



Permits for Native Species

$Under\ the\ Endangered\ Species\ Act$

Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) is designed to regulate a wide range of activities affecting plants and animals designated as endangered or threatened, and the habitats upon which they depend. With some exceptions, the ESA prohibits activities affecting these protected species unless authorized by a permit from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) or the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Fisheries.

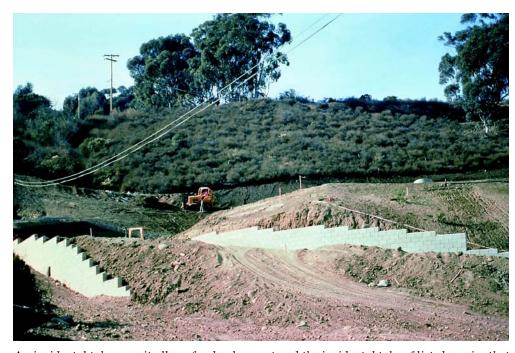
What activities are prohibited?

The ESA makes it unlawful to import or export; deliver, receive, carry, transport, or ship in interstate or foreign commerce in the course of a commercial activity; sell or offer for sale in interstate or foreign commerce; take (includes harm, harass, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect any wildlife within the United States); take on the high seas; possess, ship, deliver, carry, transport, sell, or receive unlawfully taken wildlife; remove and reduce to possession any plant from areas under Federal jurisdiction; maliciously damage or destroy an endangered plant on areas under Federal jurisdiction; and remove, cut, dig up, or damage or destroy any endangered plant in knowing violation of any State law or regulation or in the course of a violation of a State criminal trespass law. These prohibitions apply equally to live or dead animals or plants, their progeny (seeds in the case of plants), and parts or products derived from them.

Some activities that might otherwise be prohibited have been exempted from these prohibitions; others are allowed under special circumstances provided those conducting the activities have acquired and adhere to the provisions of permits issued by the FWS or NMFS.

What kinds of activities can permits authorize?

The activities authorized by permits differ



An incidental take permit allows for development and the incidental take of listed species that may result from the otherwise lawful activities. To offset any such take, the developer agrees to follow conservation measures set forth in a habitat conservation plan. USFWS photo

depending on whether the species affected is listed as endangered or threatened. An "endangered species" is any animal or plant that is in danger of extinction. A "threatened species" is any animal or plant that is likely to become endangered in the near future.

For endangered species, permits may be issued for scientific research; enhancement of propagation or survival of the species, including conservation education; and taking that is incidental to an otherwise lawful activity.

For threatened species, permits also may be issued for zoological, horticultural, or botanical exhibition; educational use; and special purposes consistent with the ESA.

A person registered with the FWS may obtain a *captive-bred wildlife permit* to buy and sell within the United States live,

non-native endangered or threatened animals which were captive born in the United States for enhancement of species propagation, provided the other person is registered for the same species. A separate permit is needed to import or export such species. Captive-bred wildlife permits are not issued to keep or breed endangered or threatened animals as pets. Using protected species as pets is not consistent with the purposes of the ESA, which is aimed at conservation of the species and recovery of wild populations.

What are the different types of permits?

The FWS, Endangered Species program, located in each of our Regional offices, issues permits for native endangered and threatened species, except for import or export permits, which are issued by the Division of Management Authority. NOAA Fisheries also issues permits involving certain aquatic species, as

outlined below. Permits issued by the Endangered Species program are of three basic types: incidental take permits, enhancement of survival permits, and recovery and interstate commerce permits.

Incidental take permits

Incidental take permits are required when non-Federal activities will result in take of threatened or endangered species. A habitat conservation plan or "HCP" must accompany an application for an incidental take permit. The habitat conservation plan associated with the permit is to ensure there is adequate minimizing and mitigating of the effects of the authorized incidental take.

Enhancement of survival permits
These permits are issued to non-Federal
landowners participating in Safe Harbor
Agreements or Candidate Conservation
Agreements with Assurances. These
agreements encourage landowners to take
actions to benefit species while also
providing assurances that they will not be
subject to additional regulatory
restrictions as a result of their
conservation actions.

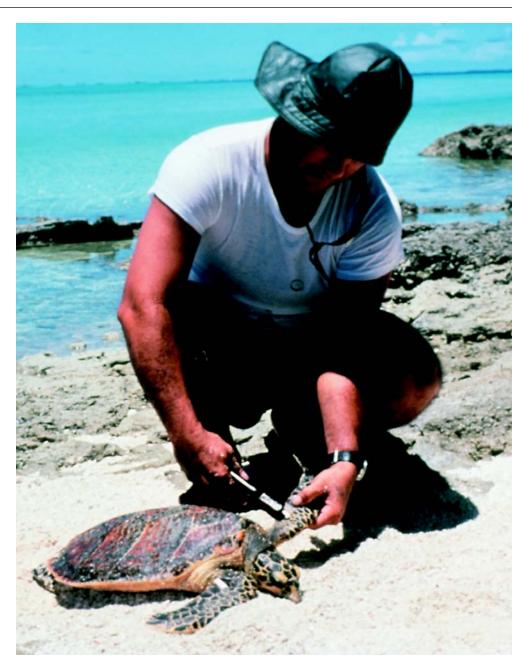
Recovery and interstate commerce permits

Recovery and interstate commerce permits are issued to allow for take as part of activities intended to foster the recovery of listed species. A typical use of a recovery permit is to allow for scientific research on a listed species in order to understand better the species' long-term survival needs. Interstate commerce permits also allow transport and sale of listed species across state lines.

What situations are exempt from the prohibitions of the ESA?

Pre-ESA

Species held in captivity or in a controlled environment on (a) December 28, 1973, or (b) the date of publication in the *Federal* Register for final listing, whichever is later, are exempt from prohibitions of the ESA, provided such holding or any subsequent holding or use of the specimen was not in the course of a commercial activity (any activity that is intended for profit or gain). An affidavit and supporting material documenting pre-ESA status must accompany the shipment of listed species. A pre-ESA exemption does not apply to wildlife, including parts and products, offered for sale. Any endangered or threatened specimens born in captivity from pre-ESA parents are fully protected and are not considered pre-ESA.



Conducting scientific research involving endangered or threatened species (such as monitoring sea turtle behavior through tagging, above) requires an endangered species or threatened species recovery permit. USFWS photo

Antiques

Antiques, including scrimshaw, can be imported into the United States if accompanied by documentation that shows the article is at least 100 years old and has not been repaired or modified with any part of an endangered or threatened species since December 28, 1973. Such antiques must enter through a U.S. Customs Service port. If the antique contains a species listed under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), the shipment must be accompanied by a Pre-Convention Certificate.

Special Rules

If a species is listed as threatened or as an experimental population, special rules designated to cover unique situations may allow otherwise prohibited activities.

Some foreign species covered by special rules include several primates, African elephant, Nile crocodile, and leopard. Some native species covered by special rules include American alligator, Utah prairie dog, Louisiana black bear, desert tortoise, and greenback cutthroat trout.

Intrastate Commerce

Commercial activities involving legally acquired endangered or threatened species that take place entirely within one

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Applying for a permit requires a completed application form, any necessary supporting materials (such as a Habitat Conservation Plan), and an application fee.

State by residents are not prohibited by the ESA. However, many States have their own laws which regulate activities involving protected species. Contact the appropriate State agency before undertaking activities involving endangered or threatened wildlife and plants.

Offer for Sale

Endangered and threatened species may be advertised for sale provided the advertisement states that no sale may be consummated until a permit has been obtained from the FWS.

Loans and Gifts

Lawfully taken and held endangered and threatened species may be shipped interstate as a bona fide gift or loan if there is no barter, credit, other form of compensation, or intent to profit or gain. A standard breeding loan, where no money or other consideration changes hands but some offspring are returned to the lender of a breeding animal, is not considered a commercial activity and, thus, is not prohibited by the ESA and does not require a permit. Documentation of such an activity should accompany shipment.

Hybrids

Hybrids are offspring of animals or plants where each parent is from a different species/subspecies and where at

least one parent is listed under the ESA. Hybrid offspring of animals bred or propagated in captivity are not protected by the ESA. It is recommended that breeding records be maintained to show parentage and hybrid status. Other laws such as the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and CITES consider hybrids protected.

Raptors

Prohibitions under the ESA do not apply to any endangered or threatened raptors (except the bald eagle) legally held in captivity since November 10, 1978, or to any progeny provided they are possessed and banded under the terms of a MBTA permit and are identified in the earliest annual report required by permit. The bald eagle is also protected by the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA).

Seeds from Artificially Propagated Threatened Plants

No permits are required for activities involving seeds from artificially propagated specimens of threatened plants. However, seeds must be accompanied by a label stating that they are of cultivated origin.

What other offices issue permits for endangered or threatened species?

The FWS, Division of Management Authority, located in our Headquarters office, issues permits for foreign endangered and threatened species, and for import/export of native and foreign species. It is also responsible for issuing captive breeding permits and for permits allowing the use of live specimens of listed species for conservation education.

The NOAA Fisheries has jurisdiction over certain listed aquatic species, including marine species such as whales and seals. NOAA Fisheries also has jurisdiction for sea turtles while in the water: the Service has jurisdiction for sea turtles while on land. Jurisdiction varies between NOAA Fisheries and the FWS for anadromous fish species such as salmon, trout, steelhead, and sturgeon. The FWS has iurisdiction over certain listed marine species such as the West Indian manatee, southern sea otter, and all sea birds. To see if a species is under NOAA Fisheries jurisdiction, go to their Office of Protected Resources web page at http:// www.nmfs.noaa.gov/prot res/ prot res.html.

What other laws apply?

Depending on the species involved, other requirements may need to be met under CITES, the MBTA, the BGEPA, the Wild Bird Conservation Act, the Marine Mammal Protection Act, and the Lacey Act.

Partnerships with private landowners via Safe Harbor Agreements and Candidate Conservation Agreements with Assurances under an enhancement of survival permit. USFWS photo



How do I apply for a permit?

Applications and instructions for native endangered and threatened species permits can be found on our Permits website at: http://www.fws.gov/endangered/permits/index.html, or by contacting your closest Regional Endangered Species office (see below).

A fee is required to apply for a permit, and to amend an existing permit. Please see

the instructions in each permit application form for further information concerning fees. Applicants should allow at least 90 days for processing of the application.

What about other permits for endangered and threatened species?

For information on Endangered Species Act permits issued by NOAA Fisheries, visit their permit web page at: http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/permits/.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Division of Management Authority issues import/export permits for native species and all permits for foreign species. Visit their web site at: http://www.fws.gov/international/, or their contact information may be found at: http://www.fws.gov/international/permits/location.htm.

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Native Endangered & Threatened Species Permit Contacts



FWS Pacific Region (1): CA, HI, ID, NV, OR, WA, American Samoa, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the Pacific Trust Territories

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permit Office 911 NE 11th Avenue Portland, Oregon 97232-4181

Web: http://www.fws.gov/pacific/

ecoservices/

Phone: 503/231-2071

email: permitsR1ES@fws.gov

Fax: 503/231-6243

FWS Southwest Region (2): AZ, NM, OK, TX

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permits Office 500 Gold Avenue S.W. (street address) P.O. Box 1306 (mailing address) Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103-1306

Web: http://www.fws.gov/ifw2es/

endangeredspecies/ Phone: 505/248-6649

email: permitsR2ES@fws.gov

Fax: 505/248-6788

FWS Midwest Region (3): IA, IL, IN, MI, MN, MO, OH, WI

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permit Office B.H. Whipple Federal Building One Federal Drive Fort Snelling, Minnesota 55111-4056

Web: http://www.fws.gov/midwest/

endangered/

Phone: 612/713-5343 email: permitsR3ES@fws.gov

Fax: 612/713-5292

FWS Southeast Region (4): AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, PR, SC, TN, U.S. Virgin Islands

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permit Office 1875 Century Blvd., Suite 200 Atlanta, Georgia 30345

Web: http://www.fws.gov/southeast/es/

Phone: 404/679-4176

email: permitsR4ES@fws.gov

Fax: 404/679-7081

FWS Northeast Region (5): CT, DC, DE, MA, MD, ME, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VA, VT, WV

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permit Office 300 Westgate Center Drive Hadley, MA 01035-9589

Web: http://www.fws.gov/northeast/endangered/ecologicalservices/

Phone: 413/253-8628

email: permitsR5ES@fws.gov

Fax: 413/253-8482

FWS Mountain-Prairie Region (6): CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, UT, WY

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permit Office Denver Federal Center P.O. Box 25486 Denver, Colorado 80225-0489

Web: http://mountain-prairie.fws.gov/

endspp/

Phone: 303/236-7400

email: permitsR6ES@fws.gov

Fax: 303/236-0027

FWS Alaska Region (7): AK

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Endangered Species Permit Office 1011 E. Tudor Rd. Anchorage, Alaska 99503-6199

Web: http://alaska.fws.gov/fisheries/

endangered/index.htm Phone: 907/786-3868

email: permitsR7ES@fws.gov

Fax: 907/786-3350

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Endangered Species Program

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/

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