§ 19.741

- (1) Spirits or wines received for deposit in storage;
 - (2) Spirits mingled;
 - (3) Spirits in tanks;
- (4) Spirits or wines filled into packages from tanks and retained for storage;
- (5) Spirits of less than 190 degrees of proof or wines transferred from one tank to another:
 - (6) Spirits returned to bond;
- (7) Spirits or wines voluntarily destroyed:
- (8) Spirits or wines lost during storage;
- (9) The transfer of spirits or wine from one package to another;
- (10) The addition of oak chips to spirits and the addition of caramel to brandy or rum; and
- (11) The disposition of spirits or wines.

(b) Records covering deposits. The proprietor's copies of gauge records, transfer records, or tank records of wines or spirits of less than 190 degrees of proof covering: deposit in the storage account of spirits received from the production account, from customs custody, or by return to bond under subpart U of this part, or of wines or spirits from other bonded premises; packages of spirits or wines filled from tanks and retained in the storage account after mingling; and wines or spirits of less than 190 degrees of proof transferred from one tank to another. shall be utilized by the proprietor to record wines or spirits deposited in the storage account. The proprietor shall enter the date of deposit of the spirits in storage on the record. Files of deposit records shall be maintained for spirits in packages and such files shall be arranged by producers (by warehouseman in the case of blended rums or brandies and for spirits of 190 degrees or more of proof, by the warehouseman who received the spirits from customs custody in the case of imported spirits, and by producer in the Virgin Islands or Puerto Rico in the case of Virgin Islands or Puerto Rican spirits), in chronological order according to the date of deposit in the storage account, and, when possible, in sequence by lot identification for packages. (For the purpose of records under this section spirits produced under

trade names shall be treated as being produced under the real name of the proprietor [producer].) Also, files of deposit records shall be maintained, in the manner prescribed by 19.742, for wines and for spirits of less than 190 degress of proof in tanks in the storage account with a separate file for each tank of wines or spirits. In the case of spirits of 190 degrees or more of proof deposited in tanks in the storage account, the proprietor shall maintain a separate consolidated file of deposit records for all tanks, separately as to gin, vodka, and other spirits as applicable, of all such domestic spirits; all such imported spirits duty paid at the beverage rate; all such imported spirits duty paid at the nonbeverage rate; all such Virgin Islands spirits; and all such Puerto Rican spirits. Such files shall be arranged chronologically by date of deposit in the warehouse.

(c) Records covering withdrawals. When wines or spirits other than spirits of 190 degrees or more of proof in tanks in the storage account, are withdrawn from the storage account the proprietor shall note on the record of deposit, the date and disposition of the spirits so that the files shall currently reflect the spirits remaining in the storage account. When spirits of 190 degrees or more of proof are withdrawn from tanks in the storage account the record of deposit need not be noted, but semi-annually (as of June 30 and December 31) the proprietor shall remove from his consolidated files of active deposit records all such records in excess of those required to cover the quantity of spirits shown as remaining in tanks. The deposit records so removed shall be those covering spirits first deposited in the storage account.

(Sec. 807, Pub. L. 96–39 93 Stat. 284 (26 U.S.C. 5207))

§19.741 Package summary records.

(a) General. Each warehouseman shall keep current summary records for each kind of spirits or wines in packages, to show the spirits or wines deposited in, withdrawn from, and remaining in the storage account. Separate accounting records shall be kept for domestic spirits, imported spirits, Virgin Islands spirits, Puerto Rican spirits, and wine. Package accounts for spirits may be

kept by either the season or the year the packages were filled with spirits.

- (b) Arrangement. Package summary records shall be prepared and arranged separately:
- (1) For domestic spirits of less than 190 degrees of proof, alphabetically by State and numerically by the plant number and name of the producer or warehouseman.
- (2) For domestic spirits of 190 degrees or more of proof, alphabetically by State, and numerically by the plant number and name of the warehouseman.
- (3) For imported spirits, alphabetically by State and numerically by the plant number and name of the warehouseman who received the spirits from customs custody.
- (4) For Puerto Rican or Virgin Islands spirits, alphabetically by the name of the producer in Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.
- (5) For wine, by kind and tax rate imposed by 26 U.S.C. 5041.
- (c) *Details*. Package summary records shall show the following details:
- (1) The date the summarized transactions occurred:
- (2) For spirits, the number of packages and the proof gallons contained therein:
- (3) For wine, the number of packages and the wine gallons contained therein;
- (4) Gains or shortages disclosed by inventory or when an account is closed; and
- (5) Gallon balances on summary records for spirits and wines remaining in the account at the end of each month.
- (d) Summarization. Package summary records shall be consolidated at the end of each month, or for lesser periods when required by the regional director (compliance), to show for all types of containers and kinds of spirits, the total proof gallons received in, withdrawn from, and remaining in the storage account.

(Sec. 807, Pub. L. 96–39, 93 Stat. 284 (26 U.S.C. 5207))

§ 19.742 Tank record of wine or spirits of less than 190 degrees of proof.

(a) General. Proprietors shall keep a record for each tank (including bulk conveyance) containing wine or spirits

- of less than 190 degrees of proof to show deposits into, withdrawals from, and the balance remaining in each tank in the storage account. A new record shall be prepared each time wine or spirits are deposited in an empty tank. Except as otherwise provided in this section, each transaction shall be recorded on the day the transaction occurs.
- (b) Arrangement. Tank records shall be prepared and arranged:
- (1) For domestic spirits, alphabetically by State, and numerically by (i) the plant number and name of the producer, or, (ii) for blended rums or brandies, the plant number and name of the warehouseman;
- (2) For imported spirits, alphabetically by State, and numerically by the plant number and name of the warehouseman:
- (3) For Puerto Rican or Virgin Islands spirits, alphabetically by the name of the producer in Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands; and
- (4) For wine, by kind and tax rate imposed by 26 U.S.C. 5041.
- (c) *Details*. Tank records shall show the following details:
- (1) Tank record serial number, beginning with "1" for each record initiated on or after January 1;
 - (2) Date of each transaction;
 - (3) Identification of the tank;
 - (4) Kind of wine or spirits;
- (5) Number and average proof gallon content of packages of spirits dumped in the tank, or a notation indicating the deposit in the tank of spirits by pipeline;
- (6) Wine gallons of wine, or proof gallons of spirits deposited;
- (7) If subject to age, the age of the youngest spirits in years, months and days, each time spirits are deposited;
- (8) Wine gallons of wine, or proof gallons of spirits withdrawn;
- (9) Related transaction form or record and its serial number for deposits or withdrawals;
- (10) Wine gallons of wine, or proof gallons of spirits remaining in the tank, recorded at the end of each calendar month; and
- (11) Gain or loss disclosed by inventory or on emptying of the tank.

(Sec. 807, Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 284 (26 U.S.C. 5207))