ohd.hseb.dhm.specs.utils.BasinStructureSpecifications

# Connectivity

There are two forms of connectivity in DHM:

- 1. connecting channel reaches (cells) within a basin
- 2. connecting channel reaches (cells) in separate basins

#### Connecting channel reaches within a basin

The hydrologic connection between channel reaches (or cells) in a basin is specified in the connectivity file. Each cell can have 0 - 8 upstream cells. Below is an example of a connectivity file with one basin (ATIT2) defined

	TEXT	_SEQ									
	NUM_I	HEADER_	_RE	EC	1	2	2				
	COL	390									
	ROW	347									
	LLX	308									
	LLY	49									
connectivity file contents	URX	697									
5	URY	395									
	DATA	_HRAP									
	ATIT	2	1		2		5.	3500	583	176	
		0	2	Rv	-	L	305	342	5.1766	584	176
		1	2	Rv	-	L	261	222	5.3493	569	174
		2 -	-4	Rv	-	L	305	342	5.1766	583	176

The basin (shown below) contains 3 cells with the outlet at HRAP coordinate (583,176)



channel connectivity between coordinates in basin	ATIT2
coordinate	upstream coordinates
(583, 176)	[(569, 174), (584, 176)]
(584,176)	[]
(569, 174)	[]

In this case, only the outlet coordinate (583,176) has upstream coordinates

#### A more complicated connectivity file

The connectivity file below still only has one basin, but it consists of 6 cells

	TEXT_	_SEQ									
	NUM_F	IEADER	_RE	C	1	2					
	COL	390									
	ROW	347									
	LLX	308									
	LLY	49									
	URX	697									
connectivity file contents	URY	395									
connectivity the contents	DATA_	HRAP									
	ATIT2	2	1		5		5.	3500	583	176	
		0	1	Rv	1	L	305	342	5.1766	569	177
		1	3	Rv	1	L	305	342	5.1766	584	176
		2	3	Rv	1	L	261	222	5.3493	569	174
		3	5	Rv	1	L	261	222	5.3493	569	175
		4	5	Rv	1	L	261	222	5.3493	569	176
		5	-4	Rv	1	L	261	222	5.3493	583	176

The outlet for ATIT2 (shown graphically below) has 2 cells immediately upstream (569, 175) and (569, 176) and coordinate (569, 175) also has 2 upstream coordinates



In addition to the outlet (583, 176), 2 other coordinates have upstream coordinates. The other coordinates are identified in DHM as "headwater cells"

channel connectivity between coordinates in basin	ATIT2
coordinate	upstream coordinates
(583, 176)	[(569, 176), (569, 175)]
(584,176)	[(569, 177)]
(569, 174)	[]
(569, 175)	[(569, 174), (584, 176)]
(569, 176)	[]
(569, 177)	[]

#### Multiple basins in a connectivity file is also supported

The connectivity file below has basins defined. The outlet for ATIT1 is at HRAP coordinate (584, 176) and for ATIT4 the outlet is at (572, 174)

	TEXT_SEQ						
	NUM_HEADI	ER_REC	0 (	C			
	COL 0						
	ROW 0						
	LLX O						
connactivity file contants	LLY O						
connectivity the contents	URX O						
	URY O						
	DATA_HRAI	P					
	ATIT1	1	1	5.3500	584	176	
	ATIT4	1	5	5.3500	572	174	
	0	1 Rv	1	305 342	5.176	6 583	176

1	2	Rv	1	305	342	5.1766	584	176
2	5	Rv	1	305	342	5.1766	569	174
3	4	Rv	1	261	222	5.3493	570	174
4	5	Rv	1	261	222	5.3493	571	174
5	-4	Rv	1	261	222	5.3493	572	174

The graphical description of the connectivity file shows basin ATIT1 is immediately upstream of basin ATIT4



ATIT1 contains 2 HRAP coordinates and ATIT4 has 4

basin contents										
basin name	outlet	coordinates								
ATIT1	(584, 176)	[(583, 176), (584, 176)]								
ATIT4	(572, 174)	[(569, 174), (572, 174), (570, 174), (571, 174)]								

#### **Connecting channel reaches across basins**

When modeling downstream basins (e.g. ATIT4), the coordinate where the upstream basin(s) drains into the downstream basin (i.e. inlet coordinate) is determined through the connectivity file.

basin connections										
basin name	basin name upstream basin name inlet coordinates									
ATIT4	ATIT1	[(569, 174)]								

## Multiple upstream basins is also supported

In cases where a basin has multiple upstream basins, there may/may not be multiple inlet coordinates.

	TEXT	SEO										
		משעעשנ רייר	Ρī	rC	Ο	Λ						
				50	0	0						
		0										
	ROW	0										
	LLX	0										
	LLY	0										
	URX	0										
	URY	0										
	DATA_	HRAP										
	ATIT1	L	1		1		5.	3500	584	1	L76	
connectivity file contents	ATIT2	2	1		2		5.	3500	569	17	74	
	ATIT3	3	1		4		5.	3500	571	17	74	
	ATIT4	ł	1		5		5.	3500	572	1	L74	
		0	1	Rv	1	L	305	342	5.17	66	583	176
		1	5	Rv	1	L	305	342	5.17	66	584	176
		2	5	Rv	1	L	305	342	5.17	66	569	174
		3	4	Rv	1	L	261	222	5.34	93	570	174
		4	5	Rv	1	L	261	222	5.34	93	571	174
			-4	Rv	-	-	261	222	5.34	93	572	174
		5	-	100	-	-	202		5.5.	20	572	± · -

In the following case there are 4 basins defined in the connectivity file (ATIT1 - ATIT4). ATIT2 and ATIT4 contain 1 pixel each and ATIT1 and ATIT3 have 2 pixels.



ATIT1, ATIT2, and ATIT3 drain into ATIT4 at the same inlet coordinate (572,174).

basin connections								
basin name	upstream basin name	inlet coordinates						
ATIT4	ATIT1, ATIT2, ATIT3	[(572, 174)]						

### **Multiple Inlets**

In the following case there 4 basins defined in the connectivity file (ATIT1 - ATIT4). ATIT1, ATIT2 and ATIT3 contain 1 pixel each and ATIT4 has 3 pixels.

	TEXT_S	EQ										
	NUM_HE	ADER_	_RE	IC	0	0						
	COL	0										
	ROW	0										
	LLX	0										
	LLY	0										
	URX	0										
	URY	0										
	DATA_H	IRAP										
	ATIT1		1		0		5.	3500	583	17	6	
connectivity file contents	ATIT2		1		2		5.	3500	569	17	4	
5	ATIT3		1		3		5.	3500	570	17	4	
	ATIT4		1		6		5.	3500	573	17	4	
	0		1	Rv	-	1	305	342	5.17	66	583	176
	1		б	Rv	-	1	305	342	5.17	66	584	176
	2		5	Rv	-	1	305	342	5.17	66	569	174
	3		4	Rv	-	1	261	222	5.34	93	570	174
	4		б	Rv		1	261	222	5.34	93	571	174
	5		б	Rv	-	1	261	222	5.34	93	572	174
	6	-	-4	Rv	-	1	261	222	5.34	93	573	174



#### ATIT1, ATIT2, and ATIT3 drain into ATIT4 at (572,174)

basin connections									
basin name	upstream basin name	inlet coordinates							
ATIT4	ATIT1, ATIT3, ATIT2	[(572, 174), (571, 174), (584, 176)]							

## **Computing Upstream Channel Flow**

The connection between channel reaches is used to compute upstream channel flow. The most upstream channel reaches (headwater channel reaches) have no upstream flow, but headwater channel reaches in downstream basins do.

Non-headwater channel reaches receive flow from all upstream reaches. The flow is a simple sum. For example, for the following set of basins



The 2 headwater basins (blue and pink) have the following connectivity

UpstreamFlowSpecifications		
define channel reach flow connections		
channel reach coordinate coordinates for upstream channel reache		
(1,1)	(1,2), (1,3)	
(1,2)		
(1,3)		

(2,1)	(2,2), (2,3)
(2,2)	
(2,3)	

with the following flows

UpstreamFlowSpecifications			
define channel reach flows			
coordinate	hour	flow	
(1,2)	0	1.4	
(1,3)	0	0.75	
(1,1)	0	2.50	
(2,2)	0	2.4	
(2,3)	0	1.75	
(2,1)	0	1.50	
(1,5)	0	1.00	

and the downstream basin (in red) has the following connectivity for the cells in it

UpstreamFlowSpecifications			
define channel reach flow connections			
channel reach coordinate	linate coordinates for upstream channel reaches		
(1,4)	(1,5)		
(1,5)			

and the connection between the 2 headwater basins and the 1 downstream basin is

UpstreamFlowSpecifications			
headwater basin with outlet coordinate	(2,1)	flows into downstream basin at coordinate	(1,5)
headwater basin with outlet coordinate	(1,1)	flows into downstream basin at coordinate	(1,5)

For the given basin connectivity and flows, the following must be true for headwater cells:

UpstreamFlowSpecifications				
upstream flow				
reach at time flow				

(1,2)	0	0
(1,3)	0	0
(1,5)	0	4.0

and the non-headwater channel reach flows are:

UpstreamFlowSpecifications				
upstream flow				
reach at	time flow			
(1,1)	0	2.15		
(2,1)	0	4.15		
(1,4)	0	1.0		