EPA/U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service IAG Annual Report of Biological Resource Monitoring for 2004 Biological Monitoring at the Coeur d'Alene Basin Operable Unit 3 (OU-3).

### 1.0 Background and Objectives

This report summarizes the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) Upper Columbia Fish and Wildlife Office (UCFWO) biological resource monitoring activities conducted at the Bunker Hill Mining and Metallurgical Complex Operable Unit 3 (OU-3) in 2004, supported through an Interagency Agreement with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). As identified in the Basin Environmental Monitoring Plan (BEMP) (USEPA, 2004) USFWS is responsible for conducting biological resource monitoring to assist EPA in evaluating the progress of remedial actions in terms of improving ecosystem conditions.

The biological resources monitoring program was designed to evaluate two BEMP monitoring hypotheses:

- There is an improvement in biotic benchmarks from the recent historic trend or preremediation condition.
- There has been progress toward achieving benchmarks of selected remedy.

Biotic benchmarks were established in the OU-3 Record of Decision (ROD) (USEPA, 2002) and focus on indicators such as fish, songbirds, and waterfowl. Biological benchmark monitoring under the BEMP is intended to evaluate improvements in biological resources on a habitat basis through the monitoring of habitat-specific indicators. The specific habitat indicators include:

- Riverine habitat aquatic macroinvertebrates, fish, aquatic habitat assessment
- Lacustrine/palustrine habitat waterfowl
- Riparian habitat songbirds, terrestrial macroinvertebrates, riparian vegetation

Monitoring of biological resource parameters were conducted in accordance with UCFWO Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), designed for data continuity and comparability with existing studies. Biological resource monitoring studies conducted by USFWS in 2004 and as identified in the BEMP (EPA, 2004) include:

- Songbird Population Surveys (i.e., Monitoring Avian Productivity and Survivorship)
- Aquatic Invertebrate Diversity and Abundance

### 2.0 Songbird Population Surveys (MAPS)

A paucity of data existed on songbird populations within OU-3 (BEMP, 2004). The first round of monitoring results from this study is intended to serve as a baseline for comparison with subsequent rounds. Local songbird populations can fluctuate considerably between years. The implementation of a long-term (5-years) sampling strategy was therefore necessary in order to provide reliable data for baseline conditions. Methodologies established in the nationwide Monitoring Avian Productivity and Survivorship (MAPS) protocols allow for the implementation of a multi-year, standardized constant-effort mist netting and banding procedure. MAPS

protocols were therefore adopted to evaluate changes in avian populations in OU-3 (UCFWO SOP #1020.1012).

In general, MAPS mark-recapture data allows for estimates of adult survivorship, adult population size, proportion of resident individuals in the adult population and recruitment (DeSante et al., 2004). Data collected during the MAPS program will allow for comparisons of changes in avian productivity and survivorship over time (between 5-year studies), and because the protocol is standardized across the nation, will allow for comparisons to non-contaminated sites with similar habitat characteristics and to regional averages.

#### 2.0.1 Methods

The selection of study areas within OU-3 was based on areas identified in the BEMP (USEPA, 2004) and MAPS station site criteria (UCFWO SOP #1020.1012). Study areas included:

- Approximately 30 acres in the riparian corridor of Pine Creek (Upper Basin)
- Approximately 35 acres in the riparian corridor of the Coeur d'Alene River at Springston (Lower Basin)

MAPS station registration, location codes, station codes, specific station locations, and station manager contact information were submitted to The Institute for Bird Populations, P.O. Box 1346, Point Reyes Station, CA 94956-1346.

Station registration information is as follows:

Location Code: CDAB (Coeur d'Alene Basin)

Station Code: SPST Name of Station: Springston Nearest Town: Harrison ID County: Shoshone State: Idaho Latitude: 47-28-929; Longitude: 116-43-416 (degrees, minutes, seconds; to nearest second) Elevation: 2138 ft.

Station Code: PNCK Name of Station: Pine Creek Nearest Town: Pinehurst ID County: Shoshone State: Idaho Latitude: 47-28-929; Longitude: 116-14-426 (degrees, minutes, seconds; to nearest second) Elevation: 2445 ft.

Songbird survey methods followed those outlined in UCFWO SOP #1020.1012. In brief, nine mist nets were placed in optimum locations within each of the stations parameters. Mist nets were opened (i.e., set out) at sunrise during each banding session.

A banding session was conducted once every ten days from June 7-August 4, 2004. Nets were checked every 45 minutes for approximately six hours. Data collected on all songbirds captured included species, age, sex, breeding status, fat content, body molt, flight feather molt, flight feather wear, juvenile plumage, wing length, and weight. A numbered leg band was attached to

the right leg of each individual and birds released at the capture net. All data collected was entered into the nationwide database through MAPSPROG (www.birdpop.org) at the end of the sampling season.

### 2.0.2 Results

As this protocol is intended to provide long-term data on population and demographic parameters of songbirds inhabiting the OU-3, surveys are scheduled to be conducted for five consecutive years. Therefore, 2004 results are limited (first of 5 years) and will be integrated into the final report. Table 1 presents a species list banded or observed at each station. An inclusive raw data set is available at the UCFWO and should be available on the internet late summer 2005 at: www.birdpop.org.

## 3.0 Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Diversity and Abundance

As part of the BEMP (EPA, 2004), aquatic macroinvertebrates were collected from various sites within the Coeur d'Alene Basin and identified to determine community trends as they pertain to those areas. Information collected on aquatic macroinvertebrate communities will be used to determine first order effects on the ecological communities utilizing aquatic resources within the Basin under current and future OU-3 contaminants of concern management.

The objectives of aquatic macroinvertebrate community data collection activities include: continued development of data on present conditions, development of macroinvertebrate community trends as they pertain to changes in community and population structures, and continued development of correlations between aquatic macroinvertebrate community structures and metal concentrations in areas along the Coeur d'Alene River (USFWS, 2005).

# 3.0.1 Methods

The collection of macroinvertebrates followed methods described in UCFWO SOP # 1020.1005. Areas of collection are identified in the BEMP, Section 4.0, Table 4-3 (USEPA, 2004). Collection sites included: Elizabeth Park (above the Bunker Hill Box), South Fork Coeur d'Alene River at Pinehurst (below the Bunker Hill Box) and the Coeur d'Alene River at Cataldo.

Sampling was conducted in July, 2004. A Hess sampler was used to collect six macroinvertebrates samples from riffle zones within each reach. Sampling was conducted downstream to upstream, at downstream, midstream, and upstream areas of the riffle zone. Samples were placed in 250 mL polypropolene containers and fixed in a 95% ethanol solution for sample integrity. All collection locations were recorded with a hand held GPS unit. All samples were sorted to family at the Upper Columbia Fish and Wildlife Office and again fixed in a 95% ethanol solution.

# 3.0.2 Results

Table 2 presents collection date, site, GPS coordinate, and identification of samples collected in 2004. All samples are currently stored at the Upper Columbia Fish and Wildlife Office. Aquatic macroinvertebrate taxonomic identification is scheduled to be conducted by an independent laboratory through CH2M Hill. Identification results and community analysis will be presented in future annual reports.

#### 4.0 References

- DeSante, D.F., K. M. Burton, P. Velez and Dan Froehlich. 2004. MAPS Manual, 2004 Protocol. The Institute for Bird Populations. P.O. Box 1346, Point Reyes Station CA 94956-1346. www.birdpop.org.
- USEPA. 2002. Record of Decision, Bunker Hill Mining and Metallurgical Complex Operable Unit 3. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Report.
- USEPA. 2004. Basin Environmental Monitoring Plan. Bunker Hill Mining and Metallurgical Complex Operable Unit 3. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Report.
- USFWS, 2005. Scope of Work for Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Monitoring in the Coeur d'Alene Basin by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Report.

Pine Creek Station	Springston Station	
Species	Species	
American crow	American crow	
American robin	American robin	
Audubon's warbler	Bewick's wren	
Belted kingfisher	Black-billed magpie	
Black-capped chickadee	Black-capped chickadee	
Black-headed grosbeak	Black-capped chickadee	
Calliope hummingbird	Black-chinned hummingbird	
Cedar waxwing	Black-headed grosbeak	
Chestnut-backed chickadee	Bullock's oriole	
Chipping sparrow	Calliope hummingbird	
Dusky flycatcher	Cedar waxwing	
Hammon's flycatcher	Downy woodpecker	
Lazuli Bunting	Dusky flycatcher	
MacGillivray's warbler	Gray catbird	
Nashville warbler	House wren	
Orange crowned warbler	MacGillivray's warbler	
Oregon junco	Mourning dove	
Red-breasted nuthatch	Northern flicker	
Ruby-crowned kinglet	Northern pygmy-owl	
Song sparrow	Orange crowned warbler	
Spotted sandpiper	Oregon junco	
Spotted towhee	Osprey	
Swainson's thrush	Red-breasted nuthatch	
Townsend's solitaire	Red-eyed vireo	
Townsend's warbler	Song sparrow	
Tree swallow	Spotted towhee	
Warbling vireo	Springston	
Western flycatcher	Steller's jay	
Western tanager	Swainson's thrush	
Yellow warbler	Townsend's warbler	
	Traill's flycatcher	
	Warbling vireo	
	Western flycatcher	
	Western tanager	
	Western wood-peewee	
	Willow flycatcher	
	Wilson's snipe	
	Yellow warbler	

# Table 1: Location and species of birds captured and observed during2004 MAPS surveys. BEMP 2004, USFWS Biological ResourceMonitoring.

diversity and abundance, 2004.			
Collection Date	Site	GPS coordinate	Sample #
07/20/2004	Pinehurst	557503 / 5266445	BE04AI01
		557449 / 5266453	BE04AI02
		557285 / 5266479	BE04AI03
		557285 / 5266419	BE04AI04
		557281 / 5266393	BE04AI05
		557291 / 5266425	BE04AI06
07/21/2004	Elizabeth Park	568586 / 5264565	BE04AI07
		568596 / 5264261	BE04AI08
		568646 / 5264231	BE04AI09
		568971 / 5264228	BE04AI10
		568949 / 5264227	BE04AI11
		568965 / 5264211	BE04AI12
07/21/2004	Cataldo	550532 / 5266873	BE04AI13
		550518 / 5266883	BE04AI14
		550515 / 5266892	BE04AI15
		550485 / 5266883	BE04AI16
		550100 / 5265825	BE04AI17
		550044 / 5265845	BE04AI18

 Table 2: Collection date, site, GPS coordinate and identification of samples collected for aquatic invertebrate diversity and abundance, 2004.