



# **Neutral Beam Injection**

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HWK-1: NCSX PVR 3/26-28/2001



# **NCSX NBI Physics Requirements**

<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Baseline</b>	<u>Upgrade</u>	Long Term	
H <sup>0</sup> Power	3 MW	6 MW	6 MW	
Pulse Length	300 msec	500 msec	1.2 sec	
Voltage	50 kV	50 kV	50 kV	
Orientation	1-Co,1-Cntr	2-Co,2-Cntr	TBD	
Focusing	3 MW to Plasma	6 MW to Plasma	6 MW to Plasma	



# The PDX, PBX, and PBX-M Projects Used a High Performance Neutral Beam Injection System

- <u>Some PBX-M Highlights Achieved</u> <u>With the NBI System (88-93)</u>
  - High Beta (6.8% Beta total)
  - High confinement (3-3.5 x "ITER-P")
  - High stability (Beta normal of 4.5)
  - MHD instability control with close-fitting, conducting shell..
  - H-mode power threshold reduction with "m=1" edge biasing..
  - New core high-confinement ("CH")mode
    - Peaked density & high bootstrap fraction with IBW

- NBI Specifications
  - 6 MW H<sup>0</sup>, 50kV, 100A
  - 300-500 msec pulse
  - 4 Beamlines
  - 30 cm Circular Grids
  - 440 cm Focal Length
  - Power Density HWHM~1.2°
  - P<sup>0</sup>(E):P<sup>0</sup>(E/2):P<sup>0</sup>(E/3) = 80:13:7
  - Total Computer Control for conditioning & operation -reliable economical operation

# • The NCSX Neutral Beam Heating Design Adopts the Available PBX-M NBI Systems



# The NCSX NBI Design Has the Required Heating Power

## PBX-M Injected Power Capability

- ORNL Qualification of Individual Ion Sources (Without Fringe Fields) **NBI** ( $H^0$ ) = 6 MW (4 x 1.5 MW), **NBI** ( $D^0$ ) = 8 MW (4 x 2.0 MW)
- PDX Simultaneous Testing of 4 NBI (Without Fringe Fields)
  NBI (D<sup>0</sup>) = 8.3 MW (4 NBI @ > 52 kV)
- Neutral Power Reionization Loss Fractions in PBX-M Due to Duct Neutral Gas (~1-4x10<sup>-4</sup> T) Due to No Front End Cryopumping
   Perp ducts = 0.88 P<sub>0</sub> (12% loss), Tangential ducts = 0.83P<sub>0</sub> (17% loss)
- NSCX NBI Design Will Reinstall NBI Front End Cryopumping for Maximum Power Injection and Enhanced Torus Pumping NBI ( $H^0$ ) = 6 MW (4 x 1.5 MW), NBI ( $D^0$ ) = 8 MW (4 x 2.0 MW)



## The NCSX NBI Design Has the Required Pulse Length

- The NB power handling surfaces are engineered to operate to 500 msec pulse lengths at the full power, peak power density of 3 kW/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- PBX-M NBI systems pulse lengths were typically ~300 ms
  - testing to 500 msec did not start until toward the end of PBX-M.
- $\bullet$  ORNL operated one ion source with H^0 to 500 msec at ~1.5 MW . (Ion source  $I_{decel}$  rose beyond 400 ms and a control technique was applied)
- PBX-M demonstrated 500 msec at reduced power (4MW total)
  - Each NBI demonstrated to operate with  $D^0$  at ~40 KV, 1 MW, to 500 msec. Operation to higher powers at 500 msec feasible for both H<sup>0</sup> and D<sup>0</sup>.
- MAST using similar ORNL NBI plans to upgrade to 1.5-3 pulse lengths.
  NCSX will adopt this technology for long pulse NBI.



#### The NCSX NBI Design Has Co- and Cntr- Injection for Beam Balance Studies and Control of Beam Driven Currents





### The NCSX NBI Design Has Power Density Profiles to Transit the Available Ports and Heat the Oblate Target Plasma

- The ion sources have a focal length of 440 cm
- Power density profiles were measured in the 440 cm focal plane



NBI System <sup>a)</sup>	θ <sub>HW@HM</sub> <sup>b)</sup>	W HW@HM C)	$\theta_{HW@1/e}$ d)	W HW@1/e e)
S	1.5°	11.58 cm	1.8°	13.9 cm
Е	1.13°	8.75 cm	1.36°	10.5 cm
NW	1.2°	9.25 cm	1.44°	11.1 cm
SW	0.94°	7.25 cm	1.13°	8.7 cm



### The Width of the Candidate NB Transition Duct is Comparable to the PBX-M Tangential Duct Diameter



• During the Conceptual Design Phase it appears possible to increase the duct height for greater conductance



The Envelope of the Oblate Target Plasma Encloses More than 90% of Injected Power from Most Poorly Focused NB





- The NCSX Neutral Beam design adopts the high performance NBI system of the PDX, PBX, and PBX-M projects
   provided automated, reliable, economical operation.
- The design has the required heating power and pulse Length.
- The design has power density profiles that can transit the available ports and heat the oblate target plasma.
- The design has co- and cntr- NBI for beam balance studies, and control of beam driven currents.
- The NCSX NBI design will support the NCSX Physics Program.