Combustion Kinetics Databases for Real Fuels

Jeffrey A. Manion

National Institute of Standards and Technology Physical and Chemical Properties Division Gaithersburg MD 20899

International Workshop on CHEMKIN in Combustion Chicago, IL July 25, 2004



Structure of Talk

PART 1: Background & Context: NIST Mission & Role in Energy

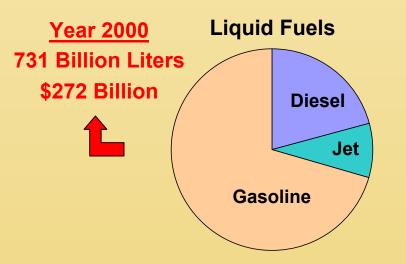
PART 2: Results of NIST Real Transportation Fuels Workshop

PART 3: NIST Real Fuels Project: Modernizing Combustion Databases



- To develop and promote measurement, standards, and technology to enhance productivity, facilitate trade, and improve the quality of life.
- Provide, when requested, measurements, data, and standards to support the missions of other agencies.

Energy Production for Transportation - National Impacts



Year 2000 *	Number of Employees	Payroll	Value of shipments
Motor Vehicle Mfg.	230,525	14.6 B	239.4 B
Transportation Equipment Mfg.	1,839,281	86.9 B	638.7 B

Monetary Importance:

- Economic Competitiveness
- Energy Self-Sufficiency
- Green House Gas Trading Credits
- Healthcare costs

Quality of Life (Pollution Effects):

- Heart/Lung Disease
- Environmental Degradation
- Global Warming
- Premature death

* "Statistics for Industry Groups and Industries: 2000", Publication M00(AS)-1, U.S. Census Bureau, Economics and Statistics Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 2002.

NIST Sponsored Workshop

Workshop on Combustion Simulation Databases for Real Transportation Fuels, NIST, Gaithersburg, MD, September 4-5, 2003.

Approximately 60 Scientists

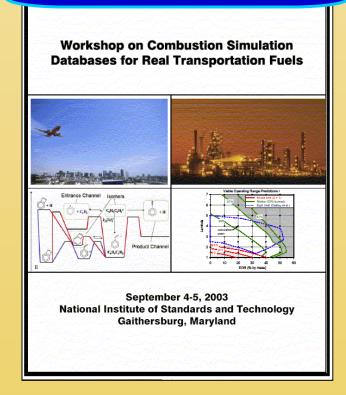
- **Industry**
- Academia
- Government Agencies

Purpose:

NIS

Help NIST and community assess data requirements for modeling combustion of transportation fuels and recommend plans for developing reference databases and chemical kinetic models.

Report Available Today





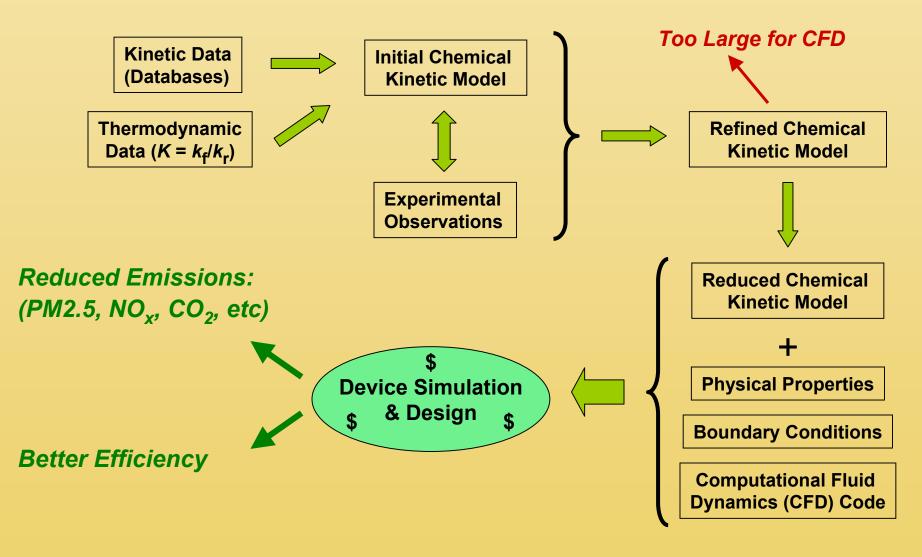
Workshop Findings

Simulations combining CFD and chemical kinetic models are predictively useful at present and their role in device design will continue to increase in the future.

Types of Needs Identified (chemistry):

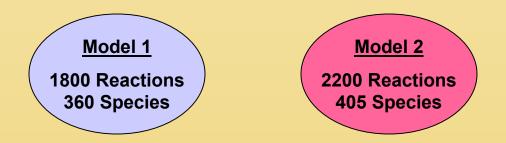
- **Existence & Quality of Data on Real Fuels**
- Infrastructural Ability to rapidly find, share and use information.

Vision: The Application of Kinetics Databases to Combustion



Some Current Issues – Combustion Modeling

Multiple Models of Many Systems Exist – But Are Difficult To Compare.

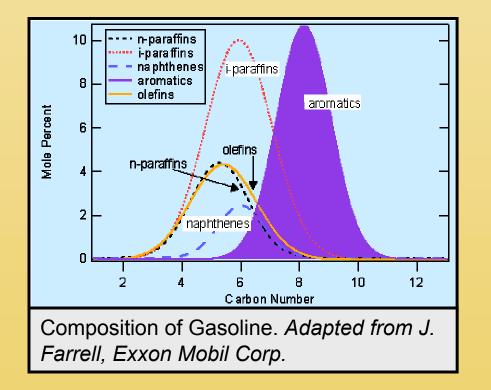


- Reaction sets are different
- Rate constants are different
- Thermodynamic sets are different
- Species are identified by different strings (understandable only to creator)
- Data often not traceable no reference or reference is not original source
- No common validation experiments

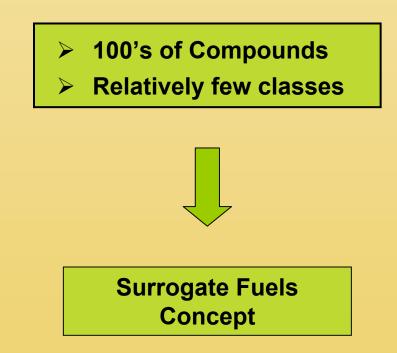
Dilemma:	How do you choose?
	How do you begin to compare, to improve?
	How much TIME will it take?

Some Current Issues – Modeling Real Fuels I

Real Fuels are complex mixtures with varying compositions – How to Develop Useful Kinetic Models?



NIS



Surrogate Fuels – Workshop Consensus

Preliminary Suggestions

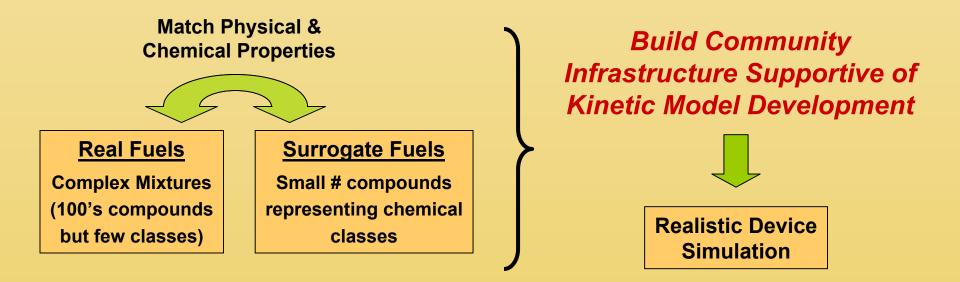
Chemical Class	Model Compound(s)
Normal Paraffins	Heptane, Decane, Hexadecane
Iso-paraffins	<i>iso</i> -octane
Cycloparaffins	Methylcyclohexane
Olefinic Species	1-pentene
Single-Ring Aromatics	Toluene, Xylenes
Multi-Ring Aromatics	1-methylnaphthalene

Working Hypotheses:

- Surrogates for gasoline, diesel and aviation fuels can be composed of same model compounds (in different proportions).
- > Probably several different surrogates needed for each fuel.
- Single database useful to all.

NIST Real Fuels Project - Concept

<u>NIST "Real Fuels" Project</u>: A collaborative effort designed to <u>enable</u> the combustion of liquid transportation fuels (diesel, gasoline, aviation) to be realistically simulated for device design purposes.



Workshop on Combustion Simulation Databases for Real Transportation Fuels, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD, September 4-5, 2003.



Components of NIST Real Fuels Project

Experimental:

- Surrogate fuels concept
- **Experiments to fill knowledge gaps**

Infrastructural:

- **Design intelligent data structures for combustion information**
- Create web-accessible data warehouse for combustion modeling
- Promote collaborative paradigm for development of chemical kinetic models of combustion systems



Components of NIST Real Fuels Project

Experimental:

- Surrogate fuels concept
- **Experiments to fill knowledge gaps**

Infrastructural:

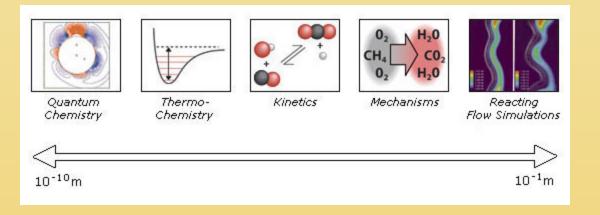
- **Design intelligent data structures for combustion information**
- Create web-accessible data warehouse for combustion modeling
- Promote collaborative paradigm for development of chemical kinetic models of combustion systems

Won't solve all problems, but can:

- take key steps
 - lay the foundation for systematic progress

Partnering: NIST – PrIMe – CMCS Collaboration

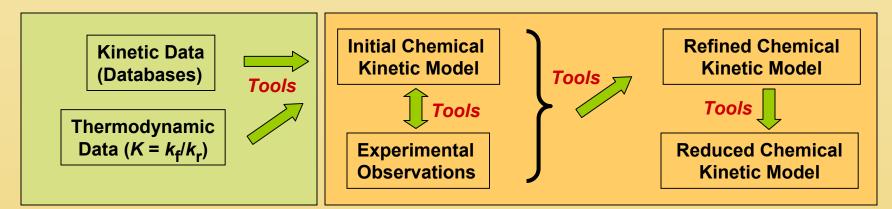
Collaboratory for Multi-scale Chemical Science (CMCS):DOE funded computerscienceproject whose goal is to to enhance chemical science research bydeveloping an adaptive informatics infrastructure.Larry Rahn, Sandia - CMCS.org



Process Informatics Model (PrIMe): A community effort to develop predictive reaction models for combustion. The goal is to convert model building into a science, automate the methodology, and provide the results to the User in a prompt and convenient format. (Outgrowth of GRI-Mech) Michael Frenklach - UCB



NIST – PrIMe – CMCS Collaboration



NIST/PrIMe Data Warehouse:

- All kinetic data on elementary reactions relevant to combustion (NIST Gas Kinetics, GRI Mech)
- Relevant thermodynamic data
- Global kinetic data for model validation.

PrIMe Process (Vision):

- Community-based evaluation of Warehouse Data Best" values with uncertainties.
- Selected set of "Best" validation experiments for combustion models
- Set of Community Tools for "on-the fly" generation of "Best Current Kinetic Model"

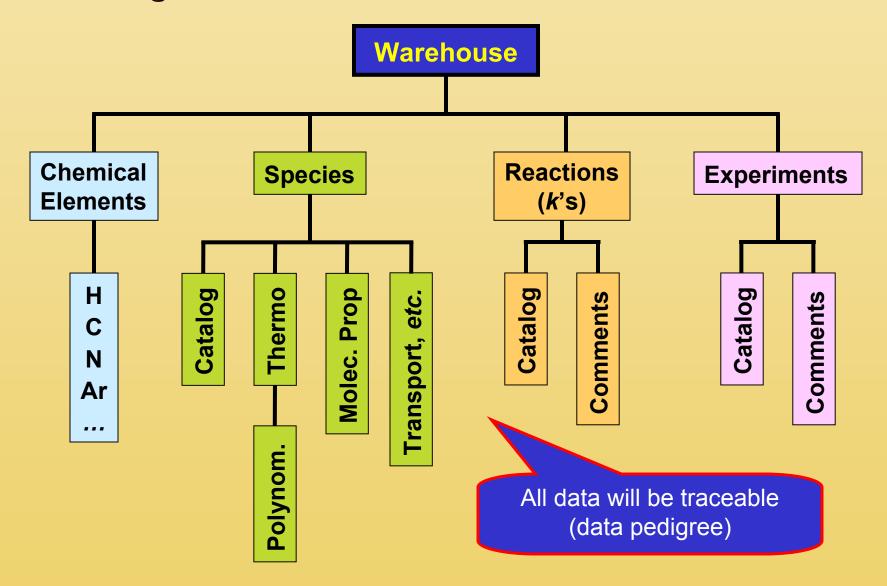
CMCS: Implementation of Computer Science Infrastructure.



Underlying Principles of NIST/PrIMe Warehouse

- □ Internet-based
- **Open Membership**
- □ Accessible thru CMCS Portal

NSI Organization of NIST/PrIMe Data Warehouse



NIST/PrIMe Data Warehouse – Ongoing Steps

Integrate Existing Kinetic & Thermodynamic Information
--

- □ NIST Gas Phase Kinetics Database
- GRI Mech 3.0
- Leeds Combustion Mechanism (anticipated)
- **Other?**

Develop Electronic Data Entry Forms:

- **Enable contributions as data is produced**
- **G** Forms ensure easy transfer & minimum information standards

NIST Real Fuels Website

Under Construct. http://kinetics.nist.gov/RealFuels

- □ Information Specific to Real Fuels (TBD)
- Archival Mechanisms

NIS

- Relational Mechanism Database
 - Deposit will be via data entry forms
- Will merge with or link to NIST/PrIMe
 Data Warehouse

NIST Real Fuels Website

NIST

NIS	ST Real Fuels Project Resources A collection of data useful in the study of real liquid fuels
Links	Project resources
NIST Standard Reference Data Program	A few items are currently available from this web site: • Workshop Report (PDF)
NIST Chemical Chemical Kinetics Database	 Heptane combustion mechanism (Chemkin input, documentation) Detailed Chemical Kinetic Combustion Model Database
NIST Chemistry Web Book	A collection of data useful in the study of real liquid fuels Project resources A few items are currently available from this web site: • Workshop Report (PDF) • Heptane combustion mechanism (Chemkin input, documentation) • Detailed Chemical Kinetic Combustion Model Database
NIST Computational Chemistry Comparison and Benchmark Database	Under Construction
NIST Reference on Constants, Units, and	
Uncertainty	Please note that this web site is under development and that the content may change without notice.
Administrative Links	
NIST home page	The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) uses its best efforts to deliver a high quality content and to verify that the data contained therein have been selected on the basis of sound scientific judgment. NIST, however, makes no warranties to that effect, and NIST shall not be liable for any damage and the selected on the basis of sound scientific selected on the basis selected on the basis of sound scientific selected on the basis of sound scientific selected on the basis selected on
CSTL home page	that may result from errors or omissions in the content provided.
Physical and Chemical Properties Division	The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) uses its best efforts to deliver a high quality content and to verify that the data contained therein have been selected on the basis of sound scientific judgment. NIST, however, makes no warranties to that effect, and NIST shall not be liable for any damage that may result from errors or omissions in the content provided. The usual NIST disclaimer also applies.

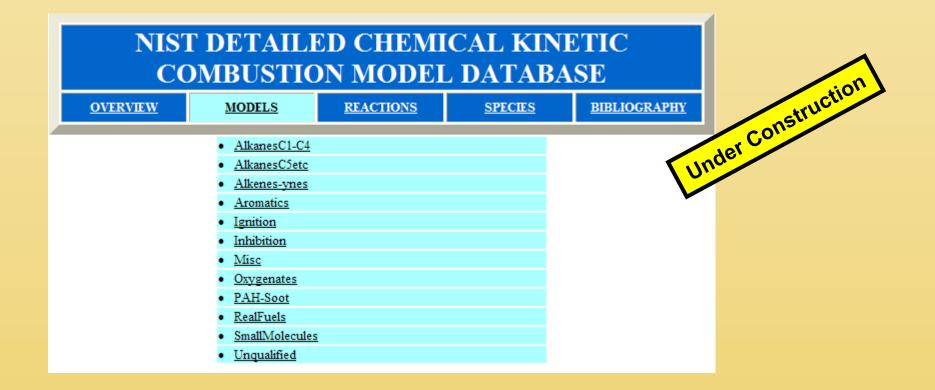
NIST Chemical Kinetic Model Database

NIST

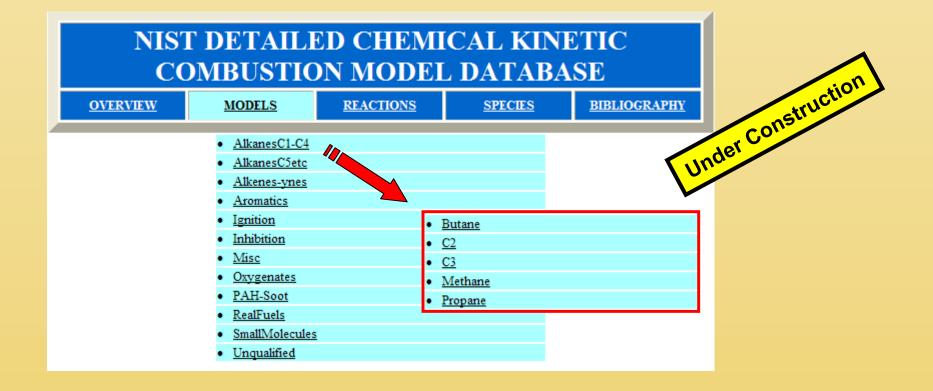
NIST DETAILED CHEMICAL KINETIC COMBUSTION
MODEL DATABASE

<u>OVERVIEW</u>	MODELS	REACTIONS	SPECIES	BIBLIOGRAPHY
Models	 validation experiment Dynamical "relationation properties, primary t 	stings of detailed chemical ki ts, and related models al" listings of detailed chemic hermochemical data, chemica er related information	al kinetic models with links t	to species molecular
Reactions		and compare individual react dels or build a model based		r specific detailed kinetic
Species	 Molecular structure: NIChI identifiers, MI Molecular properties 	s such as CASNO, chemical t s and chemical information so DL mol files, chemical classe s such as experimental or calo a DfHo, So, Cp(T); NASA fo	uch as structural/chemical fo s, etc. sulated structures, vibrationa	al frequencies, etc.
Bibliography	Bibliographic inform	ation supporting models, rea	ctions, and species	oder Const
				der

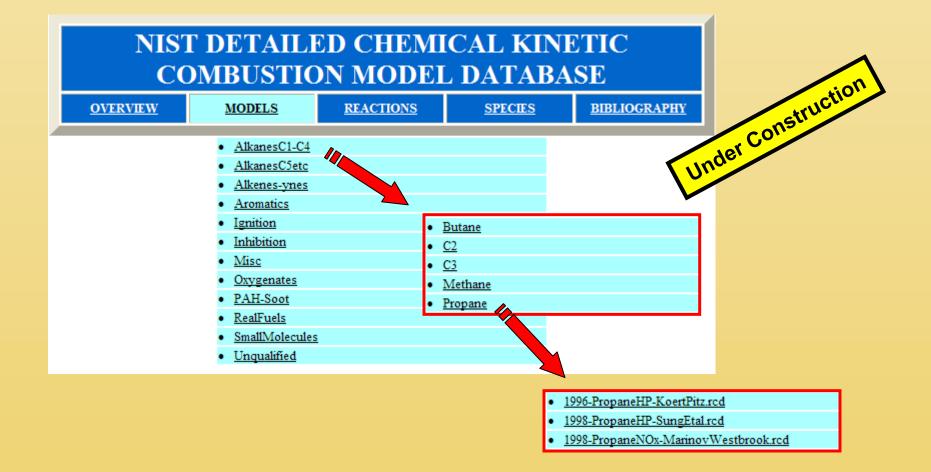
NIST Real Fuels Website – Model Search



NIST Real Fuels Website – Model Search



NIST Real Fuels Website – Model Search



NIST Real Fuels Website – Reaction Search

	ST DETAILH COMBUSTIC			ETIC SE	er Construction
OVERVIEW	MODELS	REACTIONS	<u>SPECIES</u>	BIBLA UNC	
ANY FIELD C-	H+0H		e.g., C-H+O CH4		
	Sea	irch			
 Currently only 	"ANY" search is enabled. S "RECOMMENDED" search first sort type is enabled	n is enab. Pre is only Searc	ed" words. y one set in "database") h Models by or Reaction (/ Reaction	
http://kinetics.ni	st.gov/RealFue	Is			

NIST Real Fuels Website – Reaction Class

ssNo	Reaction Class	Valence	Notation	Example	R	eaction Example
0	UNIMOLECULAR					
0	Radical Elimination					
1	Bond Fission	Full	R-X	С-Н	C_2H_6	$ \rightarrow C_{2}H_{5} + H \rightarrow C_{2}H_{4} + H \rightarrow C_{2}H_{3} + H \rightarrow C_{2}H_{3} + Constr \rightarrow C_{2}H_{2} + Constr \rightarrow C_{2}H_{2} + Constr \rightarrow C_{2}H_{2} + Constr \rightarrow C_{2}H_{2} + Constr \rightarrow C_{2}H_{3} + Constr \rightarrow Con$
1	Beta Scission	Radical	R.S-X	С.С-Н	C_2H_5	$\rightarrow C_2H_4 + H$
1	Beta Fission	Ylidene	R:S-X	С:С-Н	CH ₃ CH:	$\rightarrow C_2H_3$
D	Molecular Elimination					-> Linde.
1	1,1-Elimination	Full	R-XY	С-НН	C_2H_6	$\rightarrow C_{21}$
2	1,2-Elimination	Full	RS-XY	СС-НН	C_2H_6	\rightarrow CH ₃ CH: + H ₂
3	1,3-Elimination	Full	RS-XY(3)	CC-CH(3)	1,3-Butadiene	\rightarrow C ₂ H ₄ + C ₂ H ₂
4	1,4-Elimination	Full	RS-XY(4)	CC-CH(4)	Cyclohexene	\rightarrow 1,3-Butadiene + C ₂ H ₄
1	1,1-Elimination	Radical	R.S-XY	O.C-HF	CHF ₂ O*	\rightarrow CFO + HF
2	1,2-Elimination	Radical	RSXY	OCHF	*CF ₂ OH	\rightarrow CFO + HF
0	BIMOLECULAR					
0	Metathesis					
1	Abstraction	Full + Rad	R-X+Y	C-H+C	$C_{2}H_{6} + CH_{3}*$	\rightarrow C ₂ H ₅ * + CH ₄
1	Disproportionation	Rad + Rad	R.S-X+Y	C.C-H+C	$C_2H_5^* + CH_3^*$	\rightarrow C ₂ H ₄ + CH ₄
0	Substitution/Displacement					
1	Displacement	Full + Full	R+X:-Y	Al+O:-C	$AI(CH_3)_3 + H_2O$	\rightarrow Al(OH)(CH ₃) ₂ + CH ₄
1	Substitution	Full + Rad	R+X-Y	Al+H-C	$Al(CH_3)_3 + H$	\rightarrow AlH(CH ₃) ₂ + CH ₃ *
0	Stepwise Bimolecular					
1	Addition//Beta Scission	Full + Rad	R+S//R.S-X	C+C//C.C-C1	CH ₂ =CHCl+H	\rightarrow CH ₂ =CH ₂ + Cl

NS **NIST Real Fuels Website – Reaction Search**

NIST DETAILED CHEMICAL KINETIC **COMBUSTION MODEL DATABASE**

			MICAL KINE EL DATABAS				191	CO	nst	ruction
<u>OVERVIEW</u>	MODELS	REACTIONS	SPECIES	BIBLIO	GRAPH	S U	nae			
ANY FIELD C-H	+ 0H	1						_	_	
			Reaction c10h7cch + oh = c10h6cch + h2o	Class C-H+OH	Chem1 Cb	Chem2	A 1.63E+08	b 1.42	E 1454	SQUIB 1996MAR/PIT211-287
		arch	c10h8 + oh = c10h7 + h2o	C-H+OH	Сь		2.44E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
	Sea	arch	$\frac{c6h5c2h + oh = c6h4c2h + h2o}{c6h5c2h + oh = c6h4c2h + h2o}$	C-H+OH	Сь		1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			$\underline{c6h5c2h3} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c6h4c2h3} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	Съ		1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
FEATURES			$\underline{c6h6} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c6h5} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	СЪ		1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1992BAU/COB411-429
	ANY" search is enable &COMMENDED" sea	ple matching of	<u>phnthm</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>phnthryl-1</u> + <u>h2o</u>	C-H+OH	Съ		2.17E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
	st sort type is enabled		<u>phnthm</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>phnthry1-9</u> + <u>h2o</u>	C-H+OH	СЪ		5.43E+07	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			$\underline{c3h6} + \underline{oh} = \underline{sc3h5} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH		1.11E+06	2	1451	1991TSA221-273
			$\underline{c2h4} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c2h3} + \underline{h2o}$	С-Н+ОН	CdH2		2.02E+13	0	5936	<u>1992MEL/MIL621-628</u> (<u>check</u>)
			$\frac{ch2chchch2}{ch2chchch} + \frac{oh}{oh} = \frac{ch2chchch}{chch} + \frac{h2o}{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH2		2.00E+07	2	5000	<u>1992MEL/MIL621-628</u> (<u>check)</u>
			<u>ch2chcch</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>hcchcch</u> + <u>h2o</u>	С-Н+ОН	CdH2		7.50 E+06	2	5000	<u>1992MEL/MIL621-628</u> (<u>check)</u>
			$\underline{c3h6} + \underline{oh} = \underline{pc3h5} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH2		2.11E+06	2	2778	1991TSA221-273
			$\underline{ac3h4} + \underline{oh} = \underline{h2ccch} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH2-Ca		1.00E+07	2	1000	1999MAR183-220
			$\underline{ch3chcch2} + \underline{oh} = \underline{ch3ccch2} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH-Ca		1.00E+07	2	2000	
			$\underline{c10h7c2h3} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c10h7cch2} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH-Cb		1.00E+07	2	2000	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			$\underline{c6h5c2h3} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c6h5cch2} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH-Cb		1.00E+07	2	2000	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			$\underline{ch2chchch2} + \underline{oh} = \underline{ch2chcch2} + \underline{h2o}$							1000X/FEL/MIL 601-608

http://kinetics.nist.gov/RealFuels

NISI **NIST Real Fuels Website – Reaction Search**

NIST DETAILED CHEMICAL KINETIC **COMBUSTION MODEL DATABASE**

			MICAL KINET EL DATABAS				101	C	nst	nuction
<u>OVERVIEW</u>	MODELS	REACTIONS	SPECIES	BIBLIO	GRAPHY	S U	nae			
ANY FIELD C-H	+ 0H		Reaction	Class	Cheml	Chem2	А	ь	F	SOUIB
··			$\frac{c10h7cch + oh}{c10h6cch + h2o}$	C-H+OH	СЪ	circinz	1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
	Sea	rch	$\underline{c10h8} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c10h7} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	Съ		2.44E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
	_ Jea	en	$\underline{c6h5c2h} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c6h4c2h} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	СЪ		1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			$\underline{c6h5c2h3} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c6h4c2h3} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	Съ		1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
FEATURES			<u>c6h6</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>c6h5</u> + <u>h2o</u>	C-H+OH	СЪ		1.63E+08	1.42	1454	1992BAU/COB411-429
	ANY" search is enable RECOMMENDED" sea	ple matching of	<u>phnthm</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>phnthryl-1</u> + <u>h2o</u>	C-H+OH	Съ		2.17E+08	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
	est sort type is enabled	lere.	<u>phnthm</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>phnthry1-9</u> + <u>h2o</u>	C-H+OH	СЪ		5.43E+07	1.42	1454	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			$\frac{c3h6}{c} + \frac{ab}{c} + \frac{c3h5}{c} + \frac{h2o}{c}$	C-H+OH	CdH		1.11E+06	2	1451	1991TSA221-273
			$\underline{\mathbf{n}} + \underline{\mathbf{oh}} = \underline{\mathbf{c}}\underline{\mathbf{2h}}3 + \underline{\mathbf{h}}\underline{\mathbf{2o}}$	С-Н+ОН	CdH2		2.02E+13	0	502.0	1092MEL/MIL621-628 (cneck)
			<u>ch2chchch2</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>ch2chchch</u> + <u>h2o</u>	0.11			2.00E+07	2	5000	<u>1992MEL/MIL621-628</u> (check)
			$\frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100}$	C-H+OH	CdH2		7.50E+06	2	5000	<u>1992MEL/MIL621-628</u> (<u>check)</u>
			$\underline{c3h6} + \underline{oh} = \underline{pc3h5} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH2		2.11E+06	2	2778	1991TSA221-273
			$\underline{ac3h4} + \underline{oh} = \underline{h2ccch} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH2-Ca		1.00E+07	2	1000	1999MAR183-220
Species &	Bibliographi	C	$\underline{ch3chcch2} + \underline{oh} = \underline{ch3ccch2} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH-Ca		1.00E+07	2	2000	
Inform	ation Links		$\underline{c10h7c2h3} + \underline{oh} = \underline{c10h7cch2} + \underline{h2o}$	C-H+OH	CdH-Cb		1.00E+07	2	2000	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			<u>c6h5c2h3</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>c6h5cch2</u> + <u>h2o</u>	C-H+OH	CdH-Cb		1.00E+07	2	2000	1996MAR/PIT211-287
			<u>ch2chchch2</u> + <u>oh</u> = <u>ch2chcch2</u> + <u>h2o</u>	http:	//kine	etic	s.nis	t.g	JOV	RealFuels

NIST Real Fuels Website – Species Form

						iO
DESCRIPTION					struc	
<u>Title</u>	(Z)-2-Butene			C.	nstr	
Identifiers	590-18-1	CAS-yes		Under Cr	more	
Names/Symbols	but2ene-z	(Z)-2-Butene			more	
<u>Structural</u> <u>Representations</u>		H ₃ C	CH ₃		more	
Composition	52	C4H8	$C/C=C\setminus C$		more	
Chemical	Alkylalkenes				more	
Related	2-Butene	(E)-2-Butene	n-Butane	2-Butenyl	more	
Databases		STKinetics ; CCCB ealFuels ; Burcat ; C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		more	
<u>Notes</u>					more	
DATA						
Physical	more	Thermochemical	more	Quantum Calc	more	
<u>Mechanistic</u>	more	Reactions	more	Kinetics	more	

http://kinetics.nist.gov/RealFuels

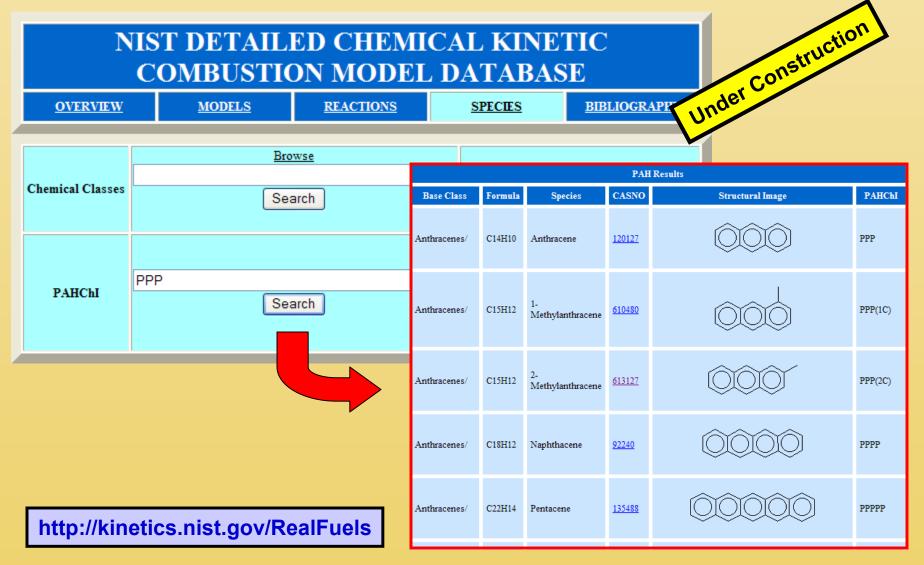
NIST Real Fuels Website – Species Info Links

NS

		<u> </u>				
	Heat of Formation: CH3 Heat of Formation: CH3 H H H H H H H H H H H H H					
- n						
Jer Co.		_				
Unac	$\Delta_{f}^{H^{0}298}$	Uncert	Units	SQUIB	Method	Data Type
	145.7	0.0	kJ/mol	1985CHA/DAV1-1856	Review	Review
	146.9	0.0	kJ/mol	1983GAR/LIS	Review	Review
	146.9	1.0	kJ/mol	1995BUR/MCB1	Review	Review
	-148.3	0.0	kJ/mol	1998UNP/DAT9999	CBS-Q	Theory/abinitio
	143.1	0.0	kJ/mol	1998CUR/RAG7764-7776	G3MP2	Theory/abinitio
	146.8	0.8	kJ/mol	1982MCM/GOL493-532	Review	Review
	146.4	0.4	kJ/mol	1994BER/ELL2744-2765	Review	Review
	147.0	1.0	kJ/mol	<u>1996TSA</u>	review	Review
	132.6	0.0	kJ/mol	1997CUR/RAG1063	B3LYP/6-311+G(3df,2p)	Theory/DFT
	142.3	0.0	kJ/mol	1998CUR/RAG7764-7776	G3	Theory/abinitio
	146.4	0.0	kJ/mol	1992CUR/CAR9030-9034	G2(QCI)	Theory/abinitio
	154.0	0.0	kJ/mol	1991CUR/RAG7221-7230	G1	Theory/abinitio
	149.4	0.0	kJ/mol	1997CUR/RAG1063	G2MP2(SVP)	Theory/abinitio
	134.3	0.0	kJ/mol	1997CUR/RAG1063	B3PW91/6-311+G(3df,2p)	Theory/DFT
	146.6	0.3	kJ/mol	1999RUS/LIT8625-8633	thermochemical network	Review
	146.0	0.0	kJ/mol	1992ATK/BAU1125-1568	Review	Review
	147.7	2.5	kJ/mol	1991NIC/VAN9890-9896	kinetic/CH3+HBr=CH4+Br	Experiment/kinetic

http://kinetics.nist.gov/RealFuels

NIST Real Fuels Website – Species Search





Overall Goals I:

Goal is to organize and integrate the data.

Databases and data structures should facilitate <u>use</u> of the data

NGI Overall Goals II Fundamental Applied Science Science

Feedback and interaction through data exchange benefits all communities

Future Directions

Additional Workshops – Potential Topics:

- Development of community-led data evaluation process
- Global experimental kinetic data for model validation (flame speeds, flame profiles, etc.)
- Specific topical areas (e.g. soot formation, kinetics of "cool flames" region, surrogate fuels, etc.)
- Development/Incorporation of community science tools
- Ab initio data

Other?

NIS



NIST Real Fuels Project - People

NIST Staff:

- □ Jeff Manion (Project Leader)
- Wing Tsang
- Don Burgess
- Jeff Hudgens
- **Tom Allison**

NRC Post Doctoral Fellows:

- **Dave Matheu** (MIT Advisor Bill Green)
- □ W. Sean McGivern (Texas A&M Adv. Simon North)
- □ Michael Donovan (Univ. of Michigan Adv. Margaret Wooldridge)

Various Internal Collaborations (BFRL, Comp. Chemistry, Webbook)



Final Comments

- Partners are crucial to infrastructure development.
- Process is under development (input welcome)
- NIST seeks to be inclusive and support (not dictate) community efforts.