§ 25.526

the Commission is unable to make a finding that a grant of authorization will be consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity, it will deny the application or institute such further proceedings as in its discretion appear appropriate.

§25.526 Amendments.

The Commission may at any time order or require the applicant to amend his application so as to make it more definite and certain or to submit such additional documents, or statements, as in the judgment of the Commission may be necessary.

§25.527 Defective applications.

- (a) Applications not in accordance with the applicable rules in this chapter may be deemed defective and returned by the Commission without acceptance of such applications for filing and consideration.
- (b) The assignment of a file number, if any, to an application is for the administrative convenience of the Commission and does not indicate the acceptance of the application for filing and consideration.

§§ 25.528—25.529 [Reserved]

§25.530 Scope of authorization.

- (a) In order to effectuate the purpose of the Communications Satellite Act of 1962 of promoting the widest possible distribution of stock among the authorized carriers, each authorization issued pursuant to this subpart by the Commission shall be so conditioned that in the event any voting stock authorized to be issued by the corporation, which is reserved and available for purchase by authorized carriers, is oversubscribed, the Commission may specify the dollar amount or percentage of such stock which may be purchased pursuant to such authorization.
- (b) All authorizations shall be issued to, or on behalf of the named applicant and shall not be transferable.
- (c) The Commission may attach such other conditions to the authorization as it determines to be consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

§25.531 Revocation of authorization.

Where any person to whom an authorization has been issued pursuant to this subpart has willfully failed to make a complete disclosure with regard to the real party or parties in interest or as to all matters and things required to be disclosed in the application, the Commission at any time may order such person to show cause why such authorization should not be revoked. Such person will be given reasonable opportunity to respond in writing to the order to show cause. Upon consideration of the response, the Commission will determine whether an order of revocation should issue or whether further proceedings, as may be appropriate, should be instituted. If an order of revocation is issued, immediate disposition shall be made of the shares of stock purchased or otherwise obtained pursuant to said authoriza-

Subpart I—Equal Employment Opportunities

§ 25.601 Equal employment oppor tunity requirement.

Notwithstanding other EEO provisions within §1.815 of this chapter, an entity that uses an owned or leased fixed satellite service facility (operating under this part) to provide more than one channel of video programming directly to the public must comply with the equal employment opportunity requirements set forth in part 76, subpart E of this chapter, if such entity exercises control (as defined in part 76, subpart E of this chapter) over the video programming it distributes.

[58 FR 42249, Aug. 9, 1993]

PART 26—GENERAL WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE

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AUTHORITY: 47 U.S.C. sections 154, 301, 302, 303, 309 and 332, unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: 60 FR 40719, Aug. 9, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Information

§26.1 Basis and purpose.

This section contains the statutory basis for this part of the rules and provides the purpose for which this part is issued.

- (a) Basis. The rules for the general wireless communications service (GWCS) in this part are promulgated under the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, that vests authority in the Federal Communications Commission to regulate radio transmission and to issue licenses for stations.
- (b) *Purpose*. This part states the conditions under which portions of the radio spectrum are made available and licensed for GWCS.
- (c) *Scope*. The rules in this part apply only to stations authorized under this part.

§26.2 Other applicable rule parts.

Other FCC rule parts applicable to licensees in the general wireless communications service include the following:

(a) Part 0. This part describes the Commission's organization and delegations of authority. Part 0 of this chapter also lists available Commission publications, standards and procedures for access to Commission records, and location of Commission Field Offices.

(b) Part 1. This part includes rules of practice and procedure for license applications, adjudicatory proceedings, procedures for reconsideration and review of the Commission's actions; provisions concerning violation notices and forfeiture proceedings; and the environmental requirements that, if applicable, must be complied with prior to the initiation of construction.

(c) Part 2. This part contains the Table of Frequency Allocations and special requirements in international regulations, recommendations, agreements, treaties. This part also contains standards and procedures concerning the marketing and importation of radio frequency devices, and for obtaining equipment authorization.

(d) Part 5. This part contains rules prescribing the manner in which parts of the radio frequency spectrum may be made available for experimentation.

(e) Part 17. This part contains requirements for construction, marking and lighting of antenna towers.

(f) Part 68. This part contains technical standards for connection of terminal equipment to the telephone network.

§26.3 Permissible communications.

GWCS licensees may provide any fixed or mobile communications service on their assigned spectrum. Broadcasting services, Radiolocation services and satellite services as defined in §2.1 of this chapter are prohibited.

§26.4 Terms and definitions.

Assigned frequency. The center of the frequency band assigned to a station.

Authorized bandwidth. The maximum width of the band of frequencies permitted to be used by a station. This is normally considered to be the necessary or occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

Average terrain. The average elevation of terrain between 3 and 16 kilometers from the antenna site.

Effective radiated power (e.r.p.) (in a given direction). The product of the power supplied to the antenna and its gain relative to a half-wave dipole in a given direction.

Equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.). The product of the power supplied to the antenna and the antenna

gain in a given direction relative to an isotropic antenna.

Fixed service. A radio communication service between specified fixed points.

Fixed station. A station in the fixed service.

Gross revenues. Gross revenues shall mean all income received by an entity, whether earned or passive, before any deductions are made for costs of doing business (e.g. cost of goods sold), as evidenced by audited financial statements for the relevant number of calendar years preceding January 1, 1994, or, if audited financial statements were not prepared on a calendar-year basis, for the most recently completed fiscal years preceding the filing of the applicant's short-form application (Form 175). For applications filed after December 31, 1995, gross revenues shall be evidenced by audited financial statements for the preceding relevant number of calendar or fiscal years. If an entity was not in existence for all or part of the relevant period, gross revenues shall be evidenced by the audited financial statements of the entity's predecessor-in-interest or, if there is no identifiable predecessor-in-interest, unaudited financial statements certified by the applicant as accurate.

Land mobile service. A mobile service between base stations and land mobile stations, or between land mobile stations

Land mobile station. A mobile station in the land mobile service capable of surface movement within the geographic limits of a country or continent.

Land station. A station in the mobile service not intended to be used while in motion.

Mobile service. A radio communication service between mobile and land stations, or between mobile stations.

Mobile station. A station in the mobile service intended to be used while in motion or during halts at unspecified points.

National Geodetic Reference System (NGRS): The name given to all geodetic control data contained in the National Geodetic Survey (NGS) data base. (Source: National Geodetic Survey, U.S. Department of Commerce)

Rural telephone company. A rural telephone company is a local exchange carrier having 100,000 or fewer access lines, including all affiliates.

Small business: consortium of small businesses.

- (1) A small business is an entity that, together with its affiliates and persons or entities that hold interest in such entity and their affiliates, has average annual gross revenues that are not more than \$40 million for the preceding three years.
- (2) Å small business consortium is a conglomerate organization formed as a joint venture between or among mutually-independent business firms, each of which individually satisfies the definition of a small business.

Total assets. Total assets shall mean the book value (except where generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require market valuation) of all property owned by an entity, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, as evidenced by the most recent audited financial statements.

Subpart B—Applications and Licenses

§26.11 Initial authorization.

- (a) An applicant must file an application for an initial authorization in each market and frequency block desired.
- (b) Blanket licenses are granted for each market and frequency block. Applications for individual sites are not required and will not be accepted.

§26.12 Eligibility.

Any entity, other than those precluded by section 310 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. §310, is eligible to hold a license under this part.

$\S 26.13$ License period.

Licenses for service areas will be granted for ten year terms from the date of original issuance or renewal.

§ 26.14 Criteria for comparative renewal proceedings.

A renewal applicant involved in a comparative renewal proceeding shall receive a preference, commonly referred to as a renewal expectancy, which is the most important comparative factor to be considered in the proceeding, if its past record for the relevant license period demonstrates that the renewal applicant:

- (a) Has provided "substantial" service during its past license term. "Substantial" service is defined as service which is sound, favorable, and substantially above a level of mediocre service which might just minimally warrant renewal; and
- (b) Has substantially complied with applicable Commission rules, policies and the Communications Act.

Subpart C—Technical Standards

§26.51 Equipment authorization.

- (a) Each transmitter utilized for operation under this part and each transmitter marketed, as set forth in §2.803 of this chapter, must be of a type that has been authorized by the Commission under its type acceptance procedure.
- (b) The Commission periodically publishes a list of type accepted equipment, entitled "Radio Equipment List, Equipment Accepted for Licensing." Copies of this list are available for public reference at the Commission's offices in Washington, D.C., at each of its field offices, and may be ordered from its copy contractor.
- (c) Any manufacturer of radio transmitting equipment to be used in these services may request equipment authorization following the procedures set forth in Subpart J of part 2 of this chapter. Equipment authorization for an individual transmitter may be requested by an applicant for a station authorization by following the procedures set forth in part 2 of this chapter. Such equipment if approved or accepted will not normally be included in the Commission's Radio Equipment List but will be individually enumerated on the station authorization.

[60 FR 40719, Aug. 9, 1995, as amended at 62 FR 47967, Sept. 12, 1997]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 62 FR 47967, Sept. 12, 1997, §26.51 was amended by removing paragraph (d), effective Oct. 15, 1997. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§26.51 Equipment authorization.

* * * * *

(d) Applicants for type acceptance of transmitters that operate in these services must determine that the equipment complies with IEEE C95.1-1991, (ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991), "IEEE Standards for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz" as measured using methods specified in IEEE C95.3-1991, (ANSI/IEEE Ĉ95.3-1991), "Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields-RF and Microwave." The applicant for type acceptance is required to submit a statement affirming that the equipment complies with these standards as measured by an approved method and to maintain a record showing the basis for the statement of compliance with IEEE C.95.1-1991. (See §26.52 for availability of IEEE standards.)

§26.52 RF safety.

Licensees and manufacturers are subject to the radiofrequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §1.1307(b), §2.1091 and §2.1093 of this chapter, as appropriate. Applications for equipment authorization of mobile or portable devices operating under this section must contain a statement confirming compliance with these requirements for both fundamental emmissions and unwanted emissions. Technical information showing the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

[62 FR 47968, Sept. 12, 1997]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 62 FR 47968, Sept. 12, 1997, §26.52 was revised, effective Oct. 15, 1997. For the convenience of the user, the superseded text is set forth as follows:

§26.52 RF hazards.

(a) Licensees and manufacturers are required to ensure that their facilities and equipment comply with IEEE C95.1–1991. Measurement methods are specified in IEEE C95.3–1991. Copies of these standards are available from IEEE Standards Board, 445 Hoes Lane, P.O. Box 1331, Piscataway, NJ 08855–1331. Telephone: 1–800–678–4333. The limits for both "controlled" and "uncontrolled" environments, as defined by IEEE C95.1–1991, will apply to all GWCS base and mobile stations, as appropriate. The application for equipment authorization must contain a statement confirming compliance with IEEE C95.1–1991. Technical information showing

the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

- (b) GWCS hand-held devices whose maximum radiated power is 100 milliwatts or less are not required to be evaluated for compliance with ANSI/IEEE SAR (specific absorption rate) requirements, as long as 2.5 cm separation distance is maintained between the radiating structure and the body of the user. (The ANSI/IEEE standard uses the term "radiated power," meaning input power to the antenna.)
- (c) For further information on the Commission's environmental rules see §§1.1301 through 1.1319 of this chapter.

§26.53 Emission limits.

- (a) The power of any emission at the edges of the 4660–4685 MHz band shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ or 80 decibels, whichever is less.
- (b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the license's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- (d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided that they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmission power.
- (e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

§26.54 Frequency stability.

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

§26.55 Field strength limits.

The predicted or measured median field strength at any location on the border of the GWCS service area shall not exceed 55 dBu unless licensees operating in adjacent areas agree to higher field strength along their mutual borders.

Subpart D—Miscellaneous

§ 26.101 Multiple ownership restrictions.

- (a) GWCS licensees shall not have an ownership interest in more than three of the five, 5 megahertz wide channels available in any geographic area. For purposes of this restriction, a GWCS licensee is:
- (1) Any institutional investor, as defined in §26.4, with an ownership interest of ten or more percent in a GWCS license; and
- (2) Any other person or entity with an ownership interest of five or more percent in a GWCS license.
- (b) In cases where a party had indirect ownership, through an interest in an intervening entity (or entities) that has ownership in the GWCS license, that indirect ownership shall be attributable if the percentages of ownership at each level, multiplied together, equal five or more percent ownership of the GWCS license, except that if the ownership percentage for an interest in any link in the chain exceeds 50 percent or represents actual control, it shall be treated as if it were a 100 percent interest.

EXAMPLE. Party X has a non-controlling ownership interest of 25 percent in Company Y, which in turn has a non-controlling ownership interest of 10 percent in Company Z, the GWCS licensee. Party X's effective ownership interest in Company Z is Party X's ownership interest in Company Y (25 percent) times Company Y's ownership interest in Company Z (10 percent). Therefore, Party X's effective ownership interest in Company Z is 2.5 percent, and is not attributable.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this section, the following interests shall not constitute attributable ownership interests for purposes of paragraph (a) of this section.
- (1) A limited partnership interest held by an institutional investor (as defined §26.4) where the limited partner

is not materially involved, directly or indirectly, in the management or operation of the GWCS holdings of the partnership, and the licensee so certifies. The criteria which would assure adequate insulation for the purposes of this certification require:

- (i) Prohibiting limited partners from acting as employees of the limited partnership if responsibilities relate to the carrier activities of the licensee;
- (ii) Barring the limited partners from serving as independent contractors;
- (iii) Restricting communication among limited partners and the general partner regarding day-to-day activities of the licensee;
- (iv) Empowering the general partner to veto admissions of new general partners:
- (v) Restricting the circumstances in which the limited partners can remove the general partner;
- (vi) Prohibiting the limited partners from providing services to the partnership relating to the GWCS holdings of the licensee; and
- (vii) Stating that the limited partners may not become involved in the management or operation of the licensee.

§26.102 Service areas.

GWCS service areas are based on Economic Areas developed by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce, referred to as "EAs" and three additional EA-like service areas: Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands (combined as one service area), Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands (combined as one service area), and American Samoa.

(a) Economic Areas. Codes from 001 to 172 are assigned to the EAs in approximate geographic order, beginning with 001 in northern Maine, continuing south to Florida, then north to the Great Lakes, and continuing in a serpentine pattern to the West Coast. Except for the Western Oklahoma EA (126), the Northern Michigan EA (058), and the 17 EAs that mainly correspond to consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs), each EA is named for the metropolitan area or city that is the node of its largest component

041 Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson,

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economic area (CEA) and that is usually, but not always, the largest metropolitan area or city in the EA. Each CEA consists of a single economic node and the surrounding counties that are economically related to the node. The following list provides EA codes and names.

Code and Name

```
Bangor, ME
    Portland, ME
003 Boston-Worcester-Lawrence-Low-
   ell-Brockton, MA-NH
004 Burlington, VT
005 Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY
006 Syracuse, NY
007
    Rochester, NY
800
    Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY
009 State College, PA
010 New York-No. New Jersey-Long
   Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA
011 Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA
012 Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic
   City, PA-NJ-DE-MD
013 Washington-Baltimore,
                            DC-MD-
   VA-WV
014 Salisbury, MD
015 Richmond-Petersburg, VA
    Staunton, VA
017 Roanoke, VA
018 Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High
   Point, NC
019 Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC
020 Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport
   News, VA-NC
021 Greensville, NC
   Fayettesville, NC
022
023 Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-
024 Columbia, SC
   Wilmington, NC
025
    Charleston-North Charleston, SC
027
    Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC
028
    Savannah, GA
    Jacksonville, FL
030
    Orlando, FL
    Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL
032 Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL
033 Sarasota-Bradenton, FL
034 Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater,
035 Tallahassee, FA
036 Dothan, AL
    Albany, GA
038 Macon, GA
```

039 Columbus, GA-AL

040 Atlanta, GA

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SC
042
   Asheville, NC
    Chattanooga, TN-GA
043
044
    Knoxville, TN
045
    Johnson
               City-Kingsport-Bristol,
   TN-VA
046 Hickory-Morganton, NC
    Lexington, KY
048 Charleston, WV
049
    Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN
050
    Dayton-Springfield, OH
051
    Columbus, OH
    Wheeling, WV-OH
052
053
    Pittsburgh, PA
054
    Erie, PA
055
    Cleveland-Akron, OH
056
    Toledo, OH
057
    Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI
    Northern Michigan, MI
058
    Green Bay, WI
059
060
    Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI
061
    Traverse City, MI
062
    Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland,
   MI
063
   Milwaukee-Racine, WI
064
    Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI
065
    Elkhart-Goshen, IN
066
    Fort Wayne, IN
067
    Indianapolis, IN
    Champaign-Urbana, IL
    Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY
069
070
    Louisville, KY-IN
071
    Nashville, TN
072
    Paducah, KY
    Memphis, TN-AR-MS
Huntsville, AL
073
074
075
    Tupelo, MS
076
    Greenville, MS
077
    Jackson, MS
078
    Birmingham, AL
079
    Montgomery, AL
080
    Mobile, AL
    Pensacola, FL
081
    Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MS
082
083
    New Orleans, LA
084
    Baton Rouge, LA
085
    Lafayette, LA
086
    Lake Charles, LA
087
    Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX
088
    Shreveport-Bossier City, LA
089
    Monroe, LA
   Little Rock-North Little Rock,
090
   AR
091
   Fort Smith, AR-OK
    Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers,
092
```

094

Joplin, MO

Springfield, MO

005	I I AD
095	Jonesboro, AR
096	St. Louis, MO-IL
097	Springfield, IL
098	Columbia, MO
099	Kansas City, MO-KS
100	Des Moines, IA
101	Peoria-Pekin, IL
102	Davenport-Moline-Rock Island,
	IA-IL
103	Cedar Rapids, IA
104	Madison, WI
105	La Crosse, WI-MN
106	Rochester, MN
107	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI
108	Wausau, WI
100	Duluth-Superior, MN-WI
110	Grand Forks, ND-MN
111	
111	Minot, ND
	Bismarck, ND
113	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN
114	Aberdeen, SD
115	Rapid City, SD
116	Sioux Falls, SD
117	Sioux City, IA-NE
118	Omaha, NE-IA
119	Lincoln, NE
120	Grand Island, NE
121	North Platte, NE
122	Wichita, KS
123	Topeka, KS
124	Tulsa, OK
125	Oklahoma City, OK
126	Western Oklahoma, OK
127	Dallas-Fort Worth, TX
128	Abilene, TX
129	San Angelo, TX
130	Austin-San Marcos, TX
131	Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX
132	Corpus Christi, TX
133	McÂllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX
134	San Antonio, TX
135	Odessa-Midland, TX
136	
137	
138	Amarillo, TX
139	Santa Fe, NM
140	Pueblo, CO
141	Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO
142	Scottsbluff, NE
143	Casper, WY
144	Billings, MT
145	Great Fallas, MT
146	Missoula, MT
147	Spokane, WA
148	Idaho Falls, ID
149	Twin Falls, ID
150	Boise City, ID
151	
131	Reno, NV

152 Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT

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153 Las Vegas, NV-AZ
154
    Flagstaff, AZ
155 Farmington, NM
156 Albuquerque, NM
157
    El Paso, TX
158 Phoenix-Mesa, AZ
159 Tucson, AZ
160 Los
            Angeles-Riverside-Orange
   County, CA
161 San Ďiego, CA
162 Fresno, CA
163 San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose,
164 Sacramento-Yolo, CA
165 Redding, CA
166 Eugene-Springfield, OR
    Portland-Salem, OR-WA
167
168 Pendleton, OR
169 Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA
170 Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA
171 Anchorage, AK
172 Honolulu, HI
 (b) Other eligible areas not included
in the Bureau of Economic Analysis's
list of EAs include: Guam and the
Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico
and United States Virgin Islands, and
American Samoa.
§26.103 Frequencies.
 The following frequencies are avail-
able for GWCS in the Economic Areas
and other areas described in §26.102 as
shown below.
  Channel Block and Frequency Band
Block A: 4660-4665 MHz
Block B: 4665-4670 MHz
Block C: 4670-4675 MHz
Block D: 4675-4680 MHz
Block E: 4680-4685 MHz
§26.104 Construction requirements.
 (a) GWCS licensees shall within five
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(a) GWCS licensees shall within five years of initial license grant date offer service to one-third of the population in the area in which they are licenseed. Licensees shall serve two-thirds of the population in the area in which they are licensed within ten years of initial license grant date.

(b) In demonstrating compliance with the above construction requirements, licensees must base their calculations on signal field strengths that ensure reliable service for the technology utilized. Licensees may use any service radius contour formula developed or generally used by industry, provided

that such formula is based on the technical characteristics of their system.

- (c) Upon meeting the five and ten year benchmarks in paragraph (a) of this section, licensees shall file a map and other supporting documentation that demonstrates compliance with the geographic area or population coverage requirement. Licensees shall file a statement indicating commencement of service. The filing must be received at the Commission on or before expiration of the relevant period.
- (d) If the sale of a license is approved, the new licensee is held to the original build-out requirement.
- (e) Failure by a licensee to meet the above construction requirements may result in forfeiture of the license and ineligibility to regain it.

NOTE TO $\S26.104$: Population-based construction requirements contained in this section shall be based on the 1990 census.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 60 FR 40722, Aug. 9, 1995, §26.104 was added. This section contains information collection and record-keeping requirements and will not become effective until approval has been given by the Office of Management and Budget.

Subpart E—Competitive Bidding Procedures for GWCS

§26.201 GWCS subject to competitive bidding.

Mutually exclusive initial applications to provide GWCS service are subject to competitive bidding procedures. The general competitive bidding procedures found in 47 CFR part 1, subpart Q, will apply unless otherwise provided in this part.

§26.202 Competitive bidding design for GWCS licensing.

- (a) The Commission will employ the following competitive bidding designs when choosing from among mutually exclusive initial applications to provide GWCS service:
- (1) Simultaneous multiple round actions
 - (2) Sequential oral auctions
- (b) The Commission may design and test alternative procedures. The Commission will announce by Public Notice before each auction the competitive

bidding design to be employed in a particular auction.

(c) The Commission may use single combined auctions, which combine bidding for two or more substitutable licenses and award licenses to the highest bidders until the available licenses are exhausted. This technique may be used in conjunction with any type of auction.

§ 26.203 Competitive bidding mechanisms.

- (a) Sequencing. The Commission will establish and may vary the sequence in which GWCS licenses will be auctioned.
- (b) Reservation price. The Commission may establish a reservation price, either disclosed or undisclosed, below which a license subject to auction will not be awarded.
- (c) Minimum bid increments. The Commission may, by announcement before or during an auction, require minimum bid increments in dollar or percentage terms. The Commission may also establish by Public Notice a suggested opening bid or a minimum opening bid on each license.
- (d) Stopping rules. The Commission may establish stopping rules before or during multiple round auctions in order to terminate an auction within a reasonable time.
- (e) Activity rules. The Commission may establish activity rules which require a minimum amount of bidding activity. In the event that the Commission establishes an activity rule in connection with a simultaneous multiple round auction, each bidder will be entitled to request and will be automatically granted one activity rule waiver during each stage of an auction, or one automatic waiver during a specified number of bidding rounds. The Commission may change by Public Notice the number and frequency of such automatic activity rule waivers for a specific auction.
- (f) Bidder identification during auctions. The Commission may choose, on an auction-by-auction basis, to release the identity of the bidders associated with bidder identification numbers. The Commission will announce by Public Notice before each auction whether bidder identities will be revealed.

(g) Nationwide bidders. Bidders seeking to aggregate EA-based GWCS licenses into nationwide licenses are required to declare the number of nationwide aggregations for which they will bid and to be active in every round of bidding on sufficient licenses to create the number of declared aggregations.

§26.204 Withdrawal, default and disqualification penalties.

- (a) When the Commission conducts a simultaneous multiple round auction pursuant to §26.202(a)(1), the Commission will impose penalties on bidders who withdraw high bids during the course of an auction, or who default on payments due after an auction closes or who are disqualified.
- (1) Bid withdrawal prior to close of auction. A bidder who withdraws a high bid during the course of an auction will be subject to a penalty equal to the difference between the amount bid and the amount of the winning bid the next time the license is offered by the Commission. No withdrawal penalty would be assessed if the subsequent winning bid exceeds the withdrawn bid. This penalty amount will be deducted from any upfront payments or down payments that the withdrawing bidder has deposited with the Commission. The withdrawal penalty for a nationwide bidder for each aggregation is limited to 5 percent of the aggregate withdrawn bids. The withdrawal penalty for a nationwide bidder is calculated between the sum of the withdrawn bids and the sum of the subsequent high bids on the withdrawn licenses.
- (2) Default or disqualification after close of auction. If a high bidder defaults or is disqualified after the close of such an auction, the defaulting bidder will be subject to the penalty in paragraph (a)(1) of this section plus an additional penalty equal to three (3) percent of the subsequent winning bid. If the subsequent winning bid. If the subsequent winning bid exceeds the defaulting bidder's bid amount, the 3 percent penalty will be calculated based on the defaulting bidder's bid amount. These amounts will be deducted from any upfront payments or down payments that the defaulting or disquali-

fied bidder has deposited with the Commission.

- (b) When the Commission conducts sequential oral auctions, the Commission may modify the penalties to be paid in the event of bid withdrawal, default disqualification; provided, however, that such penalties shall not exceed the penalties specified above.
- (c) In the case of single round bidding for GWCS licenses:
- (1) If a bid is withdrawn before the Commission releases the initial Public Notice announcing the winning bidder(s), no bid withdrawal penalty will be assessed.
- (2) If a bid is withdrawn after the Commission releases the initial Public Notice announcing the winning bidder(s), the bid withdrawal penalty will be equal to the difference between the high bid amount and the amount of the next highest valid bid. A bid will be considered valid for this purpose if the bidder has not already been designated the winning bidder on more licenses than it is permitted to be awarded. Losing bidders will only be subject to this bid withdrawal penalty for a period of 30 days after the Commission releases the initial Public Notice announcing the winning bidders.
- (d) In the case of oral sequential bidding for GWCS licenses:
- (1) If a bid is withdrawn before the Commission has declared the bidding to be closed for the license bid on, no bid withdrawal penalty will be assessed.
- (2) If a bid is withdrawn after the Commission has declared the bidding to be closed for the license bid on, the bid withdrawal penalty of §1.2104(g) of this chapter and paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section will apply.

§ 26.205 Bidding application (FCC Form 175 and 175-S Short-Form).

All applicants for initial provision of GWCS service must submit applications on FCC Forms 175 and 175-S pursuant to the procedures set forth in §1.2105 of this chapter. The Commission will issue a Public Notice announcing the date of a GWCS auction, the licenses which are to be auctioned, and the date on or before which applicants

intending to participate in an upcoming GWCS auction must file their applications in order to be eligible for that auction. The Public Notice will also contain information necessary for completion of the application as well as other important information such as the materials which must accompany the Forms, any filing fee that must accompany the application or any upfront payment that will need to be submitted, and the location where the application must be filed.

§26.206 Submission of upfront payments and down payments.

- (a) Where the Commission uses simultaneous multiple round auctions or oral sequential auctions bidders will be required to submit an upfront payment pursuant to the procedures set forth in §1.2106 of this chapter.
- (b) Winning bidders in an auction must submit a down payment to the Commission in accordance with the procedures set forth in §1.2107 (a) and (b) of this chapter.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, eligible small businesses may submit a down payment of 5 percent of the winning bid five days after the auction closes and 5 percent five days after public notice that the license is ready for grant.

§26.207 Long form applications.

Winning bidders will be required to submit long form applications on FCC form XXX, as modified, within ten (10) business days after being notified that they are the winning bidder. Applications on FCC Form XXX shall be submitted pursuant to the procedures set forth in subpart G of this part and \$1.2107 (c) and (d) of this chapter and any associated Public Notices. Only auction winners will be eligible to file applications on FCC Form XXX for initial GWCS licenses in the event of mutual exclusivity between applicants filing Form 175. Winning bidders need not complete Schedule B to Form XXX.

§26.208 License grant, denial, default, and disqualification.

(a) Unless eligible for installment payments and/or a bidding credit, each winning bidder is required to pay the balance of its winning bid in a lump sum payment within five (5) business days following the award of the license. Grant of the license will be conditioned upon full and timely payment of the winning bid amount.

- (b) A bidder who withdraws its bid, defaults on a payment or is disqualified will be subject to the penalties specified in §1.2109 of this Chapter.
- (c) An eligible small business may elect to pay its winning bid, less upfront payments, over the terms of the license. Interest charges are fixed at the time of licensing at the rate equal to U.S. Treasury obligation plus 2.5 percent. Installment payments are due quarterly on the anniversary of the day the license was granted, except that interest-only installment payments are permitted during the first two years of the license.

§26.209 Eligibility for partitioned licenses.

- (a) Notwithstanding §26.102, an applicant that is a rural telephone company, as defined in §26.4, may be granted a GWCS license that is geographically partitioned from a separately licensed EA, so long as the EA applicant or licensee has voluntarily agreed (in writing) to partition a portion of the license to the rural telephone company.
- (b) If partitioned licenses are being applied for in conjunction with a license(s) to be awarded through competitive biding procedures—
- (1) The applicable procedures for filing short-form applications and for submitting upfront payments and down payments contained in this part and part 1 of this chapter shall be followed by the applicant, who must disclose as part of its short-form application all parties to agreement(s) with or among rural telephone companies to partition the license pursuant to this section, if won at auction (see § 1.2105(a)(2)(viii));
- (2) Each rural telephone company that is a party to an agreement to partition the license shall file a long-form application for its respective, mutually agreed-upon geographic area together with the application for the remainder of the EA filed by the auction winner.
- (c) If the partitioned license is being applied for as a partial assignment of the EA license following grant of the

initial license, request for authorization for partial assignment of a license shall be made pursuant to §26.324.

- (d) Each application for a partitioned area (long-form initial application or partial assignment application) shall contain a partitioning plan that must propose to establish a partitioned area to be licensed that meets the following criteria:
- (1) Conforms to established geopolitical boundaries (such as county lines);
- (2) Includes the wireline service area of the rural telephone company applicant; and
- (3) Is reasonably related to the rural telephone company's wireline service area.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (d)(3): A partitioned service area will be presumed to be reasonably related to the rural telephone company's wireline service area if the partitioned service area contains no more than twice the population overlap between the rural telephone company's wireline service area and the partitioned area.

(e) Each licensee in each partitioned area will be responsible for meeting the construction requirements in its area (see §26.104).

§26.210 Provisions for small businesses.

- (a) Bidding credits. A winning bidder that qualifies as a small business or a consortium of small businesses may use a bidding credit of ten percent to lower the cost of its winning bid.
- (b) Installment payments. A winning bidder that qualifies as a small business may pay its winning bid amount (less upfront payments) in installments over the ten year term of the license, with interest charges to be fixed at the time of licensing at a rate equal to the rate for ten year U.S. Treasury obligations plus 2.5 percent. Installment payments are due quarterly on the anniversary of the day the license is granted. Failure to make timely installment payments may result in revocation of the license. Small businesses are permitted to make interest-only installment payments during the first two years of the license.
- (c) Down payments. A winning bidder that qualifies as a small business is permitted to make a down payment

equal to 5 percent of the winning bid due five days after the auction closes with the remaining 5 percent down payment dues five days after Public Notice that the license is ready for grant.

(d) Unjust enrichment. If a licensee that utilizes a bidding credit under this section seeks to assign or transfer control of its license to an entity not meeting the eligibility standards for bidding credits or seeks to make any other change in ownership that would result in the licensee no longer qualifying for bidding credits under this section, the licensee must seek Commission approval and reimburse the government for the amount of the bidding credit, plus interest at the rate imposed for installment financing at the time the license was awarded as a condition of the approval of such assignment, transfer or other ownership change. The amount of the payment would be reduced over time so that a transfer in the first two years of the license would result in a payment of 100 percent of the value of the bidding credit; in year three of the license term the payment would be 75 percent; in year four the payment would be 50 percent and in year five the payment would be 25 percent, after which there would be no payment. Transfer of control or assignment of station license is also subject to provisions of §1.2111 of this chapter.

Subpart F—Application, Licensing, and Processing Rules for GWCS

§ 26.301 Authorization required.

No person shall use or operate any device for the transmission of energy or communications by radio in the services authorized by this part except as provided in this part.

§26.302 Eligibility.

- (a) General. Authorizations will be granted upon proper application if:
- (1) The applicant is qualified under the applicable laws and the regulations, policies and decisions issued under those laws, including §§ 26.101 and 26.12:
- (2) There are frequencies available to provide satisfactory service; and

- (3) The public interest, convenience or necessity would be served by a grant.
- (b) Alien ownership. A GWCS authorization to provide Commercial Mobile Radio Service may not be granted to or held by:
- (1) Any alien or the representative of any alien.
- (2) Any corporation organized under the laws of any foreign government.
- (3) Any corporation of which more than one-fifth of the capital stock is owned of record or voted by aliens or their representatives or by a foreign government or representative thereof or any corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country.
- (4) Any corporation directly or indirectly controlled by any other corporation of which more than one-fourth of the capital stock is owned of record or voted by aliens, their representatives, or by a foreign government or representative thereof, or by any corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country, if the Commission finds that the public interest will be served by the refusal or revocation of such license.
- (c) A GWCS authorization to provide Private Mobile Radio Service may not be granted to or held by a foreign government or a representative thereof.

[60 FR 40719, Aug. 9, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 55581, Oct. 28, 1996]

§26.303 Formal and informal applications.

- (a) Except for an authorization under any of the conditions stated in section 308(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 308(a)), the Commission may grant only upon written application received by it, the following authorization: station licenses; modifications of licenses; renewals of licenses; transfers and assignments of station licenses, or any right thereunder.
- (b) Except as may be otherwise permitted by this part, a separate written application shall be filed for each instrument of authorization requested. Applications may be:
- (i) "Formal applications" where the Commission has prescribed in this Part a standard form; or
- (2) "Informal applications" (normally in letter form) where the Com-

mission has not prescribed a standard form.

- (c) An information application will be accepted for filing only if:
- (1) A standard form is not prescribed or clearly applicable to the authorization requested;
- (2) It is a document submitted, in duplicate, with a caption which indicates clearly the nature of the request, radio service involved, location of the station, and the application file number (if known); and
- (3) It contains all the technical details and informational showings required by the rules and states clearly and completely the facts involved and authorization desired.

§ 26.304 Filing of GWCS applications, fees, and numbers of copies.

- (a) As prescribed by §§ 26.304 and 26.307, standard formal application forms applicable to the GWCS may be obtained from either:
- (1) Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554; or
- (2) By calling the Commission's Forms Distribution Center, (202) 418–3676.
- (b) Applications for the initial provision of GWCS service must be filed on FCC Form 175 in accordance with the rules in §26.305 and part 1, subpart Q of this chapter. In the event of mutual exclusivity between applicants filing FCC Form 175, only auction winners will be eligible to file subsequent long form applications on FCC Form XXX for initial GWCS licenses. Mutually exclusive applications filed on Form 175 are subject to competitive bidding under those rules. GWCS applicants filing Form XXX need not complete Schedule B.
- (c) All applications for GWCS radio station authorizations (other than applications for initial provision of GWCS service filed on FCC Form 175) shall be submitted for filing to: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554, Attention: GWCS Processing Section. Applications requiring fees as set forth at part 1, subpart G, of this chapter must be filed in accordance with §0.401(b) of this chapter.
- (d) All correspondence or amendments concerning a submitted application shall clearly identify the name of

the applicant, applicant identification number or Commission file number (if known) or station call sign of the application involved, and may be sent directly to the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, Washington, DC 20554, GWCS Processing Section.

- (e) Except as otherwise specified, all applications, amendments, correspondence, pleadings and forms (including FCC Form 175) shall be submitted on one original paper copy and with thee microfiche copies, including exhibits and attachments thereto, and shall be signed as prescribed by §1.743 of this chapter. Unless otherwise provided by the FCC, filings of five pages or less are exempt from the requirement to submit on microfiche, as well as emergency filings like letters requesting special temporary authority. Those filing any amendments, correspondence, pleadings, and forms must simultaneously submit the original hard copy which must be stamped "original". In addition to the original hard copy, those filing pleadings, including pleadings under §1.2108 of this chapter shall also submit 2 paper copies as provided in §1.51 of this chapter.
- (1) Microfiche copies. Each microfiche copy must be a copy of the signed original. Each microfiche copy shall be a 148mm 0A 105mm negative (clear transparent characters appearing on an opaque background) at 240A to 270A reduction for microfiche or microfiche jackets. One of the microfiche sets must be a silver halide camera master or a copy made on silver halide film such as Kodak Direct Duplicatory Film. The microfiche must be placed in paper microfiche envelopes and submitted in a B6 (125mm 0A 176 mm) or 5 0A 7.5 inch envelope. All applicants must leave Row "A" (the first row for page images) of the first fiche blank for inhouse identification purposes.
- (2) All applications and all amendments must have the following information printed on the mailing envelope, the microfiche envelope, and on the title area at the top of the microfiche:
 - (i) The name of the applicant;
- (ii) The type of application (e.g. nationwide, or EA);
- (iii) The month and year of the document;

- (iv) Name of the document;
- (v) File number, applicant identification number, and call sign, if assigned; and
- (vi) The identification number and date of the Public Notice announcing the auction in response to which the application was filed (if applicable). Each microfiche copy of pleadings shall include:
- (A) The month and year of the document;
 - (B) Name of the document;
 - (C) Name of the filing party;
- (D) File number, applicant identification number, and call sign, if assigned;
- (E) The identification number and date of the Public Notice announcing the auction in response to which the application was filed (if applicable). Abbreviations may be used if they are easily understood.

§26.305 Standard application forms and permissive changes or minor modifications for the General Wireless Communications Service.

- (a) Applications for the initial provision of GWCS service must be filed on FCC Forms 175 and 175-S.
- (b) Subsequent application by auction winners or non-mutually exclusive applicants for GWCS radio station(s) under part 26. FCC Form XXX ("Application for New or Modified General Communications Wireless Under Part 26") shall be submitted by each auction winner for each GWCS license applied for on FCC Form 175. In the event that mutual exclusivity does not exist between applicants filing FCC Form 175, the Commission will so inform the applicant and the applicant will also file FCC Form XXX. Blanket licenses are granted for each market frequency block. Applications for individual sites are not needed and will not be accepted. See §26.11. GWCS applicants filing Form XXX need not complete Schedule B.
- (c) Extensions of time and reinstatement. When a licensee cannot complete construction in accordance with the provisions of §26.104, a timely application for extension of time (FCC Form 489) must be filed.

§26.306 Miscellaneous forms.

(a) Licensee qualifications. FCC Form 430 ("Common Carrier and Satellite Radio Licensee Qualifications Report'') shall be filed by General Wireless Communications Service licensees only as required by Form 490 (Application for Assignment or Transfer of Control Under part 22).

(b) Renewal of station license. Except for renewal of special temporary authorizations, FCC Form 405 ("Application for Renewal of Station License'') must be filed in duplicate by the licensee between thirty (30) and sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of the license sought to be renewed.

§26.307 General application require-

- (a) Each application (including applications filed on forms 175 and XXX) for a radio station authorization or for consent to assignment or transfer of control in the GWCS shall disclose fully the real party or parties in interest and must include the following information:
- (1) A list of its subsidiaries, if any. Subsidiary means any business five per cent or more whose stock, warrants, options or debt securities are owned by the applicant or an officer, director, stockholder or key management personnel of the applicant. This list must include a description of each subsidiary's principal business and a description of each subsidiary's relationship to the applicant.

(2) A list of its affiliates, if any. Affiliates means any business which holds a five per cent or more interest in the applicant, or any business in which a five per cent or more interest is held by another company which holds a five per cent interest in the applicant (e.g. Company A owns 5% of Company B and 5% of Company B and 5% of Company C; Companies B and C

are affiliates).

(3) A list of the names, addresses, citizenship and principal business of any person holding five per cent or more of each class of stock, warrants, options or debt securities together with the amount and percentage held, and the name, address, citizenship and principal place of business of any person on whose account, if other than the

holder, such interest is held. If any of these persons are related by blood or marriage, include such relationship in the statement.

- (4) In the case of partnerships, the name and address of each partner, each partner's citizenship and the share or interest participation in the partnership. This information must be provided for all partners, regardless of their respective ownership interests in the partnership. A signed and dated copy of the partnership agreement must be included in the application. This information must be included in Exhibit V of the application.
- (b) Each application for a radio station authorization in the GWCS must:
- (1) Submit the information required by the Commission's rules, requests, and application forms;
- (2) Be maintained by the applicant substantially accurate and complete in all significant respects in accordance with the provisions of §1.65 of this chapter; and
- (3) Show compliance with and make all special showings that may be applicable.
- (c) Where documents, exhibits, or other lengthy showings already on file with the Commission contain information which is required by an application form, the application may specifically refer to such information, if:
- (1) The information previously filed is over one A4 (21 cm×29.7 cm) or 8.5×11 inch (21.6 cm×27.9 cm) page in length, and all information referenced therein is current and accurate in all significant respects under §1.65 of this chapter: and
- (2) The reference states specifically where the previously filed information can actually be found, including men-
- (i) The station call sign or application file number whenever the reference is to station files or previously filed applications;
- (ii) The title of the proceeding, the docket number, and any legal citations, whenever the reference is to a docketed proceeding. However, questions on an application form which call for specific technical data, or which can be answered by a "yes" or "no" or other short answer shall be answered

as appropriate and shall not be cross-referenced to a previous filing.

- (d) In addition to the general application requirements of subpart F of this part and §1.2105 of this chapter, applicants shall submit any additional documents, exhibits, or signed written statements of fact:
- (1) As may be required by these rules; and
- (2) As the Commission, at any time after the filing of an application and during the term of any authorization, may require from any applicant, permittee, or licensee to enable it to determine whether a radio authorization should be granted, denied, or revoked.
- (e) Except when the Commission has declared explicitly to the contrary, an informational requirement does not in itself imply the processing treatment of decisional weight to be accorded the response.
- (f) All applicants (except applicants filing FCC Form 175) are required to indicate at the time their application is filed whether or not a Commission grant of the application may have a significant environmental impact as defined by §1.1307 of this chapter. If answered affirmatively, the requisite environmental assessment as prescribed in §1.1311 of this chapter must be filed with the application and Commission environmental review must be completed prior to construction. §1.1312 of this chapter. All GWCS licensees are subject to a continuing obligation to determine whether subsequent construction may have a significant environmental impact prior to undertaking such construction and to otherwise comply with §§ 1.1301 through 1.1319 of this chapter. See §1.1312 of this chapter.

§ 26.308 Technical content of applications; maintenance of list of station locations.

All applications required by this part shall contain all technical information required by the application forms or associated Public Notice(s). Applications other than initial applications for a GWCS license must also comply with all technical requirements of the rules governing the GWCS (see subparts C and D as appropriate).

§26.309 Station antenna structures.

- (a) Unless the GWCS licensee has received prior approval from the FCC, no antenna structure, including radiating elements, tower, supports and all appurtenances, may be higher than 61 m (200 feet) above ground level at its site.
- (b) Unless the GWCS licensee has received prior approval from the FCC, no antenna structure at an airport or heliport that is available for public use and is listed in the Airport Directory of the current Airman's Information Manual or in either the Alaska or Pacific Airman's Guide and Chart Supplement; or at an airport or heliport under construction that is the subject of a notice or proposal on file with the FAA, and except for military airports, it is clearly indicated that the airport will be available for public use; or at an airport or heliport that is operated by the armed forces of the United States; or at a place near any of these airports or heliports, may be higher than:
- (1) 1 m above the airport elevation for each 100 m from the airport runway longer than 1 km within 6.1 km of the antenna structure.
- (2) 2 m above the airport elevation for each 100 m from the nearest runway shorter than 1 km within 3.1 km of the antenna structure.
- (3) 4 m above the airport elevation for each 100 m from the nearest landing pad within 1.5 km of the antenna structure.
- (c) A GWCS station antenna structure no higher than 6.1 m (10 feet) above ground level at its site or no higher than 6.1 m above any natural object or existing manmade structure, other than an antenna structure, is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.
- (d) Further details as to whether an aeronautical study and/or obstruction marking and lighting may be required, and specifications for obstruction marking and lighting are contained in part 17 of this chapter, Construction, Marking and Lighting of Antenna Structures. To request approval to place an antenna structure higher than the limits specified in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section, the licensee must notify the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) on FAA Form 7460-1 and the FCC on FCC Form 854.

§26.310 Waiver of rules.

- (a) Request for waivers. (1) Waivers of these rules may be granted upon application or by the Commission on its own motion. Requests for waivers shall contain a statement of reasons sufficient to justify a waiver. Waivers will not be granted except upon an affirmative showing:
- (i) That the underlying purpose of the rule will not be served, or would be frustrated, by its application in a particular case, and that grant of the waiver is otherwise in the public interest: or
- (ii) That the unique facts and circumstances of a particular case render application of the rule inequitable, unduly burdensome or otherwise contrary to the public interest. Applicants must also show the lack of a reasonable alternative.
- (2) If the information necessary to support a waiver request is already on file, the applicant may cross-reference to the specific filing where it may be found.
- (b) Denial of waiver, alternate showing required. If a waiver is not granted, the application will be dismissed as defective unless the applicant has also provided an alternative proposal which complies with the Commission's rules (including any required showings).

§26.311 Defective applications.

- (a) Unless the Commission shall otherwise permit, an application will be unacceptable for filing and will be returned to the applicant with a brief statement as to the omissions or discrepancies if:
- (1) The application is defective with respect to completeness of answers to questions, informational showings, executive, or other matters of a formal character; or
- (2) The application does not comply with the Commission's rules, regulations, specific requirements for additional information or other requirements. See also §1.2105 of this chapter.
- (b) Some examples of common deficiencies which result in defective applications under paragraph (a) of this section are:
- (1) The application is not filled out completely and signed;

- (2) The application (other an application filed on FCC Form 175) does not include an environmental assessment as required for an action that may have a significant impact upon the environment, as defined in §1.1307 of this chapter.
- (3) The application is filed prior to the Public Notice issued under §26.317 announcing the application filing date for the relevant auction or after the cutoff date prescribed in that Public Notice:
- (c) If an applicant is requested by the Commission to file any documents or any supplementary or explanatory information not specifically required in the prescribed application form, a failure to comply with such request within a specified time period will be deemed to render the application defective and will subject it to dismissal.

§ 26.312 Inconsistent or conflicting applications.

While an application is pending and undecided, no subsequent inconsistent or conflicting application may be filed by the same applicant, his successor or assignee, or on behalf or for the benefit of the same applicant, his successor or assignee.

§26.313 Amendment of application for General Wireless Communications Service filed on FCC Form 175.

- (a) The Commission will provide bidders a limited opportunity to cure defects in FCC Form 175 specified herein except for failure to sign the application and to make certifications. These are defects which may not be cured. See also §1.2105 of this chapter.
- (b) For GWCS, applicants will be permitted to amend their Form 175 applications to make minor amendments to correct minor errors or defects such as typographical errors. Applicants will also be permitted to amend FCC Form 175, to make ownership changes or changes in the identification of parties to bidding consortia, provided such changes do not result in a change in control of the applicant and do not involve another applicant (or parties in interest to an applicant) who has applied for any of the same licenses as the applicant. Amendments which change control of the applicant will be

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considered major amendments. An FCC Form 175 which is amended by a major amendment will be considered to be newly filed and cannot be resubmitted after applicable filing deadlines. See also §1.2105 of this chapter.

§ 26.314 Amendment of applications for General Wireless Communications Service (other than applications filed on FCC Form 175).

This section applies to all applications for General Wireless Communications Service other than applications filed on FCC Form 175.

- (a) Amendments as of right. A pending application may be amended as a matter or right if the application has not been designated for hearing.
- (1) Amendments shall comply with §26.319, as applicable; and
- (2) Amendments which resolve interference conflicts or amendments under §26.319 may be filed at any time.
- (b) The Commission or the presiding officer may grant requests to amend an application designated for hearing only if a written petition demonstrating good cause is submitted and properly served upon the parties of record.
- (c) Major amendments, minor amendments. The Commission will classify all amendments as minor except in the cases listed below. An amendment shall be deemed to be a major amendment subject to §26.317 under any of the following circumstances:
- (1) Change in technical proposal. If the amendment results in a substantial change in the engineering proposal such as (but not necessarily limited to) a change in, or an addition of, a radio frequency: or
- (2) Amendment to proposed service area. If the amendment extends the reliable service area of the proposed facilities outside its EA or other applicable market area as defined in §26.102; or
- (3) A substantial change in ownership or control.
- (d) If a petition to deny (or other formal objection) has been filed, any amendment, requests for waiver, (or other written communications) shall be served on the petitioner, unless waiver of this requirement is granted pursuant to paragraph (e) of this section. See also §1.2108 of this chapter.
- (e) The Commission may waive the service requirements of paragraph (d)

of this section and prescribe such alternative procedures as may be appropriate under the circumstances to protect petitioners' interests and to avoid undue delay in a proceeding, if an applicant submits a request for waiver which demonstrates that the service requirement is unreasonably burdensome.

- (f) Any amendment to an application shall be signed and shall be submitted in the same manner, and with the same number of copies, as was the original application. Amendments may be made in letter form if they comply in all other respects with the requirements of this chapter.
- (g) An application will be considered to be a newly filed application if it is amended by a major amendment (as defined in this section), except in the following circumstances:
- (1) The amendment reflects only a change in ownership or control found by the Commission to be in the public interest;
- (2) The amendment corrects typographical transcription, or similar clerical errors which are clearly demonstrated to be mistakes by reference to other parts of the application, and whose discovery does not create new or increased frequency conflicts;
- (3) The amendment does not create new or increased frequency conflicts, and is demonstrably necessitated by events which the applicant could not have reasonably foreseen at the time of filing, such as, for example:
- (i) The loss of a transmitter or receiver site by condemnation, natural causes, or loss of lease or option; or
- (ii) Obstruction of a proposed transmission path caused by the erection of a new building or other structure.

§26.315 Application for temporary authorizations.

(a) In circumstances requiring immediate or temporary use of facilities, request may be made for special temporary authority to install and/or operate new or modified equipment. Any such request may be submitted as an informal application in the manner set forth in §26.303 and must contain full particulars as to the proposed operation including all facts sufficient to justify the temporary authority sought

and the public interest therein. No such request will be considered unless the request is received by the Commission at least 10 days prior to the date of proposed construction or operation or, where an extension is sought, expiration date of the existing temporary authorization. A request received within less than 10 days may be accepted upon due showing of sufficient reasons for the delay in submitting such request.

- (b) Special temporary authorizations may be granted without regard to the 30-day public notice requirements of \$26.317 when:
- (1) The authorization is for a period not to exceed 30 days and no application for regular operation is contemplated to be filed;
- (2) The authorization is for a period not to exceed 60 days pending the filing of an application for such regular operation;
- (3) The authorization is to permit interim operation to facilitate completion of authorized construction or to provide substantially the same service as previously authorized; or
- (4) The authorization is made upon a finding that there are extraordinary circumstances requiring operation in the public interest and that delay in the institution of such service would seriously prejudice the public interest.
- (c) Temporary authorizations of operation not exceed 180 days may be granted under the standards of section 309(f) of the Communications Act where extraordinary circumstances so require. Extensions of the temporary authorization for a period of 180 days each may also be granted, but the renewal applicant bears a heavy burden to show that extraordinary circumstances warrant such an extension.
- (d) In cases of emergency found by the Commission, involving danger to life or property or due to damage of equipment, or during a national emergency proclaimed by the president or declared by the Congress or during the continuance of any war in which the United States is engaged and when such action is necessary for the national defense or safety or otherwise in furtherance of the war effort, or in cases of emergency where the Commission finds that it would not feasible to

secure renewal applications from existing licensees or otherwise to follow normal licensing procedure, the Commission will grant radio station authorizations and station licenses, or modifications or renewals thereof, during the emergency found by the Commission or during the continuance of any such national emergency or war, as special temporary licenses, only for the period of emergency or war requiring such action, without the filing of formal applications.

§26.316 Recept of application; applications in the General Wireless Communications Service filed on FCC Form 175 and other applications in the GWCS Service.

- (a) All applications for the initial provision of GWCS service must be submitted on FCC Forms 175 and 175-S. Mutually exclusive initial applications in the General Wireless Communications Services are subject to competitive bidding. FCC Form XXX ("Application for New or Modified General Wireless Communications Service Radio Station Under Part 26'') must be submitted by each winning bidder for each GWCS license applied for on FCC Form 175. In the event that mutual exclusivity does not exist between applicants filing FCC Form 175, the applicant will also file FCC Form 401. The aforementioned Forms 175, 175-S, and XXX are subject to the provisions of part 1, subpart Q of this chapter ("Competitive Bidding Proceedings") and subpart E of this part. Blanket licenses are granted for each market frequency block. Applications for individual sites are not needed and will not be accepted. See §26.11.
- (b) Applications received for filing are given a file number. The assignment of a file number to an application is merely for administrative convenience and does not indicate the acceptance of the application for filing and processing. Such assignment of a file number will not preclude the subsequent return or dismissal of the application if it is found to be not in accordance with the Commission's rules.
- (c) Acceptance of an application for filing merely means that it has been the subject of a preliminary review as to completeness. Such acceptance will not preclude the subsequent return or

dismissal of the application if it is found to be defective or not in accordance with the Commission's rules.

§26.317 Public notice period.

- (a) At regular intervals, the Commission will issue a public notice listing:
- (1) The acceptance for filing of all applications and major amendments thereto:
- (2) Significant Commission actions concerning applications listed as acceptable for filing;
- (3) Information which the Commission in its discretion believes of public significance. Such notices are solely for the purpose of informing the public and do not create any rights in an applicant or any other person.
- (4) Special environmental considerations as required by part 1 of this chapter.
- (b) The Commission will not grant any application until expiration of a period of thirty (30) days following the issuance date of a public notice listing the application, or any major amendments thereto, as acceptable for filing. Provided, that the Commission will not grant an application filed on Form XXX filed either by a winning bidder or by an applicant whose Form 175 application is not mutually exclusive with other applicants, until the expiration of a period of forty (40) days following the issuance of a public notice listing the application, or any major amendments thereto, as acceptable for filing. See also §1.2108 of this chapter.
- (c) As an exception to paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2) of this section, the public notice provisions are not applicable to applications:
- (1) For authorization of a minor technical change in the facilities of an authorized station where such a change would not be classified as a major amendment (as defined by §26.314) were such a change to be submitted as an amendment to a pending application;
- (2) For issuance of a license subsequent to a radio station authorization or, pending application for a grant of such license, any special or temporary authorization to permit interim operation to facilitate completion of authorized construction or to provide substantially the same service as would be authorized by such license;

- (3) For extension of time to complete construction of authorized facilities, see §26.104;
- (4) For temporary authorization pursuant to $\S25.315$;
- (5) For an authorization under any of the proviso clauses of section 308(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 308(a));
- (6) For consent to an involuntary assignment or transfer of control of a radio authorization; or
- (7) For consent to a voluntary assignment or transfer of control of a radio authorization, where the assignment or transfer does not involve a substantial change in ownership or control.

§ 26.318 Dismissal and return of applications.

- (a) Any application may be dismissed without prejudice as a matter of right if the applicant requests its dismissal prior to designation for hearing or, in the case of applications filed on Forms 175 and 175-S, prior to auction. An applicant's request for the return of his application after it has been accepted for filing will be considered to be a request for dismissal without prejudice. Applicants requesting dismissal of their applications are also subject to §1.2104 of this chapter.
- (b) A request to dismiss an application without prejudice will be considered after designation for hearing only
- (1) A written petition is submitted to the Commission and is properly served upon all parties of record, and
- (2) The petition complies with the provisions of this Section and demonstrates good cause.
- (c) The Commission will dismiss an application for failure to prosecute or for failure to respond substantially within a specified time period to official correspondence or requests for additional information. Dismissal shall be without prejudice if made prior to designation for hearing or prior to auction, but dismissal may be made with prejudice for unsatisfactory compliance or after designation for hearing or after the applicant is notified that it is the winning bidder under the auction process.

§ 26.319 Ownership changes and agreements to amend or to dismiss applications or pleadings.

(a) Applicability. Subject to the provisions of §1.2105 of this chapter (Bidding Application and Certification Procedures; Prohibition of Collusion), this section applies to applicants and all other parties interested in pending applications who wish to resolve contested matters among themselves with a formal or an informal agreement or understanding. This section applies only when the agreement or understanding will result in:

(1) A major change in the ownership of an applicant to which §§ 26.323 and

26.324 would apply, or

(2) The individual or mutual withdrawal, amendment or dismissal of any pending application, amendment, peti-

tioner or other pleading.

- (b) Parties that have filed an application in the GWCS that is mutually exclusive with one or more other applications, and then enter into an agreement to resolve the mutual exclusivity by withdrawing or requesting dismissal of the application or an amendment thereto, must obtain the approval of the FCC. Parties that have filed a petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading against a pending application, and then seek to withdraw or request dismissal of the petition, either unilaterally or in exchange for a financial consideration, must obtain the approval of the FCC.
- (1) The party withdrawing or requesting dismissal of its application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading must submit to the FCC a request for approval of the withdrawal or dismissal, a copy of any written agreement related to the withdrawal or dismissal, and an affidavit setting forth:
- (i) A certification that neither the party nor its principals has received or will receive any money or other consideration in excess of the legitimate and prudent expenses incurred in prosecuting the application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading in exchange for the withdrawal or dismissal of the application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading, except that this provision does not apply to dismissal or withdrawal of ap-

plications pursuant to *bona fide* merger agreements;

- (ii) The exact nature and amount of any consideration received or promised:
- (iii) An itemized accounting of the expenses for which it seeks reimbursement; and
- (iv) The terms of any oral agreement related to the withdrawal or dismissal of the application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading.
- (2) In addition, within 5 days of the filing date of the applicant's or petitioner's request for approval, each remaining party to any written or oral agreement must submit an affidavit setting forth:
- (i) A certification that neither the applicant nor its principals has paid or will pay money or other consideration in excess of the legitimate and prudent expenses of the petitioner in exchange for withdrawing or dismissing the application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading; and

(ii) The terms of any oral agreement relating to the withdrawal or dismissal of the application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading.

(3) For the purposes of this section:

- (i) Affidavits filed pursuant to this section must be executed by the filing party, if an individual, a partner having personal knowledge of the facts, if a partnership, or an officer having personal knowledge of the facts, if a corporation or association.
- (ii) Applications, petitions to deny, informal objections and other pleadings are deemed to be pending before the FCC from the time the application or petition to deny is filed with the FCC until such time as an order of the FCC granting, denying or dismissing the application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading is no longer subject to reconsideration by the FCC or to review by any court.
- (iii) "Legitimate and prudent expenses" are those expenses reasonably incurred by a party in preparing to file, filing, prosecuting and/or settling its application, petition to deny, informal objection or other pleading for which reimbursement is sought.

(iv) "Other consideration" consists of financial concessions, including, but not limited to, the transfer of assets or the provision of tangible pecuniary benefit, as well as non-financial concessions that confer any type of benefit on the recipient.

(v) Reimbursement by an applicant of the legitimate and prudent expenses of a potential petitioner or objector, incurred reasonably and directly in preparing to file a petition to deny, will not be considered to be payment for refraining from filing a petition to deny or an informal objection. Payments made directly to a potential petitioner or objector, or a person related to a potential petitioner or objector, to implement non-financial promises are prohibited unless specifically approved by the FCC.

§26.320 Opposition to applications.

- (a) Petitions to deny (including petitions for other forms or relief) and responsive pleadings for Commission consideration must comply with §1.2108 of this chapter and must:
- (1) Identify the application or applications (including applicant's name, station location, Commission file numbers and radio service involved) with which it is concerned;
- (2) Be filed in accordance with the pleading limitations, filing periods, and other applicable provisions §§1.41 through 1.52 of this chapter except where otherwise provided in §1.2108 of this chapter;
- (3) Contain specific allegations of fact which, except for facts of which official notice may be taken, shall be supported by affidavit of a person or persons with personal knowledge thereof, and which shall be sufficient to demonstrate that the petitioner (or respondent) is a party in interest and that a grant of, or other Commission action regarding, the application would be prima facie inconsistent with the public interest;
- (4) Be filed within thirty (30) days after the date of public notice announcing the acceptance for filing of any such application or major amendment thereto (unless the Commission otherwise extends the filing deadline); and
- (5) Contain a certificate of service showing that it has been mailed to the applicant no later than the date of filing thereof with the Commission.

- (b) A petition to deny a major amendment to a previously filed application may only raise matters directly related to the amendment which could not have been raised in connection with the underlying, previously filed application. This does not apply to petitioners who gain standing because of the major amendment.
- (c) parties who file frivolous petitions to deny may be subject to sanctions including monetary forfeitures, license revocation, if they are FCC licensees, and may be prohibited from participating in future auctions.

§ 26.321 Mutually exclusive applications.

- (a) The Commission will consider applications to be mutually exclusive if their conflicts are such that the grant of one application would effectively preclude by reason of harmful electrical interference, or other practical reason, the grant of one or more of the other applications. The Commission will presume "harmful electrical interference" to mean interference which would result in a material impairment to service rendered to the public despite full cooperation in good faith by all applicants or parties to achieve reasonable technical adjustments which would avoid electrical conflict.
- (b) Mutually exclusive applications filed on Form 175 for the initial provision of GWCS service are subject to competitive bidding in accordance with the procedures in subpart F of this part and in part 1, subpart Q of this chapter.
- (c) An application will be entitled to comparative consideration with one or more conflicting applications only if the Commission determines that such comparative consideration will serve the public interest.

§26.322 Consideration of applications.

- (a) Applications for an instrument of authorization will be granted if, upon examination of the application and upon consideration of such other matters as it may officially notice, the Commission finds that the grant will serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity. See also §1.2108 of this chapter.
- (b) The grant shall be without a formal hearing if, upon consideration of

the application, any pleadings or objections filed, or other matters which may be officially noticed, the Commission finds that:

- (1) The application is acceptable for filing, and is in accordance with the Commission's rules, regulations, and other requirements;
- (2) The application is not subject to a post-auction hearing or to comparative consideration pursuant to §26.321 with another application(s);
- (3) A grant of the application would not cause harmful electrical interference to an authorized station;
- (4) There are no substantial and material questions of fact presented; and
- (5) The applicant is qualified under current FCC regulations and policies.
- (c) If the Commission should grant without a formal hearing an application for an instrument of authorization which is subject to a petition to deny filed in accordance with §26.320, the Commission will deny the petition by the issuance of a Memorandum Opinion and Order which will concisely report the reasons for the denial and dispose of all substantial issues raised by the petition.
- (d) Whenever the Commission, without a formal hearing, grants any application in part, or subject to any terms or conditions other than those normally applied to applications of the same type, it shall inform the applicant of the reasons therefor, and the grant shall be considered final unless the Commission should revise its action (either by granting the application as originally requested, or by designating the application for a formal evidentiary hearing) in response to a petition for reconsideration which:
- (1) Is filed by the applicant within thirty (30) days from the date of the letter or order giving the reasons for the partial or conditioned grant;
- (2) Rejects the grant as made and explains the reasons why the application should be granted as originally requested; and,
- (3) Returns the instrument of authorization.
- (e) The Commission will designate an application for a formal hearing, specifying with particularly the matters and things in issue, if, upon consideration of the application, any pleadings

or objections filed, or other matters which be officially noticed, the Commission determines that:

- (1) A substantial and material question of fact is presented (see also §1.2108 of this chapter);
- (2) The Commission is unable for any reason to make the findings specified in paragraph (a) of this section and the application is acceptable for filing, complete, and in accordance with the Commission's rules, regulations, and other requirements; or
- (3) The application is entitled to comparative consideration (under §26.321) with another application (or applications).
- (f) The Commission may grant, deny or take other action with respect to an application designated for a formal hearing pursuant to paragraph (e) of this section or part 1 of this chapter.
- (g) Reconsideration or review of any final action taken by the Commission will be in accordance with part 1, subpart A of this chapter.

§26.323 Post-action divestitures.

Any parties sharing a common noncontrolling ownership interests who aggregate more GWCS spectrum among them than a single entity is entitled to hold will be permitted to divest sufficient properties within 90 days of the license grant to come into compliance with the spectrum aggregation limits as follows:

- (a) The GWCS applicant shall submit a signed statement with its long-form application stating that sufficient properties will be divested within 90 days of the license grant. If the licensee is otherwise qualified, the Commission will grant the applications subject to a condition that the licensee come into compliance with the GWCS spectrum aggregation limits within 90 days of grant.
- (b) Within 90 days of license grant, the licensee must certify that the applicant and all parties to the application have come into compliance with the GWCS spectrum aggregation limits. If the licensee fails to submit the certification within 90 days, the Commission will immediately cancel all broadband GWCS licenses won by the applicant, impose the default payment and, based on the facts presented, take

any other action it deems appropriate. Divestiture may be an interim trustee if a buyer has not been secured in the required time frame, as long as the applicant has no interest in or control of the trustee, and the trustee may dispose of the property as it sees fit. In no event may the trustee retain the property for longer than six months from grant of license.

§26.324 Transfer of control or assignment of station authorization.

- (a) Authorizations shall be transferred or assigned to another party, voluntarily (for example, by contract) or involuntarily (for example, by death, bankruptcy, or legal disability), directly or indirectly or by transfer of control of any corporation holding such authorization, only upon application and approval by the Commission. A transfer of control or assignment of station authorization in the General Wireless Communications Service is also subject to §1.2111 of this chapter (Assignment or transfer of control: unjust enrichment).
- (1) A change from less than 50% ownership to 50% or more ownership shall always be considered a transfer of control
- (2) In other situations a controlling interest shall be determined on a case-by-case basis considering the distribution of ownership, and the relationships of the owners, including family relationships.
 - (b) Form required:
 - (1) Assignment.
- (i) FCC Form 490 shall be filed to assign a license or permit.
- (ii) In the case of involuntary assignment, FCC Form 490 shall be filed within 30 days of the event causing the assignment.
 - (2) Transfer of control.
- (i) FCC Form 490 shall be submitted in order to transfer control of a corporation holding a license or permit.
- (ii) In the case of involuntary transfer of control, FCC Form 490 shall be filed within 30 days of the event causing the transfer.
- (3) Form 430. Whenever an application must be filed under paragraphs (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section, the assignee or transferee shall file FCC Form 430 ("Common Carrier Radio Li-

cense Qualification Report'') unless an accurate report is on file with the Commission.

- (4) Notification of completion. The Commission shall be notified by letter of the date of completion of the assignment or transfer of control.
- (5) If the transfer of control of a license is approved, the new licensee is held to the original build-out requirement of §26.104.
- (c) In acting upon applications for transfer of control or assignment, the Commission will not consider whether the public interest, convenience, and necessity might be served by the transfer or assignment of the authorization to a person other than the proposed transferee or assignee.
- (d) Applicants seeking to transfer their licenses within three years after the initial license grant date are required to file, together with their transfer application, the associated contracts for sale, option agreements, management agreements, and all other documents disclosing the total consideration to be received in return for the transfer of the license.

§ 26.325 Extension of time to complete construction.

- (a) If construction is not completed within the time period set forth in §26.104, the authorization will automatically expire. Before the period for construction expires an application for an extension of time to complete construction (FCC Form 489) may be filed. See paragraph (b) of this section. Within 30 days after the authorization expires an application for reinstatement may be filed on FCC Form 489.
- (b) An application for extension of time to complete construction may be made on FCC Form 489. Extension of time requests must be filed prior to the expiration of the construction period. Extensions will be granted only if the licensee shows that the failure to complete construction is due to causes beyond his control. An application for modification of an authorization (under construction) does not extend the initial construction period. If additional time to construct is required, an FCC Form 489 must be submitted.

§26.326 Termination of authorization.

(a)(1) All authorizations shall terminate on the date specified on the authorization or on the date specified by these rules, unless a timely application for renewal has been filed.

(2) If no application for renewal has been made before the authorization's expiration date, a late application for renewal will only be considered if it is filed within 30 days of the expiration date and shows that the failure to file a timely application was due to causes beyond the applicant's control. During this 30 day period reinstatement applications must be filed on FCC Form 489. Service to subscribers need not be suspended while a late filed renewal application is pending, but such service shall be without prejudice to Commission action on the renewal application and any related sanctions. See also §26.14 (Criteria for Comparative Renewal Proceedings).

(b) Special Temporary Authority. A special temporary authorization shall automatically terminate upon failure to comply with the conditions in the authorization.

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