National Transportation Safety Board NTSB ID: LAX02FA214 Aircraft Registration Number: N8145M								
FACTUAL REPORT		Occurrence Date: 07/04/2002 Most Critical Injury: Fatal						
AVIATION		Occurrence Type: Accident Investigated By: NTSB						
Location/Time								
Nearest City/Place	State	Zi	p Code	Local Time	Time Zone			
San Dimas	CA	9	1773	1230	PDT			
Airport Proximity: Off Airport/Airstrip	Distar	nce From L	anding Facility:	1.5				
Aircraft Information Summary								
Aircraft Manufacturer     Model/Series     Type of Aircraft								
Cessna	Sessna 310I Airplane							
Revenue Sightseeing Flight: No	evenue Sightseeing Flight: No Air Medical Transport Flight: No							
Narrative								
Brief narrative statement of facts, conditions and circumstances pertinent to the accident/incident: HISTORY OF FLIGHT								
his pilot-rated passenger su injuries and nine individual conditions prevailed, and a 91 personal flight. The local The Brackett Field air traff calls during the initial clim of the emergency. The con- descended behind trees. A witness, located on a boat i west after departing Brackett 100 feet above the ground. As "backfiring" and noted the rig facing the nose of the air airplane turned toward the sou strike a tree with the right "causing the plane to spin a the air, and over the second tr Another witness located on the normally hear the engine power airplane. He observed the clipped a tree with the power	rain reginstain stain fligh fligh fligh ffic c b out troll n the Field th an tround ree. he res of t c area along offic	shortly stered hed fata the it plan it was of controll from r e Puddir from r from r e Puddir from r e Puddir from r from r e Puddir from r from r e Puddir from r from r from r e Puddir from r from r	after tak to, and op l injuries ground sus was not fi originating ers report bunway 26L; served th gstone Res witness wa a approach was not t was not t was not t was not t of when view airplane ness then said that off, but rn left to ng about clane hit t preline of timate tha	eoff from the erated by, the . Two individ tained serious led for the 14 at the time o ed that the pi however, the e airplane ": ervoir, observ s facing north ed the reservo urning as fast also noted the se altitude. ed from the fr then struck a lost sight of the propellers he could not h ward the shore halfway up th he second tree Lake Puddingst t 200-400 peop	Brackett Fi pilot. Th uals on the injuries. Code of Fe f the accid lot made th pilot did n not climbin ed the airp ir, the wit as the lef landing ge The witness ont of the second tree the airplan were turni ear engine and lose a e wing, "pu with the s one in the le were at	eld Ai e comm grour Visua deral eent. rree co ot ind g" bef lane f lane f lane v ness h t prop ar wer obser airpla , bour e. ng. F power lling tarboa Frank the la	Arport, La Verne, mercial pilot and definition of the said one could for the airplane and looking aft), need back up into definition of the said one could for the accident definition of the said one spin the plane into a ard side and spin G. Bonelli Park, ake near the time	

FACTUAL REPORT     Occurrence Date: 07/04/2002       AVIATION     Occurrence Type: Accident	National Transportation Safety Board	NTSB ID: LAX02FA214	
AVIATION Occurrence Type: Accident	FACTUAL REPORT	Occurrence Date: 07/04/2002	
	AVIATION ETYBON	Occurrence Type: Accident	

certificate with multiengine land airplane privileges, which was limited to visual flight rules (VFR) operations only. In addition, the pilot held a flight instructor certificate for single engine land airplanes, rotorcraft helicopters, and instrument helicopters. The pilot held a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) second-class medical certificate that was issued on October 12, 2001. The medical certificate did not contain any limitations or waivers.

According to the pilot's last pilot certificate application (airplane multiengine add-on rating), which was dated January 29, 2001, he had accumulated a total of 468 hours of airplane flight time and 4,396 hours of helicopter flight time. According to the application, he had accumulated a total of 13.3 hours in the Cessna 310, which is what the pilot used for the practical flight test. According to the FAA's certificate records for the pilot, he failed his multiengine add-on rating practical flight test on January 29, 2001, due to "Emergency Procedures: Engine Failure After Lift Off" and "Emergency Descent." Following the failed practical flight test, the pilot received additional flight instruction, which equated to 0.5 hours of flight time. On the 29th, the pilot was given another endorsement indicating he was "given additional instruction required for a retest after failure of the airplane multiengine land" flight test, and passed the practical flight test on the 29th.

Following the January 2001 practical test, the pilot logged 1.1 hours of multi-engine flight time; however, the last logbook entry was dated September 1, 2001. The pilot completed an application for the use of another Cessna 310 aircraft; adjacent to the pilot's name, was an entry for total time in the same make and model. Penned into that entry block was "92". A date was not affiliated with this pilot experience application.

The pilot-rated passenger held a private pilot certificate with single engine land airplane privileges. He also held a third-class medical certificate that was issued on November 29, 2001. The medical certificate stipulated that the airman must wear lenses for distant vision and possess glasses for near vision while exercising the privileges of his airman certificate. The passenger reported on the medical certificate application that he had accumulated a total of 180 flight hours. A review of his logbook revealed he logged a total of 153.8 hours of flight time, none of which was obtained in multiengine airplanes.

#### AIRCRAFT INFORMATION

The 1964 model airplane was issued an airworthiness certificate on July 13, 1964. The airplane was equipped with two Teledyne Continental Motors (TCM) IO-470 engines, each rated at 260 horsepower (left engine serial number 115276-4-U, right engine serial number 118267-70-U-R), and two McCauley constant speed, manually feathering, 2-bladed propellers.

A bill of sale closing statement indicated the pilot and his partner purchased the airplane on February 13, 2002. An aircraft registration application for N8145M was filled out by the pilot and his partner on February 8, 2002. On February 15, 2002, a Special Flight Permit was issued for the airplane in order to transport the airplane to a maintenance facility. The airplane was officially registered to the pilot and his partner on March 15, 2002.

The airframe logbooks revealed a period between February 16, 1993, and April 26, 2002, when no maintenance entries were made. According to those familiar with the airplane, it was awaiting sale during this time period. The February 1993 logbook entry was a determination of airworthiness for a ferry flight. The last entry prior to that was a July 1992 entry, which also determined airworthiness for a ferry flight. The last annual inspection prior to the ferry flights was completed on July 3, 1989, but an aircraft total time was not entered.

A logbook entry dated February 11, 1976, revealed the Hobbs meter was replaced at an aircraft total time of 3,108.5 hours. A logbook entry dated July 15, 1981, stated, "For TT [total time] add 4109 to Hobbs time."

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A review of the aircraft maintenance records revealed complete engine histories were not available and their total times were unknown. According to separate engine entries, both dated May 7, 2002, the left engine's total time since its last major overhaul was 1,050 hours, and the right engine's total time since its last major overhaul was 850 hours. The Hobbs meter at the time of these entries was 2,052 hours.

The aircraft's last static system check was completed on April 26, 2002. The last annual inspection conducted on the airplane was completed on May 7, 2002. This annual inspection entry listed both the aircraft total time and the Hobbs meter reading as 2,052.0 hours. Adding the aircraft's hour meter reading at the accident site to 4,109, as instructed to in the logbook entry dated July 15, 1981, provides an aircraft total time of 6,166.1 hours.

According to those familiar with the airplane, the airplane's landing gear collapsed in June 2002. No mention of the repair work was found in the maintenance logbooks.

The airplane was refueled at the departure airport on June 28, 2002, with 28.8 gallons of 100LL aviation gasoline; however, it is unknown how much fuel was onboard the airplane during the accident flight.

## METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION

At 1237, the weather observation facility at the Brackett Field Airport reported the wind from 250 degrees at 7 knots; visibility 5 miles in haze; sky partially obscured; and an altimeter setting of 29.96 inches of mercury. The temperature and dew point were not recorded.

#### WRECKAGE AND IMPACT INFORMATION

According to a Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver, the accident site was located at 034 degrees 05.078 minutes north latitude and 117 degrees 48.097 minutes west longitude, and at an elevation of 1,444 feet. The linear energy path from the initial tree impact to the final airplane component, which was the right engine, measured 230 feet in length. The airplane initially contacted a tree that was 30 feet tall. The airplane then contacted a second tree that was 100 feet past the first tree. The main wreckage was located 184 feet past of the initial tree impact, and adjacent to a park cooking grill (steel grill cemented in place) and picnic table.

The airplane separated into four major structural sections; the left wing, right wing, the fuselage from the instrument panel forward, and the fuselage from the instrument panel aft. The second tree entered the cabin just forward of where the leading edge of the right wing meets the fuselage. The cabin floor was separated on a diagonal line starting at the point the tree entered the cabin and ending where the trailing edge of the left wing meets the fuselage. The park grill indented and ruptured the right side fuselage skin at fuselage station 132.00.

The energy path was oriented on a magnetic heading of 160 degrees until the point of the second tree impact. The energy path then switched to a 130-degree heading to where the final piece of wreckage came to rest. The airplane's final resting heading was 100 degrees.

The following components were found within the debris path (distances are referenced from the initial impacted tree). The front section of the left main fuel tank (tip tank) was located in the debris path approximately 65 feet past of the initial tree impact, and the tip tank displayed a semicircular indentation consistent with the shape and size of the initial tree. A section of the right wing spar came to rest at the 94-foot mark. At the 104-foot mark, the right seat and cabin section came to rest. At 120 feet, one of the right propeller blades came to rest in the tree debris. The nose landing gear door and the nose wheel were found at 124 feet and 138 feet, respectively. At 141 feet, the top section of the second tree came to rest.

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top of the tree was the front section of the right main fuel tank (tip tank). At 184 feet and 230 feet were the main aircraft wreckage and the right engine, respectively.

Initial examination of the airframe accounted for all primary structural elements of the flight control surfaces. The flight control system was examined. Of the control cables that were found separated, all displayed a broom-straw appearance. Some of the flight control cables had to be cut to facilitate transport from the accident site. Continuity was established through the cables, and the broom-straw separations. The aileron trim actuator was found set to 11 degrees tab down and its position indicator was destroyed (aileron trim was located on left wing). The elevator trim actuator was found in the neutral position and its position indicator was destroyed. The rudder trim was extended 3/8 inch to the left of its trailing edge. The landing gear was in the extended position. By comparing the position of the flap drive chains of the accident airplane with an exemplar model, it was determined the flaps were in the retracted position.

According to photographs taken by first responders, the throttle quadrant was found with the following settings: the left throttle control was in the mid-range setting, the left propeller control was positioned aft 1 inch, the left mixture control was pulled aft 1 inch; the right engine throttle, propeller, and mixture controls were in the full forward position. The left engine's fuel selector was in the left main tank position and the right engine's fuel selector was in the left and right main fuel tank quantity indicators displayed a zero indication, the left auxiliary tank indicated 10 gallons, and the right auxiliary tank indicated 7.5 gallons. The left and right fuel boost pump switches were in the ON (up) position.

The left engine remained attached to its mounts and in its nacelle, and the propeller assembly remained attached to the engine. The fuel line between the fuel pump and fuel metering unit was removed at the fuel metering units fitting and fuel was present. The engine's accessories all remained attached to the engine. Both propeller blades were bent aft and displayed very light leading edge damage. One of the blades was twisted toward low pitch near its tip. The other blade did not display any twisting, but displayed slight leading edge polishing.

The right engine separated from its nacelle and the propeller separated from the engine. The engine crankcase displayed two cracks. The first initiated at the front top and extended aft to the rear of the No. 6 cylinder. The second crack initiated at the propeller hub and extended aft to the top of the No. 5 cylinder. The propeller hub was found split into two halves and both propeller blades were separated from the hub. One propeller blade displayed scrape marks consistent with making contact with the cement ground. The propeller blade was not twisted and did not display face polishing. The other blade was never located. The engine's accessories remained attached except for the starter and left magneto, which separated. The left magneto's drive coupling was rotated by hand and the three leads that remained attached made sparks. The pulley, which drives the alternator, was separated and no rotational scoring was noted.

# MEDICAL AND PATHOLOGICAL INFORMATION

An autopsy was performed on both the pilot and passenger at the Los Angeles County Medical Examiner's Office. According to the autopsy reports, the pilot and passenger both died as a result of "multiple traumatic injuries." A toxicology test conducted on the pilot revealed 0.011 ug/mL and an unquantified amount of bupropion metabolite detected in the blood and urine, respectively. Buproprion is a drug used in the treatment of depression and is used for the management of smoking cessation. It is commonly known by the trade name Zyban.

## TESTS AND RESEARCH

On July 6, 2002, the wreckage was examined at a wreckage recovery facility located in Corona, California. The top spark plugs on the left engine were removed and were dark in color (all top spark plugs were covered with black soot) when compared to the Champion Aviation Check-A-Plug AV-27

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Chart. The left engine's pistons were observed through the spark plug holes and they also appeared dark in color. A thumb compression check was performed while the propeller was manually rotated by hand. Compression was achieved on each cylinder. The oil screen and fuel screen were removed and both were free of debris. The left engine was prepared for a test run. A new propeller was installed on the left engine and it was successfully run at an idle power setting utilizing fuel from the auxiliary fuel tank. The left engine was removed from the nacelle and sent to the Teledyne Continental Motors (TCM) factory for an official test run.

The top spark plugs on the right engine appeared normal when compared to the aforementioned spark plug comparison chart. The spark plugs were free of deposits and their electrodes were round. The right engine's main oil screen and fuel screen at the fuel metering unit were removed and both were free of debris. The damage sustained by the right engine prohibited a test run. The right engine was also shipped to the TCM factory for a more detailed examination.

On September 4-6, 2002, the left and right engines were examined under the supervision of the National Trandportation Safety Board investigator-in-charge (IIC). The left engine was prepared for test run by replacing the damaged induction balance tube, removing the exhaust system and installing short stacks, and removing some baffling. The engine was test run in a test cell for 40 minutes. The engine produced rated power and was taken through a range of power settings. The engine displayed no anomalies.

The right engine's fuel system was removed from the right engine and was placed on the left engine for testing. No anomalies were noted with the right engine's fuel pump, fuel metering unit, fuel manifold, fuel lines, and nozzles. Both magnetos were tested on a magneto test stand and functioned normally across a 7MM spark gap. Internal examination of the right engine revealed the front of the crankshaft was bent in the same area of crankcase damage. Some "minor" metal contamination to the bearing surfaces were observed and the number 1 connecting rod piston pin bushing was loose. The oil pump drive shaft was intact and the pump cavity and gear edges were scratched from "particle passage during service." The oil pressure relief valve was unobstructed. According to TCM, none of these noted items "were causing a serviceability problem at the time of the accident."

On November 5, 2002, the propellers were examined at the manufacturer's facility in Vandalia, Ohio, under the supervision of the IIC. The following pertinent observations were made on both propellers. There were no indications of preimpact fatigue failure of any components; the feather stops were undamaged; and both piston positions were found to be in the vicinity of the low pitch setting to latched positions. The damage sustained by the right propeller was extensive and included the breakup of the propeller hub, which according to the manufacture is a signature "indicating power at impact." The left propeller's overall damage was significantly less than that of the right, "indicating lower energy (power) at impact."

On August 6, 2002, the wreckage was reexamined under the supervision of an FAA inspector. The purpose of the examination was to determine the configuration of the electrical wiring in the fuel boost pump systems.

The original fuel boost pump system was designed with each side being independent. The System consisted of the following components and was the same for each side:

- A switch on the cockpit labeled ON (up position), OFF (middle position), and NORM (down position).

- A push button primer switch in the cockpit.
- An oil pressure switch located in the leading edge of the wing root.
- A fuel pressure switch attached to the throttle body.
- A 5-ohm, 25-watt dropping resistor located in the trailing edge of the wing.
- A relay located in the trailing edge of the wing.

- A boost pump.

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- Various wires and connectors.

When taking off, with the original boost pump system, the pilot was to place the two boost pump switches in the ON position. This provided power through the dropping resistor and the boost pump would run at a reduced speed, producing less pressure. If the fuel pressure switch detected a drop in fuel pressure it would provide power to a solenoid in the relay that would allow power to the boost pump to bypass the dropping resistor so the boost pump would run at full speed. The relay was self-locking and would remain engaged until the boost pump switch was moved to the OFF position. After takeoff the boost pump switches were to be moved to either OFF or NORM as necessary. A boost pump working at full speed could cause the engine to be flooded at a power setting other than full throttle. The oil pressure switch inhibited the use of the boost pump operation when there was no oil pressure in the engine. The primer switch bypassed the oil pressure switch and allowed the pilot to run the boost pump on high for engine priming. When the pilot released the prime switch the boost pump was shut off.

Cessna Aircraft Company Service Bulletin ME88-3 Revision 2 (dated January 18, 1991) with Service Kit SK310-104B (dated February 10, 1989), provided a method to remove the fuel pressure switch and to change the cockpit boost pump switch. The new cockpit switch was labeled HIGH (up position), OFF (middle position), and LOW (down position). An extra wire was added to the circuit to provide the pilot with direct control of the speed of the boost pump. The solenoid and resistor remained in the airplane. In the LOW position, power was still routed through the dropping resistor. To move the boost pump switch to the HIGH position the switch had to be pulled out and then moved up past a lock. In this position, power was sent to the boost pump through the added wire that bypassed the dropping resistor allowing the boost pump to run at full speed.

It was found that neither engine was equipped with a fuel pressure switch. No logbook record of the accomplishment of this Service Kit was found. While the fuel pressure switches in the engine nacelles had been removed, the wires had been cut, but not capped, and the boost pump switches in the cockpit had not been modified per the Service Kit. No additional wiring was found. This would have caused the fuel boost pumps to stay in the LOW mode whenever the boost pump switch was not in the OFF position.

When the boost pump switches were removed from the cockpit a jumper wire was discovered between the two switches. Normal aircraft wiring prohibited the running of the boost pump with the boost pump switch if the engine did not have oil pressure. This wire would have allowed the boost pump on a non-running engine to be run if the opposite engine was running. Two of the six terminals on each boost pump switches were loose.

The Safety Board conducted a Sound Spectrum Study on the air traffic control recordings in an attempt to determine spectral signatures related to engine operation. No clear engine signatures were discernable.

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The person who sold the accident airplane to the pilot, introduced the pilot to a multiengine flight instructor. The flight instructor provided multiengine training to the pilot. In an interview with the FAA, the flight instructor provided details on the technique used for simulating engine failures. When between 0 and 50 percent Vmc, the instructor would retard the mixture control to simulate an engine failure. When greater than 50 percent Vmc and below 3,000 feet above ground level (agl), he would retard the throttle control. If the airplane was above 3,000 feet agl, he would retard the mixture control. The student was instructed to verify the inoperative engine by reducing the throttle. The student was to then retard the propeller lever of the identified engine aft 1 inch, to simulate feathering the propeller. The flight instructor would then set a zero thrust condition on the inoperative engine.

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January 29, 2001. During the fligh	e instructor and the pilot flew It to Kingman, the instructor ga Kingman, the examiner state gested that the instructor and route. The flight instructo the left front seat and the exam at Barstow, California, and the ride.	another Cessna 310 to Kingman on ve the pilot a practice practical d he had another exam to give in pilot fly him there and he would r sat in the back seat, without a iner sat in the right front seat. examiner informed the instructor his emergency procedures, but was							
the pilot for 0.5 hours and land individuals reentered the airplane examiner reexamined the pilot. T in Victorville.	ded. He endorsed the pilot for a and continued the flight to Vi	another check ride, and the three ctorville, during which time, the							
Review of the aircraft's owner manual under the section titled, "Emergency Procedures," revealed recommended procedures for Engine-Out On Take-Off (With Sufficient Runway Remaining), and Engine-Out After Take-Off; Above 100 MPH (Without Sufficient Runway Ahead). Under the procedure for Engine-Out On Take-Off (With Sufficient Runway Remaining), the pilot is									
Under the procedure for Engine-O instructed to "Cut power and de "The aircraft can be accelerated decelerated to a stop with heavy run at sea level, and within 3,8 hard surface runway, standard condit	ecelerate to a stop." A note ac d from a standing start to v braking within 3,046 feet of t 863 feet of the starting point a	companying this procedure states, 100 MPH on the ground, and then he starting point of the take-off							
The procedure for Engine-Out Aft instructs the pilot to take the foll		(Without Sufficient Runway Ahead)							
"(1) Throttles - Full Forward. (2) Propellers - High RPM. (3) Landing Gear - UP. (4) Determine Inoperative Engine		fact							
<ul> <li>(4) Determine inoperative English</li> <li>(5) Propeller - FEATHER (inoperation)</li> <li>(6) Climb Out at 100 MPH.</li> <li>(7) Accelerate to 116 MPH after</li> </ul>		1001).							
<ul> <li>(8) Wing Flaps - UP (if extended)</li> <li>(9) Secure Inoperative Engine as <ul> <li>(a) Auxiliary Fuel Pump</li> <li>(b) Mixture - IDLE CUT-C</li> <li>(c) Magneto Switches - C</li> <li>(d) Generator Switch - C</li> <li>(e) Fuel Selector Valve</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	A) in small increments. 5 Follows: - OFF. DFF. DFF. DFF.								
performance is so far below opt: suitable recommended safe single- maintained more easily while the	oplement states, "The twin-engin full control deflections can c on one engine inoperative and oplane is controllable at the mini- lumum that continued flight near engine speed is 100 MPH, sin e landing gear is being ret	e airplane must reach the minimum ounteract the adverse rolling and full power operation on the other nimum control speed, the airplane the ground is improbable. A more nce at this speed altitude can be							

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toward the operative engine." facts should be used as a guide engine failure is advisable under m take-off than is airspeed in excess lost much more rapidly than is al is improbable with the landing ge the airspeed be allowed to fall altitude is lost, since this sp altitude loss, than any lesser speed A checklist found in airplane, for	at the time of engine failure: nost circumstances; (2) altitude as of the best single-engine clin titude; (3) climb or continued is ear extended and the propeller with below the engine-out best a beed will always provide a bett l."	<pre>(1) discontinuing a take-off upon is more valuable to safety after mb speed since excess airspeed is level flight at moderate altitude indmilling; (4) in no case should angle-of-climb speed, even though ter chance of climb, or a smaller</pre>
(at or above 105 MPH; no runway re follows:		-
<pre>"- Pilot's discretion - Go Around Maintain Directional Control Throttles, Propellers, Mixtures - Gear, Flaps - Up Fuel Pumps - On/As Required Fuel Selectors - Proper Tanks Magnetos - On Identify (foot), Verify (throttle) Inoperative Engine (Mixture, Mags, The airplane was released to the own</pre>	, Feather (inop) Pump) - Off"	2003.

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AVIATION ETYBON	Occu	Irrence Type	e: Accident						
Landing Facility/Approach Information									
Airport Name		Airport ID:	Airport Elevation	Run	way Used	Runwa	ay Length	Run	way Width
Brackett Field		POC	1011 Ft. MSI	_ 26	L	4839		75	
Runway Surface Type: Asphalt			1	I		1			
Runway Surface Condition: Dry									
Approach/Arrival Flown: NONE									
VFR Approach/Landing: Forced Landing									
Aircraft Information							1		
Aircraft Manufacturer     Model/Series     Serial Number       Cessna     310I     310I0145									
Airworthiness Certificate(s): Normal									
Landing Gear Type: Retractable - Tricycle									
Amateur Built Acft? No         Number of Seats: 6         Certified Max Gross Wt.         5100 LBS         Number of Engines: 2								s: 2	
Engine Type:Engine Manufacturer:Model/Series:Rated PowReciprocatingContinentalIO-470-U260 HP									
- Aircraft Inspection Information									
Type of Last Inspection		Date of La	st Inspection	Time Si	nce Last Inspe				otal Time
Annual		05/2002			516	60.5 Ho	ours	61	58.1 Hours
- Emergency Locator Transmitter (ELT) Information									
ELT Installed?/Type Yes /		ELT Opera	ated? No	ELT Ai	ded in Locating	g Accid	ent Site?	No	
Owner/Operator Information									
Registered Aircraft Owner		Street	Address						
Michael A. Brand	City							Zip Code 91740	
Glendora CA 91740 Street Address									191740
Operator of Aircraft									
								Zip Code	
Operator Does Business As: N/A				0	perator Desigr	nator Co	ode:		
- Type of U.S. Certificate(s) Held: None									
Air Carrier Operating Certificate(s):									
Operating Certificate:			Operator Certif	cate:					
Regulation Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: Gener	al Aviat	tion							
Type of Flight Operation Conducted: Personal									
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AVIATI ETY BO	Ner		Occurren	ce Type: Ac	cident								
First Pilot Information													
Name					City					State	Da	te of Birth	Age
On File					On Fi	le				On File	0	n File	44
Sex: M Seat Occupied	: Left	Oc	cupational Pi	ilot? Unkno	own				Cei	rtificate Nu	umber:	: On File	
Certificate(s): Fligh	nt Instructor	; Commerci	al; Private						•				
Airplane Rating(s): Mult	i-engine Lai	nd; Single-e	ngine Land										
Rotorcraft/Glider/LTA: Helio	copter		-										
Instrument Rating(s): Airpl	-	oter											
		engine; Hel	icopter; Ins	trument He	licopte	r							
Current Biennial Flight Revie	ew? 01/200	1											
Medical Cert.: Class 2	Medica	al Cert. Statu	s: Valid Me	dicalno w	aivers/	lim.		Da	e of La	ast Medica	al Exai	m: <b>10/2001</b>	
- Flight Time Matrix	All A/C	This Make and Model	Airplane Single Engine	Airplane Mult-Engine	Ni	ght	Actua	Instrument	imulated	Rotorc	raft	Glider	Lighter Than Air
Total Time	4891	15		15							4396		
Pilot In Command(PIC)													
Instructor							<u> </u>					ļ	
Instruction Received													
Last 90 Days													
Last 30 Days										_			
Last 24 Hours													
Seatbelt Used? Yes	Shou	ulder Harness	s Used?			Toxico	ology P	erformed	? Yes		Seco	nd Pilot? No	)
Flight Plan/Itinerary													
Type of Flight Plan Filed: No	one					_							
Departure Point						State	;	Airport I	dentifie	er De	partur	e Time	Time Zone
La Verne CA POC 1230 PDT										PDT			
Destination State Airport Identifier													
Local Flight													
Type of Clearance: VFR													
Type of Airspace: Class	D												
Weather Information													
Source of Wx Information:													
Unkno	wn												
			FACTUAI	L REPORT	- AVI	ATIO	N						Page 3

Courrence Date: 07/04/2002 Courrence Type: Accident         Veather Time         Weather Information       Time Zone       WOF Elevation       WOF Distance From Accident Site       Direction From Accident Site         POC       1237       PDT       1011 Ft. MSL       Vor Elevation       Elevation       Note       Direction From Accident Site         POC       1237       PDT       1011 Ft. MSL       Vor Elevation       Elevation       Condition: Partial Coscilent Site       Direction From Accident Site         Styl Lowest Cloud Condition: Partial Obscuration       Price Call       Visibility:       5       SM       Altimeter:       29.96       "Hg         Temperature:       °C       Dew Point:       °C       Weather Conditions at Accident Site       Visual Site       Visual Site       Visual Site       Visual Site         Visibility (RVR):       Ft.       Visibility (RVV)       SM       Altimeter:       29.96       "Hg         Aircraft Fire: None       None       Visibility Colspan="2">Visibility Colspan="2">Visibility Colspan="2">Visibility Colspan="2">Visibility Colspan="2">Visibility Colspan="2"         Visibility Colspan="2"       Visibility Colspan="2"       Visibility Colspan="2"          Visibility Colspan="	Nationa	al Transportation Safety	Board		NTSB ID:	LAX02	FA214								
Variable V		FACTUAL REPORT Occurrence Date: 07/04/2002													
Weather Information           WOE ID         Observation Time         Time Zone         WOF Elevation         WOF Distance From Accident Site         Direction From Accident Site           POC         1237         PDT         1011 Ft. MSL         NM         Deg. Mag.           SkylLowest Cloud Condition: Partial Obscuration         Partial Obscuration         Ft. AGL         Visibility:         5         SM         Attimeter:         29.96         "Hg           Lowest Coaling: None             Ft. AGL         Visibility:         5         SM         Attimeter:         29.96         "Hg           Temperature:         °C															
WOF ID         Observation Time         Time Zone         WOF Elevation         WOF Distance From Accident Site         Direction From Accident Site           POC         1237         PDT         1011 Ft. MSL         NM         Deg. Mag.           SkyLowest Cloud Condition:         Partial Obscuration         Ft. AGL         Condition Uight: Day         Condition Uight: Day           Lowest Celling: None         Ft. AGL         Visibility:         5         SM         Attimeter:         29.96         "Hg           Temperature:         °C         Dew Point:         °C         Wether Conditions at Accident Site:         Visual Conditions           Wind Direction:         250         Wind Speed: 7         Wind Gusts:         Visibility (RVR):         Ft.         Visibility (RVV)         SM           Precip and/or Obscuration:         Aircraft Fire: None         Aircraft Explosion None         Aircraft Explosion None           - Injury Summary Matrix         Fatel         Serious         Minor         None         TOTAL           First Plot         1         Image:         Image:         Image:         Image:         Image:           Skudent Plot         1         Image:         Image:         Image:         Image:         Image:           Skudent Plot	Weather					,,									
POC       1237       PDT       1011 FL MSL       NM       Deg. Mag.         SkyLovest Cloud Condition: Partier Descuration       FL AGL       Condition: FL SU       Condition: FL SU       Condition: FL SU       SM       Attimeter       29.96       'Hg         Temperature:       °C       Verified State       Visibility:       5       SM       Attimeter:       29.96       'Hg         Temperature:       °C       Verified State       Visibility:       SM       Attimeter:       29.96       'Hg         Mind Direction:       250       Wind Speed: 7       Visibility:       <			Time Zone	w	OF Elevati	on	WOF D	istance Fron	n Accio	dent Site		Direction Fro	m Accident S	ite	
Ft. AGL         Condition of Light: Day           Lowest Ceiling: None         Ft. AGL         Visibility: 5         SM         Altimeter:         29.96         "Hg           Temperature:         °C         Dew Point:         °C         Weather Conditions at Accident Site: Visual Conditions           Wind Direction: 250         Wind Speed: 7         Wind Gusts:           Visibility (RVV)         SM           Accident Information           Accident Information           Aircraft Fire: None         Aircraft Explosion None															
Lowest Ceiling: None         Ft. AGL         Visibility:         5         SM         Altimeter:         29.96         "Hg           Temperature:         °C         Dew Point:         °C         Weather Conditions at Accident Site: Visual Conditions           Wind Direction: 250         Wind Speed: 7         Wind Gusts:         Visibility (RVR):         Ft.         Visibility (RVV)         SM           Precip and/or Obscuration:         Ft.         Visibility (RVV)         SM         Aircraft Explosion None           Accident Information         Aircraft Fire: None         Aircraft Explosion None         Aircraft Explosion None           - Injury Summary Matrix         Fatal         Serious         Minor         None         TOTAL           First Plid         1          1         Serious         Serious         Serious           Student Plot         1           1         Serious         Serious         Serious         Serious           Flight Instructor         1           1         Serieus         Serieus         Serieus         Serieus           Check Plot         1           1         Serieus         Serieus         Serieus         Serieus         Serieus <td< td=""><td>POC</td><td>1237</td><td>PDT</td><td></td><td>1011 Ft.</td><td>MSL</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>NM</td><td></td><td></td><td>Deg</td><td>g. Mag.</td></td<>	POC	1237	PDT		1011 Ft.	MSL				NM			Deg	g. Mag.	
Temperature:         °C         Dew Point:         °C         Weather Conditions at Accident Site: Visual Conditions           Wind Direction: 250         Wind Speed: 7         Wind Gusts:         Visual Conditions           Visibility (RVR):         Ft.         Visibility (RVV)         SM           Precip and/or Obscuration:         Ft.         Visibility (RVV)         SM           Accident Information         Aircraft Fire: None         Aircraft Explosion None           - Injury Summary Matrix         Fatal         Serious         Minor         TOTAL           First Pliot         1         1         1         1           Second Pliot         1         1         1         1           Flight Instructor         1         1         1         1           Check Pliot         1         1         1         1         1           Flight Instructor         1         1         1         1         1           Cabin Attendants         1         1         1         1         1           Passengers         1         1         1         1         1         1	Sky/Lowes	t Cloud Condition: Part	ial Obscurat	tion				Ft. AG	3L	Condition of	of Lig	nt: Day			
Wind Direction: 250     Wind Speed: 7     Wind Gusts:       Visibility (RVR):     Ft.     Visibility (RVV)     SM       Precip and/or Obscuration:      SM         Accident Information         Aircraft Damage: Destroyed     Aircraft Fire: None     Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix     Fatal     Serious     Minor     TOTAL         First Plot     1     1     1         Second Pilot     1     1         Student Pilot     1     1         Flight Instructor     1     1         Pilott Regineer     1     1         Cabin Attendants     1     1       Other Crew     1     1	Lowest Ce	iling: None			Ft.	AGL	Visib	ility:	5	SM	Alti	meter:	29.96	"Hg	
Visibility (RVR):       Ft.       Visibility (RVV)       SM         Precip and/or Obscuration:       Precip and/or Obscuration:         Accident Information         Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       TOTAL         First Pilot       1       1       1       1         Second Pilot       1       1       1       1         Student Pilot       1       1       1       1         Filight Instructor       1       1       1       1         Check Pilot       1       1       1       1         Other Crew       1       1       1       1         Passengers       1       1       1       1	Temperatu	ıre: °C	Dew Point:		°C	Weath	ner Cond	itions at Acc	ident S	Site: Visual	Conc	litions			
Accident Information       Aircraft Damage: Destroyed     Aircraft Fire: None     Aircraft Explosion None       - Injury Summary Matrix     Fatal     Serious     Minor     None     TOTAL       First Pilot     1     1     1     1       Second Pilot     1     1     1       Student Pilot     1     1     1       Flight Instructor     1     1     1       Check Pilot     1     1     1       Flight Engineer     1     1     1       Other Crew     1     1     1       Passengers     1     1     1	Wind Direc	tion: 250	Wind Sp	beed: 7			Win	d Gusts:							
Accident Information       Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       TOTAL         First Pilot       1        1       1         Second Pilot       1        1       1         Student Pilot       1        1       1         Flight Instructor       1        1       1         Check Pilot       1        1       1         Gabin Attendants       1        1       1         Other Crew       1        1       1         Passengers       1        1       1         -TOTAL ABOARD -       2        1       1	Visibility (R	RVR): Ft.	Visibility	/ (RVV)		SM									
Accident Information         Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         First Pilot       1        1       1         Second Pilot       1       1       1         Student Pilot       1       1       1         Flight Instructor       1       1       1         Check Pilot       1       1       1         Gabin Attendants       1       1       1         Other Crew       1       1       1         Passengers       1       1       1         -TOTAL ABOARD -       2       1       1	Precip and	l/or Obscuration:													
Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         First Pilot       1       1       1       1       1         Second Pilot       1       1       1       1       1         Student Pilot       1       1       1       1       1         Flight Instructor       1       1       1       1       1         Check Pilot       1       1       1       1       1       1         Gabin Attendants       1       1       1       1       1       1       1         Passengers       1															
Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         First Pilot       1        1       1       1         Second Pilot       1        1       1       1         Student Pilot       1        1       1       1         Flight Instructor       1        1       1       1         Check Pilot       1        1       1       1       1         Clabin Attendants       1        1       1       1       1         Passengers       1        1       1       1       1       1         -TOTAL ABDARD-       2        1       2       2       1       1															
Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         First Pilot       1        1       1       1         Second Pilot       1        1       1       1         Student Pilot       1        1       1       1         Flight Instructor       1        1       1       1         Check Pilot       1        1       1       1       1         Clabin Attendants       1       1       1       1       1       1         Passengers       1       1       1       1       1       1       1         -TOTAL ABOARD -       2       1       1       2       2       1       1															
Aircraft Damage: Destroyed       Aircraft Fire: None       Aircraft Explosion None         - Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         First Pilot       1        1       1       1         Second Pilot       1        1       1       1         Student Pilot       1        1       1       1         Flight Instructor       1        1       1       1         Check Pilot       1        1       1       1       1         Clabin Attendants       1       1       1       1       1       1         Passengers       1       1       1       1       1       1       1         -TOTAL ABOARD -       2       1       1       2       2       1       1	Accident	Information													
- Injury Summary Matrix       Fatal       Serious       Minor       None       TOTAL         First Pilot       1       1       1       1       1         Second Pilot       1       1       1       1         Student Pilot       1       1       1       1         Flight Instructor       1       1       1       1         Check Pilot       1       1       1       1         Flight Engineer       1       1       1       1         Other Crew       1       1       1       1         Passengers       1       1       1       1         -TOTAL ABOARD -       2       1       2       2					\ircraft Fin	a. None				Aircraft Exr	olosio	n None			
First Pilot111Second PilotIIIIStudent PilotIIIIFlight InstructorIIIICheck PilotIIIIFlight EngineerIIIIOther CrewIIIIPassengers1II1- TOTAL ABOARD -2II2	Alicial Dai	nage. Destroyed									510310				
First Pilot111Second PilotIIIIStudent PilotIIIIFlight InstructorIIIICheck PilotIIIIFlight EngineerIIIIOther CrewIIIIPassengers1II1- TOTAL ABOARD -2II2		mmore Motrix	Fotol	Corious	Mino		None	тота							
Second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotStudent PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotFlight InstructorImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotCheck PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotFlight EngineerImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotCabin AttendantsImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotOther CrewImage: Constraint of the second PilotImage: Constraint of the second PilotPassengers1Image: Constraint of the second Pilot- TOTAL ABOARD -2Image: Constraint of the second Pilot				Serious	IVIINC	or	None								
Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotFlight InstructorImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotCheck PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotFlight EngineerImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotCabin AttendantsImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotOther CrewImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotPassengersImage: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student Pilot- TOTAL ABOARD -Image: Student PilotImage: Student PilotImage: Student Pilot			'					'							
Flight InstructorImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotCheck PilotImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotFlight EngineerImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotCabin AttendantsImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotOther CrewImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotImage: Check PilotPassengers1Image: Check PilotImage: Check Pilot- TOTAL ABOARD -2Image: Check PilotImage: Check Pilot									1						
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Other CrewImage: Constraint of the second secon															
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National Transportation Safety Board	NTSB ID: LAX02FA214	
FACTUAL REPORT	Occurrence Date: 07/04/2002	
AVIATION	Occurrence Type: Accident	
Administrative Information	·	·
Investigator-In-Charge (IIC)		
Jason A. Ragogna		
Additional Persons Participating in This Accident	/Incident Investigation:	
Brad Howard Federal Avitaion Administration Riversdie, CA		
Henry Soderlund Cessna Aircraft Wichita, KS		
Michael Grimes Teledyne Continental Motors Mobile, AL		
Thomas M Knopp McCauley Propeller Systems Vandalia, OH		