Peace and Security

Indicators and Definitions

Peace & Security

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Program Support/Program Design and Learning Indicators

Standard Program Design and Learning indicators are associated with each Program Area. These 7 indicators are found in the FACTS system at the end of the indicator list for each Program Area.

The Program Support indicators are standard across all five Objectives. In order to avoid extensive duplicate entries, data reference sheets for these 7 standard indicators are listed here.

ELEMENT: PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SPECIAL STUDIES		
DEFINITION:		
Special Studies are undertaken to gather information relevant for a particular		
program or project to improve our knowledge and understanding about the study		
subject. Different from an assessment or an evaluation, they examine unique		
circumstances as opposed to an entire activity, project or program.		
RATIONALE:		
This indicator captures support prov	vided by operating units for development	
projects and programs		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of special studies	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = Better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Both qualitative and quantitative methods of data collection and analysis are		
used for special studies.		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF BASELINE OR FEASIBILITY STUDIES DEFINITION:

A "baseline study" is a study conducted to examine and record the context/situation to be addressed by the project or program. Such studies are generally carried before program activities begin or simultaneous to program start-up in order to establish a starting place from which to measure movement resulting from USG-assisted activities.

A "feasibility study": is carried to examine the context in which an anticipated project or program would be implemented as well as the viability and practicality of its implementation.

RATIONALE:

Baseline and feasibility studies reflect the preparation and forethought that go into USG programming.

Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of Studies	None
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOUDOF	

DATA SOURCE:

While baseline studies generally collect quantitative data, both qualitative and quantitative data are used for feasibility studies.

Measurement Notes:

ELEMENT: **PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT** INDICATOR TITLE: **NUMBER OF EVALUATIONS**

DEFINITION: Evaluation involves a systematic collection of information on the performance and impacts of on-going or completed USG-funded projects, programs, or sub-sets of activities. Its purpose is to inform decisions about how to improve the performance to increase the prospect of achieving results and/or to inform decisions about future programming. Evaluation is a formal analytical endeavor and should not be confused with routine site visits or informal discussions about a project or program's performance. Evaluations go beyond collecting information on the extent to which planned outputs, outcomes and impacts have been achieved and focus on the collection of information that can help answer the following types of questions:

- Why have planned results not been achieved?
- What are the underlying factors and forces that appear to have impeded and/or supported the achievement of results?
- Which programs and/or activities are the most effective or efficient in achieving results?
- What types of actions should be taken to improve the performance in achieving results, including whether or not to continue funding some or all of the development activities evaluated and why.
- What are the lessons that can be learned?

RATIONALE:

This indicator captures the efforts made by an operating unit to improve the performance of on-going programs and to draw lessons for future.

3 31 3	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of Evaluations	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outputs	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
A wide variety of data collections methods can be used. These include statistical	
data from secondary sources, sample surveys, structured and unstructured	
interviews, site visits and focus group discussions.	
MEASUREMENT NOTES	•

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF INFORMATION GATHERING OR RESEARCH ACTI	VITIES
DEFINITION:	

Information gathering or research activities" refer to efforts to gather and analyze information in a systematic fashion on a specific topic. Research falls under three categories -applied, basic and development research.

Applied Research – Applied research is defined as systematic study to gain knowledge or understanding necessary to determine the means by which a recognized and specific need may be met.

Basic Research – Basic research is defined as the systematic study directed toward fuller knowledge or understanding of a phenomenon or process and of observable facts without specific applications toward processes or products in mind.

Development Research – Development Research is defined as the systematic application of knowledge or understanding, directed toward the production of useful materials, devices, and systems or methods including design, development and improvement of prototypes and new processes to meet specific requirements.

RATIONALE: This indicator indicates the nature of support for program development	
undertaken by an operating unit	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of research activities	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Project and program documents	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF MONITORING PLANS

DEFINITION:

Monitoring plans refer to the plans designed to monitor the performance of a project or program. They track the performance or situation against what was planned or expected according to pre-determined standards.

RATIONALE:

This indicator is designed to capture the Program Support provided by an operating unit.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of Monitoring Plans	None	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Report	Higher = Better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Mission/post/bureau records and documents		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE TRAINED IN MONITORING AND EVALUATION DEFINITION:

This indicator refers to the number of participants in a classroom or remote training course on any topic related to measuring performance and impacts of a project or program, including indicators, qualitative and quantitative data collection methods, data analysis and nature and purpose of evaluation.

RATIONALE:

This indicator gives an indication of the efforts made by operating unit to improve its performance

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people trained	Gender
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Project and program reports	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PROGRAM DESIGN AND LEARNING ELEMENT

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SECTOR ASSESSMENTS

DEFINITION:

Sector assessments are undertaken to provide comprehensive analyses of needs and opportunities in a particular sector so that informed strategic and programmatic decisions can be made. A sector is broadly defined to include gender, environment, agriculture, industry, food security, health, education, and democracy.

RATIONALE:

Sectors assessments are usually undertaken to identify problems, opportunities and promising areas for interventions.

DISAGGREGATE BY:	
DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Higher = Better	
DATA SOURCE:	
Both primary and secondary sources of data and information are used for sector	

assessments.

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Program Area: Counter-Terrorism

ELEMENT: PS 1.1 – DENY TERRORIST SPONSORSHIP, SUPPORT AND SANCTUARY		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE TRAINED ON COUNTERTERRORISM FINANCE BY		
USG PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator provides the statistics on the numbers of students trained in five		
core CT finance areas (legal, financial/regulatory, financial intelligence, financial		
investigative, prosecutorial/judicial)		
RATIONALE:		
These data of students trained are measures of the range, depth and frequency		
of cooperation with a partner country		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex	
Type: Output/Outcome	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
INL/C		
Measurement Notes:		

ELEMENT: PS-1.1 – DENY TERRORIST SPONSORSHIP, SUPPORT AND SANCTUARY			
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PORTS OF ENTRY SUPPORTED BY USG TERRORIST			
INTERDICTION PROGRAMS			
DEFINITION:			
This is a measure of the number of	ports of entry the Terrorist Interdiction		
Program (TIP) has helped partner co	ountries to equip to conduct terrorist watch-		
listing in cooperation with the US			
RATIONALE:			
The efficacy of TIP's computer-base	The efficacy of TIP's computer-based terrorist screening system (PISCES)		
depends on the number of ports of e	depends on the number of ports of entry where the system is installed and		
operational			
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:		
Number of ports of entry	None		
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:		
Output Higher = better			
DATA SOURCE:			
TIP/PISCES Program Management Office			
Measurement Notes:			

ELEMENT: PS 1.1 – DENY TERRORIST SPONSORSHIP, SUPPORT AND SANCTUARY INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG FUNDED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS **COMPLETED WITHIN THE TARGET REGION/UNGOVERNED SPACES DEFINITION:** Ungoverned spaces are specific geographic areas that currently are, or have the potential to become, safe havens for terrorist activity. This indicator would measure the local government's ability to execute/implement community-initiated development projects in what are considered to be ungoverned spaces. RATIONALE: Activities designed to support local authorities with the objective to improve their performance have the effect of creating a government presence in ungoverned spaces. **UNIT:** DISAGGREGATE BY: Number of projects None TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME DIRECTION OF CHANGE: Output Higher = better DATA SOURCE: Implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 1.2 – DE-LEGITIMIZE TERRORIST IDEOLOGY		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PUBLIC INFORMATION CAMPAIGNS COMPLETED BY USG		
PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:		
	de radio, public service announcements, print	
	provide information de-legitimizing terrorist	
ideology		
RATIONALE:		
A successful public information campaign creates or raises awareness and		
communicates a clear message about the illegitimacy of terrorist tactics and		
organizations		
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of campaigns	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output Higher = better		
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementers/post		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 1.3 – GOVERNMENT'S CAPABILITIES**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF FACILITIES EVALUATED BY USG PROGRAMS IN ORDER TO COUNTER BIOTERRORISM AND/OR STRENGTHEN BIODEFENSE

DEFINITION:

This indicator provides the number of facilities evaluated by USG bioterrorism programs that are used to develop and strengthen bioterrorism and bio defense

RATIONALE:

A count of the number of facilities that have been evaluated in order to show the broad reach of foreign assistance programs to counter bioterrorism and/or strengthen biodefense

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UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of facilities	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
DOS Facilitators	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 1.3 – GOVERNMENT'S CAPABILITIES		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEO	PLE TRAINED IN ANTI-TERRORISM BY USG PROGRAMS	
DEFINITION:		
This indicator provides statistical information on the numbers of students trained,		
disaggregated by personal dat	a, course(s) taken, length of training, etc.	
RATIONALE:		
These data of students trained are measures of the range, depth and frequency		
of cooperation with a partner country		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
DS/ATA		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 1.3 – GOVERNMENT'S CAPABILITIES**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE TRAINED TO COUNTER BIOTERRORISM AND/OR STRENGTHEN BIODEFENSE

DEFINITION:

This indicator provides statistical information on the numbers of students trained, disaggregated by personal data, course(s) taken, length of training, etc.

RATIONALE:

By accounting for the number of personnel trained and disaggregating by gender and nationality, this indicator will show the broad reach and enthusiastic reception of DOS training programs to counter bioterrorism and strengthen biodefense.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex, type of training
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
DOS Facilitators	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 1.3 – GOVERNMENT'S CAPABILITIES		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED ASSESSMENTS ON TERRORISM		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator provides the number of	of USG-assisted assessments done that are	
used to determine the weaknesses a	and capabilities of each country to address	
terrorism issues within the host cour	ntry	
RATIONALE:		
These assessments are the first key part of a program that then can use this		
information to develop training to address the weaknesses		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of assessments	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
DS/ATA		
Measurement Notes:		

ELEMENT: PS 1.3 – GOVERNMENT'S CAPABILITIES		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED NATIONS REPORTING BIOSURVEILLANCE		
DATA TO INTERNATIONAL AND REGIONA	L ORGANIZATIONS (BUREAU REPORTED)	
DEFINITION:		
1 0	osurveillance data to international and	
regional organizations that are received	ving USG assistance in this element	
RATIONALE:		
A count of the number of nations reporting biosurveillance data to international		
and regional organizations will show the broad reach of foreign assistance		
programs that encourage participation in sharing biosurveillance data to counter		
bioterrorism and/or strengthen biodefense		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of nations	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Outcome	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
International and regional organizations		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
This indicator is designed for Bureau reporting and should not be targeted by		
Missions.		

Program Area: Combating Weapons of Mass Destruction

ELEMENT: PS 2.1 – COUNTER WMD PROLIFERATION AND COMBAT WMD TERRORISM		
INDICATOR TITLE: COUNTRY HAS DEVELOPED AND INSTITUTED VALID EXPORT CONTROL		
SYSTEMS MEETING INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AS A RESULT OF USG ACTIVITIES		
DEFINITION:		
This is a yes/no indicator regarding whether the country has developed and/or		
instituted export control systems meet internationally accepted standards this		
year with USG assistance.		
RATIONALE:		
It measures "counter proliferation" because through licensing, enforcement,		
government outreach to industry (to inform them of their legal obligations) and		
international commitment, countries attain the capacity to deter, detect, and		
interdict illicit trade in WMD materials and technology		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Yes/No	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Outcome Higher = better		
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating unit		
Measurement Notes:		

Program Area: Stabilization Operations and Security Sector Reform

ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF CIVILIANS PROTECTED BY USG SPONSORED ARMED		
SECURITY PERSONNEL		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of civilians who are being provided direct		
armed physical security by security personnel sponsored by USG assistance		
RATIONALE:		
In addition to the number of security personnel, this indicator captures the		
number of people affected by this activity		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of civilians	Sex, age (if possible)	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating unit		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting may not be		
required/appropriate		

ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES SUPPORTED WITH USG		
ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of correctional facilities where USG either		
provides personnel, systems support or other direct assistance		
RATIONALE:		
In post-stabilization and post-conflict environments, assistance to correctional		
facilities is required to improve the security environment by helping to ensure that		
dangerous individuals are properly detained		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of correctional facilities	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementers and operating unit		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF EXERCISES HOST COUNTRY MILITARY PERSONNEL		
PARTICIPATE IN W/US OR COALITION FORCES AS A RESULT OF USG ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
The number of times a year a country's military or security forces engage in a military exercise with U.S. or coalition forces		
RATIONALE:		
One of our objectives is to enhance foreign security forces to deploy to an operation. This indicator will partially tell the story of a country's capability, but will not take into account any national or strategic level variables that may influence a country's decision to deploy, regardless of capability levels. Another outside variable is the number of deployment opportunities during a year.		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of exercises	Size of deployment (individuals, units by size and type, staffs).	
<i>Type: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY</i> Output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION	
DATA SOURCE:		
The Security Assistance Office or Defense Attaché Office		
INTERPRETATION:		
Higher = better		
Method for Aggregating Across Countries:		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
Countries ability to contribute differs from the quality of the contribution, but		
desire more capable forces to participate in valuable exercises.		

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF HOST COUNTRY MILITARY DEPLOYMENTS COMPLETED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

The number of times a country's military or security forces deploy to a peacekeeping operation (UN or other), humanitarian crisis, or other coalition operation during a year assisted by the USG.

RATIONALE:

One of the objectives of our security assistance is to enhance the capability of foreign military forces to deploy to an operation. This indicator will partially tell the story of a country's capability, but will not take into account any national or strategic level variables that may influence a country's decision whether to deploy, regardless of capability levels.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of deployments	Size of deployment (individuals, units by
	type and size, staff elements).
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
The Security Assistance Office or Defense Attaché Office	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Focused spending resulting in productive deployments may result in less deployments but better results. Also, another outside variable is that the number of deployment opportunities during a year may fluctuate.

ELEMENT:	PS 3.	1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT	
	TITLE:	NUMBER OF HOST COUNTRY MILITARY P	FRS

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF HOST COUNTRY MILITARY PERSONNEL TRAINED IN PEACEKEEPING, HUMANITARIAN, AND/OR MULTINATIONAL OPERATIONS

DEFINITION:

Number of host country military personnel receiving training related to peacekeeping operations at CONUS-based military training facilities and through mobile training teams (MTTs) in the host nation, funded with foreign assistance. Training can be of any length of time.

RATIONALE:

This indicator measures whether a country is increasing the number of military personnel trained in the United States. In most cases, an increased number of personnel trained shows an enhanced military-to-military relationship, broadened knowledge of western military doctrine and professional skills, or improved interoperability and technical skills, but it is not a direct link. In addition, the data already collected does not distinguish whether individuals took multiple training courses in one year, which may skew the results.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of military personnel	Sex, type of training
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Foreign Military Training Report; based on data from security assistance office MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Usually good, but higher does not automatically assume better quality of training, that trained individuals end up in positions of influence or higher level of responsibilities, or that they use training

ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NEWLY EST	INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NEWLY ESTABLISHED, FULLTIME, TRAINED PEACEKEEPING	
STAFF		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures all staff specifically trained for peacekeeping operations in existing organizations (e.g. ECOWAS, AU etc.)		
RATIONALE:		
This indicator simply shows whether a peacekeeping organization is increasing		
the number of staff trained to engage	e in peacekeeping operations	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION	
output		
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementers and/or operating units		
INTERPRETATION:		
Higher = better		
Method for Aggregating Across Countries:		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
The data already collected does not distinguish whether individuals took multiple		
training courses in one year, which may skew the results		
ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEACEKEEPING/REGIONAL SECURITY ORGANIZATIONS		

SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of peacekeeping/regional security organizations that receive direct USG assistance

RATIONALE:

Supporting existing peacekeeping/regional security organizations reduces the amount of direct U.S. military participation needed for peacekeeping operations

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of organizations	None
Туре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Operating units	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF US PERSONNEL DEPLOYED AS ADVISORS TO HOST NATION		
SECURITY FORCES FOR THE PURPOSE OF RESTORING ORDER		
DEFINITION:		
Counts the number of U.S. and foreign personnel deployed to host nation		
	ce, special police units and other forces.	
Host nation security forces can include: military, paramilitary, gendarme, police,		
special police units and other forces		
RATIONALE:		
Measures the number of USG and foreign personnel deployed using USG		
foreign assistance. Tying allocated funds to the measure allows cost		
comparisons across countries.		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of advisors	Unit of advisor, nationality of advisor	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Collected by implementing partners and reported to program managers. This is		
the case in INL, but may not be the case for other stability police programs or		
police advisor programs		
Measurement Notes:		
Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting not required/appropriate		

ELEMENT: PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT			
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-SPONSORED ARMED SECURITY PERSONNEL			
DEPLOYED TO PROTECT CIVILIANS			
DEFINITION:			
This indicator captures the number of security personnel deployed to provide			
armed physical security to civilians			
RATIONALE:			
Ensures capturing information rega	Ensures capturing information regarding how many security personnel are being		
deployed with USG assistance			
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:		
Number of personnel	Sex		
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:		
Output	Higher = better		
DATA SOURCE:			
Operating unit			
Measurement Notes:			

ELEMENT: **PS 3.1 – OPERATIONS SUPPORT**

INDICATOR TITLE: PERCENT OF US RECOMMENDED MILITARY TRAINING NEED FOR HOST COUNTRY MET DURING YEAR

DEFINITION:

Each 2-year plan provides an assessment of what the military training needs are, and seeks to capture how compliant the training programs are in achieving the military needs.

RATIONALE:

This indicator addresses some of the limitations of capturing the number of military personnel trained by ensuring that the training is relevant and important toward achieving the actual military needs.

UNIT:	Disaggregate by:
Percentage	N/A
<i>TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY</i> OUTCOME	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION

DATA SOURCE:

Foreign Military Training Report; COCOM 2-year plan , data from security assistance office

INTERPRETATION:

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

However, quality rather than quantity is critical to determining if needs are being met.

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 – DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF COMMUNITIES ASSISTED BY USG FUNDED REINTEGRATION PROGRAMS

DEFINITION:

Number of communities assisted by programs that work toward reintegrating excombatants and assisting the communities where they are returning and/or were impacted by conflict

RATIONALE:

Successful reintegration programs must include the community and ensure that ex-combatants are not rewarded while the community gains nothing

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of communities	None
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners and/or operational units

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Community should be defined (and the definition should be recorded) by each operating unit and used consistently each year.

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 – DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF EX-COMBATANTS, ARMED BELLIGERENTS WHO COMPLETE USG-ASSISTED TRANSFORMATIONAL PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:	RUGRAMS	
Number of ex-combatants, armed belligerents, who complete programs that transform them from military to civilian status through programs that support peace and security		
RATIONALE:		
Illustrative reintegration programs might include skills training, education, counseling and other assistance		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, Child Soldier	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION	
output		
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementer and/or operating unit		
INTERPRETATION: Higher - better		
Higher = better		
METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:		
Measurement Notes:		
A child soldier is any person under 18 years of age who is part of any kind of		
regular or irregular armed force or armed group in any capacity, including but not		
limited to cooks, porters, messengers and anyone accompanying such groups,		
other than family members. The definition includes girls recruited for sexual		
purposes and for forced marriage. It does not, therefore, only refer to a child who		
is carrying or has carried arms.		

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 – DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF EX-COMBATANTS, ARMED BELLIGERENTS ENROLLED IN **USG-**ASSISTED PROGRAMS THAT TRANSFORM THEM FROM MILITARY TO CIVILIAN STATUS **DEFINITION:** Number of ex-combatants, armed belligerents, who are involved with programs that transform them from military to civilian status through programs that support peace and security. Illustrative reintegration programs might include skills training, education, counseling and other assistance RATIONALE: This only captures the number of individuals enrolled, which is an important first step in a transformational program. Illustrative reintegration programs might include skills training, education, counseling and other assistance. DISAGGREGATE BY: UNIT: Number of ex-combatants Sex, Child Soldier TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION output DATA SOURCE: Implementing partners INTERPRETATION: Higher = better METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES: MEASUREMENT NOTES: A child soldier is any person under 18 years of age who is part of any kind of regular or irregular armed force or armed group in any capacity, including but not limited to cooks, porters, messengers and anyone accompanying such groups,

other than family members. The definition includes girls recruited for sexual purposes and for forced marriage. It does not, therefore, only refer to a child who is carrying or has carried arms.

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 – DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF EX-COMBATANTS, ARMED BELLIGERENTS WHO ARE ENCAMPED AND REGISTERED AS PART OF A DEMOBILIZATION PROCESS WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Number of ex-combatants and armed belligerents who are encamped and registered as part of a demobilization process

RATIONALE:

This indicator measures the number of ex-combatants participating in USG funded programs (either directly or through contributions to the UN or the World Bank). It does not measure the success or sustainability of this intervention

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of ex-combatants	Sex, Child Soldier
<i>Type: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY</i> Output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners (through the UN or the World Bank or directly in cases where the USG funds the activity) will provide reports

INTERPRETATION:

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

A child soldier is any person under 18 years of age who is part of any kind of regular or irregular armed force or armed group in any capacity, including but not limited to cooks, porters, messengers and anyone accompanying such groups, other than family members. The definition includes girls recruited for sexual purposes and for forced marriage. It does not, therefore, only refer to a child who is carrying or has carried arms.

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 – DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF EX-COMBATANTS, ARMED BELLIGERENTS WHO ARE ENCAMPED AS PART OF A DEMOBILIZAITON PROCESS WITH USG ASSISTANCE DEFINITION: Number of ex-combatants and armed belligerents who are encamped as part of a demobilization process RATIONALE: This indicator measures the number of ex-combatants participating in USG funded programs (either directly or through contributions to the UN or the World Bank). It does not measure the success or sustainability of this intervention UNIT: DISAGGREGATE BY: Number of ex-combatants Sex, Child Soldier TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION output DATA SOURCE: Implementing partners (through the UN or the World Bank or directly in cases where the USG funds the activity) will provide reports INTERPRETATION: Higher = betterMETHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES: MEASUREMENT NOTES: A child soldier is any person under 18 years of age who is part of any kind of regular or irregular armed force or armed group in any capacity, including but not limited to cooks, porters, messengers and anyone accompanying such groups. other than family members. The definition includes girls recruited for sexual purposes and for forced marriage. It does not, therefore, only refer to a child who is carrying or has carried arms.

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 – DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NON-COMBATANTS ASSISTED BY USG FUNDED **REINTEGRATION PROGRAMS**

DEFINITION:

Number of non-combatants who are assisted by programs that work toward reintegrating ex-combatants and assisting the communities where they are returning and/or were impacted by conflict

RATIONALE:

Successful reintegration programs must include people in the community and ensure that ex-combatants are not rewarded while the community gains nothing

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of non-combatants	Sex, age
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
Data Source:	

Implementing partners and/or operational units

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

custom indicators can be used regarding other outputs of specific types of reintegration programs

ELEMENT: PS 3.2 - DISARMAMENT, DEMOBILIZATION AND REINTEGRATION

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF WEAPONS COLLECTED FROM EX-COMBATANTS AND ARMED **BELLIGERENTS WITH USG ASSISTANCE**

DEFINITION:

Number of weapons collected by USG funded disarmament programs RATIONALE:

This indicator measures the number weapons collected and/or destroyed. It does not measure quality, sustainability or impact of the program. Nor does it measure which weapons are collected and/or destroyed

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of weapons	Type of weapons collected
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners (through the UN or the World Bank or directly in cases	
where the USG funds the activity) will provide reports	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

NEASUREMENT NOTES.

ELEMENT: PS 3.3 – DESTRUCTION AND SECURITY OF CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF FACILITIES PROVIDED SECURITY UPGRADES WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of facilities where USG assistance is provided for security upgrades of weapons storage facilities.

RATIONALE:

Securing of facilities that contain stockpiles of conventional weapons is key to reducing the threat of them being trafficked—or recirculated—to criminals, terrorists or insurgent groups

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of facilities	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners and/or operating unit	

Implementing partners and/or operating unit

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: **PS 3.3 – DESTRUCTION AND SECURITY OF CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS** INDICATOR TITLE: **NUMBER OF MANPADS DESTROYED WITH USG ASSISTANCE** *DEFINITION:*

The number of man-portable air defense systems (MANPADS) that are destroyed. Destruction means an irreversible process by which the way

destroyed. Destruction means an irreversible process by which the weapons (or their parts) cannot be used as weapons again.

RATIONALE:

Prevents access to MANPADS by decreasing the amount of systems that are potentially available for the black market or terrorist use. This sub-element is also supported by programs that are either funded from the State Operations Budget (e.g. engagement in multilateral exports) or programs that support wider objectives (e.g. border security initiatives). Export controls, border controls, stockpile security, and destruction are complementary efforts—all necessary to achieving the overall element goal.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of MANPADS	Missile type	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Organization that conducts the destruction (e.g. contractor or NGO)		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 3.3 – DESTRUCTION AND SECURITY OF CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SMALL ARMS AND LIGHT WEAPONS DESTROYED WITH USG		
ASSISTANCE		

DEFINITION:

The number of small arms and light weapons that are destroyed. Destruction means an irreversible process by which the weapons (or their parts) cannot be used as weapons again.

RATIONALE:

Destruction of excess, obsolete, loosely secured or otherwise at-risk weapons removes the threat of them being trafficked—or recirculated—to criminals, terrorists, or insurgent groups

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of small arms and light	Type of weapon (including modern vs. old,
weapons	functional vs. non-functional weapons)
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	

Organization that conducts the destruction (e.g. contractor or NGO) MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 3.3 – DESTRUCTION AND SECURITY OF CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS INDICATOR TITLE: TONNAGE OF CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS DESTROYED WITH USG

ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

The tons of conventional munitions destroyed or demilitarized.

RATIONALE:

Destruction of excess, obsolete, loosely secured or otherwise at-risk weapons removes the threat of them ending up in the hands of criminals, terrorists, or insurgent groups. In addition old munitions are often volatile, creating a hazard for people in the surrounding area, particularly if moved.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Tons of munitions	None	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Organization that conducts the destruction (e.g. contractor or NGO)		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 3.4 – EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR**

INDICATOR TITLE: KILOMETERS OF ROADS AND RAILROADS CLEARED OF EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Kilometers of roads and railroads cleared of explosive ordnance with USG assistance

RATIONALE:

Clearing roads and railroads is of primary importance for explosive remnants of war programs as this allows safe transportation

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Kilometers	Roads/railroads
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners and/or operating units	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 3.4 – EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR	
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF CIVILIANS PROVIDED MINE RISK EDUCATION	
DEFINITION:	
The number of civilians who receive mine risk education (MRE) whether by	
seminar or public presentation.	
RATIONALE:	
In areas contaminated by ERW, civilians are at risk until the items are removed	
by competent authority. MRE provides a temporary solution to help reduce	
casualties until such a time that the contamination is removed or mitigated.	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of civilians trained	Sex
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher is Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partner conducting MRE	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: **PS 3.4 – EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF ERW CLEARANCE TEAMS TRAINED AND EQUIPPED DEFINITION:

The number of teams trained and equipped to international standards to handle, survey, mark, clear, and destroy various types of explosive remnants of war RATIONALE:

A key aspect to capacity development in certain country plans is the development of teams to handle the functions of ERW clearance; survey, marking, and destruction

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of teams	Type of team
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	

Operating units and/or implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: **PS 3.4 – EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF HOST NATION MINE ACTION OFFICIALS TRAINED DEFINITION:

The number of officials in mine action positions from ministries, national mine action bodies, provincial mine action authorities, and implementing organizations that received management or position-specific training

RATIONALE:

Many officials in ERW-affected countries are not properly prepared for their duties. Quality international-standard training can help improve the quality of mine action throughout the country

3	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of officials trained	Sex
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners, UN	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: **PS 3.4 – EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF HOST NATION MINE RISK EDUCATION TEAMS TRAINED

The number of Mine Risk Education (MRE) teams trained and deployed to conduct MRE to affected populations

RATIONALE:

MRE teams must be trained in accordance with international standards in order to be effective. Competent MRE teams can provide immediate reduction in ERW casualties after training

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of teams	None
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

These include Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD), mine clearance, mine dog detection, landmine impact survey, quality assurance, and others. Teams should be specific for each individual country program. By "teams" we are referring to accredited, mission-specific teams that meet certification to international standards.

ELEMENT: PS 3.4 – EXPLOSIVE REMNANTS OF WAR		
INDICATOR TITLE: SQUARE KILOMETERS OF DE-MINED LAND RETURNED TO PRODUCTIVE		
USE WITH USG ASSISTANCE	USE WITH USG ASSISTANCE	
DEFINITION:		
Square kilometers of land cleared of mines with USG assistance		
RATIONALE:		
These programs prioritize those lands that were of productive use over areas that		
are not used		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Square kilometers	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementing partners and/or operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 3.5 – IMMEDIATE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS IN CONFLICT**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF MONITORS DEPLOYED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This captures the number of fact-finders/investigators/monitors deployed to monitor and document crimes against humanity/war crimes, grave human rights violations, and related abuses

RATIONALE:

Monitors help ensure that information is not lost and can be provided to the criminal justice sector and can also create a preventive atmosphere

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners and/or operating unit	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 3.5 – IMMEDIATE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS IN CONFLICT	
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NGOS SUPPORTED BY THE USG TO MONITOR AND	
DOCUMENT CRIMES	

DEFINITION:

This captures each individual NGO that is supported to provide stop-gap measures to prevent or mitigate ongoing grave human rights violations

RATIONALE:

These NGOs may pave the way for the establishment of transitional justice mechanisms and other rule of law activities

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of NGOs	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Operating units	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 3.5 – IMMEDIATE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS IN CONFLICT		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE PARTICIPATING IN USG-ASSISTED VIOLENCE		
PREVENTION PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of	of people participating in a program on	
violence prevention		
RATIONALE:		
Participating in violence prevention programs can impact the decline in acts of		
violence and crime in a community		
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, age	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = Better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementer and/or operating unit		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 3.5 - IMMEDIATE PROTECT	FION OF CIVILIANS IN CONFLICT
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF QUICK IMPACT PROJECTS SUPPORTED BY THE USG	
UNDERTAKEN TO ENHANCE ACCOUNTABILITY	
DEFINITION:	
	that is used as a stop-gap measure to
prevent or mitigate ongoing grave hu	Iman rights violations
RATIONALE:	
These projects may pave the way for the establishment of transitional justice	
mechanisms and other rule of law activities	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of projects	None
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Operating units and/or implementing partners	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	
Projects should be defined by the operating unit and be used consistently, but	
illustrative examples include: witness protection, safeguarding of evidence,	
bolstering complaint mechanisms, and emergency legal aid.	
ELEMENT: PS 3.5 – IMMEDIATE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS IN CONFLICT	
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED ORGANIZATIONS CREATED WITH	

COMMUNITY INPUT TO IMPROVE SAFETY WITHIN A COMMUNITY

DEFINITION:

This captures organizations assisted by the USG

RATIONALE:

The anticipated outcome is for communities to be safer, evidenced by a decrease in crime and fewer incidents/reports of violence against all populations.

Community input is essential in order to ensure that the program does not contribute to violence

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of organizations	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners, military groups and civil society will provide reports.	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

 ELEMENT: PS 3.5 – IMMEDIATE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS IN CONFLICT

 INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED PROGRAMS CREATED WITH COMMUNITY

 INPUT TO IMPROVE SAFETY WITHIN A COMMUNITY

 DEFINITION:

 This captures both programs assisted by the USG

 RATIONALE:

 The anticipated outcome is for communities to be safer, evidenced by a decrease in crime and fewer incidents/reports of violence against all populations.

 Community input is essential in order to ensure that the program does not contribute to violence

 UNIT:
 DISAGGREGATE BY:

 Number of programs
 None

	Number of programs	None
	Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
	Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:		
	Implementing partners, military groups and civil society will provide reports.	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 3.6 – DEFENSE, MILITARY, AND BORDER SECURITY RESTRUCTURING, REFORM AND OPERATIONS

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF BORDER SECURITY OFFICERS TRAINED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Counts the number of border security officers trained through USG-funded programs.

RATIONALE:

This indicator simply shows whether a country is increasing the number of border security personnel trained. In most cases, an increased number of personnel trained will tell the story of enhanced relationships, broadened knowledge of western doctrine and professional skills, or improved interoperability and technical skills, but it is not a direct link

	Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
	Number of border security officers	Sex, age, rank
	ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
	Output	Higher = Better
	DATA SOURCE:	

Implementing partners (DOJ, DHS, contractor, post or centrally managed border security program would collect data

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

The data already collected does not distinguish whether individuals took multiple training courses in one year, which may skew the results.

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF BORDER SECURITY UPGRADES OR SYSTEMS INSTALLED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Measure the number of Border Outposts, Vehicle and Cargo Inspection Systems (VACIS) or Non-Intrusive Inspection Units, etc. that have completed installation within a country.

RATIONALE:

Measures whether the investment of Foreign Assistance funds into lengthy border enhancement or construction projects is accomplishing its stated goals.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of upgrades or systems	Type of systems and area affected
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Post or implementing partner would collect data.	

Measurement Notes:

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF HOST COUNTRY MILITARY PERSONNEL TRAINED TO MAINTAIN TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY

DEFINITION:

Number of foreign military personnel trained at CONUS-based military training facilities or through mobile training teams (MTTs), funded with foreign assistance. Training can be of any length of time.

RATIONALE:

This indicator simply shows whether a country is increasing the number of military personnel trained in the United States or by U.S. trainers; in most cases, an increased number of personnel trained will tell the story of enhanced military-to-military relationship, broadened knowledge of western military doctrine and professional skills, or improved interoperability and technical skills, but it is not a direct link.

UNIT: Number of military personnel	DISAGGREGATE BY: Sex, type of training
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION
DATA SOURCE:	

Foreign Military Training Report; based on data from security assistance office.

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Higher numbers does not automatically assume better quality of training, that trained individuals end up in positions of influence or higher level of responsibilities, or that they use training In addition, the data already collected does not distinguish whether individuals took multiple training courses in one year, which may skew the results.

INDICATOR TITLE: **NUMBER OF JOINT OPERATIONS CONDUCTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE** DEFINITION:

Counts the number of joint and/or combined operations conducted by security forces (including border and military) with other security forces and agencies. *Rationale:*

A key part of success in our programs is to have the host country security forces gain the capacity to engage in joint and combined operations

UNIT: Number of operations	DISAGGREGATE BY: Size of units/operation (e.g., battalion-sized elements, platoon-sized elements).
<i>Type: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY</i> Output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION

DATA SOURCE:

USAID posts

INTERPRETATION:

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Joint includes multiple military services and combined includes multinational, multi-agency operations, which should be noted (where possible)

ELEMENT: PS 3.6 – DEFENSE, MILITARY, AND BORDER SECURITY RESTRUCTURING, REFORM AND OPERATIONS

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF US TRAINED PERSONNEL AT NATIONAL LEADERSHIP LEVELS

DEFINITION:

This indicator measures the number of foreign military personnel who have reached national leadership positions who were trained by the U.S.

RATIONALE:

One of the objectives of our military training program is to enhance our bilateral military-to-military relationships. This relationship may be enhanced through the one-to-one relationships and experiences forged during military training in the U.S. (usually IMET). Through the accession of graduates to senior-level leadership positions in a government, the USG may find increasing number of individuals with experience and knowledge of U.S. military doctrine and technical skills. This indicator is a qualitative measure, and will often take years (sometimes decades) to measure.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of military personnel	Sex, position held (level e.g., Chief of Staff,	
	Department Head, field-grade command)	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Outcome	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Positions of Prominence" data in Foreign Military Training Report		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
"national leadership position" as defined in the training report		

INDICATOR TITLE: PERCENT OF US RECOMMENDED MILITARY TRAINING NEED MET DURING THE YEAR

DEFINITION:

Each training program initially provides an assessment of what the military training needs are and this will capture how far along the training programs are in achieving the military needs

RATIONALE:

This indicator addresses some of the limitations of the indicator that captures the number of military personnel trained by ensuring that the training is relevant and provides an incentive, rather than disincentive, to engage in high-cost training, like pilots that will not result in large numbers, but are important toward achieving the real military needs

the real military needs	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Percent of need	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA COUDOF	

DATA SOURCE:

Foreign Military Training Report; based on data from security assistance office. MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 3.7 – LAW ENFORCEMENT REFORM, RESTRUCTURING AND OPERATIONS		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF COMMUNITIES IN USG-ASSISTED AREAS USING COMMUNITY		
POLICING METHODS		
DEFINITION:		
Counts the number of communities	using community policing methods as funded	
by USG.		
RATIONALE:		
Community policing methods improve oversight, impact citizen involvement in		
preventing crime and have a greater impact on reducing crime		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of communities	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Outcome	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 3.7 – LAW ENFORCEMENT REFORM, RESTRUCTURING AND OPERATIONS INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF LAW ENFORCEMENT FACILITIES BUILT, REFURBISHED, EQUIPPED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Counts the number of host nation law enforcement facilities, police stations, jails, community policing offices built, refurbished or equipped by U.S. funded foreign assistance programs.

RATIONALE:

Measures the output of foreign assistance funds dedicated to equipping law enforcement facilities

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of facilities	Type of facility
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE	

DATA SOURCE.

Post and host country reports annually for International Narcotics Control and Strategy Report (INCSR)

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 3.7 - LAW ENFORCEMENT REFORM, RESTRUCTURING AND OPERATIONS INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS TRAINED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Counts the number of host nation law enforcement (gendarme, police, special police units, etc) trained through U.S. funded foreign assistance programs.

RATIONALE:

Measures the output of foreign assistance funds dedicated to training law enforcement officers.

DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Sex, type of unit, rank	
DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Higher = Better	
DATA SOURCE:	
Post and host country reports annually for International Narcotics Control and	
Strategy Report (INCSR)	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 3.7 – LAW ENFORCEMENT REFORM, RESTRUCTURING AND OPERATIONS		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PROGRAMS CONDUCTED TO ENHANCE POLICE		
MANAGEMENT WITH USG ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator simply captures the number of programs that are conducted to		
improve the management capacities	of host country law enforcement	
RATIONALE:		
This measure begins to help capture the capacity building programs the USG is		
supporting		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of programs	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units and/or implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

Program Area: Counter-Narcotics

ELEMENT: PS 4.1 – ERADICATION		
INDICATOR TITLE: HECTARES OF DRUG CROPS ERADICATED IN USG-ASSISTED AREAS		
DEFINITION:		
Counts the number of hectares eradicated via aerial, forced manual, and		
voluntary ground eradication in USG-assisted areas		
RATIONALE:		
The eradication indicator measures the effectiveness of U.S. foreign assistance		
funding in attacking the source of the narcotics problem.		
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Hectares	Voluntary eradication/forced eradication,	
	Type of drug (coca/opium), method of	
	eradication	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Collected by post, INL, and implementing partners and host nation governments		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS INDICATOR TITLE: HECTARES OF ALTERNATIVE CROPS TARGETED BY USG PROGRAMS UNDER CULTIVATION

DEFINITION:

Number of hectares devoted to licit agricultural and/or forest products that have been developed or expanded in areas receiving USG assistance (includes forest management and forestry plantation)

RATIONALE:

Represents how successful U.S. foreign assistance has been in persuading farm families to break their dependence on illicit crops as a major source of family income and begin to produce licit crops.

U	
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Hectares	Type of crop
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Contractor/grantee quarterly reports and interviews with implementing partners	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS INDICATOR TITLE: HECTARES OF ILLICIT CROPS ERADICATED MANUALLY OR VOLUNTARILY IN USG-TARGETED AREAS

DEFINITION:

Hectares of illicit crops that individuals participating in an alternative development and/or alternative livelihoods program eradicate

RATIONALE:

Eradication of illicit crops is an important indication that farm families are willing to abandon production of drug crops and adopt a licit lifestyle. It also indicates that the program has established good rapport with the community and that the community has confidence in the AD or AL program.

UNIT:	Disaggregate by:
Ones of hectares	Type of crop (coca/opium poppies)
Type: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY Output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION

DATA SOURCE:

Contractor/grantee quarterly reports, field observations of areas eradicated, interviews with farmers who have eradicated drug crops.

INTERPRETATION:

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Use local custom to determine if this counts as a job, but document this and use consistently

ELEMENT: PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS INDICATOR TITLE: INCREASED SALES OF LICIT FARM AND NON-FARM PRODUCTS IN USG ASSISTED AREAS OVER PREVIOUS YEAR

DEFINITION:

Sales (or gross market value of licit production) supported by USG alternative development or alternative livelihood programs

RATIONALE:

When sales from licit activities are increasing over time, there is a strong probability that incomes and employment are also going up and that people in drug production areas are devoting their time, energy and resources to licit activities instead of illicit activities.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Dollars	N/A
<i>Type: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY</i> Output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION
DATA SOURCE:	

Contractor/grantee quarterly reports and interviews with project implementers

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Data initially collected in local currency should be converted into dollars using average exchange rate in effect over the fiscal year

ELEMENT: PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF FAMILIES BENEFITED BY ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT OR ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOOD ACTIVITIES IN USG-ASSISTED AREAS

DEFINITION:

Number of families benefited by Alternative Development or Alternative Livelihood activities in USG-assisted areas

RATIONALE:

This indicator gives one valuable insights into the scope of the Alternative Development or the Alternative Livelihood program and whether the program is likely to have a significant impact on the target area. It is easy to understand and is usually of interest to policy makers, appropriators and host government agencies

agencies	
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of families	None
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	

Contractor/grantee quarterly reports and interviews with implementing partners MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: **PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS** INDICATOR TITLE: **NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) JOBS CREATED BY USG SPONSORED ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT OR ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOOD ACTIVITIES** *DEFINITION:*

Number of full-time equivalent jobs (FTEs) created by USG sponsored alternative development or alternative livelihood activities.

RATIONALE:

When people acquire FTE licit jobs they will not have time to engage in illicit activities and will not need funds from illicit activities to care for their families

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of jobs	Sex, urban/rural
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME/COUNTRY	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION
output	

DATA SOURCE:

Contractor/grantee quarterly reports and interviews with project implementers INTERPRETATION:

Higher = better

METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Definition of what constitutes full-time work varies from country to country, job to job and region to region. People who report on this indicator are asked to use local definitions for full-time employment in the areas where they work and to be consistent over time in the way they count and report FTE jobs created. Use local custom to determine if this counts as a job, but document this and use consistently

ELEMENT: PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF MUNICIPALITIES STRENGTHENED BY USG PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION: The indicator is measured by the number of municipalities in targeted regions with social or productive infrastructure projects that have been completed by alternative development or alternative livelihood programs using a community participation methodology.		
RATIONALE: The completion of these projects is fundamental to building local government capability (and credibility) to plan and implement activities according to the will of their constituents. Completed local infrastructure projects increase community cohesion, confidence, and willingness to support and participate in national or local development initiatives. Strengthening of these local governments is a key indicator of the success of local governance activities.		
UNIT: Number of municipalities	DISAGGREGATE BY: urban/rural, type of infrastructure project completed: potable water system, school, electrification, sewer system, road, bridge, market, community center, etc. (number of projects)	
Type: output/outcome/country output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION	
DATA SOURCE: Contractor/grantee quarterly reports, field trips, conversations with people in communities that receive alternative development or alternative livelihood assistance.		
INTERPRETATION: Higher = better		
METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES:		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 4.2 – ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND ALTERNATIVE LIVELIHOODS		
INDICATOR TITLE: PERCENT INCREASE IN SALES OF LICIT FARM AND NON-FARM PRODUCTS		
IN USG ASSISTED AREAS OVER PREVIO	US YEAR	
DEFINITION:		
	and non-farm products in USG-assisted	
areas over the total sales from the previous year		
indicator and shows whether sales a in the previous year. Increasing sales from licit activities are becoming mor becoming less important in the areas assistance.	eric increase measured in the previous re increasing or decreasing relative to sales s indicate that production and employment re important and imply that illicit activities are s receiving alternative development	
Unit: Percent	Disaggregate by: N/A	
Type: output/outcome/country output	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL: BUREAU/MISSION	
Contractor/grantee quarterly reports, interviews with producers and buyers, Host Government transportation, commercial, or export files at weigh stations or shipping points.		
INTERPRETATION: Higher = better		
METHOD FOR AGGREGATING ACROSS COUNTRIES: Convert to dollars, sum dollars and calculate percentage increases or decreases as compared to the sales figure for all countries that report on this indicator at the end of the fourth quarter in the prior year.		
Measurement Notes:		
ELEMENT: PS 4.3 – INTERDICTION		
INDICATOR TITLE: KILOS OF ILLICIT NARCOTICS SEIZED BY HOST GOVERNMENT IN USG-		
ASSISTED AREAS		
DEFINITION: This indicator contures the number of kilos of illipit percetion exized by the best		
This indicator captures the number of kilos of illicit narcotics seized by the host		
government in areas where the USG provides interdiction assistance		
RATIONALE:		
Measures the effectiveness of USG foreign assistance in providing host		
government with operational support equipment and training in the interdiction of		

government with operational support, equipment and training in the interdiction of illicit narcotics

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Kilos of narcotics	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Host nation governments. Published annually in the Internationally Narcotics Control Strategy Report (INCSR)

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 4.3 – INTERDICTION	
INDICATOR TITLE: KILOS OF PRECURSOR CHEMICALS SEIZED BY HOST GOVERNMENT IN	
USG-ASSISTED AREAS	
DEFINITION:	
This indicator captures the number of kilos of precursor chemicals that are used	
for illicit narcotics seized by the host government in areas where the USG	
provides interdiction assistance	

RATIONALE:

Measures the effectiveness of USG foreign assistance in providing host government with operational support, equipment and training in the interdiction of precursor chemicals

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Kilos of chemicals	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	

Host nation governments. Published annually in the Internationally Narcotics Control Strategy Report (INCSR)

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

-		
ELEMENT: PS 4.4 – DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF DRUG DEMAND RESEARCH STUDIES COMPLETED WITH USG		
ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator simply captures the nu	This indicator simply captures the number of studies completed in the year with	
USG assistance on illicit drugs		
RATIONALE:	V	
These research studies can be used to help the host country design programs to		
address the factors that impact the supply and demand of illicit drugs		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of studies	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 4.4 – DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF DRUG PREVENTION PROGRAMS SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Number of programs conveying information that is primarily about preventing people from using illicit drugs or abusing licit drugs

RATIONALE:

The programs are key to decreasing the demand for illicit drugs or the misuse of licit drugs

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of programs	None	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 4.4 – DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NEW TREATMENT BEDS CREATED WITH USG ASSISTANCE DEFINITION:

This captures the number of new beds in an existing treatment center. It also captures the number of beds in a newly built treatment center

RATIONALE:

Measures the effectiveness of USG foreign assistance in providing host government with support to equip and operate drug treatment centers

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of beds	None
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Operating units. Host nation governments

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Where USG funds provide partial support for creation of new treatment beds, the total number of beds reported should be prorated by the portion of that support provided by USG funds. (For instance 100 beds funded 33% by USG would be reported as 33 beds)

ELEMENT: **PS 4.4 – DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE REACHED WITH DRUG PREVENTION MESSAGES IN USG-ASSISTED AREAS

DEFINITION:

This will capture the number of people who were provided access to a drug prevention message, but cannot ensure that the message was understood nor accessed

RATIONALE:

Information campaigns are key to decreasing the demand for illicit drugs or the misuse of licit drugs

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOUDOF:	

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners and/or operating units

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

This may require estimates based upon readership levels, number of materials passed out, audience numbers

ELEMENT: PS 4.4 – DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE TRAINED AS DRUG TREATMENT COUNSELORS WITH		
USG-ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
The number of people trained		
RATIONALE:		
Measures the effectiveness of USG foreign assistance in providing host country		
with support to deal with individuals addicted to illicit drugs		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex	
Туре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units. Host nation governments		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 4.4 – DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF TREATMENT BEDS SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
This captures the number of existing beds that to use USG assistance to		
continue their use/availability		
RATIONALE:		
Measures the effectiveness of USG foreign assistance in providing host		
government with support to equip and operate drug treatment centers		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of beds		
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units, Host nation governments		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
Where USG funds provide partial support for treatment beds, the total number of		
beds reported should be prorated by the portion of that support provided by USG		
funds. (For instance 100 beds funded 33% by USG would be reported as 33		
beds)		
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Program Area: Transnational Crime

ELEMENT: PS 5.1 – FINANCIAL CRIMES AND MONEY LAUNDERING		
INDICATOR TITLE: FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE UNITS SUPPORTED IN COUNTRY WITH USG		
ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of FIUs supported (new or continuing) in the		
host country.		
RATIONALE:		
FIUs receive, analyze and disseminate suspicious transaction reports		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of FIUs	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 5.1 – FINANCIAL CRIMES AND MONEY LAUNDERING		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOST COUNTRY TRAINED ON MONEY LAUNDERING		
OR FINANCIAL CRIMES		
DEFINITION:		
Number of host country officials trained in money laundering and/or financial		
crimes (specialized or advanced training)		
RATIONALE:		
Used to track how many individuals were trained using foreign assistance funds		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, type of training	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Posts, INL, S/CT centrally managed programs. Possibly Dept. of Treasury		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 5.1 – FINANCIAL CRIMES AND MONEY LAUNDERING

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SPECIFIC IMPROVEMENTS IN REGULATORY STRUCTURE SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures specific improvements supported, including laws, policies, enforcement, etc. that strengthen the regulatory structure in the host country with direct USG assistance

RATIONALE:

Measure captures improvements to the regulatory structure that will impede financial crimes and money laundering

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of improvements	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE	

Implementing partner and/or operating unit

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Improvements supported with USG assistance captured direct technical assistance, but does not include changes made indirectly, through pressure or advice

ELEMENT: PS 5.2 - INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY THEFT AND CYBER SECURITY

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOST COUNTRY TRAINED ON INTELLECTUAL **PROPERTY THEFT AND/OR CYBER SECURITY**

DEFINITION:

The measure tracks the number of individuals in a host country that receive specialized or advanced training on intellectual property theft and/or cyber security

RATIONALE:

Used to track how many individuals were trained using foreign assistance funds		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, type of training	

Higher = better

Number of people	Sex, type of training
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤΟΟΜΕ	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:

Output

DATA SOURCE:

Posts, INL, centrally managed programs. Possibly other agencies MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 - TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF BILATERAL AGREEMENTS SIGNED OR PROGRAMS IMPLEMENTED WITH DESTINATION COUNTRIES ADDRESSING TIP AND/OR MIGRANT SMUGGLING WITH USG ASSISTANCE **DEFINITION:** This indicator captures the number of agreements reached or programs implemented with destination countries where the USG has a program supporting the agreement and/or program RATIONALE: Enforcement is the next key area, but reaching agreement and/or working with a destination country to implement a program is a necessary first step UNIT: DISAGGREGATE BY: Number of agreements and None programs TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME DIRECTION OF CHANGE: Output Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Operating unit and G/TIP and PRM

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOST COUNTRY TRAINED ON SMUGGLING RELATED ISSUES WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

The measure tracks the number of people in a host country that receive specialized or advanced training on smuggling and other related issues

RATIONALE:

The measure tracks the number of individuals in a host country that were trained using foreign assistance funds

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units and PRM		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN HOST COUNTRY TRAINED ON TIP RELATED ISSUES WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

The measure tracks the number of people in a host country that receive specialized or advanced training on trafficking-in-persons and other related issues

RATIONALE:

The measure tracks the number of individuals in a host country that were trained using foreign assistance funds

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Posts and G/TIP		
MEASUDEMENT NOTES:		

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 - TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS ABOUT SMUGGLING COMPLETED

DEFINITION:

Number of public information campaigns, including radio, public service announcements, print media, internet postings, etc., that provide information about TIP or migrant smuggling.

RATIONALE:

A successful public information campaign creates or raises awareness and communicates a clear message about the issues

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of campaigns	None
Туре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	

Implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

If necessary, proxy indicators may be employed to provide the most accurate estimates possible of the number of people reached (e.g., number of print publications sold or delivered, number of "hits" achieved on a specific Web site)

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS ABOUT TIP COMPLETED DEFINITION:

Number of public information campaigns, including radio, public service announcements, print media, internet postings, etc., that provide information about TIP.

RATIONALE:

A successful public information campaign creates or raises awareness and communicates a clear message about the issues

J	
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of campaigns	None
Type: Output/Outcome	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

If necessary, proxy indicators may be employed to provide the most accurate estimates possible of the number of people reached (e.g., number of print publications sold or delivered, number of "hits" achieved on a specific Web site)

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 - TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SHELTERS/SAFE HOUSES ESTABLISHED FOR SMUGGLING VICTIMS THAT ARE SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of shelters and safe houses that receive USG assistance

RATIONALE:

Shelters and safe houses are key to protecting and housing victims of smuggling

Shiri:	DIOAGONEOATE DT.
Number of shelters/safe houses	None
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners

Measurement Notes:

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SHELTERS/SAFE HOUSES ESTABLISHED FOR TIP VICTIMS THAT ARE SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of shelters and safe houses that receive USG assistance

RATIONALE:

Shelters and safe houses are key to protecting and housing victims of trafficking in persons

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of shelters/safe houses	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SMUGGLING VICTIMS ASSISTED BY USG PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of victims of smuggling who were assisted		
RATIONALE:		
Measure captures the direct number of people rescued from being smuggled		
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of victims	Sex	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementing partners		
Measurement Notes:		
Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting not required/appropriate		

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 - TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF SMUGGLING VICTIMS RESCUED WITH USG ASSISTANCE DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of victims of smuggling who were rescued RATIONALE:

Measure captures the direct number of people rescued from being smuggled DISAGGREGATE BY: UNIT:

Sex

Number of victims

DIRECTION OF CHANGE: TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME Higher = better

Output

DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting not required/appropriate

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF TIP VICTIMS ASSITED BY USG PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of victims of TIP who were assisted		
RATIONALE:		
Measure captures the direct number of people rescued from TIP		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of victims	Sex	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		
Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting not required/appropriate		

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING			
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF TIP VICTIMS RESCUED WITH USG ASSISTANCE			
DEFINITION:	DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number of victims of trafficking in persons who were			
rescued from being trafficked			
RATIONALE:			
Measure captures the direct number of people rescued from being trafficked			
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:		
Number of victims	Sex		
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:		
Output Higher = better			
DATA SOURCE:			
Implementing partners			
MEASUREMENT NOTES:			
Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting not required/appropriate			

ELEMENT: PS 5.3 – TRAFFICKING-IN-PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF TRAFFICKERS, SMUGGLERS AND ACCOMPLICES ARRESTED IN USG-ASSISTED AREAS

DEFINITION:

This indicator only captures those arrested in areas where the USG is providing assistance

RATIONALE:

Assistance should often result in increased arrests

Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Trafficker vs. accomplice
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Operating Units MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Note: Indicator appropriate for reporting, but targeting not required/appropriate

ELEMENT: PS 5.4 – ORGANIZED AND GANG-RELATED CRIME		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE ENROLLED IN USG-ASSISTED GANG PREVENTION		
PROGRAMS		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the nu	Imber of people enrolled in the program	
RATIONALE:		
These programs can prevent individuals from joining or help individuals to leave		
gangs		
Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, age	
Type: Output/Outcome	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementing partners and/or operating unit		
Measurement Notes:		

ELEMENT: PS 5.4 – ORGANIZED AND GANG-RELATED CRIME

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE INVOLVED IN GANGS AND ORGANIZED CRIMES WHOSE EXTRADITION WAS SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of people who were extradited with the support of USG assistance

RATIONALE:

Assisting with extradition where adequate trials cannot be assured will prevent members of gangs and organized crime from pressuring a weak justice system and escaping justice

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Operating unit	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 5.4 – ORGANIZED AND GANG-RELATED CRIME			
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF LAW ENFORCEMENT/JUSTICE SYSTEM PERSONNEL TRAINED			
IN ANTI-GANG TECHNIQUES WITH USC	GASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:	DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures the number	r of people trained		
RATIONALE:	RATIONALE:		
A key part of addressing gang issues is providing training to law enforcement and			
other justice system personnel (judges, prosecutors, etc.)			
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:		
Number of personnel	Sex		
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:		
Output	Higher = better		
DATA SOURCE:			
Implementing partner and/or operating unit			
MEASUREMENT NOTES:			

ELEMENT: **PS 5.4 – ORGANIZED AND GANG-RELATED CRIME**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF ARRESTS RESULTING IN CONVICTION FOR GANG-RELATED CRIME IN USG-ASSISTED AREAS

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures only those arrests that have resulted in a conviction *RATIONALE:*

Assistance addressing gangs ultimately should result in increased arrests and a greater percentage of convictions when someone is arrested for gang-related crimes

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of convictions	None
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = better
Data Source:	
Operating units	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 5.4 – ORGANIZED AND	GANG-RELATED CRIME	
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF ARRESTS FOR GANG-RELATED CRIME IN USG-ASSISTED		
AREAS		
DEFINITION:		
This indicator captures arrests that	at have occurred in areas where USG	
assistance is focused on gang-rel	ated crime	
RATIONALE:		
Assistance addressing gangs ultimately should result in an increased number		
arrests		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of arrests	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Outcome	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 5.4 – ORGANIZED AND GANG-RELATED CRIME

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE ENROLLED IN GANG-PREVENTION PROGRAMS WHO REMAIN UNINVOLVED IN GANGS

DEFINITION:

Number of people enrolled in the program who either remain uninvolved or leave gangs

RATIONALE:

Measure goes beyond enrollment to capture the number of youth that are enrolled that are not involved in gangs

U٨	IIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Νι	umber of people	Sex, age
ΤY	РЕ: ОИТРИТ/ОИТСОМЕ	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Ou	utcome	Higher = better
DA	TA SOURCE:	
Im	plementing partners	
ME	EASUREMENT NOTES:	

ELEMENT: PS 5.4 - ORGANIZED AND GANG-RELATED CRIME

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF INFORMATION-BASED USG SUPPORTED ACTIVITIES TO IMPROVE COLLECTION, ANALYSIS AND SHARING OF GANG-RELATED AND ORGANIZED CRIME DATA

DEFINITION:

This indicator captures the number of activities focused on improving the collection, analysis and sharing of data within the host country and between countries

RATIONALE:

This measure captures the importance of coordination and information-sharing as part of the task to address gangs and organized crime

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of activities	None	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementing partners and/or operating units		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

Program Area: Conflict Mitigation and Reconciliation

ELEMENT: PS 6.1 – CONFLICT MITIGATION		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE TRAINED IN CONFLICT MITIGATION/RESOLUTION		
SKILLS WITH USG ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
Number of men and women who participated in USG-supported conflict		
resolution/mitigation skills training programs		
RATIONALE:		
Such training increases a population's abilities to resolve/mitigate conflict on its		
own. Improving capacities of key stakeholders to negotiate successfully is key to		
empowering those individuals to manage conflict both within their group and		
between groups in conflict, and to be able to effectively implement and manage		
the peace process once an agreement is signed		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, age	
Type: Output/Outcome	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
Data Source:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 6.1 – CONFLICT MITIGATION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG PROGRAMS SUPPORTING A CONFLICT AND/OR FRAGILITY EARLY WARNING SYSTEM AND/OR RESPONSE MECHANISM

DEFINITION:

Early warning mechanisms are established systems for long-term monitoring of potential or ongoing conflict situations that recognize the structural sources of conflict as well as short-term windows of opportunity for promoting peace.

Supporting early warning systems can help countries/regions more effectively understand structural sources of conflict and enable timelier, pre-emptive action that can reduce the likelihood of conflict. Supporting the development of early response systems could enable policymakers and implementers to act during such "windows of opportunity," thus increasing the potential effectiveness of conflict/fragility interventions.

5 7		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of programs	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 6.1 – CONFLICT MITIGATION		
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-SUPPORTED ACTIVITIES THAT DEMONSTRATE THE		
POSTIVE IMPACT OF A PEACE PROCESS THROUGH THE DEMONSTRATION OF TANGIBLE,		
PRACTICAL BENEFITS		
DEFINITION:		
Results-based activities, including quick-impact initiatives that can demonstrate		
the positive impact of a peace process, operation or other event		
RATIONALE:		
This indicator shows how the foreign assistance is used to mitigate violent		
conflict by demonstrating to communities – in particular to potential spoilers –		
that there are positive tangible benefits to peace		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of activities	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

USG-SUPPORTED CONFLICT MITIGATION	DM 'AT-RISK' GROUPS REACHED THROUGH	
USG-SUPPORTED CONFLICT MITIGATION		
DEFINITION:		
Number of people from 'at-risk' groups who have participated in USAID- sponsored civic and/or social activities specifically conducted to benefit members of such groups		
Activities can include but are not limited to, conferences, dialogues, training courses, workshops, and/or seminars; as well as post-conflict support services, such as counseling, targeted health services, vocational or other jobs-based training opportunities, etc.). This could also include quick-impact activities, including cash-for-work, food-for-work and other works programs; income generation and micro-enterprise initiatives; provision of productive input provisions (seeds, tools, livestock); training, equipping and education.		
<i>RATIONALE:</i> At-risk groups are those especially susceptible to being manipulated or motivated to participate in conflict (e.g., youth, especially young men, groups who view themselves as economically or politically disenfranchised), or those who are especially vulnerable to the impact of violent conflict (e.g., women, young children, ethnic or religious minorities)		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of people	Sex, age, ethnic/religious background, risk category	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = Better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Implementing partners		
Measurement Notes:		

ELEMENT: PS 6.1 - CONFLICT MITIGAT	ION	
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL CONSTITUENCIES BUILT OR		
STRENGTHENED WITH USG ASSISTANCE		
DEFINITION:		
The number of Non-governmental constituencies working to mitigate conflict		
and/or support peace. NGO constituencies encompass a wide range of non-state		
groups, including, but not limited to non-governmental organizations, private-		
voluntary organizations, community based organizations, media, the business		
community, academia, and religious organizations.		
RATIONALE:		
Because a central goal of U.S. foreign assistance is to build the capacity of local		
organizations to carry out peace promotion activities over the long term, this		
indicator suggests whether such activities can be sustained over a period of time		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of constituencies	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Outcome	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 6.1 - CONFLICT MITIGAT	[ION	
INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED PUBLIC INFORMATION CAMPAIGNS TO		
SUPPORT PEACEFUL RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTS		
DEFINITION:		
Public information campaigns include radio, public service announcements, print		
media, internet postings, etc. that provide information about how to peacefully		
resolve conflicts		
RATIONALE:		
A successful public information campaign creates or raises awareness and		
communicates a clear message about the benefits to peaceful resolution of		
conflicts		
UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of campaigns	None	
TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
Data Source:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
Measurement Notes:		

ELEMENT: **PS 6.1 – CONFLICT MITIGATION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE REACHED THROUGH USG-ASSISTED PUBLIC INFORMATION CAMPAIGNS TO SUPPORT PEACEFUL RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTS

DEFINITION:

Number of people reached through public information campaigns, including radio, public service announcements, print media, internet postings, etc., that provide information about how to peacefully resolve conflicts.

RATIONALE:

A successful public information campaign creates or raises awareness and communicates a clear message about the benefits to peaceful resolution of conflicts

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex, age (if possible)
Туре: Оυтрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Operating units, implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

If actual numbers of people reached is difficult for Mission to determine, proxy indicators could also be used (e.g., tracking the number of print publications sold or delivered, recording the number of "hits" on a Web site)

ELEMENT: **PS 6.1 – CONFLICT MITIGATION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED FACILITATED EVENTS GEARED TOWARD STRENGTHENING UNDERSTANDING AND MITIGATING CONFLICT BETWEEN GROUPS

DEFINITION:

Facilitated events generally include workshops, seminars, town meetings, and peace dialogues, and can be geared toward any number of societal groups (e.g., affected ethnic/religious minorities or communities, local, regional or national government officials, journalists, professionals, students reintegrating former combatants, etc.).

RATIONALE:

These events can serve to strengthen a reconciliation process, but can also be part of a pre-emptive, prevention process to build tolerance for or understanding of traditional rivals or adversaries before conflict has broken out. Such activities may involve one or more conflicting parties.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of events	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	

Measurement Notes:

ELEMENT: **PS 6.1 – CONFLICT MITIGATION**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE ATTENDING USG-ASSISTED FACILITATED EVENTS THAT ARE GEARED TOWARD STRENGTHENING UNDERSTANDING AND MITIGATING CONFLICT BETWEEN GROUPS

DEFINITION:

Facilitated events generally include workshops, seminars, town meetings, and peace dialogues, and can be geared toward any number of societal groups (e.g., affected ethnic/religious minorities or communities, local, regional or national government officials, journalists, professionals, students reintegrating former combatants, etc.).

RATIONALE:

These events can serve to strengthen a reconciliation process, but can also be part of a pre-emptive, prevention process to build tolerance for or understanding of traditional rivals or adversaries before conflict has broken out. Such activities may involve one or more conflicting parties.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex, age
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 6.2 – PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESSES

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-ASSISTED RECONCILIATION ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED AND COMPLETED WITH THE PARTICIPATED OF TWO OR MORE CONFLICTING PARTIES

DEFINITION:

Number of reconciliation activities conducted and completed with the participation of two or more conflicting parties.

RATIONALE:

Represents how successful U.S. foreign assistance has been in bringing together opposing parties in conflict situations

Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of activities	None
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better

DATA SOURCE:

Operating units, implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

There may be cases where USG foreign assistance can only work with one party in a conflict or where there is justification to work only with one side. In those cases, this indicator should be used and an explanation is required.

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE PARTICIPATING IN USG-ASSISTED RECONCILIATION ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED AND COMPLETED WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF TWO OR MORE CONFLICTING PARTIES

DEFINITION:

Number of people participating in those reconciliation activities conducted and completed with the participation of two or more conflicting parties.

RATIONALE:

Represents how successful U.S. foreign assistance has been in bringing together opposing parties in conflict situations

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex, age
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOUDOC:	

DATA SOURCE:

Operating units, implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

There may be cases where USG foreign assistance can only work with one party in a conflict or where there is justification to work only with one side. In those cases, this indicator should be used and an explanation is required.

ELEMENT: PS 6.2 – PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESSES

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF COMMUNITY-BASED RECONCILIATION PROJECTS COMPLETED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This is the number of reconciliation projects that were initiated within the community and completed the task determined by the community

RATIONALE:

Indicates how successful U.S. foreign assistance has been in engaging local communities and government institutions in the process of reconciliation, thus improving the chances of project sustainability and broader buy-in by other key parties

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of projects	None	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: PS 6.2 – PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESSES INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE REACHED THROUGH COMPLETED USG SUPPORTED COMMUNITY-BASED RECONCILIATION PROJECTS **DEFINITION:** This is the number of people who were impacted/reached by reconciliation projects that were initiated within the community and completed the task determined by the community RATIONALE: Indicates how successful U.S. foreign assistance has been in engaging local communities and government institutions in the process of reconciliation, thus improving the chances of project sustainability and broader buy-in by other key parties. DISAGGREGATE BY: UNIT: Number of people Age, sex (If possible) DIRECTION OF CHANGE: TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME Output Higher = betterDATA SOURCE: Operating units, implementing partners MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: **PS 6.2 – PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESSES**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEACE-BUILDING STRUCTURES ESTABLISHED OR STRENGTHENED WITH USG ASSISTANCE THAT ENGAGE CONFLICT-AFFECTED CITIZENS IN PEACE AND/OR RECONCILIATION PROCESSES

DEFINITION:

Peace-building structures are mechanisms that either substitute for more formal bodies in the absence of formal peace negotiations, or support the work of such bodies in the midst of peace processes at the grassroots or civil-society levels, in order to meet the needs of people affected by conflict.

RATIONALE:

Peace-building structures can engage local communities in the peace process, serving as both a catalyst and link between the national process and people. Additionally, they provide a constructive, inclusive forum for informal multi-stakeholder dialogues that stimulate the exchange of ideas between a nation's political stakeholder groups, including its civil society groups and key community actors.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of structures	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Outcome	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF USG-SUPPORTED FACILITATED EVENTS GEARED TOWARD STRENGTHENING UNDERSTANDING AMONG CONFLICT-AFFECTED GROUPS

DEFINITION:

Facilitated events generally include workshops, seminars, town meetings, and peace dialogues, and can be geared toward any number of societal groups (e.g., affected ethnic/religious minorities or communities, local, regional or national government officials, journalists, professionals, students reintegrating former combatants, etc.).

RATIONALE:

These events can serve to strengthen a reconciliation process, but can also be part of a pre-emptive, prevention process to build tolerance for or understanding of traditional rivals or adversaries before conflict has broken out. Such activities may involve one or more conflicting parties.

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of events	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: **PS 6.2 – PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESSES**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF MEDIA STORIES DISSEMINATED WITH USG SUPPORT TO FACILITATE THE ADVANCEMENT OF RECONCILIATION OR PEACE PROCESSES

DEFINITION:

The number of articles, reports, stories, broadcast shows and other public media that facilitate the advancement of reconciliation or peace processes through USAID support to the media. Media stories include internet postings, public appearances, news articles, radio broadcasts.

RATIONALE:

Such Agency initiatives may work to build balance, transparency, and accountability in the media, but also include support for more short-term, innovative media programs that inform and prepare people to accept the outcome of credible negotiations; such programs may also educate the public about the process and issues involved in the negotiations; and facilitate important attitude and behavioral changes towards a more just and peaceable society.

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UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of media stories	None
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE ATTENDING FACILITATED EVENTS THAT ARE GEARED TOWARD STRENGTHENING UNDERSTANDING AMONG CONFLICT-AFFECTED GROUPS THAT WERE SUPPORTED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

Facilitated events generally include workshops, seminars, town meetings, and peace dialogues, and can be geared toward any number of societal groups (e.g., affected ethnic/religious minorities or communities, local, regional or national government officials, journalists, professionals, students, reintegrating former combatants, etc.). These events can serve to strengthen a reconciliation process, but can also be part of a pre-emptive, prevention process to build tolerance for or understanding of traditional rivals or adversaries before conflict has broken out. Such activities may involve one or more conflicting parties.

RATIONALE:

These are key processes that advance a reconciliation process through increasing public support and knowledge

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Gender, Age, other "at-risk" group
	demographics
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	
Implementing partners	
MEASUREMENT NOTES:	

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF GRASS-ROOTS OR CIVIL-SOCIETY ACTIVITIES SUPPORTING HIGH-LEVEL, OFFICIAL PEACE OR RECONCILIATION PROCESS NEGOTIATIONS SUPPORTED BY USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

The number of grass-roots or civil-society activities (i.e., tracks two and three) supporting high-level (i.e., track one) official negotiations to advance peace- or reconciliation-processes, including the implementation of peace accords and ceasefire agreements. Illustrative activities include: negotiation training; public opinion polling; facilitation activities; elder statesmen engagement; provision of international expert advice and knowledge; financial support to parties; multi-stakeholder dialogues; assistance with the design of peace-building training programs; support and maintenance of agreed-verification and complaints-tracking mechanisms; and work with local and national government representatives to bring them closer to their constituencies.

RATIONALE:

These are key processes that advance a peace process through increasing public support, knowledge and skills

Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of activities	None
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = Better
DATA SOURCE:	

Implementing partners

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: PS 6.2 – PEACE AND RECONCILIATION PROCESSES

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PUBLIC FORA/EDUCATIONAL EVENTS TO TEACH PUBLIC ABOUT PEACE PROCESS SUPPORTED BY USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This includes any public event or activity as part of a public event that communicates information that is supportive and about the peace process *Rationale*:

Successful public fora/ educational events create or raise awareness and communicate a clear message about the benefits of a peace process

Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:		
Number of fora/ events	None		
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANG	θE:	
Output	Higher = Better		

Output Data Source:

Implementing partners, operating units

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

Multiple activities could be part of one single event, but should not be captured separately

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF PEOPLE ATTENDING PUBLIC FORA/EDUCATIONAL EVENTS SUPPORTED BY USG ASSISTANCE TO TEACH PUBLIC ABOUT PEACE PROCESS **DEFINITION:**

Number of people attending public events or activities that communicates information that is supportive of and/or about the peace process.

RATIONALE:

Successful public fora/educational events create or raise awareness and communicate a clear message about the benefits of a peace process

Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of people	Sex, age (if possible)
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:

TYPE: OUTPUT/OUTCOME

Output DATA SOURCE:

Implementing partners, operating units

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

People attending multiple activities could be part of one single event, but should not be captured separately

Higher = Better

ELEMENT: PS 6.3 - PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED TO SUPPORT NEGOTIATORS/ FACILITATORS IN TRACK 1 DIALOGUES WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This includes all activities that provide technical and logistical support to a preexisting or new official negotiation process

RATIONALE:

Negotiators/facilitators are key to the success of the process of negotiations and all support to these individuals can improve the likelihood of a positive, long-term agreement

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Unit:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of activities	None	
ΤΥΡΕ: ΟυΤΡυΤ/ΟυΤCOME	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating units, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		

ELEMENT: **PS 6.3 – PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF NEGOTIATORS/FACILITATORS IN TRACK 1 DIALOGUES SUPPORTED BY PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY ACTIVITY WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This includes all negotiators/facilitators that are provided with technical and logistical support as part of a pre-existing or new official negotiation process

RATIONALE:

Negotiators/facilitators are key to the success of the process of negotiations and all support to these individuals can improve the likelihood of a positive, long-term agreement

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:
Number of negotiators/facilitators	Sex
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:
Output	Higher = better
DATA SOURCE:	
Operating units and/or implementers	

MEASUREMENT NOTES:

ELEMENT: **PS 6.3 – PREVENTIVE DIPLOMACY**

INDICATOR TITLE: NUMBER OF MONITORING MECHANISMS ESTABLISHED WITH USG ASSISTANCE

DEFINITION:

This includes all mechanisms used in the process of continual gathering of information about a particular peace process (negotiations, ceasefire, peace accord, etc.)

RATIONALE:

Monitoring mechanisms are the key to gathering information about compliance with a particular peace process

UNIT:	DISAGGREGATE BY:	
Number of mechanisms	None	
Түре: Оитрит/Оитсоме	DIRECTION OF CHANGE:	
Output	Higher = better	
DATA SOURCE:		
Operating Unit, implementing partners		
MEASUREMENT NOTES:		