Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund

Appropriations Language

Of the unobligated balances under this heading from prior year appropriations, all remaining amounts are permanently cancelled.

Justification of Language Changes

The United States Fish and Wildlife Service has accomplished everything it planned to do with the funds for the Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund, and there have been no obligations since 2005.

Authorizing Statutes

Partnership for Wildlife Act, (16 U.S.C. 3741) as amended, establishes a partnership among the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, designated state agencies, the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, and other private organizations and individuals to promote conservation of all wildlife species, especially those not managed as game species. Authorization of Appropriations: Expires September 30, 2003.

Activity: Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund

				2009			
		2007 Actual	2008 Enacted	Fixed Costs & Related Changes (+/-)	Program Changes (+/-)	Budget Request	Change From 2008 (+/-)
Total, Wildlife Conservation							
and Appreciation Fund	(\$000)	0	0	0	-497	-497	-497
	FTE	-	-	-	-	-	-

Summary of 2009 Program Changes for Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund

Request Component	(\$000)	FTE
 Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fu Unobligated Balance 	ınd, -497	-
TOTAL Program Changes	-497	-

Justification of 2009 Program Changes

The 2009 budget request proposes a reduction of \$497,000 of unobligated balances from the Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund. There are no FTE changes associated with this funding.

Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund Grants (-\$497,000)

Annual funding for the Wildlife Conservation and Appreciation Fund was eliminated in the fiscal year 2002 budget. There has been no activity in this account since fiscal year 2005. The remaining unobligated balances of \$497,000 are eliminated.

Program Overview

The Partnerships for Wildlife Act's purpose is to establish partnerships between the Service, states, and the private sector to preserve and manage all nongame fish and wildlife species. The Act authorizes grants to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and America Samoa. Grants can be awarded to benefit a broad array of nongame species and to provide for their recreational enjoyment by the American people.