# Demographics of women in biomedical research*: What is the current reality? 

Women in Biomedical Research:<br>Best Practices for Sustaining Career Success March 4, 2008

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* With emphasis on physician-scientists

The overall message: The physician-scientist career path is at steadystate.
(wild cards: age and gender)

Number of physicians has doubled in the past 25 years


Number of physician-scientists has not changed.

## So, what's the concern?

# Sustained trends in the demographics may soon perturb the steady-state 

## NIH funded scientists are getting older



## And the gender of medical students has shifted to equality



## With no change in the proportion of female medical school faculty



AAMC Faculty Survey

## And very slow increases in the proportion of women at all career stages, linked to growth at entry



10-15\% attrition occurs at every stage of the academic ladder

## Projected year of equality

 (assume no change in trends):- Instructor: 2005
- Assistant Professor: 2023
- Associate Professor: 2038
- Full Professor: 2058


## Key demographic issues:

- Total physician-scientist numbers are currently at steady-state, BUT
- NIH funded biomedical scientists are getting older
- More women entering medicine
- Disproportionate career attrition for women


## The career path from 30,000 feet:

## The database of NIH

 Research Project Grantawardees by age, gender, and degree type

## Funding of Research Progress Grants over the past 15 years



RPG=Research Project Grants ( $2 / 3$ of NIH budget) R00, 01, 03, 15, 21, 22, 23, 29, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 55, 56 P01, P42, PN1
UC1, UC7, U01, U19
DP1, DP2

All RPG applicants and grant holders are getting older: Females are 3-4 years younger than males



Investigators under 50

Investigators 50 and older

Progressively fewer female RPG grant holders with age: lowest numbers for physician-scientists

## \% Decline of female RPG grant holders with age: biggest for MDs (2007 data)



## These are longstanding trends, and are not changing



## When are women leaving the career path?

An assessment from "cradle to grave"

## Are young women entering medicine equally prepared for science careers?

- Do matriculating female medical school students have equal MCATs and GPAs?
- Is there growth in female matriculants to MDPhD programs?
- Does there continue to be interest in research careers among medical school students?

Female medical school matriculants score slightly lower* on the MCAT in physical and biological sciences




## Matriculating female medical students have slightly lower MCATs, but identical GPAs




GPA Overall


## Recent growth in MD-PhD programs is all from females



## Graduating medical students have displayed increased interest in research careers since 2005




## When does career attrition begin?

- Do grant applications and success rates change as careers progress?
- Early Fellowship? (LRPs)
- Late Fellowship? (K23 for patient-oriented research, K08 for basic and translational reseach)
- First time R01/RPG applicants?
- Previously funded R01/RPG applicants?

The majority of first-time LRP applicants are female


Success rates are identical: in 2007, $44 \%$ for males, $43 \%$ for females

> | - MD-PhD - female | $\cdot 0 \cdot M D-$ PhD - male |
| :--- | :--- |
| - MD - female | $\cdots 0 \cdot M D-$ male |
| - PhD - female | $\cdots \cdot \cdot$ PhD - male |



Equal numbers of female \& male MD applicants: 2:1 female PhD applicants

## Gender equality for K23 applicants* and awardees

Female


Male


* Decline since 2005 is of concern


## Equal K23 success rates for both genders and all degrees



PhD


## But the KO8 pool has only half as many female applicants!

Female


Male


## And equal success rates for both genders and all degrees




PhD


## First Time RPG applicants: Only half as many females apply

Applications and Awards



But they have equal success rates

First Time R01 applicants:
Female physician-scientist applicant ratio is lowest


## But equal success for First Time R01 applicants regardless of gender or degree



Attrition progresses with experienced investigators: Only $\sim 1 / 3$ as many Previously Funded female RPG applicants

Previously Funded Investigators



## In the Previously Funded R01 pool, progressive loss of applicants: worst for physician-scientists





[^0]
## Despite equal success for all degrees and both genders





## Summary 1

- The number of US physician-scientists is currently at steady-state
- Changing age and gender demographics are creating potentially unstable conditions
- Aging of the funded investigator pool
- Disproportionate career attrition for women
- Equal numbers of men and women enter the career path, but women leave at $\sim 2-3$ times the rate
- Attrition is most severe for female physicianscientists


## Summary 2

- Female career attrition starts at the late-post doc stage and is progressive
- Females who leave the career path apparently choose to do so, despite the fact that they are equally qualified, and equally successful at obtaining NIH funding at all stages


## The undeniable reality in 2008:

- The academic medicine career path was created by men--for men--several generations ago in a highly patriarchal culture
- The basic organization of the career path has not changed since then
- Some experiments designed to change this trend have been initiated at local levels, but no significant change is yet apparent nationally
- A massive shift in the career culture of medical/graduate schools will be required to change these trends





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[^0]:    $\cdots$ ••• Male - apps $\quad$ Male - awards
    ..O. . Female - apps -0 Female - awards

