NSLS Nano-science Safety Requirements LS-PRM-1.3.5a Section 7, Rev 4, Effective Date 1/12/2009

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RISK 📥	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
Material Form 📥 Requirements ↓	Fixed Nanostructures	Solutions	Free Nanoparticles
PPE Requirements for Handling	Standard PPE required for the work area. No additional PPE is needed for this nanomaterial work.	 Standard PPE required for the work area plus: Gauntlet-type nitrile gloves "or" wrist length disposable nitrile gloves with extended tyvek sleeves Eye protection: Safety glasses with side shields for handling powders only. Chemical splash goggle for handling either powders or liquids. 	
Handling Requirements	 For work outside of a HEPA filtered exhaust hood: No Mechanical stresses e.g., (grinding, scraping, or pressing). No thermal stresses Cover samples when practical e.g., (slide cover, Kapton tape, Mylar tape, or cellophane tape). Store in sealed container when not in use. 	 If there is a potential for particle aerosol formation manipulate within a HEPA filtered laboratory exhaust hood over adsorbent paper to capture any spills. Solutions brought to the beamline must be: Transported in sealed containers. Stored in secondary containment. Manipulated over an absorbent paper to capture any spills. Kept wet (do not allow solutions to dry out and form particulates). Work surfaces must be wiped with a dampened adsorbent paper towels at the completion of the experiment (aqueous soap solution). 	 Free particulates must be manipulated within a HEPA filtered laboratory exhaust hood over paper for easy cleanup and disposal. Exhaust hood work surfaces must be wiped with a dampened adsorbent paper towels at the completion of the experiment (aqueous soap solution). Decontaminate equipment and samples being removed from the HEPA hood/glove box by wiping them down with a dampened adsorbent paper towels (aqueous soap solution). When ejecting samples from a capillary, that sample must be directed to water for capture. Compressed nitrogen (< 5 psi) or other inert gas must be used to eject the sample from the capillary tube. A covered beaker is best to contain any splash. This must be completed within a laboratory HEPA exhaust hood. Nano-scale materials brought to the beam line must be: Sealed within a sample holder, a capillary tube, or with at least two layers of Kapton, Mylar or cellophane tape. Only sealed containers are allowed at the beam lines for storage during an experiment. Experiments that involve gas flow over free particulates must include a water scrub of the gas exhaust to provide a final barrier to particle loss.

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Material Form 🔜 Requirements 👢	Fixed Nanostructures	Solutions	Free Nanoparticles	
Labeling of Containers	Follow the labeling requirements list below in the "Transportation & Labeling Requirements" section. Labels are available in the NSLS Stockroom.			
Transportation & Labeling Requirements	Contac	as according to 49 CFR 171.8 et.access.gpo.gov/cfr_2004/octqtr/p g to the NSLS Shipping Requireme s Materials. eles when labeled and package	etry.	
	 Packaging: Inner containers must be a tightly sealed, rigid, and leak proof. Use tape on the cap to prevent the container from being unintentionally opened. Place the inner container in a >=6 mil plastic bag. The outer package (sealed cardboard box "or" sealed plastic container) must be filled with absorbent material to protect the inner container and absorb liquids during an inner container failure. 			

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RISK LOW **MEDIUM** HIGH Material Form Fixed **Solutions Free Nanoparticles Nanostructures** Requirements The required nanomaterials caution sign can be found here (http://www.nsls.bnl.gov/esh/SAF/nano_sign.pdf), please post a sign at each designated nanomaterials workstation (i.e. beam line hutch and laboratory exhaust hood) for the duration of your experiment. Remove posting when experiment ends. **Area Posting** N/A Nano-Scale Materials **Requirements** in Use **DO NOT Disturb!** Contact: with any questions Date Posted: remove posting when experiment ends Nanomaterials can exhibit unusual reactivity and toxicity. Avoid breathing dust, ingestion, and skin contact. 1. All unwanted materials in contact with nanomaterials must be disposed as hazardous waste e.g., (swabs, Kim wipes, blotter paper, beakers, flasks, tape, and sample holders). 2. Chemicals containing nanomaterials must NOT be released to the sink or discarded in the regular trash. Waste containers must be placed into a clean secondary bag as they are removed from the HEPA exhaust hood. Practice good contamination control by placing the waste 3. container into a clean bag at the hood opening, before transferring to the Satellite Accumulation Area (SAA). All waste containers are kept in a tray for secondary containment within the designated SAA. 4. HAZARDOUS WASTE a. Liquids: are kept in a rigid leak proof containers. b. Particulates: may be kept in a rigid leak proof containers "OR" >=6 mil zip lock plastic bags. Waste 5. Waste container labeling: uilding 725 Dept. Code 63 Phone 1111 Management Red Hazardous Waste Label: a. NANO M TERIALS: i. NO chemical formulas (spell out the chemical name). GOLA **Requirements** ii. The contents line on the label must contain the chemical composition and the word "NANOMATERIALS" (Labels are available in the lab). 20100/000 Ignitable Floxic Contains Nanomaterials Label: b. Reactive Corrosive Out-of-Service Date Required in addition to the red label hazardous waste label (Labels are available in the lab & NSLS Stockroom). i. Waste Form WM Received Date El Liqui Contains Nanomate Powder spills within an exhaust hood can be cleaned by using paper towels and an aqueous soap solution. Liquid spills within a hood can be cleaned with Spill paper towels and then wiped with an aqueous soap solution. For spills outside N/A Response of an exhaust hood, control access to the area and immediately notify the Operations Staff by calling the Control Room at x2550.

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