## Bureau of Export Administration, Commerce

considered must submit sufficient documentation to establish the existence of a contract.

(d) U.S. controls. Although the United States seeks cooperation from likeminded countries in maintaining antiterrorism controls, at this time these controls are maintained only by the United States.

[61 FR 12786, Mar. 25, 1996, as amended at 63
FR 42228, Aug. 7, 1998; 64 FR 27142, May 18, 1999; 64 FR 47667, Sept. 1, 1999; 65 FR 14859, Mar. 20, 2000; 65 FR 34075, May 26, 2000]

## §742.11 Specially designed implements of torture.

(a) License requirements. In support of U.S. foreign policy to promote the observance of human rights throughout the world, a license is required to export specially designed implements of torture controlled by 0A983 to all destinations, including Canada.

(b) *Licensing policy*. Applications for such licenses will generally be denied to all destinations.

(c) Contract sanctity. The contract sanctity date is November 9, 1995. Contract sanctity will be a factor in considering only applications for export to the NATO countries, Japan, Australia, and New Zealand.

(d) U.S. controls. Although the United States seeks cooperation from likeminded countries in maintaining controls on implements of torture, at this time these controls are maintained only by the United States.

## §742.12 High performance computers.

(a) License and recordkeeping requirements. (1) This section contains special provisions for exports, reexports, and certain intra-country transfers of high performance computers, including software, and technology. This section affects the following ECCNs: 4A001, 4A002, 4A003, 4D001, 4D002, and 4E001. It applies to computers with a Composite Theoretical Performance (CTP) greater than 6,500, stated in Million Theoretical Operations Per Second (MTOPS). Licenses are required under this section for ECCN's having an "XP" under "Reason for Control" when License Exception CTP is not available (see §740.7 of the EAR). License requirements reflected in this section are based on particular destinations, endusers, or end-uses. For the calculation of CTP, see the Technical Note that follows the Advisory Notes for Category 4 in the Commerce Control List. Note that License Exception CTP contains restrictions on access by nationals of certain countries, and on reexports and transfers of computers.

(2) In recognition of the strategic and proliferation significance of high performance computers, a license is required for the export or reexport of high performance computers to destinations, end-users, and end-uses, as specified in this section and on the CCL. These license requirements supplement requirements that apply for other control reasons, such as nuclear nonproliferation provided in §742.3 of the EAR. The license requirements described in this §742.12 are not reflected on the Country Chart (Supplement No. 1 to part 738 of the EAR). Four Computer Country Tiers have been established for the purposes of these controls. Countries included in Computer Tiers 1, 2, and 3 are listed in License Exception CTP in §740.7 of the EAR. Computer Tier 4 consists of Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Sudan, and Svria.

(3) Exporters must keep accurate records of each export to countries not included in Country Group A:1 (see Supplement No. 1 to part 740 of the EAR) of a computer with a CTP greater than 6,500 MTOPS. These records must be submitted semiannually to BXA and must contain the information as described in §743.1 of the EAR.

(b) Licensing policy. Licensing policies described in this section vary according to the country of destination, and the end-use or end-user involved in the transaction. Note that in addition, license applications for items covered by §742.12 will also be reviewed under the nuclear nonproliferation licensing policy in §742.3(b). In certain cases, licenses may be subject to safeguard conditions. The specific conditions that may be imposed by BXA will depend on the country of destination, and the end-use or end-user of the export. BXA may also require end-use certification which, in appropriate cases, is certified by the government of the importing