Union Calendar No. H.R.3009

107th CONGRESS 1st Session

[Report No. 107-]

To extend the Andean Trade Preference Act, to grant additional trade benefits under that Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 3, 2001

Mr. CRANE (for himself and Mr. THOMAS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

October , 2001

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on October 3, 2001]

A BILL

- To extend the Andean Trade Preference Act, to grant additional trade benefits under that Act, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,



1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Andean Trade Pro-3 motion and Drug Eradication Act".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 Congress makes the following findings:

6 (1) Since the Andean Trade Preference Act was 7 enacted in 1991, it has had a positive impact on 8 United States trade with Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, 9 and Peru. Two-way trade has doubled, with the 10 United States serving as the leading source of imports 11 and leading export market for each of the Andean 12 beneficiary countries. This has resulted in increased 13 jobs and expanded export opportunities in both the 14 United States and the Andean region.

15 (2) The Andean Trade Preference Act has been a 16 key element in the United States counternarcotics 17 strategy in the Andean region, promoting export di-18 versification and broad-based economic development 19 that provides sustainable economic alternatives to 20 drug-crop production, strengthening the legitimate 21 economies of Andean countries and creating viable al-22 ternatives to illicit trade in coca.

(3) Notwithstanding the success of the Andean 24 Trade Preference Act, the Andean region remains 25 threatened by political and economic instability and 26 fragility, vulnerable to the consequences of the drug



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war and fierce global competition for its legitimate
 trade.

3 (4) The continuing instability in the Andean re-4 gion poses a threat to the security interests of the 5 United States and the world. This problem has been 6 partially addressed through foreign aid, such as Plan 7 Colombia, enacted by Congress in 2000. However, for-8 eign aid alone is not sufficient. Enhancement of le-9 gitimate trade with the United States provides an al-10 ternative means for reviving and stabilizing the 11 economies in the Andean region.

12 (5) The Andean Trade Preference Act constitutes
13 a tangible commitment by the United States to the
14 promotion of prosperity, stability, and democracy in
15 the beneficiary countries.

16 (6) Renewal and enhancement of the Andean
17 Trade Preference Act will bolster the confidence of do18 mestic private enterprise and foreign investors in the
19 economic prospects of the region, ensuring that legiti20 mate private enterprise can be the engine of economic
21 development and political stability in the region.

(7) Each of the Andean beneficiary countries is committed to conclude negotiation of a Free Trade Area of the Americas by the year 2005, as a means of enhancing the economic security of the region.



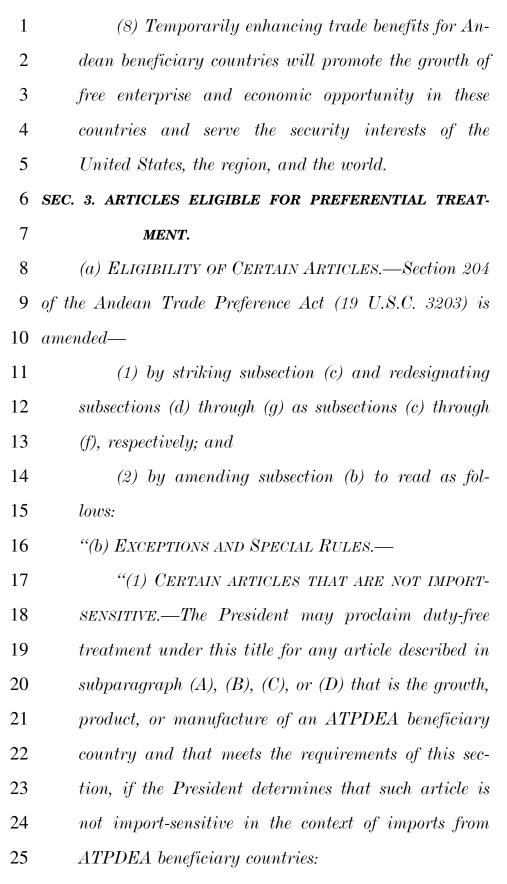
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1	"(A) Footwear not designated at the time of
2	the effective date of this Act as eligible for the
3	purpose of the generalized system of preferences
4	under title V of the Trade Act of 1974.
5	"(B) Petroleum, or any product derived
6	from petroleum, provided for in headings 2709
7	and 2710 of the HTS.
8	(C) Watches and watch parts (including
9	cases, bracelets and straps), of whatever type in-
10	cluding, but not limited to, mechanical, quartz
11	digital or quartz analog, if such watches or
12	watch parts contain any material which is the
13	product of any country with respect to which
14	HTS column 2 rates of duty apply.
15	"(D) Handbags, luggage, flat goods, work
16	gloves, and leather wearing apparel that were
17	not designated on August 5, 1983, as eligible ar-
18	ticles for purposes of the generalized system of
19	preferences under title V of the Trade Act of
20	1974.
21	"(2) Exclusions.—Subject to paragraph (3),
22	duty-free treatment under this title may not be ex-
23	tended to—
24	"(A) textiles and apparel articles which
25	were not eligible articles for purposes of this title



1	on January 1, 1994, as this title was in effect
2	on that date;
3	"(B) rum and tafia classified in subheading
4	2208.40 of the HTS; or
5	"(C) sugars, syrups, and sugar-containing
6	products subject to over-quota duty rates under
7	applicable tariff-rate quotas.
8	"(3) Apparel articles.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Apparel articles that
10	are imported directly into the customs territory
11	of the United States from an ATPDEA bene-
12	ficiary country shall enter the United States free
13	of duty and free of any quantitative restrictions,
14	limitations, or consultation levels, but only if
15	such articles are described in subparagraph (B) .
16	"(B) Covered Articles.—The apparel ar-
17	ticles referred to in subparagraph (A) are the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(i) APPAREL ARTICLES ASSEMBLED
20	FROM PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES
21	AND ATPDEA BENEFICIARY COUNTRIES OR
22	PRODUCTS NOT AVAILABLE IN COMMERCIAL
23	QUANTITIES.—Apparel articles sewn or oth-
24	erwise assembled in 1 or more ATPDEA
25	beneficiary countries, or the United States,



1	or both, exclusively from any one or any
2	combination of the following:
3	"(I) Fabrics or fabric components
4	formed, or components knit-to-shape,
5	in the United States, from yarns
6	formed in the United States or 1 or
7	more ATPDEA beneficiary countries
8	(including fabrics not formed from
9	yarns, if such fabrics are classifiable
10	under heading 5602 or 5603 of the
11	HTS and are formed in the United
12	States).
13	"(II) Fabrics or fabric compo-
14	nents formed or components knit-to-
15	shape, in 1 or more ATPDEA bene-
16	ficiary countries, from yarns formed in
17	1 or more ATPDEA beneficiary coun-
18	tries, if such fabrics (including fabrics
19	not formed from yarns, if such fabrics
20	are classifiable under heading 5602 or
21	5603 of the HTS and are formed in 1
22	or more ATPDEA beneficiary coun-
23	tries) or components are in chief
24	weight of llama or alpaca.



1	"(III) Fabrics or yarn that is not
2	formed in the United States or in one
3	or more ATPDEA beneficiary coun-
4	tries, to the extent that apparel articles
5	of such fabrics or yarn would be eligi-
6	ble for preferential treatment, without
7	regard to the source of the fabrics or
8	yarn, under Annex 401 of the NAFTA.
9	"(ii) Additional fabrics.—At the re-
10	quest of any interested party, the President
11	is authorized to proclaim additional fabrics
12	and yarns as eligible for preferential treat-
13	ment under clause (i)(III) if—
14	"(I) the President determines that
15	such fabrics or yarns cannot be sup-
16	plied by the domestic industry in com-
17	mercial quantities in a timely manner;
18	"(II) the President has obtained
19	advice regarding the proposed action
20	from the appropriate advisory com-
21	mittee established under section 135 of
22	the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
23	2155) and the United States Inter-
24	national Trade Commission;



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1	"(III) within 60 days after the re-
2	quest, the President has submitted a re-
3	port to the Committee on Ways and
4	Means of the House of Representatives
5	and the Committee on Finance of the
6	Senate that sets forth the action pro-
7	posed to be proclaimed and the reasons
8	for such action, and the advice ob-
9	tained under subclause (II);
10	"(IV) a period of 60 calendar
11	days, beginning with the first day on
12	which the President has met the re-
13	quirements of subclause (III), has ex-
14	pired; and
15	((V) the President has consulted
16	with such committees regarding the
17	proposed action during the period re-
18	ferred to in subclause (III).
19	"(iii) Apparel articles assembled
20	IN 1 OR MORE ATPDEA BENEFICIARY COUN-
21	TRIES FROM REGIONAL FABRICS OR RE-
22	GIONAL COMPONENTS.—(I) Subject to the
23	limitation set forth in subclause (II), ap-
24	parel articles sewn or otherwise assembled
25	in 1 or more ATPDEA beneficiary coun-



1	tries from fabrics or from fabric components
2	formed or from components knit-to-shape,
3	in 1 or more ATPDEA beneficiary coun-
4	tries, from yarns formed in the United
5	States or 1 or more ATPDEA beneficiary
6	countries (including fabrics not formed from
7	yarns, if such fabrics are classifiable under
8	heading 5602 or 5603 of the HTS and are
9	formed in 1 or more ATPDEA beneficiary
10	countries), whether or not the apparel arti-
11	cles are also made from any of the fabrics,
12	fabric components formed, or components
13	knit-to-shape described in clause (i).
14	"(II) The preferential treatment re-
15	ferred to in subclause (I) shall be extended
16	in the 1-year period beginning December 1,
17	2001, and in each of the 5 succeeding 1-year
18	periods, to imports of apparel articles in an
19	amount not to exceed the applicable percent-
20	age of the aggregate square meter equiva-
21	lents of all apparel articles imported into
22	the United States in the preceding 12-
23	month period for which data are available.
24	"(III) For purposes of subclause (II),
25	the term 'applicable percentage' means 3



1	percent for the 1-year period beginning De-
2	cember 1, 2001, increased in each of the 5
3	succeeding 1-year periods by equal incre-
4	ments, so that for the period beginning De-
5	cember 1, 2005, the applicable percentage
6	does not exceed 6 percent.
7	"(iv) Handloomed, handmade, and
8	FOLKLORE ARTICLES.—A handloomed,
9	handmade, or folklore article of an
10	ATPDEA beneficiary country identified
11	under subparagraph (C) that is certified as
12	such by the competent authority of such
13	beneficiary country.
14	"(v) Special rules.—
15	"(I) Exception for findings
16	AND TRIMMINGS.—An article otherwise
17	eligible for preferential treatment
18	under this paragraph shall not be in-
19	eligible for such treatment because the
20	article contains findings or trimmings
21	of foreign origin, if such findings and
22	trimmings do not exceed 25 percent of
23	the cost of the components of the assem-
24	bled product. Examples of findings and
25	trimmings are sewing thread, hooks



1	and eyes, snaps, buttons, 'bow buds',
2	decorative lace, trim, elastic strips,
3	zippers, including zipper tapes and la-
4	bels, and other similar products.
5	"(II) CERTAIN INTERLINING.—
6	(aa) An article otherwise eligible for
7	preferential treatment under this para-
8	graph shall not be ineligible for such
9	treatment because the article contains
10	certain interlinings of foreign origin, if
11	the value of such interlinings (and any
12	findings and trimmings) does not ex-
13	ceed 25 percent of the cost of the com-
14	ponents of the assembled article.
15	"(bb) Interlinings eligible for the
16	treatment described in division (aa)
17	include only a chest type plate, 'hymo'
18	piece, or 'sleeve header', of woven or
19	weft-inserted warp knit construction
20	and of coarse animal hair or man-
21	made filaments.
22	"(cc) The treatment described in
23	this subclause shall terminate if the
24	President makes a determination that
25	United States manufacturers are pro-



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1	ducing such interlinings in the United
2	States in commercial quantities.
3	"(III) DE MINIMIS RULE.—An ar-
4	ticle that would otherwise be ineligible
5	for preferential treatment under this
6	subparagraph because the article con-
7	tains fibers or yarns not wholly formed
8	in the United States or in one or more
9	ATPDEA beneficiary countries shall
10	not be ineligible for such treatment if
11	the total weight of all such fibers or
12	yarns is not more than 7 percent of the
13	total weight of the good.
14	"(C) HANDLOOMED, HANDMADE, AND FOLK-
15	LORE ARTICLES.—For purposes of subparagraph
16	(B)(iv), the President shall consult with rep-
17	resentatives of the ATPDEA beneficiary coun-
18	tries concerned for the purpose of identifying
19	particular textile and apparel goods that are
20	mutually agreed upon as being handloomed,
21	handmade, or folklore goods of a kind described
22	in section 2.3(a), (b), or (c) of the Annex or Ap-
23	pendix 3.1.B.11 of the Annex.
24	"(D) Penalties for transshipment.—



	1 1 1
1	"(i) Penalties for exporters.—If
2	the President determines, based on sufficient
3	evidence, that an exporter has engaged in
4	transshipment with respect to apparel arti-
5	cles from an ATPDEA beneficiary country,
6	then the President shall deny all benefits
7	under this title to such exporter, and any
8	successor of such exporter, for a period of 2
9	years.
10	"(ii) Penalties for countries.—
11	Whenever the President finds, based on suf-
12	ficient evidence, that transshipment has oc-
13	curred, the President shall request that the
14	ATPDEA beneficiary country or countries
15	through whose territory the transshipment
16	has occurred take all necessary and appro-
17	priate actions to prevent such trans-
18	shipment. If the President determines that a
19	country is not taking such actions, the
20	President shall reduce the quantities of ap-
21	parel articles that may be imported into the
22	United States from such country by the
23	quantity of the transshipped articles multi-
24	plied by 3, to the extent consistent with the



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obligations of the United States under the WTO.

"(iii) Transshipment described.— 3 4 Transshipment within the meaning of this subparagraph has occurred when pref-5 6 erential treatment under subparagraph (A) 7 has been claimed for an apparel article on 8 the basis of material false information con-9 cerning the country of origin, manufacture, 10 processing, or assembly of the article or any 11 of its components. For purposes of this 12 clause, false information is material if dis-13 closure of the true information would mean 14 or would have meant that the article is or 15 was ineligible for preferential treatment 16 under subparagraph (A). 17 "(E) BILATERAL EMERGENCY ACTIONS.— 18 "(i) IN GENERAL.—The President may 19 take bilateral emergency tariff actions of a 20 kind described in section 4 of the Annex 21 with respect to any apparel article im-22 ported from an ATPDEA beneficiary coun-23 try if the application of tariff treatment 24 under subparagraph (A) to such article re-25 sults in conditions that would be cause for



1	the taking of such actions under such sec-
2	tion 4 with respect to a like article de-
3	scribed in the same 8-digit subheading of
4	the HTS that is imported from Mexico.
5	"(ii) Rules relating to bilateral
6	EMERGENCY ACTION.—For purposes of ap-
7	plying bilateral emergency action under
8	this subparagraph—
9	((I) the requirements of para-
10	graph (5) of section 4 of the Annex (re-
11	lating to providing compensation)
12	shall not apply;
13	"(II) the term 'transition period'
14	in section 4 of the Annex shall mean
15	the period ending December 31, 2006;
16	and
17	"(III) the requirements to consult
18	specified in section 4 of the Annex
19	shall be treated as satisfied if the
20	President requests consultations with
21	the ATPDEA beneficiary country in
22	question and the country does not
23	agree to consult within the time period
24	specified under section 4.
25	"(4) CUSTOMS PROCEDURES.—



1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—
2	"(i) Regulations.—Any importer
3	that claims preferential treatment under
4	paragraph (1) or (3) shall comply with cus-
5	toms procedures similar in all material re-
6	spects to the requirements of Article 502(1)
7	of the NAFTA as implemented pursuant to
8	United States law, in accordance with regu-
9	lations promulgated by the Secretary of the
10	Treasury.
11	"(ii) Determination.—
12	"(I) In general.—In order to
13	qualify for the preferential treatment
14	under paragraph (1) or (3) and for a
15	Certificate of Origin to be valid with
16	respect to any article for which such
17	treatment is claimed, there shall be in
18	effect a determination by the President
19	that each country described in sub-
20	clause (II)—
21	"(aa) has implemented and
22	follows; or
23	"(bb) is making substantial
24	progress toward implementing
25	and following,



1	procedures and requirements similar
2	in all material respects to the relevant
3	procedures and requirements under
4	chapter 5 of the NAFTA.
5	"(II) Country described.—A
6	country is described in this subclause if
7	it is an ATPDEA beneficiary
8	country—
9	"(aa) from which the article
10	is exported; or
11	"(bb) in which materials
12	used in the production of the arti-
13	cle originate or in which the arti-
14	cle or such materials undergo pro-
15	duction that contributes to a
16	claim that the article is eligible
17	for preferential treatment under
18	paragraph (1) or (3).
19	"(B) Certificate of origin.—The Certifi-
20	cate of Origin that otherwise would be required
21	pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (A)
22	shall not be required in the case of an article im-
23	ported under paragraph (1) or (3) if such Cer-
24	tificate of Origin would not be required under
25	Article 503 of the NAFTA (as implemented pur-



1	suant to United States law), if the article were
2	imported from Mexico.
3	"(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—
4	"(A) ANNEX.—The term 'the Annex' means
5	Annex 300-B of the NAFTA.
6	"(B) ATPDEA BENEFICIARY COUNTRY.—
7	The term 'ATPDEA beneficiary country' means
8	any 'beneficiary country', as defined in section
9	203(a)(1) of this title, which the President des-
10	ignates as an ATPDEA beneficiary country, tak-
11	ing into account the criteria contained in sub-
12	sections (c) and (d) of section 203 and other ap-
13	propriate criteria, including the following:
14	"(i) Whether the beneficiary country
15	has demonstrated a commitment to—
16	"(I) undertake its obligations
17	under the WTO, including those agree-
18	ments listed in section $101(d)$ of the
19	Uruguay Round Agreements Act, on or
20	ahead of schedule; and
21	"(II) participate in negotiations
22	toward the completion of the FTAA or
23	another free trade agreement.
24	"(ii) The extent to which the country
25	provides protection of intellectual property



1	rights consistent with or greater than the
2	protection afforded under the Agreement on
3	Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Prop-
4	erty Rights described in section $101(d)(15)$
5	of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act.
6	"(iii) The extent to which the country
7	provides internationally recognized worker
8	rights, including—
9	``(I) the right of association;
10	"(II) the right to organize and
11	bargain collectively;
12	"(III) a prohibition on the use of
13	any form of forced or compulsory
14	labor;
15	"(IV) a minimum age for the em-
16	ployment of children; and
17	((V) acceptable conditions of work
18	with respect to minimum wages, hours
19	of work, and occupational safety and
20	health;
21	"(iv) Whether the country has imple-
22	mented its commitments to eliminate the
23	worst forms of child labor, as defined in sec-
24	tion 507(6) of the Trade Act of 1974.



1	"(v) The extent to which the country
2	has met the counternarcotics certification
3	criteria set forth in section 490 of the For-
4	eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
5	2291j) for eligibility for United States as-
6	sistance.
7	"(vi) The extent to which the country
8	has taken steps to become a party to and
9	implements the Inter-American Convention
10	Against Corruption.
11	"(vii) The extent to which the
12	country—
13	((I) applies transparent, non-
14	discriminatory, and competitive proce-
15	dures in government procurement
16	equivalent to those contained in the
17	Agreement on Government Procure-
18	ment described in section $101(d)(17)$ of
19	the Uruguay Round Agreements Act;
20	and
21	"(II) contributes to efforts in
22	international fora to develop and im-
23	plement international rules in trans-



1	"(C) NAFTA.—The term 'NAFTA' means
2	the North American Free Trade Agreement en-
3	tered into between the United States, Mexico,
4	and Canada on December 17, 1992.
5	"(D) WTO.—The term WTO' has the
6	meaning given that term in section 2 of the Uru-
7	guay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501).
8	"(E) ATPDEA.—The term 'ATPDEA'
9	means the Andean Trade Promotion and Drug
10	Eradication Act.".
11	(b) Determination Regarding Retention of Des-
12	IGNATION.—Section 203(e)(1) of the Andean Trade Pref-
13	erence Act (19 U.S.C. 3202(e)(1)) is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B)
15	as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;
16	(2) by inserting "(A)" after "(1)"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(B) The President may, after the requirements of
19	paragraph (2) have been met—
20	((i) withdraw or suspend the designation of any
21	country as an ATPDEA beneficiary country, or
22	"(ii) withdraw, suspend, or limit the application
23	of preferential treatment under section $204(b)(1)$ or
24	(3) to any article of any country,



if, after such designation, the President determines that, as
 a result of changed circumstances, the performance of such
 country is not satisfactory under the criteria set forth in
 section 204(b)(5)(B).".

5 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) Section 202 of
6 the Andean Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3201) is
7 amended by inserting "(or other preferential treatment)"
8 after "treatment".

9 (2) Section 204(a) of the Andean Trade Preference Act
10 (19 U.S.C. 3203(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "(or otherwise provided for)" after "eligibility"; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "subsection
(a)" and inserting "paragraph (1)".

15 SEC. 4. TERMINATION OF PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT.

16 Section 208 of the Andean Trade Preference Act (19

17 U.S.C. 3206) is amended to read as follows:

18 "SEC. 208. TERMINATION OF PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT.

19 "No duty-free treatment or other preferential treat20 ment extended to beneficiary countries under this title shall

21 remain in effect after December 31, 2006.".



1 SEC. 5. TRADE BENEFITS UNDER THE CARIBBEAN BASIN 2 ECONOMIC RECOVERY ACT. 3 Section 213(b)(2)(A) of the Carribean Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2703(b)(2)(A)) is amended as fol-4 5 lows: 6 (1) Clause (i) is amended by striking the matter 7 preceding subclause (I) and inserting the following: 8 "(i) APPAREL ARTICLES ASSEMBLED 9 INONE OR MORE CBTPA BENEFICIARY 10 COUNTRIES.—Apparel articles sewn or oth-11 erwise assembled in one or more CBTPA 12 beneficiary countries from fabrics wholly 13 formed and cut, or from components knit-14 to-shape, in the United States from yarns 15 wholly formed in the United States, (includ-16 ing fabrics not formed from yarns, if such 17 fabrics are classifiable under heading 5602 18 or 5603 of the HTS and are wholly formed 19 and cut in the United States) that are—". 20 (2) Clause (ii) is amended to read as follows: "(ii) Other Apparel Articles As-21 22 SEMBLED IN ONE OR MORE CBTPA BENE-23 FICIARY COUNTRIES.—Apparel articles sewn 24 or otherwise assembled in one or more 25 CBTPA beneficiary countries with thread 26 formed in the United States from fabrics

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1	wholly formed in the United States and cut
2	in one or more CBTPA beneficiary coun-
3	tries from yarns wholly formed in the
4	United States, or from components knit-to-
5	shape in the United States from yarns
6	wholly formed in the United States, or both
7	(including fabrics not formed from yarns, if
8	such fabrics are classifiable under heading
9	5602 or 5603 of the HTS and are wholly
10	formed in the United States).".
11	(3) Clause (iii)(II) is amended to read as fol-
12	lows:
13	"(II) The amount referred to in sub-
14	clause (I) is as follows:
15	''(aa) 290,000,000 square meter
16	equivalents during the 1-year period
17	beginning on October 1, 2001.
18	"(bb) 500,000,000 square meter
19	equivalents during the 1-year period
20	beginning on October 1, 2002.
21	"(cc) 850,000,000 square meter
22	equivalents during the 1-year period
23	beginning on October 1, 2003.



1	"(dd) 970,000,000 square meter
2	equivalents in each succeeding 1-year
3	period through September 30, 2008.".
4	(4) Clause (iii)(IV) is amended to read as fol-
5	lows:
6	"(IV) The amount referred to in sub-
7	clause (III) is as follows:
8	"(aa) 4,872,000 dozen during the
9	1-year period beginning on October 1,
10	2001.
11	"(bb) 9,000,000 dozen during the
12	1-year period beginning on October 1,
13	2002.
14	"(cc) 10,000,000 dozen during the
15	1-year period beginning on October 1,
16	2003.
17	"(dd) 12,000,000 dozen in each
18	succeeding 1-year period through Sep-
19	tember 30, 2008.".
20	(5) Section $213(b)(2)(A)$ of such Act is further
21	amended by adding at the end the following new
22	clause:
23	"(ix) Apparel articles assembled
24	IN ONE OR MORE CBTPA BENEFICIARY
25	COUNTRIES FROM UNITED STATES AND



1	CBTPA BENEFICIARY COUNTRY COMPO-
2	NENTS.—Apparel articles sewn or otherwise
3	assembled in one or more CBTPA bene-
4	ficiary countries with thread formed in the
5	United States from components cut in the
6	United States and in one or more CBTPA
7	beneficiary countries from fabric wholly
8	formed in the United States from yarns
9	wholly formed in the United States, or from
10	components knit-to-shape in the United
11	States and one or more CBTPA beneficiary
12	countries from yarns wholly formed in the
13	United States, or both (including fabrics
14	not formed from yarns, if such fabrics are
15	classifiable under heading 5602 or 5603 of
16	the HTS).".
17	SEC. 6. TRADE BENEFITS UNDER THE AFRICAN GROWTH
18	AND OPPORTUNITY ACT.
19	Section 112(b) of the African Growth and Opportunity
20	Act (19 U.S.C. 3721(b)) is amended as follows:
21	(1) Paragraph (1) is amended by amending the
22	matter preceding subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
23	"(1) Apparel articles assembled in one or
24	MORE BENEFICIARY SUB-SAHARAN AFRICAN COUN-
25	TRIES.—Apparel articles sewn or otherwise assembled



1 in one or more beneficiary sub-Saharan African 2 countries from fabrics wholly formed and cut, or from 3 components knit-to-shape, in the United States from 4 yarns wholly formed in the United States, (including 5 fabrics not formed from yarns, if such fabrics are 6 classifiable under heading 5602 or 5603 of the HTS and are wholly formed and cut in the United States) 7 8 that are—".

9 (2) Paragraph (2) is amended to read as follows: 10 "(2) Other Apparel Articles Assembled in 11 ONE OR MORE BENEFICIARY SUB-SAHARAN AFRICAN 12 COUNTRIES.—Apparel articles sewn or otherwise as-13 sembled in one or more beneficiary sub-Saharan Afri-14 can countries with thread formed in the United States 15 from fabrics wholly formed in the United States and 16 cut in one or more beneficiary sub-Saharan African 17 countries from yarns wholly formed in the United 18 States, or from components knit-to-shape in the 19 United States from yarns wholly formed in the 20 United States, or both (including fabrics not formed 21 from yarns, if such fabrics are classifiable under 22 heading 5602 or 5603 of the HTS and are wholly 23 formed in the United States).".

(3) Paragraph (3) is amended—



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1	(A) by amending the matter preceding sub-
2	paragraph (A) to read as follows:
3	"(3) Apparel articles from regional fabric
4	OR YARNS.—Apparel articles wholly assembled in one
5	or more beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries

6 from fabric wholly formed in one or more beneficiary 7 sub-Saharan African countries from yarns origi-8 nating either in the United States or one or more 9 beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries (including 10 fabrics not formed from yarns, if such fabrics are 11 classified under heading 5602 or 5603 of the HTS 12 and are wholly formed in one or more beneficiary 13 sub-Saharan African countries), or from components 14 knit-to-shape in one or more beneficiary sub-Saharan 15 African countries from yarns originating either in the 16 United States or one or more beneficiary sub-Saharan 17 African countries, or apparel articles wholly formed 18 on seamless knitting machines in a beneficiary sub-19 Saharan African country from yarns originating ei-20 ther in the United States or one or more beneficiary 21 sub-Saharan African countries, subject to the fol-22 lowing:";

(B) in subparagraph (A)(ii)—

(i) by striking "1.5" and inserting "3"; and



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1	(ii) by striking "3.5" and inserting
2	"7"; and
3	(C) by amending subparagraph (B) to read
4	as follows:
5	"(B) Special rules for lesser devel-
6	OPED COUNTRIES.—
7	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
8	graph (A), preferential treatment under this
9	paragraph shall be extended through Sep-
10	tember 30, 2004, for apparel articles wholly
11	assembled, or knit-to-shape and wholly as-
12	sembled, or both, in one or more lesser devel-
13	oped beneficiary sub-Saharan African coun-
14	tries regardless of the country of origin of
15	the fabric or the yarn used to make such ar-
16	ticles.
17	"(ii) Lesser developed bene-
18	FICIARY SUB-SAHARAN AFRICAN COUNTRY.—
19	For purposes of clause (i), the term lesser
20	developed beneficiary sub-Saharan African
21	country' means—
22	"(I) a beneficiary sub-Saharan
23	African country that had a per capita
24	gross national product of less than
25	\$1,500 in 1998, as measured by the



1	International Bank for Reconstruction
2	and Development;
3	"(II) Botswana; and
4	"(III) Namibia.".
5	(4) Paragraph (4)(B) is amended by striking
6	"18.5" and inserting "21.5".
7	(5) Section 112(b) of such Act is further amend-
8	ed by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
9	"(7) Apparel articles assembled in one or
10	MORE BENEFICIARY SUB-SAHARAN AFRICAN COUN-
11	TRIES FROM UNITED STATES AND BENEFICIARY SUB-
12	SAHARAN AFRICAN COUNTRY COMPONENTS.—Apparel
13	articles sewn or otherwise assembled in one or more
14	beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries with
15	thread formed in the United States from components
16	cut in the United States and one or more beneficiary
17	sub-Saharan African countries from fabric wholly
18	formed in the United States from yarns wholly
19	formed in the United States, or from components
20	knit-to-shape in the United States and one or more
21	beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries from yarns
22	wholly formed in the United States, or both (includ-
23	ing fabrics not formed from yarns, if such fabrics are
24	classifiable under heading 5602 or 5603 of the
25	HTS).".

