

### Water Conserving Cooling Status and Needs

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# We're here to talk about....

#### ✓Water-Energy trade-offs

• A big, multi-faceted problem

#### More people/more water/more energy

#### ✓My intent

Take a narrow slice and simplify it

✓ Use less water to generate electricity

# Why is this easy?

We know where the water gets used
Cooling: condense steam from the turbines

## We know how we do it now Usually wet cooling towers

We have technologies that use less water
Commercially available, proven technologies
Can reduce plant water use by 80 to 90+%

# So what's the problem?

✓ It almost always costs more

✓ How much more depends on

- Type of plant
- Climate at plant site
- Cost of fuel
- Price for electricity (especially at peak times)

## The rest of the talk

- Show you some cooling systems
- Present some cost comparisons
- Show some advancements that may help reduce cost

### **Cooling systems**

The old movie---once-through cooling
Common practice---wet cooling towers
Water conservers---dry cooling/air-cooled condensers

### **Once-through**







# Air cooled condenser





#### Cooling system costs

Capital costs

- Operating costs
  - Cost of power for pumps and fans
  - Cost of water
  - Cost of maintenance
- Penalty costs
  - Effect on plant efficiency
  - Cost of reduced output on hot days

### Trade-off/ optimization



Size of Cooling System

### **Cost differentials**

 Increased capital cost---500 MW plants 0.4% to 12.5%
Increased cooling system power 0.5 to 3.0 MW
Increased plant heat rates 0.4 to 4.0 %
Increased power production costs 1.9 to 4.9%

#### Capital Cost---500 MW Steam Plant



#### Hot Day Heat Rate Increase---500 MW Steam Plants



"Equivalent" cost of water

# \$3.50 to \$6.00 per 1,000 gallons \$1,000 to \$2,000 per acre-foot

Some things that might help....

- Use a little bit of water a little bit of the time
  - -Hybrid (wet/dry) systems
  - -Spray enhancement
- Recover some of the water from wet systems

✓ Marley's Air-to-Air<sup>®</sup> concept

## Hybrid wet/dry system



#### Tucuman 450 MW Combined Cycle (Argentina) PAC SYSTEM® (Air Cooled Condenser & Wet Cooling System)



#### Spray enhancement

 Spray water into inlet air stream of air-cooled condenser

Low capital cost approach

- Low annual water use
- ✓ Reduce inlet temperature by 5 to 10 F
- Restore "hot day" capacity loss





### **Possible retro-fit**



### Finally....

✓ Is the prize worth the price?

- Your call
- <u>Very</u> site specific

#### $\checkmark$ Is this a good way to do it?

- I state without proof
  - About the same as reclaimed water use
  - Cheaper (now at least) than "water-free" renewables (wind or solar)