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Uzbekistan, Republic of Oilseeds and Products Annual 2004

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Report Highlights:

Uzbekistan's MY 2004/05 oilseeds production is expected to remain stagnant due to lower cotton production. Uzbekistan still remains an important market for U.S. soybeans, although for the past two years Uzbekistan was unable to import soybeans because of high prices. MY 2004/05 soybean imports are forecast at 30,000 metric tons (MT).

Includes PSD Changes: Yes Includes Trade Matrix: No Annual Report Ankara [TU1]

OILSEEDS

PRODUCTION

Uzbekistan is a major cotton producer and the world's second largest cotton exporter. Cotton is the dominant oilseed. Total MY 2003/04 oilseed production decreased to 1.83 MMT due to continued problems in the cotton sector as well as last year's weather related problems required replanting of cotton areas. MY 2004/05 oilseed production is forecast at 2.1 MMT. The official state production target for seed cotton in MY04/05 is expected to remain unchanged from last year at 3.6 MMT.

Table 1. Total Oilseeds Production, Supply and Demand

PSD Table

Country Uzbekistan, Republic of							
Commodity	Total O	ilseeds		(1000 HA)	(1000 MT)	
-	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USI	DA Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [D	A Official [Estimate [New]
Market Year Begin		10.2002		10.2003		10.2004	MM/YYYY
Area Planted	1420	1389	1400	1359	0	1360	(1000 HA)
Area Harvested	1420	1389	1400	1359	0	1360	(1000 HA)
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	2000	2002	1830	1830	0	2100	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	70	70	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	70	70	20	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	2070	2072	1850	1830	0	2130	(1000 MT)
MY Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Crush Dom. Consumption	1670	1672	1590	1570	0	1730	(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consum	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Feed,Seed,Waste Dm.Cr	400	400	260	260	0	400	(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumpti	2070	2072	1850	1830	0	2130	(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	2070	2072	1850	1830	0	2130	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

The Government of Uzbekistan (GOU) provides subsidized fertilizers and seed as well as free irrigation to support cotton producers. In return, the GOU maintains state orders for 50 % of the cotton crop. In reality, the GOU still procures virtually the entire crop. At the same time, the state procurement price remains well below world price levels. The combination of inadequate incentives and poor quality inputs plus weather related problems over the

past two years have resulted in lower cotton production. To compensate for this decline, the Government encouraged production of sunflowers and soybeans. However, sunflowers are grown on a very limited scale and initial soybean trials in the Fergana Valley were less than successful.

CONSUMPTION

Uzbekistan's actual crushing capacity is well below the 3.5 MMT capacity reported during Soviet times. Due to the lack of spare parts and inadequate maintenance, processing capacity has declined to about 2.0 MMT. Experts estimate the industry currently operates at less than 60 % of capacity due to the lack of oilseeds.

Until recently, Uzbekistan's crushing industry was owned and operated by the Joint-Stock Association "Uzmaslojirtabakprom", which consisted of the former state crushing, extraction and refining facilities. For the past two years, 4 out of 19 crushing plants were privatized by the foreign investors. They are Urgench, Gulistan, Tashkent and Yangiyul crushing plants.

Although officially the state order for cotton was decreased to 50 % in recent years, in reality there is little alternative for farmers but to sell to joint-stock gins, which in turn, transfer the cottonseed to "Uzmaslojirtabakprom" via government accounts. Processed products, particularly cottonseed meal and soybean meal are of poor quality and the industry as a whole badly needs capital to upgrade its equipment.

TRADE

Uzbekistan does not import or export cottonseed. To supplement vegetable oil production as well as to provide protein for its livestock and poultry industries, till 1998 Uzbekistan used to import about 200,000 tons of soybeans annually from South American suppliers. Since MY 1998/99 Uzbekistan switched to U.S. soybeans partially due to growing quality concerns as well as low hard currency reserves to make direct purchases. Since then Uzbekistan has become a growing market for U.S. soybeans under both the GSM-102 program and USDA's Food Aid programs such as P.L. 480 and 416 B. However, for the past two years there were no soybean allocation under USDA's Food Aid programs, for which GOU relied on. Although demand in soybeans is extremely high, the GOU has thus far not requested a GSM-102 program.

Given declining cotton production, Uzbekistan's annual oilseed import requirement is estimated at more than 250,000 MT. Imported oilseeds provide an important means of providing raw material to Uzbekistan's underutilized crushing industry as well as saving foreign exchange by

capturing the added value of oil and meal processing. Uzbekistan's import demand could increase significantly if the industry were modernized and the government were to enact policies to encourage expansion of livestock, dairy and poultry production.

Table 2. Cottonseed Production, Supply and Demand

PSD Table

Country	Uzbeki	stan, Re	public	of			
Commodity	Oilseed	d, Cotto	nseed		(1000 HA)	(1000 MT)(RATIO)
-	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USD	A Official [Estimate [I)	A Official [Estimate [D	A Official [Estimate [New]
Market Year Begin		08.2002		08.2003		08.2004	MM/YYYY
Area Planted (COTTON)	1420	1388	1400	1359	0	1360	(1000 HA)
Area Harvested(COTTON	1420	1388	1400	1359	0	1360	(1000 HA)
Seed to Lint Ratio	0	0	0	0	0	0	(RATIO)
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	2000	2000	1830	1830	0	2100	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	2000	2000	1830	1830	0	2100	(1000 MT)
MY Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Crush Dom. Consumptior	1600	1600	1570	1570	0	1700	(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consump	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Feed,Seed,Waste Dm.Cr	400	400	260	260	0	400	(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	2000	2000	1830	1830	0	2100	(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	2000	2000	1830	1830	0	2100	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

Table 3. Soybean Production, Supply and Demand

Country	Uzbeki	stan, Re	public	of			
Commodity	Oilseed	l, Soybe	an	(1	000 HA)	(1000 MT)	
,	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USD	A Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [DA	Official [New]
Market Year Begin		10.2002		10.2003		10.2004	MM/YYYY
Area Planted	0	1	0	0	0	0	(1000 HA)
Area Harvested	0	1	0	0	0	0	(1000 HA)
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	0	2	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	70	70	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	70	70	20	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	70	72	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
MY Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Crush Dom. Consumptior	70	72	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consump	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Feed,Seed,Waste Dm.Cr	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	70	72	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	70	72	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

OIL MEALS

PRODUCTION

MY2003/04 meal production decreased by 68,000 MT from the previous year due to reduced seed cotton production. MY2004/05 total oil meal production is forecast at 810,000 MT. But the stable meal production this year still will depend on reaching the GOU's target for seed cotton production, as there no big volumes of soybean imports are expected.

Table 4. Total Oilmeals production, Supply and Demand

Country Uzbekistan, Republic of							
Commodity	Total O	ilmeals	i	(1	1000 MT)	(PERCEN	Γ)
	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USD	A Official [Estimate [I	A Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [New]
Market Year Begin		10.2002		10.2003		10.2004	MM/YYYY
Crush	1670	1672	1590	1570	0	1730	(1000 MT)
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0,477844	0,477273	0,468553	0,464968	0	0,468208	(PERCENT
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	798	798	745	730	0	810	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	798	798	745	730	0	810	(1000 MT)
MY Exports	0	25	0	15	0	15	(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Industrial Dom. Consum	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consump	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Feed Waste Dom. Consu	798	773	745	715	0	795	(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	798	773	745	715	0	795	(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	798	798	745	730	0	810	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

CONSUMPTION

The current demand for protein meal, and especially soybean meal, has increased dramatically due to increasing demand from both the poultry industry, and to a lesser extent the dairy and fish industry. Because of extremely scarce supplies for the past two years, Uzbekistan still depends on bulk imports of soybeans. The quality of soybean meal is variable, while the quality of compound feed is poor. Consequently, the need to provide a regular supply of high-quality protein feed is one of the critical issues currently facing

the agricultural sector. For the past several years the American Soybean Association (ASA) has been assisting the local oilseeds industry by providing technical assistance aimed at improving the crushing technology and quality of produced soybean meal used for feed.

Cottonseed meal, cakes and hulls are supplied by the extraction companies to other state agencies, mainly to Uzkhleboprodukt which combines byproducts from flour milling with cottonseed meal, cakes and hulls to produce a compound feed for cattle.

TRADE

Uzbekistan does not import protein meal but often exports small quantities of cottonseed meal, mainly to Russia, the Baltics, Kazakstan and Azerbaijan.

Table 5. Cottonseed Meal Production, Supply and Demand

Uzbekistan, Republic of

PSD Table

Country

Country	Ozbekistan, Nepublic Ol						
Commodity	Meal, C	ottonse	ed	(1000 MT)(PERCENT)			
	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USD	A Official [Estimate [I]	A Official [Estimate [DA	A Official [Estimate [New]
Market Year Begin		08.2002		08.2003		08.2004	MM/YYYY
Crush	1600	1600	1570	1570	0	1700	(1000 MT)
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0,465625	0,465625	0,464968	0,464968	0	0,464706	(PERCENT
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	745	745	730	730	0	790	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	745	745	730	730	0	790	(1000 MT)
MY Exports	0	15	0	15	0	15	(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Industrial Dom. Consum	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consump	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Feed Waste Dom. Consu	745	730	730	715	0	775	(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	745	730	730	715	0	775	(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	745	745	730	730	0		(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

Table 6. Soybean Meal Production, Supply and Demand

PSD Table

Country Uzbekistan, Republic of

Commodity	Meal, S	oybean		(1000 MT)(PERCENT)			
	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USD	A Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [I	New]
Market Year Begin		10.2002		10.2003		10.2004	MM/YYYY
Crush	70	72	20	0	0	30	(1000 MT)
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0,757143	0,736111	0,75	0	0	0,666666	(PERCENT
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	53	53	15	0	0	20	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	53	53	15	0	0	20	(1000 MT)
MY Exports	0	10	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Industrial Dom. Consum	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consump	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Feed Waste Dom. Consu	53	43	15	0	0	20	(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	53	43	15	0	0		(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	53	53	15	0	0	20	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

OILS

PRODUCTION

Cottonseed oil remains the main vegetable oil produced in Uzbekistan. Soybean oil is a minor oil and is produced from imported soybeans, and it is produced by blending it with cottonseed oil (cottonseed oil -70%, soybean oil -30%). Total MY2004/05 oil production is forecast at 235,000 MT.

Table 7. Total Oils Production, Supply and Demand

Uzhakietan Panublic of

PSD Table

Country	Uzbekistan, Republic of						
Commodity	Total O	ils		(1000 MT)(PERCENT)			
	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast	UOM
USD	A Official [Estimate [I	A Official [Estimate [I	A Official [Estimate [New]
Market Year Begin		10.2002		10.2003		10.2004	MM/YYYY
Crush	1670	1672	1590	1570	0	1730	(1000 MT)
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0,132934	0,132775	0,130818	0,130573	0	0,135838	(PERCENT
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
Production	222	222	208	205	0	235	(1000 MT)
MY Imports	30	30	40	50	0	55	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	10	0	0	(1000 MT)
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL SUPPLY	252	252	248	255	0		(1000 MT)
MY Exports	10	10	10	10	0		(1000 MT)
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Industrial Dom. Consum	15	15	15	15	0		(1000 MT)
Food Use Dom. Consump	227	227	223	230	0		(1000 MT)
Feed Waste Dom. Consu	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	242	242	238	245	0		(1000 MT)
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	252	252	248	255	0		(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0		(1000 MT)
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1000 MT)

Although being Joint-Stock companies (about 25 % shares belonging to the state), both extractors and refiners operate under the joint-stock association "Uzmaslojirtabakprom", except 4 crushing plants which were recently privatized by private companies. Only few of the extractors and refiners use fairly modern imported equipment. However, the majority still use old outdated Soviet equipment. The quality of locally produced oil, especially cottonseed oil, remains poor due to the lack of maintenance as well as good management. Most plants reportedly use benzene, rather than hexane extraction. The majority of plants first pre-press and then use solvents to

extract the oil. Most plants do not have deodorization equipment. For plants without deodorization capability, only the oil obtained from crushing can be used for human consumption. The GOU is trying to modernize the industry by attracting foreign investment as a conduit for new management methods and technologies.

CONSUMPTION

Cottonseed oil is a staple of the Uzbek diet. Per capita oil consumption is estimated at about 15 kilograms per year. Until recently, cottonseed oil was the preferred oil for most Uzbek consumers. However, over the last 8-9 years, imported sunflower-seed oil has become more popular because cottonseed oil is not always available in food shops and secondly, most consumers prefer sunflower-seed oil because of its better flavor. Cottonseed oil retails for about Soums 1200 per liter and imported sunflower oil sells for Soums 1600 per liter. Soybean oil remains a minor oil and as mentioned earlier, generally is blended with cottonseed oil.

TRADE

Uzbekistan relies on imports for about 20 % of its vegetable oil consumption requirements. Sources expect import demand and expenditures will continue to increase unless the government moves to modernize the industry and to capture the value-added of processing imported oilseeds. Trade sources expect MY 2004/05 oil imports will rise by 5 % and will equal to 55,000 MT. Although official trade statistics are not available, sources indicate most of oil is imported refined and in consumer-ready rackaging. The leading suppliers of vegetable oil remain to be EU, Ukraine and Turkey. Sunflower oil remains by far the most popular imported oil, some olive oils are available in Turkish managed supermarkets.

Uzbekistan exports about 10,000-15,000 MT of un-deodorized cottonseed oil mainly to the neighboring CIS countries. In MY 2003/04, Uzbekistan exported about 10,000 MT of cottonseed oil to Kazakhstan and Tajikistan. MY 2004/05 cottonseed oil exports are forecast to increase to 15,000 MT.

Table 8. Cottonseed Oil Production, Supply and Demand

PSD Table

Country Uzbekistan, Republic of

Commodity	Oil, Cot	tonsee	d	(1000 MT)(PERCENT)			
	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast UOM	
USD	A Official [Estimate [I	A Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [New]	
Market Year Begin		08.2002		08.2003		08.2004 MM/YYY	Υ
Crush	1600	1600	1570	1570	0	1700 (1000 MT	Γ)
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0,13125	0,13125	0,130573	0,130573	0	0,135294 (PERCE	T٧
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	,
Production	210	210	205	205	0	230 (1000 MT	Γ)
MY Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	Γ)
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	,
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	,
TOTAL SUPPLY	210	210	205	205	0	230 (1000 MT	,
MY Exports	10	10	10	10	0	15 (1000 MT	,
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	,
Industrial Dom. Consum	15	15	15	15	0	15 (1000 MT	Γ)
Food Use Dom. Consump	185	185	180	170	0	200 (1000 MT	,
Feed Waste Dom. Consu	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	Γ)
TOTAL Dom. Consumptic	200	200	195	195	0	215 (1000 MT	,
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	Γ)
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	210	210	205	205	0	230 (1000 MT	,
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	,
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT	,
Calendar Year Exports	10	10	0	0	0	<mark>0</mark> (1000 MT	,
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	<mark>0</mark> (1000 MT	Γ)

Table 9. Soybean Oil Production, Supply and Demand

PSD Table

Country Uzbekistan, Republic of

Commodity	Oil, So	ybean		(1000 MT)(PERCENT)			
	2002	Revised	2003	Estimate	2004	Forecast UOM	
USD	A Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [DA	Official [Estimate [New]	
Market Year Begin		10.2002		10.2003		10.2004 MM/YYYY	
Crush	70	72	20	0	0	30 (1000 MT)	
Extr. Rate, 999.9999	0,171429	0,166667	0,15	0	0	0,166667 (PERCENT	
Beginning Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
Production	12	12	3	0	0	5 (1000 MT)	
MY Imports	0	0	0	10	0	0 (1000 MT)	
MY Imp. from U.S.	0	0	0	10	0	0 (1000 MT)	
MY Imp. from the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
TOTAL SUPPLY	12	12	3	10	0	5 (1000 MT)	
MY Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
MY Exp. to the EC	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
Industrial Dom. Consum	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
Food Use Dom. Consump	12	12	3	10	0	5 (1000 MT)	
Feed Waste Dom. Consu	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
TOTAL Dom. Consumption	12	12	3	10	0	5 (1000 MT)	
Ending Stocks	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	12	12	3	10	0	5 (1000 MT)	
Calendar Year Imports	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
Calendar Yr Imp. U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
Calendar Year Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	
Calndr Yr Exp. to U.S.	0	0	0	0	0	0 (1000 MT)	