

2006 DOE Hydrogen Program Center for Intelligent Fuel Cell Materials Design Phase 1

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Project ID # FCP-1

This presentation does not contain any proprietary or confidential information



Overview

Timeline

- Project start: 6/1/06
- Project end: 5/31/07
- Percent complete: 0%

Budget

- Total project funding
 - DOE: \$1,485,000
 - Contractor: \$624,144
- Funding received in FY05: \$0
- Funding for FY06: **\$2,109,144**



Overview

Technical Barriers

- O. Stack Material Manufacturing Cost
- P. Durability
- R. Thermal and Water Management
- Membrane Mechanical Stability

Partners

- Polymer Development
 Michigan Molecular Institute
 Dr. Claire Hartmann-Thompson
- Membrane / Material Testing
 Case Western Reserve Univ.
 Dr. Peter Pintauro
- Membrane Casting Processes
 Chemsultants International
 Dr. Pasco Santurri



Objectives

Identify novel polymer architectures

- ✓ improved mechanical stability vs. Nafion[®] 117
- improved ionic conductivity
- \checkmark > 120^o C and < 50% RH operationally capable

Identify new solution casting methodologies for thin, <u>roll-to-roll membrane formation</u>

- thin, defect-free single layer membranes (± 1.0 mil)
- ✓ discrete, multi-layer membranes (5-20 micron individual layers)
- reduction in stack component cost (PEM and MEA)



Evaluate base high T polymers as membrane candidates

polyethersulfone:



polysulfone:



Parmax poly p-phenylene:



polycarbonate:





Identify modifications to achieve T & RH capability

polymer architecture

Develop nano-particle functional acid additives

- chemically robust nano-particles
- phosphonic and / or sulfonic acid groups



PEM with Nano-Additives

- Improved proton conduction
- Improved mechanical properties
 & higher operating temperatures
- ✓ Lower gas / fuel permeability
- Improved dimensional stability





Synthesize novel additives and optimize morphology

- base solubility parameters
- polymer matrix dispersibility

Polymer Casting Phase



Membrane Casting Approach

Evaluate potential casting sheet carriers

PET, polycarbonate, others with suitable release characteristics

Develop rheology / solubility parameters

solution casting of candidate polymers @ target calipers of

~1.0 mil single layer membranes

5 – 20 micron thick layers for multi-layer membranes

Evaluate potential solution casting methodologies

- micro-gravure, slot die, other ?
- Develop drying / curing / annealing parameters
- convection, convection + RF boost



Membrane Casting Approach







Membrane Casting Approach



Fluid .

Coating Fluid Under Pressure

Air Dam



Technical Accomplishments

This project is not scheduled to begin until June 1, 2006:

 Prior work on membrane casting has indicated initial success in 2-layer polymer solution casting of Nafion®



Future Work

• FY06:

- early stage polymer development including base high T polymers and potential modification identification
- ✓ polymer casting issues: carriers, solubility / rheology, methods

• FY07:

- polymer modifications (to achieve T and RH targets) and nano-particle additive investigation
- polymer casting issues: casting method evaluation and drying / curing / annealing development



Milestone Targets

Q-1 Milestones:

- 1] Identification of a minimum of 2 existing & 2 new high T polymers, and modifications capable of achieving T, RH% and conductivity targets
- 2] Identification of suitable casting sheet candidates for casting polymer film membranes
- 3] Initial evaluation of solubility & rheology issues of modified polymers

Q-2 Milestones:

- 1] Identification, synthesis and characterization of suitable novel ionic and mixed surface nano-particle materials as polymer additives with potential to provide target functionalities
- 2] Analysis and evaluation of rheology, solubility and process parameters (casting, drying, curing, annealing and release - from - carrier) of nano-particle modified polymers



Milestone Targets

Q3 Milestones:

 Analytical characterization of polymer / synthesized nano – particle blends & assessment of solubility, dispersion & morphology
 Initial proton conductivity assessment of lab scale thin films produced
 Identify suitable solution casting methods capable of producing 1.0 mil single layer and/or 5–20 micron thick (layer) composites

Q-4 Milestones:

 Complete profile of modified polymer blend candidates to characterize T, physical, mechanical and chemical properties.
 Development of basic laboratory procedures for solution casting / drying / curing / annealing of selected modified polymer blends
 Development of design of experiments plan for future pilot scale R&D of roll – to – roll membrane process parameters.



Summary

Technical Targets:

- 1.0 mil single layer membrane structure
- 5-20 micron individual layers in a multi-layer membrane
- \checkmark > 120^o C operational capability
 - < 50% RH operational capability