

A map of the Middle East region with Iraq highlighted in yellow. The surrounding countries are shown in a light tan color, and the Persian Gulf is shown in light blue. The title text is overlaid on the map.

# **Iraq Weekly Status Report**

**June 25, 2008**

**Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs  
US Department of State**



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## HIGHLIGHTS

- Followers of Muqtada al-Sadr accused the Iraqi government of bias after security forces arrested officials linked to the cleric in the southern city of Amarah. **(POLITICAL, page 5 )**
- Iraqi Security Forces conduct Operation Bashaer as-Salaam in Amarah to eliminate militias and restore government control over the city. **(SECURITY, page 8 )**
- The Central Bank of Iraq plans to lower its interest rate 1 percent, bringing the rate to 16 percent. **(ECONOMIC, page 11 )**
- The European Union extended the EU integrated rule of law mission for Iraq (EUJust LEX Mission) until June 30, 2009 and allocated Euro 7.2 million to the mission. **(DIPLOMATIC, page 22 )**



## POLITICAL - Governance & Legislation

### CoR Disagrees Over MFA Nominations:

- During a June 23 CoR session, members disagreed over the process of government appointments. Members argued over the Foreign Relations Committee's statement that parties/blocs who still boycott the Cabinet cannot nominate ambassadors or deputy ministers. Some members blamed the CoR for allowing nominations to be made without the required CoR approval, while others wanted to see appointments based on merit. The CoR Presidency Council will arrange a special meeting to discuss the issue.

### ISCI Courting School-Aged Voters in Babil:

- In preparation for provincial elections, the Islamic Supreme Council of Iraq/Babil province began approaching voting-aged students while they were taking their final exams, and distributed materials to help them prepare for their studies. The ISCI Region Coordinator also held a conference to advance ISCI's platform.

### Maliki to Confront Insurgents in Diyala:

- After a successful military operation against Shi'a militias in Amarah, PM Nuri al-Maliki announced he would now target militias or insurgent operatives in Diyala province. On June 23, Maliki declared that he will continue "using force against those who revolt against the will of the people." The statement came after a female suicide bomber killed 15 people in Diyala on June 22.



## POLITICAL - Governance & Legislation

### Sadrists Accuse Iraqi Government of Bias:

- Supporters of Muqtada al-Sadr claim that the Iraqi government has taken unfair measures against their political movement after the mayor of Amarah, Rafia Abdul-Jabbar, and 20 policemen were arrested for allegedly having connections to the cleric. Sadrists see this as an attempt to weaken their movement before the provincial elections this fall. Iraqi security forces were also reportedly seen taking down posters of Muqtada al-Sadr and Sheikh Hassan Nasrallah of the Lebanese Hezbollah, who are both accused by the U.S. of training Shia militias to fight coalition forces.

### IDPs Protest in Baghdad: UNICEF Increases Aid:

- On June 14 over 500 internally displaced persons (IDPs) protested in Baghdad calling on the GOI to take serious action to allow them safe return to their homes. The GOI continues to discuss the issue of IDPs and although some aid has been allocated for the displaced, there are many who have not received assistance. In order to reach out to those Iraqis still in need, the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) announced June 17 that it is increasing its efforts. UNICEF hopes to aid more than 360,000 children in acquiring access to healthcare, clean water, education, and protection from malnutrition.



# POLITICAL – Government of Iraq

Coalition Affiliation (at time of appointment)

United Iraq Alliance

Kurdistani Alliance

Iraqi Accord Front

Iraqi National List

Other / Independent

(F) = Female

\*Formerly Tawafuq

\*\*Formerly Sadrist/UIA

\*\*\*Formerly Iraqiya

**Prime Minister**

Nuri al-Maliki

**President**

Jalal Talabani

**Deputy President**

Tariq al-Hashimi

**Deputy President**

'Adil 'Abd al-Mahdi

**Deputy Prime Minister**

\* Vacant

**Deputy Prime Minister**

Barham Salih

**Minister of Agriculture**

Ali al-Bahadeli

**Minister of Communications**

\*\*\* Vacant

**Minister of Culture**

\* Vacant

**Minister of Defense**

Abdul Qadir Muhammed  
Jasim al-Mufraji

**Minister of Displacement & Migration**

Abd al-Samad Rahman  
Sultan

**Minister of Electricity**

Karim Wahid

**Minister of Education**

Khudayyir al-Khuza'i

**Minister of Environment**

Narmin 'Uthman (F)

**Minister of Finance**

Bayan Jabr

**Minister of Foreign Affairs**

Hoshiyar Zebari

**Minister of Health**

Saleh al-Hasnawi

**Minister of Higher Education**

\* Vacant

**Minister of Human Rights**

Wijdan Mikha'il (F)

**Minister of Industry & Minerals**

Fawzi al-Hariri

**Minister of Interior**

Jawad al-Bulani

**Minister of Justice**

\*\*\* (Safa al Safi  
acting)

**Minister of Housing & Construction**

Bayan Daza'l (F)

**Minister of Labor & Social Affairs**

Mahmud Muhammad  
Jawad al-Radi

**Minister of Oil**

Husayn al-Shahristani

**Minister of Planning**

Ali Baban

**Minister of Trade**

Abd al-Falah al-Sudani

**Minister of Science & Technology**

Ra'id Fahmi Jahid

**Minister of Municipalities & Public Works**

Riyad Ghurayyib

**Minister of Transportation**

\*\* Vacant

**Minister of Water Resources**

'Abd al-Latif Rashid

**Minister of Youth & Sports**

Jasim Muhammad Ja'far

**Minister of State for Civil Society**

\* (Wijdan Mikha'il  
Acting) (F)

**Minister of State for National Dialogue Affairs**

Akram al-Hakim

**Minister of State for National Security Affairs**

Shirwan al-Waili

**Minister of State for Foreign Affairs**

\* Vacant

**Minister of State for Governorates Affairs**

Sa'd Hashim

**Minister of State for Tourism and Antiquities**

\*\* Vacant

**Minister of State for Women's Affairs**

\*\* (Narmeen Othman Acting)

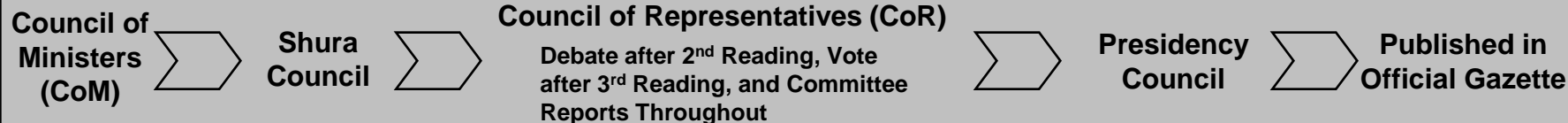
**Minister of State for CoR Affairs**

Safa al-Safi



# POLITICAL – Key Legislation and Refugee Update

## Legislative Process



<b>Provincial Elections</b>	The CoR is currently considering reviewing the law, which will set the legal basis and structure of provincial elections.
<b>Hydrocarbons Package</b>	The level of control allocated to the central government in the July 2007 draft version of the Framework Law (currently in CoR Committee) is the key point of disagreement; there may be more progress on the Revenue Management Law, currently with the Shura Council, in the coming months.
<b>Amnesty Law</b>	<b>PASSED:</b> CoR approved the law on February 13; the law was signed by the Presidency Council February 26 and was implemented March 2.
<b>Pensions Amendment</b>	<b>PASSED:</b> Published in the Official Gazette December 2007.
<b>De-Ba'athification Reform</b>	<b>PASSED:</b> Approved by default by the Presidency Council February 2008. Published in the Official Gazette in mid-February.
<b>Provincial Powers</b>	<b>PASSED:</b> CoR approved the law on February 13; the law was vetoed by the Presidency Council February 26. The veto was rescinded on March 19, allowing the law to take effect.

## Refugee Update

Refugees in the region: 2-2.4 million

Internally displaced persons in Iraq: 2.2-2.4 million

Total number of Iraqi refugees admitted to the U.S. during to date in FY07-FY08: 4,885



## SECURITY - Situation Update

### Iraqi Security Forces Conduct Operations in Amarah:

- After successful military operations in the Sadr City section of Baghdad, Basrah, and Mosul, Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) began operations in the southeastern city of Amarah June 18. Their objective was to eliminate illegal militias and criminal networks from operating within Amarah, the capital of Maysan province on the border with Iran. The dominant militia in the area is Jaysh al-Mehdi, loyal to Shi`a leader Muqtada al-Sadr. Following the initial deployment of forces to the city, the Iraqi government will begin work to restore essential services, reconstruct businesses and homes, and create jobs for Iraqi citizens. The Iraqi-led Operation Bashaer as-Salaam (“Messengers of Peace”) has encountered minimal resistance to date.

### Female Suicide Bomber Strikes in Baqubah:

- The latest female suicide bomber struck June 22 outside a courthouse in Baqubah killing 15 and wounding more than 40 others. Seven of the dead and ten of the wounded were Iraqi police officers. Female suicide bombers pose a challenge to Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) in Diyala province; as they have the ability to routinely blend into the local population and conceal their explosives, maximizing the effectiveness of the attack. In addition, Islamic rules prevent men, including security officers, from conducting searches which touch women. Compounding the predicament is a lack of female Iraqi police and soldiers who might otherwise fill the gap. ISF officials have reported 15 suicide attacks have been conducted by female suicide bombers in Diyala province. The bombers are usually supported by Sunni insurgent groups who often recruit disenfranchised locals and outsiders to carry out their attacks.





## SECURITY – Security Transition

### Security in Anbar Province to Become Iraqi Responsibility:

- The US military will hand over security responsibility in Anbar province to Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) June 28. The transfer of authority highlights the improved security situation in the province, once the heartland of Iraq's Sunni insurgency and the most dangerous place for Coalition Forces to operate in. Last month there were only five combat deaths which occurred in Anbar, making it one of Iraq's safest provinces in which to operate. In late 2006, Sunni tribal leaders decided to stand up to Al-Qaeda elements and its indiscriminate killing of civilians, kidnappings, and harsh interpretation of Islam. Tribal leaders joined the US military and local ISF to expel the group and its influence from the province; creating a model of security cooperation. This model has since been replicated elsewhere, especially in and around Baghdad, and has been a key factor in decreasing levels of violence throughout the country.



# SECURITY - Iraqi Security Forces

Iraq Security Forces as of April 30, 2008 <sup>a</sup>			
Component	Current Authorized Personnel <sup>b</sup>	Assigned Personnel <sup>c</sup>	Total Trained Personnel to date <sup>d</sup>
<b>Ministry of Interior (Mol) Forces <sup>e</sup></b>			
Iraqi Police Service <sup>f</sup>	288,001	289,106	174,837
National Police <sup>g</sup>	33,670	34,907	46,670
Border Enforcement	38,205	41,017	30,373
<b>Total Mol</b>	<b>359,876</b>	<b>365,030</b>	<b>251,880</b>
<b>Ministry of Defense (MoD) Forces <sup>h</sup></b>			
Army	154,598	172,235	199,277
Support Forces	15,583	17,739	20,569
Air Force	2,907	1,567	1,595
Navy	1,893	1,783	1,494
<b>Total MoD</b>	<b>174,981</b>	<b>193,324</b>	<b>222,935</b>
<b>Counter Terrorism Bureau</b>			
Special Operations	4,733	3,609	3,709
<b>Total Iraqi Security Forces</b>	<b>539,590</b>	<b>561,963</b>	<b>478,524</b>

\*\*The decrease in authorized MoD forces from the April 30 Weekly Status Report with ISF data as of March 31 reflects a change in a temporary GOI policy to increase front line units to 120% of authorized end strength to maintain present-for-duty totals at 100% while soldiers took leave. This change will make ISF reporting consistent with standard military personnel accounting practices in other countries and provide a clearer representation of ISF manning levels.

- a. Numbers do not include ministry staffs.
- b. Numbers reflect Government of Iraq (GOI) authorizations.
- c. Numbers are based upon GOI payroll data and do not reflect present for duty totals.
- d. Numbers reflect total Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) personnel trained to date, some of which are no longer assigned due to casualties, AWOL, and normal separation.
- e. Mol strength excludes other services within Ministry Of Interior (MOI), including the MOI HQ, MOI Forensics, Facility Protection Services, and contracted guards.
- f. The Iraqi Police Service consists of all provincial police forces (station, patrol, traffic, and special units) assigned to all 18 Iraqi provinces.
- g. Includes the national Emergency Response Unit.
- h. The Ministry Of Defense (MOD) authorized numbers are derived from Modified Tables of Organization and Equipment (MTOEs).
- j. Does not include personnel assigned to Counterterrorism Bureau (CTB) or Counterterrorism Command (CTC) headquarters.

## ECONOMIC – Economic & Government Capacity Update



### Central Bank of Iraq Plans 1% Interest Rate Cut:

- The Central Bank of Iraq said on Sunday it will reduce its interest rate by 1 % in July, bringing the rate to 16%. After April's rise in inflation due to rising costs of food, energy, and other commodities, the bank also issued a statement that said inflation in May was down 1.2% to 14.7%. Changes in bank policy have aided in reducing inflation, which peaked at 69.9% in late 2006.



## ECONOMIC – Oil

### Crude Oil Update:

*Price averages in world markets closed with the following prices:*

Basrah Light at \$123.60/barrel

Dated Brent at \$132.63/barrel

WTI Cushing at \$134.37/barrel

Oman/Dubai at \$128.78/barrel

*Revenue estimates:*

2006: \$31.3 Billion

2007: \$41.0 Billion

2008: \$33.1 Billion (ytd)

### Kurdish Regional Government (KRG) and Government of Iraq (GOI) to Resume Talks on Oil Law:

Jamal Abdullah, a spokesman for the Kurdish Regional Government, announced that KRG Prime Minister Nechervan Barzani was in Baghdad with proposals aimed to resolve oil law issues with the central government. Factions in the Iraqi government have been at odds over the law, which will set the parameters for foreign investment in the oil industry and determine the allocation of oil revenue for Shiites, Sunnis and Kurds. Also problematic has been the rights of the regional administrations to negotiate with foreign firms for oil contracts. The Ministry of Oil has argued that the nearly 20 production sharing deals procured by the KRG with international oil firms are illegal and has threatened to bar and blacklist these companies though this claim is refuted by the KRG. Also to be discussed is an export deal which has the potential to add 1 million barrels per day in five years, a figure which is nearly half of current export totals.



## ECONOMIC – Essential Services

### Oil Investment Climate Improves, Drawing Foreign Companies:

- As concerns about security, sabotage, and looting are assuaged by the increased presence of the Government of Iraq in oil-rich areas, oil companies are showing a growing interest in investing in Iraq. Foreign oil companies, with both capital and technical expertise, could feasibly extract an additional 3.5 million barrels of oil, adding 4% to the global supply of crude. While Iraq's oil infrastructure is aging and in need of a multi-billion dollar investment to contemporize it, Iraq sits atop the world's fourth largest oil reserve, a fact which appeals to investors. Previously, Shia militias controlled much of the oil sector in areas such as Basra, but government efforts to reclaim control of the city—and the sector—have stabilized the oil industry in the area. The GOI actions in Basra have also decreased the amount of oil lost to smuggling, although the Shia militias still are influential



## ECONOMIC – Essential Services

### Though Limited, Progress is Witnessed in Iraq:

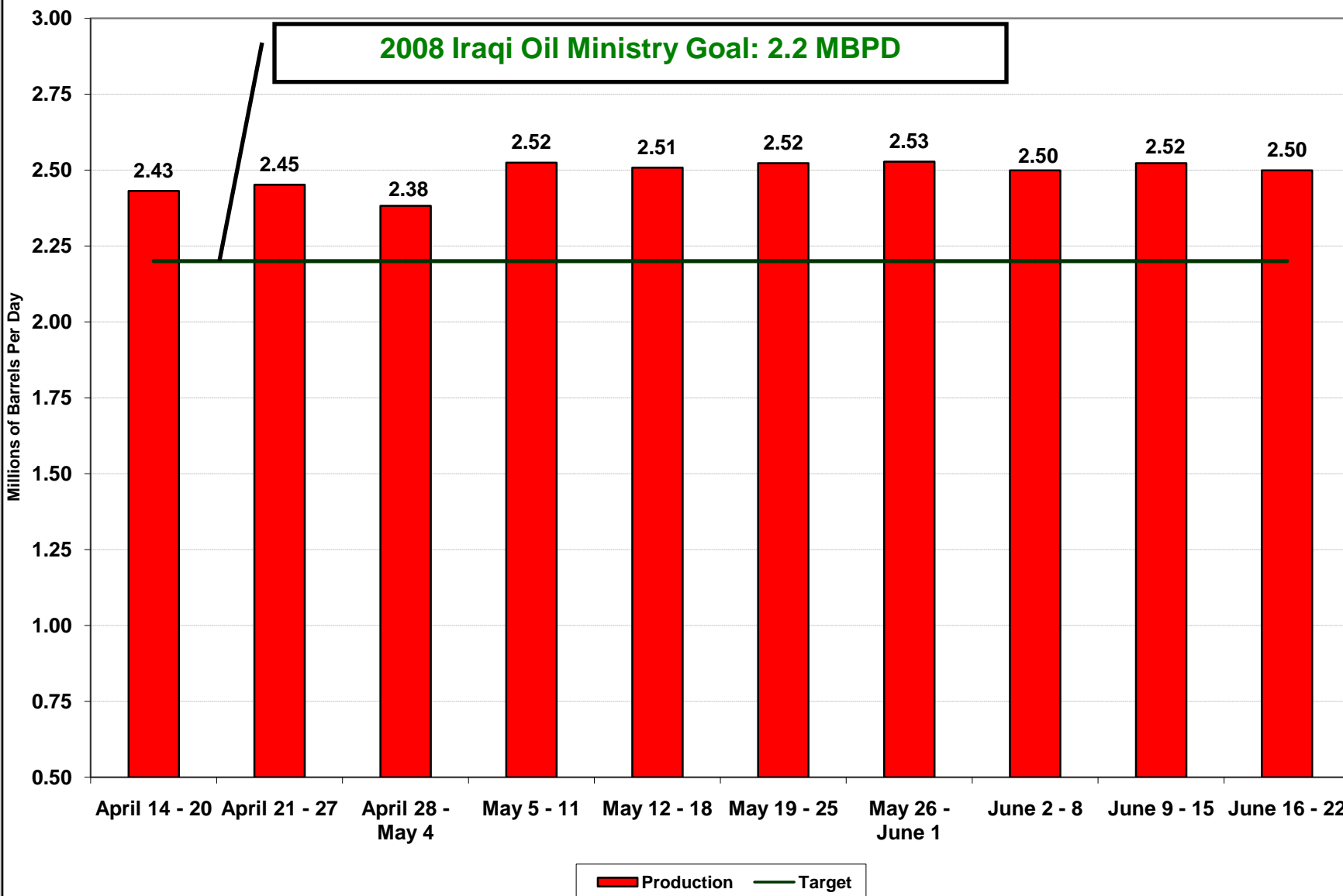
- Progress in various areas, such as the economy and security, and actions by the Government of Iraq (GOI) have improved the situation in Iraq. An opinion poll conducted in February found that 43% of Iraqis thought that things were going well in Iraq, up from 22% in September of 2007. The rising price of oil combined with improvements in production has given the GOI more money to spend than before the First Gulf War and the subsequent embargo of Iraqi oil. This increase in revenue has not yet led to noticeable positive change in public services and economic growth remains constrained by the lack of skilled employees in both the public and private sectors; the middle class makes up much of Iraq's refugees and internally displaced. However, 12 million Iraqis now use cellular phones and 261,000 are Internet subscribers, both of which were negligibly by Iraqis prior to Operation Iraqi Freedom.

### Iraq Will Receive Two British-Made Power Generators:

- Two power generators manufactured by the British company Northern Engineering Industries (NEI)—now owned by Siemens Power Generation—are being sent to Iraq after an 18-year delay. Following the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait in 1990, the British government froze relations with Iraq and the two generators, part of a contract for four generators, were held in a warehouse in Newcastle, United Kingdom. Prompted to complete the 18-year old contract by a request from the GOI, the generators will be sent to the Al Shemal power plant where they will be installed and utilized.

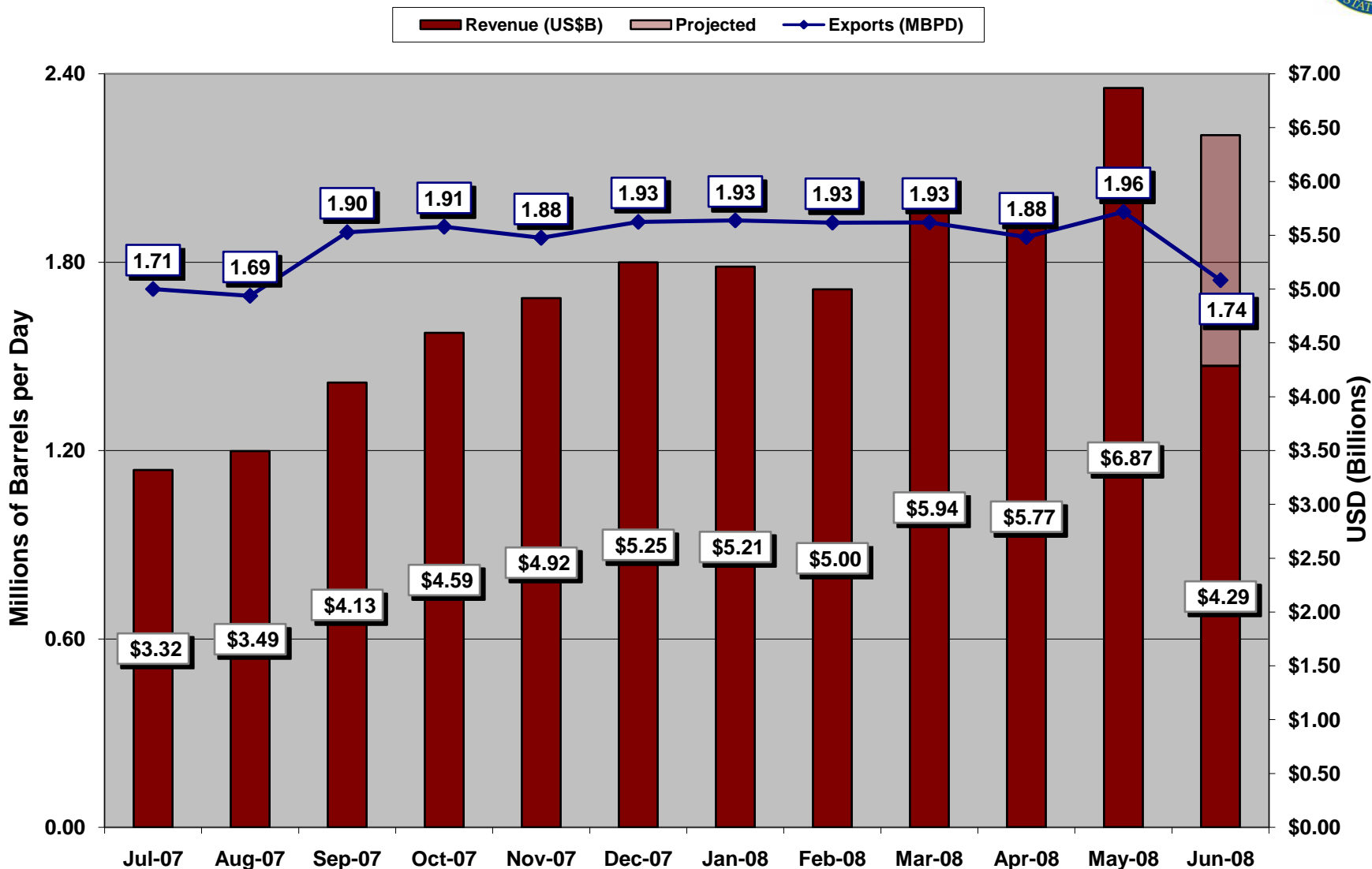


# ECONOMIC – Crude Oil Production





# ECONOMIC – Crude Oil Export



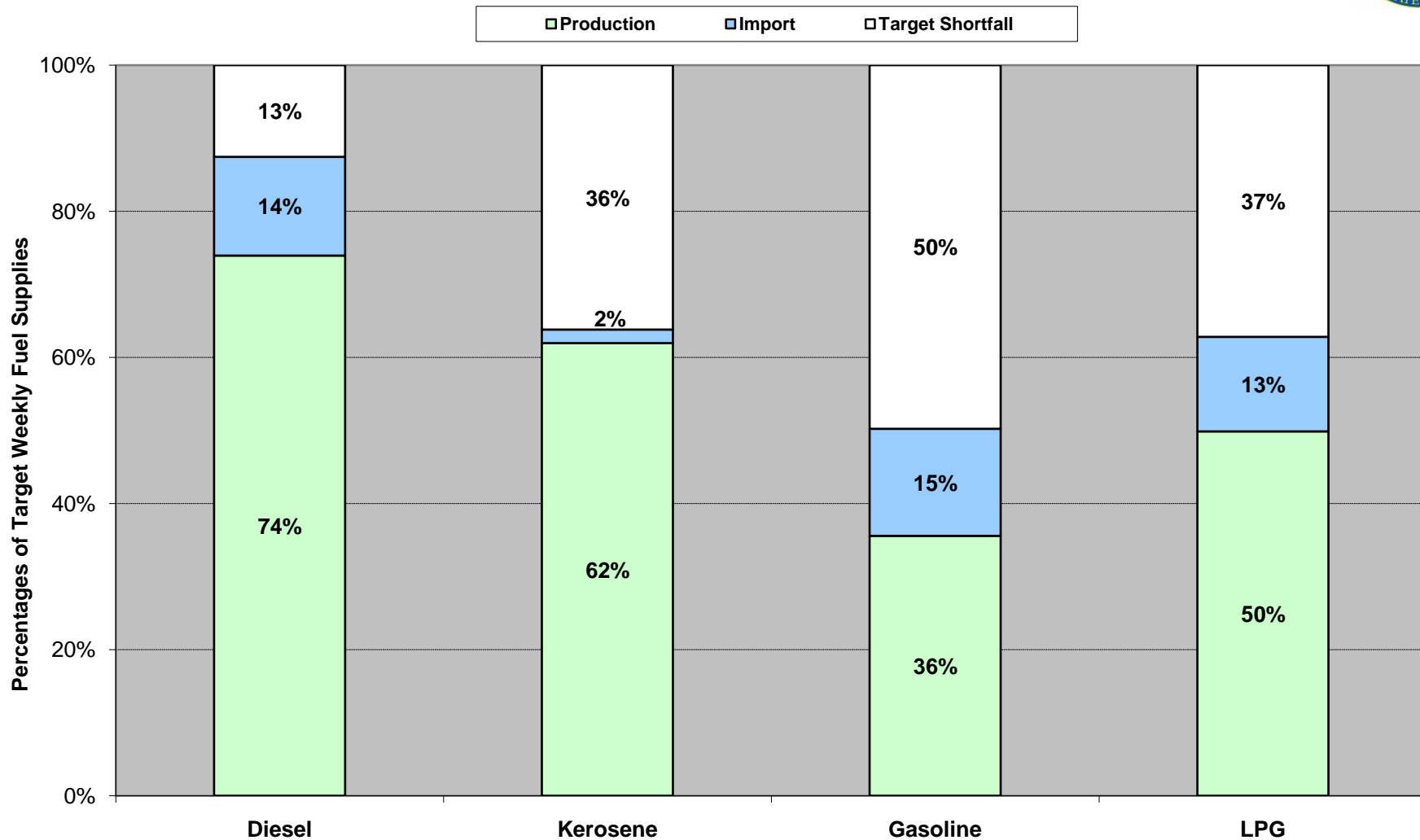
- 2006 Revenue Estimate: \$31.3 Billion      2008 Revenue Estimate: \$33.1 Billion (ytd)
- 2007 Revenue Estimate: \$41.0 Billion

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# ECONOMIC – Total Critical Refined Product Supplies



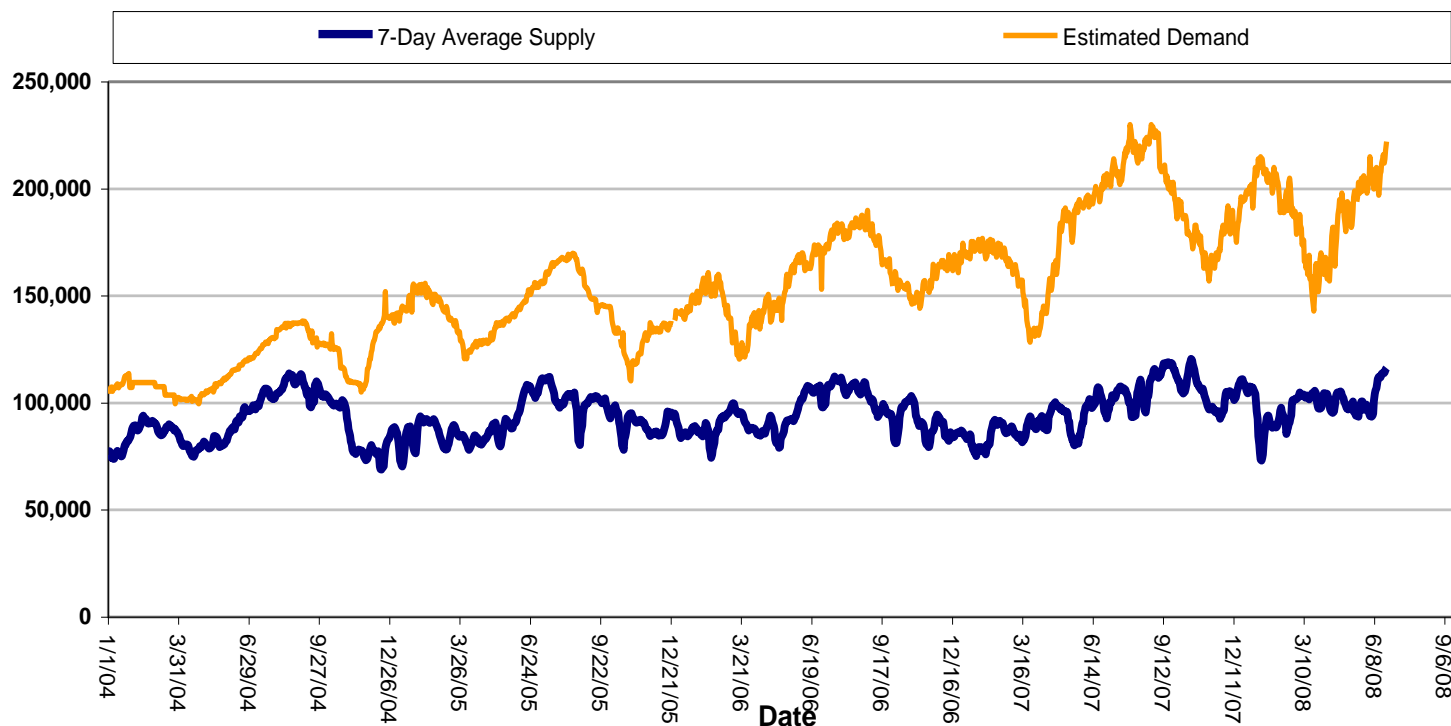
Note: This is a daily average for June 16 – 22

- Diesel: 21.4 ML supply of 24.5 ML target
- Kerosene: 9.3 ML supply of 14.6 ML target
- Gasoline: 13.5 ML supply of 26.8 ML target
- LPG: 3,204 tons supply of 5,100 tons target



# ECONOMIC – Electricity

## Daily Electricity Supplied and Estimated Demand in Iraq Since January 2004

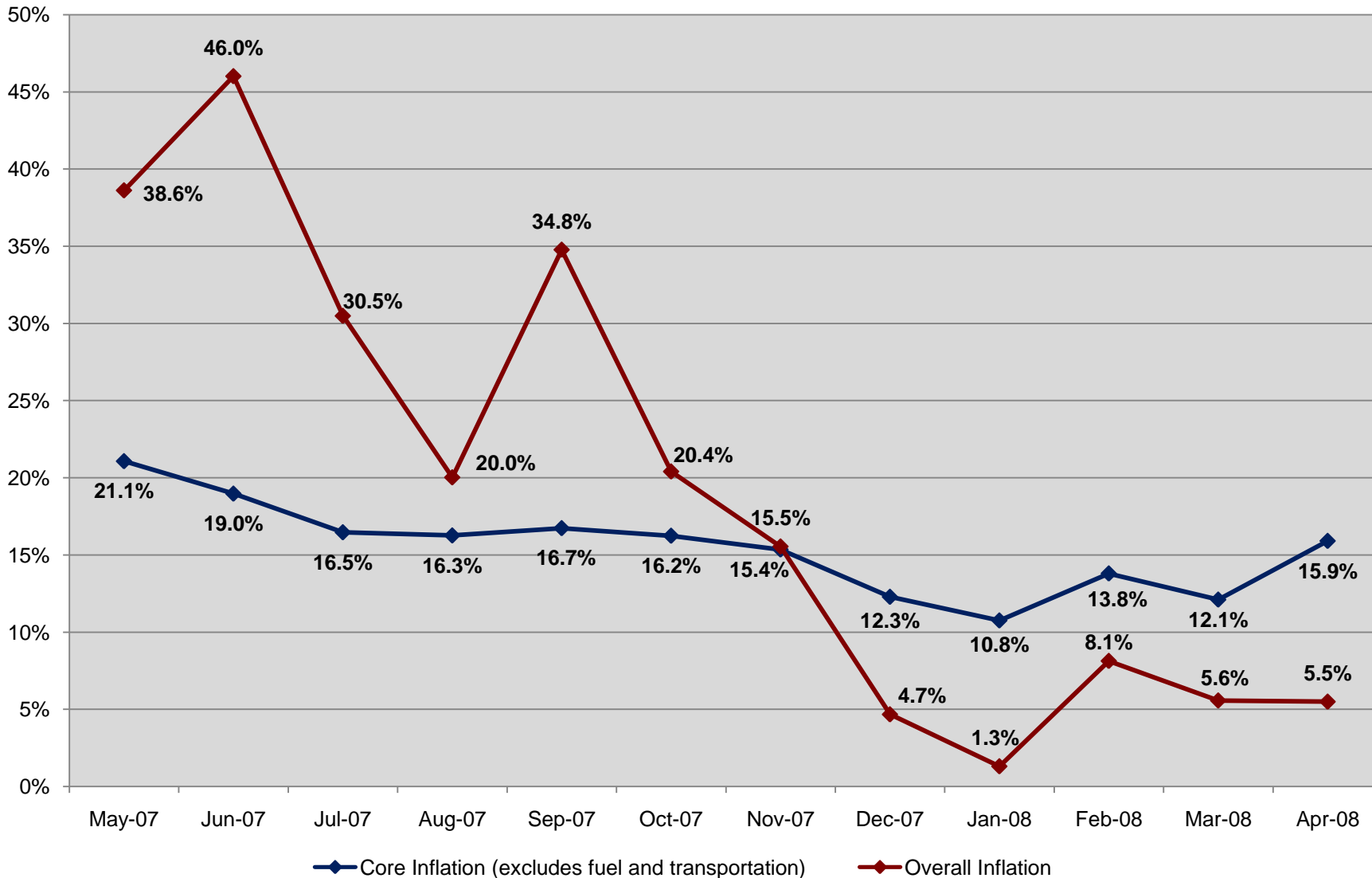


- Daily electricity demand June 17-23 was 9% above the same period last year. Daily supply from the grid was 13% above the year-earlier period and met 54% of demand, compared with 53% for the year-earlier period.
- For June 16-22 average hours of power from the grid after meeting demand from essential services were Baghdad: 11.3 and national 11.3. Year-ago levels were Baghdad 6.1 and national 11.1.



# ECONOMIC – Economic Indicators

## Year-on-Year Inflation



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## ECONOMIC – Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	This Week	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year
<b>Iraqi Commercial Bond Sales</b>				
Price (USD)	\$73.96	\$74.47	\$70.40	\$62.82
Yield	8.57%	8.50%	9.05%	10.16%
<b>Central Bank's USD Currency Auction</b>				
USD Sold	\$89,586,000	\$76,016,000	\$114,186,000	\$66,957,492
NID Exchange Rate	\$1,197	\$1,197	\$1,201	\$1,254.00
<b>Total Employed by USG Programs</b>				
	***	123,034	134,900	N/A



# ECONOMIC - Iraq Relief and Reconstruction Fund (IRRF) 1 and 2



## IRRF I & II Financial Summary by Sector

Data as of 24 Jun08

Sector\Status (Millions of USD)			Committed			Obligated			Disbursed		
	Allocated	Un-allocated	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change
Security and Law	\$4,967	\$11	\$4,945	\$4,945	-\$1	\$4,945	\$4,944	-\$1	\$4,864	\$4,865	\$1
Justice and Civil Society	\$2,304	\$15	\$2,265	\$2,265	\$0	\$2,256	\$2,256	\$0	\$2,175	\$2,175	\$0
Electricity Sector	\$4,188	\$25	\$4,075	\$4,074	-\$1	\$4,054	\$4,053	-\$1	\$3,854	\$3,857	\$2
Oil Infrastructure	\$1,718	\$7	\$1,597	\$1,597	\$0	\$1,597	\$1,597	\$0	\$1,578	\$1,578	\$0
Water and Sanitation	\$2,062	\$23	\$1,976	\$1,975	\$0	\$1,951	\$1,950	-\$1	\$1,817	\$1,818	\$1
Transportation and Comm	\$462	\$2	\$458	\$458	\$0	\$458	\$458	\$0	\$415	\$416	\$0
Roads, Bridges and Const	\$324	\$4	\$315	\$313	-\$1	\$315	\$313	-\$1	\$253	\$254	\$1
Health Care	\$810	\$9	\$787	\$787	\$0	\$778	\$778	\$0	\$735	\$736	\$0
Private Sector Development	\$838	\$1	\$820	\$820	\$0	\$820	\$820	\$0	\$814	\$814	\$0
Edu, Refugees, Human Rights	\$460	\$0	\$431	\$431	\$0	\$431	\$431	\$0	\$407	\$407	\$0
Admin Expense (USAID,DoS)	\$220	\$0	\$218	\$218	\$0	\$218	\$218	\$0	\$208	\$208	\$0
<b>Total IRRF II</b>	<b>\$18,352</b>	<b>\$97</b>	<b>\$17,888</b>	<b>\$17,885</b>	<b>-\$3</b>	<b>\$17,821</b>	<b>\$17,818</b>	<b>-\$3</b>	<b>\$17,122</b>	<b>\$17,127</b>	<b>\$5</b>
IRRF II Non-Construction	-	-	\$7,966	\$7,966	\$0	\$7,948	\$7,948	\$0	\$7,733	\$7,734	\$1
IRRF II Construction	-	-	\$9,402	\$9,399	-\$3	\$9,354	\$9,350	-\$3	\$8,871	\$8,876	\$4
IRRF II Overhead	-	-	\$520	\$520	\$0	\$520	\$520	\$0	\$517	\$517	\$0
<b>Total IRRF I</b>	<b>\$2,475</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$2,291</b>	<b>\$2,291</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$2,232</b>	<b>\$2,232</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$2,139</b>	<b>\$2,139</b>	<b>\$0</b>
<b>Grand Total IRRF I &amp; II</b>	<b>\$20,827</b>	<b>\$97</b>	<b>\$20,179</b>	<b>\$20,176</b>	<b>-\$3</b>	<b>\$20,054</b>	<b>\$20,050</b>	<b>-\$3</b>	<b>\$19,261</b>	<b>\$19,266</b>	<b>\$5</b>

Apportion amounts reflect those of the latest Executive Office of the President Report, published by the Office of Management and Budget. Committed, obligated and disbursed amounts reflect last numbers reported by each agency.

\*\*\* Numbers as of June 24, 2008.



## DIPLOMATIC – Political Engagement

### EU Extends Iraqi Training Program:

- On June 23-24, the European Union extended the EU integrated rule of law mission for Iraq (EUJust LEX Mission) until June 30, 2009 and allocated Euro 7.2 million to the mission. Since 2005, the EUJust LEX Mission has provided training courses on how to strengthen the rule of law and human rights in Iraq to senior Iraqi judicial, police, and penitentiary officials in EU member states.

### Jordanian King Optimistic on Iraq:

- In a June 20 interview with the *Washington Post*, King Abdullah of Jordan said Iraq was moving in the right direction, that Arab countries should reengage Iraq, and that Amman would soon be dispatching an Ambassador to Baghdad. The King stated: “[i] am actually optimistic for the first time on Iraq. I think that Iraqi society is moving in the right direction.” Concerning Arab-Iraqi relations, he added: “[h]ere’s an opportunity for Arab countries to reach out, which we haven’t done in the past, and extend a hand of friendship to the Iraqis and give them the support that they need to get to the next step. If we don’t, I think that it will be a loss for the Iraqis and for the Arab moderates.”



## DIPLOMATIC – Coalition Contributors

### 24 Countries with forces in Iraq (including US)

Albania	Czech Republic	Kazakhstan	Poland
Armenia	Denmark	Korea	Romania
Australia	El Salvador	Latvia	Tonga
Azerbaijan	Estonia	Lithuania	Ukraine
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Georgia	Macedonia	United Kingdom
Bulgaria	Japan	Mongolia	

**TOTAL ~ 9,734 Forces**

**30 Countries and NATO\***  
 (including the US)  
**Support Iraqi Stability Operations**

\*30 includes the US, the 24 countries listed above, and six non-MNF-I countries: Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia, Turkey

Note: Fiji and New Zealand, participating as a part of the UN Assistance Mission in Iraq (UNAMI), are not included.



## CONTACT INFORMATION

- This brief draws from multiple sources. References are cited on the following pages.
- Please forward all questions and/or comments to:  
[NEA-I-IPOG-DL@state.gov](mailto:NEA-I-IPOG-DL@state.gov)





## NOTES AND SOURCE CITATIONS (1 of 2)

Slide 4:

- CoR Report, June 23
- IIC, June 23
- USA Today, June 23, [http://www.usatoday.com/news/world/iraq/2008-06-23-iraqnews\\_N.htm?csp=34](http://www.usatoday.com/news/world/iraq/2008-06-23-iraqnews_N.htm?csp=34)

Slide 5:

- USA Today, June 20, [http://www.usatoday.com/news/world/iraq/2008-06-21-iraq-sadrists\\_N.htm?csp=34](http://www.usatoday.com/news/world/iraq/2008-06-21-iraq-sadrists_N.htm?csp=34)
- UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, June 15, <http://www.irinnews.org/report.aspx?ReportID=78749>
- and UN News Center, June 17, <http://www.un.org/apps/news/story.asp?NewsID=27059&Cr=iraq&Cr1=children>

Slide 6-7:

- NEA Political Section, [NEA-I-POL-DL@state.gov](mailto:NEA-I-POL-DL@state.gov)

Slide 8:

- (MNFI Press Release, June 23 - [http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com\\_content&task=view&id=20690&Itemid=110](http://www.mnf-iraq.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=20690&Itemid=110))
- (New York Times, June 23 - [http://www.nytimes.com/2008/06/23/world/middleeast/23iraq.html?\\_r=1&ref=worldspecial&oref=slogin](http://www.nytimes.com/2008/06/23/world/middleeast/23iraq.html?_r=1&ref=worldspecial&oref=slogin))

Slide 9:

- (Reuters, June 24 - <http://www.reuters.com/article/topNews/idUSL2051649320080624>)

Slide 10:

- DoD Input to Iraq Weekly Status Report June 25, 2008

Slide 11:

- International Herald Tribune/AP, June 22: <http://www.ihf.com/articles/ap/2008/06/22/africa/ME-FIN-Iraq-Interest-Rate.php>

Slide 12:

- <http://www.cbsnews.com/stories/2008/06/22/ap/world/main4200687.shtml>

Slide 13:

- USA Today, June, 19 – [http://www.usatoday.com/money/industries/energy/2008-06-19-iraqoil\\_N.html?loc=interstitialskip](http://www.usatoday.com/money/industries/energy/2008-06-19-iraqoil_N.html?loc=interstitialskip)

Slide 14:

- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, [NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov](mailto:NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov)

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- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, [NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov](mailto:NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov)



## NOTES AND SOURCE CITATIONS (2 of 2)

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- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, [NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov](mailto:NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov)
- The chart shows average daily power production in megawatt hours (MWh). 120,000 MWh goal equates to 20 hours at 6000 MW average supplied load or 24 hours at 5000 MW average supply load.

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Slide 21:

- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, [NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov](mailto:NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov)

Slide 22:

- (EU Official Website, June 25: <http://www.consilium.europa.eu/ejust-lex>)
- (The Washington Post, June 22: <http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2008/06/19/AR2008061903151.html?sub=AR>)

Slide 23:

- DOD Input to Weekly Status Report, updated June 18