

108TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 847

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the importation of prescription drugs from Canada.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 13, 2003

Mr. SANDERS (for himself, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. CROWLEY, Mrs. EMERSON, Mr. BERRY, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. DEFazio, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. STARK, Ms. WOOLSEY, Ms. LEE, Mr. OLVER, Ms. SOLIS, Mr. EVANS, Mr. OWENS, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. NADLER, Ms. CORRINE BROWN of Florida, Mr. SABO, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. HINCHEY, Mr. KUCINICH, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Ms. BALDWIN, and Mr. FILNER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the importation of prescription drugs from Canada.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Preserving Access to
5 Safe, Affordable Canadian Medicines Act of 2003”.

1 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2 The Congress finds as follows:

3 (1) Prescription drug manufacturers charge
4 substantially more for their products in the United
5 States than in Canada.

6 (2) Many Americans cannot afford the higher
7 U.S. prices and are forced to either go without their
8 needed medications or sacrifice other necessities of
9 life in order to afford them.

10 (3) Increasingly, Americans have turned to the
11 Canadian market to purchase their needed medica-
12 tions at substantially lower prices and the Food and
13 Drug Administration now estimates that two million
14 parcels containing prescription drugs enter the U.S.
15 for personal use each year.

16 (4) The Congressional Research Service has
17 confirmed that Canada has a drug approval and dis-
18 tribution system comparable to that of the United
19 States.

20 (5) Drug manufacturers are trying to cut off
21 the supply of prescription drugs accessed by U.S.
22 consumers on the Canadian market in blatant dis-
23 regard of the health consequences for Americans.

1 **SEC. 3. NONDISCRIMINATION AGAINST IMPORTS OF PRE-**
2 **SCRIPTION DRUGS.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter VIII of the Federal
4 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381 et seq.)
5 is amended—

6 (1) in section 801(d)(1), by striking “section
7 804,” and inserting “sections 804 and 805,”; and

8 (2) by adding at the end the following:

9 “PROHIBITION AGAINST DISCRIMINATION AGAINST
10 IMPORTS

11 “SEC. 805. (a) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary, after
12 consultation with the United States Trade Representative
13 and the Commissioner of Customs, shall promulgate regu-
14 lations prohibiting manufacturers of prescription medica-
15 tions from taking actions that discriminate against, or
16 cause other persons to discriminate against, United States
17 consumers regarding the purchase of prescription medica-
18 tions from Canadian pharmacies.

19 “(b) NONDISCRIMINATION.—No manufacturer of a
20 prescription medication may take actions that discrimi-
21 nate against, or cause other persons to discriminate
22 against, United States consumers regarding the purchase
23 of a prescription medication from Canadian pharmacies.

24 “(c) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the
25 term ‘discrimination’ means a contract provision, a limita-
26 tion on supply, or other measure which has the effect of

1 providing U.S. consumers access to prescription medica-
2 tions on terms or conditions that are less favorable than
3 the terms or conditions provided to any foreign purchaser
4 of such products, or otherwise has the effect of restricting
5 or reducing access by United States consumers to a pre-
6 scription medication from Canadian pharmacies.”.

7 (b) PROHIBITED ACT.—Section 301 of the Federal
8 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is amend-
9 ed by adding at the end the following:

10 “(hh) Discrimination by a manufacturer in violation
11 of section 805.”.

12 (c) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 303 of the Federal
13 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 333) is amend-
14 ed by adding at the end the following subsection:

15 “(h)(1) Any manufacturer of a prescription medica-
16 tion that knowingly violates section 805(b) shall be liable
17 to the United States for a civil penalty in an amount not
18 to exceed \$1,000,000.

19 “(2) Paragraphs (3) through (5) of subsection (g)
20 apply with respect to a civil penalty under paragraph (1)
21 of this subsection to the same extent and in the same man-
22 ner as such paragraphs (3) through (5) apply with respect
23 to a civil penalty under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection
24 (g).”.

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