§ 300.126

§300.126 Prohibitions.

In addition to the general prohibitions specified in §600.725 of this title and the prohibited acts specified in §300.4, it is unlawful for any person to do any of the following:

- (a) Fish in treaty waters without the certificate and permit aboard, or fail to display the certificate and permit, as specified in §300.123(a) and (f).
- (b) Fail to notify the Regional Administrator of a change in application information, as specified in § 300.123(j).
- (c) Fail to report a vessel's arrival in and departure from treaty waters, as required by §300.124(a).
- (d) Falsify or fail to display and maintain vessel identification, as required by §300.125.
- (e) Fail to comply immediately with instructions and signals issued by an enforcement officer of the Republic of Colombia, as specified in §300.127.
- (f) Operate a factory vessel in treaty waters, as specified in § 300.130(a).
- (g) Use a monofilament gillnet in treaty waters, as specified in § 300.130(b).
- (h) Use autonomous or semi-autonomous diving equipment in treaty waters, as specified in §300.130(c).
- (i) Use or possess in treaty waters a lobster trap or fish trap without a degradable panel, as specified in § 300.130(d).
- (j) Possess conch smaller than the minimum size limit, as specified in §300.131(a).
- (k) Fish for or possess conch in the closed area or during the closed season, as specified in § 300.131(b) and (c).
- (l) Retain on board a berried lobster or strip eggs from or otherwise molest a berried lobster, as specified in § 300.132(a).
- (m) Possess a lobster smaller than the minimum size, as specified in § 300.132(b).
- (n) Fail to return immediately to the water unharmed a berried or undersized lobster, as specified in §300.132(a) and (b).

§ 300.127 Facilitation of enforcement.

(a) The provisions of §600.730 of this title and paragraph (b) of this section apply to vessels of the United States fishing in treaty waters.

(b) The operator of, or any other person aboard, any vessel of the United States fishing in treaty waters must immediately comply with instructions and signals issued by an enforcement officer of the Republic of Colombia to stop the vessel and with instructions to facilitate safe boarding and inspection of the vessel, its gear, equipment, fishing record, and catch for purposes of enforcing this subpart.

§300.128 Penalties.

Any person committing or fishing vessel used in the commission of a violation of the Magnuson Act or any regulation issued under the Magnuson Act, is subject to the civil and criminal penalty provisions and civil forfeiture provisions of the Magnuson Act, to part 600 of this title, to 15 CFR part 904, and to other applicable law. In addition, Colombian authorities may require a vessel involved in a violation of this subpart to leave treaty waters.

§ 300.129 Fishing year.

The fishing year for fishing in treaty waters begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.

§ 300.130 Vessel and gear restrictions.

- (a) Factory vessels. Factory vessels are prohibited from operating in treaty waters.
- (b) Monofilament gillnets. A monofilament gillnet made from nylon or similar synthetic material are prohibited from being used in treaty waters
- (c) Tanks and air hoses. Autonomous or semiautonomous diving equipment (tanks or air hoses) are prohibited from being used to take aquatic biological resources in treaty waters.
- (d) Trap requirements. A lobster trap or fish trap used or possessed in treaty waters that is constructed of material other than wood must have an escape panel located in the upper half of the sides or on top of the trap that, when removed, will leave an opening no smaller than the throat or entrance of the trap. Such escape panel must be constructed of or attached to the trap with wood, cotton, or other degradable material.
 - (e) Poisons and explosives. [Reserved]