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Abstract

Thermoacoustic Streaming and Ultrasonic Processing of Low Melting Melts

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Ultrasonic levitation allows the processing of low melting materials both in 1 Gas well as in microgravity. The free suspension of the melts also facilitates undercooking, permitting the measurement of the physical properties of the metastable liquids, A convenient method to melt a leviated sample involves its spot heating through a focussed radiant source, the heat input to the sample is controlled by the material emittance as well as the external convective flows. Because of high intensity sound fields required for levitation, thermoacoustic streaming will significantly increase the heat transfer from the sample to the environment, and it will therefore decrease the heating efficiency. Experimental measurement involving flow visualization and power input monitoring have allowed the quantitative assessment of this enhancement in heat transfer at ultrasonic frequencies and for millimeter-size samples. A decrease of temperature of up to 150 C for a sample initially at 550 C without the sound has been measured, Other results involving 1 G and low gravity flow visualization and material processing are presented. [Work sponsored by NASA],