

EXPLANATION
Map showing hazard zones, faults, and volcanic vents in the Crater Lake region. Data sources for faults and vents: Sherrod (1991), Sherrod and MacLeod (1992), Sherrod and Peckham (1992), Smith (1988), Smith and others (1982), C. R. Bacon (unpublished mapping, 1996), and M. A. Lanphere (unpublished K-Ar ages, 1996).

Hazard Zones

- Proximal Hazard Zone A -- Area bounded by Crater Lake caldera rim; subject to pyroclastic surges and ballistics from explosive eruptions anywhere within the caldera
- Proximal Hazard Zone B -- Area outside of Proximal Hazard Zone A that may be affected by pyroclastic surges and ballistics from explosive eruptions from vents within the lake and close to the shoreline; boundaries defined by height/runout ratio of 0.1 and source of surges up to 500 m above lake surface
- Regional Hazard Zone RH -- Zone of relatively high probability of a volcanic eruption; contains volcanic vents less than 100,000 yrs in age. Annual probability of eruption from a new vent estimated to be ~1 in 5,000 (2x10 exp -4); 30-year probability ~1 in 170 (6x10 exp -3).
- Regional Hazard Zone RL -- Zone of relatively low probability of a volcanic eruption; contains volcanic vents 100,000-1,000,000 yrs in age. Annual probability of eruption from a new vent estimated to be ~1 in 100,000 (10 exp -5) 30-year probability ~1 in 3,000 (3x10 exp -4). The probability of an eruption from a new vent outside this zone is considered insignificant.
- Lahar Hazard Zone -- Areas potentially inundated by lahars (volcanic debris flows) caused by volcanic eruptions within Crater Lake caldera.

Vents

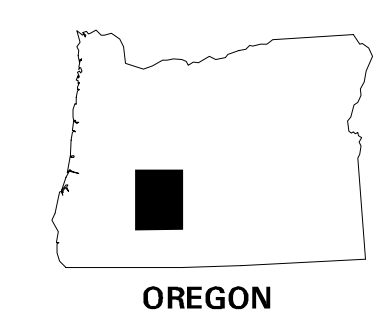
- Approximate location of initial vent for climactic eruption of Mount Mazama ~ 7,700 yrs ago.
- Silicic vents <10,000 yrs in age (rhyodacite only).
- Silicic vents 10,000-100,000 yrs in age (dacite and rhyodacite)
- Silicic vents 100,000-1,000,000 yrs in age (dacite and rhyodacite)
- Mafic vents <10,000 yrs in age (basalt to andesite)
- Mafic vents 10,000-100,000 yrs in age (basalt to andesite)
- Mafic vents 100,000-1,000,000 yrs in age (basalt to andesite)

Faults

- Solid line where mapped, dashed where inferred, dotted where concealed by younger deposits; bar and ball on downthrown side. Shown are faults known to have been active in the past few million years.

VOLCANO AND EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS IN THE CRATER LAKE REGION, OREGON

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