	41	45
Germany ¹	2000	29	34	23
Hungary	1998-99	20	17	23
Ireland	1995-96	24	21	29
Italy	1998-99	25	25	25
Netherlands	1994-95	33	35	29
New Zealand	1995-96	47	46	47
Norway	1998-99	51	49	54
Poland	1994-95	17	16	17
Switzerland	1998-99	37	39	35
United Kingdom	1995-96	52	51	53

¹ Includes the unemployed population.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Education at a Glance*, 2002 (copyright).

No. 1336. Gross National Income by Country: 1990 and 2002

[61 represents \$61,000,000,000. GNI (gross national product, or GNP, in the terminology of the 1968 United Nations System of National Accounts) measures the total domestic and foreign value added claimed by residents. GNI comprises GDP plus net receipts of primary income (compensation of employees and property income) from nonresident sources]

Country	Gross national income ¹				GNI on purchasing power parity basis ²			
	Total (bil. dol.)		Per capita (dol.)		Total (bil. dol.)		Per capita (dol.)	
	1990	2002	1990	2002	1990	2002	1990	2002
Algeria	61	54	2,440	1,720	107	173	4,280	5,530
Angola	8	9	820	710	15	24	1,570	1,840
Argentina	104	154	3,220	4,220	227	387	6,990	10,190
Australia	302	384	17,720	19,530	278	539	16,320	27,440
Bangladesh	31	51	280	380	107	241	970	1,770
Belarus	(NA)	14	(NA)	1,360	44	55	4,310	5,500
Belgium	185	237	18,520	22,940	181	291	18,140	28,130
Brazil	415	495	2,800	2,830	757	1,300	5,120	7,450
Bulgaria	20	14	2,260	1,770	48	56	5,480	7,030
Burkina Faso	3	3	330	250	6	13	700	1,090
Cambodia	(NA)	4	(NA)	300	(NA)	25	(NA)	1,970
Cameroon	11	9	950	550	19	30	1,600	1,910
Canada	551	702	19,840	22,390	511	907	18,400	28,930
Chile	29	66	2,190	4,250	58	147	4,450	9,420
China	368	1,234	320	960	1488	5,792	1,310	4,520
Colombia	42	80	1,190	1,820	159	269	4,550	6,150
Congo (Kinshasa) ⁴	2	2	880	610	2	3	650	710
Cote d'Ivoire	9	10	780	620	15	24	1,270	1,450
Czech Republic	(NA)	56	(NA)	5,480	112	152	10,790	14,920
Ecuador	9	19	900	1,490	26	43	2,510	3,340
Egypt	42	98	810	1,470	121	253	2,310	3,810
Ethiopia	9	7	170	100	27	52	520	780
France	1,142	1,362	19,620	22,240	1011	1,609	17,820	27,040
Germany	1,601	1,876	20,160	22,740	1427	2,226	17,960	26,980
Ghana	6	6	380	270	20	42	1,300	2,080
Greece	79	124	7,770	11,660	114	200	11,260	18,770
Guatemala	8	21	970	1,760	24	48	2,760	4,030
Hong Kong	71	168	12,520	24,690	91	187	15,980	27,490
Hungary	30	54	2,880	5,290	90	133	8,640	13,070
India	331	495	390	470	1156	2,778	1,360	2,650
Indonesia	111	150	620	710	313	650	1,760	3,070
Iran	141	113	2,590	1,720	204	438	3,740	6,690
Iraq	39	(NA)	2,170	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Italy	988	1,101	17,420	19,080	984	1,510	17,360	26,170
Japan	3,349	4,324	27,110	34,010	2339	3,481	18,930	27,380
Kazakhstan	(NA)	23	(NA)	1,520	76	84	4,620	5,630
Kenya	9	11	380	360	20	32	880	1,010
Korea, South	246	473	5,740	9,930	317	808	7,390	16,960
Madagascar	3	4	240	230	9	12	740	730
Malawi	2	2	200	160	3	6	410	570
Malaysia	43	86	2,380	3,540	78	207	4,290	8,500
Mali	2	3	270	240	5	10	550	860
Mexico	236	597	2,830	5,920	491	887	5,890	8,800
Morocco	25	35	1,030	1,170	63	111	2,630	3,730
Mozambique	2	4	170	200	7	18	480	990
Nepal	4	6	220	230	15	33	840	1,370
Netherlands	280	378	18,710	23,390	264	458	17,670	28,350
Niger	2	2	310	180	5	9	710	800
Nigeria	26	40	270	300	62	106	630	800
Pakistan	43	61	390	420	143	284	1,320	1,960
Peru	17	54	780	2,020	66	130	3,050	4,880
Philippines	45	82	740	1,030	191	356	3,140	4,450
Poland	(NA)	177	(NA)	4,570	215	404	5,640	10,450
Portugal	64	109	6,450	10,720	105	181	10,630	17,820
Romania	40	42	1,730	1,870	124	145	5,340	6,490
Russia	(NA)	307	(NA)	2,130	1234	1,165	8,320	8,080
Saudi Arabia	118	187	7,490	8,530	162	277	10,240	12,660
Senegal	5	5	720	470	8	15	1,100	1,540
Serbia and Montenegro	(NA)	12	(NA)	1,400	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Singapore	36	86	11,840	20,690	37	99	12,170	23,730
South Africa	102	113	2,890	2,500	276	445	7,840	9,810
Spain	454	596	11,680	14,580	498	868	12,810	21,210
Sri Lanka	8	16	490	850	31	67	1,880	3,510
Sudan	14	12	570	370	23	57	930	1,740
Sweden	226	232	26,390	25,970	144	230	16,820	25,820
Switzerland	225	264	33,510	36,170	165	232	24,550	31,840
Syria	11	19	940	1,130	25	59	2,090	3,470
Tanzania	5	10	190	290	10	20	410	580
Thailand	84	123	1,520	2,000	199	425	3,580	6,890
Turkey	127	173	2,270	2,490	242	438	4,300	6,300
Uganda	6	6	320	240	12	33	700	1,360
Ukraine	(NA)	38	(NA)	780	368	234	7,080	4,800
United Kingdom	932	1,511	16,190	25,510	940	1,574	16,330	26,580
United States	5,846	10,207	23,440	35,400	5768	10,414	23,120	36,110
Uzbekistan	(NA)	8	(NA)	310	30	41	1,480	1,640
Venezuela	52	102	2,650	4,080	89	131	4,580	5,220
Vietnam	9	35	130	430	61	185	920	2,300
Yemen	(NA)	9	(NA)	490	6	15	520	800
Zimbabwe	9	(NA)	880	(NA)	22	28	2,140	2,180

NA Not available. ¹ Gross national income calculated using the World Bank Atlas method; for details, see source. ² See footnote 2, Table 1337. ³ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ⁴ See footnote 3, Table 1321. ⁵ GNI and GNI per capita estimates include the French overseas departments of French Guiana, Guadeloupe, Martinique, and Reunion.

Source: The World Bank, Washington, DC, *World Development Indicators CD-ROM*, annual (copyright).

No. 1337. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Country: 1995 to 2002

[23,686 represents \$23,686,000,000,000. Except as noted, based on the System of National Accounts, 1993; for details, see source]

Country	Current price levels and exchange rates (bil. dol.)					Constant (1995) price levels and exchange rates ¹ (bil. dol.)					GDP per capita, 2001 based on current	
	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	Exchange rates	PPPs ²
OECD, total ^{3 4}	23,686	24,857	25,233	24,874	25,959	23,686	26,465	27,435	27,687	28,119	24,012	25,808
OECD Europe ^{3 4}	9,253	9,175	8,511	8,502	9,283	9,253	10,202	10,570	10,724	10,845	20,049	23,228
Australia	373	406	388	369	409	373	443	450	468	481	20,706	28,069
Austria	235	210	190	190	206	235	260	269	271	275	25,516	28,872
Belgium	277	251	228	227	245	277	305	317	319	321	23,689	27,717
Canada	582	651	714	705	725	582	678	714	727	751	23,074	30,303
Czech Republic	52	55	51	57	70	52	54	55	57	58	6,811	15,102
Denmark	180	173	159	159	173	180	200	206	209	213	32,167	29,328
Finland	130	128	120	121	132	130	155	163	165	169	25,282	26,478
France ⁵	1,553	1,444	1,308	1,320	1,431	1,553	1,708	1,773	1,810	1,832	23,375	27,217
Germany	2,458	2,108	1,870	1,856	1,986	2,458	2,613	2,688	2,711	2,715	24,080	25,917
Greece	118	126	114	117	133	118	133	139	145	150	12,149	18,439
Hungary	45	48	47	52	65	45	52	54	57	58	6,391	13,894
Iceland	7	8	8	8	9	7	8	9	9	9	29,553	28,399
Ireland	67	96	95	103	122	67	97	106	113	121	31,144	32,646
Italy	1,097	1,180	1,075	1,092	1,184	1,097	1,171	1,208	1,230	1,234	20,409	25,568
Japan	5,304	4,470	4,764	4,176	3,988	5,304	5,529	5,684	5,707	5,715	31,291	26,954
Korea, South	489	406	462	427	477	489	568	620	640	680	10,006	17,016
Luxembourg	18	20	20	20	21	18	23	26	26	26	47,237	49,150
Mexico	286	481	581	624	637	286	350	373	372	375	6,342	9,215
Netherlands	415	399	371	384	419	415	482	498	504	506	25,915	29,009
New Zealand ⁶	61	57	52	51	58	61	67	69	72	75	14,680	21,783
Norway	148	158	167	170	191	148	172	177	180	182	41,965	35,482
Poland	132	162	164	183	189	132	164	170	172	174	4,946	10,716
Portugal	107	115	107	110	122	107	125	130	132	133	11,728	18,394
Slovakia	19	20	20	21	24	19	23	23	24	25	4,497	12,255
Spain	584	602	562	585	655	584	677	706	726	740	16,160	22,406
Sweden	248	251	240	219	241	248	279	291	294	300	26,956	27,209
Switzerland ⁶	307	259	240	245	268	307	326	336	339	340	36,722	29,940
Turkey ⁶	169	185	199	146	183	169	191	206	190	205	2,629	6,408
United Kingdom	1,135	1,462	1,439	1,431	1,565	1,135	1,276	1,324	1,353	1,376	26,426	27,976
United States	7,338	9,213	9,762	10,020	10,383	7,338	8,629	8,955	8,978	9,196	36,121	36,121

¹ Based on constant (1995) price data converted to U.S. dollars using 1995 exchange rates. ² The goods and services produced in different countries should be valued consistently if the differences observed are meant to reflect real differences in the volumes of goods and services produced. The use of purchasing power parities (PPP) instead of exchange rates is intended to achieve this objective. PPP's show how many units of currency are needed in one country to buy the same amount of goods and services which one unit of currency will buy in the other country. See text of this section. ³ Excluding Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia. ⁴ European Union: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and United Kingdom. ⁵ OECD Europe: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom. ⁶ Includes overseas departments. ⁶ Based on System of National Accounts, 1968.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, National Accounts of OECD Countries annual, Vol. 1; published July 2004.

No. 1338. Selected International Economic Indicators by Country: 1980 to 2002

[Data cover gross domestic product (GDP) at market prices. Gross fixed capital formation covers private and government sectors except military. Savings data are calculated by deducting outlays—such as personal consumption expenditures, interest paid, and transfer payments to foreigners—from disposable personal income]

Year	United States	France	Germany	Italy	Netherlands	United Kingdom	Japan	Canada
Ratio of gross fixed capital formation to GDP (current prices):								
1980	20.0	23.8	22.6	25.2	22.7	18.7	31.8	23.1
1985	19.4	20.3	19.5	21.8	20.9	18.1	27.8	20.2
1990	17.2	22.6	20.9	21.5	22.5	20.5	32.2	21.3
1995	17.5	18.8	22.4	18.3	20.3	16.3	27.7	17.6
2000	19.9	20.2	21.6	19.8	22.5	16.7	26.2	19.3
2001	19.1	20.1	20.1	19.8	21.9	16.5	25.6	19.9
2002	18.0	19.5	18.4	19.7	21.0	16.1	24.1	19.7
Ratio of savings to disposable personal income:								
1980	10.2	17.2	13.4	27.9	7.8	12.4	19.9	15.6
1985	9.2	14.1	12.1	30.7	5.6	9.8	16.5	15.8
1990	7.8	13.1	13.9	27.8	11.6	8.0	14.0	13.0
1995	5.6	16.0	11.2	22.5	14.9	10.0	11.9	9.2
2000	2.8	15.7	9.8	14.5	6.7	4.3	9.8	4.6
2001	2.3	16.2	10.1	15.4	9.6	5.7	6.9	4.5
2002	3.7	16.7	10.4	16.0	10.7	4.7	5.8	4.2

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Trade and Economic Analysis, based on official statistics of listed countries.

No. 1339. International Economic Composite Indexes by Country: 1980 to 2003

[Average annual percent change from previous year; derived from indexes with base 1990=100. The coincident index changes are for calendar years and the leading index changes are for years ending June 30 because they lead the coincident indexes by about 6 months, on average. The G-7 countries are United States, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, United Kingdom, and Japan. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Country	1980	1985	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
LEADING INDEX												
Total, 13 countries	-0.4	2.2	2.1	5.9	1.1	3.4	2.5	1.1	5.6	-0.4	-3.9	2.5
12 countries, excluding U.S.	2.7	4.6	3.8	6.3	1.8	2.8	2.1	1.6	6.7	1.7	-3.2	1.8
G-7 countries	-0.4	2.0	2.0	5.8	1.0	3.3	2.5	0.9	5.3	-0.5	-4.4	2.3
North America	-4.2	-1.0	-0.9	5.4	-	4.3	3.3	0.6	4.1	-3.4	-4.8	3.7
United States	-4.7	-1.4	-1.0	5.2	-0.1	4.4	3.1	0.3	3.8	-4.0	-5.1	3.8
Canada	3.7	4.2	-1.1	7.4	1.1	4.6	1.3	4.0	6.9	3.7	-1.1	2.0
Four European countries	3.1	3.6	1.8	6.3	0.4	1.3	5.7	2.7	4.1	0.5	-5.0	-0.8
France	2.0	0.9	1.5	6.6	-1.1	1.2	6.8	2.0	1.9	-3.7	-7.8	-1.9
Germany	3.1	4.1	4.5	7.3	-0.1	1.9	6.3	5.4	5.7	1.5	-3.6	-0.4
Italy	5.1	6.1	0.2	10.8	0.7	-2.0	10.1	0.4	8.0	2.9	-5.6	-1.3
United Kingdom	1.8	2.9	-0.3	4.1	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.9	2.5	1.5	-1.3	0.5
Seven Pacific region countries	2.2	5.8	6.1	6.2	3.2	4.1	-1.5	0.2	9.3	3.0	-2.0	4.3
Australia	0.7	7.0	-1.4	6.4	0.9	2.1	4.5	4.5	8.1	3.8	-0.4	2.1
Taiwan	1.1	5.3	4.9	6.6	1.7	8.3	7.4	3.1	8.6	-0.4	2.4	6.7
Thailand	1.3	4.4	12.1	8.7	4.6	-0.7	-3.6	1.0	9.1	2.9	7.0	6.2
Japan	2.3	5.9	6.6	6.0	3.3	4.2	-2.4	-0.9	9.0	3.7	-3.4	4.1
Korea, South	0.6	6.0	6.5	10.5	6.1	4.7	1.3	8.8	15.9	2.6	6.1	6.6
Malaysia	4.8	-1.3	-0.8	4.1	-0.8	1.6	-5.0	-5.6	12.0	-4.8	-1.0	5.6
New Zealand	2.3	3.2	0.8	1.4	1.6	2.9	1.0	1.7	1.7	0.3	2.8	0.9
COINCIDENT INDEX												
Total, 13 countries	0.2	3.7	4.5	2.4	1.9	3.4	1.7	2.6	5.2	-0.7	-1.4	0.6
12 countries, excluding U.S.	2.4	3.6	6.8	1.6	1.3	2.1	-0.7	1.7	5.7	0.5	-0.8	0.9
G-7 countries	-	3.6	4.5	2.0	1.8	3.3	1.9	2.5	5.1	-1.0	-1.9	0.3
North America	-3.8	4.1	-0.2	4.0	3.2	5.6	6.2	5.2	4.9	-3.1	-2.0	0.2
United States	-4.3	3.7	-0.1	3.8	3.4	5.6	6.1	4.9	4.4	-3.4	-2.2	-0.2
Canada	2.5	10.1	-1.7	5.0	0.3	7.5	7.5	9.4	9.6	-0.7	4.1	2.1
Four European countries	0.8	2.2	5.9	2.5	1.4	3.2	6.1	6.2	9.9	5.2	0.8	0.2
France	-2.0	-1.6	5.7	2.5	0.2	3.5	9.4	8.8	14.2	7.4	-0.2	-1.7
Germany	1.0	2.0	7.2	2.9	-0.4	-	5.0	5.8	7.6	2.0	-2.3	-3.1
Italy	8.7	5.5	9.3	-	4.2	6.2	5.9	8.6	15.1	10.9	6.6	5.3
United Kingdom	-1.2	4.2	0.9	4.1	4.0	6.2	5.0	2.3	4.5	2.9	2.3	3.7
Seven Pacific region countries	3.9	4.4	8.1	0.8	1.3	1.0	-6.2	-2.5	1.6	-3.7	-2.8	1.5
Australia	3.9	8.7	-0.4	8.1	3.5	4.1	6.8	7.9	4.8	1.6	6.7	6.3
Taiwan	10.2	1.8	5.1	3.8	1.2	6.0	7.8	3.1	4.5	-6.4	1.3	3.1
Thailand	2.9	2.0	11.6	9.7	5.2	-1.6	-6.4	12.6	9.6	7.0	9.6	9.1
Japan	4.3	4.4	8.6	-0.4	0.6	0.6	-6.8	-4.7	0.0	-5.0	-4.9	0.7
Korea, South	-4.2	7.1	9.9	8.0	7.1	3.9	-14.7	11.8	13.7	5.3	8.6	2.0
Malaysia	-1.6	-8.5	1.5	3.6	1.3	-1.4	-12.6	-1.9	3.4	-7.8	-7.2	-2.5
New Zealand	0.2	7.4	-1.2	9.5	6.7	1.2	-3.4	5.6	2.7	3.7	6.9	6.4

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: Foundation for International Business and Economic Research, New York, NY, *International Economic Indicators*, monthly.

No. 1340. Index of Industrial Production by Country: 1980 to 2003

[Annual averages of monthly data. Industrial production index measures output in the manufacturing, mining, and electric, gas and water utilities industries. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Country	Index (1995=100)								Annual percent change				
	1980	1985	1990	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03
OECD, total	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	114.4	121.2	118.2	118.3	119.7	3.4	5.9	-2.5	0.1	1.2
Australia	70.1	77.8	92.9	112.5	116.8	116.5	119.8	119.9	4.5	3.8	-0.3	2.8	0.1
Austria	70.2	76.6	92.3	123.2	134.1	137.9	139.0	141.7	6.0	8.8	2.8	0.8	1.9
Belgium ¹	83.4	86.8	99.3	109.7	115.6	113.1	114.8	114.7	0.8	5.4	-2.2	1.5	-0.1
Canada	71.8	83.0	88.4	116.7	122.9	123.0	125.3	125.6	7.8	5.3	0.1	1.9	0.2
Czech Republic	(X)	(X)	144.9	104.8	110.5	117.7	128.8	136.4	-3.2	5.4	6.5	9.4	5.9
Denmark	63.0	77.0	86.0	113.0	120.0	118.0	119.0	120.0	2.7	6.2	-1.7	0.8	0.8
Finland	66.4	76.7	86.9	129.0	144.3	144.4	146.9	147.8	5.3	11.9	0.1	1.7	0.6
France	89.5	89.5	100.4	112.4	116.3	115.8	114.2	113.8	2.2	3.5	-0.4	-1.4	-0.4
Germany	85.6	88.3	103.2	110.4	117.2	114.8	113.5	114.1	1.8	6.2	-2.0	-1.1	0.5
Greece	92.6	99.2	101.9	114.1	114.7	116.3	116.8	118.3	3.9	0.5	(NA)	0.4	1.3
Hungary	116.7	128.1	113.8	142.4	168.3	174.3	179.1	190.5	10.3	18.2	3.6	2.8	6.4
Ireland	34.2	43.9	63.2	174.6	201.5	222.1	239.5	255.0	22.7	15.4	10.2	7.8	6.5
Italy	77.2	73.9	93.2	102.9	107.5	106.3	104.8	104.4	-	4.5	-1.1	-1.4	-0.4
Japan	69.9	82.8	103.2	99.8	105.4	98.2	97.1	100.1	0.8	5.6	-6.8	-1.1	3.1
Korea, South	22.0	36.2	66.4	131.9	154.0	155.0	167.6	176.1	24.2	16.8	0.6	8.1	5.1
Luxembourg	71.0	79.8	97.1	118.0	123.0	125.2	126.4	129.6	11.5	4.2	1.8	1.0	2.5
Mexico ²	80.3	85.0	95.7	133.3	141.3	136.6	136.1	135.1	4.2	6.0	-3.3	-0.4	-2.1
Netherlands	78.7	83.1	90.6	106.8	110.6	110.6	109.5	107.2	1.6	3.6	0.0	-1.0	-0.7
New Zealand	74.0	85.0	87.0	101.0	105.0	105.0	109.0	110.0	-3.8	4.0	0.0	3.8	0.9
Norway	50.6	61.5	78.6	108.1	111.2	109.3	110.3	105.7	-0.3	2.9	-1.7	0.9	-4.2
Poland	(X)	107.3	87.7	133.5	143.5	144.1	146.0	158.8	4.8	7.5	0.4	1.3	8.8
Portugal	62.1	71.7	97.0	117.6	115.3	118.9	118.6	118.9	3.1	-2.0	3.1	-0.3	0.3
Spain	80.1	82.7	96.6	114.2	119.2	117.9	118.0	119.6	2.5	4.4	-1.1	0.1	1.4
Sweden ^{3,4}	73.0	80.5	88.0	115.6	122.2	118.5	118.9	122.1	3.1	5.7	-3.0	0.3	2.7
Switzerland	77.0	80.0	96.0	112.0	122.0	121.0	115.0	115.0	3.7	8.9	-0.8	-5.0	0.0
Turkey	38.2	57.2	81.3	116.0	124.0	113.2	123.9	134.8	-3.7	6.9	-8.7	9.5	8.8
United Kingdom	76.8	83.0	94.1	104.1	105.9	105.4	102.5	102.0	1.3	1.7	-0.5	-2.8	-0.5
United States	69.6	76.9	86.4	121.9	129.1	124.9	124.2	124.5	4.0	5.9	-3.3	-0.6	0.2

- Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Not adjusted for unequal number of working days in the month. ² Including construction. ³ Mining and manufacturing. ⁴ Annual figures correspond to official annual figures and differ from the average of the monthly figures.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Main Economic Indicators*, monthly (copyright).

No. 1341. Labor Productivity and Hours Worked by Country: 1995 to 2003

[Annual percent change for period shown. Data are derived from an annual database maintained by the Groningen Growth and Development Centre at the University of Groningen, Netherlands, in association with The Conference Board. For OECD countries and Eastern Europe, estimates are based on gross domestic product per hour worked, converted at purchasing power parities for 1999. Hence, estimates expressed in U.S. dollars at the price level of 1999 are corrected for differences in relative price levels]

Country	Labor productivity		Total hours worked		Country	Labor productivity		Total hours worked	
	1995-2000	2000-2003	1995-2000	2000-2003		1995-2000	2000-2003	1995-2000	2000-2003
All OECD	2.1	1.5	1.2	0.2	Cyprus	2.9	1.9	0.9	0.8
All OECD, excl. United States	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.2	Czech Republic	1.9	3.8	-0.7	-1.3
United States	1.9	1.9	2.2	0.1	Estonia	5.2	6.4	-0.3	-1.7
European Union (EU-15, present) ¹	1.6	0.9	1.1	0.3	Hungary	2.4	3.8	1.6	-0.4
Austria	3.2	0.8	-0.5	0.1	Latvia	5.3	8.3	-0.7	-1.9
Belgium	2.8	-0.2	(-)	0.9	Lithuania	4.9	7.1	-0.2	-1.4
Denmark	1.6	1.9	1.0	-0.6	Malta	3.5	-0.2	1.0	0.4
Finland	3.1	1.8	1.6	-0.4	Poland	5.2	4.6	(-)	-2.6
France	1.3	1.3	1.4	-0.1	Slovakia	3.8	3.9	-0.1	0.1
Germany	2.2	1.5	-0.3	-1.2	Slovenia	3.4	2.7	0.9	-0.1
Greece	2.8	3.6	0.6	0.5	European Union (EU-25, enlarged) ³	1.9	1.4	0.9	-0.1
Ireland	5.8	3.5	3.9	1.4	Japan	2.3	2.0	-0.9	-0.8
Italy	1.0	-0.3	1.0	1.2	Other OECD members	2.3	1.1	1.4	1.1
Luxembourg	2.9	-1.9	4.0	3.2	Australia	2.1	2.1	1.7	1.1
Netherlands	0.6	0.6	3.1	-0.3	Canada	1.6	1.4	2.5	0.9
Portugal	2.5	0.2	1.4	0.3	Iceland	2.4	2.1	2.5	-0.7
Spain	-0.3	-0.3	4.2	2.6	Mexico	2.4	-0.6	2.9	1.4
Sweden	2.2	1.8	1.0	-0.3	New Zealand	1.6	1.1	1.0	2.5
U.K.	2.1	1.4	1.0	0.6	Norway	2.3	1.9	1.3	-0.7
European Union (EU-10, new) ²	4.0	4.5	(Z)	-1.7	South Korea	4.2	2.8	0.6	1.2
					Switzerland	1.6	0.3	0.2	-0.1
					Turkey	3.3	0.6	0.7	0.9

Z Less than .05 percent. ¹ Referring to membership of the European Union until April 2004. ² Referring to new membership of the European Union as of 1 May 2004. ³ Referring to all members of the European Union as of 1 May 2004.

Source: The Conference Board, New York, NY, *Performance 2004: Productivity, Employment, and Income in the World's Economies*, by Robert H. McGuckin and Bart van Ark, 2004 (copyright). See also <<http://www.conference-board.org/>>.

No. 1342. Annual Percent Changes in Consumer Prices, by Country: 1995 to 2003

[Change from previous year. See text of this section for general comments concerning the data. For additional qualifications of the data for individual countries, see source. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Country	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Country	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003
United States	2.8	3.4	2.8	1.6	2.3	Kenya	0.8	10.0	5.7	2.0	9.8
Argentina	3.4	-0.9	-1.1	25.9	13.4	Korea, South	4.5	2.2	4.1	2.7	3.6
Australia	4.6	4.5	4.4	3.0	2.8	Malaysia	5.3	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.1
Austria	2.3	2.4	2.7	1.8	1.4	Mexico	35.0	9.5	6.4	5.0	4.5
Bangladesh	5.8	2.4	1.9	3.4	4.6	Netherlands	1.9	2.5	4.5	3.5	2.1
Belgium	1.5	2.5	2.5	1.6	1.6	Nigeria	72.8	14.5	13.0	12.9	14.0
Bolivia	10.2	4.6	1.6	0.9	3.3	Norway	2.5	3.1	3.0	1.3	2.5
Brazil	66.0	7.0	6.8	8.4	14.7	Pakistan	12.3	4.4	3.1	3.3	2.9
Canada	2.2	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.8	Peru	11.1	3.8	2.0	0.2	2.3
Chile	8.2	3.8	3.6	2.5	2.8	Philippines	8.0	4.4	6.1	2.9	3.1
Colombia	21.0	9.2	8.0	6.3	7.1	Portugal	4.1	2.8	4.4	3.5	3.3
Egypt	15.7	2.7	2.3	2.7	4.2	Romania	32.2	45.7	34.5	22.5	15.3
France	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.1	Russia	197.4	20.8	21.5	15.8	13.7
Germany	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.0	South Africa	8.6	5.4	5.7	8.1	6.0
Ghana	59.5	25.2	32.9	14.8	26.7	Spain	4.7	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.0
Greece	8.9	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.6	Sri Lanka	7.7	6.2	14.2	9.6	6.3
Guatemala	8.4	6.0	7.6	8.0	5.5	Sweden	2.5	0.9	2.4	2.2	1.9
India	10.2	4.0	3.7	4.4	3.8	Switzerland	1.8	1.5	1.0	0.6	0.6
Indonesia	9.4	4.5	12.0	11.5	5.8	Thailand	5.8	1.6	1.7	0.6	1.8
Iran	49.6	14.5	11.3	14.3	16.5	Turkey	88.1	54.9	54.4	45.0	25.3
Israel	10.0	1.1	1.1	5.6	-0.6	United Kingdom	3.4	2.9	1.8	1.6	2.9
Italy	5.2	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.7	Venezuela	59.9	16.2	12.5	22.4	31.1
Japan	-0.1	-0.7	-0.7	-0.9	-0.3						

Source: International Monetary Fund, Washington, DC, *International Financial Statistics*, monthly (copyright).

No. 1343. Comparative Price Levels—Selected OECD Countries: 2003

[Example of data: An item that costs \$1.00 in the United States would cost \$1.54 (U.S. dollars) in Japan]

Country	United States (U.S. dollar)	Canada (Canadian dollar)	Mexico (Mexican peso)	Japan (yen)	France (euro)	Germany (euro)	Italy (euro)	United Kingdom (pound)
United States	100	102	144	65	83	83	90	84
Australia	110	113	159	72	91	91	99	93
Austria	117	119	168	76	96	96	105	98
Belgium	117	119	168	76	97	97	105	98
Canada	98	100	141	64	81	81	88	83
Czech Republic	60	61	86	39	50	50	54	51
Denmark	150	152	215	97	124	124	135	126
Finland	137	140	197	89	113	114	124	116
France	121	123	174	79	100	100	109	102
Germany	121	123	174	79	100	100	109	102
Greece	100	102	144	65	83	83	90	84
Hungary	63	65	91	41	52	53	57	53
Iceland	148	151	213	97	123	123	134	125
Ireland	138	140	198	90	114	114	124	116
Italy	111	113	160	72	92	92	100	94
Japan	154	156	221	100	127	127	138	129
Korea, South	71	72	102	46	59	59	64	60
Luxembourg	118	120	170	77	97	98	106	99
Mexico	70	71	100	45	57	58	63	59
Netherlands	120	122	172	78	99	99	108	101
New Zealand	100	102	143	65	82	83	90	84
Norway	146	149	210	95	121	121	132	123
Poland	56	57	80	36	46	46	50	47
Portugal	88	90	127	57	73	73	79	74
Slovakia	40	41	58	26	33	33	36	34
Spain	100	101	143	65	82	82	90	84
Sweden	133	135	191	87	110	110	120	112
Switzerland	157	160	226	102	130	130	141	132
Turkey	66	67	95	43	55	55	60	56
United Kingdom	119	121	171	77	98	98	107	100

¹ Estimates based on quarterly consumer prices.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Main Economic Indicators*, January 2004 (copyright).

No. 1344. Gross Public Debt, Expenditures, and Receipts by Country: 1990 to 2003

[Percent of nominal gross domestic product. 2003 data estimated. Expenditures cover current outlays plus net capital outlays. Receipts cover current receipts but exclude capital receipts. Non-tax current receipts include operating surpluses of public enterprises, property income, fees, charges, fines, etc]

Country	Gross debt			Expenditures			Receipts		
	1990	1995	2003	1990	1995	2003	1990	1995	2003
United States ¹	-4.3	-3.1	-4.9	36.5	36.4	35.9	32.1	33.3	31.0
Australia	-1.5	-3.9	0.8	36.3	39.7	36.2	34.8	35.9	37.0
Austria	-2.4	-5.3	-1.3	53.1	57.3	51.6	50.6	52.0	50.4
Belgium	-6.8	-4.3	0.2	53.4	52.8	49.7	46.6	48.5	49.9
Canada ²	-5.9	-5.3	1.0	48.8	48.5	40.1	42.9	43.2	41.2
Czech Republic	(X)	-1.1	-6.6	(X)	43.9	47.1	(X)	42.8	40.5
Denmark	-1.0	-2.3	0.8	57.0	60.3	56.6	56.0	58.0	57.4
Finland	5.5	-3.9	2.6	48.6	59.6	51.0	54.0	55.7	53.6
France	-2.1	-5.5	-4.0	50.7	55.0	54.4	48.6	49.5	50.4
Germany ³	-2.0	-3.3	-4.1	44.4	49.4	49.4	42.5	46.1	45.3
Greece	-15.7	-10.2	-1.6	50.2	50.0	46.7	34.5	39.9	45.1
Hungary	(NA)	-7.6	-5.2	(NA)	56.9	48.4	(NA)	49.3	43.1
Iceland	-3.3	-3.0	-1.0	42.4	43.7	46.5	39.1	40.7	45.5
Ireland	-2.8	-2.1	-1.0	43.2	41.5	35.2	40.4	39.4	34.2
Italy	-11.8	-7.6	-2.7	54.4	53.4	48.5	42.6	45.8	45.8
Japan ⁴	2.0	-4.7	-7.4	32.1	36.1	38.3	34.2	31.4	30.9
Korea, South	3.5	4.2	3.5	19.5	20.6	29.1	23.0	24.8	32.6
Netherlands	-5.3	-4.2	-2.4	54.8	51.4	48.6	49.4	47.3	46.2
New Zealand	-4.3	3.0	2.6	53.3	41.9	39.8	48.9	44.9	42.5
Norway	2.6	3.4	9.8	52.8	51.6	48.4	55.4	55.0	58.2
Portugal	-6.6	-5.5	-2.9	42.1	45.0	46.8	35.5	39.6	43.9
Spain	-3.9	-6.6	0.1	43.4	45.0	39.3	39.5	38.4	39.4
Sweden	3.7	-7.4	0.2	59.4	67.6	59.0	63.1	60.2	59.3
United Kingdom	-1.6	-5.8	-2.9	42.2	44.6	42.8	40.7	38.9	39.9

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Includes funded part of central government employee pension liabilities amounting to 8.3 percent of GDP in 1999. Expenditures data includes outlays net of surpluses of public enterprises. Receipts exclude the operating surpluses of public enterprises. ² Includes funded government employee pension liabilities amounting to 19 percent of GDP in 1999. This overstates the Canadian debt position relative to countries that have large unfunded liabilities for such pensions which are not counted in those countries' debt figures. ³ Debt data include accounts of the Inherited Debt Fund from 1995 on. The 1995 outlays are net of the debt taken on this year from the Inherited Debt funds. ⁴ Debt data include debt of the Japan Railway Settlement Corporation and the National Forest Special Account from 1998 on. The 1998 expenditures would have risen by 5.4 percentage points of GDP if account were taken of the assumption by the central government of the debt of these two entities. Receipts data includes deferred tax payments on postal savings accounts in 2002.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD Economic Outlook*, December 2003 (copyright).

No. 1345. Percent Distribution of Tax Receipts by Country: 1980 to 2001

Country	Income and profits taxes ²				Social security contributions			Taxes on goods and services ⁵		
	Total ¹	Total ³	Individual	Corporate	Total ⁴	Employees	Employers	Total ³	General consumption taxes ⁶	Taxes on specific goods, services ⁷
United States:										
1980	100.0	49.8	39.1	10.8	21.9	9.2	11.9	17.6	7.0	8.3
1990	100.0	45.4	37.7	7.7	25.9	11.0	13.4	17.3	8.0	7.1
2001	100.0	48.8	42.3	6.5	24.6	10.8	12.5	16.1	7.8	6.3
Canada:										
1980	100.0	46.6	34.1	11.6	10.5	3.7	6.6	32.6	11.5	13.0
1990	100.0	48.6	40.8	7.0	12.2	4.4	7.6	25.8	14.1	10.3
2001	100.0	48.1	37.1	10.0	14.7	6.0	8.3	24.7	14.5	8.9
France:										
1980	100.0	16.8	11.6	5.1	42.7	11.1	28.4	30.4	21.1	8.4
1990	100.0	17.2	11.8	5.3	44.1	13.2	27.2	28.4	18.8	8.7
2001	100.0	25.4	17.7	7.7	36.3	9.0	24.9	25.2	16.7	7.9
Germany:										
1980 ⁸	100.0	35.1	29.6	5.5	34.4	15.3	18.4	27.1	16.6	9.3
1990	100.0	32.4	27.6	4.8	37.5	16.2	19.1	26.7	16.6	9.2
2001	100.0	28.8	27.1	1.7	39.8	17.5	19.5	28.8	18.2	9.4
Italy:										
1980	100.0	31.1	23.1	7.8	38.0	6.9	28.4	26.5	15.6	9.7
1990	100.0	36.5	26.3	10.0	32.9	6.3	23.6	28.0	14.7	10.6
2001	100.0	34.2	25.9	8.6	29.0	5.5	20.1	25.6	14.8	8.5
Japan:										
1980	100.0	46.1	24.3	21.8	29.1	10.2	14.8	16.3	-	14.1
1990	100.0	48.5	26.9	21.6	29.0	11.0	15.0	13.2	4.3	7.3
2001	100.0	32.8	20.1	12.7	37.7	15.1	18.8	19.0	8.9	7.8
United Kingdom:										
1980	100.0	37.8	29.4	8.4	16.7	6.4	10.1	29.2	14.7	13.3
1990	100.0	38.3	27.1	11.2	16.7	6.5	9.7	30.5	16.4	12.4
2001	100.0	39.6	30.2	9.5	17.0	6.8	9.6	31.3	18.3	11.8

- Represents zero. ¹ Includes property taxes, employer payroll taxes other than Social Security contributions, and miscellaneous taxes, not shown separately. ² Includes taxes on capital gains. ³ Includes other taxes not shown separately. ⁴ Includes contributions of self-employed not shown separately. ⁵ Taxes on the production, sales, transfer, leasing, and delivery of goods and services and rendering of services. ⁶ Primary value-added and sales taxes. ⁷ For example, excise taxes on alcohol, tobacco, and gasoline. ⁸ Data are for former West Germany.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Revenue Statistics of OECD Member Countries*, annual (copyright).

No. 1346. Household Tax Burden by Country: 2003

[Percent of gross earnings equivalent to the average production worker. The tax burden reflects income tax plus employee contributions less cash benefits]

Country	Single person without children	One earner family with two children	Country	Single person without children	One earner family with two children
Australia	24.0	15.6	Luxembourg	22.5	-2.6
Austria	28.9	8.9	Mexico	4.4	4.4
Belgium	40.6	20.3	Netherlands	34.0	23.3
Canada	24.6	14.5	New Zealand	20.6	20.4
Czech Republic	24.1	6.3	Norway	28.8	18.3
Denmark	42.4	29.7	Poland	31.2	29.2
Finland	31.2	22.8	Portugal	16.6	5.6
France	26.8	15.1	Slovak Republic	19.1	6.6
Germany	41.9	19.5	Spain	18.5	9.7
Greece	15.9	15.9	Sweden	30.8	21.6
Hungary	25.5	4.8	Switzerland	21.2	8.5
Iceland	25.3	3.6	Turkey	29.9	29.9
Ireland	16.4	-2.6	United Kingdom	24.3	10.3
Italy	27.2	14.2	United States	24.1	9.1
Japan	17.4	13.2			
Korea	6.8	6.2			

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Taxing Wages, 2002-2003*, (copyright).

No. 1347. Income Tax and Social Security Contributions as Percent of Labor Costs: 2003

[Data are for single individual at the income level of the average production worker]

Country	Labor costs ¹ (dol.)	Percent of labor costs			
		Total ²	Social security contributions		
			Income tax	Employee	Employer ³
Belgium	45,187	54	20	11	23
Germany	42,949	52	17	17	17
Australia	39,639	28	23	-	6
Netherlands	39,045	43	7	22	14
Switzerland	38,447	29	9	10	10
Norway	38,065	37	19	7	11
Denmark	37,453	43	32	11	1
Luxembourg	37,294	32	8	12	12
Canada	36,694	32	16	6	10
Korea, South	36,488	14	2	4	8
Finland	36,276	44	20	5	19
United States	36,019	29	15	7	7
Italy	35,690	45	14	7	25
France	34,537	48	9	10	29
Austria	34,068	45	8	14	23
United Kingdom	34,004	31	14	8	9
Japan	33,881	27	5	10	12
Sweden	33,352	48	18	5	25
Iceland	30,112	29	24	-	5
New Zealand	28,568	21	21	-	-
Ireland	28,367	25	10	5	10
Spain	27,999	38	9	5	23
Czech Republic	20,812	44	9	9	26
Greece	19,825	34	-	12	22
Turkey	18,596	42	12	12	18
Poland	17,475	43	5	21	17
Portugal	15,011	33	5	9	19
Hungary	12,770	46	10	9	27
Mexico	10,743	17	2	1	13

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Adjusted for purchasing power parities, see text of this section. Labor costs include gross wages plus employers compulsory social security contributions. ² Due to rounding total may differ one percentage point from aggregate columns for income tax and social security contributions. ³ Includes reported payroll taxes.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Taxing Wages, 2002-2003* (copyright).

No. 1348. U.S. Patents by Country: 2003

[Includes only U.S. patents granted to residents of areas outside of the United States and its territories]

Country	Total ¹	Inventions	Designs	Country	Total ¹	Inventions	Designs
Total	88,454	81,127	6,529	Sweden	1,629	1,521	106
Japan	37,250	35,517	1,567	Netherlands	1,570	1,325	79
Germany	12,140	11,444	509	Switzerland	1,433	1,308	123
Taiwan ²	6,676	5,298	1,370	Israel	1,260	1,193	47
Korea, South	4,132	3,944	186	Australia	1,047	900	120
France	4,127	3,869	227	Finland	944	865	77
United Kingdom	4,031	3,627	354	Belgium	727	622	64
Canada	3,893	3,426	446	Austria	639	592	43
Italy	2,022	1,722	292	Denmark	611	529	55
				Other countries	4,323	3,425	864

¹ Includes patents for botanical plants and reissues, not shown separately. ² See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Technology Assessment and Forecast Database.

No. 1349. Civilian Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment by Country: 1980 to 2002

[106,940 represents 106,940,000. Data based on U.S. labor force definitions (see source) except that minimum age for population base varies as follows: United States, Canada, France, Sweden, and United Kingdom, 16 years; Australia, Japan, Netherlands, Germany, and Italy (beginning 1995), 15 years; and Italy (1980 and 1990) 14 years]

Year	United States	Canada	Australia	Japan	France	Germany ¹	Italy	Netherlands	Sweden	United Kingdom
Civilian labor force (1,000):										
1980	106,940	11,707	6,693	55,740	22,930	27,260	21,120	5,870	4,312	26,520
1995	² 132,304	14,517	8,995	65,990	² 24,760	38,980	² 22,460	7,210	4,460	² 28,157
2000	² 142,583	15,789	9,590	66,990	26,070	² 39,302	23,340	8,150	4,489	28,930
2001	143,734	16,027	9,752	66,870	26,350	39,459	23,540	8,340	4,530	29,053
2002	² 144,863	16,475	9,907	66,240	26,590	39,413	23,750	8,300	4,544	29,288
2003	² 146,510	16,819	10,092	66,010	26,730	39,276	23,880	8,330	4,567	29,490
Labor force participation rate:³										
1980	² 63.8	64.9	62.1	62.6	57.5	54.7	48.2	55.4	66.9	62.5
1995	² 66.6	64.9	64.5	62.9	² 55.4	57.1	47.1	58.8	64.1	² 62.4
2000	² 67.1	65.9	64.4	62.0	56.6	56.6	48.1	64.5	63.8	62.9
2001	66.8	66.0	64.4	61.6	56.8	56.6	48.3	65.8	63.7	62.7
2002	² 66.6	66.8	64.4	60.8	57.0	56.3	48.6	65.0	64.0	62.9
2003	² 66.2	67.3	64.6	60.3	57.0	56.1	48.8	64.6	64.0	62.9
Civilian employment (1,000):										
1980	99,303	10,857	6,284	54,600	21,440	26,490	20,200	5,520	4,226	24,670
1995	² 124,900	13,271	8,256	63,890	21,960	35,780	² 19,820	6,730	4,056	² 25,718
2000	² 136,891	14,827	8,989	63,790	23,690	² 36,236	20,840	7,910	4,229	27,350
2001	136,933	14,997	9,091	63,470	24,140	36,350	21,270	8,130	4,303	27,570
2002	² 136,485	15,325	9,271	62,650	24,280	36,018	21,580	8,070	4,310	27,768
2003	² 137,736	15,660	9,481	62,510	24,250	35,615	21,790	8,010	4,303	28,011
Employment-population ratio:⁴										
1980	² 59.2	60.2	58.3	61.3	53.8	53.1	46.1	52.1	65.6	58.1
1995	² 62.9	59.4	59.2	60.9	49.1	52.4	² 41.5	54.9	58.3	² 57.0
2000	² 64.4	62.1	60.3	59.0	51.4	52.2	42.9	62.6	60.1	59.4
2001	63.7	61.9	60.1	58.4	52.0	52.2	43.6	64.2	60.5	59.5
2002	² 62.7	62.4	60.3	57.5	52.0	51.5	44.1	63.2	60.7	59.6
2003	² 62.3	63.0	60.7	57.1	51.7	50.9	44.6	62.1	60.3	59.8
Unemployment rate:										
1980	7.1	7.3	6.1	2.0	6.5	2.8	4.4	6.0	2.0	7.0
1995	25.6	8.6	8.2	3.2	² 11.3	8.2	² 11.8	6.7	9.1	28.7
2000	24.0	6.1	6.3	4.8	9.1	7.8	10.7	2.9	5.8	5.5
2001	4.7	6.4	6.8	5.1	8.4	7.9	9.6	2.5	5.0	5.1
2002	5.8	7.0	6.4	5.4	8.7	8.6	9.1	2.8	5.1	5.2
2003	26.0	6.9	6.1	5.3	9.3	9.3	8.8	3.8	5.8	5.0
Under 25 years old	12.4	12.9	12.2	10.0	(NA)	(NA)	27.5	(NA)	14.0	12.4
Teenagers ⁵	17.5	17.3	16.0	12.1	(NA)	(NA)	35.7	(NA)	19.3	(NA)
20 to 24 years old	10.0	10.2	9.4	9.6	(NA)	(NA)	25.6	(NA)	11.7	(NA)
25 years old and over	4.8	5.8	4.6	4.8	(NA)	(NA)	6.9	(NA)	4.8	3.7

NA Not available. ¹ Unified Germany for 1991 onward. Prior to 1991, data relate to the former West Germany. ² Break in series. Data not comparable with prior years. ³ Civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian working age population. Germany and Japan include the institutionalized population as part of the working age population. ⁴ Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian working age population. Germany and Japan include the institutionalized population as part of the working age population. ⁵ 16- to 19-year-olds in the United States, Canada, France, Sweden, and the United Kingdom; 15- to 19-year-olds in Australia, Japan, Germany, and Italy.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics, Ten Countries, 1959-2003*, February 2004. Also see <<http://stats.bls.gov/fls/flsfordc.pdf>>.

No. 1350. Percent of Persons 15 to 24 Years Old Not in Education or at Work by Age Group and Sex: 2001

[Represents those persons not in education and either unemployed or not in the labor force]

Country	15 to 19 years old			20 to 24 years old		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Australia	7.6	7.9	7.2	13.9	11.4	16.5
Belgium	6.3	6.0	6.5	13.0	10.9	15.2
Canada	5.9	6.7	5.0	14.3	14.4	14.2
Czech Republic	6.9	6.4	7.3	18.0	12.7	23.7
Denmark	3.7	4.7	2.7	6.5	3.8	9.3
Finland	8.0	12.0	3.7	14.4	16.0	12.9
France	3.4	3.4	3.5	13.4	10.9	15.8
Germany	5.1	4.9	5.3	16.4	14.3	18.7
Greece	7.5	5.6	9.6	23.3	17.7	28.4
Hungary	8.4	8.8	7.9	20.2	15.6	24.5
Italy	12.2	11.8	12.5	25.6	23.9	27.3
Luxembourg	1.8	1.6	2.0	9.0	7.2	10.8
Mexico	17.9	7.2	28.3	27.1	5.6	46.1
Netherlands	4.1	3.8	4.4	8.7	5.7	11.8
Poland	5.8	6.3	5.3	27.1	25.6	28.5
Portugal	7.7	5.5	10.0	10.7	8.3	13.0
Spain	9.0	8.6	9.5	14.3	10.7	17.9
Sweden	5.2	6.4	3.7	10.2	10.2	10.1
Switzerland	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	8.4	(NA)	(NA)
United States	7.5	7.0	8.0	15.6	12.1	18.9

NA Not available.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Education at a Glance 2003* (copyright).

No. 1351. Unemployment Rates by Country: 1995 to 2003

[Annual averages. The standardized unemployment rates shown here are calculated as the number of unemployed persons as a percentage of the civilian labor force. The unemployed are persons of working age who, in the reference period, are without work, available for work and have taken specific steps to find work]

Country	1995	2001	2002	2003	Country	1995	2001	2002	2003
OECD total	7.5	6.5	7.0	7.1	Ireland	12.3	3.9	4.3	4.6
European Union	10.7	7.4	7.7	8.0	Italy	11.9	9.4	9.0	8.6
United States	5.6	4.7	5.8	6.0	Japan	3.1	5.0	5.4	5.3
Australia	8.6	6.8	6.4	6.1	Korea, South	(NA)	4.0	3.3	3.6
Austria	3.9	3.6	4.3	4.4	Luxembourg	2.9	2.1	2.8	3.7
Belgium	9.9	6.7	7.3	8.1	Netherlands	6.9	2.5	2.7	3.8
Canada	9.5	7.2	7.7	7.6	New Zealand	6.3	5.3	5.2	4.7
Czech Republic	(NA)	8.0	7.3	7.8	Norway	5.0	3.6	3.9	4.5
Denmark	7.2	4.3	4.6	5.6	Poland	(NA)	18.5	19.8	19.2
Finland	16.2	9.1	9.1	9.0	Portugal	7.3	4.1	5.1	6.4
France	11.7	8.5	8.8	9.4	Spain	22.9	10.6	11.3	11.3
Germany	8.2	7.8	8.6	9.3	Sweden	8.8	4.9	4.9	5.6
Hungary	(NA)	5.6	5.6	5.8	Switzerland	3.5	2.6	3.2	4.1
					United Kingdom	8.7	5.0	5.1	5.0

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 4, table 1337.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Main Economic Indicators*, April 2004 and earlier releases.

No. 1352. Female Labor Force Participation Rates by Country: 1980 to 2001

[In percent. Female labor force of all ages divided by female population 15-64 years old]

Country	1980	1990	1995	2001	Country	1980	1990	1995	2001
Australia	52.7	62.1	64.8	66.2	Korea, South	(NA)	51.2	53.2	55.6
Austria	48.7	55.4	62.3	63.3	Luxembourg	39.9	50.7	58.0	77.5
Belgium	47.0	52.4	56.1	58.7	Mexico	33.7	(NA)	40.1	41.6
Canada	57.8	67.6	67.6	70.5	Netherlands	35.5	¹ 53.1	¹ 59.0	66.3
Czech Republic	(X)	69.1	¹ 65.4	64.1	New Zealand	44.6	¹ 63.0	63.3	67.9
Denmark	(NA)	78.5	73.6	76.0	Norway	62.3	71.2	72.4	76.4
Finland	70.1	73.8	70.3	72.7	Poland	(NA)	(NA)	61.1	59.6
France	54.4	57.8	59.4	63.8	Portugal	54.3	62.9	62.4	68.3
Germany ²	52.8	56.7	61.7	64.5	Slovak Republic	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	63.6
Greece	33.0	43.6	45.9	49.2	Spain	32.2	41.2	45.1	50.9
Hungary	(NA)	(NA)	50.5	52.0	Sweden	74.1	¹ 80.4	76.1	75.5
Iceland	(NA)	65.6	81.9	82.6	Switzerland	54.1	65.7	¹ 67.8	77.4
Ireland	36.3	43.8	47.8	56.5	Turkey	(NA)	36.7	34.2	26.5
Italy	39.6	45.9	¹ 43.3	47.8	United Kingdom	58.3	66.5	66.6	67.5
Japan	54.8	60.3	62.2	64.4	United States	59.7	¹68.5	70.7	70.7

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Break in series. Data not comparable with prior years. ² Prior to 1991 data are for former West Germany.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD in Figures*, annual (copyright).

No. 1353. Civilian Employment-Population Ratio: 1980 to 2003

[Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian working age population. See headnote, Table 1349]

Country	Women					Men				
	1980	1990	1995	2002	2003	1980	1990	1995	2002	2003
United States	47.7	¹54.3	¹55.6	¹56.3	¹56.1	72.0	¹72.0	¹70.8	¹69.7	¹68.9
Canada	46.8	54.1	52.8	56.9	57.7	74.0	70.6	66.2	68.2	68.5
Australia	41.9	¹ 49.5	50.5	52.9	53.6	75.1	¹ 71.4	68.2	67.8	68.1
Japan	45.7	48.0	47.7	45.4	45.3	77.9	75.4	75.0	70.4	69.9
France	40.3	¹ 41.5	41.7	45.5	45.3	68.9	¹ 61.3	57.3	59.2	58.7
Germany ²	38.9	¹ 40.9	42.7	¹ 44.5	44.4	69.6	¹ 65.6	63.1	¹ 59.0	57.8
Italy	27.9	¹ 29.2	¹ 28.0	32.2	32.7	66.0	¹ 60.0	¹ 56.5	57.2	57.5
Netherlands	31.0	¹ 39.4	44.1	54.1	54.0	74.1	¹ 67.0	65.9	72.6	70.5
Sweden	58.0	¹ 61.8	54.7	57.1	57.2	73.6	¹ 70.6	62.1	64.4	63.9
United Kingdom	44.8	¹ 50.2	¹ 49.8	53.0	53.2	72.8	¹ 70.4	¹ 64.8	66.7	66.9

NA Not available. ¹ Break in series. Data not comparable with previous years. ² Unified Germany for 1991 onward. Prior to 1991, data relate to the former West Germany.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics, Ten Countries, 1959-2004*, February 2004. Also see <<http://stats.bls.gov/fls/flsforc.pdf>>.

No. 1354. Civilian Employment by Industry and Country: 1990 and 2003

[118,793 represents 118,793,000. Data based on U.S. labor force definitions except that minimum age for population base varies as follows: United States, Canada, France, Sweden, and United Kingdom, 16 years; Australia, Germany, Italy, Japan, 15 years; and Italy (1990), 14 years. Industries based on International Standard Industrial Classification; see text of this section]

Industry	United States	Canada	Australia	Japan	France	Germany ¹	Italy	Sweden	United Kingdom
TOTAL EMPLOYMENT (1,000)									
1990, total	²118,793	13,084	7,877	61,700	²22,081	27,952	21,080	4,501	26,818
Agriculture, forestry, fishing ³	² 3,394	559	441	4,270	² 1,262	965	1,879	178	573
Industry ⁴	² 29,834	3,063	1,880	20,890	² 6,344	10,875	6,842	1,268	8,128
Manufacturing	² 21,346	2,053	1,184	15,010	(NA)	8,839	4,755	943	⁵ 5,971
Services ⁶	² 85,565	9,462	5,557	36,540	² 14,475	16,112	12,355	3,056	18,117
2003, total	²137,736	15,746	9,481	62,510	(NA)	(NA)	21,785	4,290	(NA)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing ³	² 2,275	447	374	2,780	(NA)	(NA)	1,067	107	(NA)
Industry ⁴	² 27,565	3,408	1,932	17,800	(NA)	(NA)	6,850	944	(NA)
Manufacturing	² 16,902	2,294	1,085	11,750	(NA)	(NA)	5,019	696	(NA)
Services ⁶	² 107,896	11,891	7,175	41,930	(NA)	(NA)	13,868	3,239	(NA)
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
1990, total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing ³	² 2.9	4.3	5.6	6.9	² 5.7	3.5	8.9	4.0	2.1
Industry ⁴	² 25.1	23.4	23.9	33.9	² 28.7	38.9	32.5	28.2	30.3
Manufacturing	² 18.0	15.7	15.0	24.3	(NA)	31.6	22.6	20.9	⁵ 22.3
Services ⁶	² 72.0	72.3	70.5	59.2	² 65.6	57.6	58.6	67.9	67.6
2003, total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	(NA)	100.0	100.0	(NA)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing ³	1.7	2.8	3.9	4.4	(NA)	(NA)	4.9	2.5	(NA)
Industry ⁴	20.0	21.6	20.4	28.5	(NA)	(NA)	31.4	22.0	(NA)
Manufacturing	12.3	14.6	11.4	18.8	(NA)	(NA)	23.0	16.2	(NA)
Services ⁶	78.3	75.5	75.7	67.1	(NA)	(NA)	63.7	75.5	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Data for 1990 are for former West Germany (prior to unification); later data are for unified Germany.
² Break in series. ³ Includes hunting. ⁴ Includes manufacturing, mining and construction. ⁵ Includes mining.
⁶ Transportation, communication, public utilities, trade, finance, public administration, private household services, and miscellaneous services.
 Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics, Ten Countries, 1959-2003*, February 2004. Also see <http://stats.bls.gov/fls/flsforc.pdf>.

No. 1355. World Food Production by Commodity: 1990 to 2003

[In millions of metric tons (1,768.8 represents 1,768,800,000)]

Commodity	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Grains, total	1,768.8	1,710.3	1,879.5	1,875.5	1,871.5	1,839.5	1,872.1	1,809.3	1,830.6
Wheat	588.0	538.0	610.1	589.9	585.3	581.5	581.1	563.0	549.4
Coarse grains	828.7	801.3	882.8	891.2	877.5	859.9	892.3	867.9	890.3
Corn ¹	482.5	559.0	592.7	574.1	605.4	606.9	589.5	598.8	601.0
Rice, milled	352.0	371.0	386.7	394.4	408.7	398.1	398.7	378.3	391.0
Oils ¹	58.1	76.5	82.1	87.7	86.4	89.9	92.8	94.5	101.0
Soybeans ¹	104.1	137.7	132.2	158.1	159.8	159.9	175.2	184.9	197.3
Rapeseed ¹	25.1	30.3	31.5	33.2	35.9	42.6	37.6	36.1	32.5
Pulses ²	58.3	55.5	54.7	56.0	57.0	54.8	53.8	56.7	56.5
Vegetables and melons ²	461.8	564.6	613.5	640.3	695.1	745.6	776.4	815.6	842.2
Fruits ²	352.6	410.6	443.7	438.8	459.2	471.7	472.2	477.9	480.2
Nuts ²	4.7	5.6	6.4	6.4	7.1	7.3	7.4	8.2	8.2
Beef and pork	117.2	117.9	128.2	131.4	131.4	132.1	137.0	137.6	139.3
Poultry	37.4	47.1	49.5	52.3	54.9	56.6	58.5	58.8	60.5
Milk	441.3	(NA)	373.7	378.1	382.4	386.2	393.5	394.1	398.5

NA Not available. ¹ Data from U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, *Production, Supply, & Distribution (PSD) Online*. See also <http://www.fas.usda.gov/psd/psdselection.asp>. ² Data from Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Rome, Italy.

Source: Except as noted, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Agricultural Outlook*, monthly.

No. 1356. Fisheries—Commercial Catch by Country: 1990 to 2001

[In thousands of metric tons, live weight (97,854 represents 97,854,000). Catch of fish, crustaceans, mollusks (including weight of shells). Does not include marine mammals and aquatic plants]

Country	1990	1995	2000	2001	Country	1990	1995	2000	2001
World ¹	97,854	116,042	130,927	130,207	Thailand	2,786	3,573	3,643	3,606
China ²	12,095	28,418	41,568	42,579	Norway	1,745	2,803	3,191	3,199
Japan	10,354	6,787	5,734	5,521	Korea, South	1,745	2,688	2,117	2,282
India	3,794	4,906	5,685	5,965	Philippines	2,210	2,222	2,287	2,380
United States	5,868	5,638	5,174	5,405	Iceland	1,508	1,616	1,986	1,985
Russia	7,808	4,374	4,048	3,718	Vietnam	960	1,394	1,961	2,010
Indonesia	3,044	4,139	4,858	5,068	Denmark	1,518	2,044	1,578	1,552
Peru	6,875	8,943	10,665	7,996	Bangladesh	848	1,173	1,661	1,687
Chile	5,195	7,591	4,692	4,363	Spain	1,380	1,391	1,358	1,397
					Mexico	1,401	1,355	1,369	1,475

¹ Includes other countries, not shown separately. ² See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Marine Fisheries Service, *Fisheries of the United States*, annual. Data from Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Rome, Italy.

No. 1357. Meat Production by Type and Country: 2001 to 2002

[In thousands of metric tons (48,958 represents 48,958,000). Carcass weight basis for beef, veal, and pork. Excludes offals and rabbit]

Country	Beef and veal		Country	Pork ¹		Country	Poultry meat	
	2001	2002, prel.		2001	2002, prel.		2001	2002, prel.
World ²	48,958	51,033	World ²	83,158	86,030	World ²	51,695	52,825
United States	11,983	12,427	China ³	41,845	43,266	United States	14,033	14,467
European Union	6,896	7,456	European Union	17,419	17,825	European Union	6,822	5,950
Brazil	6,895	7,240	United States	8,691	8,929	Brazil	6,567	7,449
China ³	5,488	5,846	Brazil	2,230	2,565	China ³	9,278	9,558
Argentina	2,640	2,700	Canada	1,729	1,854	Mexico	2,067	2,157
Australia	2,049	2,089	Russia	1,560	1,630	India	1,250	1,400
Mexico	1,925	1,930	Poland	1,550	1,640	Thailand	1,230	1,205
India	1,770	1,810	Japan	1,245	1,260	Japan	1,074	1,107
Russia	1,760	1,740	Korea, South	1,077	1,153	Canada	927	932
Canada	1,250	1,295	Mexico	1,065	1,085	Argentina	870	640

¹ Includes edible pork fat, but excludes lard and inedible greases (except United States). ² Includes other countries, not shown separately. ³ See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, National Agricultural Statistics Service, *Agricultural Statistics*, annual.

No. 1358. Meat Consumption by Type and Country: 2002 to 2003

[In thousand metric tons (12,738 represents 12,738,000). Carcass weight basis for beef, veal, and pork. Broiler (chicken 16 week-old) weight based on ready to cook equivalent]

Country	Beef and veal		Country	Pork		Country	Poultry meat	
	2002	2003 ¹		2002	2003 ¹		2002	2003 ¹
United States	12,738	12,341	China ²	43,195	44,467	United States	12,269	12,534
European Union ³	7,507	7,640	European Union ³	16,621	16,750	China ²	9,559	10,066
Brazil	6,437	6,273	United States	8,684	8,833	European Union ³	6,311	6,216
China ²	5,586	6,116	Russian	2,429	2,309	Brazil	5,872	5,742
Russia	2,465	2,255	Japan	2,377	2,372	Mexico	2,424	2,634
Mexico	2,409	2,308	Brazil	1,975	1,957	Japan	1,830	1,842
Argentina	2,362	2,428	Poland	1,600	1,670	Russia	1,697	1,699
India	1,394	1,495	Mexico	1,349	1,423	Canada	915	918
Japan	1,285	1,324	South Korea	1,199	1,296	Thailand	915	(NA)
Canada	977	1,013	Philippines	1,116	1,155	South Korea	525	(NA)
Australia	704	726	Canada	1,072	1,026	Poland	483	(NA)
Colombia	693	(NA)	Taiwan	932	(NA)	Hong Kong ²	255	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Preliminary data. ² Hong Kong & China data series has been revised to more accurately reflect actual demand and not just transshipments. ³ See footnote 3, Table 1337.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, *Livestock and Poultry: World Markets and Trade*, annual. Also see <<http://www.fas.usda.gov/dlp/circular/2004/04-03LP/toc.htm>>.

No. 1359. World Crop Production Summary: 2002 to 2004

[In millions of metric tons, (566.87 represents \$566,870,000), except as indicated]

Commodity	Unit	North America				Other Europe			Asia				South America		Selected Other		
		World	United States	Canada	Mexico	EU-25	Russia	Ukraine	China	India	Indonesia	Pakistan	Argentina	Brazil	Australia	South Africa	Turkey
Wheat:																	
2002-2003	Mil. metric tons	566.87	43.71	16.20	2.90	124.48	50.55	20.56	90.29	71.81	-	18.23	12.30	2.93	10.06	2.32	16.80
2003-2004, prel.	Mil. metric tons	550.48	63.59	23.50	2.90	106.59	34.10	3.60	86.49	65.10	-	19.19	13.50	5.85	24.92	1.43	16.80
Coarse grains:																	
2002-2003	Mil. metric tons	871.72	243.72	19.89	26.49	137.45	33.40	17.11	130.62	25.66	6.10	1.85	19.45	47.10	6.55	10.13	9.96
2003-2004, prel.	Mil. metric tons	899.43	275.70	26.31	28.70	121.36	30.50	15.60	125.13	35.00	6.30	1.85	16.10	44.27	12.39	8.33	10.34
Rice (milled):																	
2002-2003	Mil. metric tons	378.16	6.54	-	0.13	1.65	0.31	0.05	122.18	72.70	33.41	4.48	0.47	7.02	0.28	-	0.23
2003-2004, prel.	Mil. metric tons	386.63	6.37	-	0.20	1.68	0.30	0.06	112.46	86.40	34.25	4.90	0.64	8.60	0.38	-	0.26
Total grains ¹ :																	
2002-2003	Mil. metric tons	1,816.75	293.96	36.09	29.52	263.58	84.26	37.72	343.09	170.17	39.51	24.56	32.21	57.04	16.89	12.45	26.99
2003-2004, prel.	Mil. metric tons	1,836.55	345.66	49.81	31.80	229.62	64.90	19.26	324.08	186.50	40.55	25.94	30.24	58.72	37.70	9.76	27.40
Oilseeds ² :																	
2002-2003	Mil. metric tons	329.70	83.94	6.67	0.24	16.84	4.22	3.46	52.59	18.83	1.88	3.80	39.62	54.18	1.49	0.87	2.35
2003-2004, prel.	Mil. metric tons	335.88	75.62	9.09	0.34	16.21	5.44	4.54	51.48	28.60	1.97	3.76	37.70	55.04	2.29	0.85	2.05
Cotton:																	
2002-2003	Mil. 480 lb. bales	88.28	17.21	-	0.21	0.28	-	-	17.21	10.60	0.04	7.80	0.29	3.89	1.70	0.07	4.18
2003-2004, prel.	Mil. 480 lb. bales	93.89	18.26	-	0.36	0.24	-	-	18.26	13.20	0.04	7.75	0.50	5.80	1.50	0.11	4.10

- Indicates no reported or insignificant production. ¹ Includes wheat, coarse grains, and rice (milled) shown above. ² Includes soybean, cottonseed, peanut (in shell), sunflowerseed, rapeseed for individual countries. Copra and palm kernel are added to world totals.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, *World Agricultural Production*, July 2004. Also see <<http://www.fas.usda.gov/wap/circular/2004/04-08/toc.html>>.

No. 1360. Wheat, Rice, and Corn—Exports and Imports of Leading Countries: 1995 to 2003

[In thousands of metric tons (33,778 represents 33,778,000). Wheat data are for trade year beginning in July of year shown; rice data are for calendar year; corn data are for trade year beginning in October of year shown. Countries listed are the ten leading exporters or importers in 2003]

Leading exporters	Exports			Leading importers	Imports		
	1995	2000	2003		1995	2000	2003
WHEAT				WHEAT			
United States	33,778	28,904	31,842	EU-25¹	2,545	4,704	7,000
Australia	13,311	15,930	17,500	Egypt	5,932	6,050	7,000
Canada	16,342	17,316	15,500	Brazil	5,809	7,201	5,600
EU-25 ¹	13,242	16,792	9,500	Japan	6,101	5,885	5,600
Argentina	4,483	11,272	8,000	Indonesia	3,632	4,069	4,100
Kazakhstan	4,279	3,972	6,200	Mexico	1,581	3,066	3,700
U.S.	1,500	1,569	5,500	Ukraine	183	686	3,500
Russia	206	696	3,500	Algeria	3,782	5,600	3,300
China ²	496	623	2,500	Korea	2,554	3,127	3,300
Syria	364	-	1,500	China ²	12,531	195	3,000
RICE				RICE			
Thailand	5,281	7,521	8,750	Nigeria	350	1,906	1,600
Vietnam	3,040	3,528	3,750	China ²	852	270	1,300
United States	2,625	2,541	3,300	Indonesia	1,081	1,500	1,250
India	3,676	1,936	2,500	EU-25 ¹	952	1,189	1,200
Pakistan	1,668	2,417	2,000	Iraq	234	959	1,100
China ²	265	1,847	1,200	Saudi Arabia	814	1,053	1,050
Uruguay	597	806	775	Iran	1,574	765	950
Egypt	338	705	700	Philippines	699	1,175	900
Argentina	366	368	375	Cote d'Ivoire	291	654	750
EU-25 ¹	318	265	351	Senegal	604	874	750
CORN				CORN			
United States	56,589	49,313	52,072	Japan	15,976	16,340	16,800
Argentina	7,494	9,676	8,500	Korea	8,963	8,743	9,500
China ²	157	7,276	8,000	Mexico	6,433	5,928	6,300
Brazil	267	6,261	4,000	EU-25 ¹	4,486	3,800	5,000
South Africa	2,650	1,281	1,000	Taiwan ²	5,734	4,924	4,800
Ukraine	58	397	1,000	Egypt	2,257	5,268	4,500
India	42	95	500	Malaysia	2,309	2,588	2,400
EU-25 ¹	388	1,016	400	Colombia	1,430	1,857	2,100
Paraguay	124	465	400	Canada	823	2,746	2,000
Canada	604	122	300	Algeria	488	1,600	1,500

- Represents zero. ¹ European Union (EU) has been updated to EU-25 for 2000-2003, but 1995 remains EU-15 data. EU-15: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and United Kingdom. EU-25 added: Poland, Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovakia, Slovenia, Latvia, Lithuania, Estonia, Cyprus, and Malta. ² See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, unpublished data from the PS&D (Production, supply and distribution) database.

No. 1361. Unmanufactured Tobacco and Cigarettes—Selected Countries: 1995 to 2003

[5,546 represents 5,546,000. Tobacco is on dry weight basis]

Country	Unmanufactured tobacco (1,000 metric tons)			Country	Cigarettes (bil. pieces)		
	1995	2000	2003		1995	2000	2003
PRODUCTION				PRODUCTION			
World, total	5,546	6,097	5,371	World, total	5,599	5,609	5,536
China ¹	2,083	2,295	1,918	China ¹	1,735	1,699	1,735
India	528	599	595	United States	746	595	500
Brazil	324	493	516	Russia	141	341	380
United States	513	408	339	Japan	263	258	224
Indonesia	(NA)	157	135	Germany	221	207	211
EXPORTS				EXPORTS			
World, total	1,767	1,962	2,089	World, total	987	843	762
Brazil	256	342	458	Netherlands	82	102	136
United States	209	180	155	United States	231	136	117
China ¹	(NA)	113	146	Germany	85	91	105
Malawi	99	101	121	United Kingdom	85	111	100
Italy	(NA)	101	121	Singapore	50	59	59
IMPORTS				IMPORTS			
World, total	1,781	2,011	2,033	World, total	668	714	721
Russia	148	285	293	Japan	72	83	83
United States	199	197	261	Italy	39	56	65
Germany	210	263	195	France	51	68	60
Netherlands	89	112	102	Singapore	38	49	49
United Kingdom	141	108	88	United Kingdom	20	69	44
CONSUMPTION				CONSUMPTION			
World, total	6,305	5,136	5,906	World, total	668	714	721
China ¹	2,209	1,235	2,232	Japan	72	83	83
India	464	474	488	Italy	39	56	65
United States	699	499	444	France	51	68	60
Russia	142	301	294	Singapore	38	49	49
Japan	197	165	147	United Kingdom	20	69	44
				Spain	(NA)	25	38
				Germany	(NA)	34	36

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, *Tobacco: World Markets and Trade*, June 2004.

No. 1362. Wood Products—Production, Exports, and Consumption for Selected Countries: 1990 to 2003

[In thousand cubic meters (5,830 represents 5,830,000)]

Country	Production			Exports			Consumption		
	1990	2002	2003	1990	2002	2003	1990	2002	2003
SOFTWOOD LOGS									
Australia			16,500	(NA)	900	900	5,830	15,578	15,601
Canada	122,000	168,000	170,000	800	4,200	4,500	125,289	167,800	167,500
China ¹	69,080	27,335	27,362	8	1	1	72,836	39,645	43,469
Finland	19,600	26,000	26,000	161	500	500	19,734	31,500	31,500
France	14,189	13,000	13,000	477	400	500	13,969	12,720	12,650
Germany ²	(NA)	18,000	17,500	1,947	3,500	3,100	(NA)	17,500	17,100
Japan	16,775	12,800	12,500	11	2	2	33,446	24,098	23,498
New Zealand	8,361	16,000	16,000	2,931	6,975	7,000	5,435	9,029	9,005
Russia	(NA)	66,000	68,000	(NA)	21,500	22,500	(NA)	44,500	45,500
Sweden	24,700	30,000	30,000	336	2,000	2,000	24,787	37,000	37,000
SOFTWOOD LUMBER									
Canada	53,777	69,000	73,000	37,008	43,900	48,000	17,767	25,600	25,400
China	17,650	4,830	5,229	15	88	88	17,733	5,510	6,101
Finland	7,400	13,000	13,500	4,152	8,500	8,800	3,261	4,700	4,900
Germany ²	12,145	14,600	15,000	839	3,500	3,500	15,551	15,600	15,500
Japan	26,551	14,300	14,000	7	5	5	33,854	22,295	21,995
Russia	(NA)	14,100	14,665	(NA)	4,400	4,750	(NA)	9,700	9,915
Sweden	11,785	16,000	16,300	6,500	11,300	11,600	5,431	4,850	4,850
TEMPERATE HARDWOOD LOGS									
China ¹	42,340	14,127	14,410	83	12	11	42,286	19,703	20,713
France	10,157	7,000	6,500	1,655	958	700	8,621	6,266	6,050
Russia	(NA)	23,500	24,000	(NA)	9,600	10,000	(NA)	13,900	14,000
TEMPERATE HARDWOOD LUMBER									
China ¹	10,819	3,059	3,606	65	350	367	10,755	5,622	6,444
France	3,303	2,320	2,100	646	540	370	2,767	1,979	1,880
Russia	(NA)	4,700	4,795	(NA)	380	400	(NA)	4,320	4,395
TROPICAL HARDWOOD LOGS									
Brazil	33,000	28,835	29,700	(NA)	14	20	33,146	28,821	29,680
Indonesia	27,000	26,500	25,000	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	27,068	26,500	25,000
Malaysia	39,655	19,500	19,000	20,378	4,300	3,000	19,286	15,500	16,050
TROPICAL HARDWOOD LUMBER									
Brazil	8,500	15,300	15,912	525	370	425	8,252	14,963	15,517
Indonesia	9,000	6,500	6,250	561	(NA)	(NA)	8,439	6,500	6,250
Malaysia	8,780	5,000	5,200	5,247	2,500	2,400	3,568	4,000	4,800

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ² Data for 1990 do not include East Germany.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service, *Wood Products: International Trade and Foreign Markets, Biennial Production, Consumption, and Trade Edition*, Circular Series WP-1-01, March 2001, year 1990; thereafter Production, Supply & Distribution Online <<http://www.fas.usda.gov/psd/completetables/FO-table2-40.htm>> (accessed January 2004).

No. 1363. World Production of Major Mineral Commodities: 1990 to 2002

[5,348 represents 5,348,000,000]

Commodity	Unit	1990	1995	2001	2002	Leading producers, 2001
MINERAL FUELS						
Coal	Mil. short tons	5,348	5,079	5,227	5,252	China, United States, India
Dry natural gas	Tril. cu. ft.	73.6	78.0	90.5	92.3	Russia, United States, Canada
Natural gas plant liquids ¹	Mil. barrels ²	1,691	2,005	2,458	2,570	United States, Saudi Arabia, Canada
Petroleum, crude	Mil. barrels ²	22,107	22,752	24,799	24,397	Saudi Arabia, Russian, United States
NONMETALLIC MINERALS						
Cement, hydraulic	Mil. metric tons	1,160	1,444	1,700	1,800	China, India, United States (inc. Puerto Rico)
Diamond, gem and industrial	Mil. carats	111	113	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Nitrogen in ammonia	Mil. metric tons	97.5	100.0	106.0	109.0	China, United States, India
Phosphate rock	Mil. metric tons	162	130	126	135	United States, Morocco and Western Sahara, China
Potash, marketable	Mil. metric tons	27.5	24.6	26.4	26.3	(NA)
Salt	Mil. metric tons	183	192	225	210	Canada, China, Germany
Sulfur, elemental basis	Mil. metric tons	57.8	53.2	57.3	57.7	Canada, United States, Russia
METALS						
Aluminum ³	Mil. metric tons	19.3	19.7	24.4	25.9	Russia, China, United States
Bauxite, gross weight	Mil. metric tons	113.0	112.0	138.0	144.0	Australia, Guinea, Brazil
Chromite, gross weight ¹	1,000 metric tons	13,200	14,300	12,100	13,500	South Africa, Kazakhstan, India
Copper, metal content ⁴	1,000 metric tons	8,950	10,100	13,700	13,600	Chile, United States, Indonesia
Gold, metal content	Metric tons	2,180	2,210	2,570	2,550	South Africa, United States, Australia
Iron ore, gross weight ⁵	Mil. metric tons	983	1,031	1,060	1,080	China, Brazil, Australia
Lead, metal content	1,000 metric tons	3,370	2,820	3,100	2,910	Australia, China, United States
Nickel, metal content ⁴	1,000 metric tons	974	1,030	1,330	1,340	Russia, Australia, Canada
Tin, metal content ⁴	1,000 metric tons	221	193	222	249	China, Indonesia, Peru

NA Not available. ¹ Excludes China. ² 42-gallon barrels. ³ Unalloyed ingot metal. ⁴ Mine output. ⁵ Includes iron ore concentrates and iron ore agglomerates.

Source: Mineral fuels, U.S. Energy Information Administration *International Energy Annual, 2004*; nonmetallic minerals and metals, 1990, U.S. Bureau of Mines, thereafter, U.S. Geological Survey, *Minerals Yearbook; Annual Reports*; and *Mineral Commodity Summaries, 2003*.

No. 1364. World Primary Energy Production by Region and Type: 1980 to 2002

[In quadrillion Btu (289.1 represents 289,100,000,000,000). Btu=British thermal units. For Btu conversion factors, see source]

Region and type	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 ¹
World total²	289.1	308.6	351.1	363.8	380.3	383.9	384.8	396.3	402.9	405.0
North America	83.3	87.6	91.8	96.0	98.9	99.5	98.4	98.7	99.1	98.6
United States	67.3	67.7	70.7	71.2	72.4	72.8	71.7	71.2	71.4	70.8
Central and South America	12.1	13.7	16.7	21.1	24.1	24.8	24.5	26.0	25.9	25.4
Western Europe	30.5	37.3	38.4	41.6	44.0	43.8	44.2	44.2	44.6	44.3
Eastern Europe and former U.S.S.R.	67.6	77.0	81.8	59.5	58.1	57.5	59.9	62.1	64.1	66.0
Middle East	42.3	25.8	41.0	48.0	51.3	54.5	53.4	57.1	55.9	54.1
Africa	17.4	18.4	21.6	24.1	26.2	26.4	26.6	27.8	28.1	28.0
Far East and Oceania	36.0	48.9	59.6	73.4	77.6	77.4	77.8	80.4	85.3	88.5
Petroleum	133.2	121.2	136.4	141.5	149.0	151.9	149.8	155.9	155.3	153.4
Natural gas	54.7	64.2	75.9	80.2	83.9	85.6	87.5	91.0	93.4	95.3
Coal	72.5	83.5	92.0	88.7	92.4	91.1	90.6	91.4	96.7	97.4
Hydroelectric power	18.0	20.6	22.5	25.4	26.2	26.2	26.7	27.1	26.0	26.6
Nuclear electric power	7.6	15.3	20.3	23.2	23.8	24.3	25.1	25.5	26.4	26.9
Geothermal, solar, wind, wood, and waste	0.5	0.8	1.7	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.3

¹ Preliminary. ² Includes geothermal, solar, and wood and waste energy produced in the United States and not used for generating electricity, not shown separately by type.

No. 1365. World Primary Energy Consumption by Region and Type: 1980 to 2002

[In quadrillion Btu (284.9 represents 284,900,000,000,000). Btu=British thermal units. For Btu conversion factors, see source]

Region and type	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 ¹
World total²	284.8	310.1	348.2	365.9	380.3	381.5	388.8	399.1	403.9	411.2
North America	91.8	91.2	100.9	108.8	113.0	113.4	115.5	118.2	115.2	117.4
United States	78.3	76.4	84.6	91.2	94.7	95.1	96.8	98.9	96.3	97.6
Central and South America	11.5	12.4	14.5	17.6	19.4	20.1	20.3	20.9	21.2	21.2
Western Europe	58.5	59.6	64.1	66.2	68.8	70.2	70.3	71.5	72.6	72.3
Eastern Europe and former U.S.S.R.	61.3	70.5	74.1	52.6	49.8	48.8	50.1	50.5	51.8	51.9
Middle East	5.9	8.6	11.1	13.9	15.4	16.2	16.6	17.3	18.0	18.9
Africa	6.8	8.5	9.3	10.6	11.4	11.3	11.6	12.0	12.5	12.7
Far East and Oceania	49.1	59.4	74.2	96.0	102.5	101.4	104.4	108.7	112.7	116.9
Petroleum	131.0	123.1	136.0	142.6	148.6	150.2	153.7	155.6	158.0	159.4
Natural gas	54.0	63.6	75.0	81.0	84.6	85.5	87.6	91.0	92.2	94.7
Coal	71.3	83.9	90.5	89.0	92.3	90.4	90.8	94.8	96.3	98.3
Hydroelectric power	18.0	20.6	22.5	25.4	26.2	26.2	26.7	27.1	26.0	26.6
Nuclear electric power	7.6	15.3	20.3	23.2	23.8	24.3	25.1	25.5	26.4	26.9
Geothermal, solar, wind, wood, and waste	0.5	0.8	1.7	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.3

¹ Preliminary. ² See footnote 2, Table 1364.

Source of Tables 1364 and 1365: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *International Energy Annual, 2002*. Also see <<http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/iea/contents.html>>.

No. 1366. World Energy Consumption by Region and Energy Source, 1990 to 2025

[In quadrillion Btu (348.4 represents 348,400,000,000,000). Btu=British thermal units. For Btu conversion factors, see source. Energy totals include net imports of coal coke and electricity generated from biomass in the United States. The electricity portion of the national consumption values consists of generation for domestic use plus an adjustment for electricity trade based on a fuel's share of total generation in the exporting country]

Region and energy source	Projections						
	1990	2000	2001	2010	2015	2020	2025
World, total	348.4	398.9	403.9	470.8	517.3	567.8	622.9
North America	100.6	118.7	115.6	134.5	144.6	155.0	166.6
United States	84.6	99.3	97.0	111.8	119.7	127.9	136.5
Western Europe	59.9	66.8	68.2	71.2	73.8	76.7	79.7
Industrialized Asia	22.3	27.5	27.7	30.6	32.0	33.4	35.1
Eastern Europe and former Soviet Union	76.3	52.2	53.3	59.0	64.3	70.3	75.6
Developing Asia	52.5	80.5	85.0	110.6	129.7	150.5	173.4
Middle East	13.1	20.3	20.8	25.0	27.7	30.7	34.1
Africa	9.3	11.9	12.4	14.6	16.7	19.0	21.5
Central and South America	14.4	21.0	20.9	25.4	28.4	32.2	36.9
Oil	135.1	155.9	156.5	185.4	204.0	223.8	245.3
Natural gas	75.0	91.4	93.1	108.5	122.0	138.8	156.5
Coal	91.6	93.6	95.9	108.0	116.6	126.8	140.2
Nuclear	20.3	25.5	26.4	29.8	31.4	31.8	30.4
Other	26.4	32.8	32.2	39.0	43.2	46.6	50.4

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Energy Outlook 2004*. Also see <<http://www.eia.doe.gov/oiaf/ieo/pdf/appa1a8.pdf>>.

No. 1367. Energy Consumption and Production by Country: 1995 and 2002

[365.9 represents 365,900,000,000,000. See text of this section for general comments about the data. For data qualifications for countries, see source]

Country	Primary energy consumed				Dry natural gas production (tril. cu. ft)		Crude petroleum production (1,000 barrels per day)		Coal production (mil. short tons)	
	Total (quad. Btu)		Per capita (mil. Btu)		1995	2002, prel.	1995	2002, prel.	1995	2002, prel.
	1995	2002 prel.	1995	2002, prel.						
World Total	365.9	411.2	64	66	78.0	92.3	62,335	66,842	5,079	5,252
United States	91.2	97.6	64	66	18.6	19.0	6,560	5,746	1,033	1,094
Algeria	1.3	1.3	47	41	2.1	2.8	1,202	1,306	(Z)	(Z)
Argentina	2.3	2.5	66	65	0.9	1.3	715	757	(Z)	(Z)
Australia	4.0	5.6	224	286	1.0	1.3	562	626	267	378
Austria	1.3	1.4	159	172	0.1	0.1	23	19	1	2
Bahrain	0.3	0.4	489	587	0.2	0.3	41	35	(Z)	(Z)
Bangladesh	0.4	0.6	3	4	0.3	0.4	1	6	(Z)	(Z)
Belarus	1.0	1.2	99	116	(Z)	(Z)	38	37	(Z)	(Z)
Belgium	2.3	2.7	230	265	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1	(Z)
Brazil	7.0	8.6	44	49	0.2	0.3	695	1,455	5	5
Bulgaria	0.9	0.9	109	107	(Z)	(Z)	1	1	30	28
Burma	0.1	0.2	3	3	0.1	0.3	10	15	(Z)	(Z)
Canada	12.1	13.1	412	418	5.6	6.6	1,805	2,171	83	73
Chile	0.8	1.1	54	68	0.1	(Z)	11	6	1	(Z)
China ¹	35.2	43.2	29	33	0.6	1.2	2,990	3,390	1,537	1,521
Colombia	1.1	1.2	28	28	0.2	0.2	585	577	28	48
Congo (Kinshasa) ²	0.1	0.1	2	2	(Z)	(Z)	30	23	(Z)	(Z)
Cuba	0.4	0.5	38	42	(Z)	(Z)	26	47	(Z)	(Z)
Czech Republic	1.7	1.6	165	154	(Z)	(Z)	3	7	83	70
Denmark	0.9	0.8	168	155	0.2	0.3	186	371	(Z)	(Z)
Ecuador	0.3	0.4	27	29	(Z)	(Z)	392	393	(Z)	(Z)
Egypt	1.6	2.3	26	33	0.4	0.9	920	631	(Z)	(Z)
Finland	1.1	1.2	220	236	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
France	10.1	11.0	173	184	0.1	0.1	50	27	11	2
Germany	14.3	14.3	175	173	0.7	0.8	59	69	274	231
Greece	1.1	1.4	108	126	(Z)	(Z)	9	3	64	75
Hong Kong	0.6	0.9	102	122	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Hungary	1.0	1.1	101	106	0.2	0.1	35	24	16	14
India	11.5	14.0	12	13	0.6	0.9	703	665	321	393
Indonesia	3.3	4.5	16	21	2.2	2.5	1,503	1,267	45	112
Iran	3.8	5.9	61	86	1.2	2.6	3,643	3,444	1	1
Iraq	1.1	1.2	56	47	0.1	0.1	560	2,023	(Z)	(Z)
Ireland	0.4	0.6	120	161	0.1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Israel	0.6	0.8	116	126	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Italy	7.1	7.6	124	133	0.7	0.5	93	85	(Z)	(Z)
Japan	20.9	22.0	166	172	0.1	0.1	11	5	7	3
Korea, North	1.2	1.1	52	49	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	35	37
Korea, South	6.6	8.4	147	177	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	6	4
Kuwait	0.6	1.0	347	390	0.2	0.3	2,057	1,894	(Z)	(Z)
Libya	0.6	0.7	117	123	0.2	0.2	1,390	1,319	(Z)	(Z)
Malaysia	1.5	2.3	72	97	1.0	1.7	682	698	(Z)	1
Mexico	5.5	6.6	60	65	1.0	1.3	2,618	3,177	10	12
Morocco	0.4	0.5	14	15	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	1	1	(Z)
Netherlands	3.6	3.9	231	244	3.0	2.7	66	46	(Z)	(Z)
New Zealand	0.8	0.9	224	228	0.2	0.2	32	30	4	5
Nigeria	0.8	0.9	8	8	0.2	0.5	1,993	2,118	(Z)	(Z)
Norway	1.8	2.0	410	442	1.1	2.4	2,768	2,990	(Z)	2
Pakistan	1.6	1.8	13	12	0.6	0.8	57	50	3	4
Peru	0.5	0.6	20	21	(Z)	(Z)	130	97	(Z)	(Z)
Philippines	1.0	1.2	14	15	(Z)	0.1	3	24	1	2
Poland	3.7	3.3	96	87	0.2	0.2	5	17	220	178
Portugal	0.8	1.1	85	107	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Romania	2.0	1.7	89	77	0.7	0.5	135	120	45	34
Russia	27.9	27.5	189	191	21.0	21.0	5,995	7,408	271	259
Saudi Arabia	3.9	5.1	203	219	1.3	2.0	8,231	7,634	(Z)	(Z)
Serbia and Montenegro	0.5	0.7	44	65	(Z)	(Z)	22	14	45	35
South Africa	4.1	4.5	100	102	0.1	0.1	(Z)	19	227	245
Spain	4.3	5.9	108	143	(Z)	(Z)	13	7	31	24
Sweden	2.2	2.2	254	251	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Switzerland	1.2	1.3	174	177	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Syria	0.7	0.9	45	49	0.1	0.2	575	511	(Z)	(Z)
Taiwan	2.9	4.1	134	182	(Z)	(Z)	1	1	(Z)	(Z)
Thailand	2.2	3.1	38	49	0.4	0.7	51	127	20	22
Trinidad and Tobago	0.3	0.5	258	386	0.3	0.6	131	122	(Z)	(Z)
Tunisia	0.2	0.3	24	35	(Z)	0.1	89	76	(Z)	(Z)
Turkey	2.5	3.1	39	44	(Z)	(Z)	67	47	61	59
Ukraine	7.2	6.5	140	134	0.6	0.6	65	75	95	93
United Arab Emirates	1.6	2.1	642	720	1.1	1.5	2,233	2,082	(Z)	(Z)
United Kingdom	9.4	9.6	163	162	2.7	3.6	2,489	2,292	52	33
Venezuela	2.5	2.9	113	115	0.9	1.1	2,750	2,604	4	10
Vietnam	0.5	0.9	7	11	(Z)	0.1	173	340	9	14

Z Less than 50 billion cubic feet, 500 barrels per day, or 500,000 short tons. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ² See footnote 3, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *International Energy Annual*.

No. 1368. Net Electricity Generation by Type and Country: 2001

[14,813.3 represents 14,813,300,000,000]

Country	Total ¹ (bil. kWh)	Percent distribution				Country	Total ¹ (bil. kWh)	Percent distribution				
		Ther- mal ²	Hydro	Nuclear				Ther- mal ²	Hydro	Nuclear		
World, total	14,813.3	64.1	17.3	17.0								
Argentina	86.4	49.4	42.4	7.6	Korea, South	265.9	58.2	1.5	40.1			
Australia	204.7	91.3	7.9	-	Malaysia	67.7	89.3	10.7	-			
Austria	60.8	28.5	68.1	-	Mexico	198.6	78.7	14.2	4.2			
Belgium	74.4	38.2	0.6	59.2	Netherlands	88.2	90.7	0.1	4.3			
Brazil	323.0	9.4	82.1	4.4	New Zealand	38.6	33.9	55.0	-			
Bulgaria	41.3	50.6	5.2	44.2	Norway	120.0	0.4	99.3	-			
Canada	570.1	28.1	57.8	12.8	Pakistan	68.9	69.9	27.2	2.9			
China ³	1,409.3	80.3	18.3	1.2	Paraguay	44.9	(Z)	99.9	-			
Colombia	42.5	24.6	74.1	-	Poland	135.2	97.7	1.7	-			
Czech Republic	70.0	76.1	2.9	20.0	Romania	51.3	61.4	28.8	9.8			
Denmark	35.4	82.7	0.1	-	Russia	843.5	64.1	20.6	14.9			
Egypt	78.4	82.2	17.8	-	Saudi Arabia	129.1	100.0	-	-			
Finland	71.0	39.4	18.4	30.5	Serbia and Montenegro	30.5	62.3	37.7	-			
France	522.1	8.4	14.1	76.8	South Africa	199.6	93.6	1.0	5.4			
Germany	547.9	62.5	3.7	29.7	Spain	223.4	50.4	18.2	27.1			
Greece	50.0	94.1	4.2	-	Sweden	153.9	3.9	50.9	42.7			
Hungary	34.4	60.1	0.5	39.0	Switzerland	68.7	1.2	59.6	37.1			
India	545.6	82.6	13.4	3.3	Taiwan ³	151.1	71.4	6.0	22.6			
Indonesia	96.1	86.1	11.0	-	Thailand	96.8	92.2	6.4	-			
Iran	124.2	96.0	4.0	-	Turkey	116.6	79.3	20.4	-			
Italy	258.0	78.7	18.0	-	Ukraine	163.3	48.7	7.4	43.9			
Japan	978.3	58.9	8.5	31.0	United Kingdom	361.6	73.6	1.1	23.7			
Kazakhstan	52.4	84.7	15.3	-	United States	3,736.6	71.6	5.6	20.6			
Korea, North	31.6	28.5	71.5	-	Uzbekistan	45.4	86.9	13.1	-			
					Venezuela	87.6	31.7	68.3	-			

- Represents zero. Z Less than 0.05 percent. ¹ Includes geothermal, solar, wind, and wood and waste generation, not shown separately. ² Electricity generated from coal, oil, and gas. ³ See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *International Energy Annual 2002*.

No. 1369. Commercial Nuclear Power Generation by Country: 1990 to 2003

[The complete publication including this copyright table is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office and the National Technical Information Service]

No. 1371. Indexes of Hourly Compensation Costs for Production Workers in Manufacturing by Country: 1980 to 2002

[United States=100. Compensation costs include pay for time worked, other direct pay (including holiday and vacation pay, bonuses, other direct payments, and the cost of pay in kind), employer expenditures for legally required insurance programs and contractual and private benefit plans, and for some countries, other labor taxes. Data adjusted for exchange rates. Area averages are trade-weighted to account for difference in countries' relative importance to U.S. trade in manufactured goods. The trade weights used are the sum of U.S. imports of manufactured products for consumption (customs value) and U.S. exports of domestic manufactured products (f.a.s. value) in 1992; see source for detail]

Area or country	1980	1985	1990	1995	2001	2002	Area or country	1980	1985	1990	1995	2001	2002
United States	100	100	100	100	100	100	Austria ⁷	90	58	119	147	94	99
Total¹	66	51	80	89	66	66	Belgium	133	69	129	161	102	107
OECD ²	72	55	86	95	71	71	Denmark	110	62	121	145	107	114
Europe	99	61	115	127	90	95	Finland ⁸	84	63	142	141	96	101
Asian newly industrializing economies ³	12	13	25	38	33	33	France	91	58	104	113	77	82
Brazil	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	14	12	Germany	124	73	146	184	118	123
Canada	88	84	107	94	77	75	Greece	38	28	45	53	(NA)	(NA)
Mexico	22	12	11	10	11	11	Ireland	61	46	79	80	64	71
Australia ⁴	86	63	89	90	65	73	Italy	83	59	117	94	67	70
Hong Kong ⁵	15	13	22	29	29	27	Luxembourg	117	58	108	136	84	89
Israel	38	31	57	61	66	57	Netherlands	122	67	121	140	96	102
Japan	56	49	85	138	95	88	Norway	117	80	144	142	112	128
Korea, South	10	9	25	42	38	43	Portugal	21	12	25	31	(NA)	(NA)
New Zealand	53	34	55	58	38	42	Spain	60	36	76	74	53	56
Singapore	15	19	25	43	37	34	Sweden	127	74	140	125	89	95
Sri Lanka	2	2	2	3	2	(NA)	Switzerland	112	74	140	170	106	113
Taiwan ⁶	10	11	26	34	28	25	United Kingdom	77	48	85	80	78	82

NA Not available. ¹ From 1975 to 1998, the 28 foreign economies shown below less Brazil; thereafter all 29 foreign economies. ² Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development; see text of this section. ³ Hong Kong, South Korea, Singapore, and Taiwan. ⁴ Includes non-production workers, except in managerial, executive, professional, and higher supervisory positions. ⁵ Average of selected manufacturing industries. ⁶ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ⁷ Excludes workers in establishments considered handicraft manufactures (including all printing and publishing and miscellaneous manufacturing in Austria). ⁸ Includes workers in mining and electrical power plants. ⁹ Former West Germany.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *News Release* USDL 03-507, September 26, 2003. Also see <<http://ftp.bls.gov/pub/special.requests/ForeignLabor/suptab.txt>>.

No. 1372. Key Global Telecom Indicators for the World Telecommunication Service Sector: 1995 to 2002

[In billions U.S. dollars (779 represents \$779,000,000,000), except where noted. All data were converted by annual average exchange rates. Country fiscal year data was aggregated to obtain calendar year estimates]

Indicators	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002, prel.
Telecom market total revenue	779	885	946	1,015	1,123	1,210	1,232	1,295
Telecom telephone services revenue ¹	428	444	437	456	476	477	472	465
Other statistics:								
Main telephone lines (mil.)	689	738	792	846	905	983	1,053	1,129
Mobile cellular subscribers (mil.)	91	145	215	318	490	740	955	1,155
International telephone traffic minutes ² (bil.)	63	71	79	89	100	118	127	135
Personal computers (mil.)	235	275	325	375	435	500	555	615
Internet users (mil.)	40	74	117	183	277	399	502	580

¹ Revenue from installation, subscription and local, trunk and international call charges for fixed telephone service. ² From 1995 including traffic between countries of former Soviet Union.

Source: International Telecommunication Union, Geneva Switzerland, 2003; <<http://www.itu.int/ITU-D/ict/statistics/at glance/KeyTelecom99.html>>.

No. 1373. Telephones and Computers by Country: 2002

[Rates per 100 persons. See text of this section for general comments about the data. For data qualifications for countries, see source]

Country	Telephone main lines	Cellular phone subscribers	Personal computers ¹	Country	Telephone main lines	Cellular phone subscribers	Personal computers ¹
Australia	53.86	63.98	56.51	Italy	48.07	93.87	23.07
Austria	48.88	78.62	36.93	Japan	55.83	63.65	38.22
Belgium	49.44	78.56	24.14	Korea, South	48.86	67.95	55.58
Brazil	22.32	20.06	7.48	Mexico	14.67	25.45	8.20
Canada	63.55	37.72	48.70	Netherlands	61.77	74.47	46.66
China ²	16.69	16.09	2.76	Norway	73.44	84.36	52.83
Colombia	17.94	10.62	4.93	Pakistan	2.50	0.85	(NA)
Czech Republic	36.23	84.88	17.74	Poland	(NA)	36.26	10.56
Ecuador	11.02	12.06	3.11	Russia	24.22	12.01	8.87
Egypt	11.49	6.68	1.66	Saudi Arabia	15.11	22.80	13.67
Finland	52.35	86.74	44.17	Singapore	46.29	79.56	62.20
France	56.89	64.70	34.71	South Africa	10.66	30.39	7.26
Germany	65.09	72.75	43.13	Spain	50.62	82.42	19.60
Guatemala	7.05	13.15	1.44	Switzerland	74.42	78.93	70.87
Hungary	36.12	67.60	10.84	Taiwan ²	58.17	106.15	39.46
India	3.98	1.22	0.72	Thailand	10.50	26.04	3.98
Indonesia	3.65	5.52	1.19	United Kingdom	59.06	84.07	40.57
Iraq	2.78	0.08	0.83	United States	64.58	48.81	65.89
Israel	45.30	95.45	24.26				

- Represents or rounds to zero. NA Not available. ¹ In many countries mainframe computers are used extensively, and thousands of users can be connected to a single mainframe computer; thus the number of PCs understates the total use of computers. ² See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: International Telecommunications Union, Geneva, Switzerland, *World Telecommunication Indicators*, (copyright).

No. 1374. Dow-Jones World Stock Index by Country and Industry: 1995 to 2003

[Index figures shown are as of December 31. Based on share prices denominated in U.S. dollars. Stocks in countries that impose significant restrictions on foreign ownership are included in the world index in the same proportion that shares are available to foreign investors]

Country and industry	1995	2001	2002	2003	Country and industry	1995	2001	2002	2003
World, total	132.4	175.7	140.5	187.0	Asia/Pacific	118.5	73.2	66.5	92.2
Americas	145.3	259.5	199.8	259.8	Australia	132.9	154.1	149.4	218.1
United States	147.5	266.7	204.5	262.7	Hong Kong	201.9	195.2	156.3	216.8
Canada	112.9	180.1	157.5	238.7	Indonesia	174.7	25.4	33.1	55.0
Mexico	79.0	157.4	133.6	175.6	Japan	111.1	62.3	56.5	77.7
Europe	131.0	189.2	152.6	207.9	Malaysia	224.3	91.6	86.1	108.6
Austria	103.5	86.2	104.4	165.2	New Zealand	178.8	102.7	119.8	180.8
Belgium	144.0	170.5	154.3	217.3	Singapore	187.8	108.4	97.7	133.2
Denmark	113.0	187.3	160.1	239.1	Thailand	196.6	28.4	33.5	80.0
Finland	267.1	955.0	671.5	788.0	Basic materials	128.1	109.8	107.6	154.1
France	117.9	193.4	153.8	213.9	Consumer, cyclical	131.7	171.4	136.9	184.8
Germany	133.9	165.8	112.1	180.9	Consumer, noncyclical	125.5	173.2	166.0	199.0
Ireland	155.6	301.0	236.7	341.4	Energy	132.7	206.4	187.3	234.7
Italy	80.3	137.8	123.6	171.0	Financial	134.9	175.5	147.7	201.6
Netherlands	176.0	257.2	199.5	249.8	Healthcare	133.3	281.7	224.6	270.3
Norway	129.8	125.0	110.8	155.8	Industrial	124.0	138.5	106.6	146.2
Spain	111.2	167.3	142.6	221.9	Technology	188.1	377.3	229.6	347.8
Sweden	157.0	236.1	163.3	261.4	Telecommunications	146.8	208.6	147.9	185.6
Switzerland	225.7	293.9	259.1	344.9	Utilities	118.8	123.3	101.9	128.5
United Kingdom	122.5	166.7	137.9	177.3					

Source: Dow Jones & Company, Inc., New York, NY, *Dow Jones Indexes*, (copyright).

No. 1375. Foreign Stock Market Activity—Morgan Stanley Capital International Indexes: 2000 to 2003

[Index figures shown are as of December 31. January 1, 1970=100, except as noted. Based on share prices denominated in U.S. dollars. EM=Emerging Markets]

Index and country	Index			Percent change ¹		Index and country	Index			Percent change ¹	
	2000	2002	2003	2002	2003		2000	2002	2003	2002	2003
ALL COUNTRY (AC) INDEXES						Sweden	4,240	2,088	3,361	-31.5	61.0
AC World index ²	289.8	190.8	251.1	-20.5	31.6	Switzerland	2,695	1,874	2,480	-11.0	32.4
AC World index except USA ²	195.4	127.6	175.5	-16.6	37.5	United Kingdom	1,146	791.1	1,006.1	-17.8	27.2
AC Asia Pacific ²	92.7	63.1	87.2	-9.8	38.2	Hong Kong	5,475	3,424	4,536	-20.6	32.5
AC Europe ²	376.5	238.1	321.9	-19.9	35.2	Japan	2,552	1,593	2,144	-10.9	34.6
European Union ²	361.5	224.1	302.6	-21.2	35.0	Singapore	2,081	1,356	1,820	-13.1	34.2
DEVELOPED MARKETS						EMERGING MARKETS					
World index	1,221	792.2	1,036	-21.1	30.8	EM Far East index ⁴	123.8	130.0	187.9	-7.1	44.5
EAFE index ³	1,492	952.7	1,289	-17.5	35.3	India ⁵	114.5	95.6	166.4	5.9	74.0
Europe index	1,378	867.4	1,169	-20.1	34.8	Indonesia	78.2	95.8	162.8	38.0	70.0
Pacific index	1,832	1,211	1,651	-10.4	36.3	Korea, South	78.7	123.4	163.6	7.5	32.6
Far East index	2,583	1,615	2,171	-11.9	34.4	Malaysia	160.9	160.0	196.9	-2.6	23.1
United States	1,250	824.6	1,045	-24.0	26.8	Pakistan ⁶	44.3	64.4	84.5	122.1	31.2
Canada	832.5	560.1	853.2	-14.4	52.3	Philippines ⁶	142.2	81.9	113.8	-30.5	38.9
Australia	317.7	303.9	441.1	-3.8	45.1	Sri Lanka ⁶	36.3	64.1	91.0	29.8	42.0
New Zealand ⁴	56.4	71.5	107.3	20.0	50.1	Taiwan ⁷	191.7	155.6	217.9	-25.4	40.0
Austria	708.3	749.8	1,158	14.4	54.5	Thailand	56.9	75.4	176.6	24.4	134.2
Belgium	1,222	880.5	1,151	-17.2	30.7	EM Latin America	1,002	658.9	1,101	-24.8	67.1
Denmark	2,201	1,535	2,252	-17.0	46.7	Argentina	1,233	470.3	933.6	-51.0	98.5
Finland ⁴	921.8	386.3	450.9	-31.2	16.7	Brazil	869.9	395.4	802.0	-33.8	102.8
France	1,509	902.1	1,243	-22.2	37.8	Chile	604.7	445.5	800.6	-21.7	79.7
Germany	1,436	724.9	1,161	-34.0	60.1	Colombia ⁶	42.1	68.3	108.6	18.4	59.0
Greece ⁴	475.8	234.6	382.8	-28.2	63.2	Mexico	1,197	1,443	1,873	-15.0	29.8
Ireland ⁴	308.4	212.7	296.5	-28.0	39.4	Peru ⁶	125.0	182.7	344.1	26.8	88.4
Italy	447.2	290.2	391.2	-10.0	34.8	Venezuela ⁶	106.1	77.7	103.8	-18.6	33.6
Luxembourg ⁵	491.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	Czech Republic ⁸	79.9	107.9	166.4	40.9	54.2
Netherlands	2,177	1,290	1,607	-22.5	24.5	Hungary ⁹	233.6	269.5	352.9	28.9	31.0
Norway	1,181	926.2	1,332	-9.0	43.8	Jordan	55.1	72.9	113.4	2.5	55.5
Portugal ⁴	127.8	83.2	115.8	-15.4	39.2	Poland ⁶	499.0	354.0	471.1	-0.5	33.1
Spain	347.1	251.6	388.1	-16.9	54.3	Russia ⁶	155.2	270.7	461.1	13.8	70.3
						South Africa ⁶	157.6	154.9	216.6	23.3	39.8
						Turkey	247.7	104.2	231.8	-36.5	122.5

NA Not available. ¹ Percent change during calendar year (e.g. December 31, 2002 through December 31, 2003). Adjusted for foreign exchange fluctuations relative to U.S. dollar. ² January 1, 1988=100. ³ Europe, Australasia, Far East Index. Comprises all European and Far East countries listed under developed markets plus Australia and New Zealand. ⁴ January 1, 1988=100. ⁵ MSCI Luxembourg Index discontinued as of March 29, 2002. ⁶ January 1, 1993=100. ⁷ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ⁸ January 1, 1995=100.

Source: Morgan Stanley Capital International, New York, NY, <<http://www.msci.com/equity/index.html>> (copyright). This information may not be reproduced or redisseminated in any form without prior written permission from Morgan Stanley Capital International. This information is provided on an "as is" basis. Neither Morgan Stanley or any other party makes any representation or warranty of any kind either express or implied, with respect to this information (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof) and Morgan Stanley expressly disclaims any and all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability, and fitness for any particular purpose. The user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of the information. In no event shall Morgan Stanley or any other party be liable to the user for any direct or indirect damages, including without limitation, any lost profits, lost savings, or other incidental or consequential damages arising out of use of this information.

No. 1376. Foreign Stock Market Indices: 1980 to 2003

[As of year end. The DAX index is a total return index which includes dividends, whereas the other foreign indices are price index which exclude dividends]

Year	London FTSE 100	Tokyo Nikkei 225	Hong Kong Hang Seng	Germany DAX-30	Paris CAC-40	Dow Jones Europe STOXX 50
1980	647	7,116	1,477	481	(X)	(X)
1985	1,413	13,113	1,752	1,366	(X)	(X)
1990	2,144	23,849	3,025	1,398	1,518	835
1991	2,493	22,984	4,297	1,578	1,766	1,000
1992	2,847	16,925	5,512	1,545	1,858	1,058
1993	3,418	17,417	11,888	2,267	2,268	1,429
1994	3,066	19,723	8,191	2,107	1,881	1,299
1995	3,689	19,868	10,073	2,254	1,872	1,538
1996	4,119	19,361	13,452	2,889	2,316	1,850
1997	5,136	15,259	10,723	4,250	2,999	2,634
1998	5,883	13,842	9,507	5,002	3,943	3,320
1999	6,930	18,934	16,962	6,958	5,958	4,742
2000	6,223	13,786	15,096	6,434	5,926	4,557
2001	5,217	10,543	11,397	5,160	4,625	3,707
2002	3,940	8,579	9,321	2,893	3,064	2,408
2003	4,477	10,677	12,576	3,965	3,558	2,660

X Not applicable.

Source: Global Financial Data, Los Angeles, C, <<http://www.globalfindata.com>>, unpublished data (copyright).

No. 1377. United States and Foreign Stock Markets—Market Capitalization and Value of Shares Traded: 1990 to 2003

[In billions of U.S. dollars (3,059.4 represents \$3,059,400,000,000). Market capitalization is the market value of all domestic listed companies at the end of the year. The market value of a company is the share price times the number of shares outstanding. Value of shares traded is the annual total turnover of listed company shares]

Country	Market capitalization				Value of shares traded			
	1990	1995	2002	2003	1990	1995	2002	2003
United States	3,059.4	6,857.6	11,052.4	14,266.3	1,751.3	5,108.6	25,371.3	15,547.4
Argentina	3.3	37.8	103.4	38.9	0.9	4.6	1.4	4.9
Australia	107.6	245.2	381.0	585.5	40.1	98.7	294.7	369.8
Austria	11.5	32.5	31.7	54.5	18.6	25.8	5.8	10.8
Belgium	65.4	105.0	127.6	173.6	6.4	15.2	33.8	37.5
Brazil	16.4	147.6	123.8	234.6	5.6	79.2	48.2	60.4
Canada	241.9	366.3	575.3	894.0	71.3	183.7	406.1	467.8
Chile	13.6	73.9	47.6	86.3	0.8	11.1	3.1	6.5
China	(NA)	42.1	463.1	681.2	(NA)	49.8	333.4	476.8
Denmark	39.1	56.2	76.8	128.0	11.1	25.9	51.6	67
Egypt	1.8	8.1	26.1	27.1	0.1	0.7	2.6	3.3
Finland	22.7	44.1	138.8	170.3	3.9	19.0	176.5	163.5
France	314.4	522.1	967.0	1,355.6	116.9	364.6	934.8	995.4
Germany	355.1	577.4	686.0	1,079.0	501.8	573.5	1,233.10	1,147.2
Greece	15.2	17.1	68.7	106.8	3.9	6.1	24.9	38.6
Hong Kong	83.4	303.7	463.1	714.6	34.6	106.9	210.7	331.6
India	38.6	127.2	131.0	279.1	21.9	13.7	197.1	284.8
Indonesia	8.1	66.6	30.0	54.7	4.0	14.4	13	14.8
Iran	(NA)	6.6	14.3	34.4	(NA)	0.7	1.9	5.3
Ireland	(NA)	25.8	59.9	85.1	(NA)	13.2	32.9	44
Israel	3.3	36.4	45.4	75.7	5.5	9.2	55.3	41.6
Italy	148.8	209.5	477.1	614.8	42.6	86.9	539.9	663.2
Japan	2,917.7	3,667.3	2,126.1	3,040.7	1,602.4	1,231.6	1,573.3	2,273.00
Korea, South	110.6	182.0	249.6	329.6	75.9	185.2	826.6	682.7
Luxembourg	10.5	30.4	24.6	37.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3
Malaysia	48.6	222.7	123.9	168.4	10.9	76.8	27.6	50.1
Mexico	32.7	90.7	103.1	122.5	12.2	34.4	27.7	23.5
Morocco	1.0	6.0	8.6	13.2	0.1	2.4	0.6	0.7
Netherlands	119.8	356.5	401.5	488.6	40.2	248.6	462.3	463.5
New Zealand	8.8	32.0	21.7	33.1	1.9	8.4	7.5	10.5
Norway	26.1	44.6	67.3	94.7	10.0	24.4	48.9	70
Philippines	5.9	58.9	39.0	23.6	1.2	14.7	3.1	2.6
Poland	(NA)	4.6	28.8	37.2	(NA)	2.8	5.8	8.5
Portugal	9.2	18.4	42.8	58.3	1.7	4.2	20.3	21.4
Russia	(NA)	15.9	124.2	230.8	(NA)	0.5	36.1	81
Saudi Arabia	(NA)	40.9	74.9	157.3	(NA)	6.2	35.7	159.1
Singapore	34.3	148.0	101.9	145.1	20.3	60.5	56.1	87.9
Sweden	97.9	178.0	177.1	287.5	17.6	93.2	218.5	263.8
Switzerland	160.0	433.6	553.8	725.7	(NA)	310.9	656.7	575.6
Taiwan	100.7	187.2	261.5	379.0	715.0	383.1	631.9	592
Thailand	23.9	141.5	46.1	118.7	22.9	57.0	47.6	96.6
Turkey	19.1	20.8	34.0	68.4	5.8	51.4	70.7	99.6
United Kingdom	848.9	1,407.7	1,864.1	2,412.4	278.7	510.1	2,721.3	2,150.8

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: Standard and Poor's, New York, NY, *Standard & Poor's Emerging Stock Markets Factbook 2004* (copyright).

No. 1378. Foreign Exchange Rates: 2002

[Foreign currency units per U.S. dollar. Rates shown include market, official, principal, and secondary rates, as published by the International Monetary Fund in *International Financial Statistics*]

Country	Currency	2002	Country	Currency	2002
Afghanistan ¹	Afghanis	3,000.00	Laos	Kip	10,056.3
Albania	Leks	140.15	Latvia	Lats	0.62
Algeria	Algerian Dinar	79.68	Lesbanon	Lebanese Pounds	1,507.50
Antigua and Barbuda	E. Caribbean Dollar	2.70	Lesotho	Maloti	10.54
Argentina	Argentine Pesos	3.06	Liberia	Liberian Dollar	61.75
Armenia	Dram	573.35	Libya	Libyan Dinars	1.21
Aruba	Aruban Florins	1.79	Lithuania	Litai	3.68
Australia	Australian Dollar	1.68	Luxembourg ²	Euro	(NA)
Austria ²	Euro	(NA)	Macedonia, The Former		
Bahamas, The	Bahamian Dollar	1.00	Yugoslav Republic of	Denar	64.35
Bahrain	Bahrain Dinars	0.38	Madagascar	Malagasy Francs	6,832.00
Bangladesh	Taka	57.89	Malaysia	Ringgit	3.80
Barbados	Barbados Dollar	2.00	Mali	Cfa Francs	696.99
Belarus	Belarusian Rubel	1,790.92	Malta	Maltese Liri	0.43
Belgium ²	Euro	(NA)	Mauritania	Ouguiyas	255.63
Belize	Belize Dollar	2.00	Mauritius	Mauritian Rupees	29.96
Benin	Cfa Francs	696.99	Mexico	Mexican Pesos	9.66
Bolivia	Bolivianos	7.17	Moldova	Lei	13.57
Botswana	Pula	6.33	Mongolia	Togrogs	1,110.31
Brazil	Reais	2.92	Morocco	Dirhams	11.02
Bulgaria	Leva	2.08	Mozambique	Meticais	23,678.0
Burkina Faso	Cfa Francs	696.99	Namibia	Namibia Dollar	10.54
Burma	Kyat	6.64	Nepal	Nepalese Rupees	77.88
Cambodia	Riels	3,912.10	Netherlands ²	Euro	(NA)
Cameroun	Cfa Francs	696.99	Netherlands Antilles	Euro	(NA)
Canada	Canadian Dollar	1.57	New Zealand	New Zealand Dollar	2.15
Central African Republic	Cfa Francs	696.99	Nicaragua	Cordobas	14.25
Chad	Cfa Francs	696.99	Niger	Cfa Francs	696.99
Chile	Chilean Pesos	688.94	Nigeria	Naira	120.58
China ³	Yuan	8.28	Norway	Norwegian Kroner	7.98
Colombia	Colombian Pesos	2,504.24	Oman	Rials Omani	0.38
Comoros	Comorian Francs	522.74	Pakistan	Pakistan Rupees	59.72
Congo (Brazzaville) ⁴	Cfa Francs	696.99	Panama	Balboas	1.00
Costa Rica	Colones	359.82	Papua New Guinea	Kina	3.89
Cote d'Ivoire	Cfa Francs	696.99	Paraguay	Guaranies	5,716.30
Croatia	Kuna	7.87	Peru	Nuevos Soles	3.52
Cyprus	Cyprus Pounds	0.61	Philippines	Philippine Pesos	51.60
Czech Republic	Koruny	32.74	Poland	Zlotys	4.08
Denmark	Kroner	7.90	Portugal ²	Euro	(NA)
Djibouti	Djibouti Francs	177.72	Qatar	Qatar Riyals	3.64
Dominica	E. Caribbean Dollar	2.70	Romania	Lei	33,055.4
Dominican Republic	Dominican Pesos	18.61	Russia	Russian Rubles	31.35
Ecuador	U.S. Dollar	25,000.0	Rwanda	Rwanda Francs	475.37
Egypt	Egyptian Pounds	4.50	Saint Kitts and Nevis	E. Caribbean Dollar	2.70
El Salvador	Colones	8.75	Saint Lucia	E. Caribbean Dollar	2.70
Equatorial Guinea	Cfa Francs	696.99	Saint Vincent and the		
Estonia	Krooni	16.61	Grenadines	E. Caribbean Dollar	2.70
Ethiopia ¹	Birr	8.57	Saudi Arabia	Saudi A. Riyals	3.75
Euro area (EMU-11) ²	Euro	1.06	Senegal	Cfa Francs	696.99
Fiji	Fiji Dollar	2.19	Sierra Leone	Leones	2,099.03
Finland ²	Euro	(NA)	Singapore	Singapore Dollar	1.79
France ²	Euro	(NA)	Slovakia	Koruny	45.33
Gabon	Cfa Francs	696.99	Slovenia	Tolars	240.25
Georgia	Lari	2.20	South Africa	Rand	10.54
Germany ²	Euro	(NA)	Spain ²	Euro	(NA)
Greece	Euro	(NA)	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Rupees	95.66
Guatemala	Quetzales	7.82	Sudan	Sudanese Dinars	263.31
Guyana	Guyana Dollar	190.70	Suriname ¹	Suriname Guilders	2,346.75
Haiti	Gourdes	29.25	Swaziland	Emalangen	10.48
Honduras	Lempiras	16.43	Sweden	Swedish Kroner	9.74
Hong Kong	Hong Kong Dollar	7.80	Switzerland	Swiss Francs	1.56
Hungary	Forint	257.89	Syria	Syrian Pounds	11.23
Iceland	Kronur	91.66	Tanzania	Tanzania Shilling	966.58
India	Indian Rupees	48.61	Thailand	Baht	42.96
Indonesia	Rupiah	9,311.20	Togo	Cfa Francs	696.99
Iran	Rials	6,906.96	Trinidad and Tobago	Tt Dollars	6.25
Iraq	Dinars	0.31	Tunisia	Tunisian Dinars	1.42
Ireland ²	Euro	(NA)	Turkey	Liras	1,507,226
Israel	New Sheqalim	4.74	Uganda	Uganda Shilling	1,797.60
Italy ²	Euro	(NA)	Ukraine	Hryvnias	5.33
Jamaica	Jamaica Dollars	48.42	United Arab Emirates	Dirhams	3.67
Japan	Yen	125.39	United Kingdom	Pounds Sterling	0.67
Jordan	Jordanian Dinars	0.71	Uruguay	Uruguayan Pesos	21.26
Kazakhstan	Tenge	153.28	Vanuatu	Vatu	139.20
Kenya	Kenya Shillings	78.75	Venezuela	Bolivares	1,160.95
Korea, South	Won	1,251.09	Yemen	Rials	175.63
Kuwait	Kuwaiti Dinars	0.30	Zambia	Zambian Kwacha	4,398.60
Kyrgyzstan	Soms	46.94	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe Dollar	55.05

NA Not available. ¹ End-of-year values were used if annual averages were unavailable. Some values were estimated using partial year data. ² The euro is the official currency of the 11 Euro Area (EMU) nations. ³ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ⁴ See footnote 3, Table 1321.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, International Trade Administration, "Foreign Exchange Rates, 1994-02"; accessed September 2003. Also see <<http://www.ita.doc.gov/td/industry/otea/usfth/aggregate/H02T34.html>>.

No. 1380. Foreign Trade—Destination of Exports and Source of Imports for Selected Countries: 2002

[In billions of dollars (1,161.2 represents \$1,161,200,000,000)]

Country	United States		Canada		Australia		Japan		France		Germany		Italy		United Kingdom	
	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports
World¹	1,161.2	693.1	222.2	252.4	69.5	65.0	337.6	416.7	303.8	304.9	490.1	615.6	242.7	251.0	351.7	288.6
Canada	209.0	160.9	3.5	-	0.9	1.0	7.2	7.3	1.7	2.5	2.6	5.2	1.2	2.3	5.5	4.7
Mexico	134.6	97.5	8.1	1.5	0.3	0.2	1.8	3.8	0.5	1.4	1.2	4.9	0.2	1.8	0.8	1.1
United States	-	-	139.2	220.1	12.6	6.3	57.9	118.9	24.3	24.7	36.3	63.4	11.7	24.4	39.1	42.6
Australia	6.5	13.1	1.1	0.7	0.3	(Z)	14.0	8.3	0.8	1.6	1.1	3.7	1.2	2.1	2.7	3.2
Japan	121.4	51.4	9.8	5.4	8.6	12.1	-	-	9.9	5.2	18.7	11.6	5.0	4.2	12.7	5.4
Korea	35.6	22.6	3.1	1.3	2.6	5.4	15.5	28.6	2.1	2.3	4.4	5.1	2.3	2.0	4.3	2.2
Czech Republic	1.2	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	(Z)	0.2	0.3	1.6	2.0	15.2	14.6	1.5	2.0	1.9	1.5
Hungary	2.6	0.7	0.1	(Z)	0.1	(Z)	0.4	0.8	1.9	1.8	11.4	10.5	1.8	2.6	1.3	1.1
Norway	5.8	1.4	2.5	0.6	0.1	0.1	1.1	0.7	5.7	1.2	6.6	4.3	1.2	1.1	8.4	2.7
Poland	1.1	0.7	0.2	0.1	(Z)	(Z)	0.1	0.4	2.3	3.6	13.3	15.0	2.3	4.0	1.9	2.0
Switzerland	9.4	7.8	-	0.3	0.7	0.2	3.3	1.6	6.6	9.9	17.6	24.2	9.2	8.8	7.4	5.0
Russia	6.9	2.4	0.2	0.2	(Z)	0.1	3.3	0.9	4.9	2.2	8.6	10.6	4.7	3.6	3.0	1.5
Algeria	2.4	1.0	1.1	0.3	(Z)	(Z)	0.1	0.2	2.6	3.5	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.2	0.5	0.2
Egypt	1.4	2.9	(Z)	0.1	(Z)	0.4	(Z)	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.7
Nigeria	5.9	1.1	0.1	0.1	(Z)	(Z)	0.7	0.3	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.1
South Africa	4.0	2.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.7	2.9	1.6	0.9	1.3	3.0	4.1	1.9	0.9	4.2	2.4
Columbia	5.6	3.6	0.2	0.2	(Z)	(Z)	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1
Brazil	15.8	12.4	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	2.7	1.8	2.2	2.6	3.6	4.6	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.3
Argentina	3.2	1.6	0.2	(Z)	0.1	(Z)	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.5	1.0	0.3	0.4	0.2
Israel	12.4	7.0	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.4	2.1	0.7	1.4	1.4	2.2
Saudi Arabia	13.1	4.8	0.5	0.2	0.7	1.3	11.6	3.8	2.1	1.5	0.8	3.2	1.8	1.7	1.1	2.1
Iran	0.2	(Z)	(Z)	0.1	(Z)	0.3	4.7	0.8	0.8	1.4	0.3	2.1	1.8	1.7	0.1	0.6
Pakistan	2.3	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.4
India	11.8	4.1	0.8	0.4	0.5	1.3	2.1	1.9	1.4	0.9	2.4	2.2	1.5	1.0	2.8	2.7
Thailand	14.8	4.9	1.1	0.3	1.7	1.4	10.5	13.2	1.4	0.7	2.2	2.0	0.8	0.6	2.4	0.8
Malaysia	24.0	10.3	1.3	0.3	2.1	1.2	11.2	11.0	1.9	0.8	3.2	2.4	0.5	0.9	2.7	1.3
Indonesia	9.6	2.6	0.6	0.3	2.3	1.7	14.2	6.2	1.2	0.5	2.1	1.4	0.9	0.5	1.6	0.5
China ²	125.2	22.1	10.2	2.6	7.0	4.6	61.8	39.8	10.7	3.3	20.0	13.7	7.8	3.8	10.5	2.3
European Union:																
Denmark	3.2	1.5	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.1	2.2	0.6	2.4	2.4	8.2	10.4	1.7	1.9	4.0	4.0
Sweden	9.2	3.2	1.2	0.2	0.9	0.1	2.0	1.4	4.1	4.4	8.3	12.5	3.3	2.4	6.3	5.6
United Kingdom	40.7	33.2	6.2	2.8	3.2	3.0	5.4	12.0	22.2	31.3	30.8	50.0	12.1	17.2	-	-
Austria	3.8	2.4	0.6	0.2	0.4	(Z)	0.9	0.9	3.1	2.9	19.6	31.2	6.5	5.5	3.4	1.9
Belgium-Luxembourg	9.8	13.3	0.9	1.2	-	-	1.5	4.6	20.0	22.0	23.0	28.7	10.5	7.6	17.3	14.9
France	28.2	19.0	3.7	1.3	1.8	0.8	6.5	6.1	3.5	-	45.3	63.8	27.3	30.2	27.6	27.3
Germany	62.5	26.6	5.3	1.9	4.0	0.9	12.4	14.1	52.2	44.2	-	-	42.8	34.1	45.3	32.2
Finland	3.4	1.9	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	1.0	1.1	2.5	1.5	5.8	6.2	1.5	1.3	4.1	2.1
Ireland	22.4	6.7	1.1	0.2	0.8	0.1	3.2	1.5	6.1	2.4	12.7	3.6	3.4	-	1.3	13.9
Italy	24.2	10.1	2.8	0.9	2.1	1.1	5.4	4.5	27.4	27.6	31.4	43.9	-	-	15.8	12.4
Netherlands	9.8	18.3	0.9	1.1	0.7	0.8	1.8	10.6	14.4	12.2	35.2	36.3	13.5	6.4	22.5	20.4
Spain	5.7	5.3	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	1.1	2.7	21.8	29.6	14.6	27.4	11.1	15.8	12.1	12.4

- Represents zero. Z Less than 50,000,000. ¹ Includes other countries not shown separately. ² See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *OECD International Trade by Commodities Statistics, 2002*.

No. 1381. International Tourism Arrivals, Expenditures, and Receipts—Leading Countries: 1990 to 2002

[Expenditures and receipts in millions of dollars; arrivals in thousands of visitors (455,946 represents 455,946,000). Receipts are dollars spent by foreign tourists inside the country shown. Expenditures are dollars visitors (same-day visitors and tourists) from a given country of origin spend on tourism outside their country of residence. Excludes international transport receipts]

Country	Arrivals						Expenditures		Receipts					
	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2001	2002	1990	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002
World, total ¹	455,946	550,354	643,329	687,281	684,108	702,636	459,451	474,189	264,142	404,625	454,953	473,383	459,451	474,189
France	52,497	60,033	73,147	77,190	75,202	77,012	17,718	19,460	20,184	27,527	31,507	30,754	29,979	32,329
Spain	34,085	34,920	46,776	47,898	50,094	51,748	5,974	6,638	18,593	25,388	32,497	31,454	32,873	33,609
United States	39,362	43,318	48,491	50,945	44,898	41,892	60,200	58,044	43,007	63,898	74,801	82,400	71,893	66,547
Italy	26,679	31,052	36,516	41,181	39,563	39,799	14,802	16,935	16,458	28,729	28,359	27,500	25,796	26,915
China	(NA)	20,034	27,047	31,229	33,167	36,803	13,909	15,398	2,218	8,733	14,099	16,224	17,792	20,385
United Kingdom	18,013	23,537	25,394	25,209	22,835	24,180	36,483	40,409	13,762	18,554	20,223	19,544	16,283	17,591
Canada	15,209	16,932	19,411	19,627	19,679	20,057	10,250	9,929	6,339	7,882	10,190	10,839	10,774	9,700
Mexico	17,176	20,241	19,043	20,641	19,810	19,667	5,702	6,060	5,467	6,179	7,223	8,295	8,401	8,858
Austria	19,011	17,173	17,467	17,982	18,180	18,611	8,886	9,391	13,417	12,927	11,035	9,931	10,118	11,237
Germany	17,045	14,847	17,116	18,983	17,861	17,969	51,933	53,196	14,288	17,243	17,225	18,479	18,422	19,158
Hong Kong	6,581	10,200	11,328	13,059	13,725	16,566	12,316	12,417	5,032	9,604	7,210	7,886	8,282	10,117
Hungary	20,510	20,690	14,401	15,571	15,340	15,870	1,456	1,722	824	2,929	3,563	3,445	3,770	3,273
Greece	8,873	10,130	12,164	13,096	14,057	14,180	4,181	2,450	2,587	4,136	8,783	9,221	9,447	9,741
Poland	(NA)	19,215	17,950	17,400	15,000	13,980	3,500	3,200	358	6,614	6,100	6,100	4,815	4,500
Malaysia	7,446	7,469	7,931	10,222	12,775	13,292	2,614	2,618	1,667	3,909	3,242	4,562	6,374	6,785
Turkey	4,799	7,083	6,893	9,586	10,784	12,782	1,738	1,881	3,225	4,957	5,203	7,636	7,386	9,010
Portugal	8,020	9,511	11,632	12,097	12,167	11,666	2,153	2,274	3,555	4,339	5,261	5,282	5,505	5,919
Thailand	5,299	6,952	8,651	9,579	10,133	10,873	2,923	3,303	4,326	8,043	7,040	7,489	7,077	7,902
Switzerland	13,200	11,500	10,700	11,000	10,800	10,000	6,088	6,427	7,411	9,365	7,769	7,576	7,310	7,628
Netherlands	5,795	6,574	9,874	10,003	9,500	9,595	12,016	12,919	4,155	6,252	6,996	7,217	6,223	7,706
Russia	(NA)	(NA)	7,030	7,400	7,943	9,960	12,005	(NA)	4,312	3,723	3,429	3,560	4,188	(NA)
Saudi Arabia	2,209	3,325	(NA)	6,585	6,727	7,511	(NA)	7,356	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,420	(NA)
Sweden	(NA)	2,310	2,595	2,746	7,154	7,459	6,926	7,241	2,906	3,434	4,151	4,079	4,275	4,496
Singapore	4,842	6,422	6,258	6,917	6,726	6,996	4,647	5,213	4,937	8,390	5,859	6,018	5,081	4,932
Croatia	7,049	1,485	3,805	5,831	6,544	6,944	606	781	1,704	1,349	2,493	2,758	3,335	3,811
Belgium	(NA)	5,560	6,369	6,457	6,452	6,724	9,782	10,435	3,721	4,548	6,472	6,592	6,903	6,892
Macao	2,513	4,202	5,050	5,197	5,842	6,565	(NA)	(NA)	1,473	3,233	2,598	3,205	3,745	4,415
South Africa	1,029	4,684	6,026	6,001	5,908	6,550	(NA)	1,798	992	2,126	2,637	2,513	2,501	2,719
Ireland	3,666	4,818	6,403	6,353	6,476	6,276	2,869	3,743	1,459	2,211	2,637	2,608	2,790	3,089
Ukraine	(NA)	3,716	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	6,326	2,179	2,087	(NA)	3,865	2,124	2,207	2,275	2,992
United Arab Emirates	973	2,315	3,393	3,907	4,134	5,445	(NA)	315	632	893	1,012	1,064	1,328	(NA)
Republic of Korea	2,959	3,753	4,660	5,322	5,147	5,347	6,547	7,642	3,559	5,587	6,802	6,811	6,373	5,277
Japan	3,236	3,345	4,438	4,752	4,772	5,239	26,530	26,681	3,578	3,226	3,428	3,373	3,301	3,499
Tunisia	3,104	4,120	4,832	5,058	5,387	5,064	273	(NA)	948	1,393	1,560	1,496	1,605	1,422
Indonesia	2,278	4,324	4,728	5,064	5,154	5,033	3,406	(NA)	2,105	5,229	4,710	5,749	5,411	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other countries not shown separately. ² See footnote 2, Table 1321.

Source: World Tourism Organization, Madrid, Spain, *Yearbook of Tourism Statistics, 2003* (copyright).

No. 1382. Net Flow of Financial Resources to Developing Countries and Multilateral Organizations: 1995 to 2002

[165,182 represents \$165,182,000,000. Net flow covers loans, grants, and grant-like flows minus amortization on loans. Military flows are excluded. GNP=gross national product]

Country	Amount (mil. dol.)					Percent of GNP	
	1995	1999	2000	2001	2002	2001	2002
Total net flows	165,182	193,740	133,788	107,926	85,893	0.45	0.35
United States	46,984	50,138	25,252	38,618	24,410	0.38	0.23
Australia	2,536	1,279	1,491	1,290	834	0.37	0.22
Austria	906	1,963	1,067	882	1,866	0.47	0.92
Belgium	-234	5,528	2,281	304	1,337	0.13	0.54
Canada	5,724	6,992	6,483	1,538	2,046	0.22	0.28
Denmark	1,799	1,992	2,176	2,645	1,577	1.11	0.93
Finland	604	858	1,087	1,334	-200	0.17	-0.15
France	12,477	9,160	5,557	16,327	4,729	1.24	0.33
Germany	21,197	20,006	12,331	6,345	8,733	0.34	0.44
Greece		195	229	202	322	0.17	0.24
Ireland	247	251	741	735	1,469	0.85	1.49
Italy	2,800	11,337	10,846	-189	1,399	-0.02	0.12
Japan	42,295	20,794	11,264	13,714	4,659	0.32	0.11
Luxembourg		72	129	144	148	0.78	0.78
Netherlands	6,795	7,985	6,947	-3,432	-1,487	-0.89	-0.36
New Zealand		166	163	139	164	0.32	0.30
Norway	1,670	2,060	1,437	1,485	2,279	0.88	1.19
Portugal		395	2,457	4,622	1,775	1.66	0.14
Spain	2,025	29,029	23,471	11,523	8,171	2.01	1.25
Sweden	2,224	2,892	3,952	3,077	2,211	1.42	0.93
Switzerland	1,118	3,241	2,054	-158	2,234	-0.06	0.75
United Kingdom	13,382	15,299	10,230	9,627	18,820	0.67	1.18

- Represents zero.

Source: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Paris, France, *Annual Reports of the Development Assistance Committee* (copyright).

No. 1383. External Debt by Country: 1990 to 2002

[In millions of dollars (28,149 represents \$28,149,000,000). Total external debt is debt owed to nonresidents repayable in foreign currency, goods or services. Total external debt is the sum of public, publicly guaranteed, and private nonguaranteed long-term debt, use of IMF credit, and short-term debt. Short-term debt includes all debt having an original maturity of one year or less and interest in arrears on long-term debt]

Country	1990	1995	2001	2002	Country	1990	1995	2001	2002
Algeria	28,149	33,042	22,581	22,800	Mexico	104,442	165,379	145,674	141,264
Angola	8,594	11,502	9,297	10,134	Morocco	25,017	23,821	19,308	18,601
Argentina	62,233	98,802	136,729	132,314	Nigeria	33,439	34,093	31,042	30,476
Bangladesh	12,439	15,924	15,236	17,037	Pakistan	20,663	30,229	31,692	33,672
Brazil	119,964	160,505	226,358	227,932	Panama	6,506	6,107	8,246	8,298
Bulgaria	(NA)	10,379	9,638	10,462	Peru	20,064	30,859	27,645	28,167
Cameroon	6,657	9,425	8,367	8,503	Philippines	30,580	39,382	57,822	59,343
Chile	19,226	22,038	38,398	41,945	Poland	49,364	44,263	63,275	69,521
China ¹	55,301	118,090	170,059	168,255	Romania	1,140	6,805	11,529	14,683
Colombia	17,222	25,048	36,699	33,853	Russia	(NA)	121,451	152,491	147,541
Congo (Kinshasa) ²	4,947	6,004	4,491	5,152	Serbia and Monte- negro	(NA)	11,137	12,516	12,688
Cote d'Ivoire	17,251	18,899	11,618	11,816	Slovakia	(NA)	5,744	11,154	13,013
Croatia	(NA)	3,830	11,360	15,347	South Africa	(NA)	25,358	24,050	25,041
Czech Republic	(NA)	16,218	22,339	26,419	Sri Lanka	5,863	8,395	8,658	9,611
Ecuador	12,107	13,994	14,481	16,452	Sudan	14,762	17,603	15,414	16,389
Egypt	33,017	33,499	29,331	30,750	Syria	17,259	21,415	21,341	21,504
Ghana	3,837	5,888	6,735	7,338	Tanzania	6,459	7,425	6,679	7,244
Hungary	21,202	31,651	30,305	34,958	Thailand	28,095	100,039	67,211	59,212
India	83,628	94,464	97,516	104,429	Tunisia	7,690	10,820	10,877	12,625
Indonesia	69,872	124,398	134,044	132,208	Turkey	49,424	73,781	113,437	131,556
Iran	9,021	21,879	7,483	9,154	Ukraine	(NA)	8,429	12,816	13,555
Jordan	8,333	7,661	7,516	8,094	Uruguay	4,415	5,318	9,706	10,736
Kazakhstan	(NA)	3,750	14,372	17,538	Venezuela	33,171	35,538	34,960	32,563
Korea, South	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	Vietnam	23,270	25,428	12,580	13,349
Lebanon	1,779	2,966	12,446	17,077					
Malaysia	15,328	34,343	44,612	48,557					

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 1321. ² See footnote 3, Table 1321.

Source: The World Bank, Washington, DC, *2004 World Development Indicators CD-ROM* (copyright).

No. 1384. Military Budget, by Country: 2002

[Figures are for latest year available, usually 2002, except where noted. Expenditures are used in a few cases where official budgets are significantly lower than actual spending]

Country	Amount (bil. dol.)	Country	Amount (bil. dol.)
Argentina ¹	3.3	Luxembourg	0.2
Australia	7.6	Netherlands	6.6
Belgium	2.7	North Korea	1.4
Brazil	10.5	Norway	3.8
Canada	7.6	Pakistan	2.6
China ¹	47.0	Philippines	1.4
Colombia	1.7	Poland	3.5
Cuba	0.8	Portugal	1.3
Czech Republic	1.6	Russia ¹	65.0
Denmark	2.4	Saudi Arabia	21.3
Egypt	3.0	Singapore	4.8
France	29.5	South Korea	14.1
Germany	24.9	Spain	8.4
Greece	3.5	Sudan	0.6
Hungary	1.1	Sweden	4.5
India	15.6	Syria	1.0
Iran	4.1	Taiwan	7.0
Iraq	1.4	Turkey	5.8
Israel	9.4	United Arab Emirates ¹	3.1
Italy	19.4	United Kingdom	38.4
Japan	42.6	United States	399.1
Kuwait	3.9	Vietnam	2.4
Libya	1.2	Yugoslavia	0.7

¹ 2001 Funding.

Source: Data from U.S. Dept. of Defense and International Institute for Strategic Studies, Center for Defense Information, Washington, DC, "Last of the Big Time Spenders: U.S. Military Budget Still the World's Largest, and Growing" (published 3 February, 2003). Also see <<http://www.cdi.org/issues/wme/spendersFY04.html>>.

No. 1385. Military Manpower Fit for Military Service, by Country: 2003

[Covers male ages 15-49]

Country	Number	Country	Number
Afghanistan	3,837,646	Ireland	821,378
Albania	742,837	Israel ³	1,279,277
Algeria	5,646,418	Italy	12,349,356
Argentina	7,942,837	Jamaica	528,689
Australia	4,339,011	Japan	25,405,779
Austria	1,725,123	Kazakhstan	3,658,815
Bahrain	121,739	Korea, North	3,654,223
Bangladesh	22,807,339	Korea, South	8,994,941
Belarus	2,158,875	Kuwait	508,399
Belgium	2,059,131	Laos	759,499
Bolivia	1,380,883	Lebanon	630,657
Bosnia and Herzegovina	897,856	Libya	914,649
Brazil	34,347,078	Malaysia	3,672,517
Bulgaria	1,551,485	Mexico	20,123,970
Burma	6,566,122	Morocco	5,411,846
Cambodia	1,829,535	Mozambique	2,373,444
Canada	7,158,016	Netherlands	3,536,586
Chile	3,070,140	New Zealand	859,505
China	206,000,000	Nicaragua	825,906
Colombia	7,403,433	Nigeria	18,259,696
Congo (Kinshasa)	6,267,752	Norway	910,628
Congo (Brazzaville)	381,556	Oman	438,326
Cote d'Ivoire	2,110,276	Pakistan	23,328,575
Croatia	856,946	Peru	5,045,619
Cuba ²	1,923,967	Philippines	15,428,043
Czech Republic	2,002,202	Poland	8,077,706
Denmark	1,094,611	Russia	24,000,000
Dominican Republic	1,453,705	Saudi Arabia	3,431,281
Ecuador	2,395,178	Sierra Leone	596,617
Egypt	12,867,160	Singapore	1,012,498
El Salvador	973,884	South Africa	7,211,075
Ethiopia	8,040,381	Spain	8,391,612
Finland	1,016,693	Sudan	5,558,462
France	12,079,413	Sweden	1,800,376
Germany	17,399,936	Switzerland	1,552,728
Greece	2,026,409	Syria	2,629,148
Guatemala	2,167,270	Thailand	10,724,565
Honduras	948,957	Turkey	11,801,267
Hungary	2,026,912	Ukraine	9,597,172
Iceland	62,552	United Arab Emirates	416,963
India	169,000,000	United Kingdom	12,353,942
Indonesia	38,290,550	United States	(NA)
Iran	12,094,551	Venezuela	4,870,751
Iraq	3,541,467	Vietnam	14,366,732

NA Not available. ¹ 6,553,458 females ages 15-49 fit for service. ² 1,875,412 females ages 15-49 fit for service. ³ 1,237,926 females ages 15-49 fit for service.

Source: Central Intelligence Agency, *The World Factbook*, 2003. See also <<http://www.cia.gov/cia/publications/factbook/index.html>> (accessed June 2004).