## TMS 2005 Meeting

San Francisco, California, February 13-17, 2005

## Prediction and Characterization of Diffusion Paths with "Horns" in Two-Phase Ternary Diffusion Couples

## Hongwei Yang

Department of Materials Science and Engineering Institute of Materials Science

University of Connecticut
John E. Morral
Department of Materials Science and Engineering The Ohio State University

## Outline

- Linear "zigzag" diffusion paths
- Non-linear diffusion paths with "horns"
- Characterization of "horns"
- Prediction of the type of "horns"
- Variation of "horns" with composition
- Summary


## Zigzag Diffusion Paths



## Diffusion Paths from DICTRA Simulation

Single-horns in $\alpha+\alpha$ ' two-phase A-B-C diffusion couples



## Diffusion Paths from DICTRA Simulation

Double-horn in $\gamma+\beta$ two-phase Ni-Cr-Al diffusion couples



## Characterization of "Horns"

Transformation of coordinates


$$
[\Delta \widetilde{C})=[\alpha][\Delta C)
$$

## Characterization of "Horns"

Correlation of the type of horns with the horn length


Double-horn: $l^{\text {Right }}$ and $l^{\text {Left }}$ have the same sign

Single-horn: $l^{\text {Right }}$ and $l^{\text {Left }}$ have the opposite sign

## Prediction of the Type of Horns

The relative position of two major eigenvectors


## Prediction of the Type of Horns

The relative position of two major eigenvectors


## Variation of "Horns" with Composition



## Variation of "Horns" with Composition




## Variation of "Horns" with Composition

Transition between inward and outward "horns"


## Variation of "Horns" with Composition








## Summary

- DICTRA simulations of two-phase ternary diffusion couples show sharp deviations from the linear zigzag paths, appearing as double or single horns.
- The double-horn has the same signs of the horn length for both left and right sides while the single-horn has the opposite signs.
- The type of horns may be predicted based on the relative position of two major eigenvectors and the position of the composition vector.
- The horn length varies linearly with the component of the composition vector along the major eigenvector direction of the diffusivity matrix.


## Acknowledgements

The authors are grateful to the National Science Foundation for financial support under grant No. DMR-0139705.

## Diffusion Paths from Perturbation Model



* M. Schwind, T. Helander and J. Ågren, Scripta. Mater. 44(2001) 415-421


## Variation of "Horns" with Composition

Relation between the horn length and the horn tip distance

I: Horn Length
d: Horn Tip Distance

$$
d=\Delta \tilde{C}_{2}-2 l
$$

## Variation of "Horns" with Composition

Transition between inward and outward "horns"

$e_{2}$

Outward Horn

$$
d=0
$$

## Diffusion Paths from DICTRA Simulation

Two-phase Ternary Diffusion Path

| Linear |
| :---: |


| Non-linear |
| :---: |



