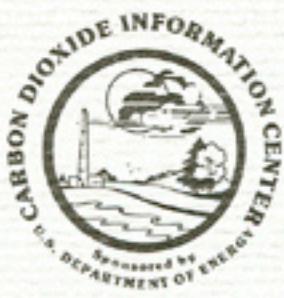


NDP-011



CDIC NUMERIC DATA COLLECTION

Global Paleoclimatic Data for 6000 yr B.P.

*Information Resources Organization at Oak Ridge National Laboratory
MARTIN MARIETTA ENERGY SYSTEMS, INC.
operating the*

*Oak Ridge National Laboratory
Oak Ridge Gaseous Diffusion Plant*

*Oak Ridge Y-12 Plant
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant*

for the U.S. Department of Energy

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^{*}Sponsored by the Carbon Dioxide Research Division (CDRD), Office of Basic Energy Sciences (BES), Office of Energy Research, U.S. Department of Energy.

NDP-011

GLOBAL PALEOCЛИMATIC DATA FOR 6000 yr B.P.

Contributed by
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Brown University
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August 1985

Prepared by
Carbon Dioxide Information Center
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**CDIC NUMERIC DATA PACKAGE
ABSTRACT**

1. NUMERIC DATA PACKAGE NAME

Global Paleoclimatic Data for 6000 yr B.P.

2. CONTRIBUTOR

Thompson Webb III
Department of Geological Sciences
Brown University
Providence, Rhode Island 02912-1846

3. HISTORICAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Regional and global maps of paleoclimatic data show the magnitude and pattern of climatic variables at a sufficient number of grid points that useful comparison with the results of climate model simulations can be made. The CLIMAP research pioneered quantitative reconstructions of paleoclimate at a global scale for 18,000 yr B. P. The dataset of paleoclimatic data for 6000 yr B. P. has been assembled as the initial phase of a long-term project to map the global patterns of climate for the past 20,000 years and to test the climate model simulations for dates during this time period.

4. SOURCE AND SCOPE OF THE DATA

The dataset consists of pollen, lake level, and marine plankton data and where possible, includes quantitative values estimated from these data. The reasons for choosing these three types of data are: (a) they are quantitative and can be calibrated in climatic terms, and (b) they occur in networks of samples with good dating controls and broad geographic coverage. Pollen data record the broad scale vegetational patterns that are related to climate, while the lake level data record the relative water depth in lakes and therefore provide records of past moisture regimes and changes. The marine plankton data contain information about the geographic distribution of plankton, which also reflect climatic patterns.

5. APPLICATIONS OF THE DATA

The global paleoclimatic data for the 6000 yr B. P. period can be used for testing results from climate model simulations. This work is critical for understanding the effects of increasing atmospheric carbon dioxide concentrations on the climate. It has already been shown that the seasonal variation in solar radiation

between the present and 6000 years B. P. can lead to systematic and significant changes in the climatic patterns that are simulated by the climate models (Kutzbach 1981; Kutzbach and Guetter 1984).

6. LIMITATIONS/RESTRICTIONS

The majority of the sites (622) contain pollen data, with lake level samples (119) and marine plankton (56) being less abundant. Coverage for the pollen data is densest in eastern North America, Europe, the western portion of the Soviet Union, and New Zealand. Sparse networks also exist in Alaska, South America, and the eastern portion of the Soviet Union. The coverage for sites with lake level data is densest in Africa, southwestern United States, and southern Australia. The lake level sites provide coverage in many of the terrestrial areas where the pollen sites are sparse. The areas containing the most marine plankton data are the North Atlantic Ocean and the northwestern Indian Ocean. A series of procedures for obtaining interpolated values for the pollen percentages have been described in Webb et al. (1983a,b). The data for 6000 yr B. P. are stored as pollen percentages, with the sum of all tree shrub and herb pollen being used in the calculations.

Radiocarbon dates provided the main information used to estimate the age of each pollen sample. Radiocarbon dates and dense tephras were used to assign ages to the sample depths in cores or in sedimentary exposures of the lake samples (Street and Grove 1979; Street-Perrott and Harrison (1985; Street-Perrott and Roberts 1983; Smith and Street-Perrott 1983). The plankton data were compiled from available radiocarbon-dated marine cores with high enough sedimentation rates and closely spaced samples to record Holocene climatic variations (Ruddiman and McIntyre 1981).

7. DESCRIPTION OF VARIABLES AND FORMATS

The dataset consists of 55 files. Appendix A of Webb (1985), which is included in this package as a critical document contains the master format file which defines the files and their organization. The total dataset is subdivided into nine groups of computer files by data type (pollen, lake level, or marine plankton), and for pollen and marine plankton data, by geographic regions. Each of the nine groups includes a FORMAT file that describes the format and contents of each of the other files, an INDEX file that contains in a tabular format, descriptive information about each site and its data, a DATA file that contains the data and available climatic estimates, a PUBINDEX file containing an index number for locating the bibliographic citations associated with each site, and a REFERENCE file that contains the bibliographic citations.

8. KEYWORDS

PALEOCLIMATIC DATA; HOLOCENE; POLLEN; MARINE PLANKTON;
LAKES; GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

9. REFERENCES

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- Street-Perrott, F. A. and N. Roberts. 1983. Fluctuations in closed-basin lakes as an indicator of past atmospheric circulation patterns. IN F. A. Street-Perrott, M. Beran, and R. A. S. Radcliffe, eds. Variations in the Global Water Budget, pp. 331-345. D. Reidel Publishing Co., Dordrecht.
- Webb, T. III, E. J. Cushing, and H. E. Wright, Jr. 1983a. Holocene changes in the vegetation of the Midwest. IN H. E. Wright, Jr., ed. Late Quaternary Environments in the United States, Vol. 2, The Holocene, pp. 142-165. University of Minnesota Press, Minneapolis.
- Webb, T. III, P. J. H. Richard, and R. J. Mott. 1983b. A mapped history of the Holocene vegetation in southern Quebec. Syllogeus 49:273-336.

10. CONTENTS OF THE DATA PACKAGE

The package contains 55 files of information written in EBCDIC onto magnetic tape as card images. The contents of each file is defined in the Data Description section.

The following pertinent literature is also included:

Webb, T. III. 1985. A Global Paleoclimatic Data Base for 6000 yr
B.P. TR018, DOE/EV/10097-6, Carbon Dioxide Research
Division, U. S. Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

11. HOW TO OBTAIN THE DATA

The documentation of NDP-011 contains a sample listing and description of the data files for the use of requestors who may not need the computerized data. Requests for computerized data should be accompanied by a reel of tape and special instructions for transmitting the data. Tape requests not accompanied by a reel of tape or instructions will be filled with a standard labeled, 6250 BPI, 9-track density tape with files formatted as listed in the tape contents section.

Requests should be addressed to:

Carbon Dioxide Information Center
Oak Ridge National Laboratory
Post Office Box X
Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831-2008 USA
(615) 574-0390
FTS 624-0390

12. NUMERIC DATA PACKAGE PREPARED BY:

Carbon Dioxide Information Center
Oak Ridge National Laboratory
Post Office Box X
Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831-2008

Technical Coordinator(s) - Julia A. Watts

Computer Coordinator(s) - Julia A. Watts

Package Coordinator(s) - Donna M. Stokes

13. DATE OF ABSTRACT

August 1985

MAGNETIC TAPE CONTENTS

Tape Information
Density _____ 9 Track

Package NDP-011
Date Packaged: 08-85
Most Recent Update:

File # and Description	Mode	Logical Records	DCB Parameters	
1. Tape information	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
2. Retrieval program	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
3. Master format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
4. Country codes	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
5. State codes	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
6. Dating methods	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
7. Site type codes	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
8. Data type codes	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
9. Dating control	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
10. Master index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
11. ENA format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
12. ENA index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
13. ENA data	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
14. ENA pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
15. ENA reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
16. Alaska format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
17. Alaska index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
18. Alaska data	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
19. Alaska pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	9000	90
20. Alaska reference	EBCDIC	FB	9000	90
21. Europe format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
22. Europe index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
23. Europe data	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
24. Europe pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
25. Europe reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
26. USSR format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
27. USSR index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
28. USSR data	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
29. USSR pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
30. USSR reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
31. Lake level format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
32. Lake level index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
33. Lake level data	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
34. Lake level pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
35. Lake level reference	EBCDIC	FB	9000	90
36. Atlantic format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
37. Atlantic index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
38. Atlantic data	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
39. Atlantic pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80

MAGNETIC TAPE CONTENTS (continued)

File # and Description	Mode	DCB Parameters		
40. Atlantic reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
41. Indian format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
42. Indian index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
43. Indian data	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
44. Indian pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
45. Indian reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
46. S. America format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
47. S. America index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
48. S. America data	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
49. S. America pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	9000	90
50. S. America reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
51. New Zealand format	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
52. New Zealand index	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
53. New Zealand data	EBCDIC	FB	1320	132
54. New Zealand pubindex	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80
55. New Zealand reference	EBCDIC	FB	8000	80

MAGNETIC TAPE DESCRIPTIVE FILE

Dataset Title: Global Paleoclimatic Data for 6000 yr B.P.

Contributor: Thompson Webb III
Department of Geological Sciences
Brown University
Providence, Rhode Island

Scope of the Data: Pollen, lake level and marine plankton data on a regional and global scale are included in this dataset. Where possible, quantitative paleoclimatic values have been estimated from these data. The data can be used to test climate model simulations for past climates and the model simulations of the effects of increasing atmospheric carbon dioxide on the climate.

Data Format: The data are formatted as 54 files, as described in Table 1.

REFERENCE(S)

Webb, T. III. 1985. A Global Paleoclimatic Data Base for 6000 yr B. P. TR018, DOE/EV/10097-6. Carbon Dioxide Research Division, U. S. Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

FORTRAN IV DATA RETRIEVAL PROGRAM LISTING

```
      DIMENSION DATA(80)
C INPUT REFERENCE NUMBER
      INP=5
C OUTPUT REFERENCE NUMBER (DEFAULT=6, LINE PRINTER)
      IOUT=6
C READ ALL 53 FILES OF DATA ON THE TAPE AND PRINT OUT
      DO 10 J=1,53
1    CONTINUE
      READ(INP,100,END=99) (DATA(I),I=1,80)
100   FORMAT(80A1)
      WRITE(IOUT,200) (DATA(I),I=1,80)
200   FORMAT(1H ,80A1)
      GO TO 1
C READ OVER TAPE MARKS WITH DUMMY STATEMENT
99    READ(INP,110) DUMMY
      READ(INP,110) DUMMY
110   FORMAT (A4)
10    CONTINUE
      STOP
      END
```

TABLE 1. Contents of the 6000 yr. B.P. tape.

Label 1: MASTER FORMAT

This file contains a description of the layout of the 6K data tape. The tape includes documentation as well as data files.

The tape contains pollen, lake level, and marine plankton data from 6000 yr. B.P. and was prepared by T. Webb and R. Arigo at Brown University, Spring, 1984.

The data appears in files subdivided by region and data type. Pollen data are in the subdivisions: ENA (Eastern North America), ALASKA (Northwest Canada and Alaska), EUROPE, USSR, and SAMERICA (South America), and NEWZEAL (New Zealand). The subdivision LAKELEV (Lake Level) contains a global set of data on lake levels (i.e. the scaled height of water levels in lakes). The subdivisions ATLANTIC (Atlantic Ocean) and INDIAN (Indian Ocean) contain planktonic foraminifera data from these oceans, and data from isolated cores in the Pacific and Southern Oceans are also included in the subdivision ATLANTIC. Within each region, files with the filetype of FORMAT (e.g. ENA FORMAT) contain documentation pertaining to the data files for that particular region.

Label 2: COUNTRY CODES

This file contains a list of country names along with its associated index number. The country codes appear in all *.INDEX files (where * is MASTER, ENA, ALASKA, EUROPE, USSR, LAKELEV, ATLANTIC, INDIAN, SAMERICA, or NEWZEAL).

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Country code	3	4	
Country name	7	30	

Label 3: STATE CODES

This file contains a list of state names, Canadian provinces, and U.S. territories along with their postal abbreviations. The state codes appear in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Postal abbreviation	2	3	
State name	7	35	

Label 4: DATING METHODS

This file contains a list of dating methods used along with its associated index number. Some dating methods are a combination of 2 or more dating methods previously listed. The combinations are listed by dating method number. This code appears for each site in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Dating method number	1	2	
Dating method	5	55	

TABLE 1. (continued)

Label 5: SITETYPE.CODES

This file contains a list of site type codes along with a description of the code. The sitetype code character is left justified in its field. This code is used in describing the sites in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
-----	-----	-----	-----
Site type code	1	2	
Site type	6	30	

Label 6: DATATYPE.CODES

This file contains a list of data type codes along with a description of the code. The data type codes appear in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
-----	-----	-----	-----
Data type code	1	2	
Data type	6	30	

Label 7: DATING.CONTROL

This file contains a list of codes (1 to 7) that rank the degree of dating control for the data at a selected date, e.g. 6000 yr. B.P. These codes appear in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
-----	-----	-----	-----
Dating control code	1	1	
Dating control	5	50	

Label 8: MASTER.INDEX

This file contains information about each site in each subdivision of the global data set. There is one line of information per site.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
-----	-----	-----	-----
TAPE ID number	2	6	
Dataset ID number	10	12	
Site name	15	44	
Latitude in degrees	47	48	
Latitude in minutes	50	51	
Latitude character	53	53	N=North, S=South
Latitude in decimal	55	60	
Longitude in degrees	63	65	
Longitude in minutes	67	68	
Longitude character	70	70	W=West, E=East
Longitude in decimal	72	78	
Elevation in meters	81	86	
Postal code	89	90	Refer to Label 3: STATE.CODES
Country code	93	94	Refer to Label 2: COUNTRY.CODES
Sitetype code	97	98	Refer to Label 5: SITETYPE.CODES
Type of data	101	102	Refer to Label 6: DATATYPE.CODES
Publication number	105	109	Refer to *.PUBINDEX files
Number of C-14 dates	112	115	
Dating control code	120	121	Refer to Label 7: DATING.CONTROL
Dating method code	124	125	Refer to Label 4: DATING.METHODS

TABLE 1. (continued)

- Label 9: ENA FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other ENA files.
- Label 10: ENA INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in ENA and its data.
- Label 11: ENA.DATAGK
Contains the pollen data and available climatic estimates from each site in ENA for 6000 yr. B.P. Data compiled by T. Webb and P.J. Bartlein.
- Label 12: ENA.PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with the author and date.
- Label 13: ENA.REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references.
- Label 14: ALASKA FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other ALASKA files.
- Label 15: ALASKA INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in ALASKA and its data.
- Label 16: ALASKA.DATAGK
Contains pollen data from each site in ALASKA for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by P.M. Anderson.
- Label 17: ALASKA.PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with the author and date.
- Label 18: ALASKA.REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 19: EUROPE FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other EUROPE files.
- Label 20: EUROPE INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in EUROPE and its data.
- Label 21: EUROPE.DATAGK
Contains pollen data and available temperature estimates from each site in EUROPE for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by B. Huntley and I.C. Prentice.

TABLE 1. (continued)

- Label 22: EUROPE.PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication and an abbreviated reference.
- Label 23: EUROPE.REFERENC
See Label 22: EUROPE.PUBINDEX for abbreviated references.
- Label 24: USSR FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other USSR files.
- Label 25: USSR. INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in the USSR and its data.
- Label 26: USSR. DATA6K
Contains pollen data from each site in the USSR for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by G.M. Peterson.
- Label 27: USSR.PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with the author and date.
- Label 28: USSR.REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 29: LAKEEVL.FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other LAKEEVL files.
- Label 30: LAKEEVL. INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each LAKEEVL site and its data.
- Label 31: LAKEEVL. DATA6K
Contains information about the relative water level (high, intermediate, low) at each site for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by F.A. Street-Perratt, S. Harrison, and N. Roberts.
- Label 32: LAKEEVL.PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with its associated reference numbers.
- Label 33: LAKEEVL.REFERENC
Lists the reference number for each reference along with the author(s), date and full reference for the data.

TABLE 1. (continued)

- Label 34: ATLANTIC FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other ATLANTIC files.
- Label 35: ATLANTIC INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in the ATLANTIC Ocean and its data.
- Label 36: ATLANTIC DATA6K
Contains foraminifera data and sea-surface temperature estimates for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by W.F. Ruddiman and J. Morley.
- Label 37: ATLANTIC PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with its associated reference numbers.
- Label 38: ATLANTIC REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 39: INDIAN FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other INDIAN files.
- Label 40: INDIAN INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in the INDIAN Ocean and its data.
- Label 41: INDIAN DATA6K
Contains foraminifera data and sea-surface temperature estimates for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by W.L. Prell and R. Marvill.
- Label 42: INDIAN PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with its associated reference numbers.
- Label 43: INDIAN REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 44: SAMERICA FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other SAMERICA files.
- Label 45: SAMERICA INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in SAMERICA and its data.
- Label 46: SAMERICA DATA6K
Contains pollen data from each site in SAMERICA for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by V. Markgraf.
- Label 47: SAMERICA PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with the reference

TABLE 1. (concluded)

numbers, author(s), and date for SAMERICA.

Label 48: SAMERICA.REFERENC

Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.

Label 49: NEWZEAL.FORMAT

Describes the information and its format in each of the other NEWZEAL files.

Label 50: NEWZEAL.INDEX

Provides descriptive information about each site in NEWZEAL and its data.

Label 51: NEWZEAL.DATAGK

Contains pollen data from each site in NEWZEAL for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by M.S. McGlone.

Label 52: NEWZEAL.PUBINDEX

Lists the index number for each publication along with the reference numbers, author(s), and date for the data.

Label 53: NEWZEAL.REFERENC

Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for NEWZEAL.

	FORMAT	INDEX	DATAGK	PUBINDEX	REFERENC
ENA	Label 9	Label 10	Label 11	Label 12	Label 13
ALASKA	Label 14	Label 15	Label 16	Label 17	Label 18
EUROPE	Label 19	Label 20	Label 21	Label 22	Label 23
USSR	Label 24	Label 25	Label 26	Label 27	Label 28
LAKELEV	Label 29	Label 30	Label 31	Label 32	Label 33
ATLANTIC	Label 34	Label 35	Label 36	Label 37	Label 38
INDIAN	Label 39	Label 40	Label 41	Label 42	Label 43
SAMERICA	Label 44	Label 45	Label 46	Label 47	Label 48
NEWZEAL	Label 49	Label 50	Label 51	Label 52	Label 53

TABLE 2. An example of the master index files on the 6000 Yr. B.P. tape.

1	Albion	45	40 N	45.67	71	19 W	-71.32	200
2	Alderdale	46	3 N	46.05	79	12 W	-79.20	42
3	Alexander Lake	53	20 N	53.33	60	35 W	-60.58	3
4	Alexis Lake	52	31 N	52.52	57	2 W	-57.03	4
5	Aifies Lake	47	53 N	47.88	84	52 W	-84.87	2
6	Ailiuk Pond	54	35 N	54.58	57	22 W	-57.37	4
7	Allenberg	42	15 N	42.25	78	52 W	-78.87	1
8	Anderson Pond	36	2 N	36.03	95	30 W	-85.50	10
9	Attawapisket	53	0 N	53.00	85	10 W	-85.17	1
10	Bale St. Paul -- Ange	47	28 N	47.47	70	41 W	-70.68	1
11	Ballycroy Bog	43	57 N	43.95	79	52 W	-79.87	1
12	Base de Plain Air de St.Foy	46	47 N	46.78	71	20 W	-71.33	5
13	Basswood Road Lake	45	15 N	45.25	67	20 W	-67.33	1
14	Belmont Bog	42	15 N	42.25	77	55 W	-77.92	4
15	Berezuk	54	3 N	54.05	76	7 W	-76.12	1
16	Berry Pond	42	30 N	42.50	73	19 W	-73.32	2
17	Big Pond	39	46 N	39.77	78	33 W	-78.55	16
18	Blackington Lake	47	54 N	47.90	84	52 W	-84.87	5
19	Bog D	47	11 N	47.18	95	10 W	-95.17	4
20	Boundary	45	34 N	45.57	70	41 W	-70.68	3
21	Boundary Lake	55	15 N	55.25	67	24 W	-67.40	1
22	Brandreth Lake	43	55 N	43.92	74	41 W	-74.68	2
23	Brown's Lake Bog	40	41 N	40.68	82	3 W	-82.05	1
24	Bugbee Bog	44	22 N	44.37	72	9 W	-72.15	2
25	BL-Tombigbee	33	33 N	33.55	88	28 W	-88.47	5
26	Cahaba Pond	33	34 N	33.57	86	31 W	-86.52	13
27	Camp 11 Lake	46	40 N	46.67	88	1 W	-88.02	2
28	Charles Lake	44	44 N	44.73	81	1 W	-81.02	1
29	Chatsworth Bog	40	40 N	40.67	88	20 W	-88.33	8
30	Chippewa Bog	43	7 N	43.12	83	15 W	-83.25	4
31	Chism-1	54	48 N	54.80	76	9 W	-76.15	1
32	Chism-11	53	5 N	53.08	76	19 W	-76.32	6
33	Clear Lake	41	39 N	41.65	86	32 W	-86.53	4
34	Cookstown Bog	44	13 N	44.22	79	37 W	-79.62	5
35	Cranberry Glades	38	12 N	38.20	80	17 W	-80.28	1
36	Crawford Bog	43	28 N	43.47	79	57 W	-79.95	1
37	Crider's Pond	39	58 N	39.97	77	33 W	-77.55	10
38	Crystal Lake	43	15 N	43.25	84	55 W	-84.92	2
39	Crystal Lake	41	33 N	41.55	80	22 W	-80.37	4
40	Cycloid Lake	55	16 N	55.27	105	16 W	-105.27	1
41	Dumont Lake	54	52 N	54.87	69	24 W	-69.40	1
42	Deer Lake Bog	44	2 N	44.03	71	50 W	-71.83	3
43	Demont Lake	43	29 N	43.46	85	0 W	-85.00	2
44	Devils Lake	48	5 N	48.08	99	55 W	-99.92	1
45	Diana Island	60	59 N	60.98	69	57 W	-69.95	1
46	Dismal Swamp (core no. 1)	36	23 N	36.38	76	30 W	-76.50	3
47	Disasterhaft Farm Bog	43	55 N	43.92	89	10 W	-89.17	2
48	Dosquet	46	27 N	46.45	71	30 W	-71.50	4
49	Dufresne	45	51 N	45.85	70	21 W	-70.35	1
50	Eagle Lake	53	14 N	53.23	58	33 W	-58.55	6
51	Eagle Lake Bog	44	10 N	44.17	71	40 W	-71.67	3
52	East Baltic Bog	46	26 N	46.43	62	7 W	-62.12	2
53	Edward Lake	44	22 N	44.37	80	15 W	-80.25	3
54	Farnham Bog	45	17 N	45.28	72	59 W	-72.98	4
55	Found Lake	45	48 N	45.80	78	38 W	-78.63	7

TABLE 2. (continued)

56	Fritins Lake	42	20 N	42.33	63	38 W	-83.63
57	Gabriel	46	16 N	46.27	73	26 W	-73.47
58	Ges-1-- St. Hippolyte	45	59 N	45.98	73	59 W	-73.98
59	Glenboro Lake	49	26 N	49.43	99	17 W	-99.28
60	Gohen Springs	31	43 N	31.72	86	8 W	-86.13
61	Grand Rapids	53	0 N	53.00	98	15 W	-98.25
62	Green Lake	44	53 N	44.88	85	7 W	-85.12
63	Greff Kettle Bog	43	25 N	43.42	80	11 W	-80.18
64	Heck Pond	37	59 N	37.98	79	0 W	-79.00
65	Harrowsmith	44	25 N	44.42	78	42 W	-76.70
66	Hawley Bog Pond	42	34 N	42.57	72	53 W	-72.88
67	Hayes Lake	49	35 N	49.58	93	45 W	-93.75
68	Heart Lake	44	11 N	44.18	73	58 W	-73.97
69	Heimetta Bog	40	23 N	40.38	74	26 W	-74.43
70	Horseshoe Lake	45	27 N	45.45	93	3 W	-93.05
71	Houghton Bog	42	32 N	42.53	78	40 W	-78.67
72	Hudson Lake	41	40 N	41.67	86	32 W	-86.53
73	Iglutlik Lake	66	8 N	66.13	66	5 W	-66.08
74	Jacobson Lake	46	25 N	46.42	92	43 W	-92.72
75	Jock Lake	46	41 N	46.68	86	27 W	-86.45
76	Joncas Bog	47	16 N	47.27	71	10 W	-71.17
77	Joncas Lake	47	15 N	47.25	71	10 W	-71.17
78	Kansaupacow	54	1 N	54.02	78	38 W	-76.63
79	Kenogami	49	22 N	48.37	71	34 W	-71.57
80	Kincardine Bog	44	9 N	44.15	81	39 W	-81.65
81	Kinsman Pond	44	8 N	44.13	71	44 W	-71.73
82	Kirchner Marsh	44	50 N	44.83	93	7 W	-93.12
83	Kogaluk Plateau Lake	56	4 N	56.07	63	45 W	-63.75
84	Kotirants	46	43 N	46.72	92	37 W	-92.62
85	Lac des Atocas	45	32 N	45.53	73	18 W	-73.30
86	Lac Bouleaux	45	33 N	45.55	73	19 W	-73.32
87	Lac Castor	46	36 N	46.60	72	59 W	-72.98
88	Lac Colin	46	43 N	46.72	70	18 W	-70.30
89	Lac Delorme II	54	25 N	54.42	69	55 W	-69.92
90	Lac Hamerd	54	48 N	54.80	67	30 W	-67.50
91	Lac Louis	47	17 N	47.28	79	7 W	-79.12
92	Lac Martini	47	26 N	47.47	72	45 W	-72.75
93	Lac Martyno	56	47 N	56.78	64	50 W	-64.83
94	Lac Mimi	47	30 N	47.50	70	22 W	-70.37
95	Lac Romer	45	58 N	45.97	73	20 W	-73.33
96	Lac Tania	45	46 N	45.77	74	16 W	-74.30
97	Lac a la Tortue	45	32 N	45.53	73	19 W	-73.32
98	Lac Yelle	48	30 N	48.50	79	38 W	-79.63
99	Lake Annie	27	12 N	27.20	81	21 W	-81.35
100	Lake of the Clouds	48	9 N	48.15	91	7 W	-91.12
101	Lake of the Clouds	44	16 N	44.27	71	19 W	-71.32
102	Lake E	50	43 N	50.72	99	39 W	-99.65
103	Lake Louise	30	43 N	30.72	83	15 W	-83.25
104	Lake Mary	46	15 N	46.25	89	54 W	-89.90
105	Lake Rogerine	41	30 N	41.50	74	20 W	-74.33
106	Lake West Okoboji	43	22 N	43.37	95	11 W	-95.18
107	Lanorio, St. Henri Bog	45	59 N	45.98	71	57 W	-71.95
108	Lantern Hill Pond	41	27 N	41.45	67	7 W	-67.12
109	LD' Lake	50	8 N	50.13	68	5 W	-68.08
110	Lima Bog	42	48 N	42.80	116	36 W	-316

TABLE 2. (continued)

111	Little Bass Lake	93	36	-93.60
112	Little Lake	93	43	-66.72
113	Lost Lake	45	15	66.72
114	Lynn Lake	45	15	-67.97
115	MacLaughlin Pond	46	72	101.05
116	Malbaie	56	83	56.83
117	Maplehurst	56	50	43.22
118	Marcotte	56	50	47.07
119	Martin Pond	47	16	47.16
120	Mauricie	46	78	46.78
121	Ber Bleue	45	40	45.40
122	Mingo Pond	35	15	35.15
123	Monhegan Island Meadow	43	96	43.77
124	Mont Shefford	45	35	45.35
125	Mont Valin	48	60	48.60
126	Montagnais	47	54	47.90
127	Moultou Pond	44	37	44.62
128	Muscatoh Marsh	39	32	39.53
129	Myrtle Lake	47	59	47.98
130	Nain Pond	56	32	56.53
131	Napakto Lake	57	55	57.92
132	Nelson Pond	46	24	46.40
133	North Bay	46	27	46.45
134	North Pond	42	39	42.65
135	Nunkets Pond	41	58	41.97
136	Old Field	37	7	37.12
137	Paisse Lake	58	26	58.47
138	Pameet Cranberry Bog	42	0	42.00
139	Panther Run Pond	40	48	40.80
140	Paradise Lake	53	3	53.05
141	Patricia Bay Lake	70	26	70.47
142	Perch Lake	46	2	46.03
143	Pickerel Lake	45	30	45.50
144	Pink Lake	45	26	45.47
145	Polland Spring Pond	44	2	44.03
146	Pond Mills Pond	42	55	42.92
147	Portage	47	12	47.20
148	Portage Bog	46	40	46.67
149	Potts Mountain Pond	37	36	37.60
150	Pretty Lake	41	35	41.58
151	Principle	46	8	46.13
152	Protection Bog	42	37	42.62
153	Pyramid Hills Lake	57	38	57.63
154	Qivituq Cliffs Peat	68	2	68.03
155	Quicksand	34	19	34.32
156	Ramsay Lake	45	36	45.60
157	Riley Lake	54	19	54.32
158	Rockyhock Bay	36	10	36.17
159	Rogers Lake	41	22	41.37
160	Rossburg Bog	46	35	46.58
161	Round Lake	41	14	41.23
162	Rutz Lake	44	52	44.87
163	Ryerce Lake	46	7	46.12
164	Sam	46	39	46.65
165	Sav-I -- Site. Agathe	46	3	46.05
277	NN	36	1	36
391	NW	64	1	64
391	W	50	1	50
391	SW	340	1	340
391	SE	36	1	36
391	E	36	1	36
391	NE	36	1	36
391	NE	36	1	36
391	SW	36	1	36
391	SE	36	1	36
391	E	36	1	36
391	NE	36	1	36
391	SW	36	1	36
391	SE	36	1	36
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391	NE	36	1	36
391	SW	36	1	36
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391	SW	36	1	36
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391	SW	36	1	36
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391	SW	36	1	36
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391	SW	36	1	36
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391	SW	36	1	36
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391	NE	36	1	36
391	SW	36	1	36
391	SE	36	1	36
391	E	36	1	36
391	NE	36	1	36
391	SW	36	1	36
391	SE	36	1	36
391	E	36	1	36
391	NE	36	1	36

TABLE 2. (continued)

166	Sav-11	- Lac aux Quenouilles	
167	168	Second Lake	
168	169	Shady Valley Peat	
169	170	Shaw's Bog	
170	171	Shouldice Lake	
171	172	Silver Lake	
172	173	Silver Lake	
173	174	Sinkhole Pond	
174	175	St. Benjamin	
175	176	St. Calixte	
176	177	St. Francois de Sales	
177	178	St. Germain	
178	179	St. Jean, l'ile d'Orleans	
179	180	St. John's Island Pond	
180	181	St. Raymond	
181	182	Stewart's Dark Lake	
182	183	Stotze-Lies Site	
183	184	Szabo Pond	
184	185	Tannersville Bog	
185	186	Terrell Pond	
186	187	Petit Lac Terrien	
187	188	Thompson	
188	189	Friticut Swamp - I	
189	190	Tonawa Lake	
190	191	Torrens Bog	
191	192	Tourturi Lake	
192	193	Ublik Lake	
193	194	Unknown Lake	
194	195	Upper South Branch Pond	
195	196	Upper Wallface Pond	
196	197	Vai St. Gilles Bog	
197	198	Van Nostrand Lake	
198	199	Vestaburg	
199	200	Victoria Road Bog	
200	201	Yolo Bog	
201	202	Weber Lake	
202	203	White Bound	
203	204	White Pond	
204	205	Whitney's Gulch	
205	206	Willow River Pond	
206	207	Wintergreen Lake	
207	208	Woden Bog	
208	209	Wolverine Lake	
209	210	Wood Lake	
210	211	Yamaska	
211	212	Yellow Dog Lake	
212	2003	Adak Island	
2003	2004	Antifreeze Pond	
2004	2005	Birch Lake	
2005	2007	Brooks River	
2007	2009	Chandler Lake	
2009	2010	Chapman	
2010	2011	Death Valley Lake	
2011	2013	Eight Lake	
2013	2015	Epiguruk I	
166	167	46.17	74.23 N
167	168	44.50 N	79.59 N
168	169	44.83 N	79.59 N
169	170	44.52 N	79.56 N
170	171	45.02 N	61.56 N
171	172	45.15 N	61.11 N
172	173	44.55 N	61.25 N
173	174	44.53 N	61.38 N
174	175	44.43 N	61.40 N
175	176	44.26 N	61.40 N
176	177	43.58 N	61.56 N
177	178	43.97 N	61.56 N
178	179	46.17 N	61.56 N
179	180	46.28 N	61.56 N
180	181	45.57 N	61.52 N
181	182	45.95 N	61.52 N
182	183	45.30 N	61.48 N
183	184	45.30 N	61.48 N
184	185	45.30 N	61.48 N
185	186	45.30 N	61.48 N
186	187	45.30 N	61.48 N
187	188	45.30 N	61.48 N
188	189	45.30 N	61.48 N
189	190	45.30 N	61.48 N
190	191	45.30 N	61.48 N
191	192	45.30 N	61.48 N
192	193	45.30 N	61.48 N
193	194	45.30 N	61.48 N
194	195	45.30 N	61.48 N
195	196	45.30 N	61.48 N
196	197	45.30 N	61.48 N
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198	199	45.30 N	61.48 N
199	200	45.30 N	61.48 N
200	201	45.30 N	61.48 N
201	202	45.30 N	61.48 N
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203	204	45.30 N	61.48 N
204	205	45.30 N	61.48 N
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206	207	45.30 N	61.48 N
207	208	45.30 N	61.48 N
208	209	45.30 N	61.48 N
209	210	45.30 N	61.48 N
210	211	45.30 N	61.48 N
211	212	45.30 N	61.48 N
212	2003	45.30 N	61.48 N
2003	2004	45.30 N	61.48 N
2004	2005	45.30 N	61.48 N
2005	2007	45.30 N	61.48 N
2007	2009	45.30 N	61.48 N
2009	2010	45.30 N	61.48 N
2010	2011	45.30 N	61.48 N
2011	2013	45.30 N	61.48 N
2013	2015	45.30 N	61.48 N
166	167	44.83 N	79.59 N
167	168	44.83 N	79.59 N
168	169	44.83 N	79.59 N
169	170	44.83 N	79.59 N
170	171	44.83 N	79.59 N
171	172	44.83 N	79.59 N
172	173	44.83 N	79.59 N
173	174	44.83 N	79.59 N
174	175	44.83 N	79.59 N
175	176	44.83 N	79.59 N
176	177	44.83 N	79.59 N
177	178	44.83 N	79.59 N
178	179	44.83 N	79.59 N
179	180	44.83 N	79.59 N
180	181	44.83 N	79.59 N
181	182	44.83 N	79.59 N
182	183	44.83 N	79.59 N
183	184	44.83 N	79.59 N
184	185	44.83 N	79.59 N
185	186	44.83 N	79.59 N
186	187	44.83 N	79.59 N
187	188	44.83 N	79.59 N
188	189	44.83 N	79.59 N
189	190	44.83 N	79.59 N
190	191	44.83 N	79.59 N
191	192	44.83 N	79.59 N
192	193	44.83 N	79.59 N
193	194	44.83 N	79.59 N
194	195	44.83 N	79.59 N
195	196	44.83 N	79.59 N
196	197	44.83 N	79.59 N
197	198	44.83 N	79.59 N
198	199	44.83 N	79.59 N
199	200	44.83 N	79.59 N
200	201	44.83 N	79.59 N
201	202	44.83 N	79.59 N
202	203	44.83 N	79.59 N
203	204	44.83 N	79.59 N
204	205	44.83 N	79.59 N
205	206	44.83 N	79.59 N
206	207	44.83 N	79.59 N
207	208	44.83 N	79.59 N
208	209	44.83 N	79.59 N
209	210	44.83 N	79.59 N
210	211	44.83 N	79.59 N
211	212	44.83 N	79.59 N
212	2003	44.83 N	79.59 N
2003	2004	44.83 N	79.59 N
2004	2005	44.83 N	79.59 N
2005	2007	44.83 N	79.59 N
2007	2009	44.83 N	79.59 N
2009	2010	44.83 N	79.59 N
2010	2011	44.83 N	79.59 N
2011	2013	44.83 N	79.59 N
2013	2015	44.83 N	79.59 N
166	167	44.83 N	79.59 N
167	168	44.83 N	79.59 N
168	169	44.83 N	79.59 N
169	170	44.83 N	79.59 N
170	171	44.83 N	79.59 N
171	172	44.83 N	79.59 N
172	173	44.83 N	79.59 N
173	174	44.83 N	79.59 N
174	175	44.83 N	79.59 N
175	176	44.83 N	79.59 N
176	177	44.83 N	79.59 N
177	178	44.83 N	79.59 N
178	179	44.83 N	79.59 N
179	180	44.83 N	79.59 N
180	181	44.83 N	79.59 N
181	182	44.83 N	79.59 N
182	183	44.83 N	79.59 N
183	184	44.83 N	79.59 N
184	185	44.83 N	79.59 N
185	186	44.83 N	79.59 N
186	187	44.83 N	79.59 N
187	188	44.83 N	79.59 N
188	189	44.83 N	79.59 N
189	190	44.83 N	79.59 N
190	191	44.83 N	79.59 N
191	192	44.83 N	79.59 N
192	193	44.83 N	79.59 N
193	194	44.83 N	79.59 N
194	195	44.83 N	79.59 N
195	196	44.83 N	79.59 N
196	197	44.83 N	79.59 N
197	198	44.83 N	79.59 N
198	199	44.83 N	79.59 N
199	200	44.83 N	79.59 N
200	201	44.83 N	79.59 N
201	202	44.83 N	79.59 N
202	203	44.83 N	79.59 N
203	204	44.83 N	79.59 N
204	205	44.83 N	79.59 N
205	206	44.83 N	79.59 N
206	207	44.83 N	79.59 N
207	208	44.83 N	79.59 N
208	209	44.83 N	79.59 N
209	210	44.83 N	79.59 N
210	211	44.83 N	79.59 N
211	212	44.83 N	79.59 N
212	2003	44.83 N	79.59 N
2003	2004	44.83 N	79.59 N
2004	2005	44.83 N	79.59 N
2005	2007	44.83 N	79.59 N
2007	2009	44.83 N	79.59 N
2009	2010	44.83 N	79.59 N
2010	2011	44.83 N	79.59 N
2011	2013	44.83 N	79.59 N
2013	2015	44.83 N	79.59 N
166	167	44.83 N	79.59 N
167	168	44.83 N	79.59 N
168	169	44.83 N	79.59 N
169	170	44.83 N	79.59 N
170	171	44.83 N	79.59 N
171	172	44.83 N	79.59 N
172	173	44.83 N	79.59 N
173	174	44.83 N	79.59 N
174	175	44.83 N	79.59 N
175	176	44.83 N	79.59 N
176	177	44.83 N	79.59 N
177	178	44.83 N	79.59 N
178	179	44.83 N	79.59 N
179	180	44.83 N	79.59 N
180	181	44.83 N	79.59 N
181	182	44.83 N	79.59 N
182	183	44.83 N	79.59 N
183	184	44.83 N	79.59 N
184	185	44.83 N	79.59 N
185	186	44.83 N	79.59 N
186	187	44.83 N	79.59 N
187	188	44.83 N	79.59 N
188	189	44.83 N	79.59 N
189	190	44.83 N	79.59 N
190	191	44.83 N	79.59 N
191	192	44.83 N	79.59 N
192	193	44.83 N	79.59 N
193	194	44.83 N	79.59 N
194	195	44.83 N	79.59 N
195	196	44.83 N	79.59 N
196	197	44.83 N	79.59 N
197	198	44.83 N	79.59 N
198	199	44.83 N	79.59 N
199	200	44.83 N	79.59 N
200	201	44.83 N	79.59 N
201	202	44.83 N	79.59 N
202	203	44.83 N	79.59 N
203	204	44.83 N	79.59 N
204	205	44.83 N	79.59 N
205	206	44.83 N	79.59 N
206	207	44.83 N	79.59 N
207	208	44.83 N	79.59 N
208	209	44.83 N	79.59 N
209	210	44.83 N	79.59 N
210	211	44.83 N	79.59 N
211	212	44.83 N	79.59 N
212	2003	44.83 N	79.59 N
2003	2004	44.83 N	79.59 N
2004	2005	44.83 N	79.59 N
2005	2007	44.83 N	79.59 N
2007	2009	44.83 N	79.59 N
2009	2010	44.83 N	79.59 N
2010	2011	44.83 N	79.59 N
2			

TABLE 2. (continued)

2018	16	Flora Lake	63.50	170.50	30 W	144.35	35 W	-144.58	35 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2002	
2020	20	George Lake	63.47	N	63.76	144	35	W	-144.58	35 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2048
2021	21	Gilli Lake	65.26	N	65.43	139	42	W	-139.70	42 W	37 L	YT	37 L	PT	14
2024	24	Hanging Lake 2	68.23	N	68.38	138	23	W	-138.38	23 W	37 L	YT	37 L	PO	2054
2034	34	Kaiyak Lake	68.7	N	68.12	161	25	W	-161.42	25 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2008
2043	43	Lake B	68.8	N	68.13	133	38	W	-133.63	38 W	37 L	AK	37 L	PO	2042
2044	44	Lateral Pond	66.0	N	66.00	136	0	W	-136.00	0 W	37 L	PO	2054	5	
2047	47	Nome	64.30	N	64.50	165	25	W	-165.42	25 W	36 PT	AK	36 PT	PO	2031
2049	49	Old Crow Flats	69.0	N	68.00	140	0	W	-140.00	0 W	37 CO	YT	37 CO	PO	2032
2063	63	Squirrel Lake	67.6	N	67.10	160	23	W	-160.38	23 W	36 L	CD	36 L	PO	2008
2064	64	Puyuk Lake (St. Michaels)	63.30	N	63.48	162	12	W	-162.03	12 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2001
2067	67	Tuktoyaktuk 5	69.3	N	69.05	133	27	W	-133.45	27 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2061
2068	68	Tungak Lake (Ingaksilugwak)	61.23	N	61.38	164	1	W	-164.02	1 W	36 L	CO	36 L	PO	2001
2073	73	Umiat	69.24	N	69.40	152	6	W	-152.10	6 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2034
2075	75	Whiterfish Lake	66.4	N	66.07	165	3	W	-165.05	3 W	36 L	AK	36 L	PO	2046
3001	1	Tregaron Bog	52.13	N	52.22	3	55	W	-3.92	165	12	AK	35 T	PO	3096
3003	3	Nant Ffrancon	53.11	N	53.18	4	3	W	-4.05	3 W	5 L	AK	35 T	PO	3096
3004	4	Din Moss	55.35	N	55.58	2	23	W	-2.33	170	28	AK	36 L	PO	3096
3005	5	Red Boss	53.37	N	53.62	2	33	W	-2.55	107	28	AK	36 L	PO	3097
3006	6	Scalby Moss	54.58	N	54.97	2	54	W	-2.90	30	8	T	8 T	PO	3401
3007	7	Loch Maree	57.41	N	57.68	5	29	W	-5.48	10	28	L	28 L	PO	3174
3008	8	Aberneithy Forest	57.14	N	57.23	3	43	W	-3.72	221	28	T	28 T	PO	3175
3009	9	By Loch Assynt	58.10	N	58.17	5	3	W	-5.05	70	28	T	28 T	PO	3176
3011	11	Loch Dungeon	55.8	N	55.13	4	13	W	-4.32	305	28	L	28 L	PO	3177
3012	12	Hockham mere	52.30	N	52.50	5	50	E	0.83	6	6	L	6 L	PO	3128
3013	13	Lake Trummen	56.52	N	56.87	14	50	E	14.83	161	31	L	31 L	PO	3129
3014	14	Loch Cill An Aonghas	55.47	N	55.78	5	32	W	-5.53	30	28	O	28 O	PO	3366
3015	15	Lake Striern	58.5	N	58.08	15	47	E	15.78	87	31	L	31 L	PO	3141
3016	16	Farskesjon	56.10	N	56.17	15	52	E	15.87	14	31	L	31 L	PO	3037
3017	17	Vuolep Njaka Jeure	68.20	N	68.33	18	45	E	18.75	408	31	L	31 L	PO	3300
3019	19	Ranviken Bay	56.16	N	56.27	14	18	E	14.30	81	31	T	31 T	PO	3130
3022	22	Edanger	63.3	N	63.05	18	17	E	18.28	95	31	T	31 T	PO	3329
3023	23	Halla	63.52	N	63.87	17	12	E	17.20	288	31	T	31 T	PO	3329
3024	24	Agerods Mosses	55.50	N	55.83	13	25	E	13.42	58	31	T	31 T	PO	3372
3027	27	Gladvatnet	56.47	N	56.78	16	36	E	16.60	<50	31	T	31 T	PO	3269
3029	29	Bracke	62.44	N	62.73	15	30	E	15.50	475	31	T	31 T	PO	3290
3031	31	Smors Joarna	58.33	N	58.55	11	52	E	11.87	141	31	L	31 L	PO	3291
3032	32	Kropps Jon	58.22	N	58.37	13	30	E	13.50	<200	31	L	31 L	PO	3292
3033	33	Mossbymosen	59.8	N	59.13	15	9	E	15.54	54	31	T	31 T	PO	3362
3034	34	Kelottijanka	68.34	N	68.57	22	0	E	22.00	286	11	T	11 T	PO	3282
3035	35	Domsvatnet	70.19	N	70.32	31	2	E	31.03	120	25	L	25 L	PO	3147
3036	36	Parvavuoma	67.35	N	67.58	25	0	E	25.00	178	11	T	11 T	PO	3077
3037	37	Kaakkurijlampi	67.3	N	67.05	28	56	E	28.93	180	11	T	11 T	PO	3327
3038	38	Maanselansuo	65.38	N	65.63	29	37	E	29.62	257	11	T	11 T	PO	3411
3039	39	Bruvatnet	70.11	N	70.18	28	25	E	28.42	119	25	L	25 L	PO	3148
3040	40	Suovlampi	69.35	N	69.56	28	50	E	28.83	104	11	L	11 L	PO	3149
3041	41	Akuvsara	69.8	N	69.13	27	41	E	27.68	170	11	L	11 L	PO	3148
3042	42	Sompiojarvi	68.5	N	68.06	27	30	E	27.50	242	11	L	11 L	PO	3298
3043	43	Kapusta	66.20	N	66.33	24	20	E	24.33	105	11	T	11 T	PO	3093
3044	44	Lake Flarken	58.36	N	58.60	13	43	E	13.72	<100	31	L	31 L	PO	3115
3045	45	Petronneva	62.55	N	62.92	27	0	E	27.00	105	11	T	11 T	PO	3250
3046	46	Kytopellonsuo	61.59	N	61.98	26	0	E	26.00	84	11	T	11 T	PO	3336
3047	47	Piitsonsu	62.50	N	62.83	30	54	E	30.90	147	11	T	11 T	PO	3251
3048	48	Lake Sarkkilanjarvi	61.45	N	61.75	23	6	E	23.10	87	11	L	11 L	PO	3326
3049	49	Lake Vakajarvi	60.20	N	60.33	24	36	E	24.60	82	11	L	11 L	PO	3190

TABLE 2. (continued)

3050	50	Lovo Järvvi	60	59 N	60.96	25	28 E	25.47	143	6	3	10
3051	51	Värrassuo	61	44 N	61.73	29	42 E	29.70	120	0	3335	0
3052	52	Sippurilampi	64	0 N	64.00	30	15 E	30.25	239	11	3149	1
3053	53	Joulenlampi	61	5 N	61.08	28	20 E	28.33	72	11	3385	0
3054	54	Pölttimäso	56	40 N	58.87	16	2 E	16.03	120	31	3295	5
3055	55	Langa Getsjön	63	47 N	63.78	26	12 E	26.20	155	11	3302	0
3057	57	Lohvanjärvvi	56	24 N	58.40	26	45 E	26.75	<100	9	3184	13
3058	58	Ullia	59	19 N	59.32	27	0 E	27.00	<100	9	3185	12
3059	59	Kaitina	60	11 N	60.18	19	30 E	19.50	-1	30	3150	5
3062	62	Trollvatnet	79	49 N	79.82	15	8 E	15.80	<200	17	3150	2
3063	63	Strossn	74	29 N	74.46	18	55 E	18.92	19	30	3150	3
3064	64	Skinkevattna	60	15 N	60.25	1	29 W	-1.48	15	26	3222	4
3065	65	Murraster	62	0 N	62.00	6	47 W	-6.78	14	10	3222	3
3066	66	Hoydalsar	65	41 N	65.68	16	24 W	-16.40	17	17	3056	3
3067	67	Ytri Baeglaa	65	35 N	65.56	20	4 E	-20.07	97	17	3410	2
3068	68	Haffratjorn	64	15 N	64.25	20	27 W	-20.45	100	17	3410	0
3069	69	Lomatjorn	62	5 N	62.08	7	14 W	-7.23	50	10	3052	5
3071	71	Klovinvattn	59	13 N	59.22	25	0 E	25.00	<100	9	3002	10
3073	73	Vaharu	57	19 N	57.32	19	27 E	18.45	40	31	3187	0
3074	74	Brottrask	59	7 N	58.12	6	53 W	-6.88	30	28	3033	6
3075	75	Little Loch Roag	58	28 N	58.47	3	12 W	-3.20	9	28	3366	10
3076	76	Loch Of Winless	54	23 N	54.38	2	58 W	-2.97	42	8	3405	5
3077	77	Bielham Tarn	54	29 N	54.48	1	29 W	-1.48	46	8	3057	11
3078	78	Neasham Fen	52	29 N	52.48	0	14 W	-0.23	1	8	3140	4
3079	79	Holine Fen	50	32 N	50.53	0	36 W	-4.60	229	8	3010	11
3082	82	Hawks Tor	50	32 N	50.53	4	32 W	-4.53	265	8	3010	5
3083	83	Dozmary Pool	52	52 N	52.87	2	51 W	-2.85	87	8	3323	11
3084	84	Croesmore	51	43 N	51.72	3	34 W	-3.57	488	5	3136	0
3085	85	Craig Y-Llyn	50	52 N	50.87	0	0 W	0.00	3	6	3023	2
3087	87	Lewes 11	50	42 N	50.70	2	6 W	-2.10	4	6	3351	0
3088	88	Worham	63	35 N	63.58	11	30 E	11.50	450	25	3381	10
3091	91	Forramyrene	63	3 N	63.05	7	31 E	7.85	<100	25	3053	4
3093	93	Kristiansundemyren	59	59 N	59.98	10	35 E	10.58	192	25	3376	2
3096	96	Fjotmyr	60	29 N	60.48	6	8 E	8.08	1310	25	3062	2
3097	97	Ustetlind	60	48 N	60.80	5	1 E	5.02	<100	25	3321	3
3099	99	Longstjorn	60	14 N	60.23	5	12 E	5.20	12	25	3242	0
3101	101	Leroy	59	46 N	59.77	30	3 E	5.50	38	25	3377	1
3103	103	Tveitavattn	58	9 N	58.15	8	3 E	8.05	70	4	3108	3
3106	106	Fuetjonn	59	15 N	59.25	11	16 E	11.27	142	7	3142	5
3108	108	Lille Kryssstjern	61	17 N	61.12	9	1 E	9.02	900	7	3016	0
3109	109	Tvengemyren	54	57 N	54.95	9	15 E	9.25	<50	7	3256	0
3110	110	Tinglev	56	37 N	56.62	9	43 E	9.72	<50	7	3384	0
3111	111	Brondum Bog	55	7 N	55.12	14	56 E	14.93	100	7	3232	14
3112	112	Graessoen	55	9 N	55.15	10	27 E	10.45	57	7	3396	9
3113	113	Leiffenderven	50	59 N	50.98	5	59 E	5.98	<100	15	3045	0
3114	114	Weerjix Valley	51	34 N	51.57	4	44 E	4.73	3	24	3317	0
3115	115	Lake Even	49	46 N	49.80	5	56 E	5.93	190	23	3318	2
3117	117	Lake Endelvattn	53	56 N	53.93	10	19 E	10.32	29	15	3111	38
3119	119	Emmen	54	52 N	54.87	6	55 E	6.92	<50	15	3253	7
3120	120	Leiffenderven	50	59 N	50.98	5	59 E	5.98	<100	15	3045	0
3121	121	Weerjix Valley	51	34 N	51.57	4	44 E	4.73	3	24	3317	0
3122	122	Pratz	49	46 N	49.80	5	56 E	5.93	190	23	3318	2
3123	123	Grosser Segeberger See	53	56 N	53.93	10	19 E	10.40	<100	15	3253	4
3124	124	Süder Iugum	53	10 N	53.17	7	56 W	7.56	<100	15	3253	4
3125	125	Meibcker Moor	53	10 N	53.17	7	56 W	-7.93	<100	15	3307	4
3126	126	Lough Nadourcon	55	3 N	55.05	7	56 W	-7.93	<100	15	3307	4

TABLE 2. (continued)

TABLE 2. (continued)

3202	202	Lago Viverone	44	22	N	44.37	6.47	E	6.78	2100	P0	3359
3203	203	La Clapouse	44	42	N	44.70	5.54	E	5.90	1460	P0	3359
3205	205	Tourbiere des Forest	45	5	N	45.08	5.51	E	5.85	1250	P0	3359
3206	206	Col Lutte	45	25	N	45.42	5.34	E	5.57	460	P0	3359
3207	207	Tourbiere de Chirens	44	3	N	44.05	7.27	E	7.45	2090	P0	3207
3208	208	Lac Long Interieur	43	34	N	43.57	2.44	E	2.73	1000	P0	3208
3210	210	Balasseuse	44	24	N	44.40	3.45	E	3.75	1400	P0	3208
3211	211	Lac des Esclauzes	45	35	N	45.58	2.48	E	2.80	1075	P0	3127
3213	213	Tourbiere du Pinet	42	52	N	42.87	1.58	E	1.97	680	P0	3135
3215	215	Lac de Balicerre	42	35	N	42.58	2.3	E	2.05	1764	P0	3135
3216	216	Banos de Tredos	42	46	N	42.77	0.49	E	0.82	1750	P0	3063
3218	218	Leveantem	67	38	N	67.63	21.1	E	21.02	360	P0	3021
3220	220	Dunakeszli	47	35	N	47.56	19.7	E	19.12	<200	P0	3284
3223	223	Podhorany	49	12	N	49.20	20.25	E	20.42	620	P0	3387
3225	225	Vracov	48	58	N	49.97	17.17	E	17.28	620	P0	3082
3229	229	Bistoi	49	2	N	49.03	15.8	E	15.13	650	P0	3228
3232	232	Ylikiliminkki	64	58	N	64.93	26.30	E	26.50	94	P0	3301
3235	235	Nikolajki	53	50	N	53.63	21.33	E	21.55	<200	P0	3287
3236	236	Porraslaampi	62	53	N	62.88	23.31	E	23.52	90	P0	3301
3237	237	Bialowieski	52	41	N	52.66	23.50	E	23.83	<200	P0	3278
3240	240	Wolbrom	50	23	N	50.38	19.46	E	19.77	375	P0	3296
3241	241	Ra Grelu	49	27	N	49.45	19.57	E	19.95	600	P0	3402
3242	242	Tarnawa Wyzna	49	7	N	49.12	22.50	E	22.83	670	P0	3286
3243	243	Czajkow	50	33	N	50.55	21.50	E	21.12	206	P0	3244
3244	244	Iasuo	61	33	N	61.55	26.21	E	26.35	95	P0	3252
3245	245	Imielity Lug	50	35	N	50.58	22.11	E	22.16	160	P0	3243
3246	246	Saarijarvi	62	15	N	62.25	27.45	E	27.75	100	P0	3206
3247	247	Lapeneva	62	15	N	62.25	23.18	E	23.30	163	P0	3299
3248	248	Valkkajarvi	66	48	N	66.80	24.7	E	24.12	106	P0	3303
3249	249	Silmeslampi	66	40	N	66.67	25.56	E	25.97	207	P0	3243
3250	250	Vuortilampi	62	54	N	62.90	27.40	E	27.67	108	P0	3216
3251	251	Lidsjomyren	64	19	N	64.32	15.14	E	15.23	300	P0	3211
3252	252	Hallvikasmyren	63	44	N	63.73	15.28	E	15.47	350	P0	3211
3253	253	Klockamyrren	63	18	N	63.30	12.29	E	12.48	530	P0	3211
3254	254	Hallafljorna	63	6	N	63.10	14.56	E	14.93	350	P0	3211
3255	255	Vattenloen	62	21	N	62.95	12.42	E	12.70	750	P0	3211
3256	256	Tranflion	62	10	N	62.17	15.17	E	15.28	320	P0	3211
3257	257	Stentjarnsmyren	60	37	N	60.62	12.44	E	12.73	430	P0	3212
3262	262	L.Kultjonn, Overhalla	64	27	N	64.45	11.47	E	11.78	159	P0	3044
3264	264	Bakkemyra	69	12	N	69.20	17.30	E	17.50	140	P0	3233
3265	265	Comarum So	61	8	N	61.13	45.32	W	-45.53	125	P0	3034
3266	266	Spongilla So	59	58	N	59.97	44.21	W	-44.35	6	P0	3365
3267	267	Morten So	70	52	N	70.87	22.27	W	-22.45	48	P0	3365
3268	268	Hugin So	70	46	N	70.77	24.7	W	-24.12	55	P0	3365
3269	269	Potamogetonso	70	57	N	70.95	27.44	W	-27.73	58	P0	3137
3607	607	Angmagassalik	65	36	N	65.60	37.39	W	-37.65	10	P0	3069
3651	651	Kamionka	49	39	N	49.65	21.0	E	21.00	465	P0	3247
3652	652	Wegiewice	51	24	N	51.40	18.10	E	18.17	<200	P0	3103
3654	654	Jeziora Budzynskiego	52	14	N	52.23	16.46	E	16.77	<100	P0	3254
3655	655	Jezioro Mielno	52	56	N	52.93	19.15	E	19.25	100	P0	3255
3656	656	Sime Bagno	53	41	N	53.68	18.0	E	18.00	<200	P0	3104
3657	657	Staszki	54	21	N	54.35	18.15	E	18.25	200	P0	3220
3658	658	Jezioro Jasno	54	13	N	54.22	16.9	E	16.15	<100	P0	3196
3659	659	Laguna de Las Sanguijuelas	42	8	N	42.13	6.45	W	-6.75	29	P0	3196

TABLE 2. (continued)

3660	660	Puertos de Riofrío	43	3	N	43.05	4	42	W	-4.70	1700	29	T	PO	3098
3661	661	Padul	37	2	N	37.03	3	37	W	-3.62	1000	29	T	PO	3099
3662	662	Turbera de Torreblanca	40	12	N	40.20	0	13	E	0.22	0	29	T	PO	3196
3663	663	Ereta	39	6	N	39.10	0	42	W	-0.70	200	29	T	PO	3198
3664	664	Turbera de Los Montes del Buyp	43	36	N	43.60	7	31	W	-7.52	550	29	T	PO	3197
3665	665	Lago Di Ledro	45	52	N	45.87	10	45	E	10.75	655	19	L	PO	3155
3672	672	Lago Di Monterosi	42	12	N	42.20	12	18	E	12.30	237	19	L	PO	3090
3673	673	Lake of Vico	42	19	N	42.32	12	10	E	12.17	507	19	L	PO	3007
3674	674	Lac de Creno	42	11	N	42.18	9	0	E	9.00	1280	12	F	PO	3304
3675	675	Fos	43	26	N	43.43	4	56	E	4.93	0	PO	3145
3686	686	Vid	43	5	N	43.08	17	34	E	17.57	4	33	T	PO	3025
3689	689	Malo Jezero	42	47	N	42.79	17	21	E	17.35	0	33	O	PO	3156
3690	690	Palu	45	2	N	45.03	13	42	E	13.70	0	33	O	PO	3157
3691	691	Igu	45	58	N	45.97	14	31	E	14.52	<500	33	L	PO	3017
3693	693	Kopalis	38	27	N	38.45	23	1	E	23.02	100	14	F	PO	3226
3699	699	Tenagi Phillippon	41	10	N	41.17	24	20	E	24.33	40	14	F	PO	3368
3701	701	Pertoulli	39	33	N	39.56	21	32	E	21.53	1275	14	F	PO	3316
3702	702	Edessa	40	49	N	40.82	21	57	E	21.95	500	14	F	PO	3347
3704	704	Iessina	39	43	N	39.72	20	46	E	20.77	470	14	F	PO	3347
3705	705	Iessina	42	34	N	42.57	24	29	E	24.48	1550	4	F	PO	3266
3709	709	Bogdan	42	4	N	42.07	23	36	E	23.60	1900	4	F	PO	3079
3710	710	Sucho Ezero	46	50	N	46.83	17	46	E	17.77	>100	16	L	PO	3032
3713	713	Balaton	54	40	N	54.67	23	40	E	23.67	100	21	L	PO	3324
3714	714	See Giblauriekis	56	16	N	56.27	21	0	E	21.00	0	20	T	PO	3003
3715	715	Sernate	56	16	N	56.50	37	45	E	37.75	>100	34	T	PO	3311
3723	723	Belchovoo	55	16	N	55.27	30	10	E	30.17	>100	34	T	PO	3055
3724	724	Dimofahins	56	30	N	58.50	31	20	E	31.33	<100	34	T	PO	3055
3725	725	Zmelskoje	56	50	N	56.83	29	29	E	29.48	200	34	T	PO	3055
3726	726	Pollstovo	57	46	N	57.77	40	59	E	40.98	100	34	T	PO	3055
3728	728	Krem	60	59	N	60.98	25	28	E	25.47	143	11	L	PO	3217
3734	734	Tyotjärvi	68	15	N	68.25	13	45	E	13.75	30	25	T	PO	3236
3737	737	Bostiad	63	30	N	63.50	18	12	E	18.20	121	31	T	PO	3382
3739	739	Norreusunda A	47	36	N	47.60	2	5	W	-2.08	6	12	O	PO	3297
3740	740	Redon	44	23	N	44.38	6	25	E	6.42	1066	12	F	PO	3205
3741	741	Vallon de Provence	43	7	N	43.12	0	4	W	-0.07	500	12	F	PO	3172
3743	743	Biscaye	44	45	N	44.75	4	52	E	4.00	1256	12	F	PO	3309
3745	745	Peyrebbeille	44	6	N	44.10	4	52	E	4.87	32	12	F	PO	3165
3746	746	Courthaxon	43	38	N	43.63	4	43	E	4.72	2	12	F	PO	3165
3748	748	Meyanne	54	9	N	54.15	10	25	E	10.42	<100	15	L	PO	3112
3750	750	Grosser Ploner See	53	38	N	53.63	10	5	E	10.08	<100	15	L	PO	3113
3751	751	Ausseataler 21.	47	21	N	47.35	8	33	E	8.55	405	32	T	PO	3024
3752	752	Kleiner Hafner 5	47	22	N	47.37	9	28	E	9.47	943	32	T	PO	3153
3753	753	Ballmoos	47	4	N	47.07	9	27	E	9.45	660	32	T	PO	3153
3754	754	Oberschen	46	52	N	46.87	3	42	E	9.70	2212	32	T	PO	3153
3755	755	Fanlin Pass	59	55	N	59.06	3	12	W	-3.20	40	28	T	PO	3370
3757	757	Glims Moss	52	32	N	52.53	4	43	E	4.72	-1	24	O	PO	3356
3759	759	The World's End	51	27	N	51.45	0	22	E	0.37	2	8	O	PO	3356
3760	760	C. 6932	45	24	N	45.40	5	9	W	-5.15	15.22	31	T	PO	3340
3765	765	Dun Boss	56	42	N	56.70	3	21	W	-3.35	380	28	T	PO	3189
3766	766	Huiles Jon	58	21	N	58.35	12	23	E	12.38	38	31	L	PO	3117
3768	768	Uitgeest	52	32	N	52.53	4	43	E	4.67	-2	24	O	PO	3356
3769	769	Alphen Aan De Rijn	52	8	N	52.13	4	40	E	4.67	>200	31	T	PO	3340
3770	770	Bymyren	62	31	N	62.52	15	13	E	17.00	45	31	L	PO	3340
3771	771	Rudetjarn	62	22	N	62.37	17	0	E	29.47	148	25	L	PO	3178
3772	772	Ostervatnet	70	9	N	70.15	29	28	E	26.78	<100	20	T	PO	3067
3774	774	Sosau	56	58	N	56.97	26	47	E	26.78	<100	14	T	PO	3067

TABLE 2. (continued)

TABLE 2. (continued)

5043	68	Iamsovel	65	40 N	65.67	61.30 E	61.50	76	73 L	P0	5040		
5044	93	Aral Sea	46	40 N	46.67	55.55	48.43 E	48.72	76	73 S	P0	5039	
5045	95	Ulanovo	55	33 N	55.55	49.82	51.21 E	51.35	76	73 S	P0	5007	
5046	97	Heimiazovskoe	49	49 N	49.82	57.13	50.50	25.50	231	73 B	P0	5007	
5047	98	Zalozhtsy II	49	40 N	49.67	50.37	54.80	24.65	231	73 B	P0	5007	
5048	99	Stolnov II	50	22 N	50.37	55.57	51.40	142.08	231	73 B	P0	5013	
5053	100	Uanda	51	24 N	55.57	59.15	55.57	155.98	229	73 S	P0	5013	
5054	101	Ichii	55	6 N	57.13	57.13	56.47 E	156.78	76	73 B	P0	5013	
5055	102	Ust-Khairuzovo	57	0 N	62.00	62.00	61.75	129.58	158.80	76	73 B	P0	5013
5056	103	Kirgansheis	54	48 N	54.80	59.15	58.48 E	159.58 E	59.97	152	73 B	P0	5018
5057	104	Ushkovskii	56	13 N	56.22	60.83	60.83	148.0 E	148.00	150	73 L	P0	5009
5058	105	Sart	68	50 N	66.83	59.15	59.15	131.59 E	131.98	0	73 AS	P0	5034
5059	109	Belkachi	59	9 N	59.15	64.30	64.30	141.52	141.87	76	73 AS	P0	5013
5060	110	Ozero Kradenee	62	0 N	62.00	62.00	61.75	102.48 E	129.58	457	73 L	P0	5019
5061	115	Chunis	61	45 N	61.75	61.75	61.75	102.60	102.60	229	73 L	P0	5022
5062	118	Boi Kuraspotochi	71	4 N	71.07	52.33	52.33	140.27 E	140.45	76	73 S	CT	5016
5063	120	River Chernyj Iar	52	20 N	52.33	64.30	64.30	141.52	141.87	76	73 AS	P0	5008
5064	121	Selerikan	64	18 N	64.30	61.60	61.60	142.00	142.00	240	75 L	LL	6001
6001	1	Abhe	11	15 N	11.25	11.25	11.25	27.25	27.42	49	73 L	LL	6002
6002	2	Abu Ballas	24	14 N	24.23	25.50	25.50	40.50 E	40.83	-82	50	LL	6004
6004	4	Afrera	13	25 N	13.42	16.83	16.83	13.20 E	13.33	350	63	LL	6005
6005	5	Agadem	16	50 N	16.83	11.60	11.60	42.30 E	42.50	-155	47	LL	6006
6006	6	Asai	11	36 N	11.60	16.75	16.75	13.0 E	13.00	63	55	LL	6014
6014	14	Bilma	18	45 N	16.75	16.75	16.75	36.6 E	36.10	100	51	LL	6016
6016	16	Bogoria	10	18 N	0.30	6.50	6.50	1.25 E	1.42	39	39	LL	6017
6017	17	Bosumtwi	6	30 N	6.50	27.17	27.17	0.15 E	0.25	12.12	260	LL	6018
6018	18	Bou Ali	27	10 N	27.33	3.4	3.4	37.00	37.00	500	74	LL	6019
6019	19	Bou Bernouss	13	0 N	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.0 E	14.00	282	77	LL	6022
6022	22	Chad-Megachadd	21	0 N	21.00	12.00	12.00	12.7 E	12.12	59	59	LL	6023
6023	23	Chemchane-Aderg	4	45 N	4.75	35.50	35.50	35.50	35.50	57	6024	LL	6024
6024	24	Chew Bahir	15	30 S	-15.50	30.50	30.50	42.00	42.00	120	50	LL	6025
6025	25	Chiawa	11	30 N	11.50	42.00	42.00	42.00	42.00	6027	11	LL	6027
6027	27	Dobi-Hanle	21	30 N	21.50	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	43	43	LL	6028
6028	28	Ehneri Bardague	20	48 N	20.80	0.30	0.30	0.42 E	0.42 E	58	58	LL	6030
6030	30	Erg Ine Sakane	20	50 N	20.83	0.32	0.32	0.38 E	0.38 E	58	58	LL	6031
6031	31	Erg Ine Sakane East	20	57 N	20.95	0.32	0.32	0.42 E	0.42 E	58	58	LL	6033
6033	33	Erg Ine Sakane North-east	18	7 N	18.12	1.40 E	1.40 E	11.67	11.67	63	63	LL	6036
6036	36	Fachi	21	2 N	21.03	0.45 E	0.45 E	0.75	0.75	58	58	LL	6042
6042	42	Great North Lake	18	16 N	18.30	15.49 E	15.49 E	-0.75	-0.75	59	59	LL	6044
6044	44	Hassel Gaboun	32	0 N	32.00	5.51 E	5.51 E	5.85	5.85	39	39	LL	6045
6045	45	Hassi Messoud	20	48 N	20.50	0.42	0.42	-1.13	-1.13	6047	2	LL	6047
6047	47	Ichorrad Mell	26	12 N	26.20	0.53	0.53	0.88	0.88	6050	3	LL	6050
6050	50	Kadda	19	10 N	19.17	12.30 E	12.30 E	-12.50	-12.50	59	59	LL	6054
6054	54	Khat Depression	2	0 S	-2.00	2.90	2.90	29.00	29.00	1462	78	LL	6055
6055	55	Kivu	1	53 S	-1.88	36.16 E	36.16 E	604	604	55	55	LL	6070
6060	60	Magadi	20	24 S	-20.40	24.42	24.42	900	900	42	42	LL	6061
6061	61	Makgadikgad	3	37 S	-3.62	35.49 E	35.49 E	6052	6052	0	0	LL	6062
6062	62	Manyara	1	30 N	1.50	31.0 E	31.0 E	619	619	80	80	LL	6065
6065	65	Mobutu Sese Seko	23	0 N	23.00	31.0 E	31.0 E	6070	6070	33	33	LL	6070
6070	70	Nabta Playa	1	15 S	-1.25	36.20 E	36.20 E	6072	6072	0	0	LL	6072
6072	72	Nalvasha	0	25 N	0.42	36.17 E	36.17 E	6073	6073	13	13	LL	6073
6073	73	Nakuru-Elmenteita	20	52 N	20.87	12.52 E	12.52 E	-12.87	-12.87	59	59	LL	6074
6074	74	Oum Arouba	19	3 N	19.05	20.30 E	20.30 E	43	43	6075	6075	2	2
6075	75	Ouartanga Kebir	19	3 N	19.05	32.30 E	32.30 E	69	69	793	793	LL	6076

TABLE 2. (continued)

6080	60	Sellima	29	20	E	25.34
6084	64	Sims	29	21	E	25.35
6086	66	Taoudenni Sabkha	29	22	E	-4.00
6088	68	Termit Ouest/Kandell Bouzou	22	30	N	11.25
6090	90	Tirerloum	16	5	N	16.66
6093	93	Turkana	16	30	N	11.15
6095	95	Victoria	21	22	N	21.37
6099	99	Wadi Dukechert	5	0	N	5.00
6100	100	Wadi Saoura	1	0	S	-1.00
6103	103	Ziway-Shala	20	40	N	20.67
6104	104	Beysehir	27	20	N	27.33
6107	107	Didwanas	18	33	N	19.55
6108	108	Gebel Maghra	30	45	N	30.75
6113	113	Konya	37	30	N	37.50
6114	114	Lisan-Dead Sea	31	30	N	31.50
6115	115	Lunkarsassar	28	30	N	28.50
6116	116	Bundafan, Rub' al Khali	18	33	N	19.55
6123	123	Sambhar	27	0	N	27.00
6129	129	Zeribar	35	32	N	35.53
6131	131	Goshen Springs	31	43	N	31.72
6132	132	Cochise	32	6	N	32.13
6134	134	Adobe	37	55	N	37.91
6136	136	Deep Spring	33	17	N	37.28
6137	137	Leconte	35	36	N	35.60
6143	143	Seerles	34	10	N	34.16
6145	145	White Pond	27	16	N	27.30
6146	146	Annie	27	0	N	27.00
6147	147	Little Salt Spring	43	0	N	43.00
6148	148	Kettle Hole Lake	46	20	N	46.33
6150	150	West Lake Okoboji	41	56	N	41.93
6151	151	Duck Pond	44	50	N	44.83
6152	152	Kirchner Marsh	47	28	N	47.47
6153	153	Weber Lake	37	7	N	37.12
6154	154	Old Field Swamp	40	0	N	40.00
6156	156	Lahontan	34	15	N	34.25
6161	161	Blackwater Draw	34	36	N	34.60
6162	162	Estancia	33	50	N	33.83
6165	165	San Agustin	43	31	N	43.52
6167	167	Lake George	64	40	N	42.67
6168	168	Chewaucan	43	10	N	43.17
6169	169	Fort Rock	40	39	N	40.50
6178	178	Bonneville	43	6	N	43.10
6179	179	Mendota	52	37	N	52.62
6181	181	Lake Isle	53	0	N	53.00
6182	182	Moore Lake	53	35	N	53.58
6183	183	Smilby Lake	53	30	N	53.50
6184	184	Nezamun Lake	50	52	N	50.87
6185	185	Hedge Lake	56	15	N	56.25
6186	186	Fiddler's Pond	51	0	N	51.00
6187	187	Manitoba	19	30	N	19.50
6189	189	Laguna Chichancanab	19	30	N	19.50
6190	190	Mexico	19	35	N	19.58
6191	191	Patzcuaro	19	8	N	19.13
6193	193	Upper Lerma	0	52	N	0.87

TABLE 2. (continued)

196	Fuquene	Tagua Tagua
198	198	Lasaguas de Tagua Tagua
199	199	Taucua
199	199	Valencias
200	200	Bullennerrri
202	202	E1 Abrs
206	206	Bullennerrri
211	211	Euramco
213	213	George
214	214	Grotuk
215	215	Kellambete
217	217	Kow Swamp
218	218	Leske
219	219	Lynchs Crater
220	220	Mashes Swamp
221	221	Marshes Swamp
222	222	Pulbeens Swamp
223	223	Quincan Crater
226	226	Victoria
228	228	Willandres Lakes
229	229	Rotorus
231	231	Comarum So
234	234	Pityoullish
235	235	Tyotjarni
236	236	Wielke Gacno
237	237	Chatyrikel
130	130	Cahaba Pond
1	A179	15
2	K700	1
3	K714	15
4	RC	949
5	RC	9225
6	RC	9228
7	V	15168
8	V	18357
9	V	2323
10	V	2381
11	V	2382
12	V	2559
13	V	2720
14	V	27114
15	V	2814
16	V	28127
17	V	29179
18	V	29163
19	V	29192
20	V	3036
21	V	3041
22	V	3051
23	V	3097
24	V	30101
25	RC13	205
26	V19	30
27	RC13	229
28	RC13	228
29	RC11	120
30	N	5.50
34	30	5 -34.50
19	30	5 -19.50
10	6	N 10.10
5	5	0 N 5.00
38	15	S -36.25
17	10	S -17.17
37	26	S -37.43
38	13	S -38.22
38	2	S -38.04
36	12	S -36.20
37	35	S -37.58
17	22	S -17.37
37	27	S -37.61
33	7	S -33.12
40	57	S -40.95
17	18	S -17.30
34	0	S -34.00
33	6	S -33.50
61	8	N 61.13
57	12	N 57.20
60	59	N 60.98
53	44	N 53.73
40	36	N 40.60
33	30	N 33.50
24	48	N 24.80
50	0	N 50.00
58	46	N 58.77
11	11	N 11.18
54	59	N 54.98
52	33	N 52.55
0	12	N 0.20
15	2	N 15.03
56	5	N 56.06
54	15	N 54.25
52	35	N 52.58
1	22	N 1.37
54	0	N 54.00
55	3	N 55.05
64	47	N 64.78
54	16	N 54.27
11	39	N 11.65
44	0	N 44.00
49	8	N 49.13
64	47	N 64.78
54	16	N 54.27
10	13	N 0.22
19	52	N 19.87
41	0	N 41.00
44	6	N 44.10
21	V8021	
22	V8022	
23	V8023	
24	V8024	
25	V8025	
26	V8026	
27	V8027	
28	V8028	
29	V8029	
30	N	6196
31	N	6198
32	N	6199
33	N	6200
34	N	6202
35	N	6206
36	N	6211
37	N	6213
38	N	6214
39	N	6214
40	N	6215
41	N	6217
42	N	6218
43	N	6219
44	N	6220
45	N	6221
46	N	6222
47	N	6223
48	N	6226
49	N	6228
50	N	6229
51	N	6231
52	N	6234
53	N	6235
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94	N	6276
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97	N	6279
98	N	6280
99	N	6281
100	N	6282
101	N	6283
102	N	6284
103	N	6285
104	N	6286
105	N	6287
106	N	6288
107	N	6289
108	N	6290
109	N	6291
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112	N	6294
113	N	6295
114	N	6296
115	N	6297
116	N	6298
117	N	6299
118	N	6300
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124	N	6306
125	N	6307
126	N	6308
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129	N	6311
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216	N	6398
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218	N	6400
219	N	6401
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223	N	6405
224	N	6406
225	N	6407
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229	N	6411
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231	N	6413
232	N	6414
233	N	6415
234	N	6416
235	N	6417
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371	N	6553
372	N	6554
373	N	6555
374	N	6556
375	N	6557
376	N	6558
377	N	6559
378	N	6

TABLE 2. (continued)

TABLE 2. (concluded)

9503	No Man's Bog	39	35	S	-39.58	176	15	E	176.25
9505	Maratoto	37	53	S	-37.88	175	18	E	175.30
9506	Uairehu	39	3	S	-39.05	175	39	E	175.65
9507	Bell Hill	42	33	S	-42.55	171	32	E	171.53
9508	Crooked Mary Creek	42	25	S	-42.42	172	7	E	172.12
9509	Kaiipo Lagoon	38	41	S	-39.68	177	12	E	177.20
9510	Lady Lake	42	36	S	-42.60	171	35	E	171.58
9511	Merrivale	46	40	S	-46.67	167	52	E	167.87
9512	Ngaere	39	26	S	-39.43	174	20	E	174.33
9513	Swampy Hill	45	48	S	-45.80	170	29	E	170.48
9514	Stotts Bog	46	31	S	-46.52	169	22	E	169.37
9515	Pyramid Valley	42	58	S	-42.97	172	36	E	172.60
9516	Ohinewai	37	29	S	-37.48	175	13	E	175.22
9517	Pauatahanui	41	6	S	-41.10	174	54	E	174.90
9518	Woolashed Hill	42	59	S	-42.98	171	45	E	171.75
						1000			
									1300
									9513
									9502
									9511
									9510
									9510
									9510
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									9504
									9505
									9505
									9515

TABLE 3. An example of the data files on the 6000 Yr. B.P. tape.

1	ALBION	LAT = 45.670	LONG = -71.320	ELEV = 320	METERS.	320	0.28	0.0	0.0	0.75	
1.23	0.76	7.05	57.95	19.81	1.56	1.03	1.37	1.25	0.40	4.21	
0.38	0.0	0.0	0.28	0.0	0.0	0.29	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.27	
19.8	+1.6					0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.53	
2	ALDERDAL	LAT = 46.050	LONG = -79.200	ELEV = 240	METERS.	240	0.09	1.09	1.09	1.09	
0.23	1.94	77.52	8.29	1.09	1.09	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1.09	0.08	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
19.1	+0.4									2.09	
3	ALEXANDR	LAT = 53.333	LONG = -60.583	ELEV = 143	METERS.	143	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2.10	1.10	6.80	16.40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
23.80	17.40	2.80	8.50	13.20	6.00	0.0	0.40	0.0	0.0	1.40	
7.7	-6.4										
4	ALEXISLK	LAT = 52.517	LONG = -57.033	ELEV = 200	METERS.	200	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
70.21	12.98	1.70	10.19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2.06	0.28	0.02	1.10	0.58	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
13.3	+0.4										
5	ALFIES	LAT = 47.883	LONG = -84.867	ELEV = 288	METERS.	288	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
2.32	1.11	64.92	20.37	9.90	0.0	0.90	0.0	0.10	1.11	2.88	
1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.88	0.22	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.11	
18.5	+2.7										
6	ALIUK	LAT = 54.583	LONG = -57.367	ELEV = 25	METERS.	25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
10.20	4.05	0.80	24.42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
57.25	0.45	1.02	0.71	0.80	0.05	0.0	0.35	0.0	0.0	0.0	
10.2	-2.0										
7	ALLENBORG	LAT = 42.250	LONG = -78.870	ELEV = 494	METERS.	494	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	2.44	9.30	28.35	23.88	4.99	5.57	2.07	1.88	11.51	
0.48	0.0	0.0	0.34	0.29	0.30	0.77	0.29	0.20	0.0	1.52	
21.0	+0.6									0.01	
8	ANDERSON	LAT = 36.033	LONG = -85.500	ELEV = 305	METERS.	305	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1.20	0.0	0.74	1.21	0.14	0.39	0.78	0.75	4.25	1.48	21.92	
44.94	0.65	0.0	3.51	3.74	0.0	0.16	0.94	0.0	0.0	3.64	
25.8	+0.1									0.55	
9	ATTAWAPS	LAT = 53.000	LONG = -85.170	ELEV = 100	METERS.	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
41.80	0.0	40.00	10.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.90	0.0	0.0	0.90	0.0	1.80	0.90	1.80	0.90	0.0	0.0	
16.6	+1.6										
10	BATESPL	LAT = 47.402	LONG = -70.685	ELEV = 640	METERS.	640	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5.90	3.50	18.40	60.20	0.70	0.50	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.0	0.50	
5.00	0.0	0.30	0.70	0.20	0.20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.20	
18.6	+0.7										
11	BALYCROY	LAT = 43.954	LONG = -79.872	ELEV = 297	METERS.	297	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.02	0.0	19.21	2.24	16.31	13.28	7.25	7.60	3.85	2.10	21.61	
0.05	0.0	0.0	3.28	0.38	0.03	0.02	0.0	0.38	0.0	0.30	
21.9	+2.0										
12	BASEPASSF	LAT = 46.792	LONG = -71.333	ELEV = 16	METERS.	16	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
5.30	0.40	41.70	16.20	0.0	0.0	0.40	1.30	0.40	0.0	1.80	
3.90	0.40	0.0	17.10	7.50	0.40	0.0	2.20	0.0	0.0	35.10	
13	BASSWOOD	LAT = 45.250	LONG = -67.333	ELEV = 106	METERS.	106	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1.53	0.42	37.26	20.65	28.77	0.76	0.73	0.54	1.11	0.12	5.76	
1.15	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.0	0.18	0.12	0.0	0.18	0.0	0.0	
20.6	+1.1									0.40	
14	BELMONT	LAT = 42.250	LONG = -77.917	ELEV = 509	METERS.	509	6.11	2.04	2.16	2.06	9.43
0.05	0.0	9.73	5.27	42.12	8.39	0.55	0.35	0.05	0.35	0.55	
1.03	0.30	0.81	0.35	0.30	0.25	0.55	0.0	0.49	6.15	0.68	

TABLE 3. (concluded)

21.1	+0.4	BEREZIUK	LAT = 54.050	LONG = -76.121	ELEV = 205	METERS.	0.0	0.29	0.0	0.0	0.74	0.92		
15	38.13	0.0	2.50	19.49	0.0	0.0	0.20	0.29	0.0	0.0	0.57	0.29		
	33.79	0.48	0.49	0.25	0.01	0.51	0.21	0.46	0.0	0.29	0.48	0.57		
	12.0	-1.0	DERRYPND	LAT = 42.500	LONG = -73.317	ELEV = 600	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.25	
16	0.12	0.03	6.32	19.58	19.03	13.06	3.29	1.54	2.27	5.85	22.74	1.95	0.07	
	0.29	0.0	0.0	0.74	0.0	0.17	0.0	0.50	0.20	0.0	0.0	0.76	0.0	
	21.4	+1.4	BIGPOND	LAT = 39.767	LONG = -78.550	ELEV = 634	METERS.	0.09	0.09	0.0	0.77	55.96	1.54	0.0
	0.13	0.34	8.28	1.57	2.05	0.66	0.01	0.56	0.0	5.58	0.0	0.0	0.86	
	2.53	0.26	2.0	2.78	1.87	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.57	
	22.7	+0.6	BLACKWIN	LAT = 47.900	LONG = -94.867	ELEV = 261	METERS.	0.0	0.29	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.20	0.0
18	7.13	0.71	62.20	17.59	1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.82	0.29	0.0	
	2.31	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.29	1.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.00	
	18.0	+2.2	8000	LAT = 47.163	LONG = -95.167	ELEV = 457	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.47	0.43
	0.17	0.0	6.38	2.43	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.10	0.77	0.89	25.26	0.0	0.0	
	3.05	3.87	0.0	5.76	16.09	17.13	1.93	2.33	6.14	0.0	0.0	0.17	2.93	
	22.4	+2.6	BOUNDARY	LAT = 45.570	LONG = -70.600	ELEV = 603	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.73
	1.62	1.46	34.31	36.87	6.41	1.12	1.73	1.32	1.62	1.11	7.46	0.0	0.0	
	1.52	0.09	0.0	0.20	0.0	0.0	0.09	0.0	0.09	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.49	
	20.3	+2.5	BOUNDARY	LAT = 55.250	LONG = -67.400	ELEV = 525	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.22
21	0.41	0.0	1.54	28.82	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	54.83	1.70	0.0	2.64	1.03	0.34	0.0	0.40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	10.0	-2.6	BRANDRETT	LAT = 43.917	LONG = -74.683	ELEV = 563	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.09	0.0	17.81	17.39	39.24	4.71	3.42	2.88	0.50	1.17	6.06	0.46	0.0	
	1.38	0.0	0.46	1.79	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.46	0.0	0.0	1.38	
	20.0	+1.2	BROWNSLN	LAT = 40.683	LONG = -62.050	ELEV = 290	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	2.28	1.24	1.02	2.26	1.48	9.35	0.46	0.0	61.52	3.74	0.46	
	0.46	1.63	0.06	0.46	3.43	0.0	3.51	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.65	0.45	
	23.2	+1.0	BUGBEE	LAT = 44.367	LONG = -72.150	ELEV = 398	METERS.	0.02	0.49	0.0	0.0	1.00	0.0	0.0
	1.06	0.10	17.26	23.76	52.30	1.87	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.01	1.00	0.0	0.10	0.49	0.0	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	20.0	+0.4	BLSBIGBEE	LAT = 33.563	LONG = -88.474	ELEV = 29	METERS.	0.0	1.66	0.0	1.86	55.61	6.36	0.0
	0.0	0.0	1.64	0.78	0.0	2.29	2.85	1.66	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	11.88	2.26	0.0	0.0	1.35	0.0	1.35	0.50	0.50	0.0	0.0	4.50	4.42	
	26.1	-1.5	CAHABA	LAT = 41.96	LONG = -86.529	ELEV = 204	METERS.	0.0	0.90	1.38	0.24	30.05	1.95	0.36
	0.24	0.42	0.0	0.78	1.68	0.0	0.59	0.24	0.12	24.09	0.0	0.12	5.81	
	27.0	-0.6	CAMP11LK	LAT = 46.667	LONG = -86.017	ELEV = 549	METERS.	0.0	0.92	1.55	0.14	2.82	3.67	0.09
	0.0	0.26	75.33	7.35	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.51	0.93	
	2.13	0.09	0.09	1.14	0.0	0.42	0.38	0.37	0.31	0.0	0.0	0.28	0.0	
	19.4	+1.2	CHARLES	LAT = 44.730	LONG = -81.020	ELEV = 219	METERS.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.97
	0.36	0.13	18.87	3.64	10.66	1.44	9.93	6.72	4.56	4.46	10.76	0.0	0.0	0.13

TABLE 4. An example of the publication index files on the 6000 Yr. B.P. tape.

2	Gruger, J. 1973
11	McAndrews, J.H. 1966
13	Fries, M. 1962
22	Webb, T. III 1974
24	Brubaker, L.B. 1975
26	Bailey, R.E. unpubl.
33	Terasmae, J. and Anderson, T.W. 1970
37	Livingstone, D.A. 1960
42	Terasmae, J. 1968
54	Ogden, J.G. III 1966
55	Craig, A.J. 1969
62	Watts, W.A. 1970
68	Walker, P.C. and Hartman, R.J. 1960
91	Gilliam, J.A., Kapp, R.D., and Bogue, R.D. 1967
99	Watts, W.A. 1971
101	Vincent, J.S. 1973
103	Miller, W.G. 1973
112	Davis, A.W. 1977
125	Spear, R.W. and Miller, N.G. 1976
133	Watts, W.A. 1980
134	Delcourt, P.A. 1980
136	Sheehan, M.C. and Whitehead, D.R. 1983
137	Watts, W.A. 1975
145	Barclay, F.H. 1957
152	Whitehead, D.R. 1972
153	Whitehead, D.R. 1981
157	Ogden, J.G. III and May, R.J. 1967
158	Ogden, J.G. III unpubl.
160	Karrow, P. et al. 1975
161	Anderson, T.W. 1980
162	Anderson, S. and Davis, R.B. unpubl.
163	Manny, B.A., Hetzel, R.G., and Bailey, R.E. 1978
165	Bostwick, L.K. unpubl.
166	Comtois, P. 1982
168	Davis, P.T. 1980
169	Davis, R.B., Bradstreet, T.E., Stuckenroth, R., and Burns, H.W. 1975
170	Davis, R.B. 1969
174	Hadden, K.A. 1976
175	Heide, K.M. 1981
176	Jacobson, G.L. 1979
177	Janssen, C.R. 1968
178	Jordan, R.H. 1975
180	Kapp, R.D. unpubl.
181	King, J.E. 1981
182	Lamb, H.F. 1978
183	Larouche, A. and Richard, P. unpubl.
186	McAndrews, J.H. 1981
189	McAndrews, J.H. 1970
190	McDowell, L.L. et al. 1971
191	Trent, K.M. unpubl.
192	Mott, R.J. 1975
193	Mott, R.J. 1977
194	Mott, R.J. and Farley-Gill, L.D. 1978
196	Mott, R.J. 1976
197	Overpeck, J.T. 1984

TABLE 4. (concluded)

- Patterson, W. 111 unpubl.
 Peters, A. and Webb, T. 111 1979
 Richard, P. 1977
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Under Contract No. DE-AC02-79EV10097

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ABSTRACT

Pollen, lake-level, and marine plankton data form a global data base with 797 stations for 6000 yr B.P. Sets of pollen samples are available from eastern North America, Alaska, Europe, the Soviet Union, South America, and New Zealand. Sites with lake-level data provide coverage in Australia, Africa, southwestern Asia, and western North America, as well as in eastern North America and South America. Marine plankton data are mainly available from the North Atlantic and northwestern Indian Oceans, but isolated samples exist in the Pacific and Southern Oceans. Estimated temperature values are available from eastern North America, Europe, and the ocean samples, and estimated precipitation values exist for central North America and for isolated sites in India and Africa. The data are displayed on maps, and the site locations and other descriptive information are listed in tables. The data set is available on tape or disk from Carbon Dioxide Information Center at Oak Ridge National Laboratory.



INTRODUCTION

The testing of climate-model simulations for past climates requires subcontinental to global maps of paleoclimatic data. Such maps reveal the magnitude and pattern of climatic variables at enough model grid-points that useful comparisons are possible. CLIMAP (1976) pioneered in quantitative paleoclimatic reconstruction at a global scale for 18,000 yr B.P., and presented a contoured map of estimated sea surface temperatures. Sarnthein (1978), Street and Grove (1979), Denton and Hughes (1981), and Peterson et al. (1979) complemented this effort with global maps of terrestrial data, and Gates (1976a,b) and Manabe and Hahn (1977) used the CLIMAP (1976) data in simulations of the full glacial climate with general circulation models (GCM). Recent GCM-modeling of Holocene climates requires comparable syntheses of Holocene data (Kutzbach, 1981; Kutzbach and Guetter, 1984; Webb, 1984). A global set of paleoclimatic data for 6000 yr B.P. has therefore been assembled as the initial phase of a long-term project to map the global-scale patterns in the climates of the past 20,000 years and to test climate model simulations for various dates during this time period (Webb, 1985; Webb et al., 1985).

The current data set consists of pollen, lake-level, and marine plankton data and, where possible, includes quantitative paleoclimatic values estimated from these data. Pollen data record the broad-scale vegetational patterns that are related to climate (Webb, 1985), and lake-level data record the relative water depth in lakes and thus provide records of past changes in moisture (Street-Perrott and Harrison, 1985). The marine plankton data contain information about the geographic distribution of plankton, which like the vegetation reflect climatic patterns. The two main reasons for choosing these three types of data were that 1) they are quantitative and can be calibrated in climatic terms and 2) they occur in networks of samples with good dating control and broad geographic coverage. As currently assembled, the data set provides a core of paleoclimatic information about 6000 yr B.P. to which information from other sources such as ice cores (Lorius et al., 1984; Neftel et al., 1982), paleodunes (Sarnthein, 1978), paleosols (Ruhe, 1983), and fluvial geomorphology (Knox, 1983) can be added.

This report provides a description of the current global data set for 6000 yr B.P. that is stored in computer files and available from Carbon Dioxide Information Center at Oak Ridge National Laboratory. A full climatic interpretation of the data will appear in "Global Climates 6000 and 9000 yr B.P." (COHMAP Members, in prep.), which will include chapters describing the regional data sets as well as chapters describing global maps of the data and climatic estimates derived from the data. Two of the Appendices (C and J) describe subsets of the global data set, and Bartlein et al. (1984), Bartlein and Webb (1985c), Huntley and Birks (1983), Kutzbach (1980), Smith and Street-Perrott (1983), Street-Perrott and Harrison (1985), Swain et al. (1983), Webb (1985), Webb et al. (1985), and Wright (1984) describe the data and their interpretation.

Kellogg (1978) and Butzer (1980) first published global maps of mid-Holocene climatic conditions as possible analogs for future warm climates induced by doubling the concentration of atmospheric carbon dioxide. As pioneering studies, their work highlighted the need for global paleoclimatic maps, but their maps were qualitative, showed no sites, mixed data from a 3000- to 4000-year interval, and contained no detailed documentation or reference lists. A critical review of their work suggested a need for well documented data sets with quantitative paleoclimatic estimates from as narrow a time range as possible. The data set described in this report represents an effort to meet this goal for data from the mid-Holocene. Problems can arise when data from 6000 yr B.P. are used to provide climatic scenarios for possible CO₂-induced climate, because the seasonal radiational heating at 6000 yr B.P. was significantly different from today (Berger, 1978; Kutzbach and Guetter, 1984; Webb and Wigley, 1985), and no clear evidence exists that the global mean temperature was higher than it is now (Webb and Wigley, 1985). These points are further discussed in the Discussion section of this report.

THE DATA SET

The Global Data Set

1. Computer Files of 6000 yr B.P. Data

The global data set is stored in a series of computer files. Appendix A contains the Master Format File that lists all the files and shows how they are organized. Appendix A also contains several tables with descriptive information about codes (e.g., country code or state code) used in describing the sites with data for 6000 yr B.P.

The total data set is subdivided into nine groups of computer files by data type (pollen, lake level, and marine plankton) and, for pollen and marine plankton data, by geographic regions. The pollen data are subdivided into groups of files for eastern North America, Alaska, and northwest Canada, Europe, the Soviet Union, South America, and New Zealand, and the marine plankton data are divided into two groups, one for data from the Atlantic, Pacific and Southern Oceans and the other for data from the Indian Ocean. Each of the nine groups of files includes 1) a FORMAT file that describes the format and contents of each of the other files, 2) an INDEX file that contains in tabular form descriptive information about each site and its data, 3) a DATA6K file that contains the data and available climatic estimates, 4) a PUBINDEX file that contains an index number for locating the bibliographic references associated with each site, and 5) a REFERENC(E) file that contains the bibliographic references. Some of the key information within INDEX files are listed in Tables 1-4, 6-8, 10, and 12, and the contents of the PUBINDEX and REFERENC(E) files appear in Appendices B, D-I, K, and L.

2. The Global Distribution of Sites with Data

On a global scale (Fig. 1), the majority of the sites contain pollen data (622 sites) with lake level samples next most abundant (119 sites) and marine plankton data least abundant (56 sites). Among the data compiled so far, coverage for pollen data is densest in eastern North America, Europe, the western Soviet Union, and New Zealand. Sparse networks of sites also exist in Alaska, South America, and the eastern Soviet Union. Coverage for sites with lake level data is densest in Africa, southwestern Asia, the southwestern United States, and southern Australia. These sites provide coverage in many of the terrestrial areas where pollen sites are sparse. The slow sedimentation rates in marine cores precludes there being many Holocene samples, and some areas such as the central Pacific Ocean contain none. The densest coverage for marine data is in the North Atlantic Ocean and northwestern Indian Ocean (Fig. 1).

Pollen Data

1. Eastern North America

The pollen data were obtained from computer files of the pollen counts that are stored in the data base of pollen data at Brown University. At each site, radiocarbon dates provided the main information used to estimate the age of each pollen sample. Webb et al. (1983a,b) have described the series of procedures followed in obtaining interpolated values for the pollen percentages at 6000 yr B.P. The data for 6000 yr B.P. are stored as pollen percentages, and a sum of all tree shrub and herb pollen was used in calculating the pollen percentages.

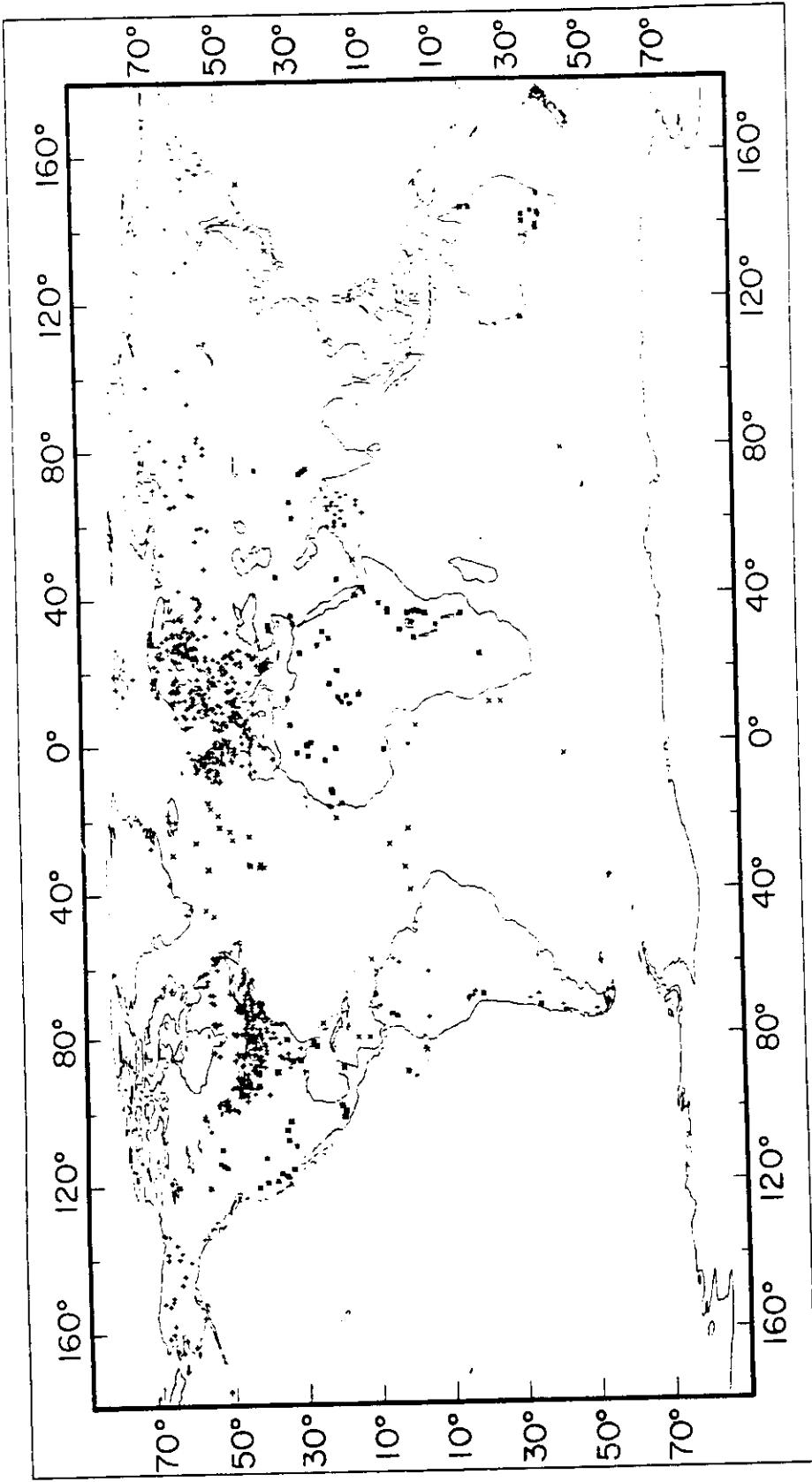


Figure 1. Location of sites with paleoclimatic data for 6000 yr B.P. Pluses indicate sites with pollen data, asterisks indicate sites with lake level data, and x's indicate sites with marine plankton data. This version of this figure updates those published in Webb (1985) and Webb et al. (1985).

The coverage of the 211 samples in eastern North America is fairly uniform with the densest coverage in the northern United States and southeastern Canada (Fig. 2; Table 1). Appendix B lists the bibliographic references for the pollen data. Webb et al. (1983a,b) and Webb and Bartlein (in prep.) have mapped and described many of the changes in the pollen data between 6000 yr B.P. and today. They have also interpreted these changes in vegetational terms. The changes include the westward movement of the prairie forest border, the southward movement of the southern edge of the boreal forest, the slight southward retreat of oak (*Quercus*) populations along their northern border, and the expansion of southern pine (*Pinus*) populations in the Southeast (Fig. 3). The northern edge of the boreal forest as indicated by spruce (*Picea*) pollen also expanded northward in northern Canada (Fig. 3). Appendix C describes specific work to add new data in eastern Canada to study this expansion of spruce populations.

Bartlein and Webb (1985c) have recently used the climatic calibration methods of Howe and Webb (1983) and Bartlein and Webb (1985a,b) to produce estimates of mean July temperature for the 6000 yr B.P. pollen data (Fig. 4). Bartlein et al. (1984) have also provided precipitation estimates for the pollen data in the northern Midwest (Fig. 5).

2. Alaska and Northwestern Canada

Anderson (1982) compiled the initial set of pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. for Alaska and northwestern Canada. Anderson and Brubaker (in prep.) and Ritchie (in prep.) have recently described the data and the methods of data compilation. At each site radiocarbon dates provided the main information used to estimate the age of each pollen sample. Interpolation of the data for 6000 yr B.P. was often done from the published pollen diagrams (Anderson, 1982). The data for 6000 yr B.P. are stored as pollen percentages, and a sum of all tree, shrub, and herb pollen was used to calculate the percentages.

The data coverage is sparse but fairly uniform in northwest Canada, but it is patchy in Alaska with dense coverage in the central and northwestern regions (Fig. 6; Table 2; Appendix D for bibliographic references). The mapping and climatic calibration of the pollen data are in progress and are described in Anderson and Brubaker (1985; in prep.) and Ritchie (in prep.). Ritchie (1984) has provided a recent summary of paleoecological research in the Mackenzie Delta area.

3. Europe

Huntley and Birks (1983) compiled the pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. for Europe. Their atlas provides a thorough description of the data and the methods used in compiling the data. Radiocarbon dates were used at most sites in assigning ages to the pollen samples. The pollen percentages for 6000 yr B.P. were often read off published pollen diagrams. The data for 6000 yr B.P. are stored as pollen percentages, and a sum of all tree, shrub, and herb pollen were used to calculate the percentages.

The data coverage is fairly uniform in northern and central Europe, France, and the Alps but is sparse in the southeast and southwest (Fig. 7; Table 3; see Appendix E for bibliographic references). Maps of the pollen data show that spruce (*Picea*) and beech (*Fagus*) populations expanded westward (Fig. 8), hazel (*Corylus*) populations decreased, and oak (*Quercus*) populations moved southward slightly (Fig. 9).

Huntley and Prentice (in prep.) have used the methods of Howe and Webb (1983) and Bartlein and Webb (1985a,b) to estimate mean July temperatures for 6000 yr B.P. (Fig. 10). In most of Europe, July temperatures have decreased since 6000 yr B.P. with the largest decrease of 4°C in the Alps. Only in the southeast did the mean July temperature increase (Fig. 10). Other

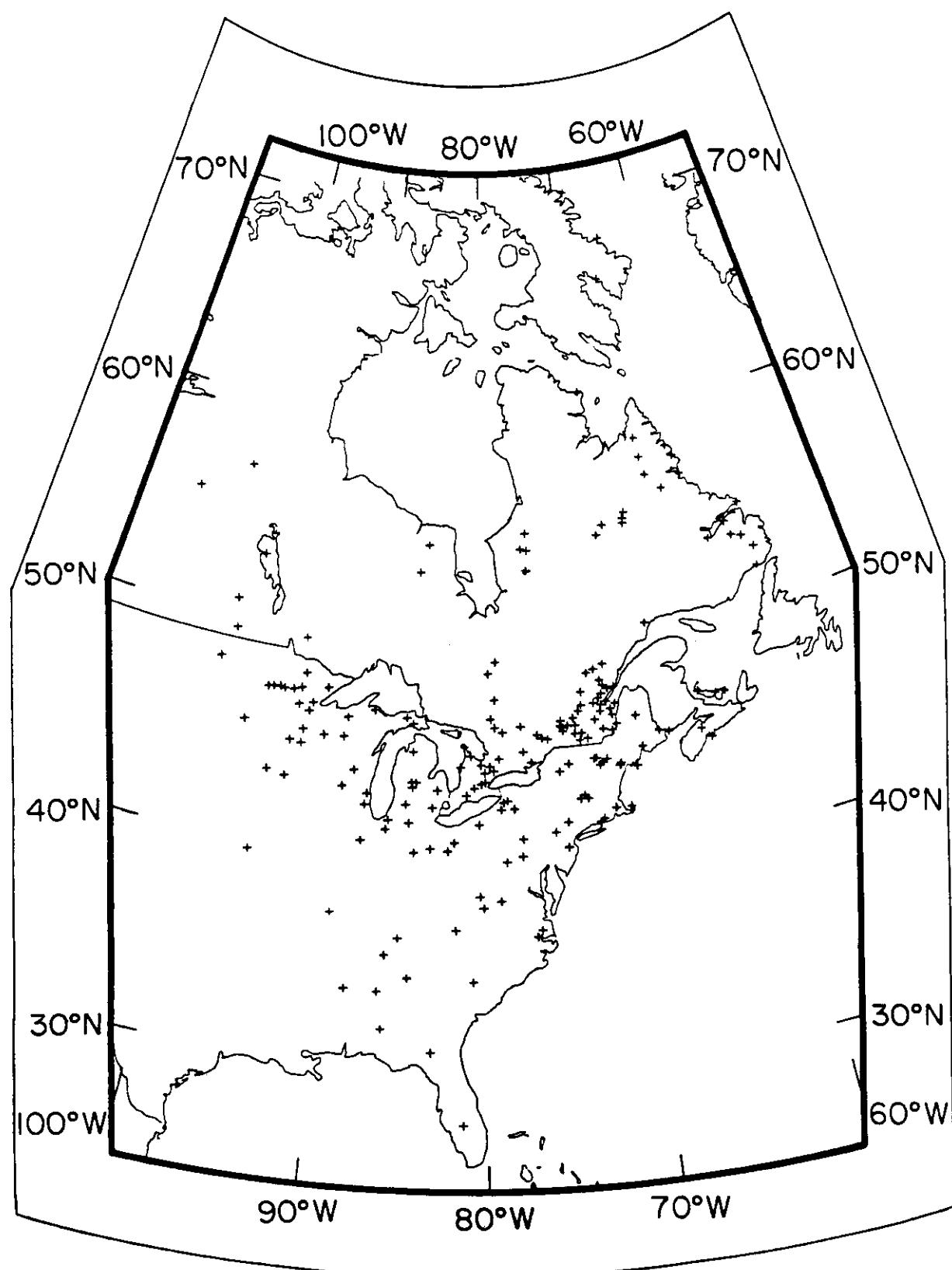


Figure 2. Location of sites with pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. in eastern North America.

Table 1. Site Information for Pollen Data from Eastern North America.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank	Publication Index Number
Allenberg	42° 15' N	78° 52' W	494	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	103
Belmont Bog	42° 15' N	77° 55' W	497	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	6	125
Blue Mound	43° 5' N	89° 52' W	335	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	112
Brandreth Lake	43° 55' N	74° 41' W	583	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	197
Brown's Lake Bog	40° 41' N	82° 3' W	290	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	11	2	158
Bugbee Bog	42° 22' N	72° 9' W	398	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	190
Chippewa Bog	43° 7' N	83° 15' W	262	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	284
Chatsworth Bog	40° 40' N	88° 20' W	219	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	8	1	181
Cranberry Glades	38° 12' N	80° 17' W	1029	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	219
Deer Lake Bog	44° 2' N	71° 50' W	1325	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	318
Disraeli Swamp (core no. 1)	36° 23' N	76° 30' W	6	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	3	152
Distraight Farm Bog	43° 55' N	89° 10' W	329	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	289
Eagle Lake Bog	44° 10' N	71° 40' W	1275	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	2	318
Heimetta Bog	40° 23' N	74° 26' W	15	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	219
Lima Bog	42° 48' N	88° 5' W	238	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	8	2	316
Monhegan Island Meadow	43° 46' N	69° 18' W	3	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	17	1	165
Old Field	37° 7' N	89° 50' W	98	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	286
Pameat Cranberry Bog	42° 0' N	70° 2' W	3	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	2	198
Protection Bog	42° 37' N	78° 28' W	430	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	2	103
Rockyhock Bay	36° 10' N	76° 41' W	6	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	4	153
Rossburg Bog	46° 35' N	93° 36' W	372	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	220
Shady Valley Peat	36° 31' N	81° 56' W	383	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	145
Stotzel-Leis Site	40° 13' N	84° 41' W	320	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	11	1	207
Tannersville Bog	41° 2' N	75° 16' W	277	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	2	219
Friticut Swamp-1	41° 57' N	71° 2' W	18	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	321
Torrens Bog	40° 21' N	82° 28' W	302	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	1	157
Yolo Bog	42° 21' N	88° 11' W	229	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	181
Woden Bog	43° 14' N	93° 55' W	381	United States	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	295
Alderdale	46° 3' N	79° 12' W	240	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	42
Attawapisket	53° 0' N	85° 10' W	100	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	42
Ballycroy Bog	43° 57' N	79° 52' W	297	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	160
Base de Plein Air de St. Foy	46° 47' N	71° 20' W	16	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	183
Cookstown Bog	44° 13' N	79° 37' W	234	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	160
Crawford Bog	43° 28' N	79° 57' W	279	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	299
Dosquet	46° 27' N	71° 30' W	140	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	200
East Baltic Bog	46° 26' N	62° 7' W	45	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	161
Farnham Bog	45° 17' N	72° 59' W	55	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	320
Grieff Kettle Bog	43° 25' N	80° 11' W	268	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	42
Harrowsmith	44° 25' N	76° 42' W	145	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	42
Joncas Bog	47° 16' N	71° 10' W	747	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	200
Kenogami	48° 22' N	71° 34' W	166	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	200
Kincardine Bog	44° 9' N	81° 39' W	198	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	4	4
Lanoraie, St. Henri Bog	45° 59' N	73° 18' W	18	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	166
Lynn Lake	56° 50' N	101° 3' W	340	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	323
Malbaie	47° 36' N	70° 58' W	800	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	3	200
Mer Bleue	45° 24' N	75° 30' W	69	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	311
Montagnais	47° 54' N	71° 10' W	800	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	200

Table 1 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Control of C-14 Methods Dates	Number Rank Publication Index Number
Mont Shefford	45 21 N	72 35 W	282	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1 10	1 42
North Bay	46 27 N	79 28 W	369	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	3 161
Portage Bog	46 40 N	64 6 W	8	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2 2	1 319
Portage Cliffs Peat	68 2 N	65 4 W	20	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4 4	1 174
Shaw's Bog	45 1 N	64 11 W	30	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	1 200
St. Jean, Ile d'Orleans	46 56 N	70 56 W	68	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2 2	2 200
St. Raymond	46 53 N	71 48 W	160	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	4 42
Victoria Road Bog	44 37 N	78 57 W	274	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2 2	1 33
Val St. Gilles Bog	49 1 N	79 5 W	290	Canada	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10 10	2 280
Anderson Pond	36 2 N	85 30 W	305	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	16 16	2 222
Berry Pond	42 30 N	73 19 W	600	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	5 219
Big Pond	39 46 N	78 33 W	634	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	3 136
BL-Tombigbee	33 33 N	88 28 W	49	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4 4	3 11
Bog D	47 11 N	95 10 W	457	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	3 193
Boundary	45 34 N	70 41 W	603	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	2 281
Cahaba Pond	33 34 N	86 31 W	204	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	11 1	1 24
Camp 11 Lake	46 40 N	88 1 W	549	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	3 265
Clear Lake	41 39 N	86 32 W	244	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4 4	5 219
Crider's Pond	39 58 N	77 33 W	290	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	4 88
Crystal Lake	41 33 N	80 22 W	313	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2 2	7 226
Crystal Lake	43 15 N	84 55 W	260	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	2 180
Demont Lake	43 29 N	85 0 W	248	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	2 299
Devils Lake	48 5 N	99 55 W	448	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9 9	1 272
Fraint's Lake	42 20 N	83 38 W	271	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4 4	2 134
Goshen Springs	31 43 N	86 8 W	105	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	4 317
Green Lake	44 53 N	85 7 W	305	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2 2	4 55
Hack Pond	37 59 N	79 0 W	451	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	1 198
Hawley Bog Pond	42 34 N	72 53 W	549	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8 8	1 227
Heart Lake	44 11 N	73 58 W	664	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	12 12	1 307
Horseshoe Lake	45 27 N	93 3 W	331	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	5 103
Houghton Bog	42 32 N	78 40 W	428	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6 6	3 285
Hudson Lake	41 40 N	86 32 W	239	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4 4	2 220
Jacobson Lake	46 25 N	92 43 W	324	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	4 318
Kinsman Pond	44 8 N	71 44 W	1140	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	2 220
Kotiranta	46 43 N	92 37 W	386	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	30 30	5 304
Lake of the Clouds	48 9 N	91 7 W	453	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3 3	3 22
Lake Mary	46 15 N	89 54 W	488	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	1 191
Lantern Hill Pond	41 27 N	71 57 W	36	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	1 277
Little Bass Lake	47 17 N	93 36 W	391	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8 8	4 137
Lake Annie	27 12 N	81 21 W	37	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	4 318
Lake of the Clouds	44 16 N	71 19 W	1542	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	3 99
Lake Louise	30 43 N	83 15 W	61	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5 5	1 24
Lost Lake	46 43 N	87 58 W	500	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9 9	7 11
Martin Pond	47 11 N	94 56 W	429	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	0 0	7 280
Mingo Pond	35 9 N	86 12 W	300	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	16 16	1 169
Moulton Pond	44 37 N	68 36 W	143	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1 1	5 177
Myrtle Lake	47 59 N	93 23 W	393	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	0 0	1 5

Table 1 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Control of C-14	Publication Index Number
Nelson Pond	46 24 N	92 41 W	335	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	176
North Pond	42 39 N	73 3 W	586	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	13	224
Nunkets Pond	41 58 N	71 3 W	18	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	4	300
Lake West Okaboji	43 22 N	95 11 W	415	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	1	216
Panther Run Pond	40 48 N	77 25 W	634	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	219
Pickerel Lake	45 30 N	97 20 W	395	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	2	221
Poland Spring Pond	44 2 N	70 21 W	94	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	11	1	315
Portage	47 12 N	94 9 W	396	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	299
Potts Mountain Pond	37 36 N	80 8 W	840	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	219
Pretty Lake	41 35 N	85 15 W	294	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	16	1	225
Quicksand	34 19 N	84 52 W	285	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	6	82
Lake Rogerine	41 30 N	74 20 W	137	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	5	322
Rogers Lake	41 22 N	72 7 W	91	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	53	2	170
Round Lake	41 14 N	86 38 W	216	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	5	26
Rutz Lake	44 52 N	93 52 W	314	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8	1	218
Ryverse Lake	46 7 N	85 10 W	259	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	298
Silver Lake	40 26 N	83 40 W	341	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	15	1	54
Sinkhole Pond	43 58 N	70 21 W	95	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	12	1	315
Stewart's Dark Lake	45 18 N	91 27 W	335	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	199
Szabo Pond	40 24 N	74 29 W	29	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	219
Terhell Pond	47 12 N	95 47 W	442	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	7
Thompson	47 12 N	96 5 W	370	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	0	7	11
Unknown Lake	45 37 N	70 38 W	489	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	7	193
Upper South Branch Pond	46 5 N	68 54 W	300	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	7	2	162
Upper Wallface Pond	44 9 N	74 3 W	945	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	227
Yestaburg	43 25 N	84 53 W	255	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	91
Neber Lake	47 28 N	91 40 W	567	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	4	13
White Pond	34 10 N	80 46 W	90	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	133
Willow River Pond	46 20 N	92 47 W	314	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	176
Wintergreen Lake	42 24 N	85 23 W	283	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8	2	163
Wolverine Lake	46 25 N	85 39 W	259	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	298
Wood Lake	45 20 N	90 5 W	464	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	175
Yellow Dog Lake	46 45 N	87 57 W	445	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9	1	24
Albion	45 40 N	71 19 W	320	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	200
Alexander Lake	53 20 N	60 35 W	143	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	178
Alexis Lake	52 31 N	57 2 W	200	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	182
Alfies Lake	47 53 N	84 52 W	288	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	205
Alluk Pond	54 35 N	57 22 W	25	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	178
Lac des Atocas	45 32 N	73 18 W	120	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	294
Baie St. Paul -- Ange	47 28 N	70 41 W	640	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	7	1	230
Basswood Road Lake	45 15 N	67 20 W	106	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	192
St. Benjamin	46 17 N	70 36 W	330	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	200
Berezuk	54 3 N	76 7 W	205	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	201
Blackington Lake	47 54 N	84 52 W	261	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	206
Lac Bouleau x	45 33 N	73 19 W	126	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	6	229
Boundary Lake	55 15 N	67 24 W	525	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	6	314
Lac Castor	46 36 N	72 59 W	220	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	6	202

Table 1 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Method	Rank of C-14 Methods	Publication Index Number
Charles Lake	44° 44' N	81° 1' W	219	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	26
Chism-1	54° 48' N	76° 9' W	340	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	201
Chism-11	53° 5' N	76° 19' W	273	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	306
Cycloid Lake	55° 16' N	105° 16' W	369	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	213
Daumont Lake	54° 52' N	69° 24' W	600	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	213
Lac Delorme 11	54° 25' N	69° 55' W	538	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	200
Diana Island	60° 59' N	69° 57' W	110	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	193
Dufresne	45° 51' N	70° 21' W	650	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	288
Eagle Lake	53° 14' N	58° 33' W	400	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	106
Edward Lake	44° 22' N	80° 15' W	518	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	7	186
Found Lake	45° 48' N	78° 38' W	486	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1
Hayes Lake	49° 35' N	93° 45' W	391	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	200
Gabriel Gca-11 - St. Hippolyte	45° 59' N	73° 59' W	365	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5
Glenboro Lake	49° 26' N	99° 17' W	450	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	273
Grand Rapids	53° 0' N	98° 15' W	350	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1
Iglutalik Lake	66° 8' N	66° 5' W	90	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9	1
Jock Lake	48° 41' N	86° 27' W	290	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	201
Kanauapscow	54° 1' N	76° 38' W	200	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	2
Kogaiuk Plateau Lake	56° 4' N	63° 45' W	530	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8	1
Lac Collin	46° 43' N	70° 18' W	658	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	1
Lac Hamard	54° 48' N	67° 30' W	564	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	202
Joncas Lake	47° 15' N	71° 10' W	780	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1
Lac Louis	47° 17' N	79° 7' W	300	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	200
Lac Mimi	47° 30' N	70° 22' W	411	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	1
Lac Romer	45° 58' N	73° 20' W	20	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	202
Lac Yelle	48° 30' N	79° 38' W	355	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	1
Little Lake	45° 9' N	66° 43' W	64	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	361
MacLaughlin Pond	46° 23' N	62° 47' W	24	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	1
Maplehurst	43° 13' N	80° 39' W	300	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	166
Marcotte	47° 4' N	71° 25' W	503	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	1
Lac Martini	47° 28' N	72° 45' W	242	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1
Lac Martyne	56° 47' N	64° 50' W	365	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	200
Palsa Lake	46° 47' N	72° 50' W	270	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	202
Mauricie	48° 36' N	70° 50' W	891	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8	208
Mont Valin	56° 32' N	61° 49' W	80	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	293
Nain Pond	57° 55' N	62° 34' W	143	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	293
Napaktok Lake	58° 28' N	65° 10' W	143	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1
Paradise Lake	53° 3' N	57° 45' W	180	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	319
Patricia Bay Lake	70° 28' N	68° 30' W	11	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	299
Perch Lake	46° 2' N	77° 22' W	160	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	307
Pink Lake	45° 29' N	75° 49' W	162	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	186
Pond Hills Pond	42° 55' N	81° 15' W	274	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	200
Provinceville	46° 8' N	71° 56' W	135	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	7	208
Pyramid Hills Lake	57° 38' N	65° 10' W	381	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	307
Ramsay Lake	45° 36' N	76° 6' W	200	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	8	275
Lake E	50° 43' N	99° 39' W	724	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	-	-

Table 1 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Control of C-14 Methods	Number of Dates	Rank	Publication Index Number
Riley Lake	54 19 N	84 33 W	142	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	2	2	296
Sam	46 39 N	72 58 W	240	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	6	2	202
Sav-1 -- Ste. Agathe	46 3 N	74 28 W	454	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	3	3	204
Sav-11 -- Lac aux Quenottes	46 10 N	74 23 W	403	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	3	4	204
Second Lake	44 50 N	79 59 W	196	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	1	7	299
LD-Lake	50 6 N	67 7 W	122	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	2	2	196
Shouldice Lake	45 9 N	81 25 W	177	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	2	4	299
Silver Lake	44 33 N	63 38 W	69	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	3	1	37
St. Calixte	45 57 N	73 52 W	261	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	4	2	202
St. Francois de Sales	48 17 N	72 8 W	358	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	4	2	202
St. Germain	45 56 N	74 22 W	473	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	5	3	204
St. John's Island Pond	53 57 N	58 55 W	137	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	2	1	178
Lac Taria	45 46 N	74 18 W	305	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	6	2	202
Petit Lac Terrien	46 35 N	70 37 W	404	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	1	6	193
Tonawa Lake	44 51 N	77 10 W	305	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	2	2	299
Lac a la Tortue	45 32 N	73 19 W	137	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	4	2	294
Funturi Lake	55 1 N	67 30 W	610	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	3	1	314
Ublik Lake	57 23 N	62 3 W	122	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	4	1	208
Van Nostrand Lake	44 0 N	79 23 W	297	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	2	3	189
Whitney's Gulch	51 31 N	57 18 W	98	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	5	2	288
Yamaska	45 28 N	72 52 W	265	Canada	Lake	Pollen	-	7	1	202
Kirchner Marsh	44 50 N	93 7 W	254	United States	Marsh	Pollen	-	6	1	278
Muscotah Marsh	39 32 N	95 31 W	320	United States	Marsh	Pollen	-	2		2

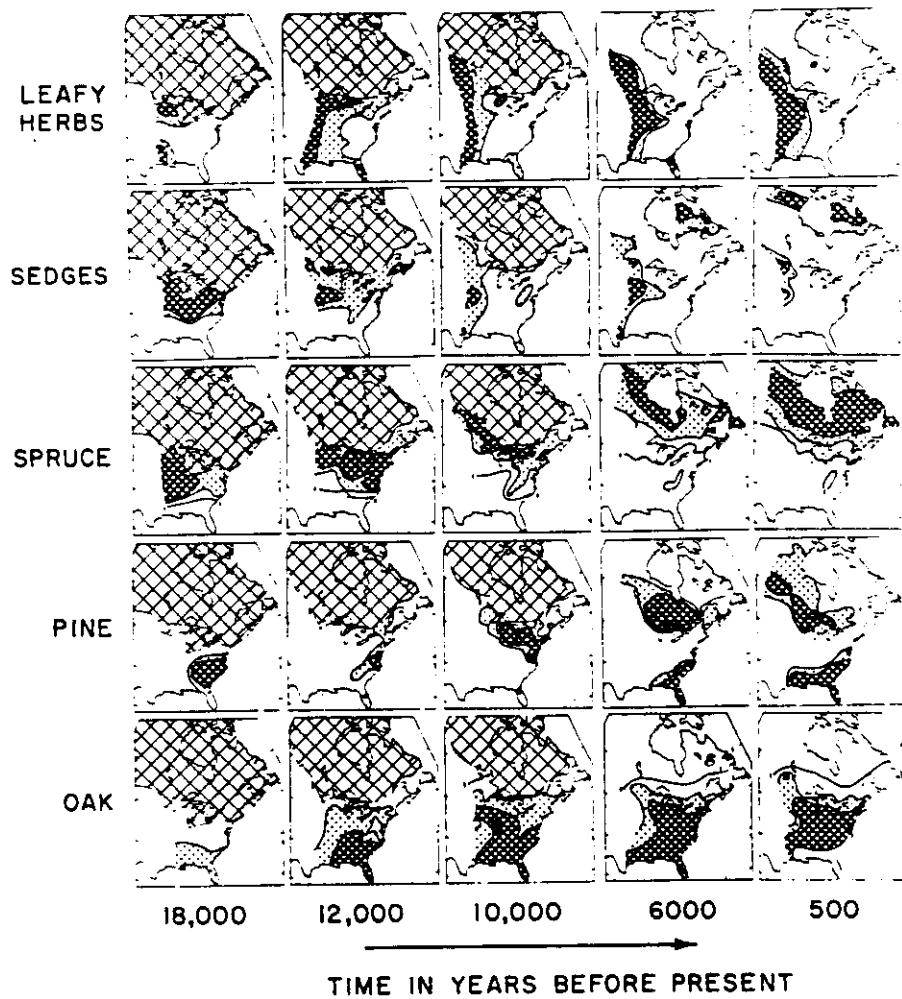


Figure 3. Vegetation change in eastern North America during the past 18,000 years from full glacial conditions (18,000 years ago) until just before European settlement (500 years ago). These maps provide a context for judging the changes since 6000 yr B.P. Crosshatched area is the ice sheet. Areas with heavy stippling (HS) and light stippling (LS) show regions with different concentrations of pollen types, expressed in percent of the total pollen rain observed at 14 sites for 18,000 yr B.P., 50 sites for 12,000 yr B.P., and over 200 sites at younger times. The distribution of leafy herb and sedge pollen ($>5\%$, LS; $>10\%$, HS) represents various types of prairie, tundra, and open woodland vegetation. The distribution of spruce pollen ($>5\%$, LS; $>20\%$, HS) indicates the development of spruce woodlands and (since 6000 B.P.) the boreal forest. The changing distribution of pine pollen ($>20\%$, LS; $>40\%$ HS) represents the northward movement of northern pine forests from South Carolina and Georgia to the Midwest, and the recent development of the southern pine forests. The distribution of oak pollen ($>5\%$, LS; $>20\%$ HS) reflects the extent of deciduous forest. Note that the regional vegetation pattern is always changing in response to natural changes in radiative and climatic boundary conditions. A particularly rapid change in vegetation, ice volume, and climate occurred between 12,000 and 10,000 years ago (coinciding with a maximum in Northern Hemisphere summer insolation), whereas the major change in the area of the North American ice sheet occurred later (ice margins derived from Denton and Hughes, 1981).

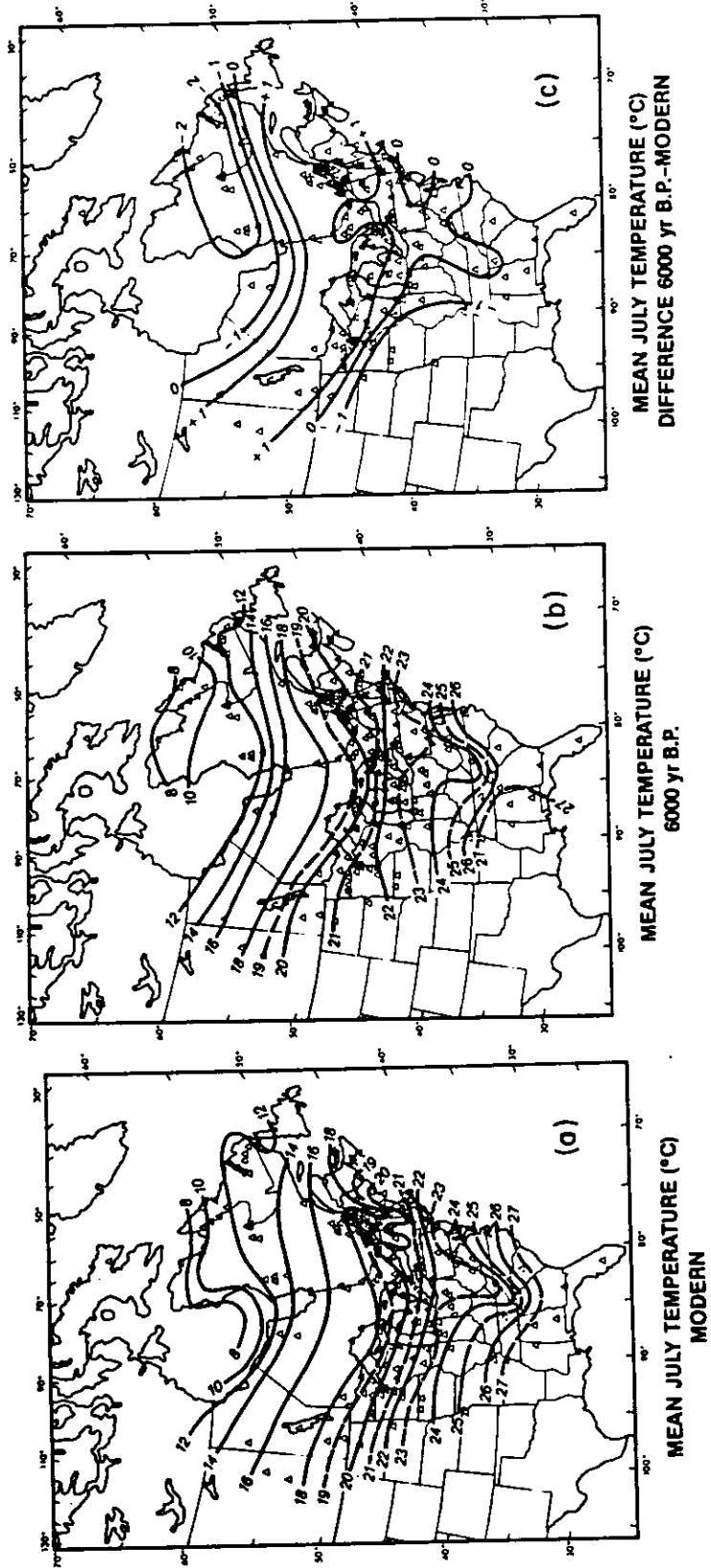


Figure 4. Isotherm maps for mean July temperature a) today and b) 6000 yr B.P. The map on the right (c) shows the estimated temperature differences between today and 6000 yr B.P. with positive values indicating estimated temperatures higher than today at 6000 yr B.P. Bartlein et al. (1984) and Bartlein and Webb (1985c) describe how the temperatures for 6000 yr B.P. were estimated from the pollen data.

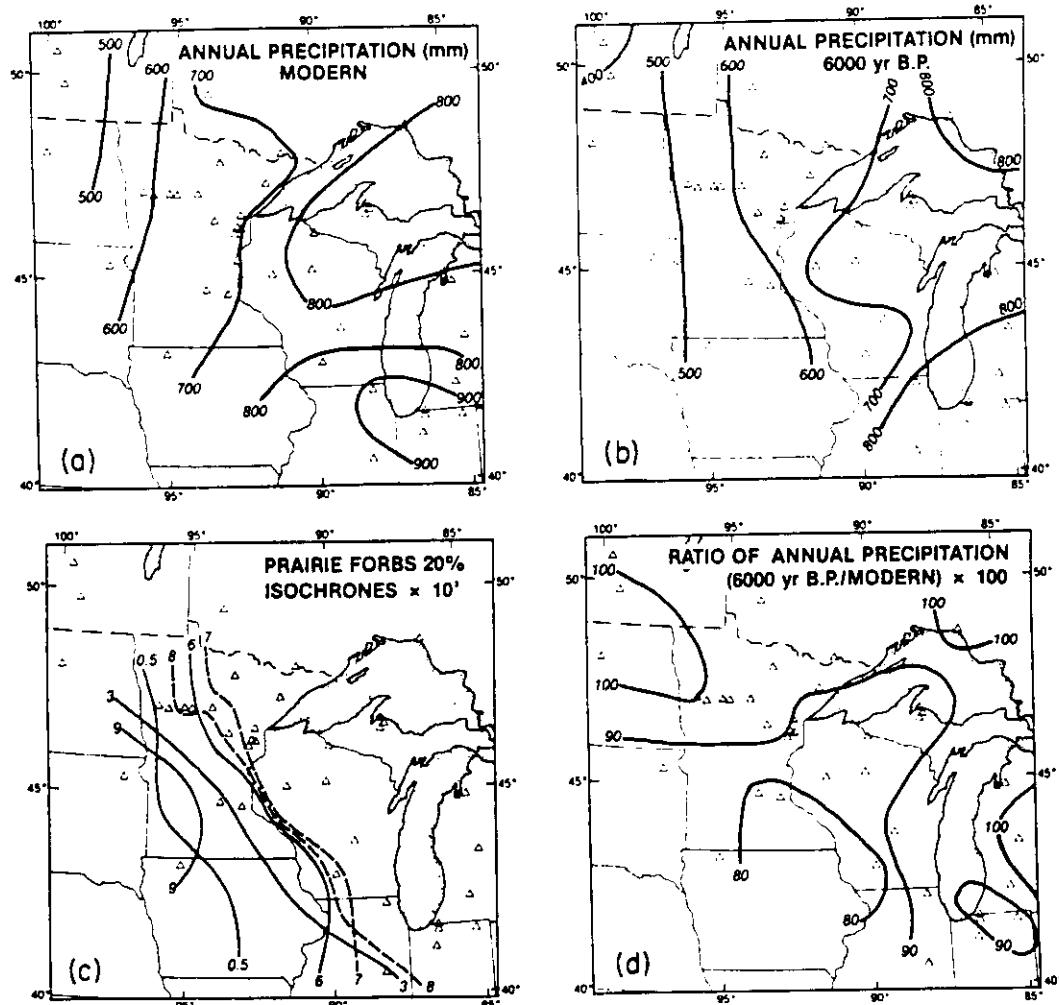


Figure 5. Maps from the northern Midwest that show a) the distribution of annual precipitation today (1941-70), b) estimates of annual precipitation derived from pollen data by Bartlein et al. (1984), c) isochrones (in thousands of years B.P.) for the 20% isofrequency contour for prairie forb (sum of sage, ragweed, pigweed family, and daisy family) pollen, and d) the ratio between annual precipitation values for 6000 yr B.P. and those observed today.

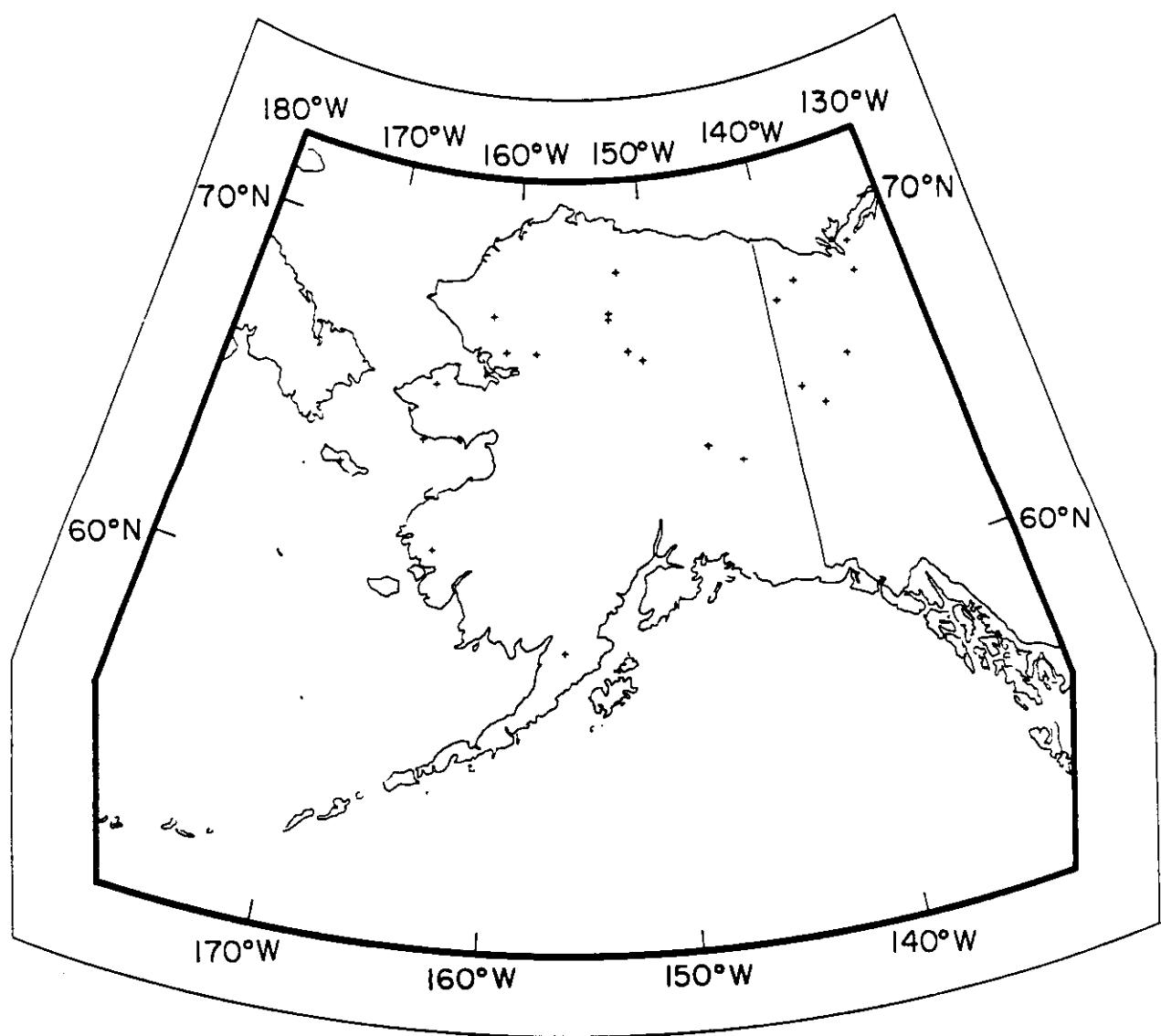


Figure 6. Location of sites with pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. in Alaska and northwest Canada (modified from Anderson, 1982).

Table 2. Site Information for Pollen Data from Alaska and Northwestern Canada.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Index	Publication Number
Epiguruk 1	67 5 N	158 10 W	91	United States	Colluvium	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	2062
Umiat	69 24 N	152 6 W	107	United States	Colluvium	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	2034
Old Crow Flats	68 0 N	140 0 W	381	Canada	Colluvium	Pollen	Pollen	4	4	2032
Birch Lake	64 19 N	146 40 W	275	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	2001
Chandler Lake	68 15 N	152 42 W	950	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	2033
Death Valley Lake	67 10 N	151 25 W	300	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Eight Lake	68 8 N	152 50 W	900	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Flora Lake	63 30 N	170 30 W	15	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	2018
George Lake	63 47 N	144 35 W	389	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	3	2002
Grayling Lake 111	66 57 N	150 25 W	385	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	6	2009
Kaiyak Lake	68 7 N	161 25 W	190	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	2008
Squirrel Lake	67 6 N	160 23 W	91	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	7	2008
Puyuk Lake (St. Michael)	63 30 N	162 12 W	25	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	2001
Tungak Lake (Ingakslugwat)	61 23 N	164 1 W	60	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	2001
Whitemfish Lake	66 4 N	165 3 W	12	United States	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	2046
Antifreeze Pond	62 21 N	140 50 W	610	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	2039
Hanging Lake	68 23 N	138 23 W	500	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	21	1	2054
Lake M	68 8 N	133 38 W	105	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	2	2042
Laterral Pond	66 0 N	136 0 W	500	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	4	2054
Tuktoyaktuk 5	69 3 N	133 27 W	60	Canada	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	2	2061
Adak Island	51 54 N	176 38 W	60	United States	Peat	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	2030
Brooks River	58 43 N	156 0 W	10	United States	Peat	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	2028
Name	64 30 N	165 25 W	4	United States	Peat	Pollen	Pollen	2	7	2031
Chapman	64 52 N	138 19 W	Canada	Peat	Peat	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	2048
Gill Lake	65 26 N	139 42 W	122	Canada	Peat	Pollen	Pollen	1	6	2048

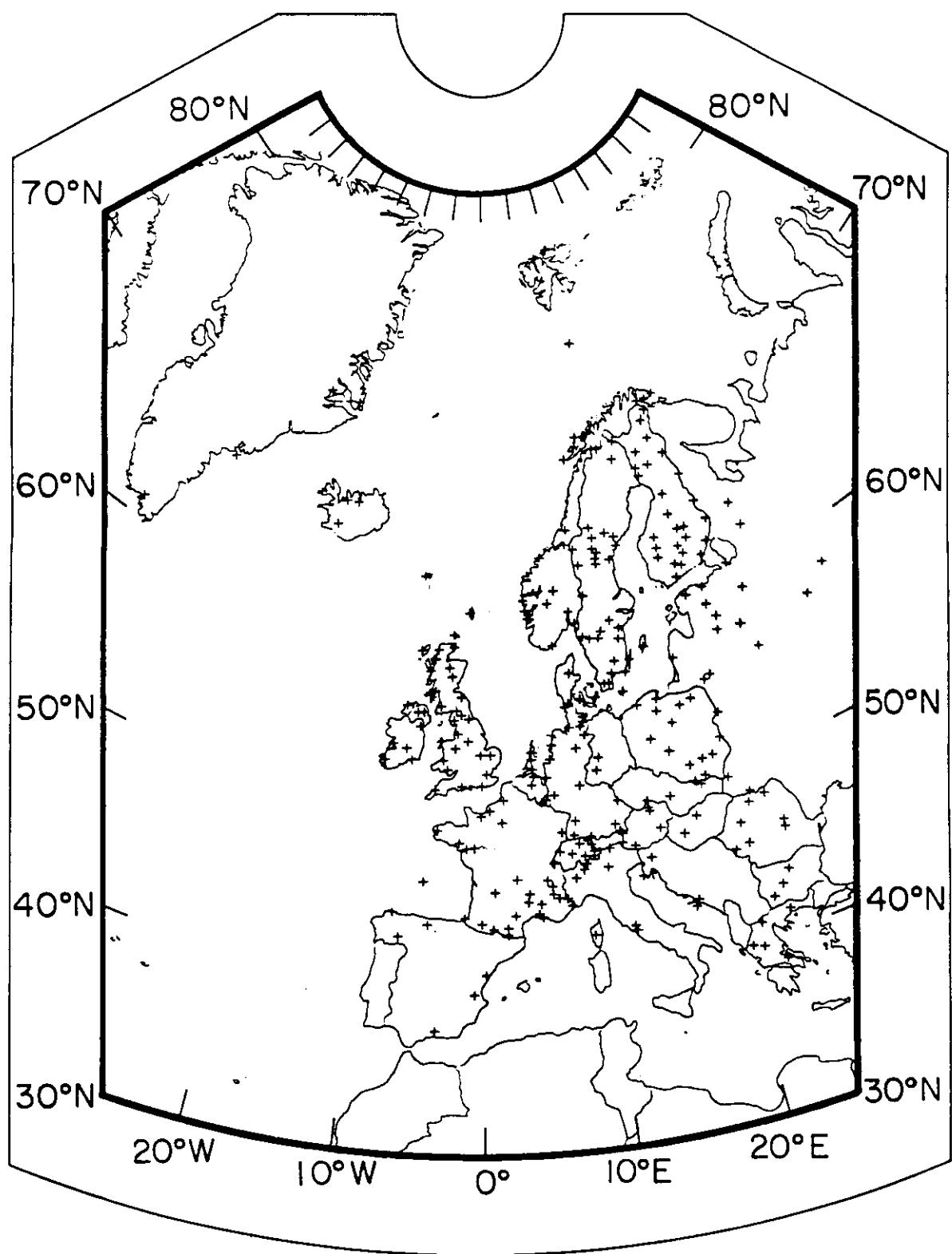


Figure 7. Location of sites with pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. in Europe (modified from Huntley and Birks, 1983).

Table 3. Site Information for Pollen Data from Europe.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank	Publication Index Number
Nant Ffrancon	53 11 N 4° 3' W	17 17 E	198	Wales	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	20	3096
Vracov	48 58 N 17 17 E	9 15 E	192	Czechoslovakia	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	6	3082
Tinglev	54 57 N 12 1 E	<50	0	Denmark	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3016
Lake Even	55 8 N 12 1 E	0.2	0	Denmark	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3384
Blelham Tarn	54 23 N 2 58 W	42	42	England	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3405
Croesemere	52 52 N 2 51 W	87	87	England	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3323
Lewes 11	50 52 N 0 0 O	3	3	England	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3023
Suovalampi	69 35 N 28 50 E	104	104	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3148
Akuvaara	69 8 N 27 41 E	170	170	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3148
Sompiojarvi	68 5 N 27 30 E	242	242	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3298
Lake Sarkkilanjarvi	61 45 N 23 6 E	87	87	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	1
Lake Vakojarvi	60 20 N 24 36 E	82	82	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	3190
Lovojarvi	61 5 N 25 2 E	108	108	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3322
Sipurilampi	61 44 N 29 42 E	120	120	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3335
Joutenlampi	64 0 N 30 15 E	239	239	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3149
Lohvanjarvi	63 47 N 26 12 E	155	155	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3326
Yikkiminkki	64 56 N 26 30 E	94	94	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3301
Porraslampi	62 53 N 23 31 E	90	90	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3301
Valkajarvi	66 48 N 24 7 E	188	188	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3303
Silmälampi	66 40 N 25 58 E	207	207	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3303
Yuorilampi	62 54 N 27 40 E	108	108	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3218
Tyotjarvi	60 59 N 25 28 E	143	143	Finland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	17	3217
Grosser Segeberger See	53 56 N 10 19 E	29	29	West Germany	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	38	3111
Schleinsee	47 38 N 9 38 E	474	474	West Germany	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3168
Grosser Pioner See	54 9 N 10 25 E	<100	<100	West Germany	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	22	3112
Aussenalster 21	53 38 N 10 5 E	<100	<100	West Germany	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	3113
Balaton	46 50 N 17 46 E	>100	>100	Hungary	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3032
Hafratjorn	65 35 N 20 4 W	97	97	Iceland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3410
Lomajorn	64 15 N 20 27 W	100	100	Iceland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3410
Belle Lake	52 11 N 7 2 W	33	33	Ireland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	8	1
Gortalecka	53 0 N 9 1 W	30	30	Ireland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3392
Lago Di Biandronno	45 49 N 8 41 E	239	239	Italy	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	6	3344
Lago Di Ledro	45 52 N 10 45 E	655	655	Italy	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3155
Lago Di Monterosi	42 12 N 12 18 E	237	237	Italy	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	8	1
Lake of Vico	42 19 N 12 10 E	507	507	Italy	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3090
See Gabiauriskis	54 40 N 23 40 E	100	100	Lithuania	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3147
Domsvatnet	70 19 N 31 2 E	120	120	Norway	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3448
Brugvatnet	70 11 N 28 25 E	119	119	Norway	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3307
Longstjorn	60 48 N 5 1 E	<100	<100	Norway	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3377
Rveitavatn	59 46 N 5 30 E	38	38	Norway	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3324
Little Krysstjern	59 15 N 1 16 E	142	142	Norway	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3018
Ostervatnet	70 9 N 29 28 E	148	148	Norway	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3178
Mikolajki	53 50 N 21 33 E	<200	<200	Poland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3287
Jeziorka Budzynskiego	52 14 N 16 46 E	<100	<100	Poland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3103
Jezioro Jamno	54 13 N 16 9 E	<100	<100	Poland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	6	3288
Moryty	53 42 N 20 22 E	<200	<200	Poland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3001
Lukcze Lake	51 26 N 23 14 E	<200	<200	Poland	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	.

Table 3 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Control of C-14	Number Rank Publication Index
Loch Maree	57 41 N	5 29 W	105	Scotland	Lake	Pollen	-	3174
Loch Dungeon	55 8 N	4 19 W	305	Scotland	Lake	Pollen	10	3
Lochan Doilead	56 59 N	5 48 W	39	Scotland	Lake	Pollen	-	3177
Laguna de Las Sanguijuelas	42 8 N	6 45 W	1000	Spain	Lake	Pollen	-	3399
Trollvatnet	80 11 N	19 30 E	-	Svalbard	Lake	Pollen	-	3196
Stroen	79 49 N	15 48 E	14	Svalbard	Lake	Pollen	-	3150
Skinklevatna	74 29 N	18 55 E	19	Svalbard	Lake	Pollen	-	3150
Lake Trummen	56 52 N	14 50 E	161	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3129
Lake Striern	58 5 N	15 47 E	87	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3141
Farskesjon	56 10 N	15 52 E	14	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	10	0
Yuolep Njaka jaure	68 20 N	18 45 E	408	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3037
Ranvikken Bay	56 16 N	14 18 E	81	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3300
Kropps Jon	58 22 N	13 30 E	<200	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3130
Lake Flarken	58 36 N	13 43 E	<100	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3295
Langa Gets Jon	58 40 N	16 2 E	120	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	10	0
Grottrask	57 19 N	18 27 E	40	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3187
Yassi jaure	68 25 N	18 17 E	480	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3283
Hults Jon	58 21 N	12 23 E	38	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3117
Rudetjarn	62 22 N	17 0 E	45	Sweden	Lake	Pollen	-	3340
Igu	45 58 N	14 31 E	<500	Yugoslavia	Lake	Pollen	10	0
Comarum So	61 8 N	45 32 W	125	Greenland	Lake	Pollen	-	3034
Spongillia So	59 58 N	44 21 W	6	Greenland	Lake	Pollen	-	3365
Morten So	70 52 N	22 27 W	48	Greenland	Lake	Pollen	-	3365
Hugin So	70 46 N	24 7 W	55	Greenland	Lake	Pollen	-	3365
Potamogetonso	70 57 N	27 44 W	58	Greenland	Lake	Pollen	-	3128
Hockham Mere	52 30 N	0 50 E	England	Other	Other	Pollen	-	3333
The World's End	51 27 N	0 22 E	2	England	Other	Pollen	-	3314
Maraïs de L'Erdre	47 23 N	-1 30 W	4	France	Other	Pollen	10	0
Maraïs Vernier	49 26 N	0 32 E	3	France	Other	Pollen	10	0
Lac Long Inferieur	44 3 N	7 27 E	2090	France	Other	Pollen	13	1
Lac de Balceré	42 35 N	2 3 E	1764	France	Other	Pollen	-	3207
Redon	47 36 N	2 5 W	6	France	Other	Pollen	-	3135
C. 6932	45 24 N	5 9 W	6	France	Other	Pollen	-	3297
Schurmsee	48 35 N	8 23 E	795	West Germany	Other	Pollen	-	3216
Steinhuder Meer	52 29 N	9 18 E	38	West Germany	Other	Pollen	-	3124
Danakeszi	47 35 N	19 7 E	<200	Hungary	Other	Pollen	-	3120
Uitgeest	52 32 N	4 43 E	-1	Netherlands	Other	Pollen	-	3284
Alphen Aan De Rijn	52 8 N	4 40 E	-2	Netherlands	Other	Pollen	-	3356
Czajkow	50 33 N	21 7 E	206	Poland	Other	Pollen	-	3244
Loch Cill An Aonghais	55 47 N	5 32 W	30	Scotland	Other	Pollen	10	0
Loch Of Winless	58 28 N	3 12 W	9	Scotland	Other	Pollen	-	3366
Malo Jezero	42 47 N	17 21 E	0	Yugoslavia	Other	Pollen	-	3156
Palu	45 2 N	13 42 E	0	Yugoslavia	Other	Pollen	-	3157
Giering	47 28 N	12 22 E	820	Austria	Bog	Pollen	5	1
Zirbenwaldmoor	46 51 N	11 2 E	2150	Austria	Bog	Pollen	7	1
Rostocker Hütte	47 3 N	12 18 E	2270	Austria	Bog	Pollen	6	1
Spielberg	48 27 N	15 10 E	830	Austria	Bog	Pollen	4	1

Table 3 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of Dates	Rank	Publication Index Number
Haslau	48 49 N	15 7 E	565	Austria	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	3332
Wenigzell-Sammersgut	47 27 N	15 47 E	670	Austria	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3265
Lengholz	46 46 N	13 16 E	570	Austria	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3014
Marais de Vance	49 42 N	5 41 E	340	Belgium	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3066
Petite Nethe	51 11 N	4 50 E	10	Belgium	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3013
Nethen	50 47 N	4 40 E	32	Belgium	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3394
Bogdan	42 34 N	24 29 E	1550	Bulgaria	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3266
Sucho Ezero	42 4 N	23 36 E	1900	Bulgaria	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3079
Tregaron Bog	52 13 N	3 55 W	165	Wales	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	18	3096
Craig-y-Llyn	51 43 N	3 34 W	488	Wales	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3136
Podhorany	49 12 N	20 25 E	620	Czechoslovakia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3387
Blato	49 2 N	15 8 E	650	Czechoslovakia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3228
Brondum Bog	56 37 N	9 43 E	<50	Denmark	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3256
Graessoen	55 7 N	14 56 E	100	Denmark	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3383
Stevningten	55 9 N	10 27 E	57	Denmark	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3373
Red Moss	53 37 N	2 33 W	107	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	16	3097
Scalby Moss	54 58 N	2 54 W	30	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	19	3401
Neasham Fen	54 29 N	1 29 W	46	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	11	3057
Holme Fen	52 29 N	0 14 W	1	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	3140
Hawks Tor	50 32 N	4 36 W	229	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3010
Dozmary Pool	50 32 N	4 32 W	265	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3100
Wareham	50 42 N	2 6 W	4	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3351
Leash Fen	53 16 N	1 33 W	290	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	9	3360
Weelhead Moss	54 40 N	2 18 W	472	England	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	3204
Ullia	58 24 N	26 45 E	<100	Estonia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	13	3184
Kalina	59 19 N	27 0 E	<100	Estonia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3185
Vaharu	59 13 N	25 0 E	<100	Estonia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	1	3002
Remneski	57 40 N	27 20 E	<200	Estonia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	12	1	3071
Hoydalar	62 0 N	6 47 W	14	Faeroes	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	3222
Klovinkmyren	62 5 N	7 14 W	50	Faeroes	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	3052
Kelottijranka	68 34 N	22 0 E	360	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	3282
Parvavuoma	67 35 N	25 0 E	178	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3077
Kaakkurilampi	67 3 N	28 56 E	180	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3327
Maanselansuo	65 38 N	29 37 E	257	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3411
Kapusta	66 20 N	24 20 E	105	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	3	3093
Petroneva	62 27 N	27 0 E	105	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3250
Kytopellonsuo	61 59 N	26 0 E	84	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3338
Piitsonsuo	62 50 N	30 54 E	147	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3251
Varrassuo	60 59 N	25 28 E	143	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	3191
Polttimosuo	61 5 N	28 20 E	72	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3385
Isosuo	61 33 N	26 21 E	95	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3252
Saarijarvi	62 15 N	27 45 E	100	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3206
Lapaneva	62 15 N	23 18 E	163	Finland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3299
Tourbiere de Saint-Michel-de-B	48 22 N	3 56 W	300	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3397
Mur de Sologne	47 24 N	0 46 W	102	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3315
Bellengreville	49 7 N	0 9 W	25	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3171
Beune Valley	44 55 N	1 4 E	<100	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3192

Table 3 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank	Publication Index Number
Le Moura	43° 28' N	1° 32' W	40	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	3101
Long	50° 1' N	1° 59' E	14	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3374
La Tourbiere de Plogny	48° 42' N	1° 49' E	<200	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3133
Feligne d'Artimont	48° 2' N	7° 1' E	1100	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	8	1	3048
La Clapouse	44° 22' N	6° 47' E	2100	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	3	3359
Tourbiere des Forest	44° 42' N	5° 54' E	1460	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	3359
Col Luitel	45° 5' N	5° 51' E	1250	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	3359
Tourbiere de Chirens	45° 25' N	5° 34' E	460	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	3359
Bassescure	43° 34' N	2° 44' E	1000	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3208
Lozere	44° 24' N	3° 45' E	1400	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3208
Lac des Esclauzes	45° 35' N	2° 48' E	1075	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3
Tourbiere du Pinet	42° 52' N	1° 58' E	880	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	3127
Lac de Creno	42° 11' N	9° 0' E	1280	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	2	3304
Fos	43° 26' N	4° 56' E	0	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3145
Vallion de Provence	44° 23' N	6° 25' E	1066	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	3	3205
Biscaye	43° 7' N	0° 4' W	500	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	3	3172
Peyrebeille	44° 45' N	4° 52' E	1256	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3309
Courthezon	44° 6' N	4° 52' E	32	France	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	3165
Weyramme	43° 38' N	4° 43' E	2	Greece	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3169
Gattersleben See	51° 49' N	1° 23' E	110	East Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3073
Alperstedter Ried	51° 7' N	10° 59' E	155	East Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3226
Kopais	38° 27' N	23° 1' E	100	Greece	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	3368
Teragi Phillipon	41° 10' N	24° 20' E	40	Greece	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	3316
Pertoulli	39° 33' N	21° 32' E	1275	Greece	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	8	1	3347
Edessa	40° 49' N	21° 57' E	500	Greece	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	3347
Ioannina	39° 43' N	20° 46' E	470	Greece	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3045
Le Iffenderven	50° 59' N	5° 59' E	<100	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	3253
Suderlugum	54° 52' N	8° 55' E	<100	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	3	3253
Weibecker Moor	53° 10' N	10° 24' E	<100	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	4	3237
Floge In	53° 41' N	8° 46' E	0	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	3092
Zwillbrocker Venn	52° 3' N	6° 42' E	<100	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3173
Manderscheid	50° 5' N	6° 49' E	<500	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	0	3123
Horbacher Moor	47° 44' N	8° 5' E	950	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3056
Stottener Filz	47° 48' N	12° 16' E	575	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	3307
Vogelsberg	50° 31' N	9° 16' E	720	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3392
Kulzer Moos	49° 21' N	12° 23' E	<500	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3154
Kirchseeon	48° 4' N	11° 54' E	550	West Germany	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3231
Ytri Baegissa	65° 41' N	18° 24' W	<200	Iceland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3180
Lough Nadourcon	55° 3' N	7° 56' W	63	Ireland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3202
Redbog	53° 58' N	6° 25' W	Ireland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3344
Littleton Bog	52° 41' N	7° 39' W	140	Ireland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3067
Muckross	52° 1' N	9° 31' W	30	Ireland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	3180
Sluggan Moss	54° 46' N	6° 18' W	52	Ireland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	12	1	3202
Sieve Gallion	54° 45' N	6° 45' W	430	Ireland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3003
Lago Viverone	45° 25' N	8° 2' E	220	Italy	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3344
Sarnate	56° 16' N	21° 0' E	0	Latvia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	14	2	3067
Sosu	56° 58' N	26° 47' E	<100	Latvia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen			

Table 3 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Control of C-14	Publication Index Number
Bebrukas - Sees	54 44 N	24 18 E	120	Lithuania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	10	3276
Pratz	49 48 N	5 56 E	190	Luxembourg	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	3318
Emmen	52 47 N	6 55 E	<50	Netherlands	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	9	9	3396
Weerjix Valley	51 34 N	4 44 E	3	Netherlands	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3317
Forramyrene	63 35 N	11 30 E	450	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	10	3381
Kristiansundsmyrn	63 3 N	7 51 E	<100	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	3053
Flotmyr	59 59 N	10 35 E	192	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3376
Ustetind	60 29 N	8 35 E	1310	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	3062
Leroy	60 14 N	5 12 E	12	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3242
Fluetjonn	58 9 N	8 3 E	70	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	0	0	3377
Tvergemyre	61 7 N	9 1 E	900	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	3142
Lake Endlettvatn	69 14 N	16 5 E	35	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	14	3
L.Kultjonn, Overhalla	64 27 N	11 47 E	159	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3044
Bakkemyra	69 12 N	17 30 E	140	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	1
Bostad	68 15 N	13 45 E	30	Norway	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	3233
Biallowieski	52 41 N	23 50 E	<200	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3278
Wolbrom	50 23 N	19 46 E	375	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3296
Na Grelu	49 27 N	19 57 E	600	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3402
Tarnawa Wyzna	49 7 N	22 50 E	670	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	9	1
Imielty Lug	50 35 N	22 11 E	180	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3243
Kamionka	49 39 N	21 0 E	465	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	1
Weglowice	51 24 N	18 10 E	<200	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	3247
Jezioro Mieino	52 56 N	19 15 E	100	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3254
Siwe Bagno	53 41 N	18 0 E	<200	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3255
Stazki	54 21 N	18 15 E	200	Poland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3104
Tau Negru	47 36 N	24 0 E	1200	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3087
Tauj Sarat	46 29 N	22 45 E	1590	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3085
Colacei	43 21 N	25 15 E	810	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3086
Comandau II	45 57 N	26 21 E	1017	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3074
Lacul cu Muschi	45 34 N	26 13 E	850	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3074
Sub Gozna I	45 11 N	21 45 E	1382	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3188
Taul Zamogutii	45 19 N	22 53 E	1840	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3089
Valea Stinii	47 43 N	25 38 E	1100	Romania	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3030
Din Moss	55 35 N	2 20 W	170	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	18	-
Abernetthy Forest	57 14 N	3 43 W	221	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	-
By Loch Assynt	58 10 N	5 3 W	70	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3176
Murraster	60 15 N	1 29 W	15	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	2	3222
Little Loch Roag	58 7 N	6 53 W	30	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	3033
Glims Moss	59 5 N	3 12 W	40	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	3370
Dun Moss	56 42 N	3 21 W	380	Scotland	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	2	3189
Banos de Tredos	42 46 N	0 49 E	1750	Spain	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	3063
Puertos de Riofrío	43 3 N	4 42 W	1700	Spain	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	3098
Padui	37 2 N	3 37 W	1000	Spain	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	1
Turbera de Torreblanca	40 12 N	0 13 E	0	Spain	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	3099
Ereta	39 6 N	0 42 W	200	Spain	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	3196
Turbera de Los Montes del Buyp	43 36 N	7 31 W	550	Spain	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	3197
Edanger	63 3 N	18 17 E	95	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	3329

Table 3 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Control of C-14	Number Rank Publication Index	Number
Halla	63 52 N	17 12 E	288	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3329
Ageröds Mossen	55 50 N	13 25 E	58	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3372
Glaadvattnet	56 47 N	16 36 E	<50	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3269
Bracke	62 44 N	15 30 E	475	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3290
Smorsjöarna	58 33 N	11 52 E	141	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3291
Mossbymossen	59 8 N	15 9 E	54	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	1	4	3362
Levesantemi	67 38 N	21 1 E	360	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	7	1	3021
Lidsjömyren	64 19 N	15 14 E	300	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	7	1	3211
Hallviksmyren	63 44 N	15 28 E	350	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	6	4	3211
Klockamyrén	63 18 N	12 29 E	530	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3211
Hallaflörrna	63 6 N	14 56 E	350	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	4	4	3211
Vattenfloen	62 21 N	12 42 E	750	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	3	1	3211
Träntjön	62 10 N	15 17 E	320	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	1	2	3212
Stentjärnsmyrén	60 37 N	12 44 E	430	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3382
Norrmesund A	63 30 N	18 12 E	121	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	7	1	3340
Bymyren	62 31 N	15 13 E	>200	Sweden	Bog	Pollen	4	4	3358
La Tourbiere	46 26 N	6 16 E	480	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	3	1	3105
Sous Martel Dernier	46 59 N	6 43 E	1010	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	3	3	3146
Gola di Lago	46 7 N	8 58 E	970	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	5	3	3152
Campora	46 31 N	8 54 E	1420	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	2	1	3054
Bivio	46 29 N	9 40 E	2136	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3230
Rotmoos	46 48 N	7 48 E	1190	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3358
La Pile	46 26 N	6 6 E	1220	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3024
Kleiner Hafner 5	47 21 N	8 33 E	405	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	1	9	3153
Balimoos	47 22 N	9 28 E	943	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3153
Oberschan	47 4 N	9 27 E	660	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	7	1	3025
Fanin Pass	46 52 N	9 42 E	2212	Switzerland	Bog	Pollen	2	1	3310
Vid	43 5 N	17 34 E	4	Yugoslavia	Bog	Pollen	7	2	3311
Solota	60 8 N	30 55 E	25	Russia	Bog	Pollen	-	3	3055
Melehovo	56 30 N	37 45 E	>100	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3055
Dimofshina	55 16 N	30 10 E	<100	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3055
Zmeiskoje	59 30 N	31 20 E	<100	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3055
Polistovo	56 50 N	29 29 E	200	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3219
Krem	57 46 N	40 59 E	100	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3219
By Seesjarvi	63 6 N	34 32 E	117	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3012
Hilisuo	61 45 N	34 31 E	147	Russia	Bog	Pollen	10	0	3137
Dzembornia	48 10 N	24 31 E	1110	Russia	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3137
Angmagssalik	65 36 N	37 39 W	10	Greenland	Bog	Pollen	-	1	3137

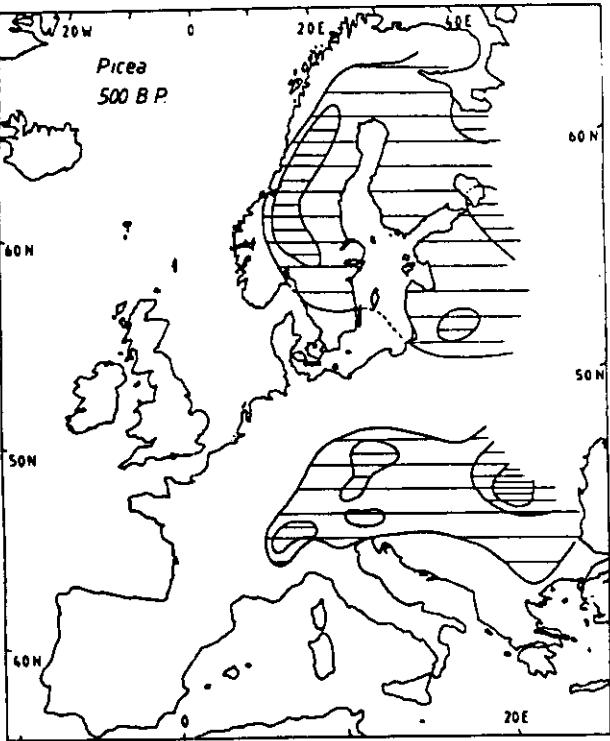
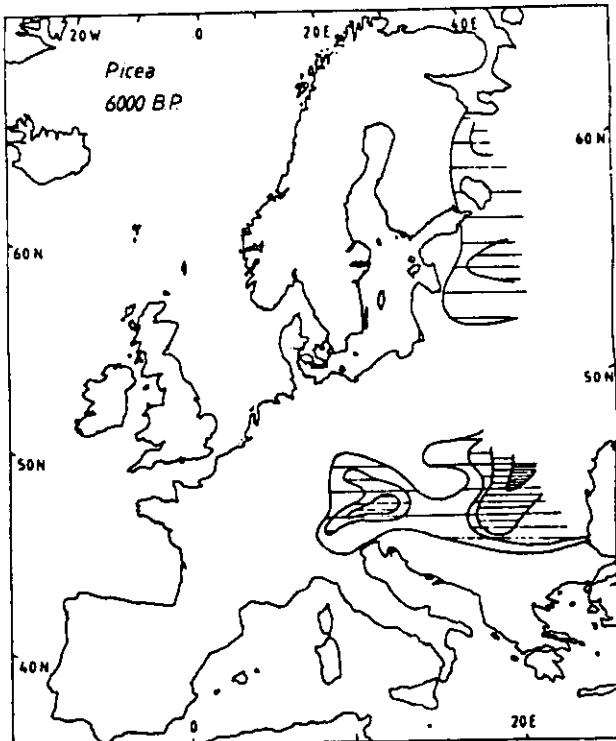
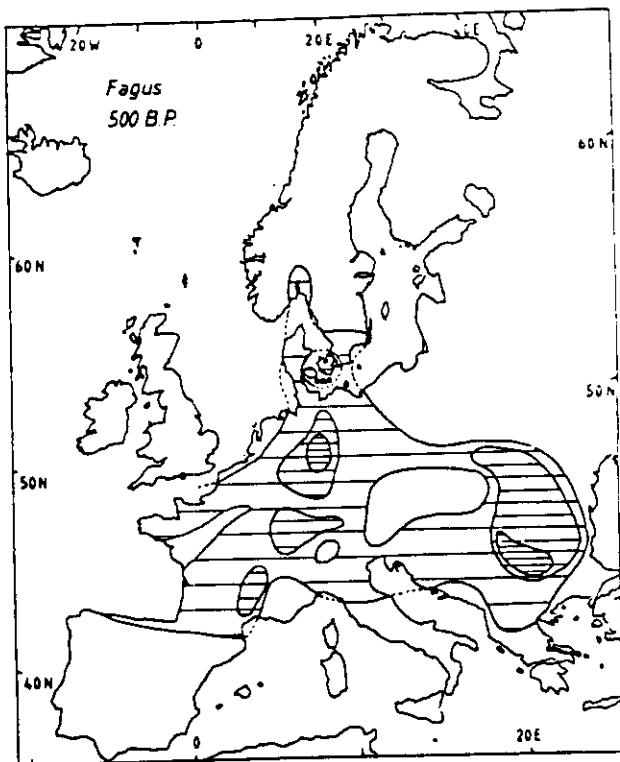
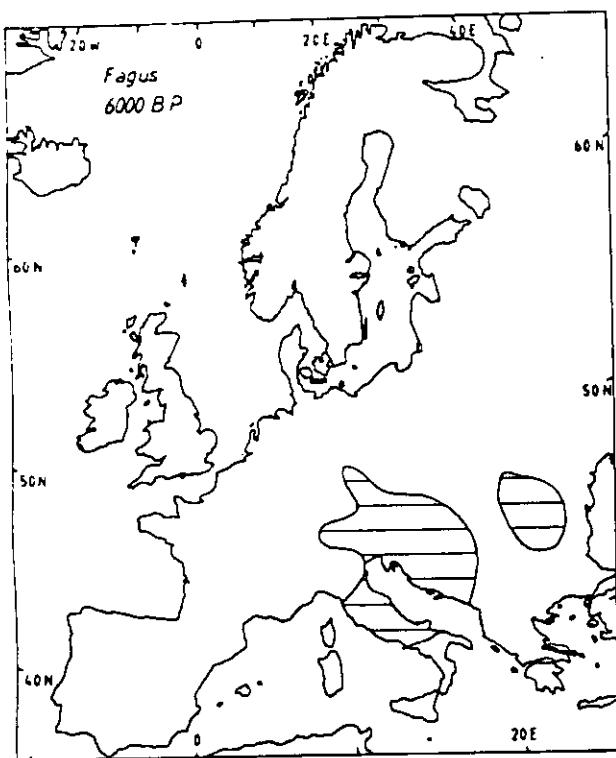


Figure 8. Maps showing the distribution of beech (*Fagus*) and spruce (*Picea*) pollen at 6000 and 500 yr B.P. Contours indicate regions with 5%, 20%, 40%, and 60% of each pollen type. Maps modified from Huntley and Birks (1983).

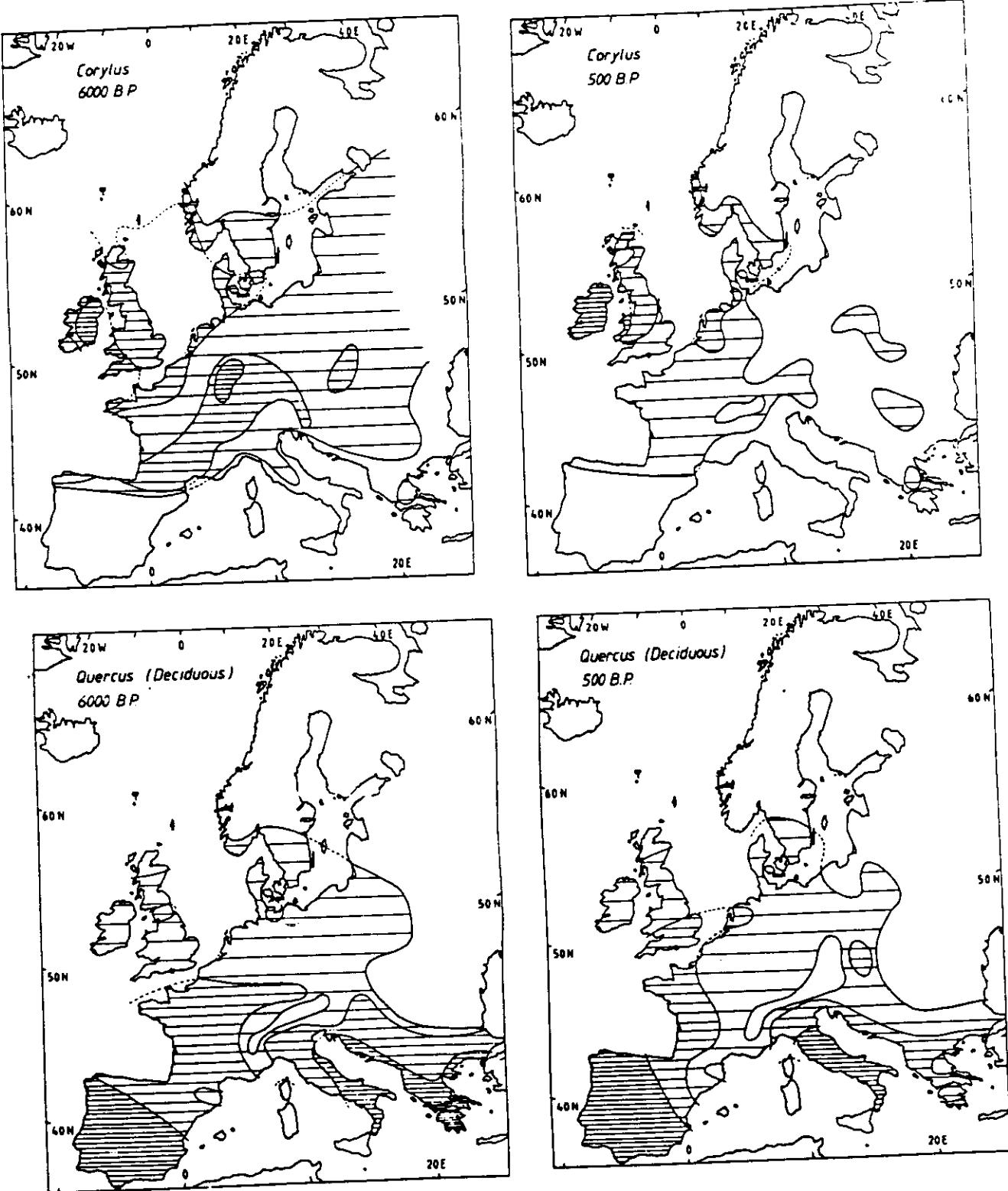


Figure 9. Maps showing the distribution of hazel (*Corylus*) and deciduous oak (*Quercus*) pollen at 6000 and 500 yr B.P. Contours indicate regions with 5%, 20%, 40%, and 60% of each pollen type. Maps modified from Huntley and Birks (1983).

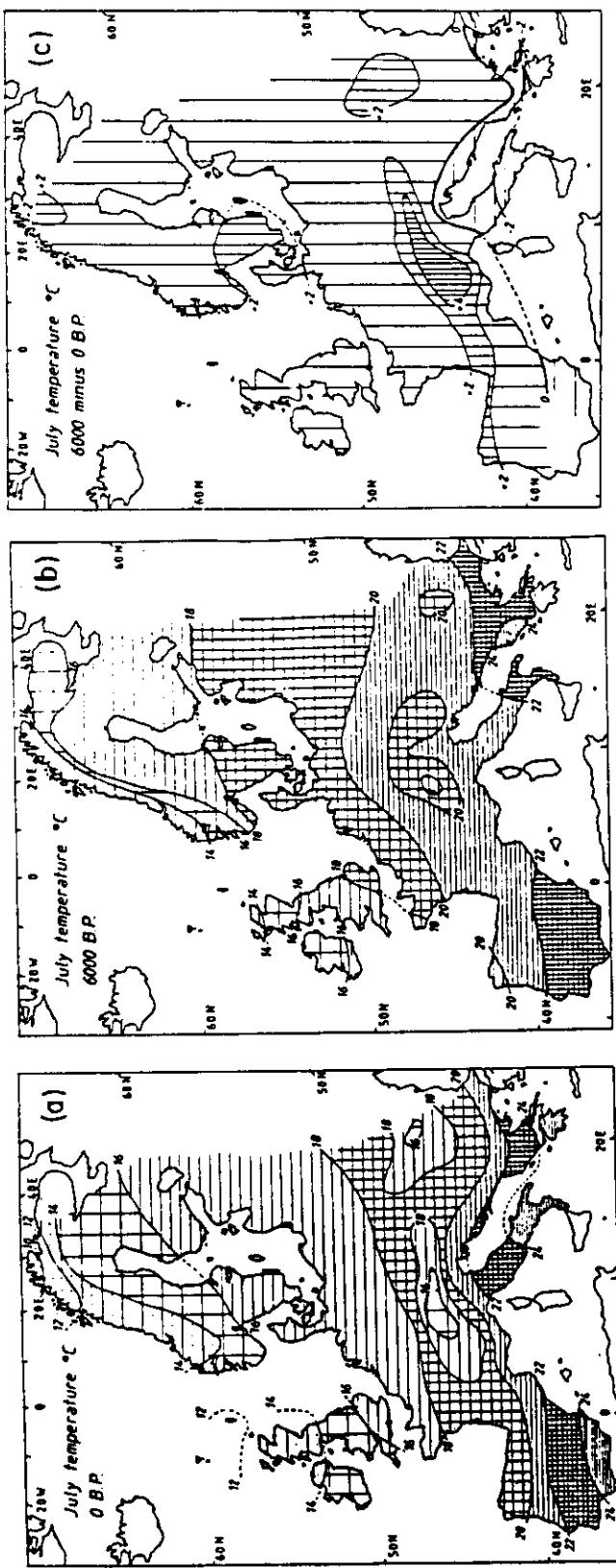


Figure 10. Isotherm maps for mean July temperature a) today and b) 6000 yr B.P. The map on the right (c) shows the estimated temperature differences between today and 6000 yr B.P. with positive values indicating estimated temperatures higher than today at 6000 yr B.P. Huntley and Prentice (in prep.) describe how the temperatures for 6000 yr B.P. were estimated from the pollen data.

calibration work in Europe has recently been described by Guiot (1985).

4. The Soviet Union

Peterson (1983, 1984) compiled the pollen data for the Soviet Union and has described the data and the methods used in obtaining the estimates for 6000 yr B.P. All the data were read from published pollen diagrams, and the pollen percentages were recalculated using a sum of tree, shrub, and herb pollen. Radiocarbon dates were used to estimate the age of the pollen samples at most of the sites.

The data coverage is densest in the northwestern Soviet Union and sparse in the southcentral and eastern regions (Fig. 11; Table 4; see Appendix F for bibliographic references). Peterson (1983) has described the patterns of pollen for 6000 yr B.P. and their changes since then. Populations of spruce trees have moved eastward in the western Soviet Union, and the values of deciduous forest trees have decreased.

Peterson (1983) used the methods of Howe and Webb (1983) and Bartlein and Webb (1985a,b) to estimate mean July temperatures from the pollen data at four sites near Moscow (Table 5). The estimates indicate a decrease in temperatures of about 2°C since 6000 yr B.P. and are in good agreement with those of Huntley and Prentice (in prep.). Grichuk (1969), Khotinskii (1984) and Kliminov (1984) have also provided climatic interpretations of pollen data from the Soviet Union. They are in generally good agreement with those of Peterson (1983) for 6000 yr B.P.

5. South America

Markgraf (in prep.) compiled the pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. from South America. Most of the data were obtained by interpolation from published pollen diagrams, and the pollen percentages were recalculated using a sum of all tree, shrub, and herb pollen. Radiocarbon dates were used to estimate the age of the pollen samples at all of the sites.

The data coverage is generally sparse in South America with most of the sites located in or near the Andes Mountains (Fig. 12; Table 6; see Appendix G for the bibliographic references). The data are not dense enough for producing contour maps. Markgraf (in prep.) has described the patterns in the pollen data. Heusser and Streeter (1980) have produced some initial temperature and precipitation estimates from one site in Chile. An increased number of modern pollen data are needed before more work of this type can be attempted.

6. New Zealand

McGlone et al. (in prep.) and Salinger (1984) have compiled the pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. from New Zealand. Most of the data were obtained by interpolation from published pollen diagrams or from the pollen counts, and the pollen percentages were recalculated as a sum of tree, shrub, and herb pollen. Radiocarbon dates were used to estimate the age of the pollen samples at all of the sites.

The data coverage is fairly uniform, but no sites with data exist in the far north of the North Island or along the southwest side of the South Island (Fig. 13; Table 7; see Appendix H for bibliographic references). McGlone et al. (in prep.) have described the main patterns in the pollen data and noted an expansion in *Nothofagus* dominated forests about 6000 yr B.P. This change may reflect changes in both temperature and precipitation as westerly and southerly winds increased. Climatic calibration work awaits completion of a network of modern pollen samples.

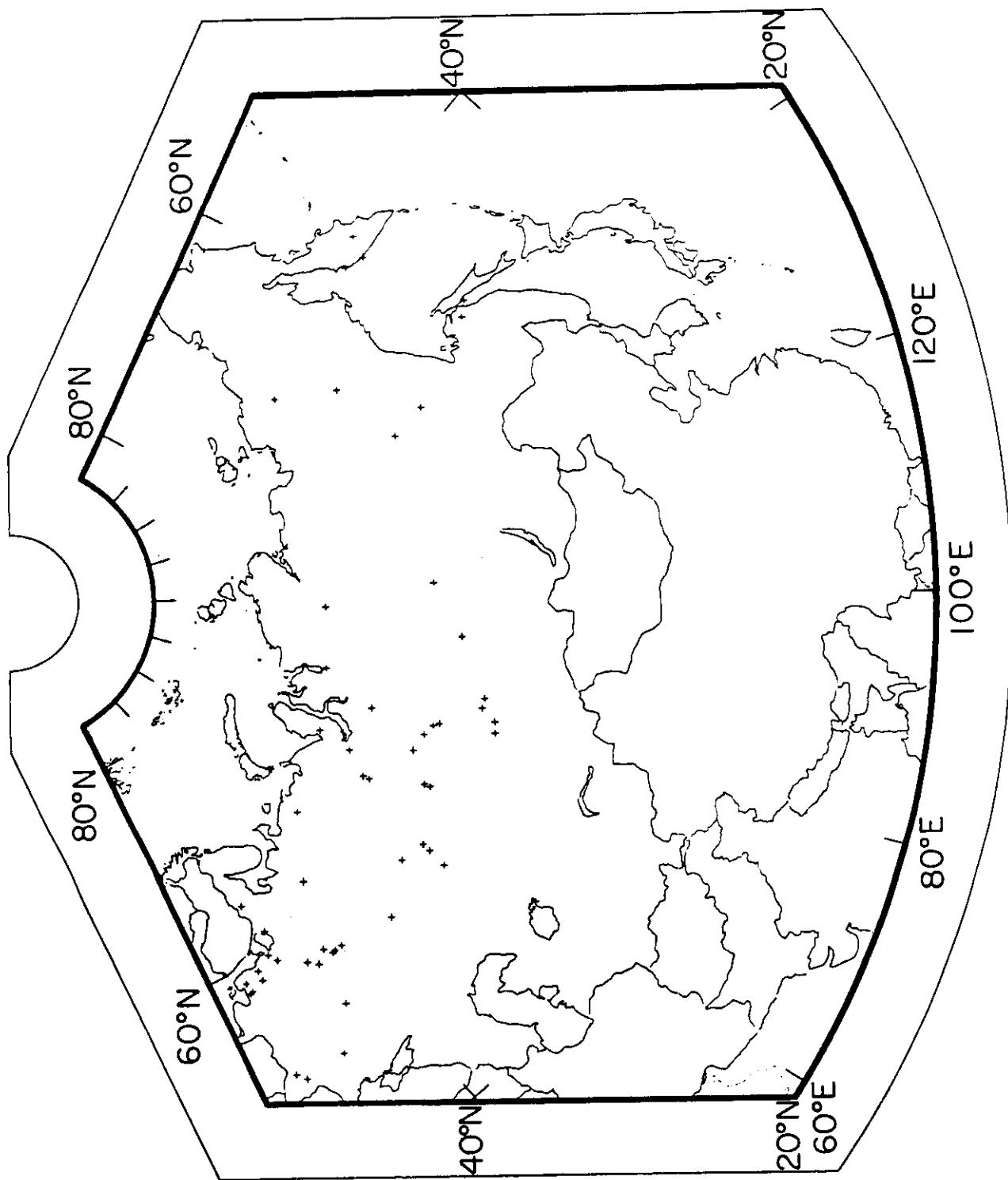


Figure 11. Location of sites with pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. in the Soviet Union. The data are from Peterson (1983).

Table 4. Site Information for Pollen Data from the Soviet Union.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Control of C-14	Publication Index Number
River Bol Romanikha	70 45 N	98 36 E	76	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	5	2	5031
Baikashkinskii	53 2 N	35 22 E	76	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	2	7	5038
Padeng	62 48 N	42 56 E	76	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	3	1	5029
Iuribei	69 0 N	70 0 E	76	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	0	7	5021
Belkachii	59 9 N	131 59 E	0	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	0	7	5034
Ozero Kradeneoe	62 0 N	129 35 E	457	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	5013
Selerikan	64 18 N	141 52 E	76	Soviet Union	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	5008
Nigula 1	58 0 N	24 42 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	5037
Shuvalovskoe	60 3 N	30 20 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	1	-
Bol Pershino	59 21 N	69 0 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	5013
Nizhne-Vartovsk	60 56 N	76 38 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	11	1	-
Pit-Gorodok	59 18 N	93 50 E	457	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	7	1	5024
Vasylgane 1	56 52 N	83 5 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	5025
Mys Karginiskii	70 0 N	84 0 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	1	-
Lukashin Iar	60 20 N	78 24 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	5013
Gorno-Slinkino	58 45 N	68 49 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	5013
Atatskoe	57 0 N	60 5 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	1	5010
Osechenskoe	57 31 N	34 50 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	13	1	5011
Tesovo-Netyi 1	58 57 N	31 4 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	1	5041
Imnatskoe	42 5 N	41 43 E	457	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	7	1	-
Bezdonnee	61 6 N	32 12 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	5024
No-Suo	64 35 N	31 5 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	5024
Vakharu	58 51 N	24 47 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	5024
Polovetsko-Kup	57 34 N	37 54 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	4	1	5033
Ivanovskoe 3	56 50 N	39 0 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	2	5013
Lakhtinskoe	60 0 N	30 10 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	5013
Saviku	58 26 N	27 15 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	5016
Kalina	59 16 N	27 21 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	2	5030
Markhida	67 10 N	52 33 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	5014
River Davshe	54 20 N	110 2 E	457	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	14	1	5036
Multanka	57 47 N	56 19 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	12	1	5012
Tuglian lugan	63 33 N	65 43 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	5016
River Entarnoe	60 2 N	79 1 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	8	1	5015
Orshinskii Mokh	56 57 N	35 57 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	8	1	5028
River Tom	56 50 N	84 27 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	5006
Myksi	58 9 N	24 58 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	5006
Sakhtysh 1	56 48 N	40 25 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	2	5032
River Surgut	61 14 N	73 20 E	457	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	5005
Sartynia	64 10 N	65 28 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	5037
Ubinskii Riam	55 19 N	80 0 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	6	1	5013
Beglianskii Riam	55 30 N	81 34 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Glukharinde	66 0 N	69 0 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Tiuliukskoe	54 40 N	59 10 E	457	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Tuglyany	65 40 N	78 15 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Iamsovei	55 33 N	48 43 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Ulanovo	49 49 N	31 21 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	7
Heimazevskoe										-

Table 4 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Control Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank	Publication Index Number
Zalozhtsy 11	49 40 N	25 30 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	15	5007
Stoianov 11	50 22 N	24 39 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	5007
Uanda	51 24 N	142 5 E	231	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	5013
Ichi	55 34 N	155 59 E	229	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	5013
Ust-Khairuzovo	57 8 N	156 47 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	5013
Kirganshala	54 48 N	158 48 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	5013
Ushkovskii	56 13 N	59 58 E	152	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	5018
River Chernyi Iar	52 20 N	140 27 E	76	Soviet Union	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	5016
Bo1 Kurapotochi	71 4 N	56 30 E	305	Soviet Union	Cattle tank	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	5022
Somino	56 51 N	38 39 E	76	Soviet Union	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	6	5013
Aral Sea	46 40 N	61 30 E	76	Soviet Union	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	10	0	5040
Sor1	68 50 N	148 0 E	150	Soviet Union	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	5009
CHunita	61 45 N	102 48 E	229	Soviet Union	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	5019

**Table 5. Estimates for Mean July Temperature from the Western Soviet Union
(from Peterson, 1983).**

Site	Latitude	Longitude	Temperature (°C)	
			Today	6000 yr B.P.
Orshinskii Mokh	56°57'N	36°20'E	18.2°C	19.8°C
Osechenskoe	57°31'N	34°50'E	18.0°C	19.4°C
Ivanovskoe	56°50'N	39°00'E	18.4°C	19.8°C
Polovetsko-Kupanskoe	57°34'N	37°54'E	18.2°C	20.2°C

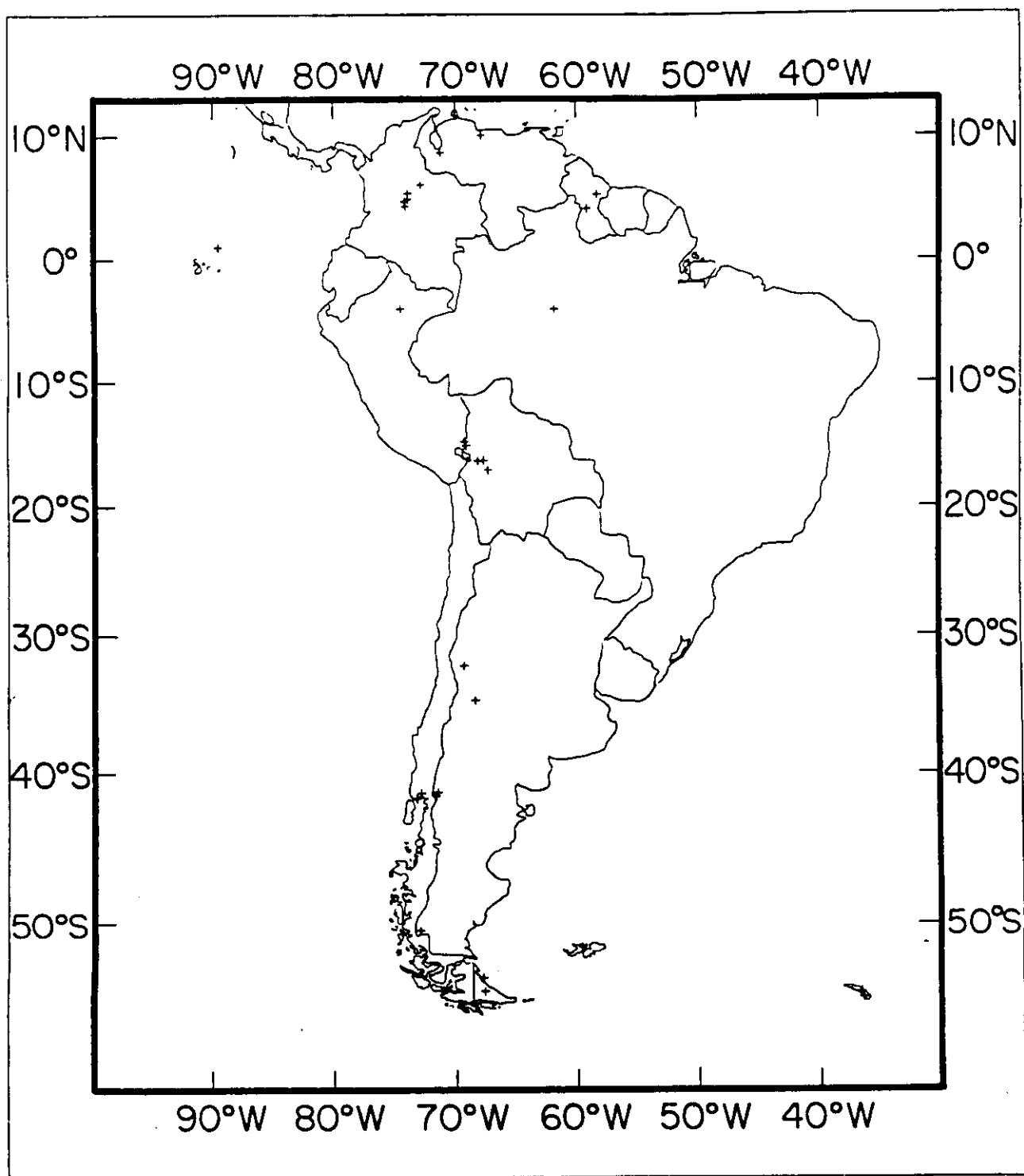


Figure 12. Location of sites with pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. in South America. Data from Markgraf (in prep.)

Table 6. Site Information for Pollen Data from South America.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Control	Publication Index Number
Paramo de la Culata	8° 45' N	71° 4' W	3800	Venezuela	Alluvium	Pollen	Pollen	1	9	9005
Chacaltaya Profile B	16° 22' S	68° 9' W	4750	Bolivia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	9030
Chacaltaya Profile C	16° 22' S	68° 9' W	4750	Bolivia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	9030
Cotapampa	15° 13' S	69° 6' W	4450	Bolivia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	9018
E. Cumbre Undeavi	16° 21' S	68° 2' W	4620	Bolivia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	9030
Laguna Katantica	14° 48' S	69° 11' W	4820	Bolivia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	9018
Monte Blanco	17° 1' S	67° 21' W	4780	Bolivia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	1	9030
Alerce 1	41° 24' S	72° 54' W	100	Chile	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	9025
Alerce 111	41° 25' S	72° 52' W	100	Chile	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	9025
Calbuco	41° 44' S	73° 12' W	100	Chile	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	3	9031
Isla Clarence	54° 12' S	71° 14' W	120	Chile	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	9027
Puerto Eden	4° 0' S	74° 28' W	10	Chile	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	2	9012
Laguna de las Americas 11	4° 15' N	74° 0' W	3550	Colombia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	5	9013
Sabana de Bogota	4° 38' N	74° 5' W	2560	Colombia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	9007
Cienaga Visitador	6° 8' N	72° 47' W	3300	Colombia	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	9	1	9023
Wallin Book	4° 12' S	71° 35' W	800	Argentina	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	2	9024
Lago Mascarini-Gutiérrez	41° 15' S	71° 28' W	800	Argentina	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	3	4	9029
La Mission	53° 30' S	67° 50' W	20	Argentina	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	3	9028
Moreno Glacier Bog	50° 27' S	73° 0' W	213	Argentina	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	9021
Lago Yehuin	54° 20' S	67° 45' W	100	Argentina	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	3	9032
West Falkland	51° 38' S	59° 34' W	100	Falkland Islands	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	9036
Gum Hut Valley Site 3	54° 33' S	36° 28' W	21	Falkland Islands	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	2	4	9036
Gum Hut Valley Site 4	54° 33' S	36° 28' W	21	Falkland Islands	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	9036
Sphagnum Valley Site 1	54° 16' S	36° 35' W	48	Falkland Islands	Bog	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	9017
Kwakwani	5° 15' N	58° 3' W	150	Guiana	Drill Hole	Pollen	Pollen	1	4	9012
Laguna de las Americas	4° 46' N	73° 51' W	3500	Colombia	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	7	9009
Laguna de Fuquene 11	5° 26' N	73° 45' W	2580	Colombia	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9	2	9014
E1 Junco 1	0° 55' N	89° 30' W	500	Ecuador	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9	2	9014
E1 Junco 5	0° 55' N	89° 30' W	500	Ecuador	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	5	1	9014
E1 Junco 6	0° 55' N	89° 30' W	500	Ecuador	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	9	1	9033
Lake Valencia	10° 16' N	67° 45' W	403	Venezuela	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	9016
Lake Moriru (Moreiru)	4° 0' N	59° 0' W	110	Guiana	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	1	7	9015
Lago Surara	4° 9' S	61° 46' W	76	Brazil	Lake	Pollen	Pollen	2	1	9021
Salina 2	32° 15' S	69° 20' W	2000	Argentina	Peat mound	Pollen	Pollen	7	4	9020
Gruta del Indio	34° 45' S	68° 22' W	600	Argentina	Rock shelter	Pollen	Pollen			

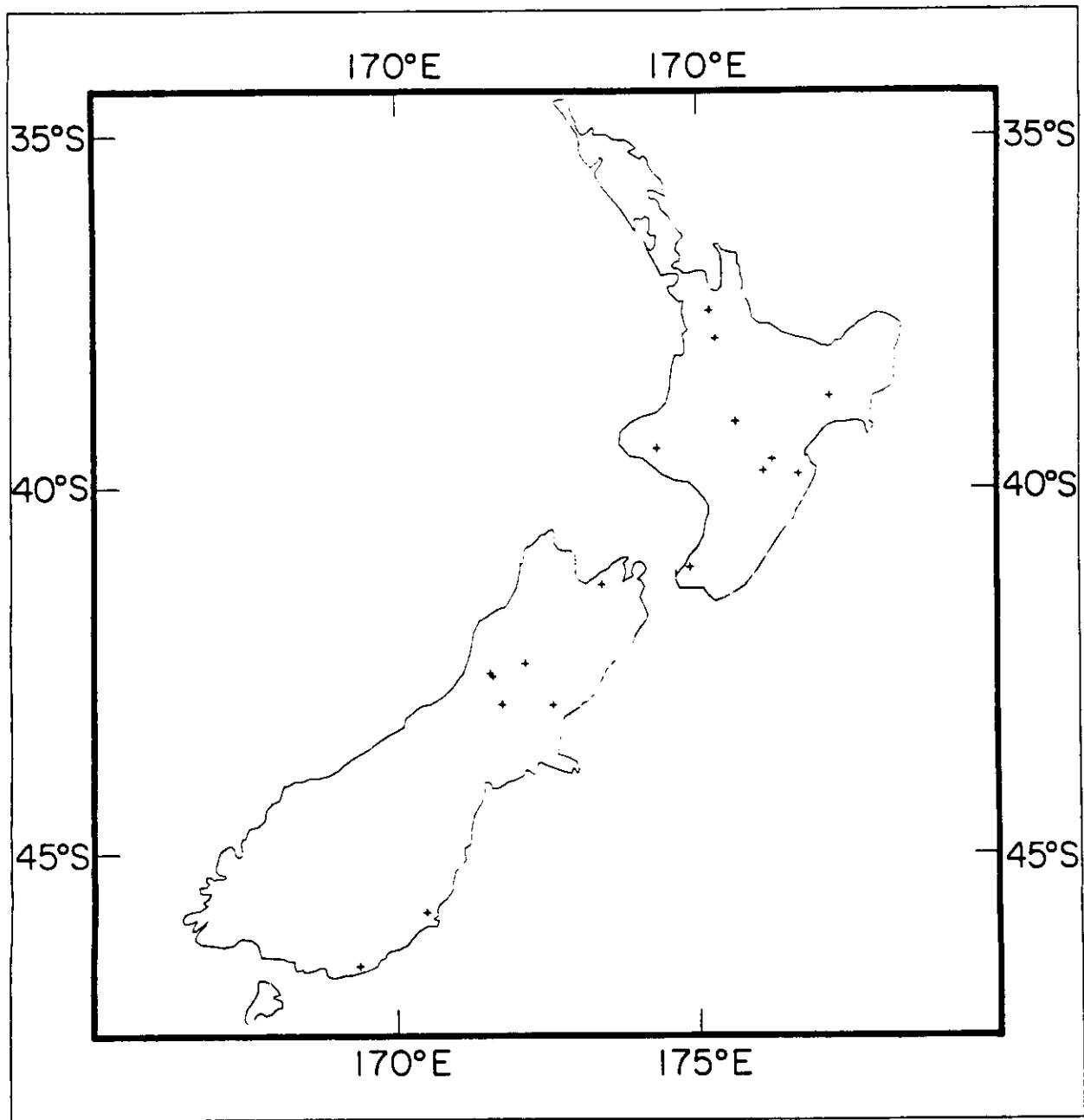


Figure 13. Location of sites with pollen data for 6000 yr B.P. in New Zealand. Data from McGlone et al. (in prep.).

Table 7. Site Information for Pollen Data from New Zealand.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Control	Number of C-14 Dates	Number	Publication Index
							Methods	Dates		
Bell Hill	42° 33' S	171° 32' E	166	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	3	3	9510
Crooked Mary Creek	42° 25' S	172° 7' E	420	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	7	2	9510
Dew Lakes	41° 20' S	173° 25' E	900	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	3	3	9509
Kaiipo Lagoon	38° 41' S	177° 12' E	1000	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	6	1	9502
Lady Lake	42° 36' S	171° 35' E	110	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	3	3	9508
Merrivale	46° 40' S	167° 52' E	60	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	4	2	9507
Mokai Patea	39° 45' S	176° 5' E	1500	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	3	7	9512
No Man's Bog	39° 35' S	176° 15' E	1300	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	4	1	9513
Ohinemawai	37° 29' S	175° 13' E	30	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	3	2	9504
Pyramid Valley	42° 58' S	172° 36' E	320	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	3	7	9503
Stotts Bog	46° 31' S	169° 22' E	30	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	2	1	9502
Swampy Hill	45° 46' S	170° 29' E	740	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	7	1	9501
Waipahu	39° 3' S	175° 39' E	610	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	4	3	9511
Woolshed Hill	42° 59' S	171° 45' E	1000	New Zealand	Bog	Pollen	-	4	4	9515
Pauatahanui	41° 6' S	174° 54' E	0	New Zealand	Estuary	Pollen	-	5	1	9505
Maratoto	37° 53' S	175° 18' E	52	New Zealand	Lake	Pollen	-	9	2	9502
Ngaere	39° 26' S	174° 20' E	240	New Zealand	Marsh	Pollen	-	3	4	9506
Poukawa	39° 47' S	176° 42' E	20	New Zealand	Marsh	Pollen	-	1	1	9502

Lake-Level Data

Street and Grove (1979), Street-Perrott and Harrison (1985), Street-Perrott and Roberts (1983), and Smith and Street-Perrott (1983) have described the methods used in compiling and developing the global set of lake-level data. Radiocarbon dates and dated tephras were used to assign ages to the sample depths in cores or in sedimentary exposures. Data from the latter exposures were the most common. For selected dates, the depth of water in each basin was recorded to be in one of three categories (high, intermediate, or low status) that are defined relative to the total range of fluctuation in each basin in order to provide comparable results among basins of various sizes and depths. The lake level is considered 1) high if the water level is higher than 70% of its maximum height, 2) low if the water level is lower than 15% of its maximum height, and 3) intermediate if in between.

The initial data were assembled from closed-basin lakes in arid regions (Street and Grove, 1976, 1979; Smith and Street-Perrott, 1983). Recent efforts have concentrated on adding data from lakes in currently moist areas (Appendix J). Data are available from most continental areas with densest coverage in Africa and southwestern North America and sparse coverage in eastern Asia and South America (Fig. 14; Table 8; see Appendix I for bibliographic references).

At 6000 yr B.P., lake levels were high in many lakes in Africa, northwest Indian, and Australia (see Appendix J). Steppe and savanna vegetation grew where the Sahara and Rjasthan Deserts are today. Conditions in these areas were much moister at 6000 yr B.P. than they are today. For high water levels in several basins in Africa and northwest India, Kutzbach (1980), Swain et al. (1983), and Hastenrath and Kutzbach (1983) have used an energy-budget hydrological model to estimate that the mean annual precipitation was 30 to 300 mm higher at 6000 yr B.P. than it is today (Table 9). Work is in progress to use the hydrological model on other basins and to improve it for use on lake level data from temperate regions.

Marine Plankton Data

1. Atlantic, Pacific, and Southern Oceans

Ruddiman and McIntyre (1981), Ruddiman (in prep.), and Morley (in prep.) compiled the plankton data available from radiocarbon-dated marine cores with high enough sedimentation rates and closely spaced samples to record Holocene climatic variations. The methods of data preparation are well described in Ruddiman and McIntyre (1981). Radiocarbon dates were available for all cores used, but other stratigraphic information, e.g., ash layers, % calcium carbonate, and oxygen-18 to oxygen-16 ratios, was used to supplement the dates in estimating the ages for each sample depth in a core. Percentage data from foraminifera were used for the first 24 samples listed in Table 10 and the percentages for radiolaria were used in the remaining 10 samples.

The coverage of sites is sparse with most of the samples located in the North Atlantic Ocean (Fig. 14; Table 10; see Appendix K for bibliographic references). Appropriate transfer functions (CLIMAP, 1981; Kipp, 1976) were applied to the data to obtain estimates for both February and August sea-surface temperatures (Fig. 15; Table 11). These estimates show no marked patterns.

2. Indian Ocean

Prell (1984) and Marvil and Prell (in prep.) complied the plankton data from marine cores in the northwestern Indian Ocean. Sedimentation rates were high enough to yeild several Holocene

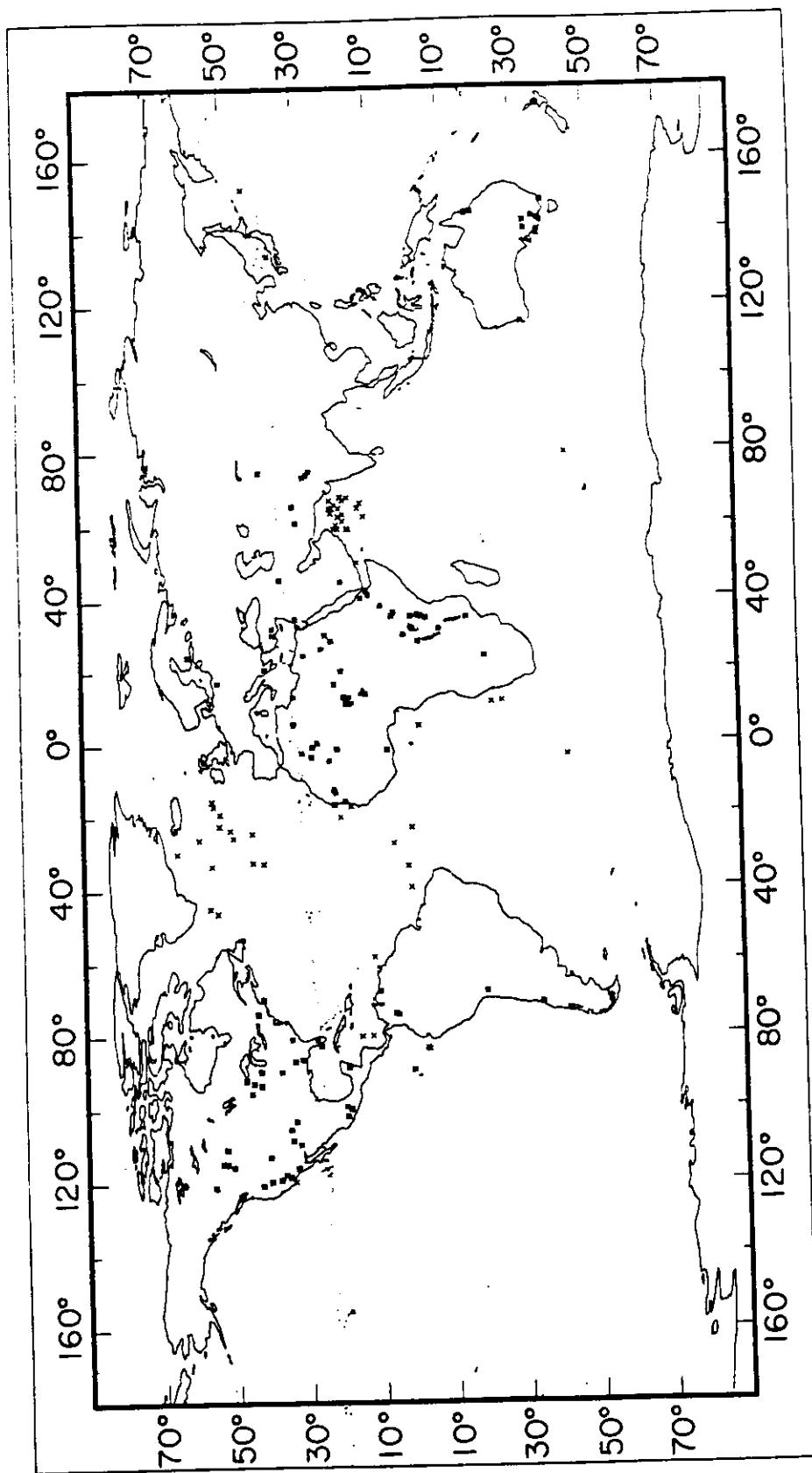


Figure 14. Location of sites with lake-level data (asterisks) and marine plankton data (x's). The lake-level data are described in Appendix J and Street-Perrott and Harrison (1985), and the marine plankton data are from Ruddiman and Mix (in prep.), Morley (in prep.), and Marvill and Prell (in prep.).

Table 8. Site Information for Lake Level Data.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Control	Publication Index Number
Tyotjarvi	60 59 N	25 28 E	143	Finland	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	17	6235
Wieike Gacno	53 44 N	17 12 E	130	Poland	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	23	6236
Pityoulish	57 12 N	3 47 W	210	Scotland	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	8	6234
Comarum So	61 8 N	45 32 W	125	Greenland	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	7	6231
Cahaba Pond	33 30 N	86 32 W	210	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	13	6130
Goshen Springs	31 43 N	86 8 W	105	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	7	6131
Cochise	32 8 N	109 51 W	1260	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	33	6132
Adobe	37 55 N	118 36 W	1951	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	7	6134
Deep Spring	37 17 N	118 2 W	1499	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	10	6136
Leconte	33 20 N	116 0 W	-71	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	48	6137
Searles	35 36 N	117 42 W	493	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	110	6143
White Pond	34 10 N	80 46 W	90	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	3	6145
Annie	27 18 N	81 24 W	36	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	8	6146
Little Salt Spring	27 0 N	82 10 W	5	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	18	6147
Kett Hole Lake	43 0 N	93 6 W	350	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	4	6148
West Lake Okoboji	46 20 N	95 12 W	425	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	4	6150
Duck Pond	41 56 N	70 0 W	3	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	14	6151
Kirchner Marsh	44 50 N	92 46 W	275	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	0	6152
Weber Lake	47 28 N	91 39 W	559	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	4	6153
Old Field Swamp	37 27 N	89 50 W	122	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	4	6154
Lahontan	40 0 N	119 30 W	1054	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	169	6156
Blackwater Draw	34 15 N	103 20 W	1250	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	17	6161
Estancia	34 36 N	105 36 W	1842	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	4	6162
San Agustin	33 50 N	108 10 W	1842	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	14	6165
Lake George	43 31 N	73 39 W	96	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	2	6167
Chewaucan	64 40 N	120 30 W	1296	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	6	6168
Fort Rock	43 10 N	120 45 W	1311	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	114	6169
Bonneville	40 30 N	113 0 W	1280	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	0	0	6178
Mound	33 5 N	102 5 W	960	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	8	6175
Mendota	43 6 N	89 25 W	259	United States	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	14	6179
Lake Isle	52 37 N	114 26 W	700	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	3	6181
Moore Lake	53 0 N	110 30 W	500	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	6	6182
Smallboy Lake	53 35 N	114 8 W	762	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	5	6183
Wabamun Lake	53 35 N	114 15 W	732	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	2	6184
Wedge Lake	50 52 N	115 10 W	1500	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	3	6185
Fiddler's Pond	56 15 N	120 45 W	630	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	1	6186
Manitoba	51 0 N	98 0 W	248	Canada	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	9	6187
Bou Ali	27 10 N	0 15 E	145	Algeria	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	1	6018
Bou Bernouis	27 20 N	3 4 W	145	Algeria	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	2	6019
Hassi Messoud	32 0 N	5 51 E	1500	Algeria	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	1	6045
Kadda	26 12 N	0 53 E	145	Algeria	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	3	6050
Wadi Saoura	30 0 N	2 0 W	145	Algeria	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	20	6100
Bu Ilemerri	38 15 S	143 3 E	145	Australia	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	6	6206
Euramoo	17 10 S	145 38 E	730	Australia	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	7	6211
George	37 26 S	140 0 E	673	Australia	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	37	6213
Gnotuk	38 13 S	143 8 E	105	Australia	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	9	6214
Keilambete	38 2 S	148 53 E	148	Australia	Lake	Lake	Lake	1	24	6215

Table 8 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Control	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Index Number	Publication Index Number
Kow Swamp Lake	36 12 S	144 18 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	10	2	6217
Lynch's Crater Marshes Swamp	37 35 S	140 36 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	9	2	6218
Wyalup Swamp	17 22 S	145 42 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	13	2	6219
Pulbeena Swamp	37 37 S	140 32 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	1	6220
Quincan Crater	33 7 S	115 42 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	1	6221
Victoria	40 57 S	144 43 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	0	6222
Willandra Lakes	17 18 S	145 35 E	Australia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	2	6223
Taucas	20 24 S	24 25 E	Bolivia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	7	2	6226
Makgadikgadi	21 30 N	17 0 E	Botswana	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	28	5	6228
Enneri Bardague	19 3 N	20 30 E	Chad	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	8	7	6199
Ounianga Kebir	34 30 S	71 10 W	Chile	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	0	6061
Laguna de Tagua Tagua	5 30 N	73 45 W	Colombia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	8	6	6202
Fuquene	5 0 N	74 0 W	Colombia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	28	1	6075
El Abra	11 36 N	42 30 E	Djibouti	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	0	6195
Asal	0 52 N	89 27 W	Ecuador	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	7	2	6002
El Junco	24 14 N	27 25 E	Egypt	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	33	1	6070
Abu Ballas	23 0 N	31 0 E	Egypt	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	6	6084
Nabta Playa	29 13 N	25 21 E	Egypt	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	9	1	6004
Siwa	13 25 N	40 50 E	Egypt	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	11	3	6027
Afrera	11 30 N	42 0 E	Ethiopia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	43	1	6103
Dobi-Hanle	7 45 N	38 40 E	Ethiopia	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	28	1	6017
Ziway-Shale	6 30 N	1 25 W	Ghana	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	7	6107
Bosumtwi	27 20 N	74 35 E	India	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	2	6115
Didwana	28 30 N	73 45 E	India	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	0	6123
Lunkaransar	27 0 N	75 0 E	India	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	1	6129
Sambhar	35 32 N	46 7 E	Iran	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	2	6016
Zeribar	0 18 N	36 6 E	Kenya	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	1	4	6060
Bogoria	1 53 S	36 19 E	Kenya	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	2	6072
Wagadi	1 15 S	36 20 E	Kenya	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	13	3	6073
Naivasha	0 25 N	36 10 E	Kenya	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	22	1	6093
Nakuru-Elmenteita	5 0 N	36 0 E	Kenya	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	1	1	6042
Turkana	15 30 S	35 30 E	Malawi	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	2	2	6047
Chilwa	20 48 N	0 42 W	Malta	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	0	0	6010
Erg Ine Sakane East	20 50 N	0 38 W	Malta	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	5	3	6031
Erg Ine Sakane North-east	20 57 N	0 32 W	Malta	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	6	5	6033
Great North Lake	21 2 N	0 45 W	Malta	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	1	1	6044
Ichourad Well	20 48 N	0 42 W	Malta	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	0	6054
Taoudenni Sabkha	22 30 N	4 0 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	1	2	6086
Yadi-Dukechert	20 40 N	0 45 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	5	3	6099
Chemchane-Aderg	21 0 N	12 7 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	6	5	6023
Hassei Gaboun	18 18 N	15 49 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	1	1	6044
Khat Depression	19 10 N	12 30 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	4	3	6074
Oum Arouabé	20 52 N	12 52 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	16	4	6090
Tirersioum	21 22 N	16 41 W	Mauritania	Lake	Lake Level	-	-	-	6	6	6090

Table 8 (continued)

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Elevation (m)	Country	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Control	Publication Index Number
Laguna Chichancanab	19 30 N	88 45 W	38	Mexico	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	4	6189
Mexico	19 30 N	99 0 W	2240	Mexico	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	26	6190
Patzcuaro	19 35 N	101 35 W	2044	Mexico	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	6	6191
Upper Lerma	19 8 N	99 40 W	2575	Mexico	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	4	6193
Rotorua	38 6 S	176 18 E	280	New Zealand	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	2	6	6229
Agadem	16 50 N	13 20 E	350	Niger	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	6	6005
Bilma	18 45 N	13 0 E	Niger	Niger	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	10	1	6014
Fachi	18 7 N	11 40 E	Niger	Niger	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	9	2	6036
Termit Ouest/Kandel Bouzou	16 5 N	11 15 E	Niger	Niger	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	6	2	6088
Munda Fan, Rub'a'l Khalil	18 33 N	45 18 E	900	Saudi Arabia	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	23	6116
Gebel Maghra	30 45 N	33 24 E	400	Sinai	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	11	7	6108
Seftima	21 19 N	29 20 E	Sudan	Sudan	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	2	1	6080
Manyara	3 37 S	35 49 E	Tanzania	Tanzania	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	10	0	6062
Rukwa	8 0 S	32 30 E	793	Tanzania	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	4	6078
Beysehir	37 45 N	31 30 E	1120	Turkey	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	10	0	6104
Konya	37 30 N	33 0 E	990	Turkey	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	23	6113
Valencia	10 6 N	67 45 W	402	Venezuela	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	13	6200
Chatyrkel	40 36 N	75 18 E	3530	Soviet Union	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	21	6237
Chew Bahir	4 45 N	37 0 E	500	Ethiopia	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	2	6024
Abne	11 15 N	42 0 E	240	Ethiopia	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	58	1	6001
Liisan-Dead Sea	31 30 N	35 30 E	-395	Jordan	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	27	2	6114
Chad-Megachad	13 0 N	14 0 E	282	Nigeria	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	59	3	6022
Kivu	2 0 S	29 0 E	1462	Rwanda	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	3	6055
Victoria	1 0 S	33 0 E	1134	Uganda	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	1	4	6095
Mobutu Sese Seko	1 30 N	31 0 E	619	Uganda	Lake	Lake	Lake Level	10	0	6065

Table 9. Precipitation Estimates for East Africa and India for 6000 yr B.P. Precipitation

Site	Today	6000 yr B.P.	Data Type	Reference
Lake Naivasha	900 mm	990-1055 mm ^a	Water Level	Hastenrath and Kutzbach, 1983
Sambhar Lake	470 mm	500-670 mm ^b	Water Level	Swain et al., 1983
Lunkaransar Lake	340 mm	519 mm ^b	Pollen	Swain et al., 1983
Lake Chad	350 mm	650 mm ^c	Water Level	Kutzbach, 1980

a. Estimates apply to 5650 to 9200 yr B.P.

b. Estimates apply to 3500 to 10,500 yr B.P.

c. Estimates apply to 5000 to 10,000 yr B.P.

Table 10. Site Information for Marine Plankton Data from the Atlantic, Pacific, and Southern Oceans.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Depth (m)	Ocean	Site Type	Dating Methods	Number of C-14 Dates	Control of C-14	Date Type	Number Rank	Publication Index Number
A179-15	24 48 N	75 55 W	3109	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	5	1	4	8003
K708-1	50 0 N	23 25 W	4053	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	1	4	8010
K714-15	58 46 N	25 57 W	111	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	4	4	8012
RC9-49	11 11 N	58 36 W	1851	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	5	4	4	8001
RC9-225	54 59 N	15 24 W	2334	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	4	4	8007
RC9-228	52 33 N	18 45 W	3981	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	4	4	8009
V15-168	0 12 N	39 54 W	4219	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	3	4	4	8002
V18-357	15 2 N	80 14 W	1818	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	3	3	3	8008
V23-23	56 5 N	44 33 W	3292	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	4	4	8012
V23-81	54 15 N	16 50 W	2393	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	2	2	8009
V23-82	52 35 N	21 56 W	3974	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	2	5	5	8008
V25-59	1 22 N	33 29 W	3824	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	4	2	2	8002
V27-20	54 0 N	46 12 W	3510	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	4	4	8013
V27-114	55 3 N	33 4 W	2532	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	3	1	1	8012
V28-14	64 47 N	29 34 W	1855	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	5	1	1	8004
V28-127	11 39 N	80 8 W	3227	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	3	3	3	8006
V29-179	44 0 N	24 32 W	3331	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	4	4	8013
V29-183	49 8 N	25 30 W	3643	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	7	2	2	8012
V29-192	54 16 N	16 47 W	2365	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	8	1	1	8012
V30-36	5 21 N	27 19 W	4245	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	4	4	8005
V30-41	0 13 N	23 4 W	3874	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	9	1	1	8014
V30-51	19 52 N	19 55 W	3409	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	4	4	4	8005
V30-97	41 0 N	32 56 W	3371	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	7	7	8011
V30-101	44 6 N	32 30 W	3504	North Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	9	1	1	8012
RC11-120	43 31 S	7 9 52 E	3193	Southern Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	6	6	8019
RC13-205	2 17 S	5 11 E	3731	South Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	4	4	8015
RC13-228	22 20 S	11 12 E	3204	South Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	1	3	2	2	8018
RC13-229	25 30 S	11 18 E	4191	South Atlantic	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	7	7	8017
RC14-103	44 2 N	15 2 56 E	5365	North Pacific	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	7	7	8021
V19-29	3 35 S	83 56 W	3157	South Pacific	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	7	7	8020
V19-30	3 23 S	83 31 W	3091	South Pacific	Ocean	Plankton	1	2	1	1	8016
V22-108	43 11 S	3 15 W	4171	Southern Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	1	1	6	6	8022
Y7110117-P	34 0 N	120 0 W	627	North Pacific	Ocean	Plankton	13	0	7	7	8024
RC12-379	36 54 N	134 33 E	1010	Sea of Japan	Ocean	Plankton	1	3	3	3	8023

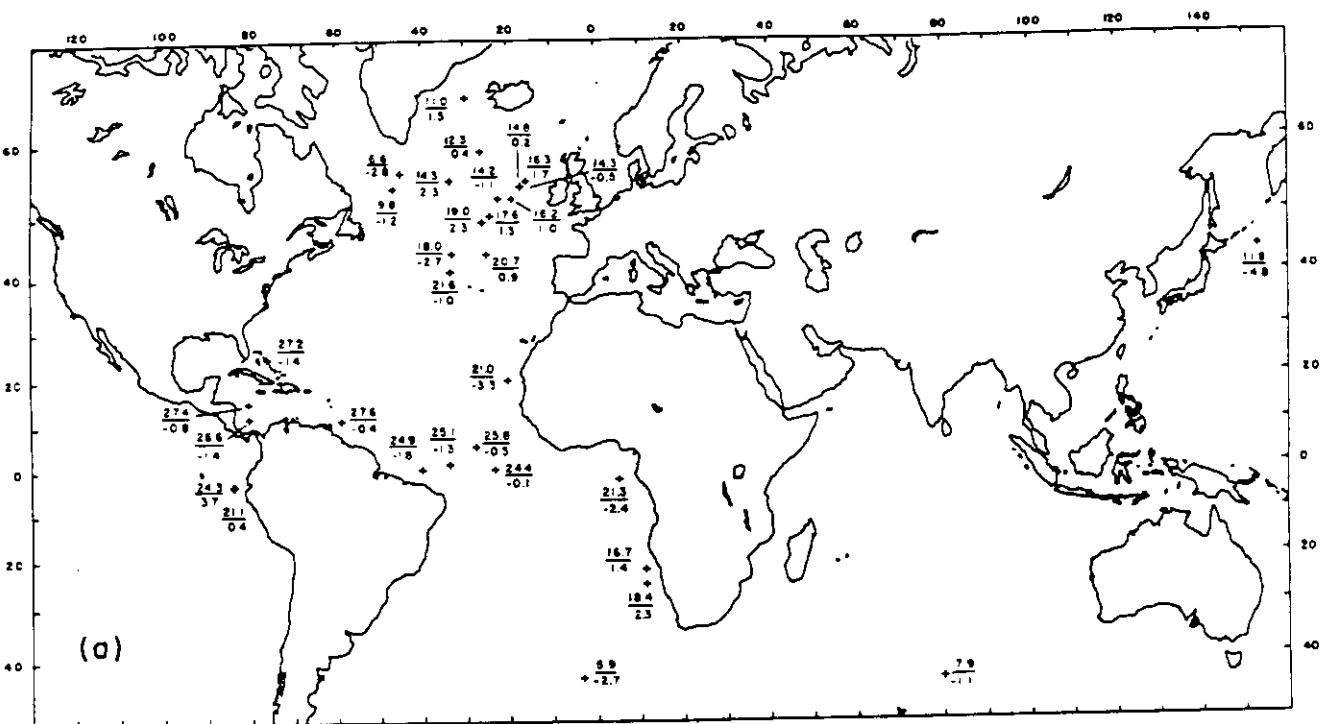


Figure 15. a) August sea-surface temperature in °C and SST anomaly (below line) relative to modern atlas value. Positive anomaly indicates warmer ocean at 6000 yr B.P. Credibility of SST estimates and anomalies discussed in Ruddiman and Mix (in prep.).

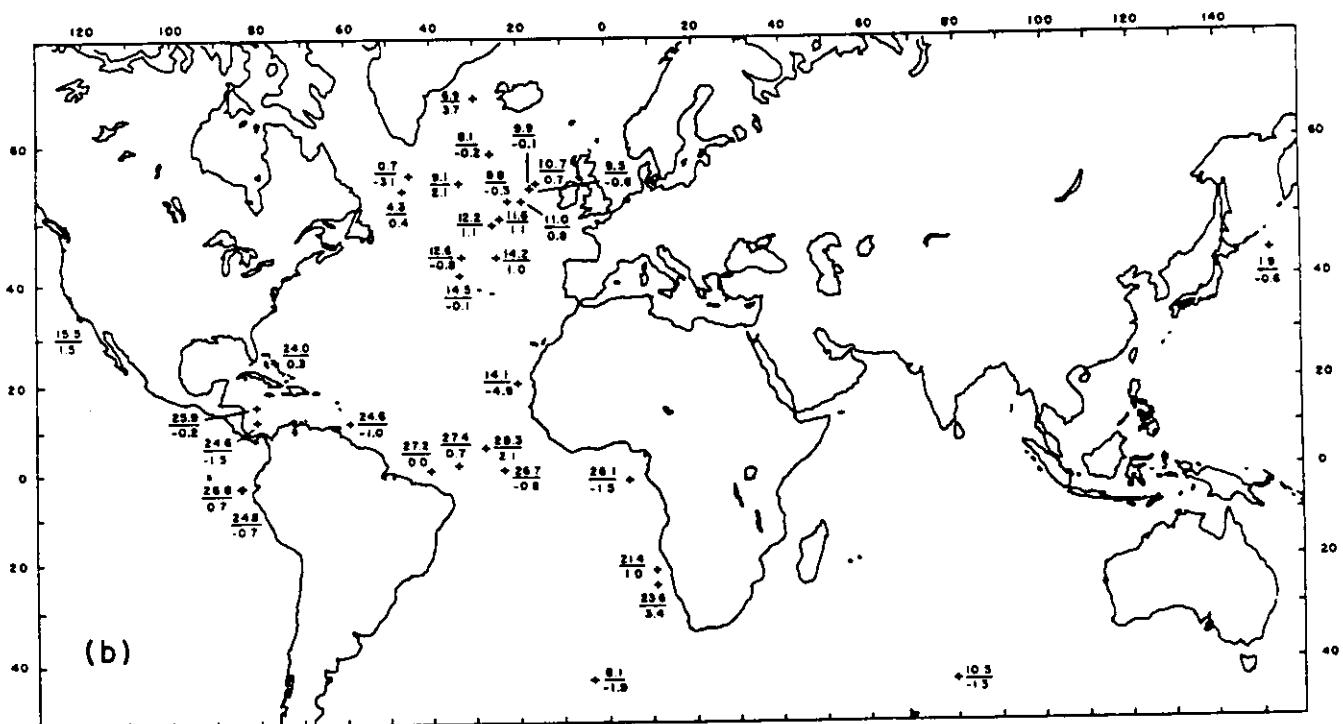


Figure 15. b) February sea-surface temperature in °C and SST anomaly (below line) relative to modern atlas value. Positive anomaly indicates warmer ocean at 6000 yr B.P. Credibility of SST estimates and anomalies discussed in Ruddiman and Mix (in prep.).

Table 11. Sea-Surface Temperature (in °C) Anomaly: 6000 yr BP vs. Today (Modern Atlas Temperature).

Core	6000 yr BP		6000 yr BP-Today	
	Aug.SST	Feb.SST	Aug.SST	Feb.SST
A179-15	27.2	24.0	-1.4	0.3
K708-1	17.6	11.6	1.3	1.1
K714-15	12.3	8.1	0.4	-0.2
RC9-49	27.6	24.6	-0.4	-1.0
RC9-225	16.3	10.7	1.7	0.7
RC9-228	16.2	11.0	1.0	0.8
V15-168	24.9	27.2	-1.8	0.0
V18-357	27.4	25.9	-0.8	-0.2
V23-23	6.6	0.7	-2.8	-3.1
V23-81	14.3	9.5	-0.5	-0.6
V23-82	14.2	9.8	-1.1	-0.3
V25-59	25.1	27.4	-1.3	0.7
V27-20	9.8	4.3	-1.2	0.4
V27-114	14.3	9.1	2.3	2.1
V28-14	11.0	6.9	1.5	3.7
V28-127	26.6	24.6	-1.4	-1.5
V29-179	20.7	14.2	0.9	1.0
V29-183	19.0	12.2	2.3	1.1
V29-192	14.8	9.9	0.2	-0.1
V30-36	25.8	28.3	-0.5	2.1
V30-41	24.4	26.7	-0.1	-0.8
V30-51	21.0	14.1	-3.3	-4.9
V30-97	21.6	14.5	-1.0	-0.1
V30-101	18.0	12.6	-2.7	-0.8
RC11-120	7.9	10.5	-1.1	-1.3
RC13-205	21.3	26.1	-2.4	-1.5
RC13-228	16.7	21.4	1.4	1.0
RC13-229	18.4	23.6	2.3	3.4
RC14-103	1.8	1.9	-4.8	-0.6
V19-29	21.1	24.8	0.4	-0.7
V19-30	24.3	26.8	3.7	0.7
V22-108	5.9	8.1	-2.7	-1.9
Y7110117-P	----	15.5	----	1.5

Table 12. Site Information for Marine Plankton Data from the Indian Ocean.

Site Name	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Depth (m)	Site Type	Data Type	Dating Control	Number of C-14 Dates	Rank Index	Publication Number
V34-87	16 28 N	59 45 E	2144	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	2
V34-88	16 31 N	59 32 E	2171	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	5	6	2
V34-89	17 48 N	61 52 E	3760	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	8	0	4
V34-90	19 4 N	62 51 E	3495	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-91	20 56 N	64 2 E	3393	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-92	21 8 N	65 7 E	3166	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-93	20 38 N	65 3 E	2808	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-94	18 36 N	65 11 E	3373	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	7	0	4
V34-95	13 39 N	65 13 E	4031	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-100	16 22 N	67 59 E	2970	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-101	17 29 N	67 22 E	3038	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	5	4	1
V34-102	18 1 N	68 17 E	3442	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-109	19 44 N	66 5 E	2742	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-111	17 37 N	63 53 E	3623	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-116	13 7 N	66 16 E	4075	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
V34-119	13 7 N	66 15 E	4070	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
RC9-160	12 3 N	63 8 E	4268	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	4
RC9-161	19 34 N	59 36 E	3332	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	5	5	4
RC9-162	19 4 N	60 25 E	3092	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	8	0	4
MD76-135	14 26 N	50 31 E	1895	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	11	0	2
MD77-202	19 13 N	60 40 E	2427	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	6	0	2
MD77-203	20 41 N	59 34 E	2442	Indian Ocean	Ocean	Plankton	11	0	2

samples in each core. Only 3 cores had radiocarbon dates, (Table 12) but biostratigraphic data along with oxygen isotope and calcium carbonate data were used to assign dates in the cores without radiocarbon dates. The data set includes percentages for the major species of foraminifera in each sample.

The coverage of sites is fairly uniform in the northwestern Indian Ocean (Fig. 16; Table 12; see Appendix L for bibliographic references). Appropriate transfer functions (CLIMAP, 1981; Prell, 1984) were applied to the data to obtain estimates for August sea-surface temperatures (Fig. 17). These estimates indicate an east-west temperature gradient with lower temperatures in the area of upwelling along the African-Arabian coast.

DISCUSSION

Data Coverage

The current data set provides coverage for most regions of the world (Fig. 1), but additions can still be made in several areas. Published pollen data are available from Australia, Africa, China, Japan, and southwest. North America, and Tsukada (1983) and Baker (1983) have provided recent summaries for the latter two areas. Paleobotanical data are also available from packrat middens in the southwest (Spaulding et al., 1983). Lake-level data have recently been added from eastern North America and Europe, but more sites with lake-level information can probably be found in both regions. Additional sites with marine plankton data are also available from such areas as the Gulf of Mexico and the Mediterranean Sea. Work is in progress to compile and to add these data to the global data set.

The Global Mean Temperature at 6000 yr B.P.

The mid-Holocene (ca. 4000 to 8000 yr B.P.) has long been considered a time when the global mean temperature was higher than it is today (Deevey and Flint, 1957). This time period is often termed the "altithermal" (Antevs, 1948) or "hypsithermal" (Deevey and Flint, 1957). Kellogg and Schwabe (1981, p. 157) have recently claimed that "...during the Altithermal the Earth was generally several degrees warmer than the present...." One goal in assembling the data from 6000 yr B.P. was to try to gain a wide enough distribution of temperature estimates that an estimate for the global mean temperature might be calculated. The coverage of sites with temperatures in the current data set, however, is not yet sufficient for producing such an estimate. Most of the sites are in mid-to-high latitudes of the Northern Hemisphere, and too few are located in the tropics, Asia, or the Pacific Ocean to allow a reliable calculation of the global mean temperature.

This conclusion raises the question as to whether any geological evidence exists that the global mean temperature at 6000 yr B.P. was high than it is today. A search of the literature shows that most claims for a warm mid-Holocene period were based on local or regional data (Iversen, 1944; Deevey and Flint, 1957) from northern mid-latitudes where July mean temperatures may have been 1 to 3°C higher than today (Fig. 4 and 10). Deevey and Flint (1957) assumed that this information was representative of the global mean temperature, but studies in synoptic climatology (Berry and Perry, 1975) show that this assumption is probably invalid, even for the time scale of thousands of years. Webb and Wigley (1985) have recently discussed this point and reached a similar conclusion, that no direct evidence exists that the global mean temperature was higher at 6000 yr B.P. than it is today.

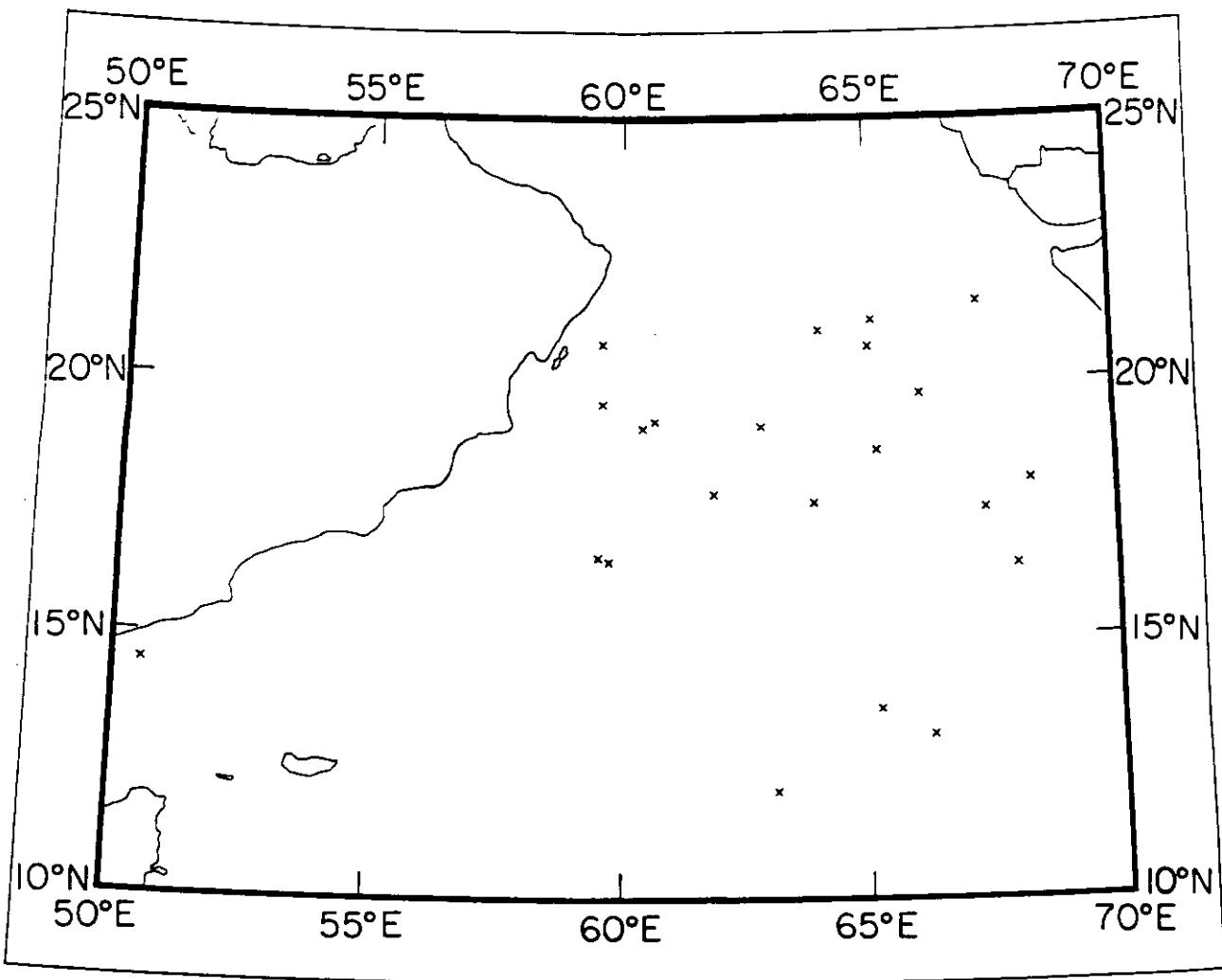


Figure 16. Location of sites with marine plankton data in the northwestern Indian Ocean (from Marvil and Prell, in prep.).

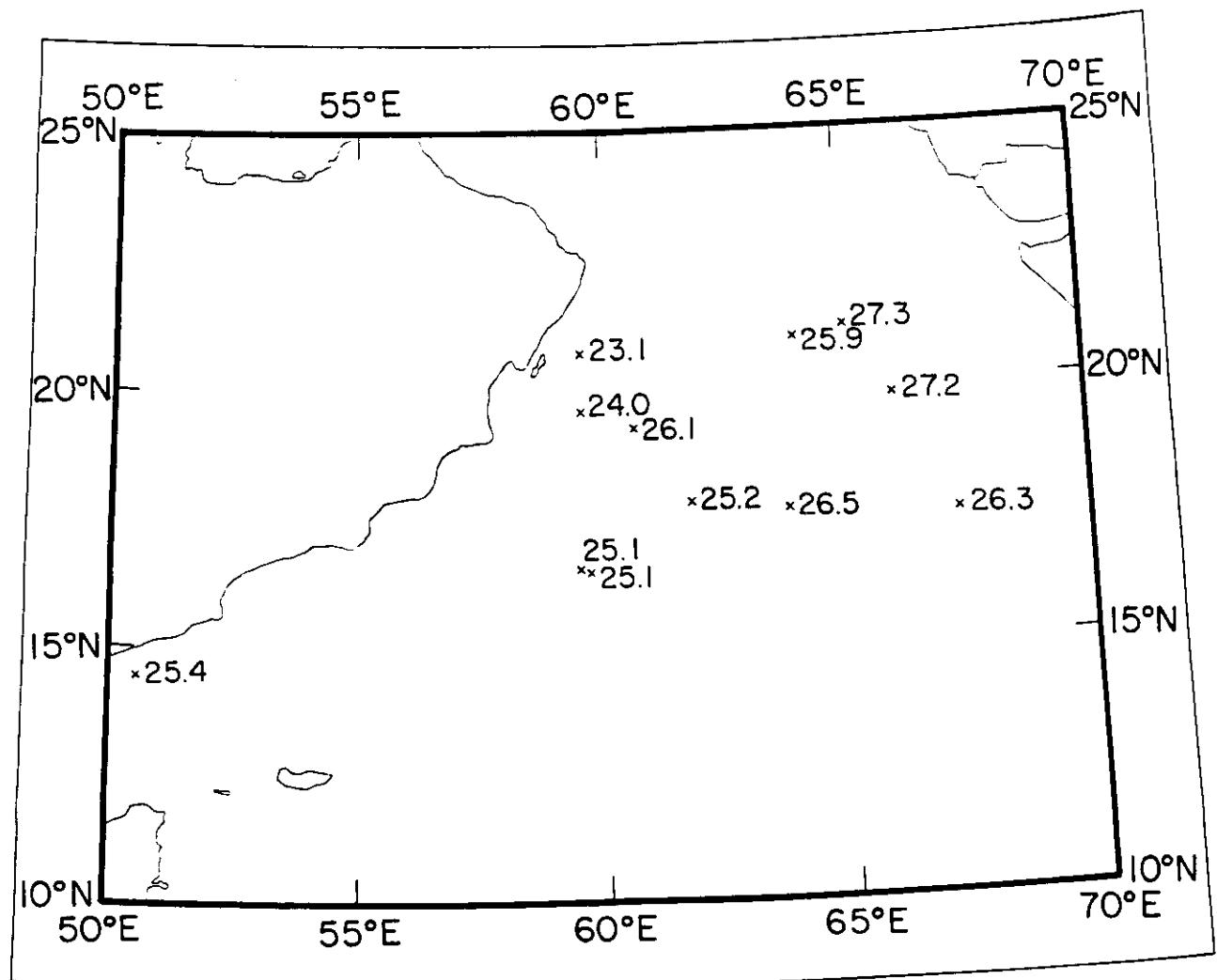


Figure 17. Sea surface temperature estimates for August derived from marine plankton data for 6000 yr B.P. (from Marvil and Prell, in prep.).

Potential for Comparison with Climate Model Results

An important use for the global paleoclimatic data set from 6000 yr B.P. will be the testing of results from climate model situations. This work is critical for understanding the climatic effects of increased atmospheric carbon dioxide concentrations. Because of the maineffects of increased carbon dioxide concentrations is to change the radiative forcing and energy balance of the global climate system, tests of the models are needed that show how well the models can simulate climate patterns when the radiative forcing is changed. Model simulations for 6000 yr B.P. provide such a test. For example, Kutzbach (1981) and Kutzbach and Guetter (1984) have already shown that the seasonal variation in solar radiation between today and 6000 yr B.P. can lead to systematic and significant changes in the climatic patterns simulated by general circulation models. Research is now in progress to use the paleoclimatic data from 6000 yr B.P. to show which of the simulated patterns are accurate.

CONCLUSIONS

The global data base for 6000 yr B.P. provides adequate coverage of sites in most continents. Eastern Asia and Antarctica are poorly sampled and much of Australia and South America are sparsely sampled. Sites with marine plankton data are much less numerous than terrestrial sites because of slow sedimentation rates in the ocean. The best coverage is in the North Atlantic Ocean and the Eastern Indian Ocean. The climate around 6000 yr B.P. differed significantly from today, and maps of estimated July mean temperatures show patterns with regions of higher as well as lower temperatures in northern middle and high latitudes. The current estimates for the global mean temperature at 6000 yr B.P. are uncertain, but it may have been only within 1°C of today's temperature (Webb and Wigley, 1985). If this estimate is correct, then the data for moisture conditions at 6000 yr B.P. (Appendix J) are impressive because they show that large changes in both precipitation and the extent of deserts and grass lands can be associated with relatively small variations in the global mean temperature.

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APPENDIX A

Descriptive Files for the 6000 yr B.P. Data Set

This appendix contains the Master Format File and six other tables with descriptive information such as a key to the country codes and site type codes. The Master Format File is the first file among the computer files within which the set of global paleoclimatic data for 6000 yr B.P. is stored. It lists all the descriptive files and data files and provides a brief description of each file. The data were stored in several subsets either by data type (pollen, lake level, and plankton) or for pollen and plankton data by geographic region. Each subset and the files in each subset are described in the Master Format File.

The other tables in this appendix provide keys to codes used in describing the data and the sites (Tables A-2 to A-7). Codes were used for country names, data types, site types, U.S. states and Canadian provinces, dating control (ranks), and dating methods. These categories appear in Tables 1-4, 6-8, 10, 12 in the main text that list and describe the sites. The codes are mostly self explanatory. The ranking of the dating control depends upon the nearest radiocarbon dates, and the numbers from 1 (best) to 7 (worst) rank the degree of dating control (Table A-7). These ranks are used for all data sets but the European pollen data, to which the ranks described in Huntley and Birks (1983) are assigned, and the Indian ocean plankton data, for which other stratigraphic information was often used in assigning the dates. For certain Indian Ocean cores, no radiocarbon dates were available, but standard stratigraphic indicators such as percent calcium carbonate or oxygen isotope ratios were used. The dating methods code was created to allow for this difference in dating methods among the different data sets and indicates what dating methods were used (Table A-4). Within the dating methods code, some numbers refer to methods listed under other numbers, e.g., dating method 7 refers to methods 2 and 3 and indicates that for code 7 methods 2 (calcium carbonate stratigraphy) and 3 (oxygen isotope stratigraphy) were used.

Table A-1. Master Format File: List of All File Names and Description Files.

Label 1: MASTER FORMAT

This file contains a description of the layout of the 6K data tape. The tape includes documentation as well as data files.

The tape contains pollen, lake level, and marine plankton data from 6000 yr. B.P. and was prepared by T. Webb and R. Arigo at Brown University, Spring, 1984.

The data appears in files subdivided by region and data type. Pollen data are in the subdivisions: ENA (Eastern North America), ALASKA (Northwest Canada and Alaska), EUROPE, USSR, and SAMERICA (South America), and NEWZEAL (New Zealand). The subdivision LAKELEVL (Lake Level) contains a global set of data on lake levels (i.e. the scaled height of water levels in lakes). The subdivisions ATLANTIC (Atlantic Ocean) and INDIAN (Indian Ocean) contain planktonic foraminifera data from these oceans, and data from isolated cores in the Pacific and Southern Oceans are also included in the subdivision ATLANTIC. Within each region, files with the filetype of FORMAT (e.g. ENA FORMAT) contain documentation pertaining to the data files for that particular region.

Label 2: COUNTRY.CODES

This file contains a list of country names along with its associated index number. The country codes appear in all *.INDEX files (where * is MASTER, ENA, ALASKA,

EUROPE, USSR, LAKELEV, ATLANTIC, INDIAN, SAMERICA, or NEWZEAL).

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Country code	3	4	
Country name	7	30	

Label 3: STATE.CODES

This file contains a list of state names, Canadian provinces, and U.S. territories along with their postal abbreviations. The state codes appear in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Postal abbreviation	2	3	
State name	7	35	

Label 4: DATING.METHODS

This file contains a list of dating methods used along with its associated index number. Some dating methods are a combination of 2 or more dating methods previously listed. The combinations are listed by dating method number. This code appears for each site in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Dating method number	1	2	
Dating method	5	55	

Label 5: SITETYPE.CODES

This file contains a list of site type codes along with a description of the code. The sitetype code character is left justified in its field. This code is used in describing the sites in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Site type code	1	2	
Site type	6	30	

Label 6: DATATYPE.CODES

This file contains a list of data type codes along with a description of the code. The data type codes appear in all *.INDEX files

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Data type code	1	2	
Data type	6	30	

Label 7: DATING.CONTROL

This file contains a list of codes (1 to 7) that rank the degree of dating control for the data at a selected date, e.g. 6000 yr. B.P. These codes appear in all *.INDEX files.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
Dating control code	1	1	
Dating control	5	50	

Label 8: MASTER.INDEX

This file contains information about each site in each subdivision of the global data set. There is one line of information per site.

Field Name	Beginning Column	Ending Column	Field Description
TAPE ID number	2	6	
Dataset ID number	10	12	
Site name	15	44	
Latitude in degrees	47	48	
Latitude in minutes	50	51	
Latitude character	53	53	
Latitude in decimal	55	60	
Longitude in degrees	63	65	
Longitude in minutes	67	68	
Longitude character	70	70	
Longitude in decimal	72	78	
Elevation in meters	81	86	
Postal code	89	90	
Country code	93	94	
Sitetype code	97	98	
Type of data	101	102	
Publication number	105	109	
Number of C-14 dates	112	115	
Dating control code	120	121	
Dating method code	124	125	

Label 9: ENA FORMAT

Describes the information and its format in each of the other ENA files.

Label 10: ENA INDEX

- Provides descriptive information about each site in ENA and its data.
- Label 11: ENA.DATA6K
Contains the pollen data and available climatic estimates from each site in ENA for 6000 yr. B.P. Data compiled by T. Webb and P.J. Bartlein.
- Label 12: ENA.PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with the author and date.
- Label 13: ENA.REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references.
- Label 14: ALASKA FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other ALASKA files.
- Label 15: ALASKA INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in ALASKA and its data.
- Label 16: ALASKA DATA6K
Contains pollen data from each site in ALASKA for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by P.M. Anderson.
- Label 17: ALASKA PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication along with the author and date.
- Label 18: ALASKA REFERENC
Lists the reference number along with full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 19: EUROPE FORMAT
Describes the information and its format in each of the other EUROPE files.
- Label 20: EUROPE INDEX
Provides descriptive information about each site in EUROPE and its data.
- Label 21: EUROPE DATA6K
Contains pollen data and available temperature estimates from each site in EUROPE for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by B. Huntley and I.C. Prentice.
- Label 22: EUROPE PUBINDEX
Lists the index number for each publication and an abbreviated reference.

Label 23: EUROPE.REFERENC

See Label 22: EUROPE.PUBINDEX for abbreviated references.

Label 24: USSR FORMAT

Describes the information and its format in each of the other USSR files.

Label 25: USSR INDEX

Provides descriptive information about each site in the USSR and its data.

Label 26: USSR.DATA6K

Contains pollen data from each site in the USSR for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by G.M. Peterson.

Label 27: USSR.PUBINDEX

Lists the index number for each publication along with the author and date.

Label 28: USSR.REFERENC

Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.

Label 29: LAKELEVLFORMAT

Describes the information and its format in each of the other LAKELEVLF files.

Label 30: LAKELEVLIINDEX

Provides descriptive information about each LAKELEVLF site and its data.

Label 31: LAKELEVLDATA6K

Contains information about the relative water level (high, intermediate, low) at each site for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by F.A. Street-Perrott, S. Harrison, and N. Roberts.

Label 32: LAKELEVLPUBINDEX

Lists the index number for each publication along with its associated reference numbers.

Label 33: LAKELEVLREFERENC

Lists the reference number for each reference along with the author(s), date and full reference for the data.

Label 34: ATLANTIC FORMAT

Describes the information and its format in each of the other ATLANTIC files.

Label 35: ATLANTIC INDEX

- Provides descriptive information about each site in the ATLANTIC Ocean and its data.
- Label 36: ATLANTIC.DATA6K**
- Contains foraminifera data and sea-surface temperature estimates for 6000 yr. B.P.
Data supplied by W.F. Ruddiman and J. Morley.
- Label 37: ATLANTIC.PUBINDEX**
- Lists the index number for each publication along with its associated reference numbers.
- Label 38: ATLANTIC.REFERENC**
- Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 39: INDIAN FORMAT**
- Describes the information and its format in each of the other INDIAN files.
- Label 40: INDIAN INDEX**
- Provides descriptive information about each site in the INDIAN Ocean and its data.
- Label 41: INDIAN.DATA6K**
- Contains foraminifera data and sea-surface temperature estimates for 6000 yr. B.P.
Data supplied by W.L. Prell and R. Marvil.
- Label 42: INDIAN.PUBINDEX**
- Lists the index number for each publication along with its associated reference numbers.
- Label 43: INDIAN.REFERENC**
- Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.
- Label 44: SAMERICA FORMAT**
- Describes the information and its format in each of the other SAMERICA files.
- Label 45: SAMERICA INDEX**
- Provides descriptive information about each site in SAMERICA and its data.
- Label 46: SAMERICA.DATA6K**
- Contains pollen data from each site in SAMERICA for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by V. Markgraf.
- Label 47: SAMERICA.PUBINDEX**

Lists the index number for each publication along with the reference numbers, author(s), and date for SAMERICA.

Label 48: SAMERICA.REFERENC

Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for the data.

Label 49: NEWZEAL FORMAT

Describes the information and its format in each of the other NEWZEAL files.

Label 50: NEWZEAL INDEX

Provides descriptive information about each site in NEWZEAL and its data.

Label 51: NEWZEAL DATA6K

Contains pollen data from each site in NEWZEAL for 6000 yr. B.P. Data supplied by M.S. McGlone.

Label 52: NEWZEAL PUBINDEX

Lists the index number for each publication along with the reference numbers, author(s), and date for the data.

Label 53: NEWZEAL.REFERENC

Lists the reference number along with the full bibliographic references for NEWZEAL.

	FORMAT	INDEX	DATA6K	PUBINDEX	REFERENC
ENA	Label 9	Label 10	Label 11	Label 12	Label 13
ALASKA	Label 14	Label 15	Label 16	Label 17	Label 18
EUROPE	Label 19	Label 20	Label 21	Label 22	Label 23
USSR	Label 24	Label 25	Label 26	Label 27	Label 28
LAKELEV	Label 29	Label 30	Label 31	Label 32	Label 33
ATLANTIC	Label 34	Label 35	Label 36	Label 37	Label 38
INDIAN	Label 39	Label 40	Label 41	Label 42	Label 43
SAMERICA	Label 44	Label 45	Label 46	Label 47	Label 48
NEWZEAL	Label 49	Label 50	Label 51	Label 52	Label 53

Table A-2. COUNTRY CODES: Country and Ocean Codes

1	Albania
2	Austria
3	Belgium
4	Bulgaria
5	Wales
6	Czechoslovakia
7	Denmark
8	England
9	Estonia
10	Faeroes
11	Finland
12	France
13	East Germany
14	Greece
15	West Germany
16	Hungary
17	Iceland
18	Ireland
19	Italy
20	Latvia
21	Lithuania
22	Portugal
23	Luxembourg
24	Netherlands
25	Norway
26	Poland
27	Romania
28	Scotland
29	Spain
30	Svalbard
31	Sweden
32	Switzerland
33	Yugoslavia
34	Russia
35	Greenland
36	United States
37	Canada
38	Afghanistan
39	Algeria
40	Australia
41	Bolivia
42	Botswana
43	Chad
44	Chile
45	China
46	Colombia
47	Djibouti
48	Ecuador
49	Egypt
50	Ethiopia

51	Ghana
52	India
53	Iran
54	Jordan
55	Kenya
56	Libya
57	Malawi
58	Mali
59	Mauritania
60	Mexico
61	Namibia
62	New Zealand
63	Niger
64	Saudi Arabia
65	Sinai
66	South Africa
67	Sudan
68	Syria
69	Tanzania
70	Turkey
71	Uganda
72	Venezuela
73	Soviet Union
74	Ethiopia-Kenya
75	Ethiopia-Djibouti
76	Jordan-Israel
77	Nigeria/Niger
78	Rwanda-Burundi-Zaire
79	Uganda-Tanzania-Kenya
80	Uganda-Zaire
81	North Atlantic
82	Argentina
83	Guiana
84	Brazil
85	Indian Ocean
86	Falkland Islands
87	South Atlantic
88	Southern Ocean
89	North Pacific
90	South Pacific
91	Caribbean Sea
92	Sea of Japan

Table A-3. STATE CODES: Postal Codes for U.S. States and Canadian Provinces

AL	Alabama
AK	Alaska
AZ	Arizona
AR	Arkansas
CA	California
CO	Colorado
CT	Connecticut
DE	Delaware

FL	Florida
GA	Georgia
HI	Hawaii
ID	Idaho
IL	Illinois
IN	Indiana
IA	Iowa
KS	Kansas
KY	Kentucky
LA	Louisiana
ME	Maine
MD	Maryland
MA	Massachusetts
MI	Michigan
MN	Minnesota
MS	Mississippi
MO	Missouri
MT	Montana
NE	Nebraska
NV	Nevada
NH	New Hampshire
NJ	New Jersey
NM	New Mexico
NY	New York
NC	North Carolina
ND	North Dakota
OH	Ohio
OK	Oklahoma
OR	Oregon
PA	Pennsylvania
RI	Rhode Island
SC	South Carolina
SD	South Dakota
TN	Tennessee
TX	Texas
UT	Utah
VT	Vermont
VA	Virginia
WA	Washington
WV	West Virginia
WI	Wisconsin
WY	Wyoming
CM	Northern Mariana Islands
TT	Trust Territories
AS	American Samoa
CZ	Canal Zone
DC	District of Columbia
GU	Guam
PR	Puerto Rico
VI	Virgin Islands
AB	Alberta
BC	British Columbia
LB	Labrador
MB	Manitoba

NB	New Brunswick
NF	Newfoundland
NS	Nova Scotia
ON	Ontario
PE	Prince Edward Island
PQ	Quebec
SK	Saskatchewan
YT	Yukon Territory
FR	Baffin Island (Franklin)
KE	District of Keewatin
MK	District of Mackenzie

Table A-4. DATING METHODS: Key to the Methods Used to Date the Sediments.

1	C-14 Dates
2	Calcium Carbonate Stratigraphy
3	O-18 Stratigraphy
4	Biostratigraphy
5	1,2,3,4
6	2,3,4
7	2,3
8	2,4
9	Varves
10	Pollen Stratigraphic Dates
11	3,4

Table A-5. SITETYPE CODES: Key to Codes Used for Site Types

A	Atmospheric
B	Bog
CT	Cattle tank
E	Estuary
F	Fen
L	Lake
LD	Lake - Ekman dredge
M	Marsh
P	Moss polster
PP	Pitcher plant
R	River deposit, oxbow lake
S	Soil
SA	Sand
SC	Soil and cattle tank
SN	Snow
BW	Wooded bog
LW	Lake - small hollow
AP	Alluvial peat
AS	Alluvial sediments
DH	Drill Hole
RS	Rock shelter
PM	Peat mound
BS	Beach sediment
O	Other site type

OC	Ocean core
Z	Bog over lake sediments
T	Terrestrial
PT	Peat
BP	Buried Peat
CO	Colluvium
BL	Buried lake deposit
MS	Marine sediments

Table A-6. DATATYPE CODES: Key to Codes Used for Types of DATA

PL	Plankton:	Marine Planktonic Data
PO	Pollen:	Pollen Data
LL	Lake Level:	Lake Level Data

Table 7. DATING CONTROL: Definition of Numbers Used to Rank Degree of Dating Control.

- A) The following 7 categories provide ranks for the dating control in cores with continuous sedimentation.

- 1 Bracketing dates (mainly radiocarbon) within 2000 yrs of selected date, i.e. 6000 yr B.P.
- 2 Bracketing dates, both within 2000 years and the other within 4000 years of the selected date.
- 3 Bracketing dates, one within 4000 years of selected date.
- 4 Bracketing dates, one within 4000 years and the other within 6000 years of the selected date. The second date can be the top of the core with an assigned date of 0 yr B.P.
- 5 Bracketing dates within 6000 years of the selected date.
- 6 Bracketing dates, one within 6000 years and the other within 8000 yrs of the selected date.
- 7 Undated at selected date (i.e. 6000 yr B.P.): either no dates in core, no bracketing dates, or no top to core and no date within 8000 years of the selected date.

- B) The ranking of the dating control for the European pollen data was done by B. Huntley before the above system was established. The ranks for the European data include 4 categories that are approximately similar to the above categories in the following way: 1=1 above, 2=2 above, 3=3 above , and 4=7 above.

- C) For ranking the dating control in sites with discontinuous samples (e.g. shoreline samples for lakes, isolated peats, packrat middens), the categories used require single radiocarbon dates within 1) 250 years, 2) 500 years, 3) 750 years, 4) 1000 years, 5) 1250 years, 6) 2000 years, and 7) greater than 2000 years of the date being mapped (e.g. 6000 yr B.P.)

APPENDIX B

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from Eastern North America

This appendix contains a table of publication index numbers that appear in Table B-1 in the main text and the references for pollen data from eastern North America. The table lists the publication index numbers along with the authors and dates of publication that can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The publication index numbers appear in numerical order, but the references are listed alphabetically by the last name of the first author in the reference list. The publication index numbers are part of a general code for references to all paleoclimatic data stored on the computer at Brown University. Only those reference numbers are listed that refer to data for 6000 yr B.P.

Table B-1. Key to the Reference Numbers in Table 1 of the Main Text.

- | | |
|-----|--|
| 2 | Gruger, J. 1973 |
| 11 | McAndrews, J.H. 1966 |
| 13 | Fries, M. 1962 |
| 22 | Webb, T. III 1974 |
| 24 | Brubaker, L.B. 1975 |
| 26 | Bailey, R.E. unpubl. |
| 33 | Terasmae, J. and Anderson, T.W. 1970 |
| 37 | Livingstone, D.A. 1968 |
| 42 | Terasmae, J. 1968 |
| 54 | Ogden, J.G. III 1966 |
| 55 | Craig, A.J. 1969 |
| 82 | Watts, W.A. 1970 |
| 88 | Walker, P.C. and Hartman, R.J. 1960 |
| 91 | Gilliam, J.A., Kapp, R.O., and Bogue, R.D. 1967 |
| 99 | Watts, W.A. 1971 |
| 101 | Vincent, J.S. 1973 |
| 103 | Miller, N.G. 1973 |
| 112 | Davis, A.M. 1977 |
| 125 | Spear, R.W. and Miller, N.G. 1976 |
| 133 | Watts, W.A. 1980a |
| 134 | Delcourt, P.A. 1980 |
| 136 | Sheehan, M.C. and Whitehead, D.R. 1983 |
| 137 | Watts, W.A. 1975 |
| 145 | Barclay, F.H. 1957 |
| 152 | Whitehead, D.R. 1972 |
| 153 | Whitehead, D.R. 1981 |
| 157 | Ogden, J.G. III and Hay, R.J. 1967 |
| 158 | Ogden, J.G. III unpubl. |
| 160 | Karrow, P. et al. 1975 |
| 161 | Anderson, T.W. 1980 |
| 162 | Anderson, S. and Davis, R.B. unpubl. |
| 163 | Manny, B.A., Wetzel, R.G., and Bailey, R.E. 1978 |
| 165 | Bostwick, L.K. unpubl. |
| 166 | Comtois, P. 1982 |
| 168 | Davis, P.T. 1980 |
| 169 | Davis, R.B., Bradstreet, T.E., Stuckenrath, R., and Borns, H.W. 1975 |

- 170 Davis, M.B. 1969
 174 Hadden, K.A. 1976
 175 Heide, K.M. 1981
 176 Jacobson, G.L. 1979
 177 Janssen, C.R. 1968
 178 Jordan, R.H. 1975
 180 Kapp, R.O. unpubl.
 181 King, J.E. 1981
 182 Lamb, H.F. 1978
 183 Larouche, A. and Richard, P. unpubl.
 186 McAndrews, J.H. 1981
 189 McAndrews, J.H. 1970
 190 McDowell, L.L. et al. 1971
 191 Trent, K.M. unpubl.
 192 Mott, R.J. 1975
 193 Mott, R.J. 1977
 194 Mott, R.J. and Farley-Gill, L.D. 1978
 196 Mott, R.J. 1976
 197 Overpeck, J.T. 1984
 198 Patterson, W. III unpubl.
 199 Peters, A. and Webb, T. III 1979
 200 Richard, P. 1977
 201 Richard, P. 1979
 202 Richard, P. unpubl.
 204 Savoie, L. and Richard, P. 1979
 205 Saarnisto, M. 1974
 206 Saarnisto, M. 1975
 207 Shane, L.C.K. 1976
 208 Short, S.K. and Nichols, H. 1977
 213 Richard, P., Larouche, A., and Bouchard, M. 1982
 216 Van Zant, K.L. 1979
 218 Waddington, J.C.B. 1969
 219 Watts, W.A. 1980b
 220 Wright, H.E. Jr. and Watts, W.A. 1969
 221 Watts, W.A. and Bright, R.C. 1968
 222 Whitehead, D.R. 1979
 224 Whitehead, D.R. and Crisman, T. 1978
 225 Williams, A.S. 1974
 227 Whitehead, D.R. unpubl.
 229 Mott, R.J. unpubl.
 230 Labelle, C. and Richard, P. 1981
 272 Kerfoot, W.C. 1974
 273 Ritchie, J.C. and Lichti-Federovich, S. 1968
 274 Ritchie, J.C. and Hadden, K.A. 1975
 275 Ritchie, J.C. 1969
 277 Swain, P.C. 1979
 278 Wright, H.E. et al. 1963
 280 Delcourt, H.R. 1979
 281 Delcourt, H.R., Delcourt, P.A., Spiker, E.C., 1983
 284 Bailey, R.E. and Ahearn, P.J. 1981
 285 Bailey, R.E. 1972
 286 King, J.E. and Allen, W.H. Jr. 1979
 288 Lamb, H.F. 1980
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 297 McAndrews, J.H. 1982.
 298 Futyma, R.P. 1982
 299 McAndrews, J.H. unpubl.
 300 Bradshaw, R.H.W.
 304 Craig, A.J. 1972
 306 Mott, R.J. 1973
 307 Mott, R.J. and Farley-Gill, L.D. 1981
 309 Webb, T. III and R.A. Bryson 1972
 311 Mott, R.J. and Camfield, M. 1969
 314 Stravers, L.K.
 315 Davis, M.B. 1976
 316 Van Zant, K.L. unpubl.
 317 Lawrenz, R. 1975
 318 Spear, R.W. 1981
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APPENDIX C

Pollen Studies in Eastern Canada
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Over the past six years, several researchers at the University of Minnesota have studied the deglaciation chronology, vegetation succession, and climatic history of southern Labrador and adjacent Quebec (Lamb 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984; Engstrom, 1983; Engstrom and Hansen, in press; King, 1985). Field and laboratory work has concentrated on obtaining and analyzing lake-sediment cores from throughout the region and thus filling in a gap in the pollen record from eastern North America (Table C-1, Fig. C-1). This brief summary indicates several of the vegetational and climatic changes in this region before and after 6000 yr B.P. The new sites lie in a critical location for assessing a large region in which the estimated temperatures at 6000 yr B.P. were lower than they are today.

Radiocarbon dates of basal lake sediments and marine shells were used to construct a deglaciation chronology for the southeastern part of the Labrador-Ungava peninsula. Deglaciation in the region began in southeastern Labrador by 11,000 yr B.P., while ice did not begin retreating from the Sept-Iles region in eastern Quebec until about 9500 yr B.P. Extensive ice still persisted in eastern Quebec and western Labrador at 7000 yr B.P., and it may have affected the regional climate. Final wastage of the ice sheet occurred about 6000 yr B.P. near Schefferville in the center of the Labrador-Ungava peninsula (Ives, 1960; King, 1985).

Pollen analysis of lake sediment cores from lakes throughout the region (Table C-1, Fig. C-1) provided a data base from which the regional vegetation history can be summarized. The deglaciated landscape in southeastern Labrador was colonized by sedges, grasses (Cyperaceae), other herbs, and dwarf willows (*Salix* sp.), which formed a tundra vegetation (Fig. C-2, Engstrom, 1983; Engstrom and Hansen, in press). After 9500 yr B.P. the tundra was colonized by shrubs, primarily dwarf birch (*Betula glandulosa*) and green alder (*Alnus crispa*). In contrast, in western Labrador and adjacent Quebec, the earliest vegetation following deglaciation was not herb tundra but was shrub tundra, similar to the type present in southeastern Labrador between 9500 and 8000 yr B.P. (King, 1985).

The pattern of tree colonization of the shrub tundra varied from south to north in the study region. White spruce (*Picea glauca*) was the first tree to invade the shrub tundra in southeastern Labrador, forming an open forest at about 8000 yr B.P. Spruce, probably white spruce, was also the first tree to colonize the Sept-Iles area at 7700 yr B.P. At 7000 yr B.P. balsam fir (*Abies balsamea*) replaced white spruce as the most common tree in both southeastern Labrador and the Sept-Iles region, forming a closed forest until 6000 yr B.P., when fir populations decreased and black spruce (*Picea mariana*) became the dominant tree, as it is today (Engstrom, 1983; King, 1985).

North of Sept-Iles the pattern and chronology of tree colonization is different from that to the south and southeast. At Lac Au Sable (Fig. C-3), 100 km north of Sept-Iles, balsam fir rather than spruce was the first tree to colonize the shrub tundra, at 6700 yr B.P. Spruce populations increased there at 6300 yr B.P. Still another 100 km north, the pattern is reversed, with spruce populations increasing at 5500 yr B.P. and fir populations at 5300 yr B.P. Finally, north of Wabush/Labrador City, spruce populations increased at 5500 yr B.P. and fir populations have never been significant.

Table C-1. Location of Sites with Pollen Data in Labrador and Adjacent Quebec.

Site Name	Site	Latitude (degrees) (minutes)	Longitude (degrees) (minutes)	Reference	Available Data
Alexis Lake	Al	52 31 N	57 02 W	Lamb 1978	1,2
Battery Lake	Ba	52 18 N	62 07 W	King 1985	1,2
Border Beacon	BB	52 20 N	63 12 W	Lamb 1982	1,2
Bruce Lake	Br	53 17 N	66 50 W	King 1985	1
Caribou Hill	CH	55 40 N	63 15 W	Lamb 1982	1,2
Coghill Lake	Cl	53 54 N	66 46 W	King 1985	1,2
Cove Lake	Co	50 21 N	70 28 W	King 1985	1,2
Lac de la Crete	Cr	50 59 N	69 53 W	King 1985	1
Eagle Lake	Ea	53 14 N	58 33 W	Lamb 1978, 1980	1,2
Gravel Ridge	GR	55 02 N	62 38 W	Lamb 1982	1,2
Gras Lake	Gr	52 15 N	67 04 W	King 1985	1,2
Harrie Lake	Ha	52 56 N	66 57 W	King 1985	1,2
Hebron Lake	He	58 12 N	63 02 W	Lamb 1982	1,2
Lake Hope Simpson	HS	52 27 N	56 20 W	Engstrom and Hansen (in press)	1,2
Horseshoe Lake	Ho	53 17 N	67 42 W	King 1985	1
Independence	In	52 33 N	56 54 W	Engstrom and Hansen (in press)	2
Leaky Lake	Ly	52 34 N	63 36 W	King 1985	1,2
Moraine Lake	Mo	52 16 N	58 03 W	Engstrom and Hansen (in press)	1,2
Paradise Lake	Pa	53 03 N	57 45 W	Lamb 1978, 1980	1,2
Lac Petel	Pe	50 33 N	66 16 W	King 1985	1,2
Pine Lake	Pi	51 08 N	69 16 W	King 1985	1,2
Pinware Lake	Pw	51 50 N	56 35 W	King 1985	1
Lac Ridge	Ri	54 51 N	66 55 W	King 1985	1
Lac au Sable	PS	51 24 N	66 13 W	King 1985	1,2
Shovel Lake	Sh	52 42 N	65 55 W	King 1985	1
Snow Lake	Sn	56 38 N	63 53 W	Lamb 1982	1,2
Starkel Lake	St	52 41 N	67 37 W	King 1985	1
Whitney's Gulch	WG	51 31 N	57 18 W	Lamb 1978, 1980	1,2
Yellow Barrel	YB	51 51 N	68 51 W	King 1985	1

Available Data Codes:

1. Basal radiocarbon date only
2. Pollen diagram

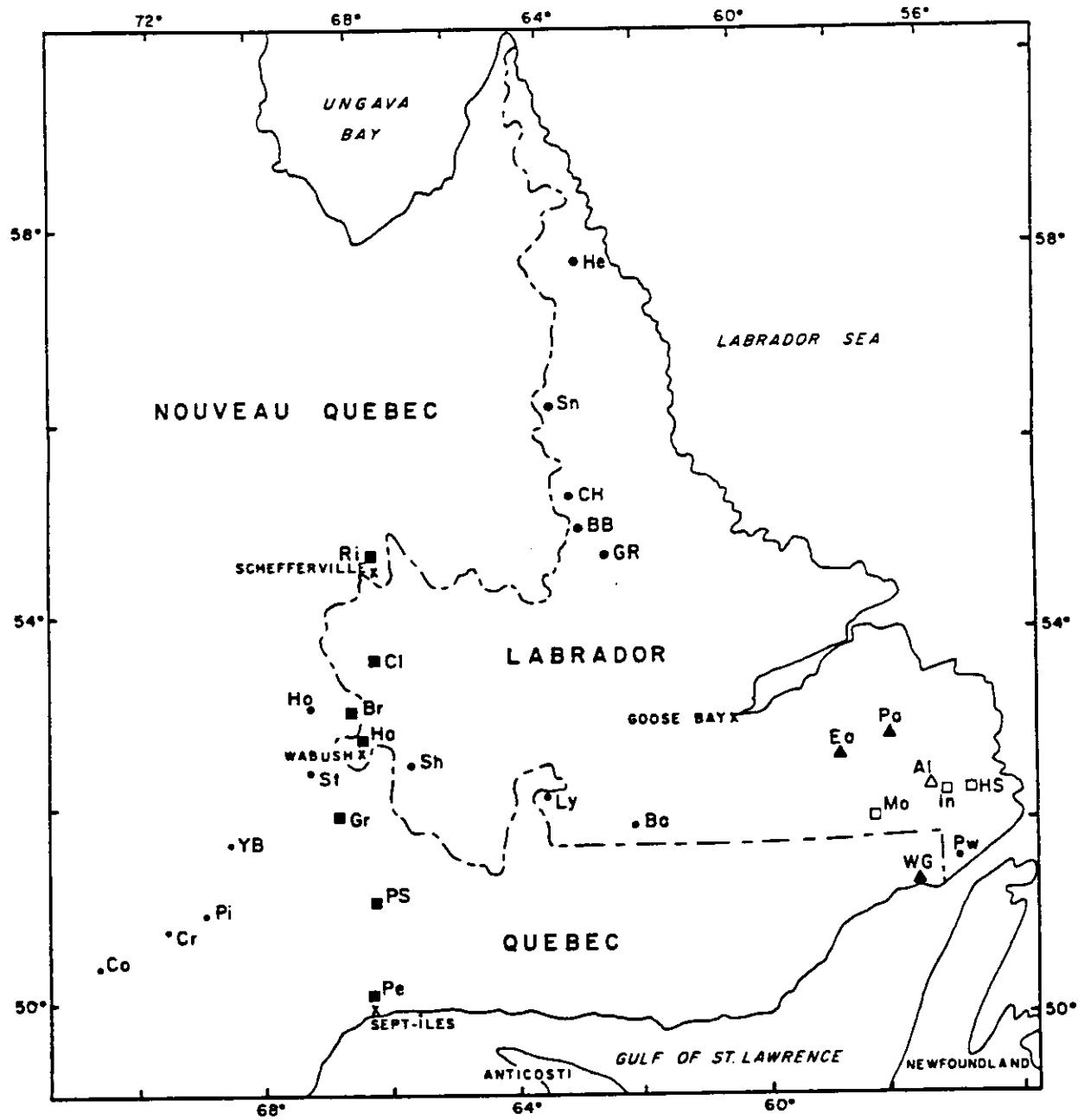


Figure C-1. Location of sites with pollen data in Labrador and Quebec. Key to the site names is in Table C-1.

LAKE HOPE SIMPSON
LABRADOR: N52° 27' W56° 20'

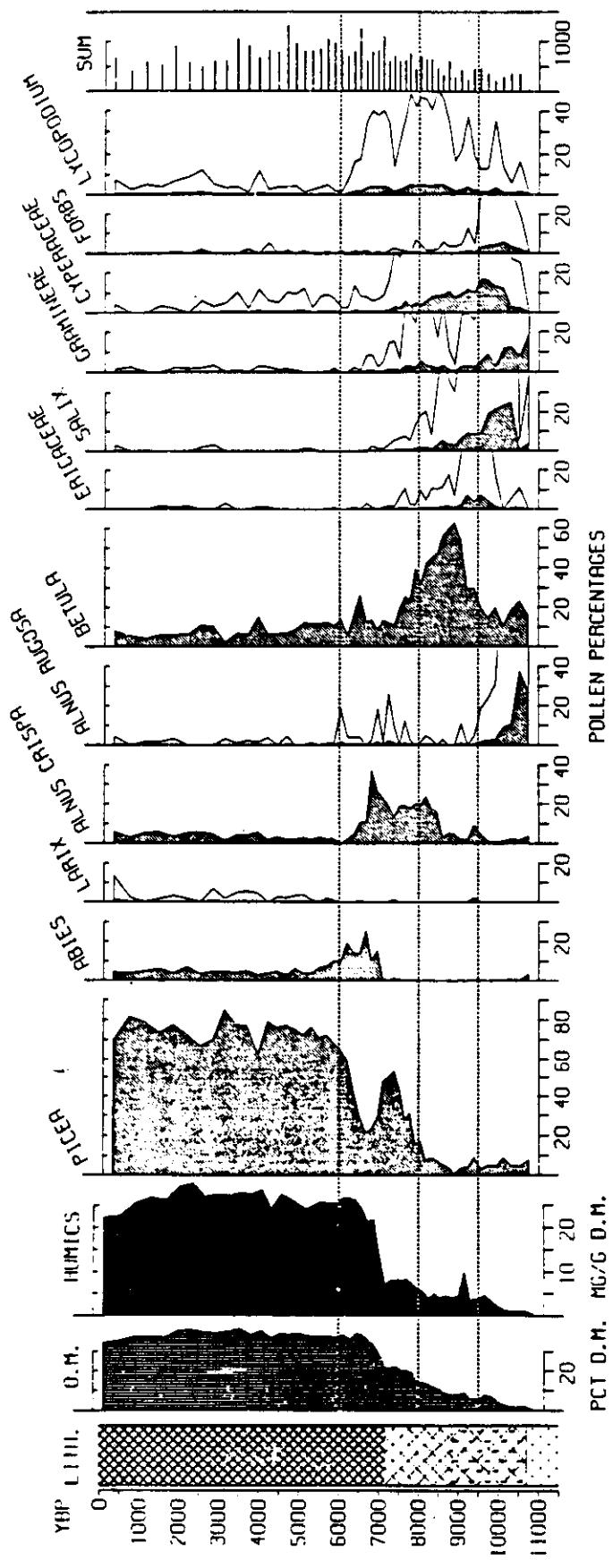


Figure C-2. Pollen diagram from Lake Hope Simpson showing the percentages for the major pollen types as well as the lithology (LITH.), organic matter (O.M. as percent of dry matter), humics (in milligrams per gram of dry matter), and the pollen sum, which is the number of pollen grains counted per sample.

LAC AU SABLE, QUEBEC (N51 24', W66 13')

POLLEN PERCENTAGES

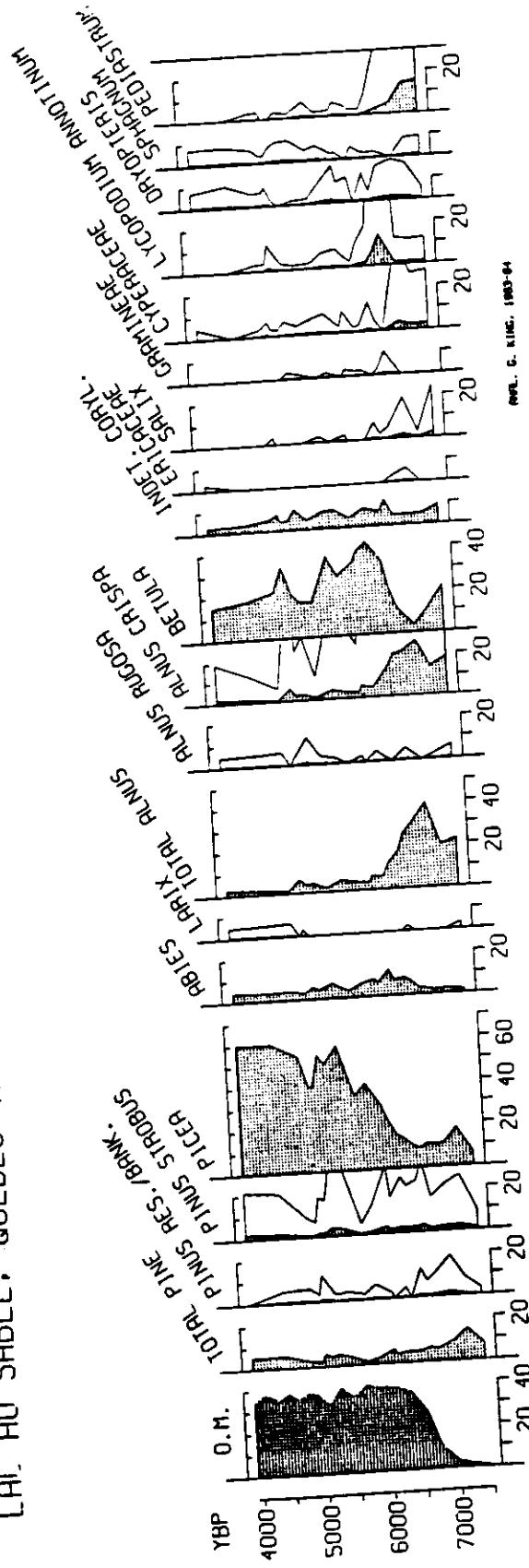


Figure C-3. Pollen diagram from Lac au Sable showing the percentages for the major pollen and spore types. The organic matter (O.M.) content of the sediments is given as percent dry matter.

Where fir populations did increase in the south, they also decreased within a few hundred years, and spruce, probably black spruce, remained as the dominant tree. The regional vegetation has not changed much after 5000 yr B.P. and the establishment of the closed black spruce forest (King, 1985).

The climate south and southeast of the retreating ice sheet was much different than the climate in the region today, as inferred from the vegetation history of the region. Certainly the herb tundra present after deglaciation indicates that colder temperatures, similar to those in northern Labrador-Ungava today, persisted in the southern part of the peninsula until 9500 yr B.P. The colonization of the region by shrubs at that time indicates a progressive warming of the region as the ice retreated northwards. By 8000 yr B.P. southeastern Labrador and the Sept-Iles region had warmed sufficiently to support white spruce trees. However, since the trees initially formed an open forest, the climate may have been cool and moist, similar to that present east of James Bay where white spruce grows today in an open forest-tundra (King, 1985).

The colonization of the region by fir and its relative dominance in a closed forest in the south between 7000 and 6000 yr B.P. suggests that the climate was as warm as it is today in the region or perhaps warmer. Additionally, the climate was probably moister than today's, since fir today grows most abundantly in the maritime climates of Newfoundland and Nova Scotia. Fir subsequently decreased in abundance at 6000 yr B.P. and black spruce became the dominant tree, perhaps indicating the cessation of maritime conditions in the south. Thus the modern climate in the south did not become established until the ice sheet had wasted away. In the Schefferville region a closed forest did not form until 5000 yr B.P., indicating that the climate was still warming there after peak warmth was reached to the south (King, 1985).

The extent to which the ice sheet modified the regional climate is still a matter of conjecture. The expansion of trees into southeastern Labrador was earlier than it was in western Labrador, which is at a comparable latitude but was closer to the ice margin than southeastern Labrador. This fact suggests that the wasting ice sheet did affect the regional climate (King, 1985).

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APPENDIX D

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from Alaska and Northwestern Canada

This appendix contains a table of the publication index numbers from Table 2 in the main text and the full bibliographic reference for each publication. The table lists the publication index numbers along with a second set of one or more reference numbers that can be used to find references in the reference list. The references are listed in numerical order by the reference number. P. M. Anderson compiled the references (see Anderson, 1981, in the reference list for the main text).

Table C-1. Key to Publication Index Numbers for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from Alaska and Northwestern Canada.

2002	2	Ager, T.A., 1975
2003	2,50	Ager, T.A., 1975 & J.H.Anderson, 1975
2004	4	Ager, T.A., 1981a
2006	6	Ager, T.A., 1983
2007	50,49,6	Anderson, J.H., 1975; Ager and Sims 1981b, Ager 1983
2008	8	Anderson, P.M., 1982
2010	10	Bowman, P.W., 1934
2012	12	Brubaker, L.B., H.Garfinkel & M.Edwards, 1983
2014	52,51	Colinvaux, P.A., 1964a; Colbaugh 1968
2015	52,17	Colinvaux, P.A., 1964a, 1967a
2016	16	Colinvaux, P.A., 1964b
2017	17	Colinvaux, P.A., 1967a
2018	17,20	Colinvaux, P.A., 1967a, 1967b
2019	17,53	Colinvaux, P.A., 1967a, 1967c
2020	20	Colinvaux, P.A., 1967b
2021	54,59	Cwynar, L.C. & J.C.Ritchie, 1980; Ritchie 1982
2022	22	Cwynar, L.C., 1982
2023	23	Edwards, M.E., P Anderson, H.Garfinkel, & L.Brubaker (in review))
2024	24	Giddings, L., unanalyzed
2025	5	Giterman, R.E. & D.M.Hopkins - in Ager 1982
2026	26	Heusser, C.J., 1955
2027	55,56	Heusser, C.J., 1960, 1966
2028	28	Heusser, C.J., 1963
2029	29	Heusser, C.J., 1973
2030	30	Heusser, C.J., 1978
2031	31	Hopkins, D.M. et al., 1960
2032	37,58	Lichti-Federovich, S., 1973, 1974
2033	33	Livingstone, D.A., 1955
2034	34	Livingstone, D.A., 1957
2035	35	Mackay, J.R. & J.Terasmae, 1963
2036	36	Matthews, J.V., 1974a
2037	37	Matthews, J.V., 1974b
2038	38	Parrish, L.L., 1979
2039	39	Rampton, V., 1971
2040	61,41	Ritchie, J.C. & F.K.Hare, 1971; Ritchie, 1972
2041	41	Ritchie, J.C., 1972

2042	42	Ritchie, J.C., 1977
2043	62,45	Schweger, C.E., 1976, 1982
2045	45	Schweger, C.E., 1982
2046	46	Shackleton, J., 1979
2048	48	Terasmae, J. & O.L.Hughes, 1966
2049	49	Ager, T.A., & J.D.Sims, 1981b
2050	50	Anderson, J.H., 1975
2051	51	Colbaugh, P.R., 1968
2052	52	Colinvaux, P.A., 1964a
2053	53	Colinvaux, P.A., 1967c
2054	54	Cwynar, L.C. & J.C.Ritchie, 1980
2055	55	Heusser, C.J., 1960
2056	56	Heusser, C.J., 1966
2057	57	Lichti-Federovich, S., 1973
2058	58	Lichti-Federovich, S., 1974
2059	59	Ritchie, J.C., 1982
2060	60	Matthews, J.V., Jr., 1970
2061	61	Ritchie, J.C. & F.H.Hare, 1971
2062	62	Schweger, C.E., 1976

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APPENDIX E

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from Europe

This appendix contains a table with both the publication index numbers that appear in Table 3 in the main text and the references. B. Huntley and H. J. B. Birks compiled the references (see Huntley and Birks, 1983, in the reference list for the main text).

Table E-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers with References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from Europe

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APPENDIX F

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from the Soviet Union

This appendix contains the table of publication index numbers that appear in Table 4 of the main text and the references for the pollen data from the Soviet Union. The table lists the publication index numbers along with the author and date of publication, which can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The references appear in alphabetical order in the reference list along with their publication index number. G. M. Peterson compiled the references (see Peterson, 1983, in the reference list for the main text).

Table F-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from the Soviet Union.

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| 5006 | Arkhipov,S.A., T.P. Levina, V.A. Panychev, 1980. |
| 5007 | Artiushenko, A.T. et al, 1982. |
| 5008 | Belorusova,ZH.M., N.V. Lovekius,V.V. Ukrainsteva, 1977. |
| 5009 | Boiarskaia,T.D. and T.N. Kaplina, 1979. |
| 5010 | Firsov,L.V.,S.L. Troitskii,T.P. Levina et al, 1974. |
| 5011 | Glebov,F.Z.,L.S. Toleiko et al, 1974. |
| 5012 | Ilves,E.O. and A.A. Sarv, 1969. |
| 5013 | KHotinskii, N.A., 1977. |
| 5014 | Kleimenova, G.I., 1975. |
| 5015 | Kol'tsova,V.G., E.V.Starikov,V.A.ZHidovlenko, 1979. |
| 5016 | Korotkii,A.M., L.P.Karaulova,V.S.Pushkar', 1976. |
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| 5031 | Nikol'skaiia, M.V., 1980. |
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APPENDIX G

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from South America

This appendix contains a table of the publication index numbers from Table 6 in the main text and the references for the pollen data from South America. The table lists the publication index numbers along with one or more reference numbers that can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The references are listed in numerical order by reference number. V. Markgraf compiled the references.

Table G-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from South America.

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9002	2	Salgado-Labouriau, M.L., 1980
9003	3	Salgado-Labouriau, M.L., 1976
9004	4	Salgado-Labouriau, C.Schubert & S.Valastro, 1977.
9005	5	Salgado-Labouriau, M.L. & C.Schubert, 1976
9006	6	Van der Hammen, 1962
9007	7	Van der Hammen, Th. & A.E.Gonzalez, 1965
9008	8	Gonzalez, E.A., Th.Van der Hammen & R.F.Flint, 1965
9009	9	Van Geel & Van der Hammen, 1973
9010	10	Schreve-Brinkman, E.J., 1978
9011	11	Van der Hammen, T., J.Barelds & A.A. de Veer, 1981
9012	12	Van der Hammen, T. & A.E.Gonzalez, 1960
9013	13	Van der Hammen, T. & A.E.Gonzalez, 1960
9014	14	Colinvaux, P.A. & E.K.Schofield, 1976
9015	15	Absy, M.L., 1979
9016	16	Wijmstra, T.A. & T. Van der Hammen, 1966
9017	17	Van der Hammen, 1963
9018	18	Graf, K. 1981
9019	19	Villaroel, C. & K.Graf, 1979
9020	20	D'Antoni, H.L. 1980
9021	21	Markgraf, V., 1982
9022	22	Harkness, D.D. & H.W. Wilson, 1979
9023	23	Markgraf, V., 1980.
9024	24	Auer V., 1958
9025	25	Heusser, C.J., 1960
9026	26	Heusser, C.J., 1966
9027	27	Heusser, C.J., 1973
9028	28	Mercer, J.H. & T.Ager, 1978
9029	29	Markgraf, V., 1980
9030	30	Graf, K., 1979
9031	31	Auer V., 1974
9032	32	Barrow, C.J., 1978
9033	1,2	
9034	3,4	
9035	19,30	
9036	22,32	

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APPENDIX H

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from New Zealand

This appendix contains a table of the publication index numbers in Table 7 of the main text and the reference list for the pollen data from New Zealand. The table lists the publication index numbers along with a second set of one or more reference numbers that can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The references are listed in numerical order by reference number. M. S. McGlone compiled the references.

Table H-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers for the 6000 yr B.P. Pollen Data from New Zealand.

9501	1
9502	2
9503	3
9504	4
9505	5
9506	6
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9508	8
9509	9
9510	10
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9512	12
9513	13
9514	14
9515	10,15,16

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APPENDIX I

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Lake Level Data

This appendix contains a table of the publication index numbers from Table 8 in the main text and the reference list for the lake level data. The table lists the publication index numbers along with one or more reference numbers that can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The references are listed in numerical order by reference number. F. A. Street-Perrott, S. Harrison, and N. Roberts compiled the references.

Table I-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers from the 6000 yr B.P. Lake Level Data

6001	119,120,291,312
6002	252
6004	13,96,130
6005	68,96,112,293,294
6008	107,120,128,130
6014	96,113,294
6016	318,371
6017	313,314,315,316
6018	70
6019	69,70
6022	46,74,133,134,142,227,293,294,361
6023	54,56
6024	143
6025	213,214
6027	120,130
6028	31,133,134,194,253
6030	175
6031	175,257
6033	175
6036	94,112,113,293,294
6042	175
6044	68,161
6045	95
6047	175
6050	70
6054	68,319
6055	90,162,248,265
6060	50
6061	71,72,145,163,164,165
6062	177
6065	149,303
6070	353,354,355
6072	9,50,270
6073	50,62,191,271,345
6074	55,56
6075	133,134
6078	59,144,156
6080	157
6084	150

6086 75
6088 112,293,294
6090 97
6093 50,52,262,343,370,373
6095 202,308
6099 175
6100 5,70,94
6103 136,140,143,153,304
6104 274
6107 299
6108 14
6113 108,272,274
6114 22,180,188,201,242,243,340,341
6115 299
6116 230
6123 2,299
6129 189,233,334,335,336,346
6130 92
6131 91
6132 84,85,155,222,223,234,284
6134 17
6136 181,184,186,198,255
6137 79,115,116,181,183,184,186,187,302,328,375,377
6143 117,192,193,217,229,275,277,306,309
6145 352
6146 349,350,352
6147 60
6148 67
6150 98,332
6151 367,368
6152 45,118
6153 123
6154 209
6156 23,30,42,43,114,155,217,219,238,247,276,337
6161 154,159,166,356
6162 10,11
6165 61,85,222,228,307
6167 190,282
6168 6,7,8,48,192,217,261,311,329
6169 8,20,21,48
6175 18,148,167,267,268
6178 41,42,43,83,105,196,200,229,238,289,302,310,322,323,324,325,326,328
6179 369
6181 171,172
6182 287
6183 327
6184 124,171,178
6185 224
6186 358
6187 215,317
6189 78
6190 40,146,220,221,235,244,245,348,376
6191 264,305,357
6193 320

6195 65,66
6196 331
6198 168,169,236.237
6199 292
6200 39,122,285
6202 283
6206 34,57,102
6211 204
6213 76,77,126,280,298
6214 16,34,57,100
6215 33.34,35.100
6217 225
6218 100,101
6219 206,207,208
6220 99
6221 58
6222 64
6223 205
6226 139
6228 34,35
6229 203
6231 121
6234 250
6235 103
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6237 296

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APPENDIX J

Lake Level Data for 6000 yr B.P.

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The 1984 version of the Oxford Lake-Level Data Bank includes 238 basins. Information about lake status (i.e., the relative height of the water level) at 6000 yr B.P. is available for 118 of these sites. The data from 74 sites also yielded information on the lake-level trend (the direction of change in lake level, which is coded in 4 categories: up, down, stable, or uncodable/no data).

Africa

Data from African sites make up nearly half (43%) of the total data set. Most of the 46 sites with data for 6000 yr B.P. are located north of the Equator (Fig. J-1). The majority of lakes stood at high levels, indicating that the climate was much moister than today over large areas of the continent, especially between the Equator and the Tropic of Cancer (Fig. J-1). This lacustral phase began shortly before 12,000 yr B.P. and intensified after 10,000 yr B.P. It reached its maximum around 9000 to 8000 yr B.P. Many basins, however, experienced a pronounced drop in lake levels between 8000 and 7000 yr B.P. (Street-Perrott and Roberts, 1983). The recovery to high or intermediate levels took place just before 6000 yr B.P.

Estimates of the increase in precipitation required to sustain the enlarged African lakes in the Northern Hemisphere tropics at 6000 yr B.P. range from less than 130 to over 500 mm (Street, 1979; Kutzbach, 1980; Hastenrath and Kutzbach, 1983). Street-Perrott and Roberts (1983) have interpreted the distribution of high lake levels in terms of a greatly enhanced summer-monsoon circulation, possibly accompanied by a slight northwards displacement of the Equatorial trough. Their conclusions have received support from general-circulation modeling experiments by Kutzbach (1981), Kutzbach and Otto-Btiesner (1982), and Kutzbach and Guetter (1984a,b).

From the Equator southwards, the contrast between 6000 yr B.P. and the present situation becomes progressively less marked, as seen by the occurrence of sites with intermediate or low lake levels (Fig. J-1). A second cluster of lakes with intermediate or low status can be identified in the northeastern Sahara, extending into the Near East. Kutzbach (1983) has suggested that this "cusp" of low lake levels reflects a region of dry, subsiding air on the northwestern flank of an intensified summer-monsoon low over southern Asia.

The information on lake-level trend reveals that 6000 yr B.P. was a time of transition and not a period of stable hydrological conditions (Table J-1). In a significant number of basins (7), lake levels were beginning to fall, marking the close of the early- to mid-Holocene lacustral phase in the Sahara and the East African Rift. This drying trend accelerated around 5000 yr B.P. and has continued, with only minor oscillations, during the last 4000 years.

Southwest, Central, and South Asia

The lakes in this region, which extends from Turkey in the west to western China in the east, and from tropical Saudi Arabia in the south (18.5°N) to the Central Asian deserts (42.5°N) formed two spatially separate clusters at 6000 yr B.P. (Fig. J-1) (Roberts, 1984). The first group consisted

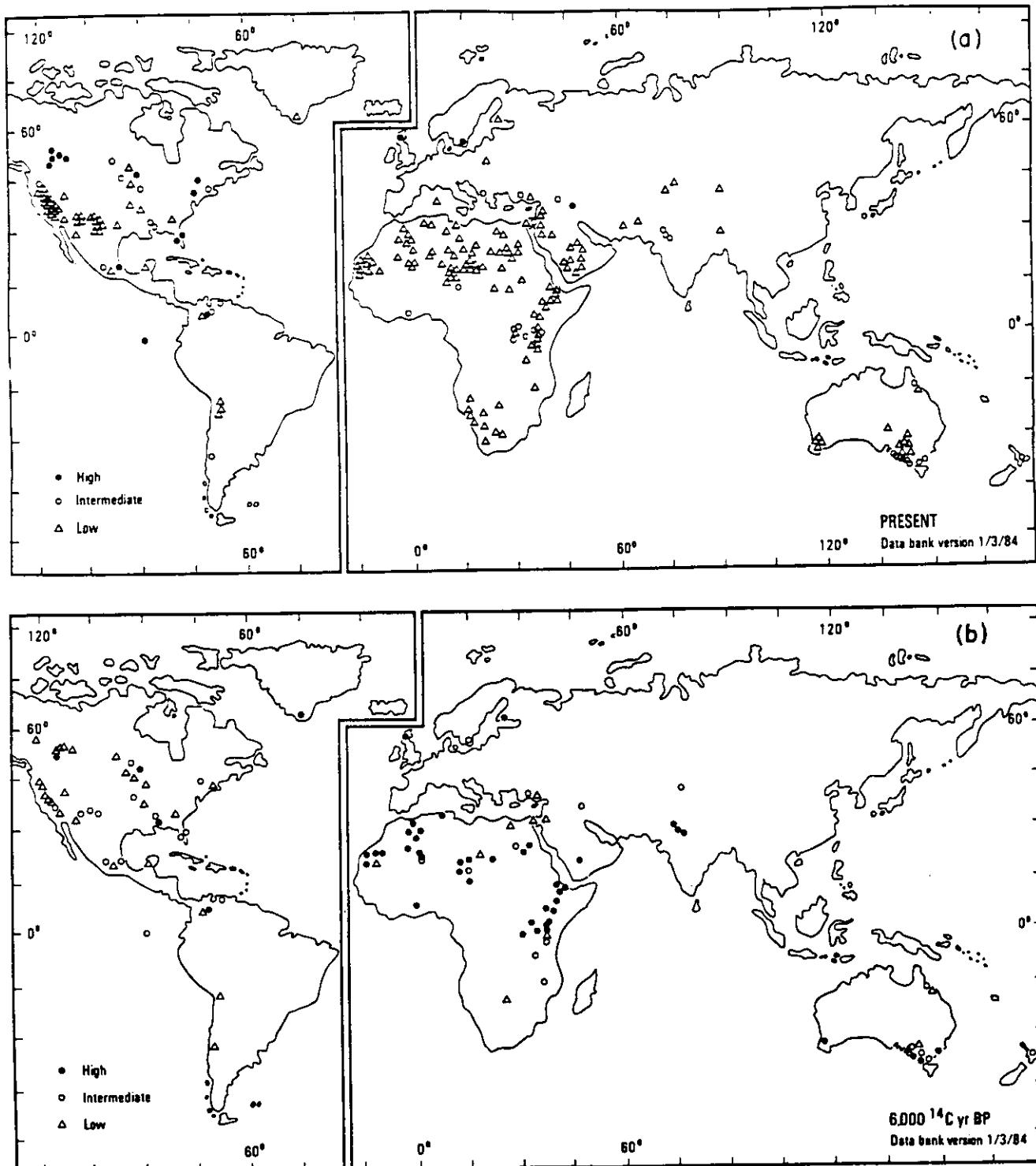


Figure J-1. Water levels in lakes a) today and b) 6000 yr B.P.. Black circles indicate high water levels (above 70% of the maximum height recorded for the basin), open circles indicate intermediate levels, and open triangles indicate low water levels (below 15% of the maximum height).

Table J-1: Distribution of Status/Trend Classes at 6000 yr BP in the African Lake-Level Data Set.

		LAKE STATUS				
		High	Intermediate	Low	No Data	Subtotals
T R E N D	Rising	1	0	1	0	2
	Stable	13	1	4	0	18
	Falling	6	1	0	0	7
	Uncodable/ No Data	12	7	0	57	76
Subtotals		32	9	5	57	103

Table J-2: Distribution of Status/Trend Classes at 6000 yr BP in the Asian Lake-Level Data Set.

		LAKE STATUS				
		High	Intermediate	Low	No Data	Subtotals
T R E N D	Rising	0	1	1	0	2
	Stable	3	1	2	0	6
	Falling	1	0	0	0	1
	Uncodable/ No Data	1	1	0	20	22
Subtotals		5	3	3	20	31

of lakes with high status, all of which lay equatorward of 29°N in southern Saudi Arabia, India (Rajasthan), and Tibet. These areas, which are influenced today by the Indian Ocean monsoon system, were moister than at the present day (Swain et al., 1983). The second group, of low or intermediate lakes, stretched from the Near East through northern Saudi Arabia and Iran into Soviet Central Asia (28 to 42.5°N). This more northerly belt formed part of the "cusp" area discussed above. Most of these lakes have remained stable or even risen over the last 6000 years (Table J-2).

North America (excluding tropical Mexico and Greenland)

The present version of the data bank includes 59 lake basins in North America. Thirty two of these have provided information about 6000 yr B.P. (Table J-3). The distribution of data points spans the latitude range 27 to 57°N. No data were found for Alaska or the Canadian Arctic.

At 6000 yr B.P., many lakes stood at levels lower than today's, or were dry (Fig. J-1). Uncertainty exists about some of the water-level fluctuations, because many were inferred from aquatic pollen types, which are a less precise indicator than, for example, diatoms, ostracodes or sediment chemistry (Dean et al., 1984). Moreover, many paleolimnologists in the eastern United States have been reluctant to consider the possibility of significant changes in water level during the Holocene. This conservatism has been a significant barrier to wider use of their data in paleohydrological and paleoclimatological studies.

Since the last glacial maximum, the North American lakes have shown a general tendency to vary in the opposite direction to those in northern intertropical Africa. At 6000 yr B.P., 91% of the documented sites were experiencing low or intermediate water levels, a pattern that remained relatively stable until 5000 yr B.P. (Table 3).

In comparison with the present day, conditions at 6000 yr B.P. were broadly similar, or somewhat drier, north of approximately 40°N. Winkler and Kutzbach (pers. comm.) have estimated that the annual precipitation in southern Wisconsin (43°N) was about 12% less than the precipitation today, based on a water- and energy-budget model for Lake Mendota. Mid-Holocene aridity was most pronounced in the Canadian Prairies (Alberta, 52 to 54°N), where water levels were much lower at 6000 yr B.P. than today. In contrast, to the south of 40°N, Figure J-1 suggests that the climate was similar to, or slightly moister than, today's, with the possible exception of Florida, where the lakes appear to have stood at slightly lower levels than they do now.

Central and South America (including tropical Mexico)

Only ten sites have provided lake-level information for 6000 yr B.P., and several of these are of doubtful quality (Fig. J-1). Uncertainties exist because of the possible influence of sea-level fluctuations on some records, the widespread use of aquatic pollen as an indicator, and the existence of numerous minor oscillations superimposed on the major trends. Most of the lakes stood at low or intermediate levels and showed a stable or falling trend (Table J-4). In comparison to the present day, conditions at 6000 yr B.P. appear to have been similar or slightly drier. Not enough data exist for the identification of spatial patterns in South America. The tropical lakes in this region, however, were generally much lower than today at 18,000 yr B.P. As in tropical Africa, water levels rose rapidly at the beginning of the Holocene. The main difference between the two areas lies in the prevalence of high and intermediate lake levels in the New World tropics at the present day (Fig. J-1).

Table J-3: Distribution of Status/Trend Classes at 6000 yr BP in the North American Lake-Level Data Set.

LAKE STATUS						
	High	Intermediate	Low	No Data	Subtotals	
T	Rising	0	1	2	0	3
R	Stable	1	0	11	0	12
E	Falling	0	3	1	0	4
N	Uncodable/ No Data	2	5	6	27	40
D	Subtotals	2	9	20	27	59

Table J-4: Distribution of Status/Trend Classes at 6000 yr BP in the Central and South American Lake-Level Data Set.

LAKE STATUS						
	High	Intermediate	Low	No Data	Subtotals	
T	Rising	0	0	0	0	0
R	Stable	1	1	2	0	4
E	Falling	0	2	0	0	2
N	Uncodable/ No Data	0	1	3	3	7
D	Subtotals	1	4	5	3	13

Australia and New Zealand

Of a total of 25 sites in this region, 15 provide information about 6000 yr B.P. With a few exceptions, lake levels were high or intermediate, and stable or falling (Fig. J-1, Table J-5). The majority of sites in tropical and temperate Australia, as well as Lake Rotorua in New Zealand, indicate that climatic conditions at 6000 yr B.P. were similar to, or moister than, today's (Fig. J-1). The distribution of data points, however, is highly clustered. There is little information about the arid core of Australia and none at all from the South Island of New Zealand.

Europe (including Greenland)

The data set from Europe is still extremely limited, due to many of the same problems that have beset research in eastern North America. The potential for future work is enormous, however, particularly if better methods can be derived for the interpretation of aquatic pollen assemblages.

Four lakes have so far yielded data for 6000 yr B.P. (Table J-6). These are all situated between 53 and 62°N. Lake Wielke Gacno (Poland) exhibited intermediate status at this time, whereas the other three lakes were all high (Fig. J-1). If Figures J-1a and J-1b are compared, it appears that the climate at 6000 yr B.P. was drier than today in Poland, fairly similar to today in Scotland and much moister than today in northern Finland and Greenland (60 to 62°N).

Summary

Data are now available for 6000 yr B.P. from a total of 118 lake basins. Coherent paleohydrological anomalies are indicated in certain regions. Northern intertropical Africa, southern Arabia, and the monsoon region of southern Asia appear to have been wetter or much wetter than today. Conditions in North America south of approximately 40°N, and in temperate and tropical Australasia, were similar to today's or slightly wetter. The data from the tropical Americas are conflicting but suggest that lake levels were generally comparable to the present day or slightly lower. There are indications of greater wetness along the Arctic Circle.

In contrast, the mid-latitudes of North America and probably Central Europe appear to have been relatively dry. Conditions were similar to the present day or even drier in the Near East, Iran, and possibly Central Asia. There are also signs of greater dryness in South America and Africa (19 to 35°S), but more information from these data-poor regions is needed to check this possibility.

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Table J-5: Distribution of Status/Trend Classes at 6000 yr BP in the Australasian Lake-Level Data Set.

LAKE STATUS					
	High	Intermediate	Low	No Data	Subtotals
T R E N D	Rising	0	0	0	0
	Stable	4	3	2	9
	Falling	1	1	0	2
	Uncodable/ No Data	1	2	1	14
	Subtotals	6	6	3	25

Table J-6: Distribution of Status/Trend Classes at 6000 yr BP in the European Lake-Level Data Set.

LAKE STATUS					
	High	Intermediate	Low	No Data	Subtotals
T R E N D	Rising	0	0	0	0
	Stable	2	0	0	2
	Falling	0	0	0	0
	Uncodable/ No Data	1	1	0	5
	Subtotals	3	1	0	7

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APPENDIX K

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Marine Plankton Data from the Atlantic, Pacific, and Southern Oceans

This appendix contains a table of publication index numbers from Table 10 in the main text and the reference list. The table lists the publication index numbers along with a second set of one or more reference numbers that can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The references are listed in numerical order by reference number. W. F. Ruddiman and J. J. Morley compiled the references.

Table K-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers for the 6000 yr B.P. Marine Plankton Data from the Atlantic, Pacific, and Southern Oceans.

8001	1
8002	1,7
8003	2,3,6
8004	4,5,12
8005	7
8006	8,9
8007	10,11,13
8008	10,12
8009	10,12,13
8010	10,12,14
8011	11,12,14
8012	12,13
8013	12,14
8014	13
8015	21
8016	20,28
8017	15,21,26
8018	21,24
8019	16,17
8020	19,26
8021	18,23
8022	17,27
8023	22
8024	25

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APPENDIX L

References for the 6000 yr B.P. Marine Plankton Data from the Indian Ocean

This appendix contains a table of publication index numbers from Table 12 in the main text and the reference list for the marine plankton data from the Indian Ocean. The table lists the publication index numbers along with a second set of one or more reference numbers that can be used to find the full bibliographic reference in the reference list. The references are listed in numerical order by reference number. W. F. Prell and R. Marvel compiled the references.

Table L-1. Key to the Publication Index Numbers for the 6000 yr B.P. Marine Plankton Data for the Indian Ocean.

8101	1,3,5,7,8
8102	2,4
8103	3
8104	5
8105	5,6,7,8
8106	5,7,8
8107	9

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