

Web-based Applications Support Bird Conservation Planning

Shawn E. Weick¹, Timothy J. Fox¹, J.C. Nelson³, John C. Sauer², Wayne E. Thogmartin¹, Melinda G. Knutson¹

¹USGS, Upper Midwest Environmental Sciences Center, 2630 Fanta Reed Road, La Crosse, WI 54603
²USGS, Patuxent Wildlife Research Center, 12100 Beech Forest Road, Suite 4039, Laurel, Maryland 20708-4039

³University of Wisconsin – LaCrosse, River Studies Center, 1725 State Street, La Crosse, WI 54601

Introduction

Conservation planning to meet the needs of migratory birds is one of the biggest challenges facing many federal agencies. The North American Bird Conservation Initiative (NABCI) calls for on-the-ground initiatives designed to support populations of all bird s pecies. At present, managers and planners at state and federal levels do not have simple ways to access, summarize, or synthesize data from diverse data sources. We are summarizing bird, land use, and human cens us information at scales relevant to planners. We anticipate that these summaries will be useful for developing location-specific bird conservation plans. We are developing applications using an ArcIMS platform that will allow managers to access maps and run analyses via the Internet.

Attribute Query

Bird and landscape information applicable to conservation planning exists, but is not generally available to

managers. For example, 37 years of data describing bird populations exists in the Breeding Bird Survey (BBS) database.



Information about landscapes and human use patterns is available in GIS databases such as the National Land



BBS Routes in the U.S.

 Image: state of the state

Users obtain a list of bird species ranked by abundance for any desired location, as well as summaries of land use and U.S. Census data.

The website allows users to select routes or

groups of routes from the Breeding Bird Surveys. They can also select states, counties,

Cover Database (NLCD) and the U.S. Census.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service staff Lara Hill and James Nissen

We are adding new software to our GIS toolbox. The Bird Conservation ArcIMS site gives users the ability to perform several ArcView -like functions without the need for special software.

Conclusion

Our goal is to provide land managers with web-based tools for evaluating the bird assemblages and land uses in landscapes surrounding existing or planned management units.



We are working to incorporate these applications into a node in USGS's National Biological Information Infrastructure (NBII; www.nbii.gov). NBII provides online analytical tools to help people utilize, explore, understand, and better manage our nation's natural resources. The NBII Bird Conservation node provides access to data and information in support of bird conservation across North America.

