TABLE III—ACCEPTANCE VALUE FOR DRAINED WEIGHTS (GRAMS)—Continued

	Water capacity	Halved, segmented, sliced		Chopped	
		X_d	LL	X_d	LL
No. 10 (603 × 700)	3102.8	1559.2	1513.8	2551.4 1814.3	2489.0 1769.0
	BRO	KEN PITTED			
No. 300 (300 × 407) No. 10 (603 × 700)	430.9 3102.8	158.8 1445.8	133.2 1383.4		

[42 FR 38585, July 29, 1977; 42 FR 44542, Sept. 6, 1977, as amended at 46 FR 39566, Aug. 4, 1981. Redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981]

§52.3756 Grades of canned ripe olives.

(a) U.S. Grade A is the quality of canned ripe olives of whole, pitted, halved, segmented, sliced, and chopped styles that has a good flavor, that has a good color, that is practically free from defects, that has a good character; and that for those factors which are rated in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart, the total score is not less than 90 points: Provided, That such canned ripe olives may have a reasonably good color if the total score is not less than 90 points; and further Provided, That in the styles of whole and pitted olives, the variation in diameters does not exceed 4 mm, and of the 90 percent, by count, of the most uniform in size, the diameter of the largest does not exceed the diameter of the smallest by more than 3 mm.

(b) U.S. Grade B is the quality of canned ripe olives of whole, pitted, halved, segmented, sliced, and chopped styles that has a good flavor, that has a reasonably good color, that is reasonably free from defects, that has a reasonably good character; and that for those factors which are rated in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart, the total score is not less than 80 points: Provided, That for the styles of whole and pitted olives, the variation in diameters does not exceed 8 mm, and of the 80 percent, by count, of the most uniform in size, the diameter of the largest does not exceed the diameter of the smallest by more than 4 mm.

(c) U.S. Grade C is the quality of canned ripe olives of whole, pitted, halved, segmented, sliced, chopped, and broken pitted styles that has a reason-

ably good flavor, that has a fairly good color, that is fairly free from defects, that has a fairly good character; and that for those factors which are rated in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart, the total score is not less than 70 points; *Provided*, That for the styles of whole and pitted olives, of the 60 percent, by count, of the most uniform in size, the diameter of the largest does not exceed the diameter of the smallest by more that 4 mm.

(d) Substandard is the quality of canned ripe olives of any style that fail to meet the applicable requirements for U.S. Grade C.

[42 FR 38585, July 29, 1977. Redesignated at 46 FR 63203, Dec. 31, 1981, and amended at 48 FR 41013, Sept. 13, 1983]

§52.3757 Standard sample unit size.

Compliance with requirements for the various quality factors except "size designation" is based on the following standard sample unit size for the applicable style:

- (a) Whole and pitted—50 olives.
- (b) Halved—100 units.
- (c) All other styles—255 g (9 ounces).

§ 52.3758 Determining the grade of a sample unit.

- (a) *General*. In addition to considering other requirements outlined in the standards the following quality factors are evaluated:
- (1) Factors not rated by score points. (i) Flavor; (ii) Uniformity of size (styles of whole and pitted only).
- (2) Factors rated by score points. The relative importance of each factor which is scored is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum

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number of points that may be given such factors are:

	Points
(i) Color	30 40
(iii) Character	30
Total score	100

- (b) Definition of flavor—(1) Good flavor. (i) "Good flavor" in ripe type means a distinctive flavor characteristic of ripe type olives (including that of properly spiced olives) which have been properly prepared and processed and which are free from objectionable flavors of any kind.
- (ii) "Good Flavor" in green-ripe type means a distinctive mellow flavor characteristic of green-ripe type olives which have been properly prepared and processed and which are free from objectionable flavors of any kind.
- (2) Reasonably good flavor. "Reasonably good flavor" in either ripe type or green-ripe type (including that of properly spiced olives) means that the flavor may be slightly lacking in distinctly characteristic flavor for the respective type but the olives are free from objectionable flavors of any kind.

§ 52.3759 Determining the rating for the factors which are scored.

The essential variations within each factor which is scored are so described that the value may be determined for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor which is scored is inclusive (for example "27 to 30 points" means 27, 28, 29, and 30 points).

§52.3760 Color.

- (a) General. The evaluation of color shall be determined within five minutes after the olives are removed from the container and is based upon the uniformity of the exterior color or general appearance as to color of the olives within the container. The evaluation of color in "halved" style is based on the uncut surfaces.
- (b) Color measurement of ripe type. The color of ripe type is determined by comparison with a spinning disc of variations in percentages of the following Munsell color discs: Red (5R 4/

- 14), Yellow (2.5Y 8/12), and Black (N/1 Glossy).
- (c) *Composite color standards.* Composite USDA Color Standards for Canned Ripe Olives are available and are comparable to the colors produced by the spinning discs.
- (d) Color appearance of green-ripe type. Normal color for green-ripe type olives is yellow-green, green-yellow, or other greenish casts, any of which may have a mottled appearance that is typical of green-ripe type olives. Off-color means dark brown, dark purple or black olives.
- (e) The USDA spinning color discs and the USDA composite color standards cited in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section are available from the USDA licensed supplier:
- Munsell Color Company, Inc., 2441 North Calvert Street, Baltimore, Md. 21218.
- (f) *Grade A*. Canned ripe olives that have a good color may be given a score of 27 to 30 points. "Good color" has the following meanings with respect to the applicable type and style:
- (1) Ripe type—(i) Whole; pitted; halved. The olives or units have a practically uniform black or dark brown color. Not less than 90 percent, by count, of the olives or units have a color equal to or darker than the appropriate USDA Composite Color Standard or that produced by spinning the Munsell discs specified in paragraph (b) of this section in the following combination: 3½ percent Red, 3½ percent Yellow, and 93 percent Black.
- (ii) Segmented; sliced, chopped. The general color impression of the olive as a mass is normal and typical of these styles prepared from olives with good color.
- (2) Green-ripe type. The general color appearance of the olives shall be normal. Not less than 90 percent, by count, shall be practically uniform in such normal color for the type, and no off-color olives may be present.
- (g) *Grade B*. If the canned ripe olives have a reasonably good color, a score of 24 to 26 points may be given. "Reasonably good color" has the following meanings with respect to the applicable type and style:
- (1) Ripe type—(i) Whole; pitted; halved. The olives or units have a reasonably uniform black, dark brown or reddish-