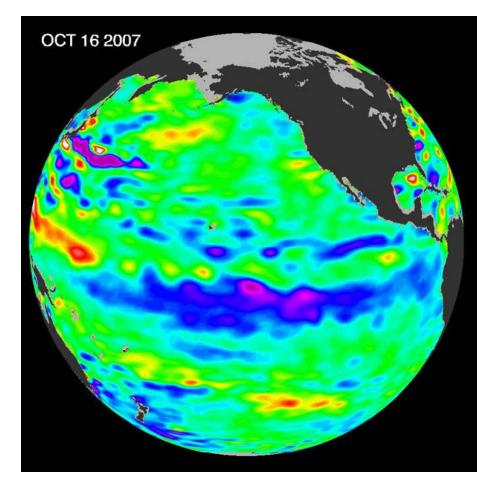


Southeast Climate Outlook

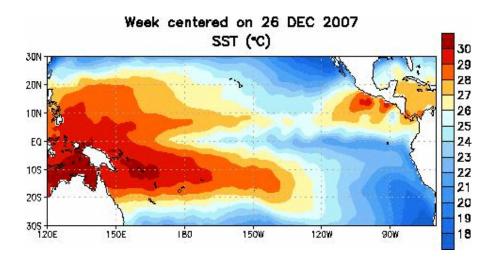


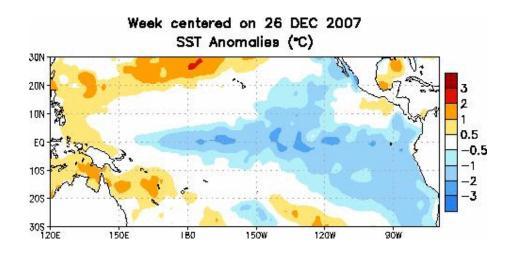
NIDIS Southeast Pilot Project Workshop April 29-30, 2008 Peachtree City, GA Southeast Climate Consortium David Stooksbury, David Zierden, and John Christy





Strong La Niña Developed last Fall

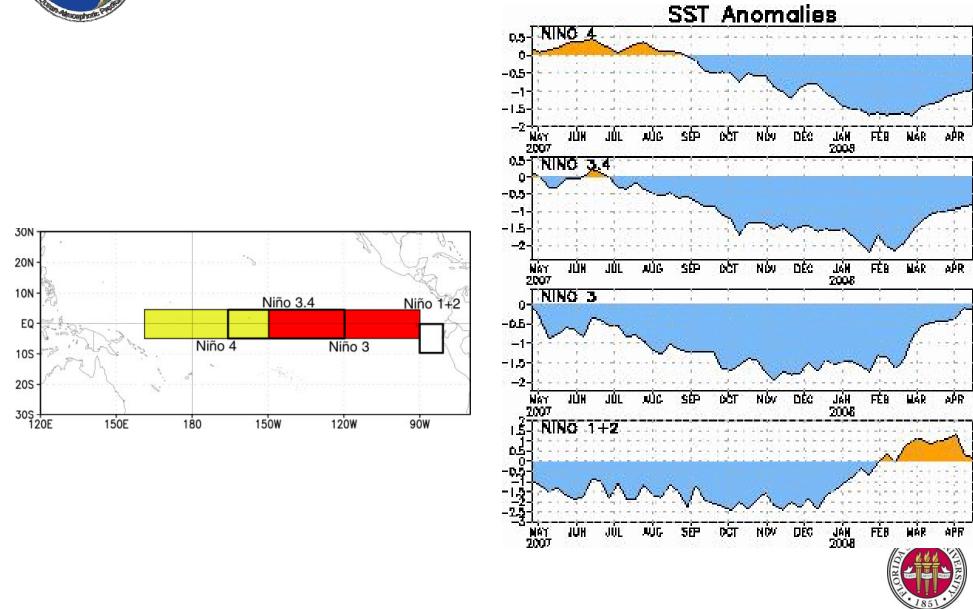


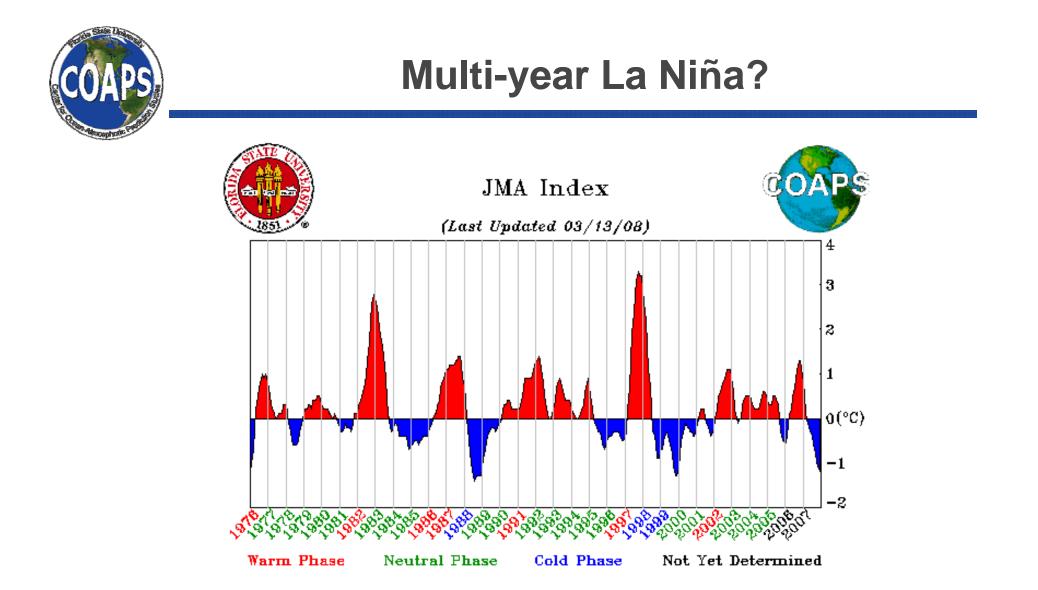






La Niña reached peak intensity in February



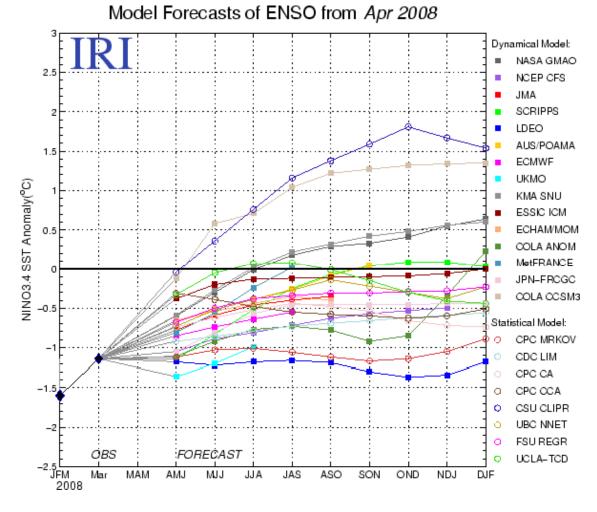


Multi-year La Niña events coincide with extended drought in 1954-1956 and 1998-2001.





La Niña Forecasts



Earlier this year most of the forecast models were predicting a continuation of La Nina through the end of 2008.

Now, models show a considerable spread.

Spring is a notoriously difficult season to predict ENSO phase.





Recent and Projected Climate Impacts

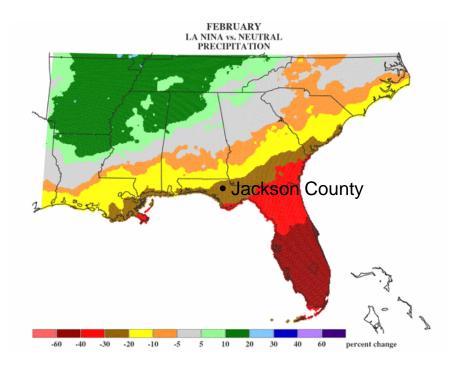
- Winter rainfall patterns somewhat atypical for La Nina in Florida, Southeast Alabama, and South Georgia, temperatures typically warm.
- Water shortages persist in North GA, AL and South FL.
- Winter recharge is period is over in North GA and AL.
- La Nina may persist for the next 1-3 months, uncertain for the remainder of 2008.
- •Early summer rainfall can be enhanced by La Nina, but limited confidence in this forecast.
- •Rains in recent months have reduced wildfire risk in Florida, potential for higher risk as peak season approaches.
- If La Nina persists or reintensifies in late summer, look for enhanced tropical activity.



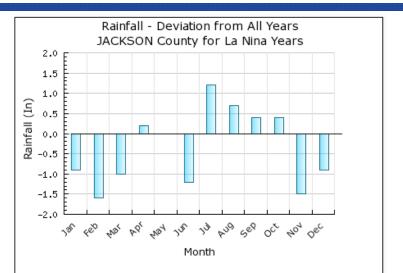


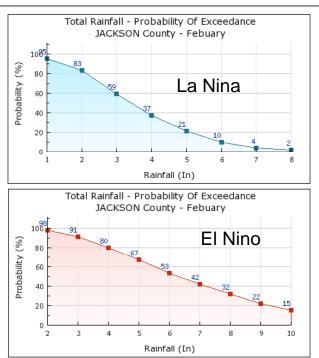
Winter La Niña Rainfall Patterns

La Niña Composite



Rainfall departures in percent of normal



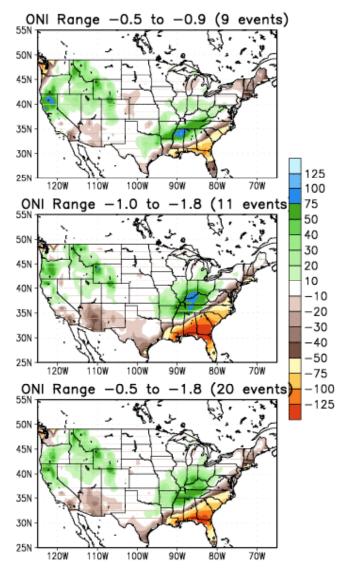




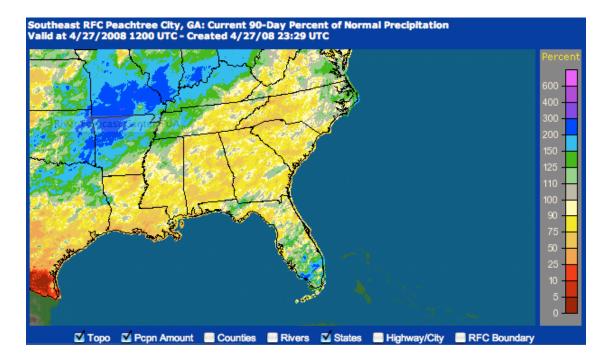


Strong La Niña versus moderate

DJF Prec. + Trend



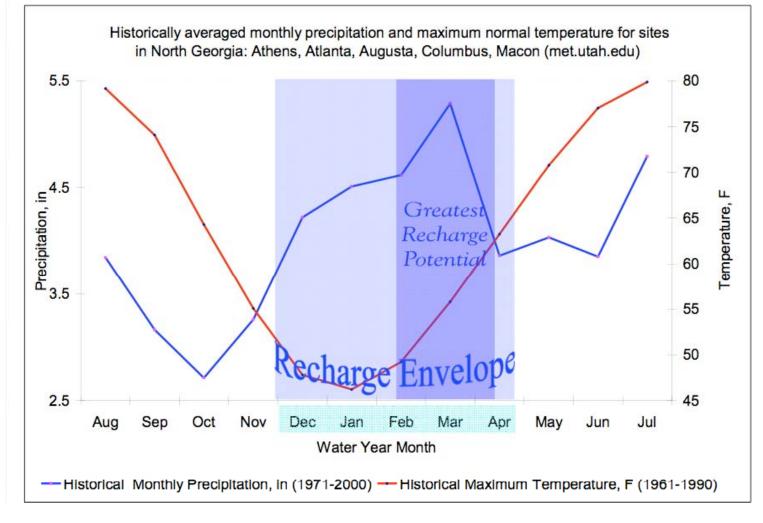
Last 90 days (percent of normal)







Typical Recharge in North Georgia



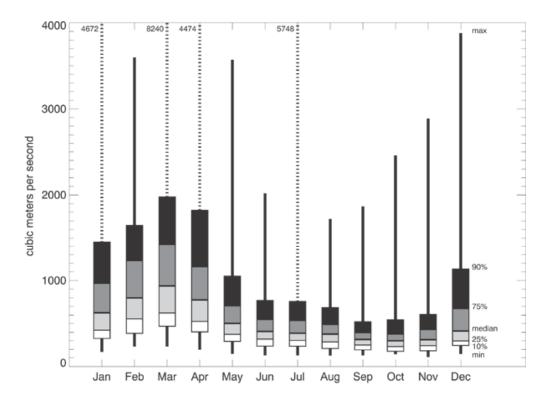
- Courtesy SERFC





Response of Hydrologic Systems

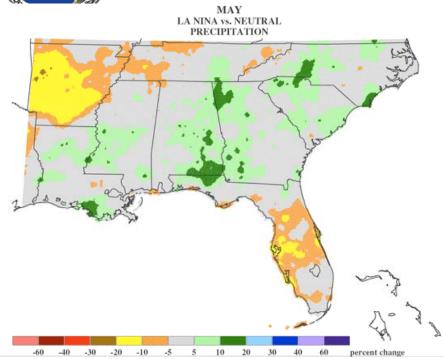
Apalachicola at Chattahoochee

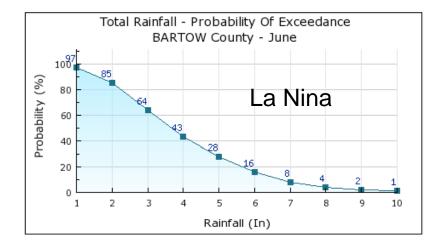


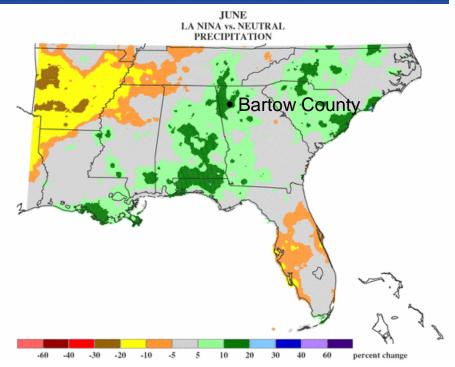


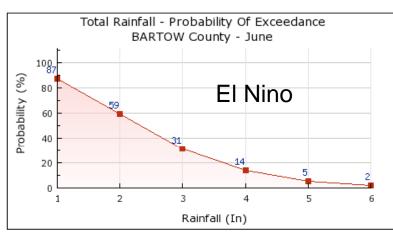


Spring/Summer La Nina Impacts on Rainfall







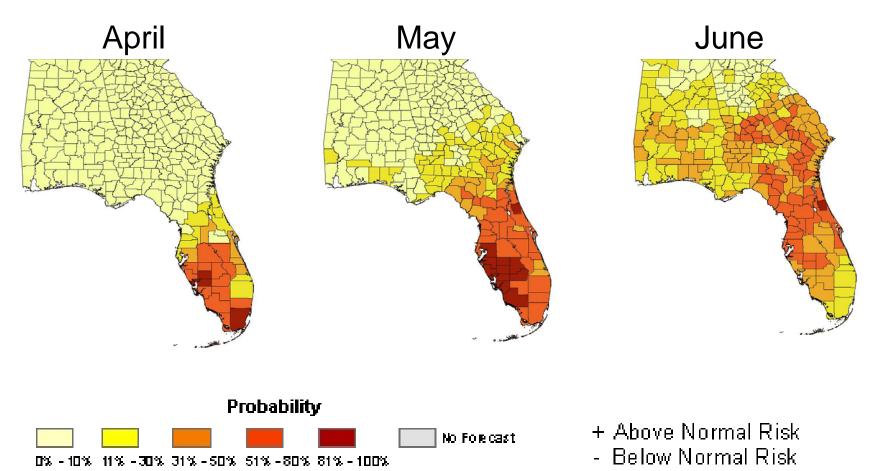






Wildfire Risk

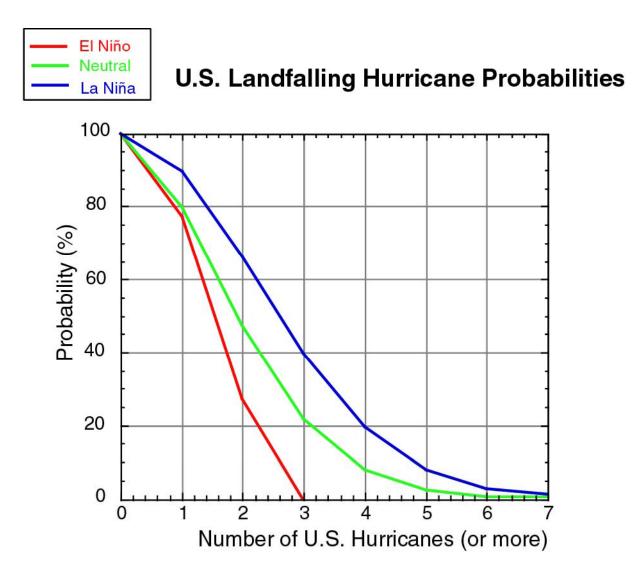
Probability of KBDI at 500 or more







Probability of Hurricane Strikes







For More Information . . .



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