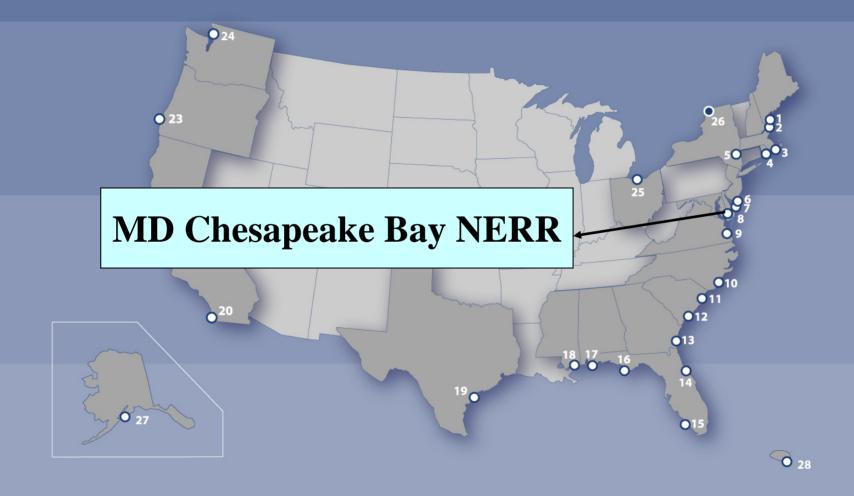
National Estuarine Research Reserve System

Applying Science and Education to Improve the Management of Estuaries



A Network of 27 Protected Areas ...



National Estuarine Research Reserve System

Protected for:

- Long-term research and monitoring
- Education
- Resource stewardship









State-Federal Partnership

State role



- Land ownership and management
- Staff
- Program implementation
- Federal role
 - Funding
 - National coordination
 - Technical assistance



National Programs

- System-Wide Monitoring Program
- Graduate Research Fellowship
 Program
- Coastal Training Program



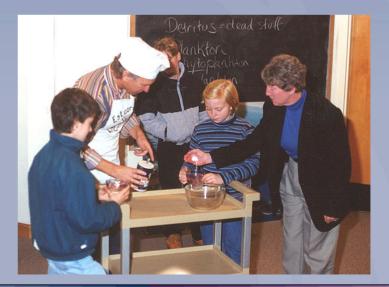




Local Reserve Activities/Programs

- K-12 Education
- Public Interpretative Programs
- Site Specific Research and Monitoring
- Site Specific Habitat Restoration







Chesapeake Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve MARYLAND



Chesapeake Bay NERR Mission:

Improve coastal resource management by increasing scientific understanding of estuarine systems and making estuarine research relevant, meaningful, and accessible to managers and stakeholders



Chesapeake Bay NERR

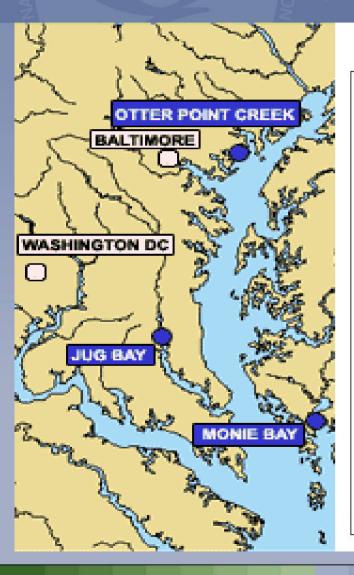
Lead State Agency: Maryland Department of Natural Resources

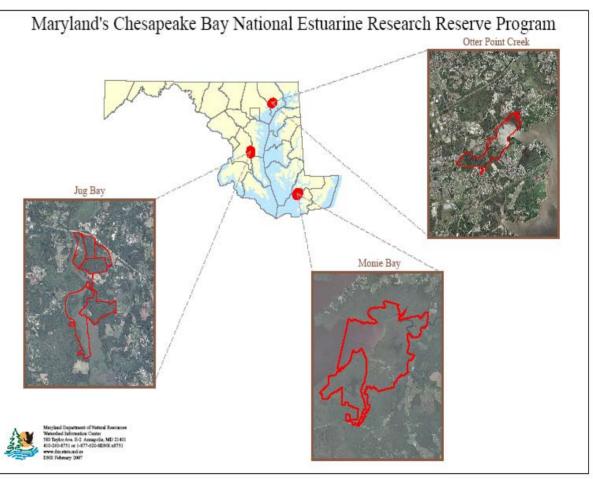
Designation: Monie Bay in 1985, Jug Bay and Otter Point Creek in 1990

Total Acreage: 4,820
 Monie Bay: 3,426
 Jug Bay: 722
 Otter Point Creek: 672



Chesapeake Bay NERR





Three Components





Jug Bay



Otter Point Creek

Monie Bay



MD Chesapeake Bay NERR Priority Management Issues

- Land use, population growth, and habitat alteration
- Subsidence, erosion, & water level changes
- Sustainable animal populations (mammal, fish, bird, reptile, amphibian, and invertebrates)
- Bay grasses and emergent wetland vegetation
- Healthy water quality and habitats



Partners of Jug Bay:

- Jug Bay WetlandsSanctuary
- Patuxent River Park
- MD-National Capital Park and Planning Commission
- Friends of Jug Bay



- USFWS Patuxent Research Refuge and National Wildlife Center
- Local Education Institutions



Main Habitats:

Creeks and rivers, freshwater tidal marshes, scrub shrub wetlands, forested wetlands, forested uplands, and farm fields





Plant Life:

- Tidal wetland species: wild rice,
 pickerel weed, spatterdock,
 rose mallow and phragmites
- Wild rice and other seed-bearing
 plants provide food for as many
 as 25,000 waterfowl during
 winter months





Animal Life:

Atlantic Flyway (200 species of birds): swans, Canada geese, winged teal, peregrine falcon, bald eagles **Endangered Species:** Several plants (smooth tick trefoil, downy bushclover, red turtlehead), bald eagle, and others





NOAA Restoration Day



Invasive Species Removal (Japanese stiltgrass)

Native Bay Grass Planting



NOAA Restoration Day

Maryland's Bay Grass Coverage (1984-2004)

