1 COMPOUND CONTAINS TWO OR MORE 24
heavy metal atoms which are in DIFFERENT GROUPS OF THE PERIODIC SYSTEM (19/00; 19/ 00B)
heavy metal compounds wherein the METAL IS BONDED DIRECTLY TO AT LEAST TWO RING SYSTEMS (METALLOCENES) (17/00)
. Group 8 metal atom (Fe, Co, Ni, Pt, Rh, Pd, Ru, Ir, Os) (17/ 02)

COBALT COMPOUNDS (15/06)
.Devoid of any cobalt atom directly bonded to carbon (15/ 06B)
NICKEL COMPOUNDS (15/04)
.Devoid of any nickel atom directly bonded to carbon (15/ 04B)
IRON COMPOUNDS (15/02; 15/03)
. Devoid of any iron atom directly bonded to carbon (15/02B)
PLATINUM COMPOUNDS (15/00N7)
.Devoid of any platinum atom directly bonded to carbon (15/ 00N7B)
RHODIUM COMPOUNDS (15/00N6)
. Devoid of any rhodium atom directly bonded to carbon (15/ 00N6B)
PALLADIUM COMPOUNDS (15/00N5)
.Devoid of any palladium atom directly bonded to carbon (15/ 00N5B)
RUTHENIUM COMPOUNDS (15/00N4; 15/ 00N4B)
IRIDIUM COMPOUNDS (15/00N3; 15/ 00N3B)
OSMIUM COMPOUNDS (15/00N2; 15/ 00N2B)
COMPOUNDS CONTAINING ELEMENTS OF THE 7TH GROUP OF THE PERIODIC SYSTEM (MN, TC, RE) (13/00)
.Devoid of any Group 7 atom directly bonded to carbon (13/ 00B)
21 COMPOUNDS CONTAINING ELEMENTS OF THE 6TH GROUP OF THE PERIODIC SYSTEM (CR, MO, W, PO) (11/00)
.Devoid of any Group 6 atom directly bonded to carbon (11/ 00B)
BISMUTH COMPOUNDS (9/94)

ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS (9/90; 9/90B; 9/90C; 9/90D; 9/90E)
.Contains aryl group (9/92)
ARSENIC COMPOUNDS (9/70C)
.Arsenic compounds devoid of any arsenic as ring atom in a ring system (9/66; 9/68; 9/70; 9/ 70B; 9/72; 9/72B; 9/72C)
..Ring system containing at least one atom other than metal or carbon as ring atoms (9/80; 9/ 80B; 9/80C; 9/82; 9/84; 9/86; 9/88)
..Contains aryl group (9/74; 9/ 74B; 9/74C; 9/76; 9/78)
PHOSPHORUS COMPOUNDS (9/02; 9/06)
.Compound contains a ring which is devoid of a metal atom as ring member and wherein the ring contains at least one atom other than $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{P}$, Se, or $T e$ as a ring atom; e.g., boron, etc. (9/6596)
. Compound contains at least one atom of silicon or boron (9/ 02G)
. Compound contains a ring which is devoid of a metal atom and contains at least one $P$ atom as ring member (9/6564; 9/ 6564V; 9/6568; 9/6568B; 9/ 6568C; 9/6568D; 9/6568E; 9/ 6568F)
..Ring contains $N$ and $P$ only, or may include in addition to the required $N$ and $P$, only $C, S$, or ○ (9/6581; 9/6584; 9/6584A)
...Ring contains at least two $P$ atoms (9/6581D; 9/6587; 9/659; 9/6593)
..Ring contains $S$ and $P$ only, or may include in addition to the required $S$ and $P$, only $C$ or $O$ (9/6578; 9/6578D)
..Ring contains $O$ and $P$ only, or may include in addition to the required $O$ and $P$, only C (9/ 6571)
...P in ring is directly bonded to at least two $O$ atoms which are in separate rings (9/ 6571A8; 9/6574A8)
...Ring contains a $P(O)$ group as atoms within the ring and wherein all atoms bonded to the $P$ atom within the ring, or extracyclic to the ring, are oxygen (9/6574; 9/6574A1)
....Two or more rings contain at least one $P(0)$ group and wherein at least two $P$ atoms in the two rings are bonded solely to $O$, or wherein the compound contains two P atoms in a single ring and all bonds of the $P$ atoms are to o (includes spiro rings) (9/ 6574A6)
....P(O) group containing ring is part of a condensed or bridged carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6574A4)
...Contains $P(O)$ group as atoms in the ring and wherein the $P$ atom is directly bonded to N (9/6571B)
...Contains P and O as ring atoms and wherein the $P$ atom is directly bonded to a C atom (9/6571L)
....P atom bonded to $C$ is also bonded directly to two $O$ atoms which are in the same ring as $P$ (9/6571L4)
....P atom bonded to $C$ is bonded to an $O$ atom which is in the same ring as $P$ (9/6571L2; 9/ 6571L6)
...Contains $P(0)$ group as ring atoms and wherein the $P$ atom is directly bonded to extracyclic S (9/6571A; 9/ 6571A1)
....Two or more rings contain at least one $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{O}$ bond and wherein at least two $P$ atoms in the two rings are bonded to $S$ (includes spiro) (9/6571A6)
....P(O) containing ring is part of a condensed or bridged ring carbocyclic system (9/6571A4)
.Ring is devoid of a $P$ or a metal atom and contains at least one hereto atom (O, S, N, Se, or Te) and may or may not contain C (9/547; 9/6524)
..At least two rings, each ring containing at least one hetero atom, and wherein the rings are condensed directly to each other or condensed together through a common carbocyclic ring system (9/6561)
...Six-membered ring containing exactly two $N$ atoms as sole hetero atoms shares two of its adjacent $C$ atoms with a fivemembered ring containing exactly two N atoms as sole hetero shares; e.g., purine and analogs, etc. (9/6561E)
...Six-membered ring shares a $N$ and C atom with a fourmembered ring wherein the sixmembered ring contains a $C$ or hetero atom in position 5 and no other hetero atom, the four-membered ring contains the single N as hetero atom; e.g., cephalosporins and analogs, etc. (9/6561B)
...Five-membered ring shares a N and C atom with a fourmembered ring wherein the sixmembered ring contains a $C$ or hetero atom in position 4 and no other hetero atom, the four-membered ring contains the single N as hetero atom; e.g., penicillins and analogs, etc. (9/6561A)
..At least two different rings containing hetero atoms or wherein, if the rings are the same, the substituents on at least two of the rings are different (9/6558; 9/6558B)
...At least one of the rings is devoid of N as ring atom (9/ 6558C)
..Ring contains $S$ only, or may include in addition to the required $S$, only $C$, $S e$, or $T e$ (9/6553)
...Ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/6553V)
..Ring contains o only, or may include in addition to the required $O$, only $C, S, S e$, or Te (9/655)
...Three-membered ring containing one 0 and two C's (9/655J; 9/ 655J38)
...Ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/655V)
61 ..Ring contains N and S only, or may include in addition to the required N and S , only C , O , Se, or $\operatorname{Te}(9 / 6536)$
...Ring contains exactly six atoms (9/6544; 9/6547)
...Ring contains exactly five atoms (9/6539)
....Five-membered ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6541)
..Ring contains N and O only, or may include in addition to the required $N$ and $O$, only C (9/ 6527; 9/653; 9/653V)
...Ring contains exactly six atoms (9/6533; 9/6533V)
..Exactly three N atoms as only hetero atoms in ring (9/6515)
...Six-membered ring containing three $N$ and three $C$ atoms ( $9 /$ 6521; 9/6521E; 9/6521G; 9/ 6521R)
....Six-membered ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6521V)
....C atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom, or is bonded directly to a hetero atom other than N and the hetero atom is directly bonded to a P atom (9/6521K)
...Five-membered ring containing three N and two C atoms (9/ 6518; 9/6518G; 9/6518R)
....Five-membered ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6518V)
....C atom of ring is bonded directly to a P atom or is bonded directly to a hetero atom other than $N$ and which hetero atom is directly bonded to a $P$ atom (9/6518K)
....N atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom or is bonded indirectly to a P atom other than through a ring atom of the five-membered ring (9/ 6518E)
..Exactly two N's as only hetero atom in ring (9/645)
...Six-membered ring containing two $N$ and four C atoms (9/ 6509; 9/6509B2; 9/6509B2E; 9/ 6509B2G; 9/6509B2K; 9/6509B2R)
....N in 1 and 3 ring positions (9/6512; 9/6512E; 9/6512G; 9/ 6512R)
.....Ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/6512V)
.....C atom of ring is directly bonded to a $P$ atom (9/6512K; 9/6512K4)
.....C atom of ring is bonded directly to a hetero atom other than N and which hetero atom is bonded directly to a $P$ atom (9/6512K2)
....N in 1 and 4 ring positions (9/6509B4; 9/6509B4G; 9/ 6509B4K; 9/6509B4R; 9/6509B4V)
.....N atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom or is indirectly bonded to a P atom other than through a ring atom of the six-membered ring (9/ 6509B4E)
$\ldots \mathrm{N}$ in 1 and 2 ring positions and wherein the ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6509B2V)
...Five-membered ring containing two N's (9/6503; 9/6503B2; 9/ 6503B2G; 9/6503B2K; 9/6503B2R)
....N in 1 and 3 ring positions (9/6506; 9/6506G; 9/6506K; 9/ 6506R)
.....Five-membered ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6506 V )
......N atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom or is indirectly bonded to a P atom other than through a ring atom of the five-membered ring (9/ 6506 E )
....N in 1 and 2 ring positions and wherein the ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/ 6503B2V)
9 ....At least one N in 1 and 2 ring positions is bonded directly or indirectly to a $P$ atom (9/6503B2E)
0 ..Single $N$ as only hetero atom in ring (9/553; 9/568)
...Seven or more atoms in ring containing the single N atom (9/553A7)
...Six atoms in ring containing the single $N$ atom (9/576)
....Acridine or hydrogenated acridine ring (9/64)
....Isoquinoline or hydrogenated isoquinoline ring (9/62)
....Quinoline or hydrogenated quinoline ring (9/60)
....Hydrogenated pyridine ring (9/59; 9/59G; 9/59K; 9/59K2; 9/59K4; 9/59R)
.....Ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/576V)
.....N of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom or is indirectly bonded to a $P$ atom other than through a ring atom of the hydrogenated pyridine ring (9/ 59E)
....Pyridine ring (9/58; 9/58G; 9/58R)
.....C atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom (9/58K; 9/58K4)
.....C atom of ring is bonded directly to a hetero atom other than N and which hetero atom is bonded directly to a $P$ atom (9/58K2)
.....N atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom or indirectly to a P atom other than through a ring atom of the pyridine ring (9/58E)
...Five-membered ring containing a single N atom (9/572; 9/ 572G; 9/572K; 9/572K2; 9/ 572K4; 9/572R)
....Ring is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/572V)

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....N atom of ring is bonded directly to a $P$ atom or indirectly to a P atom other than through a ring atom of the five-membered ring (9/ 572E)
...Four-membered ring containing a single $N$ atom is condensed or bridged to a carbocyclic ring system (9/568V)
...N atom of four-membered ring containing a single N atom is bonded directly to a P atom or indirectly to a $P$ atom other than through a ring atom of the four-membered ring (9/ 568E)
...Three-membered ring containing a single $N$ atom (9/564)
.Quaternary compounds containing the structure (C) a-P-(Z)b where $a+b=4, a=1-3, b=1-3$, and Z is an atom other than $C$ or $H$ (9/54K)
. Quaternary phosphonium compounds (C) $\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{b}$ wherein $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}=4$, $\mathrm{a}=1-4, \mathrm{~b}=1-3$, (9/54; 9/54A1; 9/54A1+W; 9/54A1+W2)
..Contains the structure aryl(C) $n-P$ where $n$ is at least one (9/54A7)
..Contains two or more phosphonium $P$ atoms (9/54A6)
..Contains the structure (aryl group*)-P where * indicates a direct bond between a carbon of the aryl ring and the $P$ atom (9/54A4)
..Contains the structure "carbocyclic ring"-P where "-" indicates that a ring carbon of the carbocyclic ring may or may not be bonded directly to the $P$ atom (9/54A3)
..Contains the structure "ethylenic group"-P where "--" indicates that a carbon of the ethylenic group may or may not be bonded directly to the $P$ atom (9/54A2)
. Contains at least one (C)-P bond (9/28)

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..Pentavalent P compound containing a $P(=N)$ bond and wherein the $P$ atom is bonded directly to three carbon atoms (9/535D; 9/535D2)
..Pentavalent P compound containing a $P(=C)$ bond and wherein the $P$ atom is not bonded directly to chalcogen (9/535B)
..Pentavalent P compound containing at least one bond to carbon and wherein the other four valences are bonded directly to four separate atoms, none of which are chalcogen (9/535)
..Pentavalent P compound having the structure $\left(X=C^{*}\right)-P(=X)$ or (cyano*)-P(=X) where $X$ is chalcogen, * indicates a direct bond of the $C$ of the $C=X$ group or of the $C$ of the cyano group directly to the $P$ atom, and the other atoms bonded directly to the $P$ atom are either carbon and hydrogen (9/ 53A9; 9/53P; 9/53Y)
..Pentavalent P compound having the structure (C) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}$ ) ( C or H) (C or H) where $X$ is chalcogen (9/53)
...At least one of the carbon atoms bonded to the $P$ atom is not part of an aryl ring and is bonded directly to an aryl ring or is bonded to an aryl ring through a chain of acyclic carbon atoms (9/53A7)
...Compound having two or more (C) $-P(=X)$ groups or at least one ( $\mathrm{X}=$ ) $-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{C})-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$ group ( $9 /$ 53A6)
...Compound contains a ring composed solely of carbon atoms or contains an ethylenic group (9/53A3; 9/53A4)
...Compound contains a nitrogen or halogen atom or contains a chalcogen atom other than bonded to the $P$ atom (9/53A1; 9/53A2)

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..Trivalent compounds having the structure (Hal)-P-(C) (C or H), or (Hal)-2-P (C), or pentavalent compounds having the structure (Hal)-P(=X) (C) (C or H) or (Hal) $2-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$ (C) where $X$ is chalcogen (9/52)
..Trivalent P compound having the structure (C or H) (C)-P-P(C) (C or $H$ ) (9/50P)
..Trivalent $P$ compound containing a metal atom and having the structure (C)-P (C or H or Metal) (C or $H$ or Metal) ( $9 /$ 50Y; 9/50Z; 9/50Z2; 9/50Z4; 9/ 50Z6; 9/50Z8)
..Trivalent P compound having the structure (C)-P-(C or H) (C or H) $(9 / 50)$
...Contains the structure ( $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{C}^{*}$ ) $P$ or (cyano*) where $X$ is chalcogen, and where * indicates a direct bond of the $C$ of the $C=X$ group or of the $C$ of the cyano group to the $P$ atom (9/50A9)
...At least one of the carbon atoms bonded to the $P$ is not part of an aryl ring and is bonded directly to an aryl ring, or is bonded to an aryl ring through a chain of carbon atoms only (9/50A7)
...Compound has two or more (C)P(C or H) (C or H) groups or at least one ( C or H )-P-(C)-P-(C or H) group (9/50A6)
...Contains ring solely composed of carbon atoms or at least one ethylenic group (9/50A2; 9/50A3; 9/50A4)
...Contains an atom other than $C$, P, or H (9/50A1)
..Trivalent $P$ compound having the structure (C) $-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{N})$ or (C)P(Hal) (9/48F; 9/48H)
..Trivalent $P$ having the structure (C) $2-\mathrm{P}$ (XH or $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Salt}$ ) or pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C) $2-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}$ ) ( XH or $\mathrm{X}-$ Salt) where X is chalcogen (9/ 46)

138 ...Contains ring solely composed of carbon atoms or contains an ethylenic group (9/48A2; 9/ 48A3; 9/48A4)
...Contains two or more P atoms or contains an atom other than $C, H$, or the required chalcogen atom (9/48A1; 9/ 48A6)
..Pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C) $-P(=X)$ (X) (N) or (C) $-P(=X)$ (N) 2 where $X$ is chalcogen (9/44; 9/44A; 9/ 44A1; 9/44A6; 9/44A9; 9/44B; 9/44B1; 9/44B9)
141 ...Contains the structure (C)P(=X) (X) (N-*acyl), (C)-P (=X) (X) (N-*Z) or (C) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$ (X) ( $\mathrm{N}-{ }^{*}$ cyano) where Z is an atom other than C or H and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent N atom (9/44C9; 9/ 44C9+Q; 9/449+U)
142 ...Contains the structure (C)$P(=X)$ ( $X$ ) ( $N-Q$ ) where $Q$ is a radical containing an atom other than C or H , or contains a ring composed solely of carbon atoms or contains an ethylenic group (9/44C; 9/ 44C1; 9/44C2; 9/44C3; 9/44C4; 9/44C7)
143 ...Compound contains a ring composed solely of carbon atoms or contains an ethylenic group (9/44A2; 9/44A3; 9/44A4; 9/44A7; 9/44B2; 9/44B3; 9/ 44B4; 9/44B7)
..Trivalent P having the structure (C) $-\mathrm{P}-$ (XH or $\mathrm{X}-$ Salt) (XH or X -Salt or H ) or pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C)-P (=X) (XH or XSalt) (XH or X-Salt or $H$ ) where $X$ is chalcogen (9/48)

146 ..Pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}) \quad$ (X) (X) where $X$ is chalcogen (9/38)
...Pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}) \quad\left(\mathrm{X}-{ }^{*} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent X atom (9/40)
....Contains the structure (C) $P(=X) \quad(X) \quad(X-* a c y l), \quad(C)-P(=X)$ (X-C) (X-*Z), or (C) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})(\mathrm{X})$ (X-*cyano) where $Z$ is an atom other than $C$ or $H$ and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent X atom (9/40C9; 9/ 40C9+Q; 9/40C9+U)
....Contains the structure (C) P(=X) (X) (X-aryl) (9/40C4)
.....Carbon of aryl ring is bonded directly to the X atom (9/40C7)
....Contains the structure (C) P(=X) (X) (X-carbocyclic ring) (9/40C3)
....Contains the structure (C)P(=X) (X) (X-ethylenic group) (9/40C2)
....Contains the structure ( $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{C}^{*}$ ) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C})$ or (cyano*) - $\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}$ ) ( X ) ( $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C}$ ) where * indicates a direct bond of the $C$ of the $C=X$ group or of the $C$ atom of the cyano group directly to the $P$ atom (9/ 40A9; 9/40A9+Q)
....Contains the structure aryl(C) $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C})$ where n is at least one (9/40A7; 9/ 40A7+P)
....Contains two or more (C) P(=X) (X) (X-C) groups at least one (C-X) (X) (X=)-P(C) $-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$ (X) (X-C) group (9/ 40A6; 9/40A6+J; 9/40A6+U)
....Contains the structure (aryl*)-P (=X) (X) (X-C), * indicates a direct bond between a carbon of the aryl ring, and the $P$ atom (9/40A4)
....Contains the structure "carbocyclic ring" -P(=X) (X) ( $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C}$ ) where "--" indicates that a ring carbon of the carbocyclic ring may or may not be directly bonded to the $P$ atom (9/40A3)
....Contains the structure
"ethylenic group"-P (=X) (X)
(X-C) where "--" indicates that a C of the ethylenic group may or may not be bonded directly to the $P$ atom (9/ 40A2)
....Contains the structure (C)-
$P(=X)$ ( $X$ ) ( $X-C-Q$ ) where $Q$ is a moiety containing an atom other than C or H (9/40C; 9/ 40C1)
....Contains the structure Q - (C) $P(=X) \quad(X) \quad(X-C)$ where $Q$ is a moiety containing an atom other than C or H (9/40A; 9/ 40A1; 9/40A1+U9; 9/40B)
...Contains the structure ( $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{C}$ ) P (=X) (X) (X) or (cyano*) $P(=X)$ (X) (X) where * indicates a direct bond of the C of the $C=X$ group or of the $C$ atom of the cyano group to the P atom (9/38A9)
...Contains the structure aryl(C) $n-P(=X)$ ( $X$ ) ( $X$ ) where $n$ is at least one (9/38A7)
...Contains two or more P atoms (9/38B)
....Two or more (C) $-\mathrm{P}(=)$ (X) (X)
(X) or at least one (X) (X)
( $\mathrm{X}=$ ) $-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{C})-\mathrm{P}-(=\mathrm{X}) \quad$ ( X$) \quad$ ( X$)$
group (9/38A6; 9/30A6+J; 9/ 38A6+U)
...Contains the structure (aryl group*)-P (=X) (X) (X) where * indicates a direct bond of one of the carbon atoms of the aryl group to the $P$ atom (9/ 38A4)
...Contains the structure
"carbocyclic ring"-P-(=X) (X)
(X) where "--" indicates that
a ring carbon of the carbocyclic ring may or may not be directly bonded to the P atom (9/38A3)
...Contains the structure
"ethylenic group"-P(=X) (X)
(X) where "--" indicates that a carbon atom of the ethylenic group may or may not be directly bonded to the P atom (9/38A2)

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...Contains the structure $\mathrm{Q}-(\mathrm{C})-$ $P(=X)$ ( $X$ ) (X) where $Q$ is a moiety containing an atom other than C or H (9/38A1; 9/ 38A1+U6; 9/38A1+U9)
..Pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C) $2-P(=X)$ (N) where $X$ is chalcogen (9/36)
..Pentavalent P having the structure (C) $2-\mathrm{P}$ (=X) (Hal) where $X$ is chalcogen (9/34)
..Pentavalent $P$ having the structure (C) $2-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C})$ where $X$ is chalcogen (9/32)
...Contains the structure (C) $2-\mathrm{P}-$ (X) (X-*acyl), (C) 2-P (=X) (X* $Z$ ) or (C) $2-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$ ( $\mathrm{X}-{ }^{*}$ cyano) where $Z$ is an atom other than $C$ or H and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent X atom (9/32C9)
...Contains the structure (C)2P(=X) (X-carbocyclic ring) (9/ 32C3; 9/32C4; 9/32C7)
...Contains the structure (C)2P(=X) (X-ethylenic group) (9/ 32C2)
...Contains the structure ( $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{C}^{*}$ ) $P(=X)$ (C) (X-C) or cyano*)-P(=X) (C) (X-C) where * indicates a direct bond of the $C$ of the $C=X$ group or the $C$ atom of the cyano group to the $P$ atom (9/ 32A9; 9/32A9+Q)
...Contains two or more (C) -P (=X)
(C) (X-C) groups or at least
one ( $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C}$ ) (C) $\quad(\mathrm{X}=) \mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{C})-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$
(C) (X-C) group (9/32A6)
...Contains the structure "carbocyclic ring"-P(=X) (C) (X-C) where "--" indicates that a ring carbon of the carbocyclic ring may or may not be directly bonded to the P atom (9/32A3; 9/32A4; 9/ 32A7)
...Contains the structure "ethylenic group"-P(=X) (C) (X-C) where "--" indicates that a carbon atom of the ethylenic group may or may not be bonded directly to the $P$ atom (9/32A2)
...Contains the structure (C)$P(=X)$ (C) (X-C-Q) where $Q$ is a moiety containing an atom other than C or H (9/32C; 9/ 32C1)
180 ...Contains the structure Q-(C)$P(=X)$ (C) (X-C) where $Q$ is a moiety containing an atom other than C or H (9/32A; 9/ 32A1)
..Pentavalent P having the structure (C) $2-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X}) \quad(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{B})$ where $X$ is chalcogen and $B$ represents an atom other than C (9/30; 9/30B)
182 ...Contains the structure ( $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{C}^{*}$ ) P(=X) (C) (X-B) or (cyano*)$P(=X) \quad(C) \quad(X-B)$ where * indicates a bond of the $C$ of the $C=X$ group or of the $C$ of the cyano group directly to the $P$ atom (9/30A9)
...Contains two or more (C) -P (=X)
(C) (X-B) groups or at least one ( $B-X$ ) (C) ( $X=$ )-P-(C) $-P-$ (=X) (C) (X-B) group (9/30A6)
...Contains the structure
"carbocylic group"-P (=X) (C) (X-B) where "--" indicates that a ring carbon of the carbocyclic ring may or may not be directly bonded to the P atom (9/30A3; 9/30A4; 9/ 30A7)
...Contains the structure
"ethylenic group"-P(=X) (C)
(X-B) where "--" indicates
that a carbon atom of the ethylenic group may or may not be directly bonded to the $P$ atom (9/30A2)
186 ...Contains a $\mathrm{Q}-(\mathrm{C})-\mathrm{P}(=\mathrm{X})$ (C) (XB) group wherein $Q$ is a moiety containing an atom other than C or H (9/30A1; 9/30A1+U6)
187 . Phosphorus directly bonded to N , i.e., P(N) (9/22; 9/22A)

188 ..P(=N) group containing (9/06B; 9/06B2; 9/06B2D)
189
190
191
..(Hal)-P-(N) group containing (9/26)
..P(N) (N) (N) group containing (9/22C)
.. $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{X})$ where X is chalcogen or $P(-N-N)(9 / 22 D ; ~ 9 / 22 E)$

192 ..Contains the structure (N)-P-(X-*acyl), (N) $-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-\star \mathrm{Z})$ or (N) $-\mathrm{P}-\left(\mathrm{X}-{ }^{*}\right.$ cyano) where Z is an atom other than $C$ or $H, X$ is a chalcogen atom, and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent X atom (9/24A9; 9/ 24A9+M; 9/24A9+Q; 9/24A9+U; 9/ 24A9+W)
..Contains the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{N}-$ *acyl), $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{N}-* \mathrm{Z})$ or ( $\mathrm{N}-*$ cyano) where $Z$ is an atom other than $C$ or H and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent N atom (9/24C9; 9/24C9+M; 9/24C9+Q; 9/24C9+U; 9/24C9+W)
..Contains the structure (N) -P( $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C}$ ) wherein X is chalcogen atom, i.e., estramides (9/24)
...(C-X)-P-(N-carbocyclic ring)
(9/24C3; 9/24C4; 9/24C7)
...(C-X)-P-(N-ethylenic group)
(9/24C2)
...Aryl ring-(X)-P-(N) (9/24A4)
....Aryl-(C)n-(X) -P-(N) wherein $n$
is at least one (9/24A7)
...Carbocyclic ring-(X)-P-(N) (9/
24A3)
...Ethylenic group-(X)-P-(N) (9/
24A2)
...C-(X)-P-(N)-C-Q wherein Q
contains an atom other than $C$
or $H$ ( $9 / 24 \mathrm{C}$; 9/24C1)
...Q-C-(X)-P-(N) or compound
contains two or more $P$ atoms
and wherein $Q$ contains an atom
other than C or H (9/24A; 9/
24A1; 9/24A6)
.Pentavalent $P$ containing the
structure (Hal) $-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{C})$ wherein
$X$ is a chalcogen atom (9/14)
..S, Se, or Te is bonded directly
to the P atom (9/20; 9/20B2;
9/20B4)
..Containing the structure (Hal)-
$\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ ethylenic) or (Hal)-P-(O-
aryl) (9/14B2; 9/14B4)
.Trivalent $P$ containing the
structure (Hal)-P-(X-C)
wherein X is a chalcogen atom
(9/146; 9/206)
.Trivalent P containing the structure $P-(X-C)$ wherein a $S$, Se , or Te atom is directly bonded to the P atom and wherein $X$ is chalcogen ( $X$ may qualify as the required $S$, $S e$, or Te atom) (9/201; 9/201A1; 9/202; 9/203)
..Containg the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ carbocyclic ring) (9/204; 9/ 205)
.Pentavalent $P$ containing the structure $P-(X-C)$ wherein a $S$, Se, or Te is directly bonded to the $P$ atom and wherein $X$ is chalcogen (X may qualify as the required S , Se , or Te atom) (9/16; 9/165; 9/165A1)
..Two or more $P$ atoms (9/165A6; 9/165B)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ *acyl), $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-\star \mathrm{Z})$ or $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ *cyano) wherein $Z$ is other than $C, H$, or a salt forming moiety and * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent X atom (9/165A9; 9/165A9+M; 9/ 165A9+Q; 9/165A9+U)
. Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ aryl ring) (9/18)
...Containing the structure P -(X)-[C]n-Aryl wherein $n$ is at least one and the aryl ring is bonded to the X atom by a chain of only acyclic carbon atoms (9/165A7)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ carbocyclic ring) (9/177)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ ethylenic group) (9/173)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{X}-$ unsubstituted alkyl) wherein all of the $X$ atoms in the molecule which are single bonded to the $P$ atom are bound directly to carbon radicals containing only carbon and hydrogen atoms (9/17)
. P is trivalent and contains the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{C})$ or $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{Z})$ where $Z$ is an atom other than $H$ (9/141; 9/141A1)

218 ..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ *acyl), $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-* \mathrm{Z})$ wherein Z is an atom, other than $C, H$, or a salt former, or $\mathrm{P}-(0-*$ cyano $)$ where * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent oxygen atom (9/141A9; 9/09A9+Q; 9/ 09A9+U)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ carbocyclic ring) (9/145)
...Ring is other than aryl (9/ 144)
...Contains the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O})-$ [C]n-aryl wherein $n$ is at least one and the aryl ring is bonded to the 0 atom through a chain of only carbon atoms (9/ 141A7)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ ethylenic group) (9/143)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ unsubstituted alkyl) wherein all of th $O$ atoms in the molecule which are single bonded to the $P$ atom are bound directly to carbon radicals containing only carbon and hydrogen atoms (9/142)
. $P$ is pentavalent and contains the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{C})$ or $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ Z) where $Z$ indicates an atom other than H (9/09; 9/09A1)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ *acyl), $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-* \mathrm{Z})$ wherein Z is an atom other than $C$ or $H$, or $\mathrm{P}-\left(\mathrm{O}^{*}\right.$ cyano) where * indicates a direct bond to the adjacent oxygen atom (9/09A9; 9/09A9+Q; 9/09A9+U)
..Contains two or more $P$ atoms (9/09B)
...Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-$ (O)-C-[K]-C-(O)-P wherein $K$ is an organic residue (9/09A6)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ carbocyclic ring) (9/12)
...Ring is other than aryl (9/ 117)
...Contains the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O})$ -[C]n-aryl wherein $n$ is at least one and the aryl ring is bonded to the 0 atom through a chain of only carbon atoms (9/ 09A7)
..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ ethylenic group) (9/113)
..Alchohol moiety of ester contains at least three hydroxyl functions or derivatives thereof and wherein the oxygen atoms of the derivative can be attributed to the hydroxyl functions; e.g., phosphatides, lecithin, etc. (9/10)
234 . Reaction products of at least one compound containing both P and $S$ atoms with a hydrocarbon or the reaction product of a $P$ an a S reactant with a hydrocarbon (reactant P and S can be in elemental or compound form) (9/04)
COMPOUND CONTAINS BOTH A
PHOSPHORUS AND A METAL ATOM (9/02A)
.Compound contains at least one atom of Ti, Zr, Hf, V, Nb, Ta, Cr, Mo, W, Mn, Tc, or $\operatorname{Re}(9 /$ 02E)
302 . Compound contains at least one atom of Al, Ga, In, Tl, Ge, Sn, or Pb (9/02D)

PHOSPHORUS CONTAINING AT LEAST ONE NITROGEN ATOM AS SOLE HETERO ATOM (9/65)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline ..Containing the structure $\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{O}-$ unsubstituted alkyl) wherein all of the $O$ atoms in the molecule which are single \& 354 \\
\hline bonded to the P atom are bound directly to carbon radicals containing only carbon and hydrogen atoms (9/11) \& 355

356
357 \\
\hline . Alchohol moiety of ester contains at least three hydroxyl functions or derivatives thereof and wherein the oxygen atoms of the derivative can be attributed to the hydroxyl functions; e.g., phosphatides, lecithin, etc. (9/10) \& 358

359 \\
\hline . Reaction products of at least one compound containing both P and $S$ atoms with a hydrocarbon or the reaction product of a $P$ an a $S$ reactant with a hydrocarbon (reactant P and S can be in elemental or compound form) (9/04) \& 360
361

362 \\
\hline COMPOUND CONTAINS BOTH A PHOSPHORUS AND A METAL ATOM (9/02A) \& 363 \\
\hline .Compound contains at least one atom of Ti, Zr, Hf, V, Nb, Ta, Cr, Mo, W, Mn, Tc, or Re (9/ 02E) \& 364
365 \\
\hline . Compound contains at least one atom of Al, Ga, In, Tl, Ge, Sn, or Pb (9/02D) \& 366 \\
\hline . Compound contains at least one atom of $\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{Ag}, \mathrm{Cd}, \mathrm{Au}$, or Hg (9/02C) \& 367 \\
\hline . Compound contains at least one atom of $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{Co}, \mathrm{Ni}, \mathrm{Ru}, \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{Pd}$, Os, Ir, or Pt (9/02B) \& 368 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

.Ring contains at least four nitrogen atoms (9/65D; 9/65D1; 9/65D2; 9/65D3; 9/65D3B)
.Ring contains three nitrogen atoms (9/65C)
..Six-membered ring contains the three $N$ atoms (9/65C6; 9/
65C6E; 9/65C6G; 9/65C6K; 9/
65C6Q; 9/65C6R; 9/65C6V)

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..Five-membered ring contains the
    three N atoms (9/65C5; 9/
    65C5E; 9/65C5G; 9/65C5K; 9/
    65C5R; 9/65C5V)
.Ring contains two N atoms (9/
        65B)
    ..Six-membered ring (9/65B6)
    ...N in 1 and 4 positions (9/
        65B64; 9/65B64E; 9/65B64K; 9/
        65B4V)
    ...N in 1 and 3 positions (9/
        65B63; 9/65B63E; 9/65B63G; 9/
        65B63J; 9/65B63K; 9/65B63K2;
        9/65B63K4; 9/65B63M; 9/65B63R;
        9/65B63V)
    ...N in 1 and 2 positions (9/
        65B62; 9/65B62E; 9/65B62J; 9/
        65B62K; 9/65B62M; 9/65B62V)
    ..Five-membered ring (9/65B5)
    ...N in 1 and 3 positions (9/
        65B53; 9/65B53E; 9/65B53G; 9/
        65B53J; 9/65B53K; 9/65B53M; 9/
        65B53R; 9/65B53V)
    ...N in 1 and 2 positions (9/
        65B52; 9/65B52E; 9/65B52J; 9/
        65B52K; 9/65B52M)
    .Ring contains a single N atom
        (9/65A)
    ..(O=)C-N-C(=O) group where C-N-C
        is part of the ring (9/65A9)
    ..Ring contains at least seven
        ring atoms (9/65A7)
    ..Six-membered ring (9/65A6; 9/
        65A6E; 9/65A6G; 9/65A6J; 9/
        65A6K; 9/65A6K2; 9/65A6K4; 9/
        65A6M; 9/65A6R; 9/65A6V)
    ..Five-membered ring (9/65A5; 9/
        65A5E; 9/65A5G; 9/65A5J; 9/
        65A5K; 9/65A5K2; 9/65A5K4; 9/
        65A5M; 9/65A5R; 9/65A5V)
    ..Four-membered ring (9/65A4; 9/
        65A4E; 9/65A4V)
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