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In cooperation with
Missouri Department of Natural Resources; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service;
Missouri Department of
Conservation; Oregon
County Soil and Water
Conservation District; and Oregon County Commission

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service


## Soil Survey of Oregon County, Missouri, Western and Southern Parts



## How To Use This Soil Survey

## General Soil Map

The general soil map, which is a color map, shows the survey area divided into groups of associated soils called general soil map units. This map is useful in planning the use and management of large areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the map, identify the name of the map unit in the area on the color-coded map legend, then refer to the section General Soil Map Units for a general description of the soils in your area.

## Detailed Soil Maps

The detailed soil maps can be useful in planning the use and management of small areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the Index to Map Sheets. Note the number of the map sheet and turn to that sheet.

Locate your area of interest on the map sheet. Note the map unit symbols that are in that area. Turn to the Contents, which lists the map units by symbol and name and shows the page where each map unit is described.

The Contents shows which table has data on a specific land use for each detailed soil map unit. Also see the Contents for sections of this publication that may address your specific needs.


MAP SHEET

This soil survey is a publication of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly the Soil Conservation Service) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Major fieldwork for this soil survey was completed in 2001. Soil names and descriptions were approved in 2002. Unless otherwise indicated, statements in this publication refer to conditions in the survey area in 2002. This survey was made cooperatively by the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Missouri Department of Natural Resources; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; Missouri Department of Conservation; Oregon County Soil and Water Conservation District; and Oregon County Commission. The survey is part of the technical assistance furnished to the Oregon County Soil and Water Conservation District.

Soil maps in this survey may be copied without permission. Enlargement of these maps, however, could cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping. If enlarged, maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a larger scale.

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## Cover: Eleven Point River, north of State Highway 142.

Additional information about the Nation's natural resources is available on the Natural Resources Conservation Service home page on the World Wide Web. The address is http://www.nrcs.usda.gov.

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## Foreword

This soil survey contains information that affects land use planning in this survey area. It contains predictions of soil behavior for selected land uses. The survey also highlights soil limitations, improvements needed to overcome the limitations, and the impact of selected land uses on the environment.

This soil survey is designed for many different users. Farmers, ranchers, foresters, and agronomists can use it to evaluate the potential of the soil and the management needed for maximum food and fiber production. Planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers can use the survey to plan land use, select sites for construction, and identify special practices needed to ensure proper performance. Conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, wildlife management, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the survey to help them understand, protect, and enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. The information in this report is intended to identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. Statements made in this report are intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are shallow to bedrock. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

These and many other soil properties that affect land use are described in this soil survey. Broad areas of soils are shown on the general soil map. The location of each soil is shown on the detailed soil maps. Each soil in the survey area is described. Information on specific uses is given for each soil. Help in using this publication and additional information are available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

Roger A. Hansen
State Conservationist
Natural Resources Conservation Service

# Soil Survey of Oregon County, Missouri, Western and Southern Parts 

By Sidney A. Vander Veen and John D. Preston<br>Fieldwork by Sidney A. Vander Veen, Natural Resources Conservation Service, and Michael J. Moore, Scott F. Paine, and Robert D. Rouse, Missouri Department of Natural Resources<br>United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, in cooperation with the Missouri Department of Natural Resources; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; Missouri Department of Conservation; Oregon County Soil and Water Conservation District; and Oregon County Commission

Oregon County is in the south-central part of Missouri (fig. 1). The survey area has a total area of 375,354 acres, or about 587 square miles. The county is bordered on the north by Shannon and Carter Counties, Missouri; on the west by Howell County, Missouri; on the east by Carter and Ripley Counties, Missouri; and on the south by Fulton, Sharp, and Randolph Counties, Arkansas. Alton, the county seat, is in the central part of the county. According to the 2000 census, the population of Oregon County was 10,344 and the population of Alton was 688 . Other communities include Greer, Koshkonong, Myrtle, Thayer, and Thomasville.

A majority of the county supports timber, both mature and regenerating stands. The remaining areas are used for pasture and hay, including some gently sloping and moderately sloping areas of uplands and a major part of the bottomlands. Beef and dairy cattle are the dominant livestock species in the county. Cool-season grasses and shallow-rooted and deep-rooted legumes, including fescue, red clover, and alfalfa, are the main forage species grown for pasture and hay.

The county is dominantly rural. The local economy is based on retail business, livestock farming, service facilities, and tourism. Several small towns have business districts that are supported by the surrounding rural areas.

The Forest Service manages 97,380 acres of the county, most of which is not included in the survey


Figure 1.-Location of Oregon County in Missouri.
area. This acreage is extensively used for hunting, camping, and hiking.

## General Nature of the County

This section gives general information about the county. It describes climate, history and development, and relief and drainage.

## Climate

By the Natural Resources Conservation Service, National Water and Climate Center, Portland, Oregon.

The climate tables were created from data recorded at West Plains, Missouri, in Howell County. No longterm climate stations are in Oregon County. Thunderstorm days, relative humidity, percent sunshine, and wind information were estimated from data recorded at the First Order station at Springfield, Missouri.

Table 1 gives data on temperature and precipitation for the survey area as recorded at West Plains in the period 1961 to 1990 . Table 2 shows probable dates of the first freeze in fall and the last freeze in spring. Table 3 provides data on the length of the growing season.

In winter, the average temperature is 38.2 degrees $F$ and the average daily minimum temperature is 23.3 degrees. The lowest temperature on record, which occurred at West Plains on February 2, 1951, was -21 degrees. In summer, the average temperature is 75.4 degrees and the average daily maximum temperature is 87.5 degrees. The highest temperature, which occurred at West Plains on July 12, 1980, was 107 degrees.

Growing degree days are shown in table 1. They are equivalent to "heat units." During the month, growing degree days accumulate by the amount that the average temperature each day exceeds a base temperature ( 50 degrees $F$ ). The normal monthly accumulation is used to schedule single or successive plantings of a crop between the last freeze in spring and the first freeze in fall.

The average annual total precipitation is about 45.05 inches. Of this, about 27.0 inches, or 60 percent, usually falls in April through October. The growing season for most crops falls within this period. The heaviest 1 -day rainfall during the period of record was 5.35 inches at West Plains on April 3, 1957. Thunderstorms occur on about 52 days each year, and most occur in May through August.

The average seasonal snowfall is 13 inches. The greatest snow depth at any one time during the period of record was 16 inches recorded on February 8, 1980. On an average, 13 days per year have at least 1 inch of snow on the ground. The heaviest 1-day snowfall on record was 15 inches recorded on March 9, 1984.

The average relative humidity in midafternoon is about 60 percent. Humidity is higher at night, and the average at dawn is about 83 percent. The sun shines 66 percent of the time in summer and 50 percent in winter. The prevailing wind is from the south for most
of the year, but it is from the northwest in February and March. Average windspeed is highest, 11 to 12 miles per hour, in November through April.

## History and Development

Prepared by Robert D. Rouse, soil scientist, Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

The earliest inhabitants in the survey area were Native Americans. The Osage and Quapaw Indians were the major tribes, with the Osage Tribe having the largest population. In the early 1800's, an Englishspeaking trapper from North Carolina, Edmund Jennings, discovered the Eleven Point River. In 1809 while the area was still part of New Madrid County, Charles Hatcher, a Revolutionary War veteran, settled in the area near what is now Thomasville. On January 15,1815 , the county boundaries were changed and this area became part of Lawrence County in the Territory of Missouri. Four years later, six families from Kentucky moved into the area. Most of the early settlers came from Kentucky, Tennessee, and Virginia. The settlers found large pine forests in the northern and eastern parts and dense mixed hardwood forests throughout the rest of the county. Because the settlers had strong religious beliefs, they used the abundant wood supply to construct buildings that could be used as places to assemble to hear circuit rider preachers. The buildings were also used for schools, government functions, and community get-togethers. The first organized church in the area was the Richland Baptist Church in Thomasville.
The population continued to increase for some years. In 1835 Captain Samuel W. Greer homesteaded near a large spring that still bears his name. He built a mill at the bottom of the hill, the location of which many locals referred to as "one-half mile down and ten miles back up." This was the first mill in the area. He later built a new mill at the top of the hill and brought power up the hill through a system of cables and wheels.

In 1841 Lawrence County was divided, and part of it became Ripley County. In 1845 Ripley County was divided, and Oregon County was established. Then in 1857 Oregon County was divided into Howell County and the present-day Oregon County (USGenWeb Project). In 1845 the town of Thomasville was the largest settlement in the area and was centrally located; therefore, it was established as the county seat. John and Matilda Thomas donated 10 acres of land for the town. In 1859 the county seat was moved to Alton, which was in the center of the county after it was divided in 1857.

The first wedding in the survey area was the union of Noah Stanley and Frances Bennet on January 26,

1845, which was 20 days before the official organization of Oregon County. The first execution in the area took place in 1847; a murderer was hanged in Thomasville from a bur oak tree that still stands between the Eleven Point River and Middle Fork Creek (Conrad, 1901).

Alton continued to grow with the addition of a courthouse and school in 1860. As with much of southern Missouri, however, Oregon County was devastated by the Civil War. Most of the population was sympathetic to the southern cause and many joined the Confederate Army even though Union troops occupied the courthouse during part of the war. On October 21, 1863, the Union troops burned the courthouse and left the town. The county records were saved, however, because Matthew G. Norman and others hid them in a cave along Piney Creek.

After the war, the process of rebuilding began and the county began to progress. In 1871 John Buckley established the county's first newspaper, the "South Missourian," at Thomasville.

By 1875 C.L. Johnson, or "Uncle Lum," started operating a ferry at Riverton. The ferry continued operating until the early 1900's (Grooms).

The Kansas City, Springfield, and Memphis Railroad came to Oregon County in 1880, bringing with it many changes. The railroad planned to locate a roundhouse in Mammoth Springs, Arkansas, but because of the exorbitant cost for 40 acres, they located in Oregon County instead. The railroad community was first know as Division, then Augusta, and finally incorporated as Thayer in 1885. Oregon and Howell Counties experienced a brief era as the most popular fruit-growing area in the nation. Many sawmills were built to produce timber. The railroad was used to ship fruit and timber from the county.

The turn of the century brought about many more changes to the economy. By 1920 Model T Fords were being shipped by train to Thayer where mechanics assembled them and drove them to Alton to be sold by Gum Motors. In the early 1940's, the Rural Electric Association brought electricity to the county. Prior to this, Phillip Botts and his brothers operated a Delco System generator that produced electricity for Alton (Oregon County History Book Committee).

On a weekend in 1964, the Beatles caused much excitement throughout the county when they stayed at the Pigman Ranch, south of Riverton. They enjoyed fishing, horseback riding, swimming, and go-cart riding.

Census reports indicate that the population of Oregon County continued to increase throughout the 1800's and early 1900's, breaking the 10,000 mark in 1890 with 10,467. The peak population was 14,681 in
1910. During the 1930's through 1950's, the population averaged 12,529. It continued to decline through the 1980's, with an average of 9,754 , but in the 1990's the average increased to 9,901 .

Timber still remains a major industry in the survey area; however, the hopes of the area becoming a major fruit-producing region have long since faded. Production of feeder pigs and beef cattle and related enterprises are the dominant agricultural industries in the area.

## Relief and Drainage

Prepared by Robert D. Rouse, soil scientist, Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

The surface features of the survey area consist of a wide variety of landscapes. The area is on the Salem Plateau of the Springfield-Salem Plateaus section in the Ozark Plateaus province. Elevation ranges from 1,085 feet in the northwestern part of the area, in sections 31 and 32, near where Oregon, Shannon, and Howell Counties join, to slightly less than 340 feet where the Eleven Point River flows into Randolph County, Arkansas, in the southeastern corner of the area (Missouri Department of Natural Resources, 1986).

The survey area has a major divide across the southern portion. It is near where U.S. Highway 160 enters the area from Howell County and extends southeast through Rover to south of Myrtle. This divide separates the Eleven Point River watershed from the Spring River watershed. It branches to the east, generally following U.S. Highway 160 to Many Springs, then continues southeast to just north of Billmore and ends at the confluence of Frederick Creek and the Eleven Point River. It has many broad lateral ridges that extend from the main divide and continue east, west, and south across the area. The highest portion of the divide consists of narrow undulating ridges with many high convex hills. Pennsylvanian residual clay underlies some of the convex summits in this part of the divide. Lateral ridges that extend from the main divide are lower in elevation, broader, and flatter. Jefferson City residual clay underlies the upper portion of these broad gently sloping and sloping ridges. Roubidoux residual clay underlies the lower portion of these ridges.

The survey area has been deeply dissected by two major rivers and their tributaries. The southwestern corner is drained by tributaries of the Spring River. The upper tributaries are flanked by very steep hillsides and narrow gravelly flood plains. The lower tributaries are flanked by steep hillsides and broad silty and loamy bottoms. The Spring River has more than 245
square miles of drainageways. The rest of the survey area is drained by tributaries of the Eleven Point River. Sloping hillsides, gently sloping basins, and broad stream terraces flank the upper watershed. The lower watershed is flanked by very steep hillsides. More than 30 streams with more than 1,000 square miles of drainageways feed into the Eleven Point River. This river has almost 14.5 square miles of watershed for each mile of permanent stream. All of the watersheds in the survey area eventually drain south into Arkansas.

## How This Survey Was Made

This survey was made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The information includes a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location and a discussion of their suitability, limitations, and management for specified uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They dug many holes to study the soil profile, which is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area are in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept or model of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit.

Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

The descriptions, names, and delineations of the soils in this survey area do not fully agree with those of
the soils in adjacent survey areas. Differences are the result of a better knowledge of soils, modifications in series concepts, or variations in the intensity of mapping or in the extent of the soils in the survey area.

## General Soil Map Units

The general soil map in this publication shows broad areas that have a distinctive pattern of soils, relief, and drainage. Each map unit on the general soil map is a unique natural landscape. Typically, it consists of one or more major soils or miscellaneous areas and some minor soils or miscellaneous areas.
It is named for the major soils or miscellaneous areas. The components of one map unit can occur in another but in a different pattern.

The general soil map can be used to compare the suitability of large areas for general land uses. Areas of suitable soils can be identified on the map. Likewise, areas where the soils are not suitable can be identified.

Because of its small scale, the map is not suitable for planning the management of a farm or field or for selecting a site for a road or building or other structure. The soils in any one map unit differ from place to place in slope, depth, drainage, and other characteristics that affect management.

## 1. Secesh-Pomme-Tilk association

Extent of survey area: 16 percent
Composition (fig. 2):
Secesh and similar soils- 32 percent
Pomme and similar soils- 30 percent
Tilk and similar soils-28 percent
Minor components-10 percent
Minor components: Batcave, Deible, Farewell, Lostpond, Possumtrot, Racket, Razort, Relfe, Sandbur, Taterhill, Tonti, Tanglenook, Wideman, Winnipeg, and Zanoni soils
Landscape position:
Secesh-flood plains of small streams
Pomme-footslopes of major streams
Tilk-flood plains of small streams
Parent material:
Secesh-loamy alluvium
Pomme-loess over colluvium and alluvium
Tilk-gravelly alluvium
Slope gradient:
Secesh-0 to 3 percent

Pomme- 3 to 8 percent
Tilk-0 to 3 percent

## 2. Clarksville-Bendavis association

## Extent of survey area: 10 percent

 Composition(fig. 3):Clarksville and similar soils-40 percent
Bendavis and similar soils- 35 percent
Minor components-25 percent
Minor components: Alred, Bender, Coulstone,
Gatewood, Poynor. Scholten, and Tilk soils
Landscape position: Backslopes
Parent material:
Clarksville-colluvium and residuum
Bendavis-slope alluvium
Slope gradient: 15 to 60 percent

## 3. Scholten-Poynor association

Extent of survey area: 31 percent Composition (fig. 4):

Scholten and similar soils-40 percent
Poynor and similar soils-32 percent
Minor components-28 percent
Minor components: Alred, Bendavis, Clarksville, and Tonti soils
Landscape position: Ridgetops, shoulder slopes, and backslopes
Parent material: Slope alluvium and underlying residuum
Slope gradient: 3 to 35 percent

## 4. Fanchon-Tonti-Poynor association

Extent of survey area: 8 percent
Composition (fig. 4):
Fanchon and similar soils- 35 percent
Tonti and similar soils- 20 percent
Poynor and similar soils-20 percent
Minor components-25 percent


Figure 2.-Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Secesh-Pomme-Tilk and Alred-Bendavis-Ocie associations.

Minor components: Branson, Scholten, Splitimb, and Taterhill soils
Landscape position: Ridgetops and shoulder slopes

## Parent material:

Fanchon-silty slope alluvium and underlying colluvium and residuum
Tonti and Poynor-gravelly slope alluvium and underlying clayey residuum
Slope gradient:
Fanchon and Tonti-3 to 8 percent
Poynor-1 to 15 percent

## 5. Alred-Gatewood association

Extent of survey area: 16 percent Composition (fig. 5):

Alred and similar soils- 65 percent
Gatewood and similar soils-25 percent
Minor components-10 percent
Minor components: Gressy, Ocie, and Viraton soils
Landscape position: Ridgetops, shoulder slopes, and backslopes

Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium and underlying clayey residuum
Slope gradient: 1 to 35 percent

## 6. Alred-Bendavis-Ocie association

## Extent of survey area: 3 percent

Composition (fig. 2):
Alred and similar soils-50 percent
Bendavis and similar soils-15 percent
Ocie and similar soils- 15 percent Minor components-20 percent
Minor components: Clarksville, Gatewood, Poynor, and Scholten soils
Landscape position: Ridgetops, shoulder slopes, and backslopes
Parent material:
Alred and Ocie-gravelly slope alluvium and underlying clayey residuum
Bendavis-gravelly slope alluvium
Slope gradient: 1 to 35 percent

## 7. Alred association

Extent of survey area: 15 percent
Composition (fig. 3):
Alred and similar soils- 75 percent
Minor components-25 percent
Minor components: Gressy, Ocie, Pomme, Poynor, Scholten, and Viraton soils
Landscape position: Narrow ridgetops, shoulder slopes, and backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium and underlying clayey residuum
Slope gradient: 1 to 35 percent

## 8. Tick association

Extent of survey area: 1 percent
Composition (fig. 5):
Tick and similar soils-80 percent
Minor components-20 percent
Minor components: Alred, Bendavis, Egyptgrove, Kenaga, and Taterhill soils
Landscape position: Narrow ridgetops, shoulder slopes, and backslopes
Parent material: Residuum derived from dense, clayey lacustrine sediment
Slope gradient: 3 to 50 percent


Figure 3.-Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Clarksville-Bendavis and Alred associations.


Figure 4.-Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Scholten-Poynor and Fanchon-Tonti-Poynor associations.


Figure 5.-Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Alred-Gatewood and Tick associations.

## Detailed Soil Map Units

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in this survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this section, along with the maps, can be used to determine the suitability and potential of a unit for specific uses. They also can be used to plan the management needed for those uses.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. The contrasting components are mentioned in the map unit descriptions. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives the principal hazards and limitations to be considered in planning for specific uses.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a soil series. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into soil phases. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Pomme silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, is a phase of the Pomme series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes.

A complex consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Scholten-Bendavis-Poynor complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes, is an example.

This survey includes miscellaneous areas. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Borrow areas is an example.

Table 4 gives the acreage and proportionate extent
of each map unit. Other tables give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. The Glossary defines many of the terms used in describing the soils or miscellaneous areas.

## 70025—Branson-Splitlimb complex, 1 to 3 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform:Hills

## Component Description

## Branson

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Loess over slope alluvium
Slope shape: Concave
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
Bt1-8 to 26 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-26 to 40 inches; silty clay loam
2Bt3-40 to 80 inches; silty clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Splitlimb

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Loess over silty slope alluvium
Slope shape: Concave
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 12 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; silt loam
Bt1-10 to 20 inches; silt loam
Bt2-20 to 29 inches; silt loam
2Bt3-29 to 80 inches; silty clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Fanchon and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Pomme and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Grandgulf and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Soils that have a very gravelly subsoil
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 71250—Britwater silt loam, 1 to 3 percent

 slopes, rarely flooded
## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces ffig. 6)
Component Description
Britwater
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Low
Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: Rare
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam


Figure 6.-Area of Britwater silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded, that is managed for use as wildlife habitat.

Bt1-6 to 22 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—22 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Secesh and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Bearthicket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Soils that have a substratum that is 5 to 45 percent cobbles

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Lostpond and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in
characteristics is available under the heading
"Classification of the Soils."

## 73000—Pomme silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Strath terraces and footslopes

## Component Description

## Pomme

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material:Loamy slope alluvium
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None

Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam
Bt1-7 to 19 inches; silty clay loam
2Bt2-19 to 57 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam $3 \mathrm{Bt} 3-57$ to 80 inches; clay

Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Alred and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Winnipeg and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Viraton and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Eroded areas

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Wasola and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73013-Lowassie silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Sinkholes
Component Description

## Lowassie

Percentage of map unit: 90 percent
Parent material: Silty loess and silty and clayey slope alluvium
Slope shape: Concave
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: At surface
Drainage class: Poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; silt loam
BE-10 to 18 inches; silt loam
Btg1-18 to 36 inches; silty clay
2Btg2-36 to 80 inches; silt loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Splitlimb and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Grandgulf and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73051—Winnipeg silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills
Component Description

## Winnipeg

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Footslopes
Parent material: Loess and silty slope
alluvium
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam
Bt1-6 to 16 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-16 to 44 inches; silty clay loam
3Bt3-44 to 80 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Pomme and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Splitlimb and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

Viraton and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73068-Tick very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills

## Component Description

Tick
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Summits and shoulders
Parent material: Silty slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from mudstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Runoff: High
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 0.1 percent (stones)
Restrictive feature: Dense material at a depth of 22 to 66 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed plant material
A-1 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E-5 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-10 to 18 inches; silty clay loam
Bt2-18 to 42 inches; clay
2Cd-42 to 80 inches; clayey mudstone
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Egyptgrove and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Kenaga and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Alred and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73069-Tick extremely gravelly silt loam,

 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stonyMap Unit Setting
Landform: Hills

## Component Description

Tick
Percentage of map unit: 80 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Silty slope alluvium over clayey
residuum derived from mudstone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0.1 to 3.0 percent (subrounded stones)

Restrictive feature: Dense material at a depth of 22 to 66 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None

Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 5 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-5$ to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-10 to 18 inches; silty clay loam
Bt2—18 to 42 inches; clay
2Cd-42 to 80 inches; clayey mudstone
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Egyptgrove and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Kenaga and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Ocie and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 2 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73073-Scholten-Poynor complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Scholten

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes and shoulders
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 14 to 31 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 12 to 29 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-7$ to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Btx-21 to 34 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
$3 \mathrm{Bt}-34$ to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Poynor

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Shoulders and backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-10 to 28 inches; very gravelly silty clay
loam
2Bt2—28 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 2 to 10 percent
Clarksville and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 2 to 10 percent

## Fanchon and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73080—Alred-Bardley-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

Landform:Hills
Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of the map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0.1 to 3.0 percent (stones)

Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: More than 6 feet
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 4 inches; extremely cobbly loam
E-4 to 17 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
Bt1-17 to 27 inches; extremely cobbly silty clay
loam
2Bt2-27 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bardley

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0.1 to 3.0 percent (stones)

Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches)

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: More than 6 feet
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 4 inches; extremely cobbly loam
$\mathrm{E}-4$ to 8 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam 2Bt-8 to 27 inches; clay
3R-27 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 15 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes

## Minor Components

## Coulstone and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Gatewood and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Moko and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73198-Gressy-Viraton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills ffig. 7)
Component Description

## Gressy

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent


Figure 7.-Alfalfa grown for hay in an area of Gressy-Viraton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes.

## Position on landform: Summits

Parent material: Silty and gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam
Bt1-7 to 31 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-31 to 49 inches; gravelly clay loam
3Bt3-49 to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Viraton

Percentage of map unit: 40 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Loamy colluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 14 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 3 inches; silt loam
E-3 to 7 inches; silt loam
Bt—7 to 23 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

2Btx-23 to 48 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam $3 \mathrm{Bt}-48$ to 80 inches; clay

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Hogcreek and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Wasola and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Splitlimb and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Macedonia and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73199-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very flaggy

## Map Unit Setting

Landform:Hills

## Component Description <br> Moko

Percentage of map unit: 60 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very shallow or shallow (4 to 20 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 3 percent (subangular stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 6 to 20 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

## Typical Profile

A1-0 to 7 inches; extremely flaggy loam
A2-7 to 12 inches; extremely flaggy silt loam
2R-12 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit:20 percent Position on landform: Backslopes

## Minor Components

## Gatewood and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 20 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73221—Poynor extremely gravelly silt loam, karst, 3 to 35 percent slopes, stony

Map Unit Setting

## Landform: Sinkholes

## Component Description

## Poynor

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey
residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 3 percent (subangular stones)
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 4 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

E-4 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1-10 to 28 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2-28 to 80 inches; clay

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Clarksville and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Lowassie and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Grandgulf and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Splitlimb and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73222—Splitlimb silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded Map Unit Setting

Landform: Sinkholes
Component Description

## Splitlimb

Percentage of map unit: 80 percent Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Silty loess over silty slope alluvium Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None

Current depth to water table: At surface to a depth of 21 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; silt loam
Bt1-10 to 20 inches; silt loam
Bt2-20 to 29 inches; silt loam
2Bt3-29 to 80 inches; silty clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Lowassie and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 20 percent
Grandgulf and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 20 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73223-Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills
Component Description

## Coulstone

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 10 percent (subrounded stones)
Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Typical Profile
Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed organic matter

A-1 to 4 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
AE-4 to 11 inches; gravelly sandy loam
Bt1-11 to 31 inches; very gravelly sandy loam 2Bt2-31 to 39 inches; extremely gravelly loam 3Bt3-39 to 80 inches; very cobbly loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bender

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly residuum derived from sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff: Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 10 percent (subrounded stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Typical Profile
Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed plant material
A-1 to 5 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam
Bt1-5 to 21 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam
Bt2—21 to 31 inches; extremely stony sandy loam
2R-31 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Bendavis and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Vertical bluffs

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73226-Ocie-Gatewood complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Ocie

Percentage of map unit:50 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from
chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Runoff: High
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 0.1 percent (stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 40 to 60 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-5 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt2-24 to 56 inches; gravelly clay
3R-56 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Gatewood

Percentage of map unit: 40 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes

Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 0.1 percent (stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 2 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-2 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$2 \mathrm{Bt}-5$ to 36 inches; clay
3R-36 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Moko and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Alred and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Rock outcrop

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 2 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73227—Ocie-Gatewood complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting
Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Ocie

Percentage of map unit: 45 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from
chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0.1 to 3.0 percent (stones)

Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 40 to 60 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-5 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt2-24 to 56 inches; gravelly clay
3R—56 to 80 inches; unweathered bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Gatewood

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff: Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0.1 to 3.0 percent (stones)

Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 2 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-2 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt-5 to 36 inches; clay
3R-36 to 80 inches; unweathered bedrock

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Areas that have steeper slopes and bluffs
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Alred and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Moko and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73230-Coulstone-Bender-Gatewood complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes, rocky, very stony <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills

Component Description

## Coulstone

Percentage of map unit: 45 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 3 percent (subrounded stones)

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

## Typical Profile

Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed organic matter
A-1 to 4 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

AE-4 to 11 inches; gravelly sandy loam
Bt1-11 to 31 inches; very gravelly sandy loam 2Bt2-31 to 39 inches; extremely gravelly loam 3Bt3-39 to 80 inches; very cobbly loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bender

Percentage of map unit: 25 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 3 percent (subrounded stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

## Flooding: None

Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Typical Profile
Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed plant material
A-1 to 5 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam
Bt1-5 to 21 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam
Bt2-21 to 31 inches; extremely stony sandy loam
2R-31 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Gatewood

Percentage of map unit: 20 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 3 percent (stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 2 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-2$ to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt- 5 to 36 inches; clay
3R-36 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Alred and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Moko and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Clarksville and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Vertical bluffs

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73231—Wasola silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Strath terraces

## Component Description

## Wasola

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material:Loamy slope alluvium and colluvium over clayey residuum
Slope shape: Concave
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam
Bt-7 to 22 inches; silty clay loam
$2 B t x-22$ to 30 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam
$3 \mathrm{Bt}-30$ to 80 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Britwater and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Aslinger and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Winnipeg and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Pomme and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73234-Alred-Gatewood complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 55 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 0.1 percent (stones)

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 4 inches; extremely cobbly loam
E-4 to 17 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
Bt1-17 to 27 inches; extremely cobbly silty clay loam
2Bt2-27 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Gatewood

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0 to 0.1 percent (stones)
Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 2 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-2$ to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt- 5 to 36 inches; clay
3R-36 to 80 inches; unweathered bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Moko and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73236-Scholten-Poynor complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills fig. 8)

## Component Description

## Scholten

Percentage of map unit: 55 percent
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape:Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 15 to 29 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None


Figure 8.-Small tracts such as this area of Scholten-Poynor complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes, commonly are used as plots for feeding wildlife.

Current depth to water table: 16 to 26 inches Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-7 to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Btx-21 to 34 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
3Bt-34 to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Poynor

## Percentage of map unit: 30 percent

Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-10 to 28 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2-28 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Clarksville and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73242—Fanchon-Tonti complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills ffig. 9)
Component Description
Fanchon
Percentage of map unit:50 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Loess over gravelly slope alluvium
over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 5 inches; silt loam
AB-5 to 10 inches; silt loam
Bt1- 10 to 28 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-28 to 47 inches; gravelly clay loam 3Bt3-47 to 80 inches; clay

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Tonti

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Loess over gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex


Figure 9.-Tall fescue grown for hay and pasture in an area of Fanchon-Tonti complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes.

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Medium
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 16 to 28 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 14 to 28 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-6$ to 22 inches; silty clay loam
$2 \mathrm{Btx}-22$ to 35 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$3 \mathrm{Bt}-35$ to 80 inches; cobbly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Aslinger and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Poynor and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73243-Topazmill loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Topazmill

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Footslopes
Parent material: Loamy slope alluvium derived from sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 9 inches; loam
Bt1-9 to 31 inches; loam
2Bt2-31 to 80 inches; clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Taterhill and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 1 to 15 percent

## Aslinger and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 1 to 10 percent

## Eroded areas

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73245—Alred very gravelly silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived from chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-3 to 13 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bt-13 to 33 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt- 33 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

Minor Components
Macedonia and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Poynor and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Ocie and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Pomme and similar soils

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73246—Alred very gravelly silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting<br>Landform: Hills

Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)

## Runoff: High

Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-3$ to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-13$ to 33 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt- 33 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Pomme and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Ocie and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73247-Alred extremely gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills <br> Component Description <br> Alred <br> Percentage of map unit: 85 percent <br> Position on landform: Backslopes <br> Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over <br> clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 4 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 17 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
Bt1-17 to 27 inches; extremely cobbly silty clay loam
2Bt2-27 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Ocie and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Areas that have a stony surface

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 3 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

73248—Alred-Bendavis complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes<br>Map Unit Setting<br>Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 60 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
A—0 to 4 inches; extremely cobbly loam
E-4 to 17 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
Bt1-17 to 27 inches; extremely cobbly silty clay loam 2Bt2—27 to 80 inches; clay

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bendavis

Percentage of map unit: 25 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-5$ to 9 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-9 to 25 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2R-25 to 80 inches; bedrock

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Ocie and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Bender and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Clarksville and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73249—Alred-Ocie-Bendavis complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills

Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0.01 to 1.00 percent (subrounded stones)

Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 40 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

Typical Profile
A-0 to 4 inches; extremely cobbly loam
E-4 to 17 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
Bt1-17 to 27 inches; extremely cobbly silty clay loam
2Bt2-27 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Ocie

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0.10 to 3.00 percent (subrounded stones)

Restrictive features: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches; bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 40 to 60 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-5 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt2-24 to 56 inches; gravelly clay
3R-56 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bendavis

Percentage of map unit: 20 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff:Very high

Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments:
0.10 to 3.00 percent (subrounded stones)

Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-3$ to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-14 to 34 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2R-34 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Areas that have a bouldery surface

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73295—Taterhill silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Taterhill

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Footslopes
Parent material: Silty slope alluvium
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 9 inches; silt loam
Bt1-9 to 30 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-30 to 80 inches; gravelly clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Winnipeg and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Aslinger and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73297—Poynor-Scholten complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Poynor

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None

Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-10 to 28 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt2-28 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Scholten

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 15 to 29 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 13 to 27 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 9 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
Bt-9 to 24 inches; extremely gravelly silty clay loam
$2 \mathrm{Btx}-24$ to 33 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
$3 B t-33$ to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Tonti and similar soils
Percentage of map unit:0 to 10 percent

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73298—Tonti-Hogcreek complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

Tonti
Percentage of map unit:60 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 16 to 28 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-8$ to 20 inches; gravelly silty clay loam
2Btx-20 to 34 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
$3 B t-34$ to 80 inches; very gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Hogcreek

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Silty slope alluvium over gravelly slope alluvium
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff:Low
Restrictive features: Fragipan at a depth of 18 to 32 inches; bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 28 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 16 to 32 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 5 inches; silt loam
Bt1-5 to 16 inches; silt loam
Bt2-16 to 22 inches; gravelly silty clay loam 2Btx-22 to 28 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam 3R-28 to 80 inches; bedrock

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

Minor Components

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Fanchon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73300-Macedonia gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Macedonia

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Slope alluvium over clayey residuum
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 5 inches; gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt1}-5$ to 18 inches; silt loam and silty clay loam
2Bt2-18 to 28 inches; silty clay
2Bt3-28 to 80 inches; gravelly clay and clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Fanchon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73301-Tick very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Tick

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Silty slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from mudstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Medium
Restrictive feature: Dense material at a depth of 22 to 66 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-5$ to 10 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bt1-10 to 18 inches; silty clay loam
Bt2-18 to 42 inches; clay
2Cd—42 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Soils that have a silt loam surface layer
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Egyptgrove and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent

## Kenaga and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73303-Kenaga-Egyptgrove complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting
Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Kenaga

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from mudstone
Slope shape: Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Dense material at a depth of 14 to 44 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam
Bt1-6 to 16 inches; silty clay loam
Bt2—16 to 34 inches; silty clay loam
2Btd-34 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Egyptgrove

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from mudstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Dense material at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bt1-7 to 16 inches; silty clay loam
Bt2-16 to 27 inches; gravelly silty clay loam
2Btd-27 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Tick and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73305-Egyptgrove gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Ridges

## Component Description

## Egyptgrove

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Summits

Parent material: Slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from mudstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Dense material at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bt1-7 to 16 inches; silty clay loam
Bt2-16 to 27 inches; gravelly silty clay loam
2Btd-27 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Macedonia and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Kenaga and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent

## Tick and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73308—Grandgulf silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely ponded

Map Unit Setting
Landform: Sinkholes

## Component Description

## Grandgulf

Percentage of map unit: 90 percent Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; silt loam
Bt1-10 to 48 inches; silt loam
Bt2-48 to 80 inches; silt loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Splitlimb and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Tonti and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Soils that have gravel in the profile

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73309—Clarksville-Bendavis complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony <br> Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Hills

Component Description

## Clarksville

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 0.1 percent (stones)

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
$\mathrm{Oi}-0$ to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material
A—1 to 5 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
BE—5 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-11 to 42 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
2Bt2-42 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bendavis

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff: Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0.10 to 3.00 percent (subrounded stones)

Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-3$ to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-14 to 34 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2R—34 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Rock outcrop
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 2 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 30 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Fanchon and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Areas that have stones and boulders on the surface

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73310-Scholten-Bendavis-Poynor complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Scholten

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 15 to 29 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 16 to 26 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 7 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-7$ to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Btx-21 to 34 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
3Bt-34 to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bendavis

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam
E-8 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-10 to 31 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2R-31 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Poynor

Percentage of map unit: 20 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1-10 to 28 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—28 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Bender and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Hogcreek and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Coulstone and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73311-Scholten-Bendavis-Poynor complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Scholten

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 15 to 29 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 16 to 26 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 7 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-7$ to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$2 B t x-21$ to 34 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
3Bt-34 to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bendavis

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
A-0 to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-5 to 9 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-9 to 25 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2R-25 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Poynor

Percentage of map unit: 25 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-10 to 28 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam
2Bt2—28 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Hogcreek and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Clarksville and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Coulstone and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Bender and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73312—Alred-Bendavis complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit:60 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey
residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 4 inches; very gravelly silt loam
E-4 to 9 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1-9 to 26 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam 2Bt2-26 to 80 inches; clay

Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Bendavis

Percentage of map unit: 25 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 24 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam
E-8 to 10 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-10 to 31 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2R-31 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Bender and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Moko and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Ocie and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Gressy and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73317-Tonti-Taterhill complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills
Component Description
Tonti
Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Footslopes
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium derived
from chert over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)

## Runoff: Medium

Restrictive feature: Fragipan at a depth of 16 to 28 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
Bt-8 to 20 inches; gravelly silty clay loam
2Btx-20 to 34 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam
3Bt-34 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Taterhill

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Footslopes
Parent material: Silty slope alluvium over gravelly slope alluvium
Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 9 inches; silt loam
Bt1-9 to 30 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-30 to 80 inches; gravelly clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Topazmill and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Wasola and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73318-Bender-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 35 to 60 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills
Component Description

## Bender

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly residuum derived from sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 3 percent (subrounded stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Typical Profile
Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed plant material
A—1 to 5 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam
Bt1-5 to 21 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam
Bt2-21 to 31 inches; extremely stony sandy loam
2R-31 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Moko

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Parent material: Gravelly residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very shallow or shallow (4 to 20 inches)
Runoff: Very high
Percentage of surface covered by rock fragments: 0 to 3 percent (subrounded stones)
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 6 to 20 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

## Typical Profile

A1-0 to 7 inches; extremely flaggy loam
A2-7 to 12 inches; extremely flaggy silt loam 2R-12 to 80 inches; bedrock

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit:20 percent
Position on landform: Backslopes
Minor Components

## Vertical bluffs

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Coulstone and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent

## Gatewood and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73321—Alred-Gatewood complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes

Landform: Hills
Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Medium
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table: None
Drainage class: Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
E-3 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{Bt}-13$ to 33 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$2 \mathrm{Bt}-33$ to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Gatewood

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform: Summits
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)
Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 2 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-2$ to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt-5 to 36 inches; clay
3R-36 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Ocie and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 73322-Alred-Gatewood complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Hills

## Component Description

## Alred

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Position on landform: Shoulders
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High
Restrictive feature: Strongly contrasting texture at a depth of 15 to 39 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
E-3 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt-13 to 33 inches; very gravelly silt loam
2Bt- 33 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Gatewood

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Position on landform:Shoulders
Parent material: Gravelly slope alluvium over clayey residuum derived from dolostone
Slope shape: Convex

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches) Runoff:Very high
Restrictive feature: Bedrock (lithic) at a depth of 20 to 40 inches

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 36 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained

## Typical Profile

A-0 to 2 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$\mathrm{E}-2$ to 5 inches; very gravelly silt loam
$2 \mathrm{Bt}-5$ to 36 inches; clay
3R-36 to 80 inches; bedrock
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Ocie and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Bendavis and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Rock outcrop

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 2 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74626-Tanglenook silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

 Map Unit SettingLandform: Stream terraces
Component Description

## Tanglenook

Percentage of map unit:90 percent
Parent material: Silty and clayey alluvium
Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Very low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Current depth to water table: At surface to a depth of 18 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam
A-6 to 17 inches; silty clay loam
Btg1-17 to 30 inches; silty clay
Btg2-30 to 56 inches; silty clay
Cg-56 to 80 inches; silty clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Soils that have a very gravelly to extremely cobbly substratum
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Deible and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

Soils that have a gravelly surface layer
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Farewell and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Higdon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74648—Aslinger silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting<br>Landform: Hills

Component Description
Aslinger
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Position on landform: Footslopes
Parent material:Loamy slope alluvium
Slope shape: Concave
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Medium

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: None
Current depth to water table: 18 to 30 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam
Bt-6 to 22 inches; silty clay loam
2Btx-22 to 46 inches; gravelly clay loam
$3 B t-46$ to 80 inches; gravelly clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Splitlimb and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Taterhill and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Clarksville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Poynor and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Winnipeg and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74658-Zanoni fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

## Component Description

## Zanoni

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; fine sandy loam
Bt1-7 to 36 inches; fine sandy loam
Bt2-36 to 50 inches; sandy loam
Bt3-50 to 80 inches; stratified extremely gravelly loamy sand to gravelly loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Topazmill and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 30 percent

## Razort and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 30 percent
Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 20 percent
Sandbur and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Relfe and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Soils that have a loamy sand surface layer
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 2 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74677—Deible silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

## Component Description

Deible
Percentage of map unit:90 percent Parent material: Silty and clayey alluvium Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Very low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Current depth to water table: At surface to a depth of 12 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 10 inches; silt loam
E-10 to 15 inches; silt loam
Btg1-15 to 37 inches; silty clay
2Btg2-37 to 80 inches; clay
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Tanglenook and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Lostpond and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Higdon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Moniteau and similar soils

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74679—Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

## Component Description

Higdon
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material: Silty alluvium
Slope shape:Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Current depth to water table: 12 to 24 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
Bt-8 to 22 inches; silt loam
2Btg1-22 to 44 inches; silt loam
2Btg2-44 to 80 inches; silt loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Deible and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 20 percent

## Hartville and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 30 percent

## Lostpond and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent

## Bearthicket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 30 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74681—Lostpond silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

## Component Description

## Lostpond

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Low

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: Rare
Current depth to water table: 7 to 29 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
Bt1-8 to 20 inches; silt loam
2Bt2-20 to 80 inches; gravelly loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Britwater and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 5 to 20 percent
Moniteau and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
Higdon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

Soils that have a gravelly surface layer
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 74690-Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

## Component Description

## Moniteau

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material: Silty alluvium
Slope shape: Concave

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Current depth to water table: At surface to a depth of 12 inches
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam
E-7 to 14 inches; silt loam
Btg-14 to 80 inches; silty clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Lostpond and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Batcave and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Higdon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

75381—Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting <br> Landform: Stream terraces <br> Component Description

Bearthicket
Percentage of map unit: 90 percent
Parent material: Silty alluvium
Slope shape:Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff:Very low

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: Rare
Water table: None
Drainage class:Well drained

Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; silt loam
Bt1-10 to 48 inches; silt loam
Bt2—48 to 80 inches; silt loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Secesh and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Britwater and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Higdon and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Zanoni and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75390—Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces

## Component Description

Razort
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent Parent material:Loamy alluvium Slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam
Bt-7 to 34 inches; silt loam
2Bt-34 to 80 inches; gravelly loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Secesh and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Zanoni and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Racket and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Possumtrot and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Bearthicket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

75391-Possumtrot fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded<br>Landform: Flood plains

## Component Description

## Possumtrot

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent Parent material:Loamy alluvium Slope shape:Linear

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Occasional
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 6 inches; fine sandy loam
Bw-6 to 45 inches; fine sandy loam
2C-45 to 80 inches; gravelly sand, gravelly loamy sand, and very gravelly sand
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Relfe and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Razort and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Racket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75394—Sandbur-Wideman-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Component Description

## Sandbur

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent

Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding:Frequent
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; fine sandy loam
C-6 to 80 inches; stratified sandy loam to gravelly loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Wideman

Percentage of map unit: 30 percent
Parent material: Sandy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding:Frequent
Water table:None
Drainage class: Excessively drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; sandy loam
C-6 to 80 inches; stratified coarse sand to gravelly sandy loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Relfe

Percentage of map unit: 20 percent
Parent material: Sandy and gravelly alluvium
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding:Frequent

Water table: None
Drainage class: Excessively drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 6 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
C-6 to 80 inches; stratified extremely cobbly coarse sand to very gravelly loamy sand
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Farewell and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Possumtrot and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Racket and similar soils

## Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Razort and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Sand and gravel bars

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75396-Relfe gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Component Description
Relfe
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent Parent material: Sandy and gravelly alluvium Slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Rare
Water table: None
Drainage class: Excessively drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
C-6 to 80 inches; stratified extremely cobbly coarse sand to very gravelly loamy sand
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

Minor Components

## Farewell and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Racket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Sand and gravel bars

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75408—Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Stream terraces
Component Description

## Secesh

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: Rare
Water table:None
Drainage class: Well drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
BE-8 to 11 inches; silt loam
Bt-11 to 27 inches; loam
2Bt-27 to 80 inches; gravelly clay loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Higdon and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Lostpond and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Bearthicket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75417—Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Flood plains

## Component Description

## Relfe

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Parent material: Sandy and gravelly alluvium
Slope shape: Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding:Frequent
Water table:None
Drainage class: Excessively drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 6 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
C-6 to 80 inches; stratified extremely cobbly coarse sand to very gravelly loamy sand

Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Sandbur

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent

Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape: Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Frequent
Water table:None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; fine sandy loam
C-8 to 80 inches; stratified fine sand, loamy fine sand, fine sandy loam, loam, and silt loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Farewell and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Razort and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Possumtrot and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Racket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Sand and gravel bars

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Tilk and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

75418—Tilk very gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

## Map Unit Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans
Component Description
Tilk
Percentage of map unit: 85 percent

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium
Slope shape: Convex
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff: Negligible
Hydrologic Properties
Flooding: Rare
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; very gravelly loam
Bt-8 to 47 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
2C-47 to 80 inches; stratified extremely cobbly loamy coarse sand to very gravelly sandy clay loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Secesh and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Scholten and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Possumtrot and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Soils that have an extremely gravelly surface layer

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75420—Secesh-Tilk complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Flood plains

## Component Description

## Secesh

Percentage of map unit: 50 percent
Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Occasional
Water table:None
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
$B E-8$ to 11 inches; silt loam
Bt-11 to 27 inches; loam
2Bt-27 to 80 inches; gravelly clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Tilk

Percentage of map unit: 35 percent
Parent material: Gravelly alluvium
Slope shape:Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Occasional
Water table: None
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; very gravelly loam
Bt-8 to 47 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
2C-47 to 80 inches; extremely gravelly coarse sandy loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Bearthicket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Relfe and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Soils that have a very gravelly and sandier surface layer <br> Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

## Tonti and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75432—Batcave-Farewell complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded <br> Map Unit Setting

Landform: Flood plains

## Component Description

## Batcave

Percentage of map unit: 45 percent Parent material: Gravelly alluvium Slope shape: Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock:Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Negligible

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding:Frequent
Current depth to water table: 0 to 6 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained
Typical Profile
Ap-0 to 11 inches; gravelly loam
A1-11 to 36 inches; very gravelly clay loam
A2-36 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly loam
Bt-60 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay loam
Component horizon data are available in the
"Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical
Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Farewell

Percentage of map unit: 40 percent
Parent material:Loamy alluvium
Slope shape:Linear
Properties and Qualities
Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)
Runoff:Very low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Frequent
Current depth to water table: At the surface to a depth of 6 inches
Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam
A-8 to 18 inches; silt loam
Btg1-18 to 39 inches; gravelly clay loam
2Btg2-39 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

## Tanglenook and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent

## Racket and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 15 percent
A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 75433—Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

Map Unit Setting<br>Landform: Flood plains

## Component Description

## Racket

Percentage of map unit: 85 percent
Parent material: Loamy alluvium
Slope shape: Linear

## Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Very low

## Hydrologic Properties

Flooding: Occasional
Current depth to water table: 42 to 72 inches
Drainage class:Well drained

## Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; loam
A-7 to 42 inches; loam
C-42 to 80 inches; stratified extremely gravelly sand to gravelly sandy loam

Component horizon data are available in the "Chemical Properties of the Soils" and "Physical Properties of the Soils" tables.

## Minor Components

Soils that have a loam, silt loam, or gravelly loam surface layer
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 10 percent

## Relfe and similar soils

Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Tilk and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Sandbur and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent
Farewell and similar soils
Percentage of map unit: 0 to 5 percent

A typical soil description with range in characteristics is available under the heading "Classification of the Soils."

## 99001—Water

## Composition

Water: 100 percent

## 99002-Borrow areas

Composition
Borrow areas: 85 percent
Urban land: 0 to 25 percent
Water: 0 to 10 percent

## Prime Farmland

Prime farmland is one of several kinds of important farmland defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. It is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. It is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

A recent trend in land use in some parts of the survey area has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

The map units in the survey area that are considered prime farmland are listed below. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use. On some soils included in the list, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding or wetness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed
to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures. The extent of each listed map unit is shown in table 4. The location is shown on the detailed soil maps. The soil qualities that affect use and management are described under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units."

The soils identified as prime farmland in the survey area are:

70025—Branson-Splitlimb complex, 1 to 3 percent slopes
71250—Britwater silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
73013—Lowassie silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded (where drained)
73051—Winnipeg silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes
73222—Splitlimb silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded
73231—Wasola silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes
73242—Fanchon-Tonti complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73243—Topazmill loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73300—Macedonia gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73303—Kenaga-Egyptgrove complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73305—Egyptgrove gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73308-Grandgulf silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely ponded
74626-Tanglenook silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded (where drained)
74658-Zanoni fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
74677—Deible silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded (where drained)
74679—Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
74681—Lostpond silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
74690—Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded (where drained)
75381—Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded
75390—Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

75391-Possumtrot fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
75396-Sandbur-Wideman-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
75408-Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded

75420-Secesh-Tilk complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
75432-Batcave-Farewell complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
75433-Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

## Use and Management of the Soils

This soil survey is an inventory and evaluation of the soils in the survey area. It can be used to adjust land uses to the limitations and potentials of natural resources and the environment. Also, it can help to prevent soil-related failures in land uses.

In preparing a soil survey, soil scientists, conservationists, engineers, and others collect extensive field data about the nature and behavioral characteristics of the soils. They collect data on erosion, droughtiness, flooding, and other factors that affect various soil uses and management. Field experience and collected data on soil properties and performance are used as a basis for predicting soil behavior.

Information in this section can be used to plan the use and management of soils for crops and pasture; as forestland; as sites for buildings, sanitary facilities, highways and other transportation systems, and parks and other recreational facilities; for waste management; and for wildlife habitat. It can be used to identify the potentials and limitations of each soil for specific land uses and to help prevent construction failures caused by unfavorable soil properties.

Planners and others using soil survey information can evaluate the effect of specific land uses on productivity and on the environment in all or part of the survey area. The survey can help planners to maintain or create a land use pattern that is in harmony with nature.

Contractors can use this survey to locate sources of sand and gravel, roadfill, and topsoil. They can use it to identify areas where bedrock, wetness, or very firm soil layers can cause difficulty in excavation.

Health officials, highway officials, engineers, and others may also find this survey useful. The survey can help them plan the safe disposal of wastes and locate sites for pavements, sidewalks, campgrounds, playgrounds, lawns, and trees and shrubs.

## Interpretive Ratings

The interpretive tables in this survey rate the soils in the survey area for various land uses. Many of the
tables identify the limitations that affect specified uses and indicate the severity of those limitations. The ratings in these tables are both verbal and numerical.

## Rating Class Terms

Rating classes are expressed in the tables in terms that indicate the extent to which the soils are limited or not limited by all of the soil features that affect a specified use. Terms for the limitation classes are not limited, slightly limited, moderately limited, limited, and very limited. In certain tables the soils are rated as improbable, possible, or probable sources of specific materials used for construction purposes.

## Numerical Ratings

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. They also indicate the overall degree to which a soil is limited or not limited for a specific use. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited. | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited. | 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | ... 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ............. 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

In tables that use limitation class terms, such as very limited or limited, the limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each map unit component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

## Crops and Pasture

Robert D. Rouse, soil scientist, Missouri Department of Natural Resources, helped prepare this section.

General management needed for crops and pasture is suggested in this section. The estimated yields of the main crops and pasture plants are listed and the system of land capability classification used by the Natural Resources Conservation Service is explained.

Planners of management systems for individual fields or farms should consider the detailed information given in the description of each soil under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units." Specific information can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service (Missouri Department of Agriculture, 1998).

Most of the soils in the survey area are used as pastureland, hayland, and woodland. Tall fescue, orchardgrass, alfalfa, lespedeza, red clover, caucasian bluestem, big bluestem, and indiangrass are the major forage-producing plants. The average yield is about 2 tons per acre. Row crops and small grain generally are limited to small acreages in the larger areas of bottomland that are not subject to frequent flooding.

The major limitations for use and management of the soils for grain and pasture crops are erodibility, wetness, and droughtiness. Management on all soils should include practices to help conserve water and maintain or increase the organic matter content and fertility level of the soils.

A high fertility level increases the yields of forage and grain. The kinds and amount of soil amendments needed to maintain or increase fertility levels can be determined by soil tests. Maintaining a complete record of the kinds and amount of fertilizer applied, the time amendments were applied, and the results obtained from the applications is desirable to properly evaluate effectiveness.

The main goal of pasture management is to meet the nutritional needs of the grazing animals while optimizing the yields, quality, utilization, and persistence of the pasture.

Many productive stands of grass-legume pasture have been established in the survey area. The advantages of grass-legume pasture include improved palatability, higher yields, reduced risk of bloat, reduced field-drying time for hay, and decreased damage in winter as a result of frost heaving. Pasture renovation and improved management practices are needed to control erosion and to increase forage production. A good pasture generally can be established if lime and fertilizer are applied according
to current soil test results. The recommended amount of pure, live seed should be planted in a firm seedbed, and the seeds should be covered with 0.25 to 0.50 inch of soil. Legume seeds should be inoculated with the proper bacteria. Weeds need to be controlled until seedlings are well established, and areas should not be grazed until the root systems are well established. Only adapted species of grasses and legumes should be planted. Desirable seeding dates vary according to the different species. Overseeding with a no-till drill on sloping pastures improves stands and minimizes erosion and the dislodgement of rock fragments.

Proper pasture management results in maximum production of forage, good seasonal distribution of plant growth, and stands that are productive for long periods. Management practices include rotation or intensive grazing, restricted grazing during wet periods, measures that prevent overgrazing, selection of suitable forage species, weed and brush control, and application of lime and fertilizer. Rotation or intensive grazing requires cross fencing and an adequate water supply to each field or paddock.

Total pasture management generally includes a mixture of cool-season grasses and legumes that are grazed during spring and fall and warm-season grasses that provide good-quality forage in summer when the cool-season plants are dormant. Fields of warm-season grasses should be separated from fields of cool-season grasses. Prescribed burning helps to control undesirable vegetation and improves the quality and quantity of warm-season grasses. Burning every 3 to 5 years generally is adequate.

Excess pasture plants, either cool-season grass/legume mixtures or warm-season grasses, can be harvested for hay. For best nutritional value, the field should be cut when the grass is in the early boot stage. Harvesting after the grass has gone to seed may result in a larger quantity of hay, but the value of the feed is greatly reduced. If fescue is harvested for seed, the regrowth may successfully be stockpiled for use in winter. When using stockpiled fescue, a temporary fence should be used to allow the cows access for only 2 or 3 days to maximize use of the grass and minimize waste. Because of the extremely low nutritional content of fescue, it should not be baled for hay after the seed is harvested.

Managing plant residue so that it is left on or near the surface can minimize runoff and help to control erosion. The effectiveness in controlling erosion depends on the amount of residue and the length of time it is left on the surface. Spring tillage allows the
residue to remain on the surface in winter and thus is more effective than fall tillage. Use of tillage implements that leave residue on the surface during the growing season is desirable.

A system of conservation tillage that leaves a protective cover of crop residue on the surface throughout the year helps to maintain good tilth, increases the rate of water infiltration, and reduces the risk of erosion. No-till planting also helps to meet these goals.

Technical assistance in the planning and application of practices for a particular field or farm can be obtained from the Natural Resources Conservation Service through the Howell County Soil and Water Conservation District.

## Yields per Acre

The average yields per acre that can be expected of the principal crops under a high level of management are shown in table 55. In any given year, yields may be higher or lower than those indicated in the table because of variations in rainfall and other climatic factors. The land capability classification of the soils in the survey area also is shown in the table.

The yields are based mainly on the experience and records of farmers, conservationists, and extension agents. Available yield data from nearby counties and results of field trials and demonstrations also are considered.

The management needed to obtain the indicated yields of the various crops depends on the kind of soil and the crop. Management can include drainage, erosion control, and protection from flooding; the proper planting and seeding rates; suitable highyielding crop varieties; appropriate and timely tillage; control of weeds, plant diseases, and harmful insects; favorable soil reaction and optimum levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and trace elements for each crop; effective use of crop residue, barnyard manure, and green manure crops; and harvesting that ensures the smallest possible loss.

The estimated yields reflect the productive capacity of each soil for each of the principal crops. Yields are likely to increase as new production technology is developed. The productivity of a given soil compared with that of other soils, however, is not likely to change.

Crops other than those shown in table 5 are grown in the survey area, but estimated yields are not listed because the acreage of such crops is small. The local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service can provide
information about the management and productivity of the soils for those crops.

## Land Capability Classification

Land capability classification shows, in a general way, the suitability of soils for most kinds of field crops. Crops that require special management are excluded. The soils are grouped according to their limitations for field crops, the risk of damage if they are used for crops, and the way they respond to management. The criteria used in grouping the soils do not include major and generally expensive landforming that would change slope, depth, or other characteristics of the soils, nor do they include possible but unlikely major reclamation projects. Capability classification is not a substitute for interpretations designed to show suitability and limitations of groups of soils for forestland or for engineering purposes.

In the capability system, soils are generally grouped at three levels-capability class, subclass, and unit (USDA, 1961). Only class and subclass are used in this survey.

Capability classes, the broadest groups, are designated by the numbers 1 through 8 . The numbers indicate progressively greater limitations and narrower choices for practical use. The classes are defined as follows:

Class 1 soils have slight limitations that restrict their use.

Class 2 soils have moderate limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require moderate conservation practices.

Class 3 soils have severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require special conservation practices, or both.

Class 4 soils have very severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require very careful management, or both.

Class 5 soils are subject to little or no erosion but have other limitations, impractical to remove, that restrict their use mainly to pasture, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 6 soils have severe limitations that make them generally unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to pasture, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 7 soils have very severe limitations that make them unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to grazing, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 8 soils and miscellaneous areas have limitations that preclude commercial plant production
and that restrict their use to recreational purposes, wildlife habitat, watershed, or esthetic purposes.

Capability subclasses are soil groups within one class. They are designated by adding a small letter, $e$, $w, s$, or $c$, to the class numeral, for example, $2 e$. The letter $e$ shows that the main hazard is the risk of erosion unless close-growing plant cover is maintained; $w$ shows that water in or on the soil interferes with plant growth or cultivation (in some soils the wetness can be partly corrected by artificial drainage); s shows that the soil is limited mainly because it is shallow, droughty, or stony; and $c$, used in only some parts of the United States, shows that the chief limitation is climate that is very cold or very dry.

In class 1 there are no subclasses because the soils of this class have few limitations. Class 5 contains only the subclasses indicated by $w, s$, or $c$ because the soils in class 5 are subject to little or no erosion. They have other limitations that restrict their use to pasture, forestland, wildlife habitat, or recreation.

The capability classification of the soils in this survey area is given in table 5.

## Pasture and Hayland Suitability Groups

The soils in the survey area are assigned to a pasture and hayland group according to their suitability for pasture management.

Many different pasture and hayland suitability groups are in the survey area. Over time, the combination of plants best suited to a particular soil and climate has or will become dominant. Plant communities are not static but vary slightly from year to year and from place to place.

The relationship between soils and vegetation was ascertained during this survey. Thus, pasture and hayland suitability groups generally can be determined directly from the soil map. Soil properties that affect moisture supply and plant nutrients have the greatest influence on the productivity of each plant species. Soil reaction, salt content, and a seasonal high water table also are important. The "Field Office Technical Guide," which is available at local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service, can provide specific information about pasture and hayland suitability groups.

Table 6 shows, for each soil, the assigned pasture and hayland suitability group. Specific concerns and recommendations affecting pasture and hayland management for each group are described in the following paragraphs.

Group WLB-Wet Loamy Bottom. A seasonal high water table and flooding are the main
management concerns. Plants should be selected accordingly. A seedbed can be easily prepared. A drainage system can improve the growth of deeprooted species. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group WCB-Wet Clayey Bottom. Wetness and flooding are the main management concerns. The soils in this group are poorly suited to hay. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed. Maintaining stands of desirable species is difficult in depressional areas. A drainage system can improve the growth of deep-rooted species.

Group WCU-Wet Clayey Upland. Wetness is the main management concern. Maintaining stands of desirable species is difficult in depressional areas. A drainage system can improve the growth of deeprooted species.

Group WLO-Wet Loamy Overflow. Wetness and flooding are the main management concerns. A seedbed can be easily prepared. A drainage system can improve the growth of deep-rooted species. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group LyO-Loamy Overflow. Flooding is the main management concern. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group LyU—Loamy Upland. No serious concerns affect pasture and hayland management. Erosion is a hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely seedbed preparation is needed to ensure a good ground cover.

Group CyU-Clayey Upland. Pasture and hay crops are effective in controlling erosion. Erosion during seedbed preparation is the main concern. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion. The forage species that are tolerant of wetness grow best. The production of deep-rooted legumes is limited because of wetness and a restricted rooting depth.

Group GrU—Gravelly Upland. The soils in this group generally are not suited to cultivated crops. Droughtiness and erosion are the main management concerns. Seedbeds should be prepared on the contour. Timely seedbed preparation helps to ensure rapid plant growth and a protective ground cover.

Group MDU-Moderately Deep Upland. Shallowrooted species that are tolerant of droughtiness should be selected for planting. Erosion is a serious hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

Group WtP—Wet Pan. The species that are tolerant of wetness grow best. A dense layer in the
subsoil can restrict the rooting depth and result in insufficient soil moisture in dry years. Erosion during seedbed preparation is the main concern. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

Group LyP—Loamy Pan. A few small areas of this group are used for cultivated crops, and some areas are wooded. A dense layer in the subsoil can restrict the rooting depth and result in insufficient soil moisture in dry years. Erosion during seedbed preparation is a hazard. Seedbeds should be prepared on the contour. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

Group GrO—Gravelly Overflow. Most areas of this group have been cleared of trees and are used for pasture and hay. Proper stocking rates, pasture rotation, timely deferment of grazing, and restricted use during periods of flooding help to keep the pasture in good condition.

Group GrP—Gravelly Pan. If the soils in this group are used for improved pasture, chert on the surface hinders tillage. Because of seasonal droughtiness, timely planting is needed to ensure an adequate stand. Erosion is a hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely seedbed preparation helps to ensure a protective ground cover.

Group ShU—Shallow Upland. Most areas of this group are used for native pasture and are best suited to shallow-rooted species. In some areas tillage is nearly impossible. Broadcast seeding may be necessary. The slope and rock outcrop can hinder mowing in places.

Group GNS—Generally Not Suited. The soils in this group generally are not suited to pasture and hay. The suitability for forage species and the use of equipment are limited by the slope, a high content of rock fragments, or both.

## Forestland Productivity and Management

The tables described in this section can help forest owners or managers plan the use of soils for wood crops. They show the potential productivity of the soils for wood crops and rate the soils according to the limitations that affect various aspects of forest management.

## Forestland Productivity

In table 7, the potential productivity of merchantable or common trees on a soil is expressed as a site index and as a volume number. The site index is the average
height, in feet, that dominant and codominant trees of a given species attain in 50 years. The site index applies to fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stands. Commonly grown trees are those that forest managers generally favor in intermediate or improvement cuttings. They are selected on the basis of growth rate, quality, value, and marketability. More detailed information regarding site index is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or through the Agency's Website.

The volume of wood fiber, a number, is the yield likely to be produced by the most important tree species. This number, expressed as cubic feet per acre per year and calculated at the age of culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI), indicates the amount of fiber produced in a fully stocked, evenaged, unmanaged stand.

Trees to manage are those that are preferred for planting, seeding, or natural regeneration and those that remain in the stand after thinning or partial harvest.

## Forestland Management

In tables 8a and 8b, interpretive ratings are given for various aspects of forest management. The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified aspect of forest management. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified aspect of management. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified aspect of management. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, special planning, soil reclamation, specialized equipment, or other procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations
generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, specialized equipment, or other expensive procedures. Poor performance, unsafe conditions, or high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited | . 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | .0 .61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ......... 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation class for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The paragraphs that follow indicate the soil properties considered in rating the soils for forest management factors. More detailed information about the criteria used in the ratings is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or through the Agency's Website.

In table 8a, ratings in the column hand planting are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty of hand planting, which includes the proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12 inches, using standard hand planting tools. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

Ratings in the column mechanical planting are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty in using a mechanical planter, which includes proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12 inches. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

Ratings in the column use of harvesting equipment are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth
to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the suitability for operating harvesting equipment for offroad transport or harvest of logs and/or wood products by ground-based wheeled or tracked equipment.

Ratings in the column mechanical site preparation (surface) are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. The part of the soil from the surface to a depth of about 12 inches is considered in the ratings. Ratings indicate the suitability of using surface-altering soil tillage equipment to prepare the site for planting or seeding.

Ratings in the column roads (natural surface) are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. The ratings indicate the suitability for using the natural surface of the soil for roads on which trucks transport logs and other wood products from the site.

In table 8b, ratings in the column erosion on roads and trails are based on the soil erodibility factor K, slope, and content of rock fragments. The ratings apply to unsurfaced roads and trails.

Ratings in the column off-road or off-trail erosion are based on slope and on the soil erodibility factor K. The soil loss is caused by sheet or rill erosion in offroad or off-trail areas where 50 to 75 percent of the surface has been exposed by logging, grazing, mining, or other kinds of disturbance.

Ratings in the column soil rutting are based on depth to a water table, rock fragments on or below the surface, surface texture, depth to a restrictive layer, and slope. Ruts form as a result of the operation of forest equipment. Ratings indicate limitations affecting the hazard or risk of ruts in the uppermost layers of the soil. Soil displacement and puddling (soil deformation and compaction) may occur simultaneously with the formation of ruts.

Ratings in the column log landings are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. Ratings indicate the suitability of the soil at the forest site to serve as a log landing and to allow the efficient and effective use of equipment for the temporary storage and handling of logs.

Ratings in the column seedling survival are based on flooding, ponding, depth to a water table, content of lime, reaction, salinity, available water capacity, soil moisture regime, soil temperature regime, aspect, and slope. Ratings indicate the impact of soil, physiographic, and climatic conditions on the survivability of newly established tree seedlings.

## Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

Windbreaks protect livestock, buildings, yards, fruit trees, gardens, and cropland from wind and snow; help to keep snow on fields; and provide food and cover for wildlife. Field windbreaks are narrow plantings made at right angles to the prevailing wind and at specific intervals across the field. The interval depends on the erodibility of the soil.

Environmental plantings help to beautify and screen houses and other buildings and to abate noise. The plants, mostly evergreen shrubs and trees, are closely spaced. To ensure plant survival, a healthy planting stock of suitable species should be planted properly on a well prepared site and maintained in good condition.

Table 9 shows the height that locally grown trees and shrubs are expected to reach in 20 years on various soils. The estimates in table 9 are based on measurements and observation of established plantings that have been given adequate care. They can be used as a guide in planning windbreaks and screens. Additional information on planning windbreaks and screens and planting and caring for trees and shrubs can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service or from a commercial nursery.

## Recreation

The survey area provides many recreational opportunities. Of the 375,354 acres in the area, about 2,550 acres is public land. Of this, more than 1,700 acres is administered by the Forest Service and the rest is administered by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources and the Missouri Conservation Commission. The public land provides opportunities for hunting, fishing, hiking, trail riding, and primitive camping.

There are several public and private accesses to the Eleven Point River for swimming, fishing, canoeing, and rafting. Most of the public accesses provide picnic tables and areas for small fires for cooking.

Grand Gulf State Park, south of Koshkonong, is operated by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources. It has been referred to as Missouri's "Little Grand Canyon" (fig. 10). The park provides opportunities for hiking, exploring, picnicking, spelunking, and educating (Missouri Department of Natural Resources).

Privately owned ponds and lakes that provide
opportunities for fishing are common across the survey area. Individual communities in the area provide parks and a wide variety of organized sports.

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 10 according to limitations that affect their suitability for recreational uses. Soils are rated for camp areas, picnic areas, playgrounds, and paths and trails.

The ratings in the table are based on restrictive soil features, such as wetness, slope, and texture of the surface layer. Susceptibility to flooding is considered. Not considered in the ratings, but important in evaluating a site, are the location and accessibility of the area, the size and shape of the area and its scenic quality, vegetation, access to water, potential water impoundment sites, and access to public sewer lines.


Figure 10.-Area of Poynor very gravelly silt loam, karst, 3 to 35 percent slopes, stony, in Grand Gulf State Park. The "Grand Gulf" extends for nearly a mile with walls almost 130 feet high. The chasm is deeper than it is wide.

The capacity of the soil to absorb septic tank effluent and the ability of the soil to support vegetation also are important. Soils that are subject to flooding are limited for recreational uses by the duration and intensity of flooding and the season when flooding occurs. In planning recreational facilities, onsite assessment of the height, duration, intensity, and frequency of flooding is essential.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect recreational site development. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00 . Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited. | 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | .. 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ............. 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component.

The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The information in table 10 can be supplemented by other information in this survey, for example, interpretations for building site development, construction materials, sanitary facilities, and water management.

Camp areas require site preparation, such as shaping and leveling the tent and parking areas, stabilizing roads and intensively used areas, and installing sanitary facilities and utility lines. Camp areas are subject to heavy foot traffic and some vehicular traffic. The soil properties that affect the performance of the areas after development are those that influence trafficability and promote the growth of vegetation, especially in heavily used areas. For good trafficability, the surface of camp areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Picnic areas are subject to heavy foot traffic. Most vehicular traffic is confined to access roads and parking areas. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing picnic areas and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of picnic areas. For good trafficability, the surface of picnic areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Playgrounds require soils that are nearly level, are free of stones, and can withstand intensive foot traffic. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing playgrounds and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of playgrounds. For good trafficability, the surface of the playgrounds should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that
affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Paths and trails for hiking and horseback riding should require little or no cutting and filling. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and erodibility. These properties are stoniness, a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, and texture of the surface layer. The best soils are not wet, are firm after rains, are not dusty when dry, and are not subject to frequent flooding during the period of use. They have moderate slopes and few or no stones or boulders on the surface.

## Wildlife Habitat

Soils affect the kind and amount of vegetation that is available to wildlife as food and cover. They also affect the construction of water impoundments. The kind and abundance of wildlife depend largely on the amount and distribution of food, cover, and water. Wildlife habitat can be created or improved by planting appropriate vegetation, by maintaining the existing plant cover, or by promoting the natural establishment of desirable plants.

In tables 11a and 11b, the soils in the survey area are rated according to their potential for providing habitat for various kinds of wildlife. This information can be used in planning parks, wildlife refuges, nature study areas, and other developments for wildlife; in selecting soils that are suitable for establishing, improving, or maintaining specific elements of wildlife habitat; and in determining the intensity of management needed for each element of the habitat.

The ratings in the tables are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Habitat is easily established, improved, or maintained. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Habitat can be established, improved, or maintained. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. Habitat can be established, improved, or maintained in most places. Moderately intensive management is required for satisfactory results. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. Habitat is difficult to create, improve, or maintain in most places. Management is difficult and must be
very intensive. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. Habitat is usually impractical or impossible to create, improve, or maintain. Management would be very difficult, and unsatisfactory results can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00 . Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited | ... 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | .. 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | .......... 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation class for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The elements of wildlife habitat are described in the following paragraphs.

Grain and seed crops are domestic grains and seed-producing herbaceous plants. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of grain and seed crops are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, slope, surface stoniness, and flooding. Soil temperature and soil moisture also are considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Domestic grasses and legumes are domestic perennial grasses and herbaceous legumes. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of grasses and legumes are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, surface stoniness, flooding, and slope. Soil temperature and soil moisture also are considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland wild herbaceous plants are native or naturally established grasses and forbs, including weeds. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of these plants are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, surface stoniness, and flooding. Soil temperature and soil moisture also are considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland shrubs and vines are bushy woody plants that produce fruit, buds, twigs, bark, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of shrubs and vines are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, salinity, and soil moisture. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland deciduous trees and woody understory produce nuts or other fruit, buds, catkins, twigs, bark, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of hardwood trees are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, and wetness. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland mixed deciduous-conifer trees and woody understory produce nuts or other fruit, buds, catkins, twigs, bark, browse, seeds, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of these trees are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, and wetness. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Riparian herbaceous plants are annual and perennial native or naturally established grasses and forbs that grow on moist or wet sites. Soil properties and features affecting riparian herbaceous plants are surface texture, wetness, flooding, ponding, and surface stones. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees are bushy woody plants and trees that grow on moist or wet sites. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, wetness, flooding, ponding, and surface stones. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Freshwater wetland plants are grasses, forbs, and shrubs that are adapted to wet soil conditions. The soils suitable for this habitat generally occur adjacent to springs, seeps, depressions, areas of bottom land, marshes, or backwater areas on flood plains. Most areas are ponded for some period of time during the year. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, wetness, ponding, and soil reaction. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Irrigated freshwater wetland plants are grasses, forbs, and shrubs that are adapted to wet soil conditions. The soils suitable for this habitat generally occur in areas of cropland, in previously cropped areas, and in marginal areas associated with cropland and wetlands. These areas may be ponded for some period of time during the year. They are generally suitable for restoring wetland features temporarily or permanently. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, permeability, wetness, ponding, and soil reaction. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

## Engineering

This section provides information for planning land uses related to urban development and to water management. Soils are rated for various uses, and the most limiting features are identified. Ratings are given for building site development, sanitary facilities, construction materials, water management, and waste management. The ratings are based on observed performance of the soils and on the data in the tables described under the heading "Soil Properties."

Information in this section is intended for land use planning, for evaluating land use alternatives, and for planning site investigations prior to design and construction. The information, however, has limitations. For example, estimates and other data generally apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of 5 or 6 feet. Because of the map scale, small areas of different soils may be included within the mapped areas of a specific soil.

The information is not site specific and does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation of the soils or for testing and analysis by personnel experienced in the design and construction of engineering works.

Government ordinances and regulations that restrict certain land uses or impose specific design criteria were not considered in preparing the information in this section. Local ordinances and regulations should be considered in planning, in site selection, and in design.

Soil properties, site features, and observed performance were considered in determining the ratings in this section. During the fieldwork for this soil survey, determinations were made about grain-size distribution, liquid limit, plasticity index, soil reaction, depth to bedrock, hardness of bedrock within 5 or 6 feet of the surface, soil wetness, depth to a seasonal high water table, slope, likelihood of flooding, natural soil structure aggregation, and soil density. Data were collected about kinds of clay minerals, mineralogy of the sand and silt fractions, and the kinds of adsorbed cations. Estimates were made for erodibility, permeability, corrosivity, shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, and other behavioral characteristics affecting engineering uses.

This information can be used to evaluate the potential of areas for residential, commercial, industrial, and recreational uses; make preliminary estimates of construction conditions; evaluate alternative routes for roads, streets, highways, pipelines, and underground cables; evaluate alternative sites for sanitary landfills, septic tank absorption fields, and sewage lagoons; evaluate sites for agricultural waste management; plan detailed onsite investigations
of soils and geology; locate potential sources of gravel, sand, earthfill, and topsoil; plan drainage systems, irrigation systems, ponds, terraces, and other structures for soil and water conservation; and predict performance of proposed small structures and pavements by comparing the performance of existing similar structures on the same or similar soils.

The information in the tables, along with the soil maps, the soil descriptions, and other data provided in this survey, can be used to make additional interpretations.

Some of the terms used in this soil survey have a special meaning in soil science and are defined in the Glossary.

## Building Site Development

Soil properties influence the development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Table 12 shows the degree and kind of soil limitations that affect dwellings with and without basements, small commercial buildings, local roads and streets, and lawns and landscaping.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect building site development. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00 . Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited. | 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited... | .. 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | .... 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Dwellings are single-family houses of three stories or less. For dwellings without basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. For dwellings with basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of about 7 feet. The ratings for dwellings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility. Compressibility is inferred from the Unified classification. The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Small commercial buildings are structures that are less than three stories high and do not have basements. The foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility (which is
inferred from the Unified classification). The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include flooding, a water table, ponding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Local roads and streets have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material; a base of gravel, crushed rock, or soil material stabilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete), or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity. The properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, ponding, flooding, the amount of large stones, and slope. The properties that affect the traffic-supporting capacity are soil strength (as inferred from the AASHTO group index number), subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), the potential for frost action, a water table, and ponding.

Lawns and landscaping require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained. Irrigation is not considered in the ratings. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established. The properties that affect plant growth are reaction; a water table; ponding; depth to bedrock or a cemented pan; the available water capacity in the upper 40 inches; the content of salts, sodium, or calcium carbonate; and sulfidic materials. The properties that affect trafficability are flooding, a water table, ponding, slope, stoniness, and the amount of sand, clay, or organic matter in the surface layer.

## Sanitary Facilities

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 13 according to limitations that affect their suitability for sanitary facilities. Soils are rated for septic tank absorption fields, sewage lagoons, sanitary landfills, and daily cover for landfill.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect sanitary facilities. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable
for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00 . Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited | 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | . 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ........... 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Septic tank absorption fields are areas in which effluent from a septic tank is distributed into the soil through subsurface tiles or perforated pipe. Only that part of the soil between depths of 24 and 60 inches is evaluated. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption of the effluent, construction and maintenance of the system, and public health. Permeability, a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and flooding affect absorption of the effluent. Stones and boulders, ice, and bedrock or a cemented pan interfere with installation. Subsidence interferes with installation and maintenance. Excessive slope may cause lateral seepage and surfacing of the effluent in downslope areas.

Some soils are underlain by loose sand and gravel or fractured bedrock at a depth of less than 4 feet below the distribution lines. In these soils the absorption field may not adequately filter the effluent, particularly when the system is new. As a result, the ground water may be contaminated. Unsatisfactory performance of septic tank absorption fields, including excessively slow absorption of effluent, surfacing of effluent, hillside seepage, and contamination of ground water, can affect public health.

Sewage lagoons are shallow ponds constructed to hold sewage while aerobic bacteria decompose the solid and liquid wastes. Lagoons should have a nearly level floor surrounded by cut slopes or embankments of compacted soil. Nearly impervious soil material for the lagoon floor and sides is required to minimize seepage and contamination of ground water. Considered in the ratings are slope, permeability, a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, flooding, large stones, and content of organic matter.

Soil permeability is a critical property affecting the suitability for sewage lagoons. Most porous soils eventually become sealed when they are used as sites for sewage lagoons. Until sealing occurs, however, the hazard of pollution is severe. Soils that have a permeability rate of more than 2 inches per hour are too porous for the proper functioning of sewage lagoons. In these soils, seepage of the effluent can result in contamination of the ground water. Groundwater contamination is also a hazard if fractured bedrock is within a depth of 40 inches, if the water table is high enough to raise the level of sewage in the lagoon, or if floodwater overtops the lagoon.

A high content of organic matter is detrimental to proper functioning of the lagoon because it inhibits aerobic activity. Slope, bedrock, and cemented pans can cause construction problems, and large stones can hinder compaction of the lagoon floor. If the lagoon is to be uniformly deep throughout, slope must be gentle enough and the soil material must be thick enough over bedrock or a cemented pan to make land smoothing practical.

A trench sanitary landfill is an area where solid waste is placed in successive layers in an excavated trench. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil excavated at the site. When the trench is full, a final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution, the ease of excavation, trafficability, and revegetation. These properties include permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, ponding, slope, flooding, texture,
stones and boulders, highly organic layers, soil reaction, and content of salts and sodium. Unless otherwise stated, the ratings apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of about 6 feet. For deeper trenches, onsite investigation may be needed.

Hard, nonrippable bedrock, creviced bedrock, or highly permeable strata in or directly below the proposed trench bottom can affect the ease of excavation and the hazard of ground-water pollution. Slope affects construction of the trenches and the movement of surface water around the landfill. It also affects the construction and performance of roads in areas of the landfill.

Soil texture and consistence affect the ease with which the trench is dug and the ease with which the soil can be used as daily or final cover. They determine the workability of the soil when dry and when wet. Soils that are plastic and sticky when wet are difficult to excavate, grade, or compact and are difficult to place as a uniformly thick cover over a layer of refuse.

The soil material used as the final cover for a trench landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium or salts and should not be too acid. The surface layer generally has the best workability, the highest content of organic matter, and the best potential for plants. Material from the surface layer should be stockpiled for use as the final cover.

In an area sanitary landfill, solid waste is placed in successive layers on the surface of the soil. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil from a source away from the site. A final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the completed landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and the risk of pollution. These properties include flooding, permeability, a water table, ponding, slope, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan.

Flooding is a serious problem because it can result in pollution in areas downstream from the landfill. If permeability is too rapid or if fractured bedrock, a fractured cemented pan, or the water table is close to the surface, the leachate can contaminate the water supply. Slope is a consideration because of the extra grading required to maintain roads in the steeper areas of the landfill. Also, leachate may flow along the surface of the soils in the steeper areas and cause difficult seepage problems.

Daily cover for landfill is the soil material that is used to cover compacted solid waste in an area sanitary landfill. The soil material is obtained offsite, transported to the landfill, and spread over the waste. The ratings in the table also apply to the final cover for a landfill. They are based on the soil properties that
affect workability, the ease of digging, and the ease of moving and spreading the material over the refuse daily during wet and dry periods. These properties include soil texture, a water table, ponding, rock fragments, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, and content of salts, sodium, or lime.

Loamy or silty soils that are free of large stones and excess gravel are the best cover for a landfill. Clayey soils may be sticky and difficult to spread; sandy soils are subject to wind erosion.

Slope affects the ease of excavation and of moving the cover material. Also, it can influence runoff, erosion, and reclamation of the borrow area.

After soil material has been removed, the soil material remaining in the borrow area must be thick enough over bedrock, a cemented pan, or the water table to permit revegetation. The soil material used as the final cover for a landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium, salts, or lime and should not be too acid.

## Construction Materials and Excavating

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 14 as a source of roadfill, sand, gravel, or topsoil. Normal compaction, minor processing, and other standard construction practices are assumed. The soils are also rated according to limitations that affect their suitability for shallow excavations. The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical.

For sand and gravel, the soils are rated as a probable, possible, or improbable source. A rating of probable indicates that the source material is likely to be in or below the soil. A rating of possible indicates that the source material may be in or below the soil and that further investigation is warranted. A rating of improbable indicates that the source material is unlikely to be in or below the soil. The numerical ratings in these columns indicate the degree of probability. A numerical rating of 1.00 indicates that the soil is an improbable source. A numerical rating of less than 1.00 indicates the degree to which the soil is a possible or probable source of sand or gravel.

Other rating class terms used in this table indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by soil features that affect their use as a source for roadfill or topsoil or their suitability for shallow excavations. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited
indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings for roadfill, topsoil, and shallow excavations indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited ..................................................... 0.00 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | . 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited. | . 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | ... 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ...... 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Roadfill is soil material that is excavated in one place and used in road embankments in another place. In this table, the soils are rated as a source of roadfill for low embankments, generally less than 6 feet high and less exacting in design than higher embankments.

The ratings are for the whole soil, from the surface to a depth of about 5 feet. It is assumed that soil layers will be mixed when the soil material is excavated and spread.

The ratings are based on the amount of suitable material and on soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and the performance of the material after it is in place. The thickness of the suitable material is a major consideration. The ease of excavation is affected by large stones, a water table, and slope. How
well the soil performs in place after it has been compacted and drained is determined by its strength (as inferred from the AASHTO classification of the soil) and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential).

Sand and gravel are natural aggregates suitable for commercial use with a minimum of processing. They are used in many kinds of construction. Specifications for each use vary widely. In the table, only the likelihood of finding material in suitable quantity is evaluated. The suitability of the material for specific purposes is not evaluated, nor are factors that affect excavation of the material. The properties used to evaluate the soil as a source of sand or gravel are gradation of grain sizes (as indicated by the Unified classification of the soil), the thickness of suitable material, and the content of rock fragments. If the lowest layer of the soil contains sand or gravel, the soil is rated as a probable source regardless of the thickness. The assumption is that the sand or gravel layer below the depth of observation exceeds the minimum thickness.

Topsoil is used to cover an area so that vegetation can be established and maintained. The upper 40 inches of a soil is evaluated for use as topsoil. Also evaluated is the reclamation potential of the borrow area. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth; the ease of excavating, loading, and spreading the material; and reclamation of the borrow area. Toxic substances, soil reaction, and the properties that are inferred from soil texture, such as available water capacity and fertility, affect plant growth. The ease of excavating, loading, and spreading is affected by rock fragments, slope, a water table, soil texture, and thickness of suitable material. Reclamation of the borrow area is affected by slope, a water table, rock fragments, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and toxic material.

The surface layer of most soils is generally preferred for topsoil because of its organic matter content. Organic matter greatly increases the absorption and retention of moisture and nutrients for plant growth.

Shallow excavations are trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for basements, graves, utility lines, open ditches, or other purposes. The ratings are based on the soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing. Depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, the amount of large stones, and dense layers influence the ease of digging, filling, and compacting. Depth to the seasonal high water table, flooding, and ponding may restrict the period when excavations can be made. Slope influences the ease of using machinery. Soil texture,
depth to the water table, and linear extensibility (shrinkswell potential) influence the resistance to sloughing.

## Water Management

Table 15 gives information on the soil properties and site features that affect water management. The degree and kind of soil limitations are given for pond reservoir areas, drainage, irrigation, terraces and diversions, and grassed waterways.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00 . Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | .. 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited | .. 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | .. 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ............. 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are
shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Pond reservoir areas hold water behind a dam or embankment. Soils best suited to this use have low seepage potential in the upper 60 inches. The seepage potential is determined by the permeability of the soil and the depth to fractured bedrock or other permeable material. Slope can affect the storage capacity of the reservoir area.

Drainage is the removal of excess surface and subsurface water from the soil. How easily and effectively the soil is drained depends on the depth to bedrock, permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, and flooding. Excavating and grading and the stability of ditchbanks are affected by depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, large stones, slope, and the likelihood that cutbanks will cave. The productivity of the soil after drainage is adversely affected by extreme acidity or by toxic substances in the root zone, such as salts, sodium, and sulfur. The availability of drainage outlets is not considered in the ratings.

Irrigation is the controlled application of water to supplement rainfall and support plant growth. The design and management of an irrigation system are affected by depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, available water capacity, intake rate, permeability, erodibility, and slope. The construction of a system is affected by large stones and depth to bedrock. The performance of a system is affected by the depth of the root zone, reaction, and the amount of salts, sodium, sulfur, lime, or gypsum.

Terraces and diversions are embankments or a combination of channels and ridges constructed across a slope to control erosion and conserve moisture by intercepting runoff. Slope, a water table, ponding, large stones, and depth to bedrock affect the construction of terraces and diversions. A restricted rooting depth, erodibility, an excessively coarse texture, and restricted permeability adversely affect maintenance.

Grassed waterways are natural or constructed channels, generally broad and shallow, that conduct surface water to outlets at a nonerosive velocity. Large stones, a water table, slope, and depth to bedrock affect the construction of grassed waterways. Erodibility, soil moisture regime, available water capacity, restricted rooting depth, restricted permeability, and toxic substances, such as salts and sodium, affect the growth and maintenance of the grass after construction.

## Waste Management

Soil properties are important considerations in areas where soils are used as sites for the treatment and disposal of organic waste and wastewater. Selection of soils with properties that favor waste management can help to prevent environmental damage.

Table 16 shows the degree and kind of soil limitations affecting the treatment of agricultural waste, including municipal and food-processing wastewater and effluent from lagoons or storage ponds. Municipal wastewater is the waste stream from a municipality. It contains domestic waste and may contain industrial waste. It may have received primary or secondary treatment. It is rarely untreated sewage. Foodprocessing wastewater results from the preparation of fruits, vegetables, milk, cheese, and meats for public consumption. In places it is high in content of sodium and chloride. In the context of this table, the effluent in lagoons and storage ponds is from facilities used to treat or store food-processing wastewater or domestic or animal waste. Domestic and food-processing wastewater is very dilute, and the effluent from the facilities that treat or store it commonly is very low in content of carbonaceous and nitrogenous material; the content of nitrogen commonly ranges from 10 to 30 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{I}$. The wastewater from animal waste treatment lagoons or storage ponds, however, has much higher concentrations of these materials, mainly because the manure has not been diluted as much as the domestic waste. The content of nitrogen in this wastewater generally ranges from 50 to $2,000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$. When wastewater is applied, checks should be made to ensure that nitrogen, heavy metals, and salts are not added in excessive amounts.

The ratings in the table are for waste management systems that not only dispose of and treat organic waste or wastewater but also are beneficial to crops (application of manure and food-processing waste, application of sewage sludge, and disposal of wastewater through irrigation) and for waste management systems that are designed only for the purpose of wastewater disposal and treatment (slow rate treatment of wastewater and rapid infiltration of wastewater).

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable
for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00 . Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

| Not limited | .. 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slightly limited | 0.01 to 0.30 |
| Moderately limited | 0.31 to 0.60 |
| Limited | 0.61 to 0.99 |
| Very limited | ......... 1.00 |

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Land application of manure and food-processing waste not only disposes of waste material but also improves crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. Manure is the excrement of livestock and poultry, and food-processing waste is damaged fruit and vegetables and the peelings, stems, leaves, pits, and soil particles removed in food preparation. The manure and food-processing waste are either solid, slurry, or liquid. Their nitrogen content varies. A high content of nitrogen limits the application rate. Toxic or otherwise dangerous wastes, such as those mixed with the lye
used in food processing, are not considered in the ratings.

The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the waste is applied, and the method by which the waste is applied. The properties that affect absorption include permeability, a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and available water capacity. The properties that affect plant growth and microbial activity include reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste.

Land application of municipal sewage sludge not only disposes of waste material but also improves crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. In the context of this table, sewage sludge is the residual product of the treatment of municipal sewage. The solid component consists mainly of cell mass, primarily bacteria cells that developed during secondary treatment and have incorporated soluble organics into their own bodies. The sludge has small amounts of sand, silt, and other solid debris. The content of nitrogen varies. Some sludge has constituents that are toxic to plants or hazardous to the food chain, such as heavy metals and exotic organic compounds, and should be analyzed chemically prior to use.

The content of water in the sludge ranges from about 98 percent to less than 40 percent. The sludge is considered liquid if it is more than about 90 percent water, slurry if it is about 50 to 90 percent water, and solid if it is less than about 50 percent water.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the sludge is applied, and the method by which the sludge is applied. The properties that affect absorption, plant growth, and microbial activity include permeability, a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, available water capacity, reaction, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of sludge.

Disposal of wastewater by irrigation not only disposes of municipal wastewater and wastewater from
food-processing plants, lagoons, and storage ponds but also improves crop production by increasing the amount of water available to crops. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the design, construction, management, and performance of the irrigation system. The properties that affect design and management include the sodium adsorption ratio, a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, slope, and flooding. The properties that affect construction include stones, cobbles, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, and ponding. The properties that affect performance include depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, bulk density, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, reaction, and the cation-exchange capacity, which is used to estimate the capacity of a soil to adsorb heavy metals.

Treatment of wastewater by slow rate process is a process in which wastewater is applied to land at a rate normally between 0.5 inch and 4.0 inches per week. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. The applied wastewater is treated as it moves through the soil. Much of the treated water percolates to the ground water, and some enters the atmosphere through evapotranspiration. The applied water generally is not allowed to run off the surface. Waterlogging is prevented either through control of the application rate or through the use of tile drains, or both.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, and the application of waste. The properties that affect absorption include
the sodium adsorption ratio, a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, the cation-exchange capacity, and slope. Reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density affect plant growth and microbial activity. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste.

Treatment of wastewater by rapid infiltration process is a process in which wastewater applied in a level basin at a rate of 4 to 120 inches per week percolates through the soil, eventually reaching the ground water. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. Vegetation is not a necessary part of the treatment; hence, the basins may or may not be vegetated. The thickness of the soil material needed for proper treatment of the wastewater is more than 72 inches. As a result, geologic and hydrologic investigation is needed to ensure proper design and performance and to determine the risk of ground-water pollution.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution and the design, construction, and performance of the system. A water table, ponding, flooding, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan affect the risk of pollution and the design and construction of the system. Slope, stones, and cobbles also affect design and construction. Permeability and reaction affect performance.

## Soil Properties

Data relating to soil properties are collected during the course of the soil survey.

Soil properties are ascertained by field examination of the soils and by laboratory index testing of some benchmark soils. Established standard procedures are followed. During the survey, many shallow borings are made and examined to identify and classify the soils and to delineate them on the soil maps. Samples are taken from some typical profiles and tested in the laboratory to determine particle-size distribution, plasticity, and compaction characteristics.

Estimates of soil properties are based on field examinations, on laboratory tests of samples from the survey area, and on laboratory tests of samples of similar soils in nearby areas. Tests verify field observations, verify properties that cannot be estimated accurately by field observation, and help to characterize key soils.

The estimates of soil properties shown in the tables include the range of grain-size distribution and Atterberg limits, the engineering classification, and the physical and chemical properties of the major layers of each soil. Pertinent soil and water features also are given.

## Engineering Index Properties

Table 17 gives estimates of the engineering classification and of the range of index properties for the major layers of each soil in the survey area. Most soils have layers of contrasting properties within the upper 5 or 6 feet.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated. The range in depth and information on other properties of each layer are given for each soil series under the heading "Soil Series and Their Morphology."

Texture is given in abbreviations of the standard terms used by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. These terms are defined according to percentages of sand, silt, and clay in the fraction of the soil that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter (fig. 11). "Loam," for example, is soil that is 7 to 27 percent clay, 28 to 50 percent silt, and less than 52 percent sand. If the content of particles coarser than sand is as much as


Figure 11.-Percentages of clay, silt, and sand in the basic USDA soil textural classes.
about 15 percent, an appropriate modifier is added, for example, "gravelly." Textural terms are defined in the Glossary.

Classification of the soils is determined according to the Unified soil classification system (ASTM, 2001) and the system adopted by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO, 2000).

The Unified system classifies soils according to properties that affect their use as construction material. Soils are classified according to grain-size distribution of the fraction less than 3 inches in diameter and according to plasticity index, liquid limit, and organic matter content. Sandy and gravelly soils are identified as GW, GP, GM, GC, SW, SP, SM, and SC; silty and clayey soils as ML, CL, OL, MH, CH, and OH ; and highly organic soils as PT. Soils exhibiting engineering properties of two groups can have a dual classification, for example, CL-ML.

The AASHTO system classifies soils according to those properties that affect roadway construction and
maintenance. In this system, the fraction of a mineral soil that is less than 3 inches in diameter is classified in one of seven groups from A-1 through A-7 on the basis of grain-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index. Soils in group A-1 are coarse grained and low in content of fines (silt and clay). At the other extreme, soils in group A-7 are fine grained. Highly organic soils are classified in group A-8 on the basis of visual inspection.

If laboratory data are available, the $\mathrm{A}-1, \mathrm{~A}-2$, and A-7 groups are further classified as $A-1-a, A-1-b$, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-7-5, or A-7-6. As an additional refinement, the suitability of a soil as subgrade material can be indicated by a group index number. Group index numbers range from 0 for the best subgrade material to 20 or higher for the poorest.

Rock fragments larger than 10 inches in diameter and 3 to 10 inches in diameter are indicated as a percentage of the total soil on a dry-weight basis. The percentages are estimates determined mainly by converting volume percentage in the field to weight percentage.

Percentage (of soil particles) passing designated sieves is the percentage of the soil fraction less than 3 inches in diameter based on an ovendry weight. The sieves, numbers 4, 10, 40, and 200 (USA Standard Series), have openings of 4.76, 2.00, 0.420, and 0.074 millimeters, respectively. Estimates are based on laboratory tests of soils sampled in the survey area and in nearby areas and on estimates made in the field.

Liquid limit and plasticity index (Atterberg limits) indicate the plasticity characteristics of a soil. The estimates are based on test data from the survey area or from nearby areas and on field examination.

The estimates of grain-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index are generally rounded to the nearest 5 percent. Thus, if the ranges of gradation and Atterberg limits extend a marginal amount (1 or 2 percentage points) across classification boundaries, the classification in the marginal zone is omitted in the table.

## Physical Properties

Table 18 shows estimates of some characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the major layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Particle size is the effective diameter of a soil particle as measured by sedimentation, sieving, or
micrometric methods. Particle sizes are expressed as classes with specific effective diameter class limits. The broad classes are sand, silt, and clay, ranging from the larger to the smaller.

Sand as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are 0.05 millimeter to 2 millimeters in diameter. In the table, the estimated sand content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

Silt as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are 0.002 to 0.05 millimeter in diameter. In the table, the estimated silt content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

Clay as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. In the table, the estimated clay content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of sand, silt, and clay affects the physical behavior of a soil. Particle size is important for engineering and agronomic interpretations, for determination of soil hydrologic qualities, and for soil classification.

The amount and kind of clay affect the fertility and physical condition of the soil and the ability of the soil to adsorb cations and to retain moisture. They influence shrink-swell potential, permeability, plasticity, the ease of soil dispersion, and other soil properties. The amount and kind of clay in a soil also affect tillage and earthmoving operations.

Moist bulk density is the weight of soil (ovendry) per unit volume. Volume is measured when the soil is at field moisture capacity, that is, the moisture content at $1 / 3$ - or $1 / 10-$ bar ( 33 kPa or 10 kPa ) moisture tension. Weight is determined after the soil is dried at 105 degrees C . In the table, the estimated moist bulk density of each soil horizon is expressed in grams per cubic centimeter of soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter. Bulk density data are used to compute shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, total pore space, and other soil properties. The moist bulk density of a soil indicates the pore space available for water and roots. Depending on soil texture, a bulk density of more than 1.4 can restrict water storage and root penetration. Moist bulk density is influenced by texture, kind of clay, content of organic matter, and soil structure.

Saturated hydraulic conductivity refers to the ability of a soil to transmit water or air. The term "permeability," as used in soil surveys, indicates saturated hydraulic conductivity $\left(\mathrm{K}_{\text {sat }}\right)$. The estimates
in the table indicate the rate of water movement, in micrometers per second ( $u \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ ), when the soil is saturated. They are based on soil characteristics observed in the field, particularly structure, porosity, and texture. Permeability is considered in the design of soil drainage systems and septic tank absorption fields.

Available water capacity refers to the quantity of water that the soil is capable of storing for use by plants. The capacity for water storage is given in inches of water per inch of soil for each soil layer. The capacity varies, depending on soil properties that affect retention of water. The most important properties are the content of organic matter, soil texture, bulk density, and soil structure. Available water capacity is an important factor in the choice of plants or crops to be grown and in the design and management of irrigation systems. Available water capacity is not an estimate of the quantity of water actually available to plants at any given time.

Linear extensibility refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at $1 / 3$ - or $1 / 10$-bar tension ( 33 kPa or 10 kPa tension) and oven dryness. The volume change is reported in the table as percent change for the whole soil. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil.

Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. The shrink-swell potential is low if the soil has a linear extensibility of less than 3 percent; moderate if 3 to 6 percent; high if 6 to 9 percent; and very high if more than 9 percent. If the linear extensibility is more than 3 , shrinking and swelling can cause damage to buildings, roads, and other structures and to plant roots. Special design commonly is needed.

Organic matter is the plant and animal residue in the soil at various stages of decomposition. In the table, the estimated content of organic matter is expressed as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of organic matter in a soil can be maintained by returning crop residue to the soil. Organic matter has a positive effect on available water capacity, water infiltration, soil organism activity, and tilth. It is a source of nitrogen and other nutrients for crops and soil organisms.

Erosion factors are shown in the table as the K factor (Kw and Kf) and the T factor. Erosion factor K indicates the susceptibility of a soil to sheet and rill erosion by water. Factor K is one of six factors used in the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) and the

Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by sheet and rill erosion in tons per acre per year. The estimates are based primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and permeability. Values of K range from 0.02 to 0.69 . Other factors being equal, the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to sheet and rill erosion by water.

Erosion factor Kw indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the presence of rock fragments.

Erosion factor $K f$ indicates the erodibility of the fine-earth fraction, or the material less than 2 millimeters in size.

Erosion factor $T$ is an estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind or water that can occur without affecting crop productivity over a sustained period. The rate is in tons per acre per year.

Wind erodibility groups are made up of soils that have similar properties affecting their susceptibility to wind erosion in cultivated areas. The soils assigned to group 1 are the most susceptible to wind erosion, and those assigned to group 8 are the least susceptible. The groups are as follows:

1. Coarse sands, sands, fine sands, and very fine sands.
2. Loamy coarse sands, loamy sands, loamy fine sands, loamy very fine sands, ash material, and sapric soil material.
3. Coarse sandy loams, sandy loams, fine sandy loams, and very fine sandy loams.

4L. Calcareous loams, silt loams, clay loams, and silty clay loams.
4. Clays, silty clays, noncalcareous clay loams, and silty clay loams that are more than 35 percent clay.
5. Noncalcareous loams and silt loams that are less than 20 percent clay and sandy clay loams, sandy clays, and hemic soil material.
6. Noncalcareous loams and silt loams that are more than 20 percent clay and noncalcareous clay loams that are less than 35 percent clay.
7. Silts, noncalcareous silty clay loams that are less than 35 percent clay, and fibric soil material.
8. Soils that are not subject to wind erosion because of coarse fragments on the surface or because of surface wetness.

Wind erodibility index is a numerical value indicating the susceptibility of soil to wind erosion, or the tons per acre per year that can be expected to be lost to wind erosion. There is a close correlation between wind erosion and the texture of the surface layer, the
size and durability of surface clods, rock fragments, organic matter, and a calcareous reaction. Soil moisture and frozen soil layers also influence wind erosion.

## Chemical Properties

Table 19 shows estimates of some chemical characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Cation-exchange capacity is the total amount of extractable bases that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality ( pH 7.0 ) or at some other stated pH value. Soils having a low cation-exchange capacity hold fewer cations and may require more frequent applications of fertilizer than soils having a high cation-exchange capacity. The ability to retain cations reduces the hazard of ground-water pollution.

Effective cation-exchange capacity refers to the sum of extractable bases plus aluminum expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil. It is determined for soils that have pH of less than 5.5.

Soil reaction is a measure of acidity or alkalinity. The pH of each soil horizon is based on many field tests. For many soils, values have been verified by laboratory analyses. Soil reaction is important in selecting crops and other plants, in evaluating soil amendments for fertility and stabilization, and in determining the risk of corrosion.

## Water Features

Table 20 gives estimates of various water features.
The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from longduration storms.

The four hydrologic soil groups are:
Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate
when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Surface runoff refers to the loss of water from an area by flow over the land surface. Surface runoff classes are based on slope, climate, and vegetative cover. It is assumed that the surface of the soil is bare and that the retention of surface water resulting from irregularities in the ground surface is minimal. The classes are negligible, very low, low, medium, high, and very high.

The months in the table indicate the portion of the year in which the feature is most likely to be a concern.

Water table refers to a saturated zone in the soil. Table 20 indicates, by month, depth to the top (upper limit) and base (lower limit) of the saturated zone in most years. Estimates of the upper and lower limits are based mainly on observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone, namely grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic features) in the soil. A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

Ponding is standing water in a closed depression. Unless a drainage system is installed, the water is removed only by percolation, transpiration, or evaporation. Table 20 indicates surface water depth and the duration and frequency of ponding. Duration is expressed as very brief if less than 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, rare, occasional, and frequent. None means that ponding is not probable; rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of ponding is nearly 0 percent to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (the chance of ponding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); and frequent that it occurs, on the average, more than
once in 2 years (the chance of ponding is more than 50 percent in any year).

Flooding is the temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

Duration and frequency are estimated. Duration is expressed as extremely brief if 0.1 hour to 4 hours, very brief if 4 hours to 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, very rare, rare, occasional, frequent, and very frequent. None means that flooding is not probable; very rare that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is less than 1 percent in any year); rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 1 to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); frequent that it is likely to occur often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in any year but is less than 50 percent in all months in any year); and very frequent that it is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in all months of any year).

The information is based on evidence in the soil profile, namely thin strata of gravel, sand, silt, or clay deposited by floodwater; irregular decrease in organic matter content with increasing depth; and little or no horizon development.

Also considered are local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

## Soil Features

Table 21 gives estimates of various soil features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

A restrictive layer is a nearly continuous layer that has one or more physical, chemical, or thermal
properties that significantly impede the movement of water and air through the soil or that restrict roots or otherwise provide an unfavorable root environment. Examples are bedrock, cemented layers, dense layers, and frozen layers. The table indicates the thickness and hardness of the restrictive layer, both of which significantly affect the ease of excavation. Depth to top is the vertical distance from the soil surface to the upper boundary of the restrictive layer.

Potential for frost action is the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses (frost heave) and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing. Frost action occurs when moisture moves into the freezing zone of the soil. Temperature, texture, density, permeability, content of organic matter, and depth to the water table are the most important factors considered in evaluating the potential for frost action. It is assumed that the soil is not insulated by vegetation or snow and is not artificially drained. Silty and highly structured, clayey soils that have a high water table in winter are the most susceptible to frost action. Well drained, very gravelly, or very sandy soils are the least susceptible. Frost heave and low soil strength during thawing cause damage mainly to pavements and other rigid structures.

Risk of corrosion pertains to potential soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens uncoated steel or concrete. The rate of corrosion of uncoated steel is related to such factors as soil moisture, particle-size distribution, acidity, and electrical conductivity of the soil. The rate of corrosion of concrete is based mainly on the sulfate and sodium content, texture, moisture content, and acidity of the soil. Special site examination and design may be needed if the combination of factors results in a severe hazard of corrosion. The steel in installations that intersect soil boundaries or soil layers is more susceptible to corrosion than steel in installations that are entirely within one kind of soil or within one soil layer.

For uncoated steel, the risk of corrosion, expressed as low, moderate, or high, is based on soil drainage class, total acidity, electrical resistivity near field capacity, and electrical conductivity of the saturation extract.

For concrete, the risk of corrosion is also expressed as low, moderate, or high. It is based on soil texture, acidity, and amount of sulfates in the saturation extract.

## Classification of the Soils

The system of soil classification used by the National Cooperative Soil Survey has six categories (Soil Survey Staff, 1998 and 1999). Beginning with the broadest, these categories are the order, suborder, great group, subgroup, family, and series. Classification is based on soil properties observed in the field or inferred from those observations or from laboratory measurements. Table 22 shows the classification of the soils in the survey area. The categories are defined in the following paragraphs.

ORDER. Twelve soil orders are recognized. The differences among orders reflect the dominant soilforming processes and the degree of soil formation. Each order is identified by a word ending in sol. An example is Alfisol.

SUBORDER. Each order is divided into suborders primarily on the basis of properties that influence soil genesis and are important to plant growth or properties that reflect the most important variables within the orders. The last syllable in the name of a suborder indicates the order. An example is Udalf (Ud, meaning humid, plus alf, from Alfisol).

GREAT GROUP. Each suborder is divided into great groups on the basis of close similarities in kind, arrangement, and degree of development of pedogenic horizons; soil moisture and temperature regimes; type of saturation; and base status. Each great group is identified by the name of a suborder and by a prefix that indicates a property of the soil. An example is Hapludalfs (Hapl, meaning minimal horizonation, plus udalf, the suborder of the Alfisols that has a udic moisture regime).

SUBGROUP. Each great group has a typic subgroup. Other subgroups are intergrades or extragrades. The typic subgroup is the central concept of the great group; it is not necessarily the most extensive. Intergrades are transitions to other orders, suborders, or great groups. Extragrades have some properties that are not representative of the great group but do not indicate transitions to any other taxonomic class. Each subgroup is identified by one or more adjectives preceding the name of the great group. The adjective Typic identifies the subgroup that typifies the great group. An example is Typic Hapludalfs.

FAMILY. Families are established within a subgroup on the basis of physical and chemical properties and other characteristics that affect management. Generally, the properties are those of horizons below plow depth where there is much biological activity. Among the properties and characteristics considered are particle-size class, mineralogy class, cation-exchange activity class, soil temperature regime, soil depth, and reaction class. A family name consists of the name of a subgroup preceded by terms that indicate soil properties. An example is very-fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs.

SERIES. The series consists of soils within a family that have horizons similar in color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, mineral and chemical composition, and arrangement in the profile.

## Soil Series and Their Morphology

In this section, each soil series recognized in the survey area is described. Characteristics of the soil and the material in which it formed are identified for each series. A pedon, a small three-dimensional area of soil, that is typical of the series in the survey area is described (in some cases the representative pedon is from a different survey area). The detailed description of each soil horizon follows standards in the "Soil Survey Manual" (Soil Survey Division Staff, 1993). Many of the technical terms used in the descriptions are defined in "Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1999) and in "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1998). Unless otherwise indicated, colors in the descriptions are for moist soil. Following the pedon description is the range of important characteristics of the soils in the series.

## Alred Series

The Alred series consists of very deep, well drained soils that formed in gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum derived from dolostone. These soils are on moderately sloping to very steep uplands. Permeability is moderate in the upper part of
the subsoil and slow in the lower part. Slopes range from 1 to 60 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

## Typical Pedon

Alred extremely gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes; 500 feet south and 50 feet west of the northwest corner of sec. 27, T. 22 N., R. 8 W.; USGS Lanton topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 604,560 meters Easting and 4,044,970 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

A-0 to 4 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) extremely gravelly silt loam, grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; very friable; many fine and medium roots; many very fine irregular pores; 50 percent chert gravel and 20 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid (pH 4.7); abrupt smooth boundary.
BE-4 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine and medium roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-12 to 26 inches; 50 percent light yellowish brown ( $10 \mathrm{YR} 6 / 4$ ) and 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many fine tubular pores; common prominent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; 50 percent chert gravel and 10 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
2Bt2-26 to 44 inches; 80 percent yellowish red (5YR $4 / 6$ ) and 20 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) cobbly clay; strong fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel and 10 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); gradual smooth boundary.
2Bt3-44 to 60 inches; 80 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 20 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) clay; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine tubular pores; many prominent yellowish red (5YR $5 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ); gradual smooth boundary.
2Bt4-60 to 80 inches; 80 percent yellowish red (5YR $4 / 6$ ) and 20 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8)
clay; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine tubular pores; many prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.8 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 20 to 40 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel or cobbles

E or BE horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 10 to 50 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silt loam or loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 70 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 50 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silty clay or clay

## Aslinger Series

The Aslinger series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils on valley footslopes. These soils formed in loamy slope alluvium. Permeability is moderately slow. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Aslinger silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,400 feet south and 850 feet west of the northwest corner of sec. 28, T. 24 N., R. 5 W.; USGS Rover topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 632,980 meters Easting and 4,069,970 meters Northing.
Ap-0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate medium granular; friable; many fine roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
Bt1- 5 to 10 inches; 50 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky
structure; friable; common fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-10 to 19 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common faint brown (10YR 4/3) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-19 to 31 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; many fine tubular pores; common distinct (10YR 4/3) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) clay depletions on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9); clear wavy boundary.
$2 \mathrm{Btx}-31$ to 50 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) gravelly clay loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; few very fine roots; common prominent grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; 50 percent brittle; very strongly acid (pH 5.0); gradual wavy boundary.
$3 \mathrm{Bt}-50$ to 80 inches; 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and 60 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; many prominent grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; 25 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Btx horizon: 20 to 40 inches
A horizon:
Content of rock fragments-less than 10 percent gravel
Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or loam
2Btx horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 50 percent gravel or cobbles

Texture-silty clay loam, clay loam, or silt loam

## 3Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 50 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silty clay, clay, or clay loam

## Bardley Series

The Bardley series consists of moderately deep, well drained soils on upland side slopes. These soils formed in slope alluvium over clayey residuum. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 15 to 60 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Very-fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Bardley extremely cobbly silt loam in an area of Alred-Bardley-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes, very stony; 50 feet south and 2,400 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 3, T. 31 N ., R. 7 W.; USGS Montauk topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 615,046 meters Easting and 4,142,354 meters Northing; in Texas County, Missouri.

A-0 to 3 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) extremely cobbly silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; common fine and very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 40 percent chert gravel and 30 percent chert cobbles; neutral ( pH 7.2); abrupt wavy boundary.

BE-3 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely cobbly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular and tubular pores; 40 percent chert gravel and 30 percent chert cobbles; neutral (pH 6.6); abrupt wavy boundary.
2Bt1-6 to 11 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and brown (7.5YR 5/3) clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine angular blocky; firm; few fine and medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.4); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt2-11 to 22 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak very fine angular blocky; firm; few fine and medium roots; common very fine tubular pores;
many prominent clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); abrupt smooth boundary.
3R-22 inches; dolostone.

## Range in Characteristics

## Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent cobbles

## BE horizon.

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent cobbles

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 5 to 25 percent gravel or cobbles

## Batcave Series

The Batcave series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils on flood plains. These soils formed in gravelly alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Argiaquolls

## Typical Pedon

Batcave gravelly loam in an area of Batcave-Farewell complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; 1,700 feet north and 200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 17, T. 27 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Cabool Southeast topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 584,130 meters Easting and 4,096,930 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap1-0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) gravelly loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) dry; moderate fine and medium granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine and few medium roots throughout; many very fine and fine irregular pores; 15 percent subrounded chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
Ap2-4 to 12 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 4/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots throughout; common fine tubular pores; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 20 percent subrounded chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear smooth boundary.

Bt1-12 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots throughout; common fine tubular pores; common fine faint discontinuous brown (10YR 4/3) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard ironmanganese concretions throughout; 50 percent subrounded chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 6.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-16 to 24 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) extremely gravelly loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots throughout; common fine tubular pores and few fine vesicular pores; common fine distinct discontinuous brown (10YR 5/3) clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; many medium distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 60 percent subrounded chert gravel and 2 percent subrounded mixed cobbles; moderately acid ( pH 6.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-24 to 33 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly sandy clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots throughout; few fine irregular and tubular pores; common fine distinct discontinuous dark brown (10YR $3 / 3$ ) clay films on faces of peds; many medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 6$ ) masses of iron accumulation; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 50 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.8); gradual wavy boundary.

Bt4-33 to 45 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots throughout; few very fine and fine irregular and tubular pores; few medium prominent discontinuous gray (10YR 5/1) clay films on faces of peds; many medium prominent light brownish gray ( $10 \mathrm{YR} 6 / 2$ ) iron depletions; common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 6$ ) masses of iron accumulation between peds; few medium prominent irregular black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains throughout; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 2 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Bt5-45 to 80 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4)
gravelly clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots throughout; few very fine and fine irregular and tubular pores; common medium prominent discontinuous light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films on faces of peds; many medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; common medium distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation on faces of peds; few medium prominent irregular black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains throughout; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 15 percent subrounded chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.1 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Ap or A horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 40 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or loam
Upper part of Bt or Btg horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 30 to 70 percent gravel and 0 to 15 percent cobbles
Texture-silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, or sandy clay loam

2Bt horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 70 percent gravel Texture-silt loam, loam, clay loam, sandy clay loam, or clay

## Bearthicket Series

The Bearthicket series consists of very deep, well drained soils on flood plains and low stream terraces. These soils formed in silty alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Bearthicket silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 600 feet south and 2,100 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 35, T. 26 N., R. 9 W.; Willow Springs South topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 597,900 meters Easting and 4,083,060 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; strong medium granular structure; friable; many very fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; very strongly acid (pH 5.0); clear smooth boundary.

Bt1-6 to 11 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) silt loam; moderate fine and medium granular structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine tubular and irregular pores; common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; strongly acid (pH 5.3); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-11 to 20 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; strong fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular and vesicular pores; common distinct dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) clay films on faces of peds; 1 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-20 to 31 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt4-31 to 38 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine tubular pores; common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 5.3); clear smooth boundary.

Bt5-38 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) coatings of silt on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 5.1 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## Ap or $A$ horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel

## Upper part of Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## Lower part of Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 30 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam, loam, clay loam, or loam

## Bendavis Series

The Bendavis series consists of moderately deep, moderately well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in gravelly slope alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 1 to 35 percent.

Taxonomic classification:Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults

## Typical Pedon

Bendavis extremely gravelly silt loam in an area of Bendavis-Poynor complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes; 2,000 feet north and 1,600 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 2, T. 24 N., R. 10 W.; Siloam Springs topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 586,440 meters Easting and 4,070,660 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed oak leaf litter.
A-1 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) extremely gravelly silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular and irregular pores; 60 percent chert gravel and 10 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-4 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine roots; common fine tubular and irregular pores; many faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds: 40 percent chert gravel, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 5 percent chert stones; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-17 to 24 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common fine tubular and irregular pores; common distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; 60 percent chert gravel, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 5 percent chert stones; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
2R-34 inches; chert.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches
Ap or A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 15 to 75 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 30 to 75 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, or loam

## Bender Series

The Bender series consists of moderately deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in residuum derived from sandstone. Permeability is moderately rapid. Slopes range from 15 to 60 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults

## Typical Pedon

Bender very cobbly fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes; 50 feet north and 1,200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 23, T. 31 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Prescott topographic quadrangle, UTM coordinates Zone 15, 597,652 meters Easting and 4,149,060 meters Northing; in Texas County, Missouri.
Oi-1 inch to 0 ; slightly decomposed oak leaf litter.
A- 0 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very cobbly fine sandy loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine and few medium roots; many very fine irregular pores; 20 percent cobbles and 20 percent gravel; moderately acid (pH 6.0); abrupt smooth boundary.
Bt1-4 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly fine sandy loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and few medium roots; common fine tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent cobbles and 30 percent gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.4); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-12 to 15 inches; mixed, yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 6$ ) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely cobbly loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and few medium roots; common fine tubular pores; few prominent clay films on faces of peds; 40 percent cobbles and 20 percent gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-15 to 23 inches; mixed, brown (7.5YR 4/4) and yellowish red (5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; common fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 70 percent gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
2R-23 inches; sandstone from the Roubidoux Formation.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-20 to 60 percent gravel and 0 to 35 percent cobbles

E or BA horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments-20 to 60 percent gravel and 0 to 35 percent cobbles
Texture-sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 30 to 80 percent gravel and 0 to 50 percent cobbles
Texture-sandy loam, loam, sandy clay loam, or clay loam

## Branson Series

The Branson series consists of very deep, well drained soils on the summits of hills. These soils formed in loess and the underlying silty slope alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 1 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Branson silt loam in an area of Branson-Splitimb complex, 1 to 3 percent slopes; 1,250 feet north and 1,750 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 28, T. 26 N., R. 8 W.; USGS Trask topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 604,310 meters Easting and 4,083,440 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; many fine and medium roots; many very fine tubular and irregular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 6.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
$\mathrm{Bt} 1-7$ to 13 inches; mixed, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid ( pH 6.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-13 to 20 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6)
silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few fine black stains of iron and manganese
oxide on faces of peds; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-20 to 38 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few fine black stains of iron and manganese oxide on faces of peds and few fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
$2 B+4-38$ to 45 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many distinct strong brown (7.5YR $4 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few fine black stains of iron and manganese oxide on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt5-45 to 56 inches; 60 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 40 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many prominent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt6-56 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine tubular pores; many prominent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## Ap or A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel Texture-silty clay loam or silty clay

## Britwater Series

The Britwater series consists of very deep, well drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 1 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

## Typical Pedon

Britwater silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 1,300 feet north and 2,850 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 8, T. 24 N., R. 8 W.; USGS White Church topographic quadrangle; latitude 37 degrees 30 minutes 43 seconds N.; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 600,920 meters Easting and 4,069,340 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak medium granular; friable; many fine and medium roots; many fine irregular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-7 to 13 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; many distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; slightly acid ( pH 6.2 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-13 to 18 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.7 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt3-18 to 24 inches; 60 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 40 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; many prominent dark red (2.5YR $3 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few fine black stains of iron and manganese oxide on faces of peds; 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.3); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt4-24 to 32 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) gravelly clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; many distinct dark red (2.5YR 3/6) clay films on faces of peds; common fine black stains of iron and manganese oxide on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.3.9); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt5-32 to 48 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) extremely
gravelly clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; many distinct dark red (2.5YR 3/6) clay films on faces of peds; few fine black stains of iron and manganese oxide on faces of peds; 65 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.3); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt6-48 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly sandy clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine tubular and irregular pores; many prominent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 40 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.6).

## Range in Characteristics

Ap or A horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 10 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 5 to 30 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bthorizon:

Content of rock fragments- 15 to 70 percent gravel
Texture-silty clay loam, clay loam, or sandy clay loam

## Clarksville Series

The Clarksville series consists of very deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in colluvium and residuum. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 15 to 35 percent.
Taxonomic classification:Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Clarksville extremely gravelly silt loam in an area of Clarksville-Bendavis complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony; 200 feet south and 1,900 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 24, T. 25 N., R. 6 W.; USGS Thomasville topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 628,660 meters Easting and 4,076,720 meters Northing.
Oe- 0 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed organic matter.
A-2 to 8 inches; brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) extremely gravelly silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many fine to coarse roots; many very fine irregular pores; 75 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert
cobbles; extremely acid (pH 4.4); clear smooth boundary.
BE-8 to 14 inches; 60 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR $6 / 6$ ) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine to coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; 50 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt1-14 to 20 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine to coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; many prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 35 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt2-20 to 28 inches; 60 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; common fine and medium roots; many fine tubular pores; many distinct dark red (2.5YR $3 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; 40 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt3-28 to 44 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few fine and very fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; many prominent dark red ( $2.5 \mathrm{YR} 3 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; 50 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.6); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4-44 to 56 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium angular blocky structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid (pH 4.5); clear wavy boundary.
3Bt5-56 to 80 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium angular blocky structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many distinct dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3) clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ).

## Range in Characteristics

A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel and cobbles

## BE horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 25 to 65 percent gravel and cobbles
Texture-silt loam or loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 25 to 75 percent gravel and cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, or loam

2Bt and 3Bt horizons:
Content of rock fragments- 5 to 50 percent gravel and cobbles
Texture-clay, clay loam, or silty clay loam

## Coulstone Series

The Coulstone series consists of very deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in colluvium and residuum derived from acid sandstone. Permeability is moderately rapid. Slopes range from 15 to 60 percent.

Taxonomic classification:Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Coulstone very gravelly sandy loam in an area of Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony; 1,300 feet south and 2,500 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 17, T. 25 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Siloam Springs topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 583,290 meters Easting and 4,078,280 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oe-0 to 1 inch; moderately decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 4 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 40 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.3); clear wavy boundary.
AE-4 to 11 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine to coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.4); gradual wavy boundary.
Bt1-11 to 20 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and few medium roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores;
common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 35 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.7); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-20 to 31 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine to coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; common distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on rock fragments; 45 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.5); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt3-31 to 39 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films throughout; 65 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.4); gradual smooth boundary.
$3 B t 4-39$ to 53 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very cobbly loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films throughout; 30 percent chert gravel and 20 percent chert cobbles; moderately acid (pH 5.6); abrupt wavy boundary.
3Bt5-53 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/8) cobbly sandy clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine to coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; many prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films throughout; 10 percent chert gravel and 20 percent sandstone cobbles; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 60 percent gravel or cobbles

## AE horizon:

Content of rock fragments-25 to 65 percent gravel
Texture-loam or sandy loam
$B t, 2 B t$, and $3 B t$ horizons:
Content of rock fragments-25 to 75 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture—clay loam, loam, or sandy loam

## Deible Series

The Deible series consists of very deep, poorly drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in
alluvium. Permeability is very slow. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Albaqualfs

## Typical Pedon

Deible silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 1,500 feet north and 1,600 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 34, T. 24 N., R. 9 W.; USGS South Fork topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 594,810 meters Easting and 4,062,450 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 9 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; many fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; few fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; slightly acid ( pH 6.4 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
A—9 to 15 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common fine irregular and tubular pores; few prominent brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films throughout; common grayish brown (10YR 5/2) redoximorphic depletions; common fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.
Btg1-15 to 22 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silty clay loam; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct black (2.5Y 2.5/1) clay films throughout; few fine irregular soft dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3) masses of iron-manganese; neutral ( pH 7.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Btg2—22 to 29 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silty clay; moderate medium angular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few fine irregular and tubular pores; many prominent black (2.5Y 2.5/1) clay films throughout; common fine irregular soft strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of iron-manganese throughout and common fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.1 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Btg3-29 to 40 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silty clay; strong medium angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) pressure faces on faces of peds; common prominent discontinuous brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron stains throughout; 1 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.5); clear wavy boundary.

2Btg4—40 to 46 inches; gray (5Y 5/1) clay; strong coarse angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous gray ( $5 \mathrm{Y} 5 / 1$ ) pressure faces on faces of peds; 1 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline ( pH 7.8 ); gradual wavy boundary.
2Btg5-46 to 60 inches; gray (5Y 5/1) clay; strong medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; few prominent discontinuous light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) iron stains throughout; many distinct continuous gray ( $5 \mathrm{Y} 5 / 1$ ) pressure faces on faces of peds; many prominent continuous black (2.5Y $2.5 / 1$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent discontinuous white ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 8 / 1$ ) coatings of silt on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; moderately alkaline ( pH 7.9 ).

## Range in Characteristics

$A p$ and $A$ horizons:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel
Btg horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silty clay loam, clay, or silty clay
2Btg horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel
Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, clay, or silty clay

## Egyptgrove Series

The Egyptgrove series consists of very deep, well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in silty colluvium and the underlying residuum derived from decomposing post-Ordovician mudstone. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Egyptgrove gravelly silt loam in an area of Kenaga-Egyptgrove complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,600 feet north and 800 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 27, T. 26 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Willow Springs South topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 596,700 meters Easting and 4,083,780 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 3 inches; slightly decomposed leaf litter.
A-3 to 8 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; common fine and medium roots and few coarse roots; many very fine, fine, and medium irregular pores; 15 percent chert gravel and 10 percent sandstone gravel; extremely acid (pH 4.4); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-8 to 12 inches; 70 percent strong brown (7.5YR $5 / 6$ ) and 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common medium and few fine and coarse roots; common very fine, fine, and medium irregular and tubular pores; common faint strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct brown (10YR 4/3) organic coatings throughout; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-12 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) gravelly clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common medium, few fine, and very few coarse roots; many very fine, fine, and medium irregular and tubular pores; common discontinuous faint yellowish red (5YR 5/8) clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Btd1-19 to 27 inches; 90 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and 10 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) clay; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; very few very fine, fine, and medium roots; many fine and medium tubular pores; common faint yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; extremely acid ( pH 4.4 ); gradual wavy boundary. 2Btd2-27 to 35 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and 40 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; very few very fine, fine, and medium roots throughout; common fine and medium tubular pores; common distinct red (2.5YR 5/8) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Btd3-35 to 48 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; very few fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; common distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/8) and common prominent light gray (10YR 7/1) clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); clear wavy boundary.

3Btd4-48 to 58 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) clay; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; very few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; common prominent red (2.5YR 4/8) and few prominent light gray (10YR $7 / 1$ ) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.6); clear irregular boundary.
3Btd5-58 to 80 inches; 60 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/8) and 40 percent yellow (10YR 7/8) gravelly clay; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common prominent red (2.5YR 4/8) and light gray (10YR 7/1) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent black (N 2/0) coatings of iron and manganese oxide on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ).

## Range in Characteristics

A or Ap horizons:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 50 percent gravel and 0 to 10 percent cobbles

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 30 percent gravel and 0 to 10 percent cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, or clay loam

## 2Btg horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 30 percent gravel and 0 to 10 percent cobbles or flagstones
Texture—silty clay or clay

## Fanchon Series

The Fanchon series consists of very deep, well drained soils on nearly level to moderately sloping ridgetops and shoulder slopes. These soils formed in silty slope alluvium and the underlying colluvium and residuum. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Fanchon silt loam in an area of Fanchon-Tonti complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,200 feet south and 1,200 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 8, T. 22 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Moody topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 593,360
meters Easting and 4,049,850 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate medium granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots throughout; many fine irregular and tubular pores; 2 percent subangular mixed gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
AB-5 to 10 inches; 60 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and few medium and coarse roots throughout; common fine tubular pores; few distinct brown (10YR 4/3) organic coatings on faces of peds; 2 percent subangular mixed gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.1); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-10 to 16 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common fine and few medium and coarse roots throughout; common fine tubular pores; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct brown (10YR 4/3) organic coatings in root channels and pores; 5 percent subangular mixed gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.1); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—16 to 21 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium angular blocky structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; few medium roots throughout; few fine and medium tubular pores; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and few distinct brown (7.5YR 5/4) clay films throughout; 5 percent subangular mixed gravel and 2 percent subangular sandstone stones; very strongly acid (pH 5.0); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt3—21 to 28 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly loam; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots throughout; common very fine and fine tubular pores; few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct brown (10YR 5/3) coatings of silt between sand grains; 40 percent subangular mixed gravel and 5 percent angular sandstone flagstones; strongly acid (pH 5.1); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4-28 to 39 inches; 60 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 40 percent brown (7.5YR 5/4) gravelly clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine irregular and tubular
pores; few distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) and common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) coatings of silt between sand grains; 25 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.2); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt5-39 to 47 inches; red (10R 4/8) very gravelly clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine and fine irregular and tubular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 5/2) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent brown (10YR 5/4) coatings of silt between sand grains; 50 percent subangular chert gravel; pockets of decomposing tripoli; strongly acid (pH 5.1); clear wavy boundary.
3Bt6-47 to 80 inches; 80 percent red (10R 4/8) and 20 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay; moderate very fine angular and subangular blocky structure; very firm; few fine irregular and tubular pores; common prominent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds and few prominent brown (7.5YR 4/3) clay films in root channels and pores; few distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) coatings of silt in root channels and pores; 5 percent subangular mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ).

## Range in Characteristics

A or Ap horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 25 percent gravel
AB horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 20 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent stones or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 50 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent stones, flagstones, or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

3Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 60 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent stones, flagstones, or cobbles
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Farewell Series

The Farewell series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils on flood plains and low stream terraces. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Argiaquolls

## Typical Pedon

Farewell silt loam in an area of Batcave-Farewell complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; 2,400 feet south and 1,700 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 5, T. 22 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Caulfield topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 583,240 meters Easting and 4,051,560 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 8 inches; very dark gray ( $\mathrm{N} 3 / 0$ ) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; common fine distinct rounded gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 1$ ) iron depletions; common fine prominent rounded brown (7.5YR 4/4) masses of iron accumulation between peds; few brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron stains in root channels and pores; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.6); clear smooth boundary.
A1-8 to 13 inches; very dark gray ( $\mathrm{N} 3 / 0$ ) silt loam, very dark grayish brown ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 3 / 2$ ) dry; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine roots throughout; few fine and medium tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; common fine distinct rounded gray (2.5Y 6/1) iron depletions; few brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron stains in root channels and pores; common fine irregular brown (7.5YR 4/4) masses of iron accumulation throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.4); clear smooth boundary.
A2-13 to 24 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots throughout; few fine and medium tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; few fine distinct brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) iron stains on faces of peds; common fine rounded strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) slightly hard iron-
manganese concretions throughout; 30 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.9); gradual wavy boundary.
Btg1-24 to 30 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3)
gravelly loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots throughout; many very fine and fine irregular pores; few discontinuous distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films bridging sand grains; common fine faint rounded grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) iron depletions; common fine prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains throughout; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 30 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.1) abrupt wavy boundary.

Btg2-30 to 40 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots throughout; few fine and medium tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; few prominent discontinuous dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct rounded light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) and gray (10YR 5/1) iron depletions; few distinct irregular strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) iron stains on faces of peds; few medium prominent irregular black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 10 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.1 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Btg3—40 to 48 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots throughout; many very fine tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; few faint discontinuous dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct rounded light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few distinct irregular strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) iron stains on faces of peds; few medium prominent irregular black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual wavy boundary.
Btg4—48 to 60 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots throughout; many very fine tubular pores; few faint discontinuous dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few fine distinct
rounded light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few medium prominent irregular black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains throughout; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard ironmanganese concretions throughout; 25 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.3 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Btg5—60 to 80 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; many very fine tubular pores; few prominent discontinuous brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct rounded light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions between peds; few medium prominent irregular black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; 5 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; neutral ( pH 7.3 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Ap and A horizons:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel Texture—silt loam or loam

## Upper part of Btg or Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel Texture—silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

## Lower part of Btg or Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel Texture—clay loam, silt loam, loam, sandy clay loam, clay, sandy loam, or loamy sand

## Gatewood Series

The Gatewood series consists of moderately deep, moderately well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying residuum derived from cherty dolostone. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 1 to 60 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Very-fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Gatewood very gravelly silt loam in an area of OcieGatewood complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony; 1,000 feet south and 300 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 14, T. 27 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Cabool Southeast topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 587,465 meters Easting and 4,097,720 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 7 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many fine and medium irregular pores; 50 percent subangular chert gravel; slightly acid ( pH 6.5 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-7 to 13 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few fine to coarse roots; few fine and medium tubular pores; 15 percent distinct discontinuous brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) clay films on faces of peds, 15 percent distinct discontinuous dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) skeletans on faces of peds, and 75 percent faint discontinuous strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films throughout; 5 percent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) soft masses of iron-manganese; 2 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.3 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Bt2-13 to 21 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) clay; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 75 percent faint continuous light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) clay films on faces of peds; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) soft masses of iron-manganese and black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly acid ( pH 6.3 ); clear irregular boundary.
Bt3-21 to 38 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) flaggy clay; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; 75 percent prominent continuous grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay films on faces of peds and roots; 15 percent prominent discontinuous black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains throughout; 35 percent irregular soft strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) soft masses of iron-manganese throughout; 10 percent dolostone cobbles and 5 percent dolostone flagstones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); abrupt wavy boundary.
R-38 inches; unweathered dolostone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches
A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 35 to 70 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent cobbles

E horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments- 35 to 70 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent cobbles
Texture-silt loam or loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 5 to 25 percent gravel, cobbles, stones, or flagstones
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Grandgulf Series

The Grandgulf series consists of very deep, well drained soils in nearly level to gently sloping sinkholes. These soils formed in fine silty alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 1 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Grandgulf silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely ponded; 2,200 feet north and 1,260 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 8, T. 22 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Moody topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 593,380 meters Easting and 4,049,180 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 8 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; very friable; many fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; extremely acid ( pH 4.4 ); clear smooth boundary.
A-8 to 13 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common fine faint discontinuous grayish brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; strongly acid ( pH 5.1 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt1-13 to 22 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct discontinuous reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films throughout; few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; slightly acid ( pH 6.4 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-22 to 33 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; very few fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; many medium distinct continuous reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct discontinuous brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) clay depletions throughout; common fine
distinct dark brown (10YR 3/3) masses of iron and manganese accumulation throughout and common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; moderately acid ( pH 5.9 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Bt3-33 to 42 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 4/3) silty clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine tubular pores; many medium distinct discontinuous reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct discontinuous brown (10YR 5/3) clay depletions throughout; common fine distinct black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) masses of iron and manganese accumulation throughout and common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4-42 to 52 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine tubular pores; many medium prominent discontinuous dark red (2.5YR $3 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct discontinuous pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay depletions throughout; common fine distinct black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) masses of iron and manganese accumulation throughout and few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; strongly acid (pH 5.1); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt5-52 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine tubular pores; many medium faint discontinuous red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard iron-manganese concretions throughout; strongly acid ( pH 5.2 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 30 to 50 inches
$A p$ and $A$ horizons:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel
Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## Gressy Series

The Gressy series consists of very deep, well drained soils on gently sloping to moderately sloping ridgetops. These soils formed in silty and gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

## Typical Pedon

Gressy silt loam in an area of Gressy-Viraton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 2,100 feet north and 1,200 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 23, T. 26 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Caulfield topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 586,160 meters Easting and $4,041,380$ meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate medium granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many fine to coarse irregular pores; 1 percent mixed gravel; neutral ( pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.

Bt1-7 to 13 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-13 to 20 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) soft iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent mixed gravel; neutral ( pH 6.9); clear smooth boundary.

Bt3-20 to 31 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common prominent reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) coatings of silt on faces of peds; few fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) soft iron-manganese concretions; 10 percent mixed gravel; neutral ( pH 6.8 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4-31 to 49 inches; yellowish red (2.5YR 4/8) very gravelly clay loam; weak very coarse prismatic
structure; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) iron stains on faces of peds; 45 percent mixed gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.9 ); gradual irregular boundary.
$3 B+5-49$ to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/8) gravelly clay; weak medium angular blocky structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine vesicular pores; common distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) and few brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent mixed gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.4).

## Range in Characteristics

A or Ap horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel
E horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or loam
Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture—silt loam, loam, or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 50 percent gravel and 0 to 25 percent cobbles
Texture-loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

## 3Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel and 0 to 20 percent cobbles
Texture-silty clay or clay

## Higdon Series

The Higdon series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in silty alluvium. Permeability is moderately slow. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 3,900 feet south and 2,700 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 36, T. 31 N., R. 7 E.; USGS Allbright topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 745,703 meters Easting and 4,133,677 meters Northing; in Madison County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 5 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; friable; many very fine roots; common fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of manganese throughout; 2 percent gravel; neutral ( pH 7.1 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
A-5 to 9 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; common very fine roots; common fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of manganese accumulation and common fine black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules; neutral ( pH 7.1 ); clear wavy boundary.
E-9 to 16 inches; brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; common faint discontinuous dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) coatings of silt on faces of peds; common fine strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) iron nodules throughout; common fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of manganese accumulation and common fine black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules; neutral ( pH 7.0 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt1-16 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; few faint discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; many faint brown (10YR 5/3) redoximorphic depletions; common fine strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) iron nodules throughout; common fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of manganese accumulation and common fine black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules throughout; 3 percent gravel; neutral ( pH 7.1 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-23 to 33 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; common distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; common fine strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) iron nodules; common fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of manganese accumulation and common fine black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules; common fine and medium grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) iron depletions; neutral (pH 7.1); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt3- 33 to 40 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; common medium dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulation; few fine strong brown (7.5YR 5/8)
iron concretions and few fine black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4-40 to 51 inches; 55 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 45 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine roots; many distinct continuous clay films on faces of peds; few medium strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) iron nodules and common medium black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.

2Bt5-51 to 65 inches; 55 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 45 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent discontinuous dark gray (10YR 4/1) clay films on faces of peds and many distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; common fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation; few medium strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) iron concretions and common medium black (10YR 2/1) manganese nodules; neutral ( pH 7.2 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt6-65 to 80 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent discontinuous dark gray (10YR 4/1) clay films on vertical faces of peds and few distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; common fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation; common medium black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese and few fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; neutral (pH 7.1); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt7-80 to 91 inches; 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ), and 20 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure; firm; few very fine roots; few prominent discontinuous gray (10YR 5/1) clay films on vertical faces of peds; few fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; neutral ( pH 7.1 ).

## Range in Characteristics

$A p$ and $A$ horizons:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel

## E horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel
Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bthorizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## Hogcreek Series

The Hogcreek series consists of moderately deep, moderately well drained soils on gently sloping to moderately sloping ridgetops. These soils formed in silty slope alluvium. Permeability is moderate above the fragipan and very slow through it. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

## Typical Pedon

Hogcreek silt loam in an area of Tonti-Hogcreek complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,250 feet north and 950 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 18, T. 25 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Siloam Springs topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 582,100 meters Easting and 4,077,380 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 7 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; common fine to coarse roots; many fine to coarse irregular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 5.0); clear wavy boundary.
Bt1-7 to 13 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine to medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; many faint discontinuous dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many prominent discontinuous dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) organic coatings on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Bt2-13 to 26 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; common very fine to medium tubular pores; many faint continuous strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel;
very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); gradual smooth boundary.
$2 \mathrm{Btx}-26$ to 36 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6)
gravelly silt loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate medium platy; 60 percent brittle; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common prominent discontinuous dark gray (10YR 4/1) clay films on faces of peds; many distinct continuous strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on rock fragments; many prominent continuous grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) coatings of silt on rock fragments; 15 percent chert gravel and 3 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8); abrupt wavy boundary.

R-36 inches; sandstone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches
Depth to fragipan: 14 to 32 inches
A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 5 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam
2Btx horizon:
Content of rock fragments-10 to 80 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam, loam, or silty clay loam

## Kenaga Series

The Kenaga series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils on very gently sloping to strongly sloping uplands. These soils formed in silty slope alluvium and the underlying residuum derived from mudstone. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Aquic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Kenaga silt loam in an area of Kenaga-Egyptgrove complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,400 feet north and 1,050 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 27, T. 26 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Willow Springs South topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 596,640 meters Easting and 4,083,700 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
$\mathrm{Oi}-0$ to 2 inches; slightly decomposed leaf litter.
A-2 to 8 inches; 80 percent yellowish brown (10YR

5/4) and 20 percent brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; 14 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.5 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-8 to 16 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many fine tubular pores; common continuous faint strong brown (7.5YR $5 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct discontinuous brown (7.5YR 5/3) organic coatings on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-16 to 24 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; many fine tubular pores; common discontinuous faint strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/6) iron masses; 2 percent chert gravel; extremely acid ( pH 4.4 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Btd1-24 to 36 inches; 80 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) and 20 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) gravelly silty clay loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate thin platy parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few fine and medium roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; many continuous distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and few continuous prominent brown (10YR 4/3) clay films between prisms; common fine distinct light gray (10YR 7/2) irregular iron depletions throughout; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.6); gradual smooth boundary.

2Btd2-36 to 52 inches; 70 percent yellowish brown ( $10 \mathrm{YR} 5 / 8$ ) and 30 percent dark red (2.5YR 3/6) gravelly clay; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate thin platy parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; very few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many continuous distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.8); gradual smooth boundary.

2Btd3-52 to 80 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) and 40 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) clay; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky and strong fine angular blocky; very firm; very few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct
strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and few continuous prominent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent light gray (10YR 7/1) iron depletions on faces of peds; 5 percent sandstone gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.6).

## Range in Characteristics

## A or Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay

## 2Btd horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 50 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-clay, silty clay, or silty clay loam

## Lostpond Series

The Lostpond series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 1 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Lostpond silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 225 feet north and 1,600 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 34, T. 24 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Southfork topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 594,760 meters Easting and 4,062,580 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; many fine roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.6 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-8 to 15 inches; 80 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) and 20 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.0 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-15 to 20 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct reddish brown
(5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions; 10 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.9); clear wavy boundary.

2Bt3-20 to 29 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; common fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions; common distinct pale brown (10YR $6 / 3$ ) coatings of silt; many dark red (2.5YR 4/6) iron accumulations; many fine and medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; 15 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.4); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt4-29 to 35 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; many dark red (2.5YR 4/6) iron accumulations; common fine and medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions; many fine and medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; 15 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.5); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt5-35 to 39 inches; 60 percent brown (10YR 5/3), 20 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), and 20 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many black (10YR 2/1) iron accumulations; common fine and medium faint grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions; many fine and medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; 25 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt6-39 to 80 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and 40 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few fine irregular and tubular pores; common faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) and common distinct reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many black (10YR 2/1) iron accumulations; common fine distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions; common fine and medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions; 30 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.9).

## Range in Characteristics

## A or Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 30 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 30 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, or clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 40 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, clay loam, or clay

## Lowassie Series

The Lowassie series consists of very deep, poorly drained soils on concave uplands and in sinkholes. These soils formed in loess and the underlying slope alluvium. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

## Taxonomic classification: Fine, smectitic, mesic Vertic Epiaquults

## Typical Pedon

Lowassie silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded; 300 feet west and 900 feet south of the northeast corner of sec. 5, T. 30 N., R. 8 W.; USGS Raymondville topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 604,134 meters Easting and 4,132,539 meters Northing; in Texas County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 10 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine roots; many fine tubular pores; many fine iron-manganese concretions; slightly acid (pH 6.5); abrupt smooth boundary.
BE-10 to 18 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct light gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 7 / 2$ ) coatings of silt; few very fine iron-manganese concretions; moderately acid ( pH 5.9); abrupt smooth boundary.

Btg1-18 to 21 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; few very fine iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); abrupt smooth boundary.

Btg2-21 to 36 inches; dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) and olive brown ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 4 / 4$ ) clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine angular blocky; very firm; common very fine tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; common prominent light gray (2.5Y 7/2) redoximorphic concentrations and common fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of redoximorphic concentrations; common medium iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.5 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Btg3-36 to 41 inches; light brownish gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 2$ ), light yellowish brown ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 4$ ), and light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common very fine iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Btg4-41 to 80 inches; light yellowish brown (2.5Y $6 / 4$ ), light brownish gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 2$ ), and light olive brown ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 5 / 6$ ) silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds;
1 percent chert gravel; common very fine ironmanganese concretions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9).

## Range in Characteristics

## Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel

## BE horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel Texture-silty clay loam or silt loam

## Btg horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel
Texture-silty clay or clay

## 2Btg horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel
Texture-silty clay loam, silt loam, silty clay, or clay

## Macedonia Series

The Macedonia series consists of very deep, well drained soils on ridgetops. These soils formed in silty slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum derived from cherty dolostone. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Macedonia gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 2,400 feet north and 2,500 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 28, T. 22 N., R. 8 W.; USGS Lanton topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 603,900 meters Easting and 4,044,200 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

A—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) gravelly silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate medium granular structure; very friable; common very fine to medium and few coarse roots; many very fine to medium irregular pores; 30 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
AB-5 to 9 inches; 60 percent brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) and 40 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine to coarse roots; common very fine to coarse tubular pores; 10 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-9 to 13 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine to coarse roots; few very fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct continuous pale brown (10YR $6 / 3$ ) coatings of silt; 5 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary. Bt2-13 to 18 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine and medium roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.9); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt3-18 to 28 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4-28 to 37 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many prominent continuous dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) and many distinct continuous strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) clay
films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt5-37 to 50 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many prominent continuous dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) and common distinct continuous dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) and light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt6-50 to 80 inches; 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; weak thick platy structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many red (2.5YR 4/6), white (2.5Y 8/1), and brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent mixed gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A or Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 15 to 35 percent gravel
$A B$ and $B t$ horizons:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Moko Series

The Moko series consists of shallow and very shallow, somewhat excessively drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in gravelly residuum derived from dolostone. Permeability is moderate. Slope ranges from 3 to 60 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Lithic Hapludolls

## Typical Pedon

Moko extremely flaggy loam in an area of Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very flaggy; 450 feet north and 1,650 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 19, T. 28 N., R. 11 W.; USGS Cabool SE topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 571,988 meters Easting and 4,104,782 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

A-0 to 5 inches; black (10YR 2/1) extremely flaggy
loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 40 percent dolostone flagstones, 20 percent chert gravel, and 10 percent chert cobbles; moderately alkaline ( pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
$B w-5$ to 12 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) extremely flaggy loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine roots; many fine tubular pores; 40 percent dolostone flagstones, 15 percent chert gravel, and 5 percent chert cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
2R-12 inches; dolostone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 6 to 20 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-40 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, and flagstones

## Bw horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 40 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, and flagstones
Texture-silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

## Moniteau Series

The Moniteau series consists of very deep, poorly drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in silty alluvium. Permeability is moderately slow. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent. The Moniteau soils in this survey area have lower base saturation than is definitive for the series. This difference, however, does not significantly affect the use and management of the soils.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleaquults

## Typical Pedon

Moniteau silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 600 feet east and 2,600 feet north of the southwest corner of sec. 30, T. 23 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Pottersville topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 588,900 meters Easting and 4,054,840 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 6 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silt loam, light brownish gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 2$ ) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many fine roots; many fine tubular and irregular pores; few fine prominent
dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) redoximorphic concentrations; common fine iron-manganese concretions; moderately acid (pH 5.9); clear smooth boundary.
E1-6 to 12 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; many fine tubular and irregular pores; common fine prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) redoximorphic concentrations; common fine iron-manganese concretions; strongly acid ( pH 5.1); gradual smooth boundary.

E2-12 to 20 inches; light gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 7 / 1$ ) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular and irregular pores; common fine prominent olive gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 8$ ) redoximorphic concentrations; common fine ironmanganese concretions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9); gradual wavy boundary.

Btg1-20 to 28 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine tubular and irregular pores; common distinct grayish brown (2.5Y $5 / 2$ ) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent light gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 7 / 1$ ) redoximorphic depletions; common fine prominent olive yellow ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 8$ ) redoximorphic concentrations; few fine ironmanganese concretions; very strongly acid (pH 4.8); clear wavy boundary.

Btg2-28 to 41 inches; gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 5 / 1$ ) silty clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine tubular and irregular pores; common distinct dark gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 4 / 1$ ) and light gray ( 2.5 Y 7/1) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) redoximorphic concentrations; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Btg3-41 to 80 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) silty clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine tubular and vesicular pores; many distinct gray (2.5Y 4/1) and common distinct light gray (2.5Y 7/1) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Ap horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel

## Ehorizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel Texture-silty clay loam or silt loam

## Btg horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel
Texture-silty clay loam or silt loam

## Ocie Series

The Ocie series consists of deep, moderately well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying residuum derived from cherty dolostone. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 3 to 35 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal over clayey, mixed, semiactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Ocie extremely gravelly silt loam in an area of Ocie-Gatewood complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony; 1,600 feet north and 1,600 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 9, T. 27 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Cabool Southeast topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 585,240 meters Easting and 4,098,530 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 6 inches; 60 percent dark grayish brown (10YR $4 / 2$ ) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many very fine irregular pores; 60 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; strongly acid (pH 5.1); clear smooth boundary.
E-6 to 12 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR
$5 / 2$ ) and 40 percent brown (10YR 5/3) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many very fine and fine irregular and tubular pores; 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.9); clear wavy boundary.
Bt1-12 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; many fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct discontinuous yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; many distinct continuous brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) coatings of silt throughout; 70 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.2); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt2—19 to 25 inches; 70 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and 30 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many distinct discontinuous yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.1 ); gradual wavy boundary. 2Bt3-25 to 32 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/8)
gravelly clay; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many prominent continuous grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent light gray (10YR 6/1) redoximorphic depletions; 25 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.9); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt4-32 to 43 inches; 60 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 8$ ) gravelly clay; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many prominent continuous grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and common prominent discontinuous brown (10YR 4/3) clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent light gray (2.5Y 7/1) redoximorphic depletions and few fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6)
redoximorphic concentrations; 30 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline ( pH 7.7 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
R-43 inches; dolostone.

## Range in Characteristics

## Depth to bedrock: 40 to 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 15 to 75 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones

## E horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 15 to 75 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam or loam
Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 35 to 75 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, or clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Pomme Series

The Pomme series consists of very deep, well drained soils on strath terraces and footslopes. These soils formed in loess over colluvium and alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

## Typical Pedon

Pomme silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 200 feet west and 2,400 feet south of the northeast corner of sec. 34, T. 22 N., R. 7 W.; USGS Koshkonong topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 615,600 meters Easting and 4,042,750 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 4 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; strongly acid (pH 5.3); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-4 to 8 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct discontinuous strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct continuous yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) coatings of silt on vertical faces of peds; moderately acid (pH 5.8); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—8 to 16 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct discontinuous yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct discontinuous yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) coatings of silt on vertical faces of peds; few prominent discontinuous black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains throughout; few rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.8 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-16 to 25 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many faint discontinuous reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct discontinuous reddish brown (5YR 5/3) coatings of silt on vertical faces of peds; few prominent discontinuous black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains throughout; common rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.7); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt4—25 to 40 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate very fine angular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct continuous reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent discontinuous black (N 2/0) iron stains; few rounded black (N 2/0)
iron-manganese concretions; 45 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.7); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt5-40 to 52 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; strong medium angular blocky structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; common fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent discontinuous black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains throughout; few rounded black (N 2/0) iron-manganese concretions; 2 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.2); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt6—52 to 80 inches; 90 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 10 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) gravelly silty clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; very firm; many distinct continuous reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## Ap or A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-10 to 55 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture—silty clay, silt loam, or silty clay loam

## Possumtrot Series

The Possumtrot series consists of very deep, well drained soils on flood plains. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderately rapid. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, mesic Fluventic Dystrudepts

## Typical Pedon

Possumtrot fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded; 2,250 feet south and 2,425 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 31, T. 25 N., R. 5 W.; USGS Thomasville topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 630,140 meters Easting and 4,072,910 meters Northing.

Ap-0 to 8 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fine sandy loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) dry;
weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine and very fine roots; many fine and very fine irregular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 6.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bw1-8 to 20 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) sandy loam; weak fine and medium angular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very friable; common fine and very fine roots; common fine tubular and vesicular pores; 6 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bw2—20 to 36 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) sandy loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very friable; few very fine roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; 6 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.9); clear smooth boundary.
Bw3-36 to 48 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR $3 / 4$ ) sandy loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very friable; very few very fine roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; 6 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.7); clear smooth boundary.
Bw4-48 to 56 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR $3 / 4$ ) sandy loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very friable; few fine tubular and irregular pores; 6 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.8); clear smooth boundary.

Bw5-56 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) sandy loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very friable; few fine irregular pores; 6 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.9 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A or Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel

## Bw horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 30 percent gravel
Texture-sandy loam, fine sandy loam, loam, or very fine sandy loam

## 2C horizon (where present):

Content of rock fragments-15 to 75 percent gravel and 0 to 30 percent cobbles
Texture-loamy sand, sandy loam, sand, loamy fine sand, fine sand, coarse sand, loamy coarse sand, or fine sandy loam

## Poynor Series

The Poynor series consists of very deep, well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in
gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum derived from cherty dolostone. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 1 to 35 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Poynor extremely gravelly silt loam in an area of Scholten-Poynor complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes; 800 feet south and 300 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 12, T. 25 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Siloam Springs topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 589,100 meters Easting and 4,079,930 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 3 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many very coarse roots; many fine irregular pores; many prominent discontinuous very dark gray (10YR 3/1) organic coatings throughout; 75 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
Bt1-3 to 8 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; common faint discontinuous dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct discontinuous dark gray (10YR 4/1) organic coatings throughout; few fine round soft black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—8 to 12 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very coarse roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; many distinct discontinuous strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; few fine round soft black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 45 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9); clear wavy boundary.

Bt3-12 to 20 inches; 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR $5 / 6$ ) and 50 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very coarse roots; common fine tubular pores; many prominent continuous yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; many prominent discontinuous light gray (10YR 7/2) coatings of silt throughout; 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
2Bt4-20 to 35 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay;
moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; few fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; many prominent continuous yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and common prominent continuous red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
$2 \mathrm{Bt} 5-35$ to 55 inches; 50 percent strong brown
(7.5YR 4/6) and 50 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; very firm; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous red (2.5YR 4/6), common distinct continuous brown (10YR 5/3), and few prominent discontinuous light gray clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ); gradual smooth boundary.
2Bt6- 55 to 80 inches; 80 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 20 percent olive yellow ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 8$ ) gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct continuous red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct discontinuous yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and common prominent discontinuous light gray (10YR 7/2) coatings of silt throughout; 10 percent chert gravel and 10 percent mudstone gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the 2Bt horizon: 14 to 36 inches
A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 40 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Racket Series

The Racket series consists of very deep, well drained soils on flood plains. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slope ranges from 0 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls

## Typical Pedon

Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded; 1,000 feet west and 300 feet south of the northeast corner of sec. 27, T. 22 N., R. 8 W.; USGS Lanton topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 605,430 meters Easting and 4,045,380 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 10 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) loam, brown (10YR 4/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate medium granular; friable; common fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine to medium irregular pores; neutral ( pH 7.1 ); clear smooth boundary.
A1-10 to 23 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR
3/2) loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; many fine irregular pores; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
A2-23 to 28 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; many fine irregular pores; few fine round soft black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions throughout; 1 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); clear wavy boundary.

Bw1-28 to 40 inches; 70 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 30 percent dark brown (10YR 3/3) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; very few very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; few fine round soft black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions throughout; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bw2-40 to 48 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; moderate very coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores and few medium vesicular pores; common medium prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) redoximorphic depletions and common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) redoximorphic concentrations; few fine round soft black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 10 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bw3-48 to 60 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; very few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common medium prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) redoximorphic depletions and common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) redoximorphic concentrations; few fine round soft black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese
concretions; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.8).

## Range in Characteristics

## Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 10 percent gravel

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 10 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam or loam

## Bw horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 30 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture—loam or silt loam
2C horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments-0 to 60 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture—stratified sandy loam to sand

## Razort Series

The Razort series consists of very deep, well drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Mollic Hapludalfs

Typical Pedon
Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 2,200 feet north and 2,500 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 2, T. 32 N., R. 12 W.; USGS Roby topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 568,513 meters Easting and 4,151,051 meters Northing; in Texas County, Missouri.

Ap1—0 to 4 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 4/3) dry; moderate medium granular structure; very friable; many fine roots; many fine irregular pores; neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.
Ap2-4 to 8 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 4/3) dry; moderate medium granular structure; very friable; many fine roots; many fine irregular pores; neutral (pH 6.6); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-8 to 11 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common dark grayish brown coatings on
faces of peds and in vertical pores; few fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; neutral (pH 6.6); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—11 to 17 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; slightly acid (pH 6.4); gradual smooth boundary.
Bt3-17 to 27 inches; mixed, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; neutral (pH 6.6); gradual smooth boundary.
Bt4-27 to 42 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 15 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.8 ); gradual smooth boundary.
BC—42 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common medium faint brown (10YR 5/3) coatings of silt; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.8 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel

Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel
Texture—silt loam, loam, or clay loam
$B C$ or C horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-loam, clay loam, silty clay loam, or loamy sand

## Relfe Series

The Relfe series consists of very deep, excessively drained soils on flood plains. These soils formed in sandy and gravelly alluvium. Permeability is rapid. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Sandy-skeletal, siliceous, mesic Mollic Udifluvents

## Typical Pedon

Relfe gravelly sandy loam in an area of Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; 900 feet south and 400 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 26, T. 25 N., R. 7 W.; USGS Peace Valley topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 617,820 meters Easting and 4,074,860 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

A—0 to 8 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) gravelly sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine and medium granular; very friable; many fine and very fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bw-8 to 15 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common fine and very fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; 50 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8); clear smooth boundary.

C1-15 to 21 inches; stratified, brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose; common fine and very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; 50 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
C2-21 to 32 inches; stratified, strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose; common fine and very fine roots; many fine irregular pores; common prominent discontinuous black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains; 70 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); gradual smooth boundary.
C3-32 to 80 inches; stratified, strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose; common fine roots; common fine irregular pores; common prominent discontinuous black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron stains; 65 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ).

## Range in Characteristics

A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 15 to 75 percent gravel
Bw horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments- 15 to 75 percent gravel
Texture-sandy loam or loam

## Chorizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 75 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones

Texture-stratified sandy loam to coarse sand

## Sandbur Series

The Sandbur series consists of very deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on flood plains. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderately rapid. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Mollic Udifluvents

## Typical Pedon

Sandbur fine sandy loam in an area of Relfe-Sandbur complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; 900 feet south and 800 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 26, T. 25 N., R. 7 W.; USGS Peace Valley topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 617,740 meters Easting and 4,074,840 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
A-0 to 6 inches; dark brown (10YR $3 / 3$ ) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine to coarse roots; many fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; strongly acid (pH 5.5); gradual smooth boundary.
C1-6 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine to coarse roots; many fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; common distinct discontinuous very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) organic coatings on faces of peds; slightly acid (pH 6.1); gradual smooth boundary.
C2-16 to 26 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; few fine to coarse roots; common fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; common distinct discontinuous very dark gray (10YR 3/1) organic coatings on faces of peds; moderately acid (pH 5.9); gradual smooth boundary.
2Bt1-26 to 37 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very stony loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; few distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) ironmanganese stains; 10 percent sandstone gravel, 20 percent sandstone cobbles, and 25 percent sandstone stones; strongly acid ( pH 5.5 ); gradual wavy boundary.

2Bt2-37 to 48 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) extremely cobbly loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; many fine and medium irregular pores; few faint brown (10YR 4/3) clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent sandstone gravel, 20 percent sandstone cobbles, and 10 percent sandstone stones; slightly acid (pH 6.4); gradual wavy boundary.

2Bt3-48 to 80 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly sandy clay loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; few fine and very fine roots; many fine and medium irregular pores; common distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent very pale brown (10YR 7/3) redoximorphic depletions and few prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) redoximorphic concentrations; 50 percent sandstone gravel, 20 percent sandstone cobbles, and 10 percent sandstone stones; neutral (pH 6.9).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel

## C horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-fine sandy loam, sandy loam, or loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, and stones
Texture-sandy clay loam, sandy loam, loam, loamy sand, or sand

## Scholten Series

The Scholten series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum derived from dolostone. Permeability is moderate above and below the fragipan and very slow through it. Slopes range from 1 to 35 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

## Typical Pedon

Scholten very gravelly silt loam in an area of Scholten-Poynor complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes; 50 feet south and 1,500 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 15, T. 26 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Dyestone Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 586,200 meters Easting and 4,088,320 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter. A-1 to 7 inches; brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) very gravelly silt loam; moderate medium granular structure; very friable; common very fine to coarse roots; many very fine to medium irregular pores; many prominent very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) organic coatings; 50 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.5 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
Bt1-7 to 15 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine to coarse roots; many very fine to medium irregular and tubular pores; common prominent reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 organic coatings; 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9); clear smooth boundary.

Bt2-15 to 23 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine to coarse roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; common prominent reddish brown (5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; many distinct brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) coatings of silt; 50 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.2); clear wavy boundary.
2Btx1-23 to 30 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; 60 percent brittle; few fine to coarse roots between prisms; common fine vesicular and tubular pores; common prominent brown (7.5YR 4/4) and few prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films between peds; few prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) coatings of silt; 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
$2 B t x 2-30$ to 45 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; 60 percent brittle; very few fine roots between prisms; common fine vesicular and tubular pores; common distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and few prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films between peds; few prominent brown (10YR 5/4) coatings of silt; 40 percent chert gravel and 30 percent mudstone gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
$3 \mathrm{Bt} 1-45$ to 60 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; very few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common prominent yellowish red (10YR 5/4) and red (2.5YR 4/6) and
few distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel and 20 percent mudstone gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6); gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt2-60 to 80 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly clay; moderate thin platy structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; very few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct reddish yellow (5YR 6/6) and few prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct very pale brown (10YR 7/4) coatings of silt; 20 percent chert gravel and 50 percent mudstone gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.7).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the fragipan: 12 to 36 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-35 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments-35 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Btx horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or loam

## 3Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 15 to 80 percent gravel, cobbles, or stones
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Secesh Series

The Secesh series consists of very deep, well drained soils on flood plains and stream terraces. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Secesh silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 1,500 feet south and 2,300 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 2, T. 32 N., R. 12 W.; USGS Clear Springs topographic quadrangle; latitude 37 degrees 30 minutes 33 seconds N.; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 602,270 meters Easting and 4,095,300 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam,
brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak fine granular structure and weak fine subangular blocky; very friable; many fine and very fine roots; common fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.5); clear smooth boundary.
BA—9 to 15 inches; 70 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 30 percent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and very fine roots; common fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; few distinct dark brown (10YR 3/3) organic coatings; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-15 to 22 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; few fine and very fine tubular and vesicular pores; common distinct dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) and few prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; few fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—22 to 33 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; few fine and very fine tubular and vesicular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) and common prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains; few fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 2 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.3 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt3-33 to 41 inches; mixed, yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and very fine tubular and vesicular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) and few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) coatings of silt; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
2Bt4—41 to 80 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine tubular and irregular pores; common prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains; 50 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; strongly acid (pH 5.4).

## Range in Characteristics

A horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam, loam, or clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 65 percent gravel
Texture-loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

## Splitlimb Series

The Splitlimb series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils in sinkholes on summits of hills. These soils formed in loess and silty slope alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Splitlimb silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded; 1,700 feet north and 1,100 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 2, T. 25 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Pomona topographic quadrangle; latitude 37 degrees 30 minutes 33 seconds N.; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 598,260 meters Easting and 4,080,550 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 10 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine and medium granular structure; friable; common fine and very fine roots; many fine and very fine irregular and tubular pores; very strongly acid (pH 4.9); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1—10 to 17 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6)
silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; common fine roots; common fine and very fine tubular pores; common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct brown (10YR 5/3) coatings of silt; very strongly acid (pH 4.9); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—17 to 25 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common fine and very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common distinct olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few fine black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt3—25 to 36 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR $4 / 6$ ) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular
blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common prominent gray (2.5Y $5 / 1$ ) clay films on faces of peds; common distinct gray (2.5Y 6/1) iron depletions; common prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; few fine dark red (2.5YR 3/6) iron nodules; 1 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ); clear smooth boundary.
$2 \mathrm{Bt} 4-36$ to 48 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) clay loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; firm; many very fine tubular pores; common prominent dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions; common prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; few fine black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese concretions; 1 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.6); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt5—48 to 80 inches; grayish brown (2.5YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; firm; many very fine tubular pores; common prominent dark gray ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 4 / 1$ ) clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions; few prominent strong brown (7.5YR $5 / 6$ ) and common prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation; 1 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.5 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 10 percent gravel Texture—silty clay loam or silt loam

## Tanglenook Series

The Tanglenook series consists of very deep, poorly drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in silty and clayey alluvium. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Argiaquolls

## Typical Pedon

Tanglenook silt loam, basins, 0 to 3 percent slopes; 2,600 feet east and 600 feet north of the southwest
corner of sec. 16, T. 23 N., R. 8 W.; USGS West Plains topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 602,520 meters Easting and 4,057,170 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 7 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many fine and very fine roots; many fine and very fine tubular pores; common prominent brown (7.5YR 4/4) masses of iron accumulation; moderately acid (pH 5.7); gradual smooth boundary.
A-7 to 15 inches; black (2.5Y 2.5/1) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; few fine prominent light gray ( $5 \mathrm{Y} 7 / 1$ ) skeletans; slightly acid ( pH 6.3 ); gradual smooth boundary.
Btg1-15 to 23 inches; black ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 2.5 / 1$ ) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine tubular pores; common prominent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 8$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent light olive brown (2.5Y $5 / 3$ ) redoximorphic depletions; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); clear smooth boundary.
2 Btg2-23 to 32 inches; gray (5Y 5/1) silty clay; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine tubular pores; common prominent light olive brown (2.5Y $5 / 6$ ) and black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 7.3); clear smooth boundary.

2Btg3-32 to 43 inches; 80 percent gray ( $\mathrm{N} 5 / 0$ ) and 20 percent greenish gray (10GY 6/1) silty clay; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; few fine tubular pores; common prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2.5 / 0$ ) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); gradual wavy boundary.
2Btg4-43 to 80 inches; 80 percent greenish gray (10GY 6/1) and 20 percent greenish gray (10GY $5 / 1$ ) silty clay; massive; very firm; few very fine tubular pores; few faint dark grayish green (10GY 4/1) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent light yellowish brown ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 3$ ) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) iron stains; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4).

## Range in Characteristics

## Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel Texture-silty clay loam or silt loam

## Btg horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 5 percent gravel
Texture-silty clay or clay

## 2Btg horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel Texture-silty clay or clay

## Taterhill Series

The Taterhill series consists of very deep, well drained soils on foot slopes. These formed in silty slope alluvium over gravelly slope alluvium. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Taterhill silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,400 feet north and 1,900 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 28, T. 27 N., R. 5 W.; USGS Montier topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 633,100 meters Easting and 4,093,230 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 11 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common fine tubular pores; 1 percent chert gravel; neutral ( pH 6.6); abrupt smooth boundary.

BA-11 to 15 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; many very fine and common medium tubular pores; 1 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-15 to 20 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common medium tubular pores; few distinct dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-20 to 28 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; common medium tubular pores; few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains; 10 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; slightly acid ( pH 6.5 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt3-28 to 36 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots;
common medium tubular pores; few prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; strongly acid (pH 5.2); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt4-36 to 48 inches; 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common medium tubular pores; common distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films in root channels and pores; many prominent light brown (7.5YR 6/3) coatings of silt in root channels and pores; 20 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid (pH 5.0); gradual wavy boundary.
2Bt5-48 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; strong fine angular blocky structure; firm; common medium vesicular pores; common distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films in root channels and pores; common prominent pinkish gray (7.5YR 6/2) coatings of silt in root channels and pores; 10 percent chert gravel and 2 percent chert cobbles; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ).

## Range in Characteristics

A or Ap horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 10 percent gravel
BA horizon (where present):
Content of rock fragments-0 to 10 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 30 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent cobbles
Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, or loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-5 to 70 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent cobbles
Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, clay loam, or sandy clay loam

## Tick Series

The Tick series consists of deep, well drained soils on gently sloping to very steep upland ridges. These soils formed in slope alluvium over dense, clayey mudstone. Permeability is moderately slow. Slopes range from 3 to 50 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, subactive, mesic Typic Hapludults

## Typical Pedon

Tick very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes,
stony; 960 feet north and 320 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 29, T. 28 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Willow Springs North topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 593,689 meters Easting and 4,102,994 meters Northing; in Texas County, Missouri.

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed oak leaf litter.
A-1 to 6 inches; brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) very gravelly silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; moderate medium granular structure; very friable; common coarse roots; many fine tubular pores; 35 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.2 ); clear smooth boundary.
E-6 to 11 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; few coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores and many very fine irregular pores; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1—11 to 19 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) silty clay loam; weak medium platy structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; friable; few coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron and manganese oxide concretions; 5 percent soft mudstone paragravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.8); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-19 to 28 inches; mixed, yellow (10YR 7/6 and $7 / 8$ ) and very pale brown (10YR 8/2) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium platy structure parting to moderate very fine angular blocky; friable; few medium roots; few very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent soft mudstone paragravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.6 ); gradual wavy boundary.
Bt3-28 to 42 inches; mixed, yellow (10YR 7/6 and 7/8) very gravelly silty clay; strong thick platy structure parting to strong medium platy and strong fine angular blocky; firm; few fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; 40 percent soft mudstone paragravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.6); clear wavy boundary.
2Cd—42 to 80 inches; soft, dense, clayey, stratified mudstone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the dense layer: 40 to 60 inches
A horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel

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E horizon:
    Content of rock fragments-5 to 50 percent gravel
    Texture-silt loam or loam
Upper part of Bt horizon:
    Content of rock fragments-0 to 35 percent gravel
    Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay
Lower part of Bt horizon:
    Content of rock fragments-10 to 60 percent
        gravel
    Texture-silty clay or clay
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## Tilk Series

The Tilk series consists of very deep, somewhat excessively drained soils on nearly level to gently sloping flood plains and alluvial fans. These soils formed in gravelly alluvium. Permeability is rapid. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification:Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Tilk very gravelly loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 2,100 feet south and 2,500 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 10, T. 27 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Cabool Southeast topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 586,565 meters Easting and 4,099,020 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Oi-0 to 1 inch ; slightly decomposed oak leaf litter.
A-1 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine and very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 45 percent chert gravel and 5 percent chert cobbles; moderately acid ( pH 5.7 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
AB-6 to 12 inches; 50 percent brown (10YR 4/3) and 50 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many fine to coarse roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; 45 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.3 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-12 to 20 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many very fine tubular and irregular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.9 ); clear wavy boundary.
Bt2-20 to 27 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6)
extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; many fine tubular and irregular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains; few fine black concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 60 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.9); clear wavy boundary.

Bt3-27 to 36 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly sandy loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; few fine and medium roots; many very fine irregular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains; 65 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.9); clear wavy boundary.
Bt4-36 to 48 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; few fine and medium roots; many very fine irregular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) and few prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) iron-manganese stains; 70 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 6.0 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
Bt5-48 to 80 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common prominent black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) ironmanganese stains; 2 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.6 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 55 percent gravel

## Upper part of Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 80 percent gravel
Texture-loam or sandy loam
Lower part of Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 80 percent gravel
Texture-loam, sandy loam, or silt loam

## Tonti Series

The Tonti series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in
gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum derived from dolostone. Permeability is moderate above and below the fragipan and very slow through it. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

## Typical Pedon

Tonti silt loam in an area of Fanchon-Tonti complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 900 feet north and 800 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 18, T. 25 N., R. 9 W.; USGS Pomona topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 591,840 meters Easting and 4,077,140 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.
Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed organic matter.
A-1 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; common fine to coarse roots; common fine to coarse irregular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
$\mathrm{BE}-7$ to 12 inches; 50 percent brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine to coarse roots; common very fine and fine irregular pores; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); clear smooth boundary.
$\mathrm{Bt}-12$ to 20 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6)
gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine to coarse roots; common very fine to medium tubular pores; common distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
$2 \mathrm{Btx} 1-20$ to 29 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; extremely firm; 60 percent brittle; few very fine to coarse roots between prisms; common fine and very fine vesicular and tubular pores; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay films between peds; common distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) coatings of silt; 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear wavy boundary. 2Btx2-29 to 36 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; 20 percent brittle; few fine and medium roots between prisms; common fine vesicular and tubular pores; common prominent brown (10YR

4/3) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay films between peds; 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7 ); clear wavy boundary.
3 Bt 1 - 36 to 52 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and very fine angular blocky; very firm; very few fine roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; common prominent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) and common distinct reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay films between peds; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.8); gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt2-52 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and very fine angular blocky; very firm; very few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common distinct reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) and few prominent dark gray (10YR 4/1) clay films between peds; 2 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.5 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the fragipan: 16 to 28 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel
BE horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 30 percent gravel Texture-silt loam or loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## Btx horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 80 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, loam, or silty clay
3Bt horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-clay or silty clay

## Topazmill Series

The Topazmill series consists of very deep, well drained soils on foot slopes. These soils formed in loamy slope alluvium and colluvium derived from sandstone. Permeability is moderate. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

## Typical Pedon

Topazmill loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 1,100 feet north and 1,600 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 3, T. 23 N., R. 12 W.; USGS Sycamore topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 564,980 meters Easting and 4,061,160 meters Northing; in Ozark County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 4 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; neutral ( pH 6.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
BA-4 to 8 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; few fine prominent discontinuous very dark brown (10YR 4/2) organic coatings on faces of peds; neutral ( pH 7.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-8 to 17 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots throughout; common very fine tubular pores; few fine distinct yellowish red (5YR $5 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay depletions on faces of peds; strongly acid (pH 5.3); gradual smooth boundary.
Bt2-17 to 26 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) fine sandy loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine tubular pores; common fine prominent discontinuous yellowish red (5YR $5 / 6$ ) and common medium prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay depletions on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 5.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt3-26 to 37 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) sandy clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine tubular pores; many coarse prominent red (2.5YR 3/6) and common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent discontinuous pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay depletions on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt4-37 to 57 inches; mixed yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine tubular pores; common coarse red (10R 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; many coarse pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay
depletions; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ); gradual smooth boundary.
2Bt5-57 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine tubular and irregular pores; many medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay films on faces of peds; common medium prominent pale brown (10YR $6 / 3$ ) clay depletions on faces of peds; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent

## BA horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent
Texture-fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or sandy loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent
Texture-fine sandy loam, loam, sandy clay loam, clay loam, or sandy loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 65 percent
Texture-fine sandy loam, loam, sandy clay loam, clay loam, or sandy loam

## Viraton Series

The Viraton series consists of very deep, moderately well drained soils on uplands. These soils formed in gravelly slope alluvium and the underlying clayey residuum. Permeability is moderate above and below the fragipan and very slow through it. Slopes range from 3 to 8 percent.

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Oxyaquic Fragiudalfs

## Typical Pedon

Viraton silt loam in an area of Gressy-Viraton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; 400 feet north and 1,300 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 7, T. 21 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Caulfield topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 579,300 meters Easting and 4,039,500 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; common
very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 2 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.5 ); clear smooth boundary.
$\mathrm{Bt1}-6$ to 11 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam; strong fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; common distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.6 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-11 to 16 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly silt loam; strong fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many fine, medium, and coarse vesicular and tubular pores; common distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; many prominent brown (10YR 5/3) iron depletions; 25 percent chert gravel; strongly acid (pH 5.5); clear smooth boundary.
$2 B t x-16$ to 26 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly clay loam; weak very coarse prismatic structure parting to strong medium subangular blocky; very firm; 70 percent brittle; few fine roots between prisms; common fine vesicular and tubular pores; common distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; many prominent brown (10YR 5/3) iron depletions; 65 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ); clear wavy boundary.
3Bt1-26 to 36 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) extremely gravelly clay; strong very fine angular blocky structure; very firm; very few very fine roots; common fine and medium vesicular and tubular pores; many distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR $3 / 6$ ) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent brown (10YR 5/3) iron depletions; 60 percent chert gravel and 5 percent sandstone flagstones; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ); clear wavy boundary. $3 \mathrm{Bt} 2-36$ to 58 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; very firm; very few very fine tubular pores; common distinct dark red (2.5YR 3/6) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ); clear wavy boundary. $3 \mathrm{Bt} 3-58$ to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/8) and yellow (10YR 7/8) clay; strong fine angular blocky structure; very firm; very few very fine tubular pores; common distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.4 ).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to the fragipan: 15 to 32 inches

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Btx horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 35 to 70 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

## 3Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 70 percent gravel and cobbles
Texture-silty clay or clay

## Wasola Series

The Wasola series consists of very deep, somewhat poorly drained soils on foot slopes and in basins. These soils formed in loamy slope alluvium and colluvium. Permeability is slow. Slopes range from 1 to 8 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Fragiaquic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Wasola silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes; 625 feet north and 5,550 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 31, T. 22 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Caulfield topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 580,500 meters Easting and 4,042,900 meters Northing; in Howell County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 9 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; moderate medium granular structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; common fine roots; many fine irregular and tubular pores; few fine round black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard concretions of iron and manganese oxide; very strongly acid ( pH 4.7); clear smooth boundary.

Bt1-9 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; firm; common fine roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; common faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; few fine distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions; few fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) redoximorphic concentrations; few fine round
black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard concretions of iron and manganese oxide; moderately acid ( pH 5.6 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2—17 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; very firm; common fine and very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; common fine distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) redoximorphic concentrations; common medium round black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.8); clear smooth boundary.
2Btx1-23 to 32 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; very firm; 30 percent brittle; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct gray (10YR 5/1) clay films on faces of peds; common medium prominent grayish brown (10YR $5 / 2$ ) iron depletions; common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) redoximorphic concentrations; common medium round black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 2 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.7 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Btx2-32 to 48 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly clay loam; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; 30 percent brittle; few very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and few fine prominent olive yellow ( $2.5 \mathrm{Y} 6 / 8$ ) iron depletions; few medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) redoximorphic concentrations; common fine rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 35 percent sandstone gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.2); gradual wavy boundary.
$3 B t-48$ to 80 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) clay; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine tubular pores; common faint brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) and common prominent brown (10YR $5 / 3$ ) clay films on faces of peds; common medium rounded black ( $\mathrm{N} 2 / 0$ ) slightly hard concretions of iron and manganese oxide; 5 percent sandstone gravel; neutral (pH 7.1).

## Range in Characteristics

## A or Ap horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 20 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent cobbles

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 25 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent cobbles
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

## 2Btx horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 50 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent cobbles
Texture-silty clay loam, clay loam, silt loam, or loam

## 3Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 65 percent gravel and 0 to 5 percent cobbles
Texture-silty clay or clay

## Wideman Series

The Wideman series consists of very deep, excessively drained on flood plains. These soils formed in sandy alluvium. Permeability is moderately rapid. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

## Taxonomic classification: Sandy, siliceous, mesic Typic

 Udifluvents
## Typical Pedon

Wideman loamy sand in an area of Sandbur-Wideman-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; 1,450 feet south and 1,000 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 3, T. 24 N., R. 5 W.; USGS Thomasville topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 633,440 meters Easting and 4,071,560 meters Northing.

A-0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loamy sand; single grain; loose; common fine and very fine roots; many fine irregular pores; moderately acid (pH 5.8); abrupt wavy boundary.
C-6 to 10 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) sand; single grain; loose; common very fine roots; many fine irregular pores; slightly acid ( pH 6.3 ); clear wavy boundary.
Ab-10 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) sandy loam; single grain; loose; few very fine roots; common distinct very pale brown (10YR $7 / 3$ ) coatings of sand between sand grains; slightly acid ( pH 6.5 ); abrupt wavy boundary.
$C^{\prime}-18$ to 36 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) sand; single grain; loose; many fine irregular pores; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.5); abrupt smooth boundary.
$A b^{\prime}-36$ to 46 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) sandy loam; single grain; loose; many fine irregular pores; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.5); abrupt smooth boundary.
$2 \mathrm{C}-46$ to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly loamy sand; single grain; loose; many fine irregular pores; 25 percent chert gravel; slightly acid ( pH 6.5 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## $C$ and Ab horizons:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 60 percent Texture-loamy sand, sand, fine sand, or sandy loam

## Winnipeg Series

The Winnipeg series consists of very deep, well drained soils on gently sloping to moderately sloping footslopes. These soils formed in loess and the underlying slope alluvium, colluvium, or residuum. Permeability is moderately slow. Slopes range from 2 to 5 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

## Typical Pedon

Winnipeg silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes; 1,000 feet north and 200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 31, T. 30 N., R. 10 W.; USGS Bucyrus topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 582,480 meters Easting and 4,123,420 meters Northing; in Texas County, Missouri.
Ap-0 to 6 inches; dark brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; neutral (pH 6.6); 1 percent chert gravel; clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-6 to 11 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; few faint brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; neutral ( pH 7.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt2-11 to 16 inches; 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR $5 / 4$ ) and 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR $5 / 8$ ) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular
blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; few prominent brown (7.5YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few very fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) stains of iron and manganese oxide; neutral ( pH 7.0 ); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt3-16 to 30 inches; 40 percent red (2.5YR 4/8), 30 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6), and 30 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam; strong medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common prominent red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds; common medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) stains of iron and manganese oxide; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear smooth boundary.
2Bt4-30 to 38 inches; 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/8), 30 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), and 20 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; friable; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many prominent red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) stains of iron and manganese oxide; many fine black ( $10 \mathrm{YR} 2 / 1$ ) concretions of iron and manganese oxide; strongly acid ( pH 5.2 ); clear wavy boundary.
2Bt5-38 to 44 inches; 50 percent red (2.5YR 4/8), 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), and 10 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay loam; strong fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine tubular pores; many prominent red (5YR 4/6) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; few fine prominent black (10YR 2/1) stains of iron and manganese oxide; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.6 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
$3 B t 6-44$ to 80 inches; 70 percent red (2.5YR 4/8), 20 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), and 10 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine tubular pores; many prominent red (5YR $4 / 8$ ) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; many medium prominent black (10YR 2/1) stains of iron and manganese oxide; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral (pH 6.6).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 5 percent gravel

Texture-silt loam or silty clay loam

## 2Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments-0 to 25 percent gravel
Texture-silt loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, or loam

## 3Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 50 percent gravel Texture-clay, silty clay, or silty clay loam

## Zanoni Series

The Zanoni series consists of very deep, well drained soils on stream terraces. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderately rapid. Slopes range from 1 to 3 percent.
Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Zanoni fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded; 2,000 feet north and 400 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 12, T. 26 N., R. 12 W.; USGS Nichols Knob topographic quadrangle; UTM coordinates Zone 15, 571,125 meters Easting and 4,089,120 meters Northing; in Douglas County, Missouri.

Ap-0 to 4 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) fine sandy loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots throughout; many very fine irregular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.5); clear smooth boundary.

AB-4 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots throughout; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.1); clear smooth boundary.
Bt1-9 to 18 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and brown (7.5YR 4/4) fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine and medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) organic coatings; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid ( pH 5.7 ); gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2-18 to 26 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly fine sandy loam; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; few prominent very dark grayish brown (10YR $3 / 2$ ) organic coatings; 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid ( pH 5.2 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt3-26 to 34 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly fine sandy loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); clear smooth boundary.
Bt4-34 to 44 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay films on rock fragments; 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.8 ); abrupt smooth boundary.
2C1-44 to 58 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) extremely gravelly coarse sand; massive; friable; many fine irregular pores; 70 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid (pH 4.9); gradual smooth boundary.
2C2-58 to 80 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly loamy coarse sand; massive; friable; many fine irregular pores; 80 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid ( pH 4.9 ).

## Range in Characteristics

## A horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 15 percent gravel
AB horizon:
Content of rock fragments-0 to 15 percent gravel
Texture-sandy loam, fine sandy loam, or loam

## Bt horizon:

Content of rock fragments- 0 to 35 percent gravel
Texture-sandy loam, fine sandy loam, loam, coarse sandy loam, or sandy clay loam
2C horizon:
Content of rock fragments- 0 to 80 percent gravel or cobbles
Texture-loamy sand, sandy loam, sand, coarse sand, or coarse sandy loam

## Formation of the Soils

This section relates the soils in the survey area to the major factors of soil formation. It also describes the physiography and geology of the survey area.

## Factors of Soil Formation

Soil is the product of soil-forming processes acting on accumulated or deposited geologic material. The characteristics of the soil are determined by the type of parent material; the plant and animal life on and in the soil; the climate under which the soil-forming factors were active; topography, or lay of the land; and the length of time these forces have been active.

The parent material affects the kind of soil profile that is formed and in extreme cases determines it almost entirely. Plant and animal life are the active factors of soil formation. The climate determines the amount of water available for leaching and the amount of heat for physical and chemical changes. Together, climate and plant and animal life act on the parent material and slowly change it to a natural body that has genetically related horizons. Topography commonly modifies these other factors. Finally, time is required for changes in the parent material to result in the formation of a soil. Generally, a long time is required for the development of distinct soil horizons.

These factors of soil formation are all so closely interrelated in their effects on the soil that few generalizations can be made about the effect of any one factor unless conditions are specified for the others. Soil formation is complex, and many processes of soil development are still unknown.

## Parent Material

Parent material is the unconsolidated mass from which soil is formed. The formation or deposition of this material is the first step in the development of a soil profile. The characteristics of the parent material determine the chemical and mineralogical composition of the soil. In this survey area, many kinds of parent material, alone or in combinations, have contributed to the formation of the soils. These kinds of parent material are residuum, or material weathered from
bedrock; loess, or wind-deposited material; and alluvium, or water-deposited material.

## Living Organisms

Plants and animals living on or in the soil are active in the soil-forming process. Plants furnish organic material to the soil and bring up plant nutrients from underlying layers to the surface layer. As plants die and decay, they contribute organic matter to the soil. Bacteria and fungi decompose the plant remains and help to incorporate the organic matter into the soil.

The kind of native vegetation has greatly influenced soil formation in the survey area. The basic kinds of native vegetation were prairie grasses and forest vegetation. Additions of organic matter to soils that formed under prairie grasses are largely a result of the yearly decomposition of plant materials. Plant tops decompose at the surface, and the roots decompose at various depths in the soil. As a result, soils that formed under prairie grasses have a thick, dark surface layer.

Additions of organic matter to soils that formed under forest vegetation are mostly the result of leaves and twigs that decompose on the surface. These soils have a thin, dark surface layer.

Insects, worms, humans, and other animals affect soil formation. Bacteria and fungi promote the decay of organic material, fix nitrogen, and improve tilth. Burrowing animals and insects loosen and mix various soil horizons.

In a relatively short time, human activities have greatly affected the processes of soil formation. The major alterations include changes in the type of vegetation, drainage of wet areas, and accelerated erosion. Row crops have replaced native grasses and many of the forested areas. Nearly all of the flood plains and much of the upland areas are now farmed. These changes have increased food production but have had an adverse effect in terms of sustained productivity. Accelerated erosion continues to reduce the potential of many upland soils, and the loss of cropland to urban development is virtually irreversible.

## Climate

Climate has been and still is an important factor of soil formation. Geologic erosion, plant and animal life, and, in more recent times, accelerated erosion all have varied with the climate.

The glacial periods that so greatly affected the soil-forming processes were a result of climatic changes. Thousands of years of cold temperatures resulted in glaciers that moved into the area. Several soil-forming periods have occurred since the last ice sheet left northern Missouri. Geologic evidence indicates that the climate was colder and wetter than the present climate during some soilforming periods and was warmer during others. The warmer weather and high winds resulted in severe geologic erosion, and much of the area was covered by loess.

High temperatures and adequate rainfall encourage rapid chemical and physical changes. This type of climate is conducive to the breakdown of minerals and the relocation of clay within the soil. The clay is moved downward into the soil profile, and this downward movement results in the formation of the subsoil. Nearly all of the upland soils in the county show evidence of this illuviation.

## Topography

Topography, or relief, affects soil formation through its influence on drainage, runoff, the rate of water infiltration, and geologic erosion. Topography is characterized by the length, shape, aspect, and degree of slope. It is important in determining the pattern and distribution of soils.

The amount of water entering the soil depends on slope, permeability, and the intensity of rainfall. Because runoff is rapid in steep areas, very little water passes through the soil and soil formation is slow. Geologic erosion almost keeps pace with the soil-forming processes. In gently sloping areas, runoff is slow, erosion is minimal, and most of the water passes through the soil. Leaching, the translocation of clay, and other soil-forming processes are intensified in these areas. Soils in these areas generally show maximum profile development.

Soils on steep, south-facing slopes receive more direct sunlight and are drier than similar soils on north-facing slopes. Drier conditions influence soil formation by affecting the kind of vegetation, the susceptibility to erosion, and the cycles of freezing and thawing.

## Time

The degree of profile development is dependent on the length of time that the parent material has been in place and subject to the soil-forming processes. Older soils show the effects of leaching and clay movement and have developed distinct horizons. Young soils show little profile development.

## Physiography and Geology

Oregon County is on the Salem Plateau, which is part of the Springfield-Salem Plateaus section of the Ozark Plateau province. The landscape varies from steep, wooded hillsides and narrow, very gravelly ridgetops to broad, nearly level to gently sloping upland divides.

Sinkholes are very common in much of the county. The sinkholes absorb and transport much of the surface water, leaving many streams with a smaller waterflow than otherwise would be normal for the watersheds. The sinkholes range from a few feet across to more than 100 acres in size. Depth ranges from a few feet to more than 100 feet. The bottoms of the sinkholes are well drained to poorly drained. Some of the sinkholes are ponded much of the year. Grand Gulf State Park, south of Koshkonong, is the largest sinkhole in the survey area.

The bedrock in the county has a regional dip to the south, and it drops more than 400 feet across the county. Because of weathering, the surface of the bedrock is quite uneven. Pinnacles of dolostone overlain by shallow soils rapidly give way to areas of very deep soils. Soil depth can range from less than 1 foot to more than 50 feet within a relatively short distance. The largest areas of exposed bedrock and shallow soils generally are along the major streams on the steepest hillsides. Bedrock outcroppings in Oregon County consist primarily of Ordovician cherty dolostone and sandstone from the Jefferson City Formation through the upper Gasconade Formation.

From oldest to youngest, geologic formations that are exposed in the county are the Gasconade Dolostone, Roubidoux Formation, and Jefferson City and Cotter Dolostone. Pennsylvanian residual material is above the Jefferson City Dolostone on some of the major divides.

The Gasconade Dolostone is 300 to 350 feet thick. It consists of gray to light brown dolostone with thin to massive white porcelaneous chert. The only exposures in Oregon County are bluffs along the Eleven Point River and its tributaries. Because of the dip of the bedrock, the Gasconade Dolostone
disappears along the Eleven Point River north of Riverton.

The Roubidoux Formation is 150 to 200 feet thick. It consists of cherty dolostone, sandstone, and dolomitic sandstone. From north to south in the county, the major sandstone members become thinner and the dolostone members become more prominent. Many of the hillsides that are dominantly of the Roubidoux Formation have many sandstone and chert boulders on the surface and are being managed as woodland.

The Jefferson City and Cotter Dolostone is 200 to 350 feet thick. It consists of silty to crystalline dolostone with thin to moderately thick beds of chert and thin beds of sandstone and shale.

The Pennsylvanian Cheltenham Formation, which is composed of clay and associated clastics, lies above
other beds. The clay is mostly brownish yellow in color, but it also contains areas that are white, purple, and red in color. At the base and intergrading with the lowest part of the clay in many places, are sandstone, chert conglomerates, and chert rubble or residuum. The clay appears to be bedded deposits laid down on a solution surface. This formation occurs on the main divides, shoulders, and headslopes. It is 10 to 200 feet thick. Locally, the well-rounded chert pebbles on many of the hilltops are known as "hilltop gravel."

Wells drilled for private water supplies typically are 200 to 400 feet deep, with the Roubidoux Formation and the Gunter sandstone member of the Gasconade Formation supplying the water. Wells for public water supplies generally are deeper (Howe and Koenig, 1961).

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## Glossary

Aeration, soil. The exchange of air in soil with air from the atmosphere. The air in a well aerated soil is similar to that in the atmosphere; the air in a poorly aerated soil is considerably higher in carbon dioxide and lower in oxygen.
Aggregate, soil. Many fine particles held in a single mass or cluster. Natural soil aggregates, such as granules, blocks, or prisms, are called peds. Clods are aggregates produced by tillage or logging.
Alluvial fan. The fanlike deposit of a stream where it issues from a gorge upon a plain or of a tributary stream near or at its junction with its main stream.
Alluvium. Material, such as sand, silt, or clay, deposited on land by streams.
Alpha,alpha-dipyridyl. A dye that when dissolved in 1 N ammonium acetate is used to detect the presence of reduced iron (Fe II) in the soil. A positive reaction indicates a type of redoximorphic feature.
Animal unit month (AUM). The amount of forage required by one mature cow of approximately 1,000 pounds weight, with or without a calf, for 1 month.
Aquic conditions. Current soil wetness characterized by saturation, reduction, and redoximorphic features.
Area reclaim (in tables). An area difficult to reclaim after the removal of soil for construction and other uses. Revegetation and erosion control are extremely difficult.
Argillic horizon. A subsoil horizon characterized by an accumulation of illuvial clay.
Aspect. The direction in which a slope faces.
Association, soil. A group of soils or miscellaneous areas geographically associated in a characteristic repeating pattern and defined and delineated as a single map unit.
Available water capacity (available moisture capacity). The capacity of soils to hold water available for use by most plants. It is commonly defined as the difference between the amount of soil water at field moisture capacity and the amount at wilting point. It is commonly expressed as inches of water per inch of soil. The capacity, in
inches, in a 60-inch profile or to a limiting layer is expressed as:
Very low .......................................................... 0 to 3
Low ..........................................................................................................................................................................................................................................
Moderan 12

Backslope. The position that forms the steepest and generally linear, middle portion of a hillslope. In profile, backslopes are commonly bounded by a convex shoulder above and a concave footslope below.
Basal area. The area of a cross section of a tree, generally referring to the section at breast height and measured outside the bark. It is a measure of stand density, commonly expressed in square feet.
Base saturation. The degree to which material having cation-exchange properties is saturated with exchangeable bases (sum of $\mathrm{Ca}, \mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Na}$, and K ), expressed as a percentage of the total cationexchange capacity.
Base slope. A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the concave to linear (perpendicular to the contour) slope that, regardless of the lateral shape, forms an apron or wedge at the bottom of a hillside dominated by colluvium and slope-wash sediments (for example, slope alluvium).
Bedding planes. Fine strata, less than 5 millimeters thick, in unconsolidated alluvial, eolian, lacustrine, or marine sediment.
Bedding system. A drainage system made by plowing, grading, or otherwise shaping the surface of a flat field. It consists of a series of low ridges separated by shallow, parallel dead furrows.
Bedrock. The solid rock that underlies the soil and other unconsolidated material or that is exposed at the surface.
Bedrock-controlled topography. A landscape where the configuration and relief of the landforms are determined or strongly influenced by the underlying bedrock.
Bisequum. Two sequences of soil horizons, each of
which consists of an illuvial horizon and the overlying eluvial horizons.
Board foot. A unit of measure of the wood in lumber, logs, or trees. The amount of wood in a board 1 foot wide, 1 foot long, and 1 inch thick before finishing.
Bottom land. The normal flood plain of a stream, subject to flooding.
Boulders. Rock fragments larger than 2 feet ( 60 centimeters) in diameter.
Breast height. An average height of 4.5 feet above the ground surface; the point on a tree where diameter measurements are ordinarily taken.
Brush management. Use of mechanical, chemical, or biological methods to make conditions favorable for reseeding or to reduce or eliminate competition from woody vegetation and thus allow understory grasses and forbs to recover. Brush management increases forage production and thus reduces the hazard of erosion. It can improve the habitat for some species of wildlife.
Cable yarding. A method of moving felled trees to a nearby central area for transport to a processing facility. Most cable yarding systems involve use of a drum, a pole, and wire cables in an arrangement similar to that of a rod and reel used for fishing. To reduce friction and soil disturbance, felled trees generally are reeled in while one end is lifted or the entire log is suspended.
California bearing ratio (CBR). The load-supporting capacity of a soil as compared to that of standard crushed limestone, expressed as a ratio. First standardized in California. A soil having a CBR of 16 supports 16 percent of the load that would be supported by standard crushed limestone, per unit area, with the same degree of distortion.
Canopy. The leafy crown of trees or shrubs. (See Crown.)
Capillary water. Water held as a film around soil particles and in tiny spaces between particles. Surface tension is the adhesive force that holds capillary water in the soil.
Catena. A sequence, or "chain," of soils on a landscape that formed in similar kinds of parent material but have different characteristics as a result of differences in relief and drainage.
Cation. An ion carrying a positive charge of electricity. The common soil cations are calcium, potassium, magnesium, sodium, and hydrogen.
Cation-exchange capacity. The total amount of exchangeable cations that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality ( pH 7.0 ) or at some other stated pH value. The term, as applied to
soils, is synonymous with base-exchange capacity but is more precise in meaning.
Channeled. Refers to a drainage area in which natural meandering or repeated branching and convergence of a streambed have created deeply incised cuts, either active or abandoned, in alluvial material.
Channery soil material. Soil material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent thin, flat fragments of sandstone, shale, slate, limestone, or schist as much as 6 inches ( 15 centimeters) along the longest axis. A single piece is called a channer.
Chemical treatment. Control of unwanted vegetation through the use of chemicals.
Chert. A hard, extremely dense or compact, dull to semivitreous, cryptocrystalline sedimentary rock consisting dominantly of interlocking crystals of quartz less than about 30 mm in diameter. Chert may contain amorphous silica (opal). It can contain impurities, such as calcite, iron oxide, or the remains of siliceous and other organisms. It has a tough, splintery to conchoidal fracture and may be white or variously colored gray, green, blue, pink, red, yellow, brown, and black. Chert occurs principally as nodular or concretionary segregations in limestone and dolostone.
Chiseling. Tillage with an implement having one or more soil-penetrating points that shatter or loosen hard, compacted layers to a depth below normal plow depth.
Clay. As a soil separate, the mineral soil particles less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. As a soil textural class, soil material that is 40 percent or more clay, less than 45 percent sand, and less than 40 percent silt.
Clay depletions. Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron, manganese, and clay because of the chemical reduction of iron and manganese and the removal of iron, manganese, and clay. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
Clay film. A thin coating of oriented clay on the surface of a soil aggregate or lining pores or root channels. Synonyms: clay coating, clay skin.
Clayey soil. Silty clay, sandy clay, or clay.
Clearcut. A method of forest harvesting that removes the entire stand of trees in one cutting. Reproduction is achieved artificially or by natural seeding from the adjacent stands.
Climax plant community. The stabilized plant community on a particular site. The plant cover reproduces itself and does not change so long as the environment remains the same.
Closed depression. A low area completely
surrounded by higher ground and having no natural outlet.
Coarse textured soil. Sand or loamy sand.
Cobble (or cobblestone). A rounded or partly rounded fragment of rock 3 to 10 inches ( 7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter.
Cobble (or cobblestone). A rounded or partly rounded fragment of rock 3 to 10 inches ( 7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter.
Cobbly soil material. Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or partially rounded rock fragments 3 to 10 inches ( 7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter. Very cobbly soil material has 35 to 60 percent of these rock fragments, and extremely cobbly soil material has more than 60 percent.
Codominant trees. Trees whose crowns form the general level of the forest canopy and that receive full light from above but comparatively little from the sides.
COLE (coefficient of linear extensibility). See Linear extensibility.
Colluvium. Soil material or rock fragments, or both, moved by creep, slide, or local wash and deposited at the base of steep slopes.
Commercial forest. Forestland capable of producing 20 cubic feet or more per acre per year at the culmination of the mean annual increment.
Complex slope. Irregular or variable slope. Planning or establishing terraces, diversions, and other water-control structures on a complex slope is difficult.
Complex, soil. A map unit of two or more kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or so small in area that it is not practical to map them separately at the selected scale of mapping. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas.
Concretions. Cemented bodies with crude internal symmetry organized around a point, a line, or a plane. They typically take the form of concentric layers visible to the naked eye. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up concretions. If formed in place, concretions of iron oxide or manganese oxide are generally considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
Conglomerate. A coarse grained, clastic rock composed of rounded or subangular rock fragments more than 2 millimeters in diameter. It commonly has a matrix of sand and finer textured material. Conglomerate is the consolidated equivalent of gravel.

Conservation cropping system. Growing crops in combination with needed cultural and management practices. In a good conservation cropping system, the soil-improving crops and practices more than offset the effects of the soildepleting crops and practices. Cropping systems are needed on all tilled soils. Soil-improving practices in a conservation cropping system include the use of rotations that contain grasses and legumes and the return of crop residue to the soil. Other practices include the use of green manure crops of grasses and legumes, proper tillage, adequate fertilization, and weed and pest control.
Conservation tillage. A tillage system that does not invert the soil and that leaves a protective amount of crop residue on the surface throughout the year.
Consistence, soil. Refers to the degree of cohesion and adhesion of soil material and its resistance to deformation when ruptured. Consistence includes resistance of soil material to rupture and to penetration; plasticity, toughness, and stickiness of puddled soil material; and the manner in which the soil material behaves when subject to compression. Terms describing consistence are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
Consolidated sandstone. Sandstone that disperses within a few hours when fragments are placed in water. The fragments are extremely hard or very hard when dry, are not easily crushed, and cannot be textured by the usual field method.
Contour stripcropping. Growing crops in strips that follow the contour. Strips of grass or close-growing crops are alternated with strips of clean-tilled crops or summer fallow.
Control section. The part of the soil on which classification is based. The thickness varies among different kinds of soil, but for many it is that part of the soil profile between depths of 10 inches and 40 or 80 inches.
Corrosion. Soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens concrete or uncoated steel.
Cover crop. A close-growing crop grown primarily to improve and protect the soil between periods of regular crop production, or a crop grown between trees and vines in orchards and vineyards.
Crop residue management. Returning crop residue to the soil, which helps to maintain soil structure, organic matter content, and fertility and helps to control erosion.
Cropping system. Growing crops according to a planned system of rotation and management practices.

Cross-slope farming. Deliberately conducting farming operations on sloping farmland in such a way that tillage is across the general slope.
Crown. The upper part of a tree or shrub, including the living branches and their foliage.
Culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI). The average annual increase per acre in the volume of a stand. Computed by dividing the total volume of the stand by its age. As the stand increases in age, the mean annual increment continues to increase until mortality begins to reduce the rate of increase. The point where the stand reaches its maximum annual rate of growth is called the culmination of the mean annual increment.
Cutbanks cave (in tables). The walls of excavations tend to cave in or slough.
Decreasers. The most heavily grazed climax range plants. Because they are the most palatable, they are the first to be destroyed by overgrazing.
Deep to water (in tables). Deep to permanent water during the dry season.
Deferred grazing. Postponing grazing or resting grazing land for a prescribed period.
Dense layer (in tables). A very firm, massive layer that has a bulk density of more than 1.8 grams per cubic centimeter. Such a layer affects the ease of digging and can affect filling and compacting.
Depth, soil. Generally, the thickness of the soil over bedrock. Very deep soils are more than 60 inches deep over bedrock; deep soils, 40 to 60 inches; moderately deep, 20 to 40 inches; shallow, 10 to 20 inches; and very shallow, less than 10 inches.
Depth to bedrock (in tables). Bedrock is too near the surface for the specified use.
Diversion (or diversion terrace). A ridge of earth, generally a terrace, built to protect downslope areas by diverting runoff from its natural course.
Divided-slope farming. A form of field stripcropping in which crops are grown in a systematic arrangement of two strips, or bands, across the slope to reduce the hazard of water erosion. One strip is in a close-growing crop that provides protection from erosion, and the other strip is in a crop that provides less protection from erosion. This practice is used where slopes are not long enough to permit a full stripcropping pattern to be used.
Dolomite (mineral). A common rock-forming rhombohedral carbonate mineral: $\mathrm{CaMg}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)_{2}$.
Dolostone. A carbonate sedimentary rock consisting chiefly (more than 50 percent by weight or by areal percentages under the microscope) of the mineral dolomite.

Dominant trees. Trees whose crowns form the general level of the forest canopy and that receive full light from above and from the sides.
Drainage class (natural). Refers to the frequency and duration of wet periods under conditions similar to those under which the soil formed. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either through drainage or irrigation, are not a consideration unless they have significantly changed the morphology of the soil. Seven classes of natural soil drainage are recognizedexcessively drained, somewhat excessively drained, well drained, moderately well drained, somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained. These classes are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
Drainage, surface. Runoff, or surface flow of water, from an area.
Drainageway. An area of ground at a lower elevation than the surrounding ground and in which water collects and is drained to a closed depression or lake or to a drainageway at a lower elevation. A drainageway may or may not have distinctly incised channels at its upper reaches or throughout its course.
Droughty (in tables). The soil holds an insufficient amount of water for plants during dry periods.
Ecological site. An area where climate, soil, and relief are sufficiently uniform to produce a distinct natural plant community. An ecological site is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It is typified by an association of species that differ from those on other ecological sites in kind and/or proportion of species or in total production.
Eluviation. The movement of material in true solution or colloidal suspension from one place to another within the soil. Soil horizons that have lost material through eluviation are eluvial; those that have received material are illuvial.
Endosaturation. A type of saturation of the soil in which all horizons between the upper boundary of saturation and a depth of 2 meters are saturated.
Eolian soil material. Earthy parent material accumulated through wind action; commonly refers to sandy material in dunes or to loess in blankets on the surface.
Ephemeral stream. A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows only in direct response to precipitation. It receives no long-continued supply from melting snow or other source, and its channel is above the water table at all times.
Episaturation. A type of saturation indicating a perched water table in a soil in which saturated
layers are underlain by one or more unsaturated layers within 2 meters of the surface.
Erodes easily (in tables). The soil is easily eroded by water.
Erosion. The wearing away of the land surface by water, wind, ice, or other geologic agents and by such processes as gravitational creep. Erosion (geologic). Erosion caused by geologic processes acting over long geologic periods and resulting in the wearing away of mountains and the building up of such landscape features as flood plains and coastal plains. Synonym: natural erosion.
Erosion (accelerated). Erosion much more rapid than geologic erosion, mainly as a result of human or animal activities or of a catastrophe in nature, such as a fire, that exposes the surface.
Erosion pavement. A layer of gravel or stones that remains on the surface after fine particles are removed by sheet or rill erosion.
Escarpment. A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff breaking the general continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces and resulting from erosion or faulting. Synonym: scarp.
Even aged. Refers to a stand of trees in which only small differences in age occur between individual trees. A range of 20 years is allowed.
Excess fines (in tables). Excess silt and clay in the soil. The soil does not provide a source of gravel or sand for construction purposes.
Fallow. Cropland left idle in order to restore productivity through accumulation of moisture. Summer fallow is common in regions of limited rainfall where cereal grain is grown. The soil is tilled for at least one growing season for weed control and decomposition of plant residue.
Fan terrace. A relict alluvial fan, no longer a site of active deposition, incised by younger and lower alluvial surfaces.
Fast intake (in tables). The rapid movement of water into the soil.
Fertility, soil. The quality that enables a soil to provide plant nutrients, in adequate amounts and in proper balance, for the growth of specified plants when light, moisture, temperature, tilth, and other growth factors are favorable.
Field moisture capacity. The moisture content of a soil, expressed as a percentage of the ovendry weight, after the gravitational, or free, water has drained away; the field moisture content 2 or 3 days after a soaking rain; also called normal field capacity, normal moisture capacity, or capillary capacity.

Fine textured soil. Sandy clay, silty clay, or clay.
Firebreak. An area cleared of flammable material to stop or help control creeping or running fires. It also serves as a line from which to work and to facilitate the movement of firefighters and equipment. Designated roads also serve as firebreaks.
Flaggy soil material. Material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent flagstones. Very flaggy soil material has 35 to 60 percent flagstones, and extremely flaggy soil material has more than 60 percent flagstones.
Flagstone. A thin fragment of sandstone, limestone, slate, shale, or (rarely) schist 6 to 15 inches (15 to 38 centimeters) long.
Flood plain. A nearly level alluvial plain that borders a stream and is subject to flooding unless protected artificially.
Flooding (in tables). Soil flooded by moving water from stream overflow or runoff.
Fluvial. Of or pertaining to rivers; produced by river action, as a fluvial plain.
Footslope. The position that forms the inner, gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. In profile, footslopes are commonly concave. A footslope is a transition zone between upslope sites of erosion and transport (shoulders and backslopes) and downslope sites of deposition (toeslopes).
Forb. Any herbaceous plant not a grass or a sedge.
Forest cover. All trees and other woody plants (underbrush) covering the ground in a forest.
Forest type. A stand of trees similar in composition and development because of given physical and biological factors by which it may be differentiated from other stands.
Fragipan. A loamy, brittle subsurface horizon low in porosity and content of organic matter and low or moderate in clay but high in silt or very fine sand. A fragipan appears cemented and restricts roots. When dry, it is hard or very hard and has a higher bulk density than the horizon or horizons above. When moist, it tends to rupture suddenly under pressure rather than to deform slowly.
Genesis, soil. The mode of origin of the soil. Refers especially to the processes or soil-forming factors responsible for the formation of the solum, or true soil, from the unconsolidated parent material.
Gleyed soil. Soil that formed under poor drainage, resulting in the reduction of iron and other elements in the profile and in gray colors.
Graded stripcropping. Growing crops in strips that grade toward a protected waterway.
Grassed waterway. A natural or constructed waterway,
typically broad and shallow, seeded to grass as protection against erosion. Conducts surface water away from cropland.
Gravel. Rounded or angular fragments of rock as much as 3 inches ( 2 millimeters to 7.6 centimeters) in diameter. An individual piece is a pebble.
Gravelly soil material. Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or angular rock fragments, not prominently flattened, as much as 3 inches ( 7.6 centimeters) in diameter.
Green manure crop (agronomy). A soil-improving crop grown to be plowed under in an early stage of maturity or soon after maturity.
Ground water. Water filling all the unblocked pores of the material below the water table.
Gully. A miniature valley with steep sides cut by running water and through which water ordinarily runs only after rainfall. The distinction between a gully and a rill is one of depth. A gully generally is an obstacle to farm machinery and is too deep to be obliterated by ordinary tillage; a rill is of lesser depth and can be smoothed over by ordinary tillage.
Hard bedrock. Bedrock that cannot be excavated except by blasting or by the use of special equipment that is not commonly used in construction.
Hard to pack (in tables). Difficult to compact using regular earthwork construction equipment.
Hardpan. A hardened or cemented soil horizon, or layer. The soil material is sandy, loamy, or clayey and is cemented by iron oxide, silica, calcium carbonate, or other substance.
Head out. To form a flower head.
Head slope. A geomorphic component of hills consisting of a laterally concave area of a hillside, especially at the head of a drainageway. The overland waterflow is converging.
Heavy metal. Inorganic substances that are solid at ordinary temperatures and are not soluble in water. They form oxides and hydroxides that are basic. Examples are copper, iron, cadmium, zinc, manganese, lead, and arsenic.
Highly erodible (in tables). The soil has a wind erodibility index greater than 8 and is very susceptible to erosion by water.
High-residue crops. Such crops as small grain and corn used for grain. If properly managed, residue from these crops can be used to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return large amounts of organic matter to the soil.
Hill. A natural elevation of the land surface, rising as
much as 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of limited summit area and having a well defined outline; hillsides generally have slopes of more than 15 percent. The distinction between a hill and a mountain is arbitrary and is dependent on local usage.
Horizon, soil. A layer of soil, approximately parallel to the surface, having distinct characteristics produced by soil-forming processes. In the identification of soil horizons, an uppercase letter represents the major horizons. Numbers or lowercase letters that follow represent subdivisions of the major horizons. An explanation of the subdivisions is given in the "Soil Survey Manual." The major horizons of mineral soil are as follows:
O horizon.-An organic layer of fresh and decaying plant residue.
A horizon.-The mineral horizon at or near the surface in which an accumulation of humified organic matter is mixed with the mineral material.
Also, a plowed surface horizon, most of which was originally part of a B horizon.
E horizon.-The mineral horizon in which the main feature is loss of silicate clay, iron, aluminum, or some combination of these.
$B$ horizon.-The mineral horizon below an $A$ horizon. The $B$ horizon is in part a layer of transition from the overlying $A$ to the underlying $C$ horizon. The $B$ horizon also has distinctive characteristics, such as (1) accumulation of clay, sesquioxides, humus, or a combination of these;
(2) prismatic or blocky structure; (3) redder or browner colors than those in the A horizon; or (4) a combination of these.
C horizon.-The mineral horizon or layer, excluding indurated bedrock, that is little affected by soil-forming processes and does not have the properties typical of the overlying soil material. The material of a C horizon may be either like or unlike that in which the solum formed. If the material is known to differ from that in the solum, an Arabic numeral, commonly a 2, precedes the letter C.
Cr horizon.-Soft, consolidated bedrock beneath the soil.
$R$ layer.-Consolidated bedrock beneath the soil. The bedrock commonly underlies a C horizon, but it can be directly below an A or a B horizon.
Humus. The well decomposed, more or less stable part of the organic matter in mineral soils.
Hydrologic soil groups. Refers to soils grouped according to their runoff potential. The soil properties that influence this potential are those
that affect the minimum rate of water infiltration on a bare soil during periods after prolonged wetting when the soil is not frozen. These properties are depth to a seasonal high water table, the infiltration rate and permeability after prolonged wetting, and depth to a very slowly permeable layer. The slope and the kind of plant cover are not considered but are separate factors in predicting runoff.
Illuviation. The movement of soil material from one horizon to another in the soil profile. Generally, material is removed from an upper horizon and deposited in a lower horizon.
Impervious soil. A soil through which water, air, or roots penetrate slowly or not at all. No soil is absolutely impervious to air and water all the time.
Increasers. Species in the climax vegetation that increase in amount as the more desirable plants are reduced by close grazing. Increasers commonly are the shorter plants and the less palatable to livestock.
Infiltration. The downward entry of water into the immediate surface of soil or other material, as contrasted with percolation, which is movement of water through soil layers or material.
Infiltration capacity. The maximum rate at which water can infiltrate into a soil under a given set of conditions.
Infiltration rate. The rate at which water penetrates the surface of the soil at any given instant, usually expressed in inches per hour. The rate can be limited by the infiltration capacity of the soil or the rate at which water is applied at the surface.
Infrequent flooding (in tables). Flooding occurs at an interval that limits riparian plant species.
Intake rate. The average rate of water entering the soil under irrigation. Most soils have a fast initial rate; the rate decreases with application time. Therefore, intake rate for design purposes is not a constant but is a variable depending on the net irrigation application. The rate of water intake, in inches per hour, is expressed as follows:

| Less than 0.2 ........................................ very low |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.2 to 0.4 ...................................................... low |  |
| 0.4 to 0.75 | moderately low |
| 0.75 to 1.25 | ... moderate |
| 1.25 to 1.75 | moderately high |
| 1.75 to 2.5 | ... high |
| More than | .. very high |

Interfluve. An elevated area between two drainageways that sheds water to those drainageways.
Intermittent stream. A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows for prolonged periods only when it
receives ground-water discharge or long, continued contributions from melting snow or other surface and shallow subsurface sources.
Invaders. On range, plants that encroach into an area and grow after the climax vegetation has been reduced by grazing. Generally, plants invade following disturbance of the surface.
Iron depletions. Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron and manganese oxide because of chemical reduction and removal, but having a clay content similar to that of the adjacent matrix. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
Karst (topography). The relief of an area underlain by limestone that dissolves in differing degrees, thus forming numerous depressions or small basins.
Knoll. A small, low, rounded hill rising above adjacent landforms.
$\mathbf{K}_{\text {sat }}$. Saturated hydraulic conductivity. (See Permeability.)
Lacustrine deposit. Material deposited in lake water and exposed when the water level is lowered or the elevation of the land is raised.
Large stones (in tables). Rock fragments 3 inches ( 7.6 centimeters) or more across. Large stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.
Leaching. The removal of soluble material from soil or other material by percolating water.
Linear extensibility. Refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at $1 / 3$ - or $1 / 10$-bar tension ( 33 kPa or 10 kPa tension) and oven dryness. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil. The volume change is the percent change for the whole soil. If it is expressed as a fraction, the resulting value is COLE, coefficient of linear extensibility.
Liquid limit. The moisture content at which the soil passes from a plastic to a liquid state.
Loam. Soil material that is 7 to 27 percent clay particles, 28 to 50 percent silt particles, and less than 52 percent sand particles.
Loamy soil. Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam, very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
Loess. Fine grained material, dominantly of silt-sized particles, deposited by wind.
Low strength. The soil is not strong enough to support loads.
Low-residue crops. Such crops as corn used for silage, peas, beans, and potatoes. Residue from
these crops is not adequate to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return little organic matter to the soil.
Masses. Concentrations of substances in the soil matrix that do not have a clearly defined boundary with the surrounding soil material and cannot be removed as a discrete unit. Common compounds making up masses are calcium carbonate, gypsum or other soluble salts, iron oxide, and manganese oxide. Masses consisting of iron oxide or manganese oxide generally are considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
Mean annual increment (MAI). The average annual increase in volume of a tree during the entire life of the tree.
Mechanical treatment. Use of mechanical equipment for seeding, brush management, and other management practices.
Medium textured soil. Very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or silt.
Merchantable trees. Trees that are of sufficient size to be economically processed into wood products.
Metamorphic rock. Rock of any origin altered in mineralogical composition, chemical composition, or structure by heat, pressure, and movement. Nearly all such rocks are crystalline.
Micro-high. An area that is 2 to 12 inches higher than the adjacent micro-low.
Micro-low. An area that is 2 to 12 inches lower than the adjacent micro-high.
Mineral soil. Soil that is mainly mineral material and low in organic material. Its bulk density is more than that of organic soil.
Minimum tillage. Only the tillage essential to crop production and prevention of soil damage.
Miscellaneous area. An area that has little or no natural soil and supports little or no vegetation.
Moderately coarse textured soil. Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam.
Moderately fine textured soil. Clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
Mollic epipedon. A thick, dark, humus-rich surface horizon (or horizons) that has high base saturation and pedogenic soil structure. It may include the upper part of the subsoil.
Morphology, soil. The physical makeup of the soil, including the texture, structure, porosity, consistence, color, and other physical, mineral, and biological properties of the various horizons, and the thickness and arrangement of those horizons in the soil profile.
Mottling, soil. Irregular spots of different colors that vary in number and size. Descriptive terms are as
follows: abundance-few, common, and many; size-fine, medium, and coarse; and contrastfaint, distinct, and prominent. The size measurements are of the diameter along the greatest dimension. Fine indicates less than 5 millimeters (about 0.2 inch); medium, from 5 to 15 millimeters (about 0.2 to 0.6 inch); and coarse, more than 15 millimeters (about 0.6 inch).
Muck. Dark, finely divided, well decomposed organic soil material. (See Sapric soil material.)
Mudstone. Sedimentary rock formed by induration of silt and clay in approximately equal amounts.
Munsell notation. A designation of color by degrees of three simple variables-hue, value, and chroma. For example, a notation of 10 YR 6/4 is a color with hue of 10 YR , value of 6 , and chroma of 4 .
Neutral soil. A soil having a pH value of 6.6 to 7.3. (See Reaction, soil.)
Nodules. Cemented bodies lacking visible internal structure. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up nodules. If formed in place, nodules of iron oxide or manganese oxide are considered types of redoximorphic concentrations.
Nose slope. A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the projecting end (laterally convex area) of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly divergent.
Nutrient, plant. Any element taken in by a plant essential to its growth. Plant nutrients are mainly nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulfur, iron, manganese, copper, boron, and zinc obtained from the soil and carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen obtained from the air and water.
Organic matter. Plant and animal residue in the soil in various stages of decomposition. The content of organic matter in the surface layer is described as follows:


Overstory. The trees in a forest that form the upper crown cover.
Oxbow. The horseshoe-shaped channel of a former meander, remaining after the stream formed a cutoff across a narrow meander neck.
Pan. A compact, dense layer in a soil that impedes the movement of water and the growth of roots. For
example, hardpan, fragipan, claypan, plowpan, and traffic pan.
Parent material. The unconsolidated organic and mineral material in which soil forms.
Ped. An individual natural soil aggregate, such as a granule, a prism, or a block.
Pedon. The smallest volume that can be called "a soil."
A pedon is three dimensional and large enough to permit study of all horizons. Its area ranges from about 10 to 100 square feet ( 1 square meter to 10 square meters), depending on the variability of the soil.
Percolation. The movement of water through the soil.
Percs slowly (in tables). The slow movement of water through the soil adversely affects the specified use.
Permeability. The quality of the soil that enables water or air to move downward through the profile. The rate at which a saturated soil transmits water is accepted as a measure of this quality. In soil physics, the rate is referred to as "saturated hydraulic conductivity," which is defined in the "Soil Survey Manual." In line with conventional usage in the engineering profession and with traditional usage in published soil surveys, this rate of flow continues to be expressed as "permeability." Terms describing permeability, measured in inches per hour, are as follows:

| mpermeable | less than 0.0015 inch |
| :---: | :---: |
| Very slow | .. 0.0015 to 0.06 inch |
| Slow. | ...... 0.06 to 0.2 inch |
| Moderately slow . | ........ 0.2 to 0.6 inch |
| Moderate | 0.6 inch to 2.0 inches |
| Moderately rapid | ...... 2.0 to 6.0 inches |
| Rapid | .... 6.0 to 20 inches |
| Very rapid | more than 20 inches |

Phase, soil. A subdivision of a soil series based on features that affect its use and management, such as slope, stoniness, and flooding.
pH value. A numerical designation of acidity and alkalinity in soil. (See Reaction, soil.)
Phase, soil. A subdivision of a soil series based on features that affect its use and management, such as slope, stoniness, and flooding.
Piping (in tables). Formation of subsurface tunnels or pipelike cavities by water moving through the soil.
Plastic limit. The moisture content at which a soil changes from semisolid to plastic.
Plasticity index. The numerical difference between the liquid limit and the plastic limit; the range of
moisture content within which the soil remains plastic.
Plowpan. A compacted layer formed in the soil directly below the plowed layer.
Ponding. Standing water on soils in closed depressions. Unless the soils are artificially drained, the water can be removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration.
Poor filter (in tables). Because of rapid or very rapid permeability, the soil may not adequately filter effluent from a waste disposal system.
Poorly graded. Refers to a coarse grained soil or soil material consisting mainly of particles of nearly the same size. Because there is little difference in size of the particles, density can be increased only slightly by compaction.
Potential native plant community. See Climax plant community.
Potential rooting depth (effective rooting depth). Depth to which roots could penetrate if the content of moisture in the soil were adequate. The soil has no properties restricting the penetration of roots to this depth.
Prescribed burning. Deliberately burning an area for specific management purposes, under the appropriate conditions of weather and soil moisture and at the proper time of day.
Productivity, soil. The capability of a soil for producing a specified plant or sequence of plants under specific management.
Profile, soil. A vertical section of the soil extending through all its horizons and into the parent material.
Proper grazing use. Grazing at an intensity that maintains enough cover to protect the soil and maintain or improve the quantity and quality of the desirable vegetation. This practice increases the vigor and reproduction capacity of the key plants and promotes the accumulation of litter and mulch necessary to conserve soil and water.
Quartzite, metamorphic. Rock consisting mainly of quartz that formed through recrystallization of quartz-rich sandstone or chert.
Quartzite, sedimentary. Very hard but unmetamorphosed sandstone consisting chiefly of quartz grains.
Reaction, soil. A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed in pH values. A soil that tests to pH 7.0 is described as precisely neutral in reaction because it is neither acid nor alkaline. The degrees of acidity or alkalinity, expressed as pH values, are:

| Ultra acid ....................................... less than 3.5 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Extr | 3.5 to 4.4 |
| Very strongly acid ................................. 4.5 to 5.0 |  |
| Strongly acid ........................................ 5.1 to 5.5 |  |
| Moderately acid .................................... 5.6 to 6.0 |  |
| Slightly acid .............................................. 6.1 to 6.5 |  |
| Neutral ................................................ 6.6 to 7.3 |  |
| Slightly alkaline .................................... 7.4 to 7.8 |  |
| Moderately alkaline ................................ 7.9 to 8.4 |  |
| Strongly alkaline ................................... 8.5 to 9.0 |  |
| ry strongly alkaline ...................... 9.1 and high |  |

Redoximorphic concentrations. Nodules, concretions, soft masses, pore linings, and other features resulting from the accumulation of iron or manganese oxide. An indication of chemical reduction and oxidation resulting from saturation.
Redoximorphic depletions. Low-chroma zones from which iron and manganese oxide or a combination of iron and manganese oxide and clay has been removed. These zones are indications of the chemical reduction of iron resulting from saturation.
Redoximorphic features. Redoximorphic concentrations, redoximorphic depletions, reduced matrices, a positive reaction to alpha,alphadipyridyl, and other features indicating the chemical reduction and oxidation of iron and manganese compounds resulting from saturation.
Reduced matrix. A soil matrix that has low chroma in situ because of chemically reduced iron (Fe II). The chemical reduction results from nearly continuous wetness. The matrix undergoes a change in hue or chroma within 30 minutes after exposure to air as the iron is oxidized ( Fe III). A type of redoximorphic feature.
Regolith. The unconsolidated mantle of weathered rock and soil material on the earth's surface; the loose earth material above the solid rock.
Relict stream terrace. One of a series of platforms in or adjacent to a stream valley that formed prior to the current stream system.
Relief. The elevations or inequalities of a land surface, considered collectively.
Residuum (residual soil material). Unconsolidated, weathered or partly weathered mineral material that accumulated as consolidated rock disintegrated in place.
Rill. A steep-sided channel resulting from accelerated erosion. A rill generally is a few inches deep and not wide enough to be an obstacle to farm machinery.
Riser. The relatively short, steeply sloping area below a terrace tread that grades to a lower terrace tread or base level.
Riverwash. Unstable areas of sandy, silty, clayey, or
gravelly sediments. These areas are flooded, washed, and reworked by rivers so frequently that they support little or no vegetation.
Road cut. A sloping surface produced by mechanical means during road construction. It is commonly on the uphill side of the road.
Rock fragments. Rock or mineral fragments having a diameter of 2 millimeters or more; for example, pebbles, cobbles, stones, and boulders.
Rock outcrop. Exposures of bare bedrock other than lava flows and rock-lined pits.
Rooting depth (in tables). Shallow root zone. The soil is shallow over a layer that greatly restricts roots.
Root zone. The part of the soil that can be penetrated by plant roots.
Runoff. The precipitation discharged into stream channels from an area. The water that flows off the surface of the land without sinking into the soil is called surface runoff. Water that enters the soil before reaching surface streams is called groundwater runoff or seepage flow from ground water.
Sand. As a soil separate, individual rock or mineral fragments from 0.05 millimeter to 2.0 millimeters in diameter. Most sand grains consist of quartz. As a soil textural class, a soil that is 85 percent or more sand and not more than 10 percent clay.
Sandstone. Sedimentary rock containing dominantly sand-sized particles.
Sandy soil. Sand or loamy sand.
Saturation. Wetness characterized by zero or positive pressure of the soil water. Under conditions of saturation, the water will flow from the soil matrix into an unlined auger hole.
Sawlogs. Logs of suitable size and quality for the production of lumber.
Scarification. The act of abrading, scratching, loosening, crushing, or modifying the surface to increase water absorption or to provide a more tillable soil.
Scribner's log rule. A method of estimating the number of board feet that can be cut from a log of a given diameter and length.
Seasonal wetness (in tables). The soil may be wet during the period of desired use. The wetness usually occurs during the winter and early spring.
Seasonally ponded (in tables). Standing water on soils in closed depressions that is removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration. Generally occurs during the winter and early spring.
Second bottom. The first terrace above the normal flood plain (or first bottom) of a river.
Sedimentary plain. An extensive nearly level to gently rolling or moderately sloping area that is
underlain by sedimentary bedrock and that has slopes of 0 to 8 percent.
Sedimentary rock. Rock made up of particles deposited from suspension in water. The chief kinds of sedimentary rock are conglomerate, formed from gravel; sandstone, formed from sand; shale, formed from clay; and limestone, formed from soft masses of calcium carbonate. There are many intermediate types. Some wind-deposited sand is consolidated into sandstone.
Sedimentary uplands. Land areas of bedrock formed from water- or wind-deposited sediments. These areas are higher on the landscape than the flood plain.
Seepage (in tables). The movement of water through the soil. Seepage adversely affects the specified use.
Sequum. A sequence consisting of an illuvial horizon and the overlying eluvial horizon. (See Eluviation.)
Series, soil. A group of soils that have profiles that are almost alike, except for differences in texture of the surface layer. All the soils of a series have horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.
Shale. Sedimentary rock formed by the hardening of a clay deposit.
Sheet erosion. The removal of a fairly uniform layer of soil material from the land surface by the action of rainfall and surface runoff.
Shelterwood system. A forest management system requiring the removal of a stand in a series of cuts so that regeneration occurs under a partial canopy. After regeneration, a final cut removes the shelterwood and allows the stand to develop in the open as an even-aged stand. The system is well suited to sites where shelter is needed for regeneration, and it can aid regeneration of the more intolerant tree species in a stand.
Shoulder. The position that forms the uppermost inclined surface near the top of a hillslope. It is a transition from backslope to summit. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.
Shoulder slope. The uppermost inclined surface at the top of a hillside. It is the transition zone from the backslope to the summit of a hill or mountain. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.
Shrink-swell (in tables). The shrinking of soil when dry and the swelling when wet. Shrinking and swelling can damage roads, dams, building foundations, and other structures. It can also damage plant roots.
Side slope. A geomorphic component of hills
consisting of a laterally planar area of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly parallel.
Silica. A combination of silicon and oxygen. The mineral form is called quartz.
Silica-sesquioxide ratio. The ratio of the number of molecules of silica to the number of molecules of alumina and iron oxide. The more highly weathered soils or their clay fractions in warm-temperate, humid regions, and especially those in the tropics, generally have a low ratio.
Silt. As a soil separate, individual mineral particles that range in diameter from the upper limit of clay ( 0.002 millimeter) to the lower limit of very fine sand ( 0.05 millimeter). As a soil textural class, soil that is 80 percent or more silt and less than 12 percent clay.
Siltstone. Sedimentary rock made up of dominantly silt-sized particles.
Similar soils. Soils that share limits of diagnostic criteria, behave and perform in a similar manner, and have similar conservation needs or management requirements for the major land uses in the survey area.
Sinkhole. A depression in the landscape where limestone has been dissolved.
Site class. A grouping of site indexes into five to seven production capability levels. Each level can be represented by a site curve.
Site curve ( $50-\mathrm{year}$ ). A set of related curves on a graph that shows the average height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees for a range of ages on soils that differ in productivity. Each level is represented by a curve. The basis of the curves is the height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees that are 50 years old or are 50 years old at breast height.
Site curve (100-year). A set of related curves on a graph that shows the average height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees for a range of ages on soils that differ in productivity. Each level is represented by a curve. The basis of the curves is the height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees that are 100 years old or are 100 years old at breast height.
Site index. A designation of the quality of a forest site based on the height of the dominant stand at an arbitrarily chosen age. For example, if the average height attained by dominant and codominant trees in a fully stocked stand at the age of 50 years is 75 feet, the site index is 75 .
Skid trails. Pathways along which logs are dragged to a common site for loading onto a logging truck.
Slash. The branches, treetops, reject logs, and broken or uprooted trees left on the ground after logging.

Slickensides. Polished and grooved surfaces produced by one mass sliding past another. In soils, slickensides may occur at the bases of slip surfaces on the steeper slopes; on faces of blocks, prisms, and columns; and in swelling clayey soils, where there is marked change in moisture content.
Slippage (in tables). Soil mass susceptible to movement downslope when loaded, excavated, or wet.
Slope. The inclination of the land surface from the horizontal. Percentage of slope is the vertical distance divided by horizontal distance, then multiplied by 100 . Thus, a slope of 20 percent is a drop of 20 feet in 100 feet of horizontal distance.

| Nearly level | 0 to 3 percent |
| :---: | :---: |
| Very gently sloping | 1 to 3 percent |
| Gently sloping | 3 to 8 percent |
| Strongly sloping | 8 to 15 percent |
| Steep | 15 to 35 percent |
| Very steep | rcent and higher |

Slope (in tables). Slope is great enough that special practices are required to ensure satisfactory performance of the soil for a specific use.
Slope alluvium. Sediment gradually transported on slopes of mountains or hills primarily by alluvial processes and characterized by particle sorting. In a profile sequence, sediments may be distinguished by differences in size and/or specific gravity of rock fragments and may be separated by stone lines. Sorting of rounded or subrounded pebbles or cobbles and burnished peds distinguish these materials from unsorted colluvial deposits.
Slope/erodibility (in tables). A combination of slope and susceptibility to water erosion may restrict the specified use.
Slow intake (in tables). The slow movement of water into the soil.
Small stones (in tables). Rock fragments less than 3 inches ( 7.6 centimeters) in diameter. Small stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.
Soft bedrock. Bedrock that can be excavated with trenching machines, backhoes, small rippers, and other equipment commonly used in construction.
Soil. A natural, three-dimensional body at the earth's surface. It is capable of supporting plants and has properties resulting from the integrated effect of climate and living matter acting on earthy parent material, as conditioned by relief and by the passage of time.

Soil reaction (in tables). The soil reaction is either too high or too low for the specified use.
Soil separates. Mineral particles less than 2 millimeters in equivalent diameter and ranging between specified size limits. The names and sizes, in millimeters, of separates recognized in the United States are as follows:

| Very coarse sand ................................. 2.0 to 1.0 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Coarse sand ........................................ 1.0 to 0.5 |  |
| Medium sand | .... 0.5 to 0.25 |
| Fine sand | ... 0.25 to 0.10 |
| Very fine sand | . 0.10 to 0.05 |
| Silt | . 0.05 to 0.002 |
| Clay | . less than 0.002 |

Solum. The upper part of a soil profile, above the C horizon, in which the processes of soil formation are active. The solum in soil consists of the A, E, and $B$ horizons. Generally, the characteristics of the material in these horizons are unlike those of the material below the solum. The living roots and plant and animal activities are largely confined to the solum.
Species. A single, distinct kind of plant or animal having certain distinguishing characteristics.
Stickiness (surface) (in tables). The soil is slippery and sticky when wet and slow to dry.
Stone line. A concentration of rock fragments in a soil. Generally, it is indicative of an old weathered surface. In a cross section, the line may be one fragment or more thick. It generally overlies material that weathered in place and is overlain by recent sediment of variable thickness.
Stones. Rock fragments 10 to 24 inches ( 25 to 60 centimeters) in diameter if rounded or 15 to 24 inches ( 38 to 60 centimeters) in length if flat.
Stony. Refers to a soil containing stones in numbers that interfere with or prevent tillage.
Strath terrace. A surface cut formed by the erosion of hard or semiconsolidated bedrock and thinly mantled with stream deposits.
Stream channel. The hollow bed where a natural stream of surface water flows or may flow; the deepest or central part of the bed, formed by the main current and covered more or less continuously by water.
Stream terrace. One of a series of platforms in a stream valley, flanking and more or less parallel to the stream channel. It originally formed near the level of the stream and is the dissected remnants of an abandoned flood plain, streambed, or valley floor produced during a former stage of erosion or deposition.

Stripcropping. Growing crops in a systematic arrangement of strips or bands that provide vegetative barriers to wind erosion and water erosion.
Structure, soil. The arrangement of primary soil particles into compound particles or aggregates. The principal forms of soil structure are-platy (laminated), prismatic (vertical axis of aggregates longer than horizontal), columnar (prisms with rounded tops), blocky (angular or subangular), and granular. Structureless soils are either single grain (each grain by itself, as in dune sand) or massive (the particles adhering without any regular cleavage, as in many hardpans).
Stubble mulch. Stubble or other crop residue left on the soil or partly worked into the soil. It protects the soil from wind erosion and water erosion after harvest, during preparation of a seedbed for the next crop, and during the early growing period of the new crop.
Subsoil. Technically, the B horizon; roughly, the part of the solum below plow depth.
Subsoiling. Tilling a soil below normal plow depth, ordinarily to shatter a hardpan or claypan.
Substratum. The part of the soil below the solum.
Subsurface layer. Any surface soil horizon (A, E, AB, or EB) below the surface layer.
Summer fallow. The tillage of uncropped land during the summer to control weeds and allow storage of moisture in the soil for the growth of a later crop. A practice common in semiarid regions, where annual precipitation is not enough to produce a crop every year. Summer fallow is frequently practiced before planting winter grain.
Summit. The topographically highest position of a hillslope. It has a nearly level (planar or only slightly convex) surface.
Surface layer. The soil ordinarily moved in tillage, or its equivalent in uncultivated soil, ranging in depth from 4 to 10 inches ( 10 to 25 centimeters). Frequently designated as the "plow layer," or the "Ap horizon."
Surface soil. The A, E, AB, and EB horizons, considered collectively. It includes all subdivisions of these horizons.
Tailwater. The water directly downstream from a structure.
Taxadjuncts. Soils that cannot be classified in a series recognized in the classification system. Such soils are named for a series they strongly resemble and are designated as taxadjuncts to that series because they differ in ways too small to be of consequence in interpreting
their use and behavior. Soils are recognized as taxadjuncts only when one or more of their characteristics are slightly outside the range defined for the family of the series for which the soils are named.
Terrace. An embankment, or ridge, constructed across sloping soils on the contour or at a slight angle to the contour. The terrace intercepts surface runoff so that water soaks into the soil or flows slowly to a prepared outlet. A terrace in a field generally is built so that the field can be farmed. A terrace intended mainly for drainage has a deep channel that is maintained in permanent sod.
Terrace (geologic). An old alluvial plain, ordinarily flat or undulating, bordering a river, a lake, or the sea.
Texture, soil. The relative proportions of sand, silt, and clay particles in a mass of soil. The basic textural classes, in order of increasing proportion of fine particles, are sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay loam, clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, and clay. The sand, loamy sand, and sandy loam classes may be further divided by specifying "coarse," "fine," or "very fine." The abbreviations (see table 17) are C-clay, CL—clay loam, COS-coarse sand, COSL-coarse sandy loam, FS-fine sand, FSL-fine sandy loam, L-loam, LCOS-loamy coarse sand, LFS—loamy fine sand, LS—loamy sand, LVFS-loamy very fine sand, S-sand, SC-sandy clay, SCL-sandy clay loam, SI-silt, SIC-silty clay, SICL—silty clay loam, SIL—silt loam, SL—sandy loam, VFS-very fine sand, and VFSL—very fine sandy loam. Terms used in lieu of texture descriptions are $B R$-bedrock; MPMmoderately decomposed plant material; and VARvariable. The texture modifiers that may apply to textural classes are BY-bouldery, BYV-very bouldery, BYX-extremely bouldery, CB-cobbly, CBV-very cobbly, CBX—extremely cobbly, CNchannery, CNV-very channery, CNX—extremely channery, FL—flaggy, FLV—very flaggy, FLX— extremely flaggy, GR-gravelly, GRV-very gravelly, GRX—extremely gravelly, SR-stratified, ST-stony, STV-very stony, and STXextremely stony.
Thin layer (in tables). Otherwise suitable soil material that is too thin for the specified use.
Tilth, soil. The physical condition of the soil as related to tillage, seedbed preparation, seedling emergence, and root penetration.
Toeslope. The position that forms the gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. Toeslopes in
profile are commonly gentle and linear and are constructional surfaces forming the lower part of a hillslope continuum that grades to valley or closeddepression floors.
Too acid (in tables). The soil is so acid that growth of plants is restricted.
Too clayey (in tables). The soil is slippery and sticky when wet and slow to dry.
Too sandy (in tables). The soil is soft and loose, droughty, and low in fertility or is too fine to be used as gravel.
Topsoil. The upper part of the soil, which is the most favorable material for plant growth. It is ordinarily rich in organic matter and is used to topdress roadbanks, lawns, and land affected by mining.
Trace elements. Chemical elements, for example, zinc, cobalt, manganese, copper, and iron, in soils in extremely small amounts. They are essential to plant growth.
Trafficability. The degree to which a soil is capable of supporting vehicular traffic across a wide range in soil moisture conditions.
Tread. The relatively flat surface of a terrace that was cut or built by stream or wave action.
Upland. Land at a higher elevation, in general, than the alluvial plain or stream terrace; land above the lowlands along streams.
Valley. An elongated depressional area primarily developed by stream action.
Valley fill. In glaciated regions, material deposited in stream valleys by glacial meltwater. In nonglaciated regions, alluvium deposited by heavily loaded streams.

Variegation. Refers to patterns of contrasting colors assumed to be inherited from the parent material rather than to be the result of poor drainage.
Water bars. Smooth, shallow ditches or depressional areas that are excavated at an angle across a sloping road. They are used to reduce the downward velocity of water and divert it off and away from the road surface. Water bars can easily be driven over if constructed properly.
Water-spreading. Diverting runoff from natural channels by means of a system of dams, dikes, or ditches and spreading it over relatively flat surfaces.
Weathering. All physical and chemical changes produced in rocks or other deposits at or near the earth's surface by atmospheric agents. These changes result in disintegration and decomposition of the material.
Well graded. Refers to soil material consisting of coarse grained particles that are well distributed over a wide range in size or diameter. Such soil normally can be easily increased in density and bearing properties by compaction. Contrasts with poorly graded soil.
Wetness (in tables). The soil is wet during the period of desired use.
Wilting point (or permanent wilting point). The moisture content of soil, on an ovendry basis, at which a plant (specifically a sunflower) wilts so much that it does not recover when placed in a humid, dark chamber.
Windthrow. The uprooting and tipping over of trees by the wind.

## Tables

## Table 1. --Temperature and Precipitation

(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at West Plains, Missouri)


* A growing degree day is a unit of heat available for plant growth. It can be calculated by adding the maximum and minimum daily temperatures, dividing the sum by 2 , and subtracting the temperature below which growth is minimal for the principal crops in the area ( 50 degrees $F$ )

Fable 2.--Freeze Dates in Spring and Fall
(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at West Plains, Missouri)

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Probability |  | Temperature |

Fable 3. --Growing Season
(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at West Plains, Missouri)

| Probability | Daily minimum temperature during growing season |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Higher than } \\ & 24 \circ_{F} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Higher than } \\ & 28 \circ_{F} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Higher than } \\ 32 \circ_{F} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 9 years in 10 | 211 | 184 | 165 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 8 years in 10 | 218 | 192 | 171 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 5 years in 10 | 230 | 206 | 183 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2 years in 10 | 243 | 220 | 195 |
| 1 year in 10 | 250 | 227 | 201 |
|  |  |  |  |

Fable 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils


Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils--Continued

| Map | \| Soil name | Acres | \| Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| symbol |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 75433 | \|Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded----------------| | 82 | * |
| 99001 | \|Water-------------------------------------------------------------------- | 23 | * |
| 99002 | \|Borrow areas---------------------------------------------------------------- | 215 | * |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Total--------------------------------------------------------------- | 375,354 | 100.0 |
|  | $\square$ |  |  |

* Less than 0.1 percent.

Fable 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture
(Yields are those that can be expected under a high level of management. They are for nonirrigated areas. Absence of a yield indicates that the soil is not suited to the crop or the crop generally is not grown on the soil)

| Map symbol and soil name | Land capability | \|Alfalfa hay | Caucasian bluestem | \|Orchardgrass |-red clover | Tall fescue | \|Warm season grasses | \|Winter wheat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \| Tons | Tons | Tons | \| Tons | Tons | Bu |
|  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson------- \| | 2 e | 6.70 | 7.00 | 5.20 | 7.00 | 7.50 | 46.00 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb-----\| | 2w | \| 8.40 | 9.00 | 6.70 | 9.00 | 9.60 | 50.00 |
|  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater----- \| | 2 e | 6.20 | 6.00 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 4.20 | 43.00 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme-------- \| | 3 e | 6.20 | 6.10 | 4.90 | 4.10 | 4.30 | 43.00 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie------ \| | 3w | \| --- | --- | 7.20 | 8.25 | 10.40 | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg------ \| | 2 e | \| 7.50 | 8.00 | 6.20 | 8.00 | 8.50 | 46.00 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73068: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick--------- \| | 6 e | \| 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.40 | 3.00 | 3.20 | -- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73069: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick--------- \| | 7 e | , | --- | --- | --- | - | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------ | 6 e | \| 1.00 | 1.10 | 0.80 | 2.00 | 1.20 | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- | 6 e | 4.00 | 4.20 | 3.20 | 4.00 | 4.50 | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred-------- \| | 7 e | --- | -- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley------- | $7 e$ | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | i |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop-- \| | 8s | --- | -- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy------- \| | 3 e | 5.50 | 5.80 | 4.40 | 5.50 | 6.10 | 43.00 |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton------- \| | 3 e | 3.60 | 3.90 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 4.20 | 30.00 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko---------- \| | 6 s | - | - | - | - | -- | --- |
|  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop-- \| | 8 s | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- \| | 7 e | 4.00 | 4.20 | 3.20 | 4.00 | 4.50 | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb-----\| | 2w | \| 8.40 | 9.00 | 6.70 | 5.50 | 9.60 | 50.00 |
|  |  | \| |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 73223 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone----- \| | 7 e | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender-------- \| | 7 e | \| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | , |  | $\mid$ |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie--------- \| | 6 e | \| 3.50 | 4.20 | 2.80 | 4.00 | 4.50 | --- |
|  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Land capability | \|Alfalfa hay | Caucasian bluestem | \|Orchardgrass |-red clover | Tall fescue | \|Warm season grasses | \|Winter wheat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tons | Tons | Tons | Tons | Tons | $B u$ |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------ \| | $6 e$ | 2.40 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 3.80 | 3.20 | --- |
| 73227 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie---------- \| | 7 e | --- | --- | --- | - | \| --- | --- |
| Gatewood------ \| | 7 e | --- | --- | --- | --- | -- | - |
| 73230 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone----- | 7 e | --- | --- | -- | -- | --- | --- |
| Bender-------- | 7 e | --- | --- | - | --- | --- | --- |
| Gatewood------ \| | 7 e | --- | --- | -- | -- | --- | --- |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola-------- \| | 3 e | 5.00 | 5.30 | 4.00 | 5.50 | 5.60 | 48.00 |
| 73234: \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred-------- \| | 7 e | --- | --- | -- | --- | --- | - |
| Gatewood------ \| | 7 e | --- | --- | -- | -- | - | --- |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------ | 4 e | 2.25 | 2.65 | 1.10 | 2.25 | 2.65 | 19.00 |
| Poynor-------- | 4 e | 6.20 | 7.10 | 5.85 | 5.35 | 6.75 | 29.00 |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon------\| | 3 e | 5.30 | 5.60 | 4.20 | 5.90 | 6.10 | 41.00 |
| Tonti--------- | 3 e | 3.40 | 3.70 | 2.80 | 4.00 | 4.20 | 36.00 |
| 73243 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill----- | 3 e | 6.40 | 6.80 | 5.10 | 7.50 | 7.80 | 43.00 |
| 73245: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- | 4 e | 4.50 | 4.30 | 3.40 | 5.00 | 4.70 | 32.00 |
| 73246: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred-------- \| | $6 e$ | 4.40 | 4.20 | 3.30 | 4.90 | 4.60 | --- |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- | 7 e | - | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 73248 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- \| | $6 e$ | 4.40 | 4.20 | 3.30 | 4.90 | 4.60 | -- |
| Bendavis------ | $6 e$ | 2.00 | 2.30 | 1.60 | 3.80 | 2.40 | -- |
| 73249: |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred-------- \| | 7 e | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie---------- \| | 7 e | \| --- | - | --- | --- | -- | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------ \| | $6 e$ | \| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill----- | 3 e | 6.40 | 6.80 | 5.10 | 7.50 | 7.80 | 43.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: \| |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- | 7 e | - | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Land capability | Alfalfa hay | Caucasian bluestem | \|Orchardgrass |-red clover | Tall fescue | \|Warm season grasses | \|Winter wheat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tons | Tons | Tons | Tons | Tons | Bu |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------ | 6 e | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 73298 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti--------- | 3 e | 3.60 | 3.90 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 4.20 | 36.00 |
| Hogcreek------ \| | 3 e | 2.50 | 2.60 | 2.00 | 2.60 | 2.80 | 36.00 |
| 73300: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia----- | 3 e | 4.20 | 4.50 | 3.30 | 4.60 | 4.80 | 36.00 |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick--------- | 4 e | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.40 | 3.00 | 3.20 | --- |
| $73303:$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga------- \| | 3 e | 5.00 | 5.20 | 3.90 | 5.60 | 5.80 | 37.00 |
| Egyptgrove---- \| | 3 e | 4.00 | 5.20 | 3.70 | 5.40 | 5.60 | 35.00 |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove---- \| | 3 e | 4.80 | 5.20 | 3.70 | 5.40 | 5.60 | 35.00 |
| 73308: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf-----\| | 1 | 7.50 | 8.00 | 6.20 | 8.00 | 8.50 | 46.00 |
| 73309: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville---\| | 7 e | - --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Bendavis------ | 7 e | - --- | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | - --- |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------ | 4 e | 1.10 | 1.10 | 0.80 | 2.00 | 1.20 | --- |
| Bendavis----- | 4 e | 2.00 | 2.25 | 1.60 | 2.20 | 2.40 | --- |
| Poynor-------- | 4 e | 4.00 | 4.20 | 3.20 | 4.00 | 4.50 | - --- |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------ | 6 e | \| --- | --- | --- | - --- | --- | -- |
| Bendavis----- | 6 e | --- | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | --- |
| Poynor------- \| | 6 e | \| --- | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | -- |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred-------- | 4 e | 4.40 | 4.20 | 3.30 | 4.40 | 4.60 | --- |
| Bendavis----- | 4 e | 2.00 | 2.25 | 1.60 | 2.20 | 2.40 | --- |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti--------- | 3 e | 3.60 | 3.90 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 4.20 | 36.00 |
| Taterhill----- | 3 e | 6.40 | 6.80 | 5.10 | 7.50 | 7.80 | 43.00 |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender------- \| | 7 e | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Moko---------- | 6 s | - | - | - | -- | --- | --- |
| Rock outcrop-- | 8s | \| --- | --- | -- | --- | --- | --- |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- | 4 e | 4.40 | 4.20 | 3.30 | 4.40 | 4.60 | \| --- |
| \| |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued


Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Land capability | \|Alfalfa hay | Caucasian bluestem | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \mid \text { Orchardgrass } \\ \mid \text {-red clover } \end{array}$ | Tall fescue | Warm season grasses | \|Winter wheat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tons | Tons | Tons | Tons | Tons | $B u$ |
| 75432: |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Batcave------- \| | 3 w | --- | --- | 2.40 | 3.00 | 3.20 | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell------ \| | 3 w | --- | --- | 4.00 | 6.00 | 7.00 | -- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75433 : |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Racket-------- \| | 2w | 8.70 | 9.30 | 7.00 | 6.75 | 9.80 | - |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |
| 99001: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water--------- | --- | --- | - | - | -- | -- | -- |
|  |  |  |  | $\mid$ \| |  |  |  |
| 99002: |  | \| |  | \| | |  |  |  |
| Borrow areas--\| | 8s | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups
(See text for descriptions of the groups listed in this table)

| Map symbol | \| Map unit name | Component name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Pasture } \\ & \text { \| and } \\ & \text { \| Hayland } \\ & \text { \| group } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 70025 | \|Branson-Splitlimb complex, 1 to 3 percent slopes-------------------------------- | Branson <br> Splitlimb | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LyU } \\ & \text { LyU } \end{aligned}$ |
| 71250 | \|Britwater silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely flooded | Britwater | LyU |
| 73000 | \| Pomme silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes- | Pomme | LyU |
| 73013 | \|Lowassie silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded- | Lowassie | WCU |
| 73051 | \|Winnipeg silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes---- | Winnipeg | LyU |
| 73068 | \|Tick very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony- | Tick | GrU |
| 73069 | \|Tick extremely gravelly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony- | Tick | GNS |
| 73073 | \|Scholten-Poynor complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes-------------------------------- |  | GrP |
|  |  | Poynor | Gru |
| 73080 | \|Alred-Bardley-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes, very stony | Alred | GNS |
|  |  | Bardley | GNS |
|  |  | Rock outcrop | GNS |
| 73198 | \|Gressy-Viraton complex, 3 to 8 percent | Gressy | LyU |
|  |  | Viraton | LyP |
| 73199 | \|Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very flaggy-------------- | Moko | Shu |
|  |  | Rock outcrop | GNS |
| 73221 | \|Poynor very gravelly silt loam, karst, 3 to 35 percent slopes, stony | Poynor | Gru |
| 73222 | \|Splitlimb silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently ponded---- | Splitlimb | LyU |
| 73223 | \|Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, very stony----------------| | Coulstone | GNS |
|  |  | Bender | GNS |
| 73226 | \|Ocie-Gatewood complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony | Ocie | Gru |
|  |  | Gatewood | MDU |
| 73227 | \|Ocie-Gatewood complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very | Ocie | GNS |
|  |  | Gatewood | GNS |
| 73230 | \|Coulstone-Bender-Gatewood complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes, rocky, very stony| | Coulstone | GNS |
|  |  | Bender | GNS |
|  |  | Gatewood | GNS |
| 73231 | \|Wasola silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes | Wasola | LyU |
| 73234 | \|Alred-Gatewood complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony------------------------| | Alred | GNS |
|  |  | Gatewood | GNS |
| 73236 | \|Scholten-Poynor complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes | Scholten | GrP |
|  |  | Poynor | Gru |
| 73242 | \|Fanchon-Tonti complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes---------------------------------- | Fanchon | LyU |
|  |  | Tonti | LyP |
| 73243 | \|Topazmill loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes | Topazmill | LyU |
| 73245 | \|Alred very gravelly silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes | Alred | GRU |
| 73246 | \|Alred very gravelly silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes- | Alred | Gru |
| 73247 | \|Alred extremely gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes | Alred | GNS |
| 73248 | \|Alred-Bendavis complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes--------------------------------| | Alred | GrU |
|  |  | Bendavis | MDU |
| 73249 | \|Alred-Ocie-Bendavis complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony | Alred | GNS |
|  |  | Ocie | GNS |
|  |  | Bendavis | GNS |
| 73295 | \|Taterhill silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes- | Taterhill | LyU |
| 73297 | \| Poynor-Scholten complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes---- | Poynor | GNS |
|  |  | Scholten | GNS |
| 73298 | \|Tonti-Hogcreek complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes- |  | LyP |
|  |  | Hogcreek | LyP |
| 73300 | \|Macedonia gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes- | Macedonia | Cyu |
| 73301 | \|Tick very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes--------------------------- | Tick | Gru |
| 73303 | \|Kenaga-Egyptgrove complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes---- | Kenaga | LyU |
|  |  | Egyptgrove | LyU |
| 73305 | \|Egyptgrove gravelly silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes- | Egyptgrove | LyU |
| 73308 | \|Grandgulf silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes, rarely ponded-------------------| | Grandgulf | LyU |
| 73309 | \|Clarksville-Bendavis complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, stony-----------------| | Clarksville | GNS |
|  |  | Bendavis | GNS |
| 73310 | \|Scholten-Bendavis-Poynor complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes--------------------- | | Scholten | GrP |
|  |  | Bendavis | MDU |
|  |  | Poynor | GRU |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Groups--Continued


Fable 7.--Forestland Productivity
(See text for an explanation of terms used in this table. Absence of an entry indicates that information was not available)


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Potential productivity |  |  | Trees to manage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Common trees | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Site } \\ & \mid \text { index } \mid \end{aligned}$ | Volume of wood fiber |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| Cu ft/ac |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley | \|Black oak | 54 | 43 | \|Black oak, eastern |
|  | \| Post oak | 48 | 29 | redcedar, |
|  | \|White oak- | 42 | 29 | shortleaf pine |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy | \|Northern red oak- | 65 | 43 | \|Black walnut, white |
|  | \|White oak---- | 65 | 43 | \| oak |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton- | \|Black oak----- | 60 | 43 | \|Black oak, |
|  | \|Shortleaf pine- | 56 | 86 | \| shortleaf pine, |
|  | \|White oak-- | 55 | 43 | \| white oak |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | \|Eastern redcedar- | 30 | 29 | $\mid$ Eastern redcedar |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Black oak- | 60 | 43 | \|Black oak, |
|  | \|Shortleaf pine- | 58 | 86 | \| shortleaf pine |
|  | \|White oak------ | 54 | 43 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | \|Black oak----- | --- | - | \|Black oak, northern |
|  | \|Northern red oak- | 70 | 57 | red oak, white oak |
|  | \|Shortleaf pine- | --- | -- |  |
|  | \|White oak----- | 66 | 43 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223 : |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone- |  | 56 |  |  |
|  | \|Scarlet oak---- | --- | --- | oak, shortleaf |
|  | \|Shortleaf pine- | 57 | 86 | \| pine |
|  | \|White oak------ | 55 | 43 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Black oak- | 52 | 29 | \|Black oak, scarlet |
|  | \|Scarlet oak-- | --- | --- | \| oak, shortleaf |
|  | \|Shortleaf pine- | 53 | 71 | \| pine |
|  | \|White oak------- | 50 | 29 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- |  | 58 |  |  |
|  | \| Northern red oak | --- | --- | shortleaf pine |
|  | \|White oak----- | 57 | 43 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Eastern redcedar- | 40 | 43 | shortleaf pine |
|  | \| Post oak-------- | 43 | 29 |  |
|  | \|White oak-------- | 45 | 29 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | \| Black oak------- | 58 | 43 | \| Northern red oak, |
|  | \| Northern red oak- | --- | --- | \| shortleaf pine |
|  | \|White oak------- | \| 57 | 43 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


Table 7.--Forestland Productivity--Continued


The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | Mechanical site preparation (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson-------- | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb------ | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 | seasonal wetness | 10.25 | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.25 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.25 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |
| 71250 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater------ | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 10.50 |  |  | \| slippage potential | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Porme- | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 10.50 |  |  | \| slippage potential | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie------- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { seasonally ponded } \\ \text { (limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.80 | seasonally ponded (limited) | 10.80 | \| seasonal wetness <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | seasonal wetness (very limited) | \|1.00 | seasonal wetness (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  | seasonal wetness | 10.60 | seasonal wetness | 10.60 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 0.80 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg------- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 0.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment |  | \|Mechanical site preparation| | (surface) | |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73068 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.47 |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.76 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| |  | surface stones | 10.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73069: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.93 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.60 | small stones | 10.94 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.14 | small stones | 10.93 |  |  | slope | 10.60 | slippage potential | 10.90 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |  |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.42 | slope | 10.47 | seasonal wetness | 10.28 | small stones | 10.30 | slope | 10.76 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 10.42 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.28 | seasonal wetness | 10.28 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor--------- | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.47 |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.76 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080:Alred- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.93 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 10.68 | small stones | 10.94 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.16 | small stones | 10.93 |  |  | slope | 10.68 |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| surface stones | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley-- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.23 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 10.87 | slope | 10.87 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| large stones | 10.17 | large stones | 10.45 |  |  | large stones | 10.17 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | small stones | 10.14 | \| surface stones | | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment |  | Mechanical site preparation\|$\qquad$ |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value | \| Rating class and | \|Value | \| Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy--------- | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton-------- |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.04 | \| small stones | 10.04 | \| low strength | 10.50 | seasonal wetness | 10.20 | low strength | 10.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| seasonal wetness | 10.20 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| $N$ ot limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  |  |  |
|  | \| large stones | 10.61 | \| large stones >35\% | 10.99 |  |  | large stones | 10.61 | slippage potential | 10.50 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 10.08 | slope | 10.34 |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.45 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| surface stones | | 10.09 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.81 | small stones | 10.81 | slope | 10.05 | small stones | 10.81 | slope | 10.99 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.01 | slope | 10.60 |  |  | slope | 10.05 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| surface stones | 10.03 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  | $\mid 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb----- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| seasonally ponded | 10.80 | \| seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 10.50 |  | 10.26 |  | 10.50 |
|  |  |  | \| | |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.26 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.26 |
|  | \| | 1 \| | \| | | $\mid 1$ | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | Mechanical site preparation (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73223: | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\mid$ surface stones <br> $\mid$ (limited)  <br> $\mid$ small stones <br> $\mid$ (moderately limited) | 10.66 10.60 | ```surface stones >15% (very limited) slope (limited)``` | 1.00 10.99 | slope <br> (moderately limited) <br> large surface stones (moderately limited) | 10.60 | slope <br> (moderately limited) <br> small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 0.60 0.60 | slope <br> (very limited) <br> surface stones <br> (limited) | 1.00 10.66 |
|  | slope <br> (slightly limited) | 10.14 | small stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 |  |  | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.52 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.52 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender--------- | $\mid$ Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\|$very sandy (surface) <br> $\mid$ (moderately limited) | 10.50 | slope (very limited) | \|1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.79 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 0.79 | slope <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | surface stones (moderately limited) | 10.41 | surface stones (limited) | 0.78 | very sandy (surface) (moderately limited) | 0.50 | large stones (moderately limited) | 0.40 | very sandy (surface) (moderately limited) | 0.50 |
|  | large stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.40 | large stones <br> (limited) | 10.73 |  |  |  |  | slippage potential (moderately limited) | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) | 0.42 | $\mid$ Moderately limited <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ small stones <br> $\mid$ (moderately limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ slope <br> (moderately limited) | 10.42 | \|Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 10.10 | \|Slightly limited <br> \| small stones <br> \| (slightly limited) <br> \| seasonal wetness <br> \| (slightly limited) | 10.30 | \|Moderately limited <br> slippage potential <br> (moderately limited) <br> slope | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 10.34 |  |  |  | 0.10 |  | 0.45 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Moderately limited } \\ & \mid \text { small stones } \\ & \mid \text { (moderately limited) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mid$ Moderately limited <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ <br> small stones <br> $\mid$ <br> (moderately limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ <br> (moderater |  | \|Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) |  | $\mid$ Slightly limited <br> $\mid$ <br> small stones <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ (slightly limited) <br> seasonal wetness <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  | 10.42 |  | 0.42 |  | 10.15 |  | 0.30 | slope | 0.45 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  | 0.34 |  |  |  | 0.15 | seasonal wetness | 10.15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73227 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Moderately limited <br> $\mid$ small stones <br> $\mid$ (moderately limited) <br> $\mid$ slope |  | \|Very limited$\mid$ slope$\mid$ (very limited)$\mid$$\mid$ small stones(moderately limited) |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  | 10.42 \| |  | 1.00 | slope | 10.91 | slope | 0.91 | slope | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | $10.25 \mid$ |  | 0.42 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | small stones | 0.30 | slippage potential | 10.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) | \| |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.10 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | Mechanical site preparation (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ \| ${ }^{\text {Value }}$ \| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.51 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 10.91 | slope | 0.91 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope \| | 10.25 | small stones | 0.51 | seasonal wetness | 10.15 | small stones | 0.45 | seasonal wetness | 10.15 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.15 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { large stones } \\ \text { (limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.76 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { surface stones }>15 \% \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|1.00 | slope <br> (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large stones (limited) | 0.76 | slope <br> (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  | surface stones (limited) | 10.66 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { large stones }>35 \% \\ \mid \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.52 | slope <br> (moderately limited) | 0.60 | surface stones (limited) | 10.66 |
|  | slope ${ }^{\text {(slightly limited) }}$ | 10.14 | slope <br> (limited) | 10.99 |  |  | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.52 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.52 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | large stones | 10.48 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 10.79 | slope | 0.79 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | surface stones | 10.41 | large stones | 10.83 | large surface stones | 0.52 | large stones | 0.48 | slippage potential | 10.50 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.20 | surface stones | 10.78 |  |  |  |  | surface stones | 0.41 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | small stones | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.37 |  | \| 1.00 |  | 0.15 |  | 1.00 |  | 10.15 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.15 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola-------- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 10.50 | seasonal wetness | 0.20 | slippage potential | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |  |  | low strength \|o | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness \|o | 10.20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | Mechanical site preparation (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ Value <br> $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | large stones <br> (limited) | 10.61 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { large stones >35\% } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 0.99 | slope <br> (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large stones <br> (limited) | 10.61 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 1.00 |
|  | slope | 10.14 | slope | 0.99 |  |  | slope | 10.60 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | \|Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.51 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 10.91 | slope | 10.91 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope <br> (slightly limited) | 10.25 | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 0.51 | seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.15 | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.45 | seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 0.15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.15 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mid \text { small stones } \\ \mid \text { (slightly limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.15 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { small stones } \\ \mid \text { (slightly limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.15 | \| seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 10.28 | seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.28 | seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 0.28 |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor--------- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | small stones | 10.67 | small stones | 10.67 |  |  | small stones | 10.67 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | surface stones | 10.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon-------- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti---------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 0.50 | seasonal wetness | 10.27 | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.27 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.27 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73243 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill------ | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued


Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | Mechanical site preparation\| (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ \|Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.42 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.60 | slope | 0.60 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.14 | small stones | 10.42 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | small stones | 10.30 | slippage potential | 0.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | surface stones | 0.38 |  |  |  | 0.10 |  | 0.10 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.67 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 10.91 | slope | 0.91 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.25 | small stones | 10.67 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | small stones | 10.67 | seasonal wetness | 0.10 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| surface stones | 10.38 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill------ | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 0.50 |  |  | \| low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.81 | \| slope | 10.99 | slope | 0.60 | small stones | 0.81 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.14 | small stones | 10.81 |  |  | slope | 0.60 |  | \| |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| surface stones | 10.03 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.14 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 0.60 | slope | 0.60 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.11 |  | 10.11 |  | 10.50 |  | 10.20 |  | 0.50 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  | \| | |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equi |  | Mechanical site preparation (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73308:$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf------ | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 0.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73309: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville---- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | small stones | 10.73 | slope | 10.80 | slope | 10.31 | small stones | 10.73 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.07 | small stones | 10.73 |  |  | slope | 10.31 | slippage potential | 0.90 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.67 | \| slope | \|1.00 | slope | 10.79 | slope | 10.79 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.20 | small stones | 10.67 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | small stones | 10.67 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | surface stones | 10.38 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.42 | \| small stones | 10.42 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.28 | \| small stones | 10.30 | seasonal wetness | 0.28 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.28 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis-------\| | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | small stones | 10.04 | \| small stones | 10.04 | \| low strength | 10.50 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.10 | \| slippage potential | 0.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | \|Mechanical site preparation| | (surface) | |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features |  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 10.67 | small stones | 10.67 |  |  | small stones | 10.67 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | surface stones | 10.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.15 | \| slope | 10.47 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.28 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.28 | slope | 10.76 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 10.15 |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.28 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.60 | \| small stones | 10.60 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | small stones | 10.60 | slope | 10.76 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) $\mid$ |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| slope | 10.47 |  |  |  | 10.10 |  | 10.10 |
|  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| surface stones | 10.02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor--------- | $\mid$ Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.56 | small stones | 10.56 |  |  | small stones | 10.54 | slope | 10.76 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| slope | 10.47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred---------- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 10.73 | small stones | 10.73 |  |  | small stones | 10.73 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.04 | \| small stones | 10.04 | low strength | 10.50 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | \| slippage potential | 10.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |
|  | \| |  | \| | | \| |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \| Use of harvesting equipment |  | Mechanical site preparation$\qquad$ |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73317: } \\ & \text { Tonti- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.20 | low strength | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill------ | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| surface stones | 10.41 | \| slope | 1.00 | slope | 10.79 | slope | 0.79 | \| slope | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.20 | surface stones | 0.78 |  |  | large stones | 10.19 | slippage potential | 10.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.19 | large stones | 0.48 |  |  |  |  | surface stones | 10.41 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko | \|Slightly limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.25 | \| slope | 1.00 | slope | 10.79 | \| slope | 10.79 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.20 | large stones | 0.39 |  |  |  | 0.11 |  | 10.50 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.11 | small stones | 0.25 |  |  | small stones | 10.03 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- \| | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { small stones } \\ \text { (slightly limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.17 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { small stones } \\ \mid \text { (slightly limited) } \end{array}$ | 0.17 | $\|$low strength <br> (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  | slippage potential <br> (moderately limited) | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.42 | \| small stones | 0.42 | seasonal wetness | 10.15 | \| small stones | 10.30 | seasonal wetness | 10.15 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| seasonal wetness | 10.15 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued


Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment |  | Mechanical site preparation (surface) |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \| Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 | seasonal wetness | 10.45 | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.45 |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.45 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74690: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau------- |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | seasonal wetness | 10.60 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.60 | seasonal wetness | 10.91 | seasonal wetness | 10.91 | seasonal wetness | 0.91 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.50 |  |  |  | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket---- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort--------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 10.50 |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot---- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | 0.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe--------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 10.10 | \| small stones | 10.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman-------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 8a.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Hand planting |  | Mechanical planting |  | \|Use of harvesting equipment| |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mechanical site preparation } \\ & \text { (surface) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Roads (natural surface) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 75432: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell- | Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) | 10.60 | \|Moderately limited seasonal wetness (moderately limited) | 10.60 | \|Very limited seasonal wetness (very limited) | 11.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { seasonal wetness } \\ & \mid \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { seasonal wetness } \\ & \mid \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 1.00 |
|  | small stones (moderately limited) | 10.58 | small stones (moderately limited) | 10.58 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.56 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength (moderately limited) | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75433: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Racket-------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| $N$ ot limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| low strength | 10.50 |  |  | flooding | 0.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99001: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water---------- | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99002: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Borrow areas--- | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 70025: |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson-------- | \|Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) | \|0.17 | \|Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) | 10.04 | Limited low strength (limited) | 10.80 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mid \text { Moderately limited } \\ \mid \\ \text { low strength } \\ \text { (moderately limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.50 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
| Splitlimb------ | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited | \| | | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.11 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.02 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | seasonal wetness | 10.25 | seasonal wetness | 10.25 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250 : |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater------ | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited | $\|\quad\|$ | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.22 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.05 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | slippage potential (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength \|or | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited | \| | | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.44 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 0.80 | slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie------ \| | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.11 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.02 | seasonal wetness (very limited) | 11.00 | \| seasonal wetness <br> \| <br> (very limited) | 1.00 | seasonal wetness (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.22 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.05 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Erosion on roads and t | trails ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73198: } \\ & \text { Viraton- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  | , |
|  | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 0.44 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | \| low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.20 |  | 10.20 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73199: } \\ & \text { Moko- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.35 | slope/erodibility | 10.18 |  |  | slippage potential | 0.50 | droughty | 10.90 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.45 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| $N$ ot limited | 0.00 | \|Limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.94 | slope/erodibility | 10.29 |  |  | slope | 0.99 | droughty | 10.84 |
|  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb------ | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.22 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.05 | low strength | 0.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 |  | \| |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.26 | low strength | 10.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.26 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223: |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Coulstone------ | Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.96 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.49 |  |  | \| slope | 11.00 | droughty | 10.88 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| surface stones | 10.66 |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| | |  |  | $\mid 1$ | (limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | large surface stones | 0.52 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued


Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | $\mid$ Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230:Coulsto |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.96 | slope/erodibility | 10.49 |  |  | slope | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | surface stones | 0.66 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | large surface stones\| | 0.52 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender- | \|Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 11.00 | slope/erodibility | 10.59 |  |  | slope | 1.00 | droughty | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | surface stones \|o | 0.41 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 11.00 | slope/erodibility | 10.78 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.15 | slope | 11.00 |  | \| |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.15 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- | \|Moderately limited |  | Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.44 | slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | slippage potential | 0.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.20 |  | 0.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.20 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234 : |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited | \| |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.96 | slope/erodibility | 10.49 |  |  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| droughty | 10.12 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| slope/erodibility } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|1.00 | slope/erodibility <br> (limited) | 0.65 | $\|$seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.15 | \| slope ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ (very limited) | 11.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.15 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mid \\ \mid \text { Value } \mid \end{array}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- | $\|$$\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ <br> slope/erodibility <br> (limited) | 10.67 | \|Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) | \|0.12 | \|Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 10.28 | Slightly limited seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 10.28 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
| Poynor--------- | Moderately limited slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.31 | \|Slightly limited slope/erodibility (slightly limited) | $0.10$ | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 | Not limited | 10.00 |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon-------- | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.44 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.08 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
| Tonti---------- | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.44 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|low strength } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.27 | seasonal wetness | 0.27 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73243:Topazmill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.44 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.10 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73245: |  |  |  | $\mid 1$ |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Alred- |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| $N$ ot limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.31 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.10 |  |  | slippage potential (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73246:Alred- |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 |  |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (limited) | 10.75 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.24 |  |  | slope <br> (limited) | 10.76 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred |  |  |  |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 11.00 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.49 |  |  | slope | 1.00 | \| droughty | 10.12 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | very sandy (surface) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73248: } \\ & \text { Alred- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Not limited | 0.00 | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.46 | slope/erodibility | 10.24 |  |  | \| slope | 10.76 | \| droughty | 10.12 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | very sandy (surface) | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.75 |  | 10.24 |  | 0.10 | slope | 10.76 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.96 |  | 0.49 |  |  | slope | 11.00 |  | 0.12 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| very sandy (surface) | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 11.00 | slope/erodibility | 10.49 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | slope | 1.00 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 11.00 | slope/erodibility | 10.65 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | \| slope | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill------ | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.44 | slope/erodibility | 10.10 |  | 10.80 |  | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Erosion on roads and t | trails ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.49 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 1.00 | droughty <br> (limited) | 10.84 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (very limited) | 1.00 | slope/erodibility <br> (moderately limited) | 10.49 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | ```slope (very limited)``` | 1.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 10.20 | slippage potential (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73298: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti- | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (moderately limited) | 10.44 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.10 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek------- | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.44 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.26 | seasonal wetness | 10.26 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia------ | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.56 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.31 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73303:$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.44 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 |  | \| |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 | seasonal wetness | 10.20 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mid \text { Value } \mid \end{array}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73303:$Egyptgrove |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Moderately limited |  |  |  | \|Limited |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.44 | slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove----- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility (moderately limited) | 10.44 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.10 | low strength <br> (limited) | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf------ | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.17 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.04 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | seasonally ponded (limited) | 0.80 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73309 \text { : }$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville---- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| slope/erodibility } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | \|slope/erodibility <br> (moderately limited) | 10.39 |  |  | slope <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 10.90 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 11.00 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.59 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.10 | slope | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.31 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.28 | seasonal wetness | 10.28 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.56 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | slippage potential | 0.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | low strength | 0.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.10 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ \|Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | $\mid$ \|Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  | \| | |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.25 | slope/erodibility | 10.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  | , |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Scholten------ | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.75 | \| slope/erodibility | 0.24 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.28 | slope | 10.76 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.28 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.75 | slope/erodibility | 10.24 | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | slope | 10.76 |  | \| |
|  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 |  | I |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor--------- | \|Limited |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.75 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.24 |  |  | slope | 0.76 | droughty | 0.84 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |  |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.31 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 |  |  |  |  | droughty | 10.10 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.31 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | \| low strength | 10.80 | slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.10 | low strength | 0.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73317 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti- |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.44 | slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 0.50 |  | \| |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.20 | seasonal wetness | 0.20 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Taterhill------ | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.44 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and t | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ \| ${ }^{\text {Value }}$ \| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | $\mid$ Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 73318: \\ & \text { Bender } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 11.00 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.59 |  |  | \| slope | 11.00 | d droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | surface stones | 10.41 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 11.00 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.59 |  |  | \| slope | 11.00 | droughty | 0.90 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.31 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | low strength | 10.80 | \| slippage potential | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | I |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.56 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.10 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.15 | \| seasonal wetness | 0.15 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.75 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.24 | low strength | 10.80 | slope | 10.76 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slippage potential | 0.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | \|Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | \|1.00 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.24 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.15 | slope | 10.76 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 0.15 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 74626: Tanglenook | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Limited |  |
| Tanglenook | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.11 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.02 | low strength <br> (limited) <br> seasonal wetness <br> (limited) | 10.80 10.76 | seasonal wetness <br> (limited) <br> low strength <br> (moderately limited) | 0.76 <br> 0.50 | seasonal wetness <br> (limited) | 0.76 |
| 74648: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aslinger | Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (moderately limited) | 10.56 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.10 | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | low strength <br> (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.20 | seasonal wetness (slightly limited) | 10.20 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni | Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.06 | slope/erodibility | 10.02 | low strength | 10.50 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.09 | slope/erodibility <br> (slightly limited) | 10.02 | seasonal wetness <br> (limited) | 10.95 | seasonal wetness <br> (limited) | 10.95 | seasonal wetness <br> (limited) | 10.95 |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength (limited) | 10.80 | low strength (moderately limited) | 10.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74679: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Higdon- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.11 | slope/erodibility | 10.02 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 10.50 | \| seasonal wetness | 10.76 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.29 | seasonal wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.29 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond- | Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.22 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.04 | low strength | 10.80 | \| low strength | 10.50 | seasonal wetness | 0.31 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | seasonal wetness | 10.45 | seasonal wetness | 10.45 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Erosion on roads and | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $74690 \text { : }$ <br> Moniteau |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  |  | 10.11 |  | 10.02 | seasonal wetness | 10.91 | seasonal wetness | 10.91 | seasonal wetness | 0.91 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket---- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.22 | slope/erodibility | 10.05 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 0.50 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75390: |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.17 | slope/erodibility | 10.04 | low strength | 10.80 | \| low strength | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.11 | slope/erodibility | 10.02 | \| low strength | 10.50 | flooding | 0.60 | flooding | 0.60 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394: |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe--------- | \|Slightly limited |  | Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.08 | slope/erodibility | 10.04 |  |  |  |  | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur-------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.12 | slope/erodibility | 10.04 |  | 0.50 | flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | 0.90 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman-------- | \|Slightly limited |  | Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.06 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.02 | low strength | 0.50 | flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | 0.90 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 10.19 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe--------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.08 | slope/erodibility | 10.04 |  |  | flooding | 1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | 0.90 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Erosion on roads and | trails | Off-road or off-trail erosion |  | Soil rutting |  | Log landings |  | Seedling survival |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75408: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| slope/erodibility | 10.22 | \| slope/erodibility | 10.04 | low strength | 10.80 | low strength | 0.50 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75417: |  | $\mid 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| $N$ ot limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.12 | slope/erodibility | 10.04 |  |  | flooding | 1.00 | \| droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | very sandy (surface) | 0.50 | flooding | 0.90 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur-------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  |
|  |  | 10.22 |  | 10.04 |  | 10.50 |  | 1.00 |  | 0.90 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75418: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  | 10.06 |  | 10.02 |  |  |  | 0.50 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75420: |  | $\mid 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.11 | slope/erodibility | 10.02 | low strength | 10.80 | flooding | 0.60 | flooding | 0.60 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk---------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.08 | slope/erodibility | 10.04 |  |  | flooding | 0.60 | flooding | 0.60 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75432 : |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Batcave------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope/erodibility | 10.05 | slope/erodibility | 10.02 | seasonal wetness | 11.00 | seasonal wetness | 1.00 | seasonal wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | low strength | 10.50 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 10.90 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 8b.--Forestland Management--Continued

(Absence of an entry indicates that trees generally do not grow to the given height)

| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  | \| | |  | \| | | \| | |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|American hazelnut; } \\ & \text { \| downy arrowwood; } \\ & \text { \| fragrant sumac } \end{aligned}$ | \|American plum; blue <br> spruce; eastern <br> hophornbeam; <br> eastern redbud; <br> eastern redcedar; <br> roughleaf dogwood | \|Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple; white oak | \|Northern red oak; <br> tuliptree; white <br> ash | $\mid$ Eastern white pine |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|American hazelnut; } \\ & \text { \| downy arrowwood; } \\ & \text { \| fragrant sumac } \end{aligned}$ | \|American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood | \|Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple; white oak | \|Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash | \|Eastern white pine |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Coralberry; fragrant\| } \\ & \text { \| sumac; ninebark } \end{aligned}$ | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> \| flowering dogwood; <br> \| gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> \| persimmon; post <br> \| oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | - --- |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Porme | \|Coralberry; fragrant| | Eastern redbud; | \| Common serviceberry; | \|Black oak; mockernut| | \| --- |
|  | sumac; ninebark \| | \| eastern redcedar; | \| persimmon; post | hickory; northern |  |
|  |  | flowering dogwood; | \| oak; red pine; | red oak; white ash |  |
|  |  | \| gray dogwood | \| shingle oak; |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| shortleaf pine |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie- | \|Buttonbush; ninebark| | \| Possumhaw; sandbar | willow | \|Black willow; bur | oak; green hawthorn | \|Baldcypress; green <br> ash; pecan; red <br> maple; swamp white <br> oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; <br> silver maple |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| American hazelnut; } \\ & \text { \| downy arrowwood; } \\ & \text { \| fragrant sumac } \end{aligned}$ | \|American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood | \|Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple; white oak | \|Northern red oak; tuliptree; white ash | \|Eastern white pine |


| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73068: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | Coralberry; fragrant <br> \| sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; <br> eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; <br> \| gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | $\mid$ Black oak; mockernut <br> $\mid$ hickory; northern <br> $\mid$ red oak; white ash <br> $\mid$ | --- |
| 73069 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; <br> eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; <br> gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | $\mid$ Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> $\mid$ red oak; white ash <br> $\mid$ | --- |
| 73073: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; <br> \| eastern redcedar; <br> \| flowering dogwood; <br> \| gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> \| persimmon; post <br> \| oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut| | hickory; northern | red oak; white ash $\mid$ | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | \|Conmon ninebark; | fragrant sumac; | St. Johnswort | \|Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; <br> Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; | green hawthorn; | post oak | $\mid$ Austrian pine; <br> $\mid$ conmon hackberry; <br> $\mid$ green ash; <br> $\mid$ honeylocust; pin <br> $\|$oak | - |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Coralberry; fragrant <br> \| sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; <br> eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; <br> gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> \| persimmon; post <br> \| oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | $\mid$ Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash <br> $\mid$ | --- |
| Bardley- | \|Cormon ninebark; | fragrant sumac; | St. Johnswort | \|Eastern redcedar; <br> \| possumhaw; <br> \| roughleaf dogwood; <br> \| Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; green hawthorn; post oak | $\mid$ Austrian pine; <br> $\mid$ conmon hackberry; <br> $\mid$ green ash; <br> $\mid$ honeylocust; pin <br> $\mid$ oak | - |
| Rock outcrop. | \| |  |  |  |  |

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued



Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Coralberry; fragrant } \\ & \text { \| sumac; ninebark } \end{aligned}$ | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persinmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | $\mid$ Black oak; mockernut $\mid$ hickory; northern $\mid$ red oak; white ash $\mid$ $\mid$ | --- |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Coralberry; fragrant <br> \| sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> \| oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut $\mid$ hickory; northern $\mid$ red oak; white ash $\mid$ | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | Conmon ninebark; <br> fragrant sumac; <br> St. Johnswort | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; | green hawthorn; | post oak | $\mid$ Austrian pine; <br> $\mid$ common hackberry; <br> $\mid$ green ash; <br> $\left\|\begin{array}{l}\text { honeylocust; pin } \\ \text { oak }\end{array}\right\|$ | --- |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | Coralberry; fragrant <br> \| sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> \| oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |
| Poynor- | \|Conmon ninebark; | fragrant sumac; | St. Johnswort | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; | green hawthorn; | post oak | $\mid$ Austrian pine; <br> $\mid$ common hackberry; <br> $\mid$ green ash; <br> $\mid$ honeylocust; pin <br> $\mid$ oak | --- |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon | Common ninebark; <br> fragrant sumac; <br> St. Johnswort | Eastern redcedar; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | $\mid$ Arborvitae; bur oak; $\mid$ green hawthorn; \| post oak | $\mid$ Austrian pine; <br> $\mid$ conmon hackberry; <br> $\mid$ green ash; <br> $\mid$ honeylocust; pin <br> $\mid$ oak$\|$ | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti- | \|Coralberry; fragrant <br> \| sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; $\mid$ persinmon; post $\mid$ oak; red pine; \| shingle oak; | shortleaf pine | $\mid$ Black oak; mockernut <br> $\mid$ hickory; northern <br> $\mid$ red oak; white ash <br> $\mid$ | --- |


| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20 -year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  |  |  |  |
| 73243 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill | American hazelnut; <br> coralberry; <br> flameleaf sumac | \|American plum; blue <br> spruce; eastern <br> redcedar; gray <br> dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; shingle oak |  | --- |
| 73245: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |
| 73246: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut| <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |
| 73248: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash $\square$ | --- |
| Bendavis- | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut| <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |
| 73249: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; persimmon; post oak; red pine; shingle oak; shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut| <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia | \|Common ninebark; | fragrant sumac; $\mid$ St. Johnswort | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; <br> green hawthorn; <br> post oak | Austrian pine; <br> \| common hackberry; <br> \| green ash; <br> \| honeylocust; pin <br> \| oak | \| --- |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | \|Coralberry; fragrant <br> sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> \| hickory; northern <br> \| red oak; white ash | --- |
| $73303:$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Conmon ninebark; } \\ & \text { \| fragrant sumac; } \\ & \text { \| St. Johnswort } \end{aligned}$ | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \| Arborvitae; bur oak; $\mid$ green hawthorn; \| post oak | Austrian pine; <br> \| common hackberry; <br> \| green ash; <br> \| honeylocust; pin <br> \| oak | \| --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Conmon ninebark; } \\ & \text { \| fragrant sumac; } \\ & \text { \| St. Johnswort } \end{aligned}$ | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Arborvitae; bur oak; } \\ & \text { \| green hawthorn; } \\ & \text { \| post oak } \end{aligned}$ | \|Austrian pine; <br> \| common hackberry; <br> \| green ash; <br> \| honeylocust; pin <br> \| oak | \| --- |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Conmon ninebark; } \\ & \text { fragrant sumac; } \\ & \text { St. Johnswort } \end{aligned}$ | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; <br> green hawthorn; <br> post oak | \|Austrian pine; <br> \| common hackberry; <br> \| green ash; <br> \| honeylocust; pin <br> \| oak | \| --- |
| 73308: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { American hazelnut; } \\ & \text { \| downy arrowwood; } \\ & \text { \| fragrant sumac } \end{aligned}$ | American plum; blue spruce; eastern hophornbeam; eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; roughleaf dogwood | Arborvitae; common serviceberry; sugar maple; white oak | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Northern red oak; } \\ & \text { \| tuliptree; white } \\ & \text { \| ash } \end{aligned}$ | \|Eastern white pine |

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\mid$ \| |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  | $\mid$ \| |  |
| Poynor | Cormon ninebark; \| fragrant sumac; | St. Johnswort | Eastern redcedar; <br> possumhaw; <br> roughleaf dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; green hawthorn; post oak | \|Austrian pine; <br> common hackberry; <br> green ash; <br> honeylocust; pin oak | --- |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |
| Bendavis- | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern <br> red oak; white ash | --- |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |
| Taterhill | American hazelnut; coralberry; flameleaf sumac | \|American plum; blue <br> spruce; eastern <br> redcedar; gray <br> dogwood; Washington hawthorn | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; shingle oak | \|Austrian pine; black| oak | --- |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | -- |
| Moko. | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Rock outcrop. |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: | \|Buttonbush; ninebark| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Possumhaw; sandbar } \\ & \text { \| willow } \end{aligned}$ | \|Black willow; bur oak; green hawthorn | \|Baldcypress; green <br> ash; pecan; red maple; swamp white oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; silver maple |
| 74679: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Higdon | \|Buttonbush; ninebark | \|Possumhaw; sandbar willow | \|Black willow; bur oak; green hawthorn | \|Baldcypress; green <br> ash; pecan; red maple; swamp white oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; silver maple |
| 74681: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond- | \|Buttonbush; ninebark| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Possumhaw; sandbar } \\ & \text { willow } \end{aligned}$ | \|Black willow; bur oak; green hawthorn | \|Baldcypress; green ash; pecan; red maple; swamp white oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; <br> silver maple |
| 74690: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau | \|Buttonbush; ninebark | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Possumhaw; sandbar } \\ & \text { \| willow } \end{aligned}$ | \|Black willow; bur oak; green hawthorn | \|Baldcypress; green <br> ash; pecan; red maple; swamp white oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; silver maple |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket | American hazelnut; <br> ninebark; wild <br> hydrangea | \|American plum; blue spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Arborvitae; bur oak; } \\ & \text { \| green hawthorn; } \\ & \text { \| shingle oak } \end{aligned}$ | Austrian pine; \| baldcypress; hackberry; pin oak; | red maple | \|American sycamore; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine |
| 75390 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort | American hazelnut; ninebark; wild hydrangea | \|American plum; blue spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood | \|Arborvitae; bur oak; green hawthorn; shingle oak | Austrian pine; \| baldcypress; | hackberry; pin oak; | red maple | American sycamore; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot | American hazelnut; <br> coralberry; <br> flameleaf sumac | \|American plum; blue <br> spruce; eastern <br> redcedar; gray <br> dogwood; Washington <br> hawthorn | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; shingle oak | Austrian pine; black oak | - --- |

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | $\mid$ Coralberry; fragrant <br> sumac; ninebark <br> $\mid$ | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut| <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur- | \|Coralberry; <br> \| flameleaf sumac | \|Eastern redcedar; gray dogwood; jack pine | \|Chinkapin oak; persimmon; post oak| | \|Black oak; honeylocust | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman | \|Coralberry; | flameleaf sumac | \|Eastern redcedar; gray dogwood; jack pine | \|Chinkapin oak; | persimmon; post oak $\mid$ | $\mid$ Black oak; <br> honeylocust | --- |
| Relfe- | \|Coralberry; fragrant | sumac; ninebark | | Eastern redbud; <br> eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | $\mid$ Conmon serviceberry; <br> $\mid$ persimmon; post <br> $\mid$ oak; red pine; <br> $\mid$ shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut| hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |
| 75408: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | \|Coralberry; fragrant | sumac; ninebark $\mid$ | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | $\mid$ Conmon serviceberry; <br> $\mid$ persimmon; post <br> $\mid$ oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |
| 75417: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | $\mid$ Conmon serviceberry; <br> $\mid$ persimmon; post <br> $\mid$ oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |
| Sandbur | \|Coralberry; <br> \|flameleaf sumac | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Eastern redcedar; } \\ & \text { \| gray dogwood; jack } \\ & \text { pine } \end{aligned}$ | \|Chinkapin oak; persinmon; post oak | \|Black oak; honeylocust | --- |
| 75418: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; <br> flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> shingle oak; <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut hickory; northern red oak; white ash | --- |

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <8 | 8-15 | 16-25 | 26-35 | >35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75420: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | $\mid$ Cormmon serviceberry; <br> \| persimmon; post <br> $\mid$ oak; red pine; <br> $\mid$ shingle oak; <br> $\mid$ <br> shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern red oak; white ash | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk | \|Coralberry; fragrant sumac; ninebark | Eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood; gray dogwood | \|Common serviceberry; <br> persimmon; post <br> oak; red pine; <br> \| shingle oak; <br> \| shortleaf pine | \|Black oak; mockernut <br> hickory; northern <br> red oak; white ash | - --- |
| 75432 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Batcave- | \|Buttonbush; ninebark| | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Possumhaw; sandbar } \\ & \text { \| willow } \end{aligned}$ | \|Black willow; bur | oak; green hawthorn $\mid$ | \|Baldcypress; green <br> ash; pecan; red <br> maple; swamp white <br> oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; <br> silver maple |
| Farewell-- | \|Buttonbush; ninebark| | Possumhaw; sandbar willow | \|Black willow; bur | oak; green hawthorn | \|Baldcypress; green <br> ash; pecan; red maple; swamp white oak; sweetgum | \|Eastern cottonwood; <br> silver maple |
| 75433 : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Racket | American hazelnut; <br> ninebark; wild <br> hydrangea | American plum; blue spruce; possumhaw; roughleaf dogwood | $\mid$ Arborvitae; bur oak; $\mid$ green hawthorn; $\mid$ shingle oak | Austrian pine; <br> baldcypress; <br> hackberry; pin oak; <br> red maple | \|American sycamore; eastern cottonwood; eastern white pine |
| 99001. | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| | |  |  |  |  |
| 99002. | \| | |  |  |  |  |
| Borrow areas |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table

| Map symbol and soil name | Camp areas |  | Picnic areas |  | Playgrounds |  | Paths and trails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb- | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.75 | \| wetness | 10.45 | wetness | 10.75 | wetness | 10.45 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater------- | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | flooding (rare) | 10.90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73068: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope | 10.63 | slope | 10.63 | slope | \|1.00 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.26 | percs slowly | 10.26 | small stones | 10.31 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | too acid | 10.06 | too acid | 10.06 | percs slowly | 10.26 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Map symbol and soil name | Camp areas |  | Picnic areas |  | Playgrounds |  | Paths and trails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 73069: \\ \text { Tick- } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.94 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 1.00 | small stones | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |  | 10.92 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.26 | percs slowly <br> (slightly limited) | 10.26 |  | 10.26 | large surface stones\| | 0.07 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholter | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 |  | 10.56 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 1.00 | small stones | 1.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | 10.30 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.90 | slope | 10.63 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | slope | 10.63 | \| slope | 10.63 | slope | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | too acid | 10.12 | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 0.12 | small stones | 10.60 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | too acid | 10.12 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large surface stones | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | $\text { large stones }>25 \%$ | \|1.00 | large surface stones | 0.60 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly <br> (moderately limited) | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley-- | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { \| slope } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 10.71 | (very limited) small stones | 10.71 | large stones >25\% | 11.00 | large surface stones | 0.60 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | ( (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  | large surface stones | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | $\|$small stones <br> $\mid$ <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | large stones <br> (slightly limited) | 10.17 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Camp areas |  | Picnic areas |  | Playgrounds |  | Paths and trails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value| | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | small stones | 10.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | percs slowly | 1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | wetness | 0.28 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.50 | small stones | 10.31 | small stones | \|1.00 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | small stones | 10.31 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.50 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | shallow to bedrock | 10.90 | shallow to bedrock | 10.90 | large stones >25\% | \|1.00 | large stones | 0.61 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | large stones (limited) | 10.61 | large stones (limited) | 10.61 | shallow to bedrock (very limited) | \|1.00 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.37 |
|  | small stones | 10.48 | small stones | 10.48 | small stones | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | \|1.00 | small stones | 0.81 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | 0.31 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | large surface stones | 0.31 | large surface stones | 0.31 |  | 10.30 | slope | 0.08 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| ponded (wetness) | 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | \|1.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.81 | wetness | 10.49 | wetness | 10.81 | wetness | 0.49 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.13 | percs slowly | 10.13 | percs slowly | 10.13 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |



Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Camp areas |  | Picnic areas |  | Playgrounds |  | Paths and trails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value| | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 73234 \text { : } \\ & \text { Alred- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | \| large stones >25\% | 11.00 | slope | 0.92 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.61 | large stones | 10.61 | slope | 11.00 | large stones | 0.61 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 10.55 | small stones | 10.55 | small stones | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | small stones | 11.00 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | small stones | 0.45 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 | wetness | 0.13 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | \| 1.00 | | percs slowly | \|1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | wetness | 0.56 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.90 | small stones | 10.73 | small stones | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.73 | wetness | 0.56 | slope | 10.98 |  | \| |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 0.67 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | slope | 10.78 |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | ( (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.12 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242: | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Fanchon--------- | Not limited | $10.00 \mid$ | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued



Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Camp areas |  | Picnic areas |  | Playgrounds |  | Paths and trails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Tick | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.26 | \| percs slowly | 10.26 | slope | 10.78 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  | \| |
|  | too acid | 10.06 | too acid | 10.06 | small stones | 10.31 |  | \| |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | percs slowly | 10.26 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| $73303:$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Kenaga | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | percs slowly | 10.86 | percs slowly | 10.86 | \| wetness | 0.28 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.50 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.50 |  | \| |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope \|0 | 10.40 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove- |  |  | \|Limited |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | small stones | 1.00 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  | \| |
|  | small stones | 10.12 | small stones | 10.12 | percs slowly | 10.86 |  | \| |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.40 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Egyptgrove |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | percs slowly | 10.86 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.40 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | small stones | 10.00 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73308:Grandgulf- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| ponded (wetness) | \|1.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | \|1.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | \| 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Camp areas |  | Picnic areas |  | Playgrounds |  | Paths and trails |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73309 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | 1.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | slope |  | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.73 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 0.50 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | | \| small stones | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { percs slowly } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 1.00 | percs slowly | \|1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | large surface stones | 10.70 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 1.00 | small stones | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | small stones | 10.67 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | $1.00$ | Moderately limited |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { percs slowly } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| small stones |  | wetness (moderately limited) | 10.56 |
|  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| small stones ${ }^{\text {(very }}$ limited) | 1.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 |  | 10.30 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { wetness } \\ \text { (limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.90 | wetness | 10.56 | wetness | 10.90 |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis-------- |  | \| 0.33 | Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) |  | \|Very limited | $1.00$ | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { small stones } \\ & \mid \text { (moderately limited) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 10.33 \| | small stones |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.78 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | depth to bedrock | 10.27 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | $\mid$ Very limitedsmall stones |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  |
|  |  | 11.00 | \| small stones | \|1.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | 10.67 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | slope | 10.40 |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.12 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued



Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued



Table 10.--Recreational Site Development--Continued


(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Grain and seed crops (for } \\ & \text { \| use as food and cover) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| moderate erodibility | 0.50 | moderate erodibility | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb----- | \|Moderately limited <br> \| wetness | 10.53 | \|Moderately limited wetness | 10.53 | \|Moderately limited wetness | 10.53 | \|Moderately limited wetness | 10.53 | Limited wetness | 0.79 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | moderate erodibility | 0.50 | moderate erodibility | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater------ |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| droughty | 10.18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme- | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 0.80 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg- |  |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| moderate erodibility | 0.50 | \| moderate erodibility| | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Grain and seed crops (for } \\ & \text { \| use as food and cover) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | Value <br> \| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73068: Tick- | Limited |  | \|very limited |  | \| | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | droughty | 10.82 | small stones | \|1.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.26 | percs slowly | 10.26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73069: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | \|1.00 | small stones | 10.93 | small stones | 10.94 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.82 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 0.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | percs slowly | \| 1.00 | droughty | 10.70 | \| droughty | 10.70 | wetness | 0.93 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | droughty | 0.70 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 10.42 | small stones | 10.30 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 10.75 | droughty | 10.75 | droughty | 0.75 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 10.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | \| droughty | 10.02 | \| droughty | 10.02 | \| droughty | 0.02 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 10.68 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | slope | 10.68 | \| percs slowly | 0.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | slope | 10.87 | droughty | 10.72 | d droughty | 10.72 | droughty | 10.72 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.87 | high erodibility | 10.80 | large stones | 10.17 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 10.72 | small stones | 10.14 | large stones | 10.17 | large stones | 10.17 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy- | \|Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| moderate erodibility | 0.50 | \| moderate erodibility | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.59 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.98 | moderate erodibility | 0.50 | small stones | 10.04 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0.50 |  | 10.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 1.00 | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | shallow to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| shallow to bedrock | 1.00 | shallow to bedrock | 11.00 | large stones | 10.60 | shallow to bedrock | 1.00 | droughty | \| 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones >35\% (very limited) | 10.99 | large stones >35\% (very limited) | 10.99 | small stones <br> (slightly limited) | 10.08 | large stones <br> (limited) | 10.60 | large stones <br> (limited) | 10.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 1.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.81 | small stones | 10.81 | droughty | 10.57 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| small stones | 1.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 10.57 | droughty | 10.57 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 0.80 | \| droughty | 10.57 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features |  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | ```\|very limited ponded (wetness) (very limited) wetness``` | 1.00 10.55 | \|Very limited $\mid$ ponded (wetness) $\mid$ (very limited) $\mid$ wetness | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 1.00 \\ & \mid \\ & \mid 0.55 \end{aligned}$ | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ seasonally ponded <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> wetness | 10.80 10.55 | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ seasonally ponded <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> wetness | 10.80 10.55 | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ wetness <br> (limited) <br> \| seasonally ponded | 10.85 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly <br> (slightly limited) | 10.13 | percs slowly <br> (slightly limited) | 10.13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |  |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | small stones | 0.60 | small stones | 0.60 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { high erodibility } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | high erodibility (limited) | 10.80 | large stones (moderately limited) | 0.40 | large stones (moderately limited) | 0.40 | large stones (moderately limited) | 0.40 |
|  | slope | 10.79 | slope | 10.79 | small stones | 0.14 | depth to bedrock | 0.32 | depth to bedrock | 0.32 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | \|1.00 | \| small stones | 10.42 | \| small stones | 0.30 | wetness | 0.45 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 0.28 | wetness | 0.28 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.63 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood----- | \|Very limited droughty | 1.00 | \|Very limited small stones | 11.00 | \|Moderately limited small stones | 0.42 | \|Moderately limited depth to bedrock | 0.46 | \|Moderately limited wetness | 0.51 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 1.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 0.36 | wetness | 0.36 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | droughty | 0.31 | droughty | 0.31 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and limiting features |  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73227: |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | $\mid$ Very limited <br> $\mid$ small stones <br> $\mid$ (very limited) <br> $\mid$ slope <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ high erodibility <br> (limited) | 1.00 10.91 0.80 | \|Very limited <br> small stones <br> (very limited) <br> slope <br> (limited) <br> high erodibility <br> (limited) | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 1.00 \\ & \mid 0.91 \\ & \mid 0.80 \end{aligned}$ | Moderately limited <br> small stones <br> (moderately limited) <br> wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 0.42 0.28 | \|Slightly limited small stones (slightly limited) wetness (slightly limited) | 0.30 0.28 | \|Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) | 10.45 |
| Gatewood- | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { small stones } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | \|Very limited small stones (very limited) | 11.00 | \|Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) | 0.51 | \|Moderately limited small stones (moderately limited) | 0.45 | \|Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) | 10.51 |
|  | \| droughty ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ (very limited) | 11.00 | slope <br> (limited) | 10.91 | wetness <br> (moderately limited) | 0.36 | wetness <br> (moderately limited) | 0.36 | depth to bedrock (slightly limited) | 10.13 |
|  | slope <br> (limited) | 10.91 | high erodibility <br> (limited) | 10.80 |  |  | depth to bedrock (slightly limited) | 0.13 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230: |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone---- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 | \| droughty | 1.00 | droughty | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones >35\% <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | large stones >35\% <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | large stones (limited) | 0.76 | large stones (limited) | 0.76 | large stones (limited) | 10.76 |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 1.00 | droughty | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.83 | large stones | 10.83 | large stones | 0.48 | large stones | 0.48 | large stones | 10.48 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 0.10 | depth to bedrock | 0.32 | depth to bedrock | 10.32 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | \| small stones | 1.00 | wetness | 10.51 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | wetness | 0.36 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 0.31 | wetness | 0.36 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for <br> \| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | Value <br> \| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.59 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234 : |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | large stones >35\% | 10.99 | large stones | 10.60 | large stones | 10.60 | large stones | 10.60 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | large stones $>35 \%$ | 10.99 | high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 10.10 | droughty | 10.02 | droughty | 10.02 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 10.60 | droughty | 10.02 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 1.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.51 | small stones | 10.45 | wetness | 10.51 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 1.00 | slope | 10.91 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | depth to bedrock | 10.13 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.91 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  | depth to bedrock | 10.13 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| droughty | 10.70 | \| droughty | 10.70 | wetness | 10.93 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  | 10.58 |  | 10.58 |  | 10.70 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 10.73 |  | 10.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 1.00 | \| small stones | \|1.00 | small stones | 10.67 | small stones | 10.67 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.47 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Grain and seed crops (for } \\ & \text { use as food and cover) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | \| Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | \|value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| moderate erodibility | 0.50 |  | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti- |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 1.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.56 | wetness | 10.56 | wetness | 0.88 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.91 | wetness | 10.56 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.56 | moderate erodibility |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |
| 73243 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73245: } \\ & \text { Alred- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.42 | small stones | 10.30 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) $\mid$ |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.87 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73246: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 1.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.60 | small stones | 0.60 |  |  |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.87 | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Alred- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| small stones | 1.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.89 | small stones | 0.90 | \| droughty | 10.02 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 10.02 | droughty | 0.02 |  | \| |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 10.60 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Map symbol and soil name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Grain and seed crops (for } \\ & \text { \| use as food and cover) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features |  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73248: <br> Alred | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.77 | small stones | 10.77 | droughty | 10.02 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 0.02 | droughty | 0.02 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | percs slowly | 10.70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 0.60 | small stones | 0.60 | depth to bedrock | 0.58 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 1.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 0.45 |  | 0.58 | droughty | 0.45 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | depth to bedrock | 0.58 | wetness | 10.28 | droughty | 0.45 | wetness | 0.45 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | small stones | 10.77 | small stones | 0.77 | \| droughty | 0.02 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 0.02 | droughty | 0.02 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 0.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| small stones | 1.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 0.42 | small stones | 0.30 | wetness | 0.45 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 0.28 | wetness | 0.28 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.63 | slope | 0.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------ | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | small stones | 10.67 | small stones | 0.67 | wetness | 0.45 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | wetness | 0.28 | wetness | 0.28 | depth to bedrock | 0.13 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.91 | slope | 10.91 |  |  | depth to bedrock | 0.13 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Grain and seed crops (for } \\ & \text { \| use as food and cover) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features |  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: Taterhill | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Moderately limited } \\ & \text { \| moderate erodibility } \mid \\ & \text { \| (moderately limited) } \mid \end{aligned}$ | 0.50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Moderately limited } \\ & \text { \| moderate erodibility } \\ & \text { \| (moderately limited) } \end{aligned}$ | $0.50$ | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| (very limited) | 1.00 | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | small stones (limited) |  | droughty <br> (moderately limited) | 0.57 |
|  | small stones (very limited) | 1.00 | high erodibility (limited) | $10.80$ | droughty <br> (moderately limited) | 0.57 | droughty (moderately limited) | 0.57 |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 10.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | percs slowly | 1.00 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 |  | 0.44 |  | 0.44 | \| wetness | 0.59 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 0.11 | droughty | 0.10 | droughty | 0.10 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | slope | 10.60 | droughty | 0.10 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73298:$Tonti |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 1.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | wetness | 0.44 | wetness | 0.44 | wetness | 0.59 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.90 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 10.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 1.00 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 | wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 0.55 | wetness | 0.85 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.98 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  | depth to bedrock | 0.18 | depth to bedrock | 0.18 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 10.55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline \mid \text { Value } \mid \end{array}$ | Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73310: | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 10.67 | small stones | 10.67 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten |  |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | \|1.00 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 | droughty | 10.70 | \| droughty | 10.70 | wetness | 0.93 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 0.58 | wetness | 0.58 | droughty | 0.70 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 10.73 | small stones | 0.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 0.60 | \| small stones | 0.60 | depth to bedrock | 0.58 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 0.45 | depth to bedrock | 0.58 | droughty | 0.45 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | depth to bedrock | 10.58 | wetness | 10.28 | droughty | 0.45 | wetness | 0.45 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | droughty | 10.57 | \| droughty | 0.57 | droughty | 0.57 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | small stones | 0.56 | small stones | 0.54 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 10.57 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | 10.73 | \| small stones | 0.73 | droughty | 0.08 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | droughty | 0.08 | droughty | 0.08 |  |  |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | percs slowly | 0.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73312:$Bendavi | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \text { Limited } \\ \mid \end{array}\right. \\ \text { droughty } \\ \text { (limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.95 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Limited } \\ & \mid \text { high erodibility } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Slightly limited } \\ & \text { \| wetness } \\ & \text { (slightly limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|0.28 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Slightly limited } \\ & \text { \| wetness } \\ & \text { \| (slightly limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.28 | Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) | 0.45 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { high erodibility } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.33 | small stones <br> (slightly limited) | 10.04 | depth to bedrock (slightly limited) | 10.27 | depth to bedrock (slightly limited) | 0.27 |
|  | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.33 | wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti- | \|Very limited percs slowly | 1.00 | \|Very limited percs slowly | 1.00 | \|Moderately limited wetness | 0.44 | \|Moderately limited wetness |  | Moderately limited wetness | 0.59 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.90 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 10.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Not limited | 0.00 | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 0.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| small stones | 10.81 | small stones | 10.81 | large stones | 10.19 | depth to bedrock | 0.32 | depth to bedrock | 0.32 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { high erodibility } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { high erodibility } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | small stones <br> (slightly limited) | \|0.17 | large stones (slightly limited) | 10.19 | large stones <br> (slightly limited) | 0.19 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { droughty } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { droughty } \\ & \mid \text { (very limited) }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { droughty } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { droughty } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | \|1.00 | shallow to bedrock (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  | shallow to bedrock | 11.00 | shallow to bedrock | \| 1.00 | small stones | 10.25 | shallow to bedrock | \|1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | large stones | 10.11 | large stones | 10.11 | large stones | 0.11 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Grain and seed crops (for } \\ & \text { \| use as food and cover) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73321: } \\ & \text { Alred- } \end{aligned}$ | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { droughty } \\ & \text { (limited) }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 0.87 | small stones (limited) | 10.82 | small stones <br> (slightly limited) | 0.17 |  |  |  |  |
|  | small stones | 10.82 | moderate erodibility | 0.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | moderate erodibility | 0.50 | percs slowly \|o | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 0.42 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 | wetness | 0.51 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | moderate erodibility | 0.50 | wetness | 0.36 | wetness | 0.36 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| moderate erodibility| | 0.50 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | droughty | 0.31 | droughty | 0.31 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | \| small stones | 0.24 | \| small stones | 0.01 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 0.87 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 |  | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | 0.42 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 | wetness | 0.51 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | high erodibility | 10.80 | wetness | 0.36 | wetness | 0.36 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| high erodibility | 10.80 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | droughty | 0.31 | droughty | 0.31 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74626: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tanglenook--- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness ${ }^{\text {(very limited) }}$ |  | \| wetness |  | \| wetness ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ (very limited) |  | wetness <br> (very limited) |  | wetness <br> (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.39 | percs slowly | 10.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \| Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | Value <br> \| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 74648: | ! |  |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aslinger------ | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Limited } \\ & \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \text { high erodibility } \\ \text { (limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{aligned}$ | 10.80 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Limited } \\ & \mid \text { high erodibility } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | $10.80$ | \|Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) | 10.44 | Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) | 10.44 | \|Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) | 10.59 |
|  | droughty | 10.49 | wetness | 10.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | wetness | 10.44 | percs slowly | 10.26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni-------- | \|Slightly limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| droughty | 10.26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.86 | percs slowly | 10.86 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74679 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Higdon- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.60 | \| wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.99 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.81 | \| wetness | 10.81 | \| wetness | 10.81 | wetness | 10.81 | \| wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | high erodibility | 10.80 | high erodibility | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74690 : |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 1.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.13 | percs slowly | 10.13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket---- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Grain and seed crops (for\| use as food and cover) |  | Domestic grasses and legumes (for use as food and cover) |  | Upland wild herbaceous plants |  | Upland shrubs and vines |  | Upland deciduous trees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and <br> limiting features |  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 75390: | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | Not 1mited |  | Not 1imited |  | Not 1imited |  | \|Not 1imited |  | Not 1imited |  |
| 75391:Possumtrot |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | $\|$flooding <br> (moderately limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> droughty <br> (slightly limited) | 10.60 10.02 | flooding (moderately limited) | 10.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 10.55 | small stones | 10.55 | small stones | 10.10 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur | \|Limited |  | \| Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman- | \|Very limited |  | \| Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | flooding | 10.90 | droughty | 10.62 | \| droughty | 10.62 | droughty | 0.62 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.90 | droughty | 10.62 | too sandy | 10.50 | too sandy | 0.50 |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | too sandy | 10.50 | too sandy | 10.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| droughty | \|1.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | small stones | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | small stones | 10.56 | small stones | 0.53 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75408: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh------- | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| droughty | 10.70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, andtrees |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | \|1.00 |  |  | \| deep to water | \|1.00 | seepage | 0.42 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  |  | \| | infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | , | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.79 | infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  | deep to water | 10.37 | seepage | 0.36 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  |  |  | deep to water | 10.37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater---- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | d deep to water | 11.00 | \| seepage | 0.45 |
|  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) | |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | deep to water | \|1.00 | seepage | 0.45 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  | slope \|o | 0.31 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seasonally ponded | 0.80 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051:Winnipeg |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 1.00 |  |  | deep to water | \|1.00 | \| seepage | 10.45 |
|  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | \| | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, and $\mid$\|rees |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | \| Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 73068: } \\ \text { Tick- } \end{gathered}$ | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited | \| | | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | deep to water | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  | seepage | 10.07 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73069 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 | small stones | 10.94 | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| small stones | 10.94 |  |  |  |  | seepage | 10.07 |
|  |  |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| | |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| | |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.93 | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 | droughty | 10.70 |  | 10.32 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.70 |  | 10.32 |  | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) $\mid$ |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| small stones | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.75 | \| deep to water | \|1.00 | droughty | 10.75 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  | seepage | 10.45 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.02 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | droughty | 10.02 | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley------ | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.72 | \| deep to water | \|1.00 | \| droughty | 10.72 | \| deep to water | 1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.46 | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 | large stones | 10.17 |  |  | seepage | 10.33 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| large stones | 10.17 | large stones | 10.17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, and $\mid$trees |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | \|1.00 |  |  | \| deep to water | 1.00 | seepage | 10.48 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.59 | infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  | deep to water | 0.45 | slope | 0.31 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | deep to water | 10.45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shallow to bedrock | 1.00 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | \| droughty | 1.00 | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 1.00 | infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  | 10.61 |  |  |  | 0.45 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| large stones | 10.61 |  | 10.61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop-- | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.57 | deep to water | 11.00 | small stones | 10.81 | deep to water | 1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 0.81 | droughty | 10.57 |  |  | seepage | 0.33 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb----- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { wetness } \\ & \text { (limited) }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 10.85 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { seasonally ponded } \\ & \text { (limited) }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 10.80 | seasonally ponded (limited) | 10.80 | seasonally ponded <br> (limited) | 0.80 | seasonally ponded <br> (limited) | 10.80 |
|  | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  | deep to water | 0.35 | seepage | 10.18 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 10.35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| | |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, and| | trees | |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 73248: \\ & \text { Bendav } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.58 | infrequent flooding | 0.80 | small stones | 10.60 | deep to water | 0.61 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.45 | deep to water | 10.61 | droughty | 10.45 |  |  | seepage | 10.45 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.45 | small stones | 0.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | \|Slightly limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.02 | \| deep to water | \|1.00 | small stones | 10.77 | deep to water | 1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 | droughty | 10.02 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| small stones | 10.77 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.45 | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 | small stones | 10.30 | deep to water | 10.61 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 10.61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 10.45 | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 | \| small stones | 10.67 | deep to water | 10.61 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.13 | \| small stones | 10.67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 10.61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: | \| |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill---- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | deep to water | 11.00 | seepage | 10.48 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.31 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, and $\mid$\|rees |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \| Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | \|Value | \| Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \\ & \mid \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73303 : |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.59 | deep to water | 10.45 |  |  | deep to water | 10.45 | slope | 10.31 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove--- | \|Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 10.31 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove---- | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73308: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf----- | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| seasonally ponded | 10.80 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | deep to water | 11.00 | seasonally ponded | 0.80 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| seasonally ponded | 10.80 |  |  | seasonally ponded | 10.80 | seepage | 10.45 |
|  | \| |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73309 : |  |  |  | $\mid 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville--- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.01 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | small stones | 10.73 | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 10.73 | droughty | 10.01 |  |  | seepage | 10.42 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----- |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mid$ Limited |  |  |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.45 | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 | small stones | 10.67 | \| deep to water | 10.61 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.13 | small stones | 10.67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 硡 |  | \| deep to water | 10.61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | $\mid$ Riparian shrubs, vines, andtrees |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ wetness <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> droughty <br> $\mid$ <br> (limited) | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 0.93 \\ & \mid 0.70 \end{aligned}$ | \|Limited <br> \| infrequent flooding <br> (limited) <br> \| deep to water <br> \| (moderately limited) <br> \| small stones <br> \| (slightly limited) | 10.80 10.32 10.30 | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ droughty <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> small stones <br> (slightly limited) | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 0.70 \\ & \mid 0.30 \end{aligned}$ | \|Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) | 10.32 | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ <br> slope <br> (limited) | 10.66 |
| Bendavis- | \|Moderately limited wetness (moderately limited) depth to bedrock (slightly limited) | 10.45 10.27 | $\mid$ Limited <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ infrequent flooding <br> (limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> deep to water <br> $\mid$ <br> (limited) | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0.80 \\ & 0.61\end{aligned}\right.$ | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Limited deep to water (limited) | 10.61 | $\mid$ Limited $\mid$ slope $\mid$ (limited) $\mid$ seepage $\mid$ (moderately limited) | 10.66 10.54 |
| Poynor- | \|Not limited | $10.00$ | \|Very limited <br> \| deep to water <br> \| (very limited) <br> \| infrequent flooding <br> \| (limited) <br> \| small stones <br> \| (limited) | 1.00 10.80 10.67 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Limited } \\ & \mid \text { small stones } \\ & \mid \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.67 | \|Very limited deep to water (very limited) | \|1.00 | $\mid$ \|Moderately limited <br> $\mid$ <br> \| seepage <br> (moderately limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> slope <br> $\mid$ <br> (moderately limited) | 10.36 0.31 |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- <br> Bendavis | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\|$wetness <br> $\mid$ <br> (limited) <br> droughty <br> $\mid$ <br> (limited) | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 0.93 \\ & \mid 0.70 \end{aligned}$ | infrequent flooding <br> (limited) <br> deep to water (moderately limited) | 10.80 10.32 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { droughty } \\ & \text { (limited) }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 10.70 | deep to water <br> (moderately limited) | 0.32 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 |
|  | $\mid$ Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | depth to bedrock (moderately limited) | 10.58 | infrequent flooding <br> (limited) | 10.80 | small stones (moderately limited) | 10.60 | deep to water (limited) | 0.61 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 1.00 |
|  | droughty <br> (moderately limited) | 10.45 | deep to water (limited) | 10.61 | droughty <br> (moderately limited) | 10.45 |  |  | seepage <br> (moderately limited) | 10.45 |
|  | wetness <br> (moderately limited) | 10.45 | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- | \|Moderately limited droughty | 10.57 | \|Very limited | \|1.00 | \|Moderately limited droughty | 10.57 | \| Very limited | \|1.00 | \|Very limited <br> slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | $\mid$ infrequent flooding <br> $\mid$ <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> $\mid$ <br> small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.80 10.54 | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.54 |  |  | seepage <br> (moderately limited) | 10.36 |


| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, and| | trees | |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73312: } \\ & \text { Alred- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.08 | deep to water | 11.00 | small stones | 0.73 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 10.66 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 0.80 | droughty | 0.08 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | small stones | 10.73 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.45 | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  | deep to water | 10.61 | slope | 10.66 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | deep to water | 10.61 |  |  |  |  | seepage | 10.54 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti--------- | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mid \text { Moderately limited } \\ \mid \\ \text { wetness } \\ \text { (moderately limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.59 | \|Limited <br> infrequent flooding | $10.80$ | \| Not limited | 10.00 | Moderately limited deep to water (moderately limited) | 0.45 | Moderately limited slope | 10.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 10.45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited | 1.00 | \|Moderately limited | \| |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 11.00 |  |  | deep to water |  |  | 10.48 |
|  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| infrequent flooding | 10.80 |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.31 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73318: } \\ & \text { Bender- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.32 | infrequent flooding | 10.80 | large stones | 0.19 |  |  | seepage | 10.89 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.19 | large stones | 10.19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | 1.00 | Very limited |  |
|  | \| shallow to bedrock | \|1.00 | \| deep to water | 11.00 | \| droughty | 1.00 | deep to water |  | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | infrequent flooding | 10.80 | large stones | 0.11 |  |  | seepage | 10.45 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.11 | large stones | 10.11 | small stones | 10.03 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Upland mixed deciduousconifer trees |  | \|Riparian herbaceous plants |  | \|Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees |  | Freshwater wetland plants |  | Irrigated freshwater wetland plants |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318 : |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated | \| | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred---------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| deep to water | 1.00 |  |  | deep to water | 11.00 | slope | 0.66 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.51 | infrequent flooding | 0.80 | droughty | 10.31 | deep to water | 0.53 | slope | 10.66 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.46 |  | 0.53 |  | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.31 | small stones | 0.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | deep to water | 1.00 | small stones | 10.01 | deep to water | 11.00 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | infrequent flooding | 0.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness <br> \| (moderately limited) | 10.51 | \| infrequent flooding <br> (limited) | 0.80 | droughty <br> (moderately limited) | 10.31 | deep to water (moderately limited) | 0.53 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) | 10.46 | deep to water | 10.53 | (moderately limited) small stones | 10.30 | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | droughty | 10.31 | small stones | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 74626: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tanglenook----- | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | \| |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued


Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued



Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued


Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| ponded | 11.00 | ponded | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | \|1.00 | low strength | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.85 | wetness | \|1.00 | wetness | 10.49 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 | wetness | 0.49 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | wetness | 0.49 |  | , |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone |  |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| small stones | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | 11.00 |  | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.76 |  | 11.00 | large stones | 10.76 |  | 0.76 |  | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.46 |  | 10.76 |  | 0.46 |  | 0.46 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | low strength | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | slope | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.85 | slope | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | slope | 0.04 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.45 | slope | 10.45 |  |  | slope | 0.04 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 | shrink-swell | \|1.00 | low strength | 1.00 | \| small stones | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.53 | wetness | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | shrink-swell | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.51 | shrink-swell | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 0.53 | depth to bedrock | 0.53 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.59 | wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | small stones | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.53 | slope | 10.15 |  |  | wetness | 0.28 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | low strength | \|1.00 | \| large stones >30\% | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | shrink-swell | 10.62 |  | \|1.00 |  | 11.00 |  | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.01 |  | 10.01 |  | 10.01 |  | 11.00 |  | 0.55 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| low strength | 11.00 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | shrink-swell | \| 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | small stones | \| 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.51 | shrink-swell | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.25 | shrink-swell | 11.00 | wetness | 10.13 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | wetness | 10.93 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| slope | 10.68 | wetness | 0.56 | \| small stones | 10.73 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.04 | wetness | 0.56 |  |  | droughty | 10.70 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wetness | 0.56 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| shrink-swell | 10.14 | slope | 10.45 |  |  | small stones | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242:Fanchon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.15 | low strength | \|1.00 | too acid | 0.24 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73248:Bendavi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 0.76 | \| hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 10.63 | \| small stones | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 0.59 | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.59 | depth to bedrock | 0.59 | slope | 0.63 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.45 | slope | 10.76 |  |  |  |  | depth to bedrock | 0.58 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | shrink-swell | 10.62 |  | 11.00 |  | 11.00 |  | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones <br> (slightly limited) | 0.01 | large stones <br> (slightly limited) | 10.01 | large stones <br> (slightly limited) | 10.01 | shrink-swell <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 0.12 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| low strength | 11.00 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | wetness | 11.00 | shrink-swell | \|1.00 | slope | \|1.00 | small stones | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) | $1$ | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 0.45 | shrink-swell | 10.71 |  |  | shrink-swell | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  |  | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 0.45 | slope | \| 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.25 |  | 10.25 |  | 1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.25 | wetness | 11.00 |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.30 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.15 | \| low strength | \|1.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.14 |  |  |  |  | small stones | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 0.57 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.59 | slope | 11.00 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | small stones | 0.57 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 0.01 | shrink-swell | 10.05 | large stones | 0.01 | large stones | 0.01 | wetness | 0.28 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73298: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.59 | wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | \| too acid | 0.30 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.04 | slope | 10.15 |  |  | wetness | 0.28 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek- |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.85 | hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.49 | wetness | 10.49 | wetness | 0.49 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.33 | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.33 | depth to bedrock | 10.33 | depth to bedrock | 0.18 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.15 |  |  | too acid | 0.18 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | \| slope | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | small stones | 0.33 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.45 |  |  | too acid | 0.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.30 | slope | 10.45 | low strength | 11.00 | too acid | 0.36 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | ( (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73303: | \|Moderately limited <br> wetness | 10.59 | \|Very limited <br> wetness | \|1.00 | \|Moderately limited <br> shrink-swell | 10.45 | \|Moderately limited <br> shrink-swell | 10.45 | Slightly limited wetness | 10.28 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove---- | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | \| shrink-swell | 0.45 | \| small stones | 0.12 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove----- | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 0.45 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.15 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73308 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | ponded | 11.00 | ponded | \|1.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | low strength (very limited) | 11.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73309: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | small stones | \| 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.18 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.45 | slope | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.25 | depth to bedrock | 10.25 | small stones | 1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.25 | \| wetness | \|1.00 |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.18 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued


Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73311: Poynor | \| |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
| Poynor | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.76 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 10.63 | small stones | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.14 |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.63 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 10.57 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred--------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited | \| | | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| shrink-swell | 10.81 | \| slope | 10.45 |  |  | \| small stones | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| too acid | 10.42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 10.08 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----- | Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | wetness | 10.45 | hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 | slope | 10.45 | depth to bedrock | 10.42 | small stones | 10.33 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.42 |  | 11.00 |  | 10.42 |  |  |  | 10.30 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | depth to bedrock | 10.27 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | \|Moderately limited wetness |  | \|Very limited <br> wetness |  | \|Slightly limited wetness |  | \|Slightly limited wetness |  | \|Slightly limited <br> \| too acid |  |
|  | wetness <br> (moderately limited) | 10.59 | wetness <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.28 | wetness <br> (slightly limited) | 10.28 | $\mid l$ $\mid$ $\mid$ (slightly limited) | 10.30 |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.04 | slope | 10.15 |  |  | wetness | 10.28 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill---- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.15 | \| low strength | \|1.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.71 | slope | \|1.00 | large stones | 10.71 | large stones | 10.71 | droughty | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | large stones | 10.71 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | large stones >30\% | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318:Moko- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mid \\ \mid \text { hard bedrock <20" } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \text { hard bedrock <40" } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | \|1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c} \text { hard bedrock <20" } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c} \text { hard bedrock <20" } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | 11.00 | shallow to bedrock (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | large stones | 10.90 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones (limited) | 10.90 | large stones (limited) | 10.90 | large stones (limited) | 10.90 | low strength <br> (slightly limited) | 10.22 | small stones (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| shrink-swell | 10.50 | slope | 10.45 |  |  | small stones | 0.82 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | low strength | 1.00 | small stones | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.53 | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.53 | shrink-swell | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 0.46 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.51 | shrink-swell | 11.00 | slope | 10.45 | depth to bedrock | 10.53 | droughty | 0.31 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.76 | \| slope | 10.76 | \| slope | \|1.00 | slope | 10.63 | small stones | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | shrink-swell | 10.50 |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.63 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 11.00 | hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| low strength | 11.00 | \| small stones | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.76 | \| wetness | 11.00 |  | 11.00 |  | 11.00 | slope | 0.63 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.53 | shrink-swell | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.53 | slope | 10.63 |  | 0.46 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ \|Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 74690 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau-- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { wetness } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { flooding } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { flooding } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { low strength } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Very limited } \\ & \mid \text { wetness } \\ & \mid \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|1.00 |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.45 | shrink-swell | 10.37 | shrink-swell | 10.45 | flooding (rare) | 10.90 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket--- |  |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | \| low strength (very limited) | 11.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding (rare) | 10.90 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75390: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | \| 1.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | \|1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { flooding (rare) } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.90 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot---- |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 10.60 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid (moderately limited) | $\mid 0.54$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding (rare) | 10.90 | droughty | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | small stones | 10.55 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | 11.00 | flooding (very limited) | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \mid \text { flooding } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 10.62 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Dwellings without basements| |  | Dwellings with basements |  | \|Small commercial buildings |  | Local roads and streets |  | Lawns and landscaping |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 75396: } \\ & \text { Relfe- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\mid 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) | \| | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  | droughty | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  | 1 | small stones | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75408 : |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | \| | | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | $\mid$ flooding <br> $\mid$ | 11.00 | flooding <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | flooding (very limited) | \|1.00 | flooding (rare) <br> (limited) | 0.90 | large stones <br> (slightly limited) | 0.01 |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75417: |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | $\mid$ \| | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 | \| flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  | droughty | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | small stones | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | \| | | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75418: |  | $\mid$ \| |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk- | \|Very limited |  | Very limited | \| 01 | Very limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 |  | 0.90 |  | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | droughty | 0.34 |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | large stones | 0.01 |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75420: |  | \| |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited | \| | | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 0.60 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)


Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: Winnipeg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Slightly limited } \\ & \text { percs slowly } \\ & \text { (slightly limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|0.25 | \|Moderately limited seepage (moderately limited) | 10.50 | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Limited } \\ & \mid \text { too clayey } \\ & \mid \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.76 | Not limited | 0.00 | Moderately limited too clayey (moderately limited) | 10.54 |
| $\begin{gathered} 73068: \\ \text { Tick- } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { percs slowly } \\ & \text { ( } \\ & \text { (limited) }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 10.99 | slope <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | too clayey ${ }^{\text {(very }}$ limited) | \|1.00 | slope <br> (limited) | 0.63 | too clayey (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | slope | 10.63 |  |  | slope | 10.63 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.48 |  |  | slope | 10.63 |
|  | \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 73069: \\ \text { Tick- } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.99 |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.48 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73073: } \\ & \text { Scholten } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | wetness | 0.96 | small stones >35\% | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | seepage | 11.00 | too clayey | 10.88 | seepage | 0.68 | too clayey | 10.76 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.63 | wetness | 10.74 | seepage | 10.73 | slope | 0.63 | slope | 10.63 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor------- | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.63 | slope | 11.00 | too clayey | \|1.00 | seepage | 0.75 | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.25 | seepage | 11.00 | slope | 10.63 | slope | 0.63 | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | (sigh |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | slope | 10.63 |
|  | \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 73080: \\ & \text { Alred- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | seepage | 10.08 | too clayey | 1.00 |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.00 | large stones | 10.04 |  |  |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley-- |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | \| 1.00 | | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | ( very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| slope | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.52 | seepage | 10.02 | too clayey | 11.00 |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not limited | 0.00 |  |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | seepage | 10.98 | \| too clayey | 1.00 |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 | too acid | 10.06 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.06 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton-------- | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 1.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| too clayey | 11.00 | wetness | 0.80 | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 1.00 | seepage | 10.50 |  | 10.99 |  |  |  | 10.51 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 | too acid | 10.48 |  |  | wetness \|or | 10.50 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.99 | slope | \| 1.00 | slope | 10.04 | slope | 0.04 | large stones | 10.99 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| slope | 0.04 | large stones | 10.81 |  |  |  |  | small stones | 10.50 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | ( (imited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | $\mid$ \|Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| too clayey | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.52 | seepage | 10.50 | slope | 11.00 |  |  | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.36 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 0.93 | wetness | 0.57 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.71 | seepage | 10.32 | too acid | 10.48 |  |  | too acid | 0.48 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone----- |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | \| slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | seepage | \|1.00 | seepage | 10.67 | seepage | 0.75 | small stones | 10.87 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | seepage | 0.09 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender-------- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.76 | seepage | 11.00 | seepage | 10.96 | seepage | 0.97 | seepage | 0.99 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | wetness | 0.61 | \| too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.93 | slope | 11.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 0.25 | small stones | 0.83 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.42 | seepage | 10.50 | wetness | 10.79 | slope | 0.04 | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued


Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 73230: | ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | \|1.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | too clayey | \|1.00 | wetness | 0.69 |  | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | Limited |  |  |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 10.99 | wetness | 0.80 | small stones >35\% | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.93 |  | 10.50 | too clayey | 10.31 |  |  | wetness | 10.50 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 |  | 10.30 |  |  |  | 10.30 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 |  | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | \|1.00 |  |  |  | 11.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.01 |  | 10.08 |  |  |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | wetness | 0.69 | too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | \|1.00 | wetness | 0.96 | small stones >35\% | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | slope | 10.91 | too clayey | 10.88 |  |  | too clayey | 10.76 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| |  | ) seepage | 10.68 | too acid | 10.48 |  |  | wetness | 10.59 |
|  |  |  | ( ${ }^{\text {imited) }}$ |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) $\mid$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued


Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 73246: } \\ \text { Alred- } \end{gathered}$ | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | slope | \|1.00 | too clayey | \|1.00 | slope | 0.63 | too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.63 | seepage | 10.50 | slope | 10.63 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.93 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | 11.00 |  |  | too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73248: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.97 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 | slope | 0.63 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.63 | seepage | 10.50 | slope | 10.63 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| large stones | 10.01 |  | 10.08 |  |  |  |  |  | 10.63 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis- |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | wetness | 10.79 | slope | 10.63 | small stones > $35 \%$ | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.63 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | slope | 10.63 | wetness | 10.61 | slope | 10.63 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | 11.00 |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.01 |  | 10.08 |  |  |  | \| | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| $\begin{array}{r} 73249: \\ \text { Ocie- } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | \| 1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | wetness | 0.61 | too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | \|1.00 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 0.25 | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis |  |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | \| 1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | wetness | 10.79 | wetness | 0.61 | small stones $>35 \%$ | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill |  |  |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 |  |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.20 | \| seepage | 10.92 | \| too acid | 10.30 |  |  | \| too acid | 10.30 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 | too clayey | 10.04 |  |  | small stones | 0.07 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.25 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | 0.88 |  |  | too clayey | 0.76 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.36 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------ | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | too clayey | 1.00 | wetness | 0.80 | too clayey | 0.99 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | seepage | 10.50 | wetness | 10.99 |  |  | small stones | 0.80 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73298: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 10.99 | wetness | 10.80 | small stones | 0.98 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | 10.96 |  |  | too clayey | 0.91 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 | too acid | 10.54 |  |  | too acid | 0.54 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | percs slowly | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | wetness | 10.93 | wetness | 0.57 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | seepage | 10.68 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia- | ```Moderately limited percs slowly (moderately limited)``` |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  | 10.45 | slope | 10.66 | too clayey | 11.00 |  |  | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | seepage | 10.32 | too acid | 10.54 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.54 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73301:Tick- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Limited percs slowly (limited) |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  | 10.99 | slope | 10.66 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 |  |  | \| too clayey | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.48 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73303: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | Limited |  |
|  |  | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.99 | wetness | 10.80 | too clayey | 0.76 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.98 | \| slope | 10.31 | too clayey | 10.88 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| seepage | 10.08 | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | wetness | 0.50 |
|  | \| | |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73303: Egyptgrove---- | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
| Egyptgrove---- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| percs slowly } \\ & \mid \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.98 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \text { slope } \\ \text { (moderately limited) } \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | 10.31 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { too clayey } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 1.00 |  |  | too clayey (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  |  |  | seepage | 10.08 | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove---- | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.98 | slope | 10.31 | too clayey | 1.00 |  |  | too clayey | \| 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | seepage | 10.08 | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | small stones | 10.89 |
|  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73308: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf----- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.25 | seepage | 10.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73309:Clarksville |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \| 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.52 | seepage | 10.32 | too clayey | 10.90 |  |  | small stones | 10.83 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | too clayey | 10.79 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | wetness | 10.79 | wetness | 0.61 | small stones >35\% | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholte | $\mid$ Very limited <br> $\mid$ wetness <br> $\mid$ (very limited) <br> \| percs slowly <br> \| (very limited) | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 1.00 \\ & \mid 1.00 \end{aligned}$ | \|Very limited wetness (very limited) seepage <br> (limited) slope (limited) | 1.00 10.68 10.66 | $\mid$ Very limited <br> $\mid$ wetness <br> $\mid$ (very limited) <br> $\mid$ too clayey <br> $\mid$ (limited) <br> $\mid$ too acid <br> $\mid$ (moderately limited) | $\begin{aligned} & \mid 1.00 \\ & \mid 0.88 \\ & \mid 0.48 \end{aligned}$ | \|Limited wetness (limited) | 0.96 | \|Very limited <br> small stones $>35 \%$ <br> (very limited) <br> too clayey <br> (limited) <br> wetness <br> (moderately limited) | \|1.00 ${ }^{1} 0.76$ |
| Bendavis- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\|$depth to bedrock <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | wetness <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | $\|$depth to bedrock <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 1.00 | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | wetness | 0.79 | wetness | 0.61 | small stones | 0.82 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { percs slowly } \\ \text { (slightly limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.10 | seepage <br> (limited) | 10.92 | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 10.30 |  |  | wetness <br> (moderately limited) | 10.40 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor |  |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.45 | seepage | 10.82 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 |  |  | \| too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 | too acid | 0.42 |  |  | small stones | 10.96 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 0.96 | ( small stones >35\% | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 |  | 11.00 |  | 10.88 |  | 0.63 |  | 10.76 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.63 | seepage | 10.68 | slope | 10.63 |  |  |  | 10.63 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 10.79 | slope | 0.63 | small stones >35\% | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.63 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | 10.63 | wetness | 0.61 | slope | 10.63 |
|  | (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
| 73311: <br> Poynor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.63 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| too clayey | 11.00 | slope | 0.63 | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.45 | seepage | 10.50 | slope | 10.63 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | slope | 0.63 |
|  | \| | |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73312 \text { : }$Alred- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | slope | 10.66 | \| too clayey | 11.00 |  |  | \| too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | seepage | 10.50 | \| too acid | 10.30 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | \| |  | \| (moderately limited) | |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.30 |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | \| 1.00 | | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.79 | wetness | 0.61 | small stones | 0.85 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.10 |  | 10.92 |  | 10.30 |  |  |  | 0.40 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | \|Very limited |  | \| Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 1.00 | \| wetness | \| 1.00 | \| wetness | 10.99 | wetness | 0.80 | small stones | 10.99 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 11.00 | seepage | 10.50 | \| too clayey | 10.96 |  |  |  | 10.91 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| | |  | slope | 10.31 | too acid | 10.54 |  |  | hard to pack | 0.70 |
|  | \| | |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill----- |  |  | Limited |  |  |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 |  |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.20 | \| seepage | 10.92 | \| too acid | 10.30 |  |  | small stones | 0.34 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.31 | \| too clayey | 10.04 |  |  | too acid | 10.30 |
|  | \| | |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \mid \text { Value } \mid \end{array}$ | Rating class and limiting features | $\begin{array}{l\|} \mid \\ \mid \text { Value } \mid \end{array}$ | Rating class and <br> limiting features | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mid \text { Value } \mid \end{array}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|value | Rating class and limiting features | \|value |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.71 | seepage | \|1.00 | seepage | 10.96 | seepage | 0.97 | seepage | 10.99 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock <br> \| (very limited) | \|1.00 | \| depth to bedrock <br> \| (very limited) | 11.00 | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | large stones | 10.83 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| large stones | 10.90 | large stones | 10.57 |  |  |  |  | small stones | 10.73 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop-- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 0.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.93 | \| slope | 10.66 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 |  |  | \| too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| seepage | 10.50 |  |  |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | small stones | 10.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| wetness | \|1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | wetness | 0.69 | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | 10.66 |  | 10.89 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.93 | \| slope | \|1.00 | \| too clayey | \|1.00 | slope | 0.63 | \| too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.63 | seepage | 10.50 | slope | 10.63 |  |  | hard to pack | 10.70 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued


Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 74679: } \\ & \text { Higdon } \end{aligned}$ | ry limite |  | \| |  | \|Very limite |  | Limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 10.99 | wetness | 10.60 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | seepage | 0.32 | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | flooding (rare) | 0.60 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (moderately limited) | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681:Lostpond |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 | wetness | 1.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 10.81 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | seepage | 10.68 | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | flooding (rare) | 0.60 | small stones | 10.15 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74690 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.71 |  |  | \| flooding (rare) | 10.60 |  | 0.60 |  |  |
|  | \| (limited) |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| flooding (rare) | 10.60 |  |  |  | 10.04 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket--- | Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| flooding (rare) | 10.60 | \| seepage | 10.50 | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | flooding (rare) | 0.60 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75390: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort | Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | seepage | 11.00 | \| seepage | 10.79 | seepage | 0.75 | seepage | 10.50 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) | |  | (very limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.25 |  |  | \| flooding (rare) | 10.60 |  | 0.60 |  | 10.04 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued


Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 75417: | $\mid$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited | \| | | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | seepage | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | seepage | \|1.00 | seepage | 11.00 | seepage | 11.00 | small stones >35\% | \|1.00 |
|  | \| |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  | too sandy | 10.60 |  |  | too sandy | 10.60 |
|  | \| |  |  | \| | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 11.00 | too sandy | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | ( |  | \| seepage | \|1.00 | too sandy | 1.00 | seepage | 0.75 | seepage | 10.50 |
|  | \| |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  | seepage | 10.67 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75418: | \| |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding (rare) | 10.60 | seepage | 11.00 | seepage | 10.99 | seepage | 0.75 | small stones >35\% | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | ( ${ }^{\text {imited) }}$ |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | flooding (rare) | 10.60 | flooding (rare) | 0.60 |  | 10.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  | too acid | 10.36 |  |  | too acid | 10.36 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75420: |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 1.00 | \| flooding | 1.00 | small stones | 10.11 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.25 \| |  | 10.50 |  | 10.04 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| flooding } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | small stones $>35 \%$ <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  |  |  | seepage | 11.00 | seepage | 1.00 | seepage | 0.75 | seepage | 10.50 |
|  | \| |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  | $\mid 1$ | too acid | 10.36 |  |  | too acid | 10.36 |
|  | \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Septic tank absorption fields |  | Sewage lagoons |  | \|Sanitary landfill (trench) |  | Sanitary landfill (area) |  | Daily cover for landfill |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value| | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75432: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | flooding | 1.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | flooding | \|1.00 | wetness | 1.00 | small stones | 0.53 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.25 | seepage | 10.50 | too clayey | 10.11 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell- | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | flooding | \|1.00 | \| wetness | \|1.00 | flooding | 1.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| flooding | \|1.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | flooding | \|1.00 | wetness | 1.00 | small stones | 0.31 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.45 | seepage | 10.32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75433 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Racket | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | 1.00 | seepage | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.37 | seepage | 11.00 | seepage | 11.00 |  |  | small stones | 0.02 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) | |  | (very limited) |  | ( (very limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.25 |  |  | wetness | 10.19 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99001: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99002: |  |  |  |  |  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| |  |  |
| Borrow areas--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | low strength | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | too acid | 10.12 | cutbanks cave | 0.29 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | \|1.00 | \| excess fines | \|1.00 |  |  | too clayey | 0.06 |
|  |  |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | \|Very limited |  | \| Improbable |  | Improbable |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | \| excess fines | \|1.00 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | wetness | 10.71 | \| wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.71 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | too acid | 10.48 | cutbanks cave | 10.29 |
|  | (limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 10.45 |  |  |  |  | too clayey | 10.33 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater------ | Not limited | 10.00 | Improbable |  | \| Possible |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | \|1.00 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | \| area reclaim | 11.00 | \| cutbanks cave | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.99 | too clayey | 0.55 | too clayey | 0.03 |
|  |  |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme--------- | Not limited | 10.00 | Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | 11.00 | \| excess fines | \| 1.00 | \| small stones | 0.92 | \| cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (thickest layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | \|1.00 |  | 11.00 | too clayey | 10.61 | too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.18 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued


Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \| Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073: Poynor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Possible |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 1.00 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 0.14 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | slope | 10.63 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.42 | slope | 0.63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 1.00 | \| excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | probable source | 10.42 | small stones | 1.00 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.15 |  |  |  |  | large surface stones\| | 0.60 | cutbanks cave | 0.29 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | hard bedrock <40" | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | too clayey | 1.00 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy |  |  | Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Slightly limited |  |  |  |
|  | \| low strength | 0.22 | excess fines | 11.00 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | \| small stones | 10.12 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 10.18 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | area reclaim | 10.08 | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton-------- | \|Moderately limited |  | Improbable |  | Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 10.48 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 1.00 | \| dense layer <20" | 1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.20 |  | \|1.00 |  | 10.25 |  | 11.00 |  | 1.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.68 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | \| | |  |  | $1 \quad \mid$ |  |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73199: } \\ & \text { Moko- } \end{aligned}$ | Very limited |  | Possible |  | \| Probable |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 11.00 | excess fines <br> (thickest layer) | \|1.00 | small stones <br> (thickest layer) | 10.83 | \| depth to bedrock (very limited) | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" (very limited) | \|1.00 |
|  | large stones | 10.99 | excess fines | \|1.00 | small stones | 10.66 | \| small stones | 11.00 | large stones | 10.99 |
|  | (limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | low strength <br> (slightly limited) | 10.22 | small stones (thickest layer) | 10.83 | probable source <br> (thickest layer) | 10.50 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { large stones >25\% } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \|Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | \| cutbanks cave | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.14 | excess fines | 11.00 | probable source | 10.50 | slope | 11.00 | too clayey | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.08 |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.36 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Improbable |  | \| Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | wetness | 10.76 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.76 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | too acid | 10.48 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.45 |  |  |  |  |  | 10.33 |  | 10.29 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone | \|Very limited |  | Probable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.92 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | small stones | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | small stones | 10.30 | small stones | 10.30 | \| large surface stones | 1.00 | too clayey | 10.06 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | \| excess fines | 10.75 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.76 | small stones | 10.60 | small stones | 10.60 | small stones | 11.00 | large stones | 10.76 |
|  | (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | Probable |  | \| Probable |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.71 | small stones | 10.60 | small stones | 10.60 | small stones | 11.00 | large stones | 0.71 |
|  | (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Improbable |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | \|1.00 | \| excess fines | \|1.00 | \| excess fines | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 11.00 |  |  |  |  | too clayey | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- |  |  | Improbable |  | \| Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.53 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | area reclaim | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.48 | excess fines | 11.00 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 10.72 | cutbanks cave | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wetness | 10.48 | too clayey | 10.15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  |  |  |  |  | Very limited |  |  |  |
|  | low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.92 | excess fines | \|1.00 | probable source | 10.42 | small stones | \|1.00 | too clayey | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.62 |  |  |  |  | large stones >25\% | 1.00 | cutbanks cave | 0.29 |
|  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Improbable |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 11.00 |  |  |  |  | depth to bedrock | 0.68 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value| | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  | \| |  | \| |  |  |
| 73236: | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Possible |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.82 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.04 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 10.62 | area reclaim | \|1.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dense layer | \|1.00 | dense layer | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.14 | excess fines | 11.00 | probable source | 10.50 | too acid | 0.36 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242: | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon-------- | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Improbable |  | \| Possible |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | too acid | 10.24 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| |  | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.99 |  |  | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti---------- | \|Limited |  | Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.78 | excess fines | 11.00 |  | 11.00 | \| dense layer <20" | \|1.00 | dense layer <20" | 1.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 0.01 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | wetness | 10.78 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | small stones | 0.50 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73243 : | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill------ | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Not limited | 0.00 | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 |  |  | cutbanks cave | 0.29 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73245: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.50 | excess fines | 11.00 | probable source | 10.50 | too acid | 10.30 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |



Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued


Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued


Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- | \| Limited |  | Improbable |  | Possible |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 10.82 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.04 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 10.62 | area reclaim | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dense layer | 11.00 | dense layer | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | Very limited |  | Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | \|1.00 | hard bedrock <40" | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.12 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.93 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.30 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | Very limited |  | Improbable |  | Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.14 | excess fines | 11.00 | probable source | 10.50 | too acid | 0.36 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | area reclaim | 10.32 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten------- |  |  | \| Improbable |  | Possible |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | wetness | 10.82 | \| excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | small stones | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.04 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.62 | area reclaim | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dense layer | $\mid 1.00$ | dense layer | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis- | Very limited |  | Improbable |  | Possible |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | depth to bedrock | $\mid 1.00$ | hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.12 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | 10.75 | small stones | \|1.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.63 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender |  |  | \|Probable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited | \|1.00 |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| excess fines | \| 1.00 | \| excess fines | 10.75 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 0.75 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.71 | small stones | 10.60 | small stones | 0.60 | small stones | 11.00 | large stones | 0.71 |
|  | (limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko----------- | \|Very limited |  | \| Improbable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 | excess fines | \| 1.00 | small stones | \| 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (bottom layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones | 10.90 |  | \| 1.00 | excess fines <br> (thickest layer) | 0.99 | \| small stones | \|1.00 | large stones | 0.90 |
|  | (limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | low strength | 10.22 | small stones | \| 1.00 | probable source | 0.42 | large stones $>25 \%$ | \|1.00 | cutbanks cave | 0.29 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \| Improbable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | \| 1.00 | excess fines | 1.00 | \| small stones | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.50 | excess fines | \|1.00 | probable source | 0.50 | too acid | 10.30 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- |  |  | \| Improbable |  | Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | excess fines <br> (thickest layer) | 11.00 | excess fines <br> (thickest layer) | 1.00 | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 11.00 | \| hard bedrock <40" | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| excess fines <br> (bottom layer) | \|1.00 | excess fines <br> (bottom layer) | 11.00 | too clayey <br> (very limited) | 1.00 | \| wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 11.00 |  |  | \| |  | small stones <br> (moderately limited) | 10.50 | too clayey (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable |  | \| Probable |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 1.00 | small stones | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | 10.50 | excess fines (bottom layer) | \|1.00 | probable source <br> (thickest layer) | 10.50 | slope <br> (limited) <br> too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 10.63 | too clayey (very limited) | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.30 | slope | 0.63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Roadfill |  | Sand |  | Gravel |  | Topsoil |  | Shallow excavations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value| | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | \| Improbable | \| | Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | hard bedrock <40" | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | shrink-swell | \| 1.00 | |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.63 | too clayey | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74626: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tanglenook----- | \|Very limited |  | Improbable | \| | Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| low strength | \| 1.00 | | \| excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | ( (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | excess fines | \|1.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | too clayey | 0.68 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | cutbanks cave | 10.29 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74648: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aslinger------- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moderately limited } \\ & \mid \text { wetness } \\ & \text { \| (moderately limited) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Improbable |  | Possible |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  |  | 10.48 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.99 | \| dense layer <20" | 11.00 | dense layer <20" | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 10.99 | small stones | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| area reclaim | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni--------- | Not limited | 10.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | area reclaim | 11.00 | cutbanks cave | 11.00 |
|  |  |  | (thickest layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | excess fines | 11.00 | probable source | 10.25 | too sandy | 0.63 |  |  |
|  |  |  | (bottom layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deible | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Improbable | \| | Improbable |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 1.00 | \| excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | ( (thickest layer) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| shrink-swell | \| 1.00 | | excess fines | 11.00 | excess fines | 11.00 | too clayey | 11.00 | too clayey | 10.60 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (bottom layer) |  | (thickest layer) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  | cutbanks cave | 0.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued



Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | Pond reservoir areas |  | Drainage |  | Irrigation |  | Terraces and diversions |  | Grassed waterways |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson | \|Limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | seepage | 10.68 |  |  | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 |
|  | (limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb------ | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | seepage | 10.32 |  |  | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wetness | 10.53 | wetness | 0.53 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater------ | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.50 |  |  | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Porme | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.50 | \| slope | 10.40 | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.10 |  |  | slope | 10.40 | slope | 10.10 | slope | 10.10 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | percs slowly | 10.39 | erodes easily | 10.60 |  | 11.00 | erodes easily | 0.60 |
|  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | percs slowly | 10.39 | erodes easily | 10.60 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.50 |  |  | erodes easily | 10.60 | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) | |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Pond reservoir areas |  | Drainage |  | Irrigation |  | Terraces and diversions |  | Grassed waterways |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value| | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080:Bardley |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.89 | large surface stones | 0.60 | droughty | 10.72 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.89 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | seepage | 10.02 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | large surface stones\| | 0.60 | large surface stones | 0.60 | droughty | 10.72 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \|Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy-------- | Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.98 | slope | 10.40 | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.10 |  |  | slope | 10.40 | slope | 10.10 | slope | 10.10 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton-------- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | seepage | 10.50 | percs slowly | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | rooting depth | 10.80 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 10.40 | erodes easily | 10.60 |  | 10.44 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.40 |  |  | wetness | 10.44 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | bedrock <20 in. (very limited) | \|1.00 | | shallow to bedrock (very limited) | \|1.00 | shallow to bedrock (very limited) | 11.00 | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 1.00 | large stones (very limited) | \|1.00 |
|  | slope | 10.70 | large stones | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | large stones | 11.00 | bedrock <20 in. | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | slope | \|1.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 10.70 | droughty | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | seepage | 10.50 | large surface stones | 0.31 | droughty | 10.57 | large surface stones | 0.31 | droughty | 10.57 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | large surface stones\| | 10.31 |  |  | large surface stones | 10.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


Table 15.--Water Management--Continued



Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


Table 15.--Water Management--Continued



Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Pond reservoir areas |  | Drainage |  | Irrigation |  | Terraces and diversions |  | Grassed waterways |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | \| Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------- | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.92 | slope | 10.78 | slope | 10.78 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 10.84 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.84 | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | wetness | 0.28 | wetness | 10.28 |
|  | (limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.20 |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.20 | slope | 10.20 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti |  |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.50 | percs slowly | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 | erodes easily | 0.60 | rooting depth | 10.80 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 10.40 | erodes easily | 10.60 | wetness | 0.44 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.40 | slope | 0.10 | wetness | 10.44 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill------ | \|Limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.92 | slope | 10.40 | \| erodes easily | 0.60 | erodes easily | 0.60 | \| erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.10 |  |  | slope | 0.40 | slope | 0.10 |  | 10.10 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | \| slope | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | seepage | 11.00 | large stones | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.86 |  | 0.43 | large stones | 10.71 |  | 1.00 |  | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko----------- \| | Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| bedrock <20 in. | 11.00 | shallow to bedrock | \|1.00 | \| shallow to bedrock | \|1.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | large stones | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 10.70 | slope | \|1.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | large stones | 1.00 | bedrock <20 in. | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  | large stones | 10.89 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 0.70 | droughty | 11.00 |
|  |  |  | (limited |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Pond reservoir areas |  | Drainage |  | Irrigation |  | Terraces and diversions |  | Grassed waterways |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| seepage | \| 1.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deible--------- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | \| percs slowly | 10.86 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 |
|  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $74679:$Higdon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.32 |  |  | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond------- |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.68 |  |  |  |  | wetness | 10.81 | wetness | 10.81 |
|  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74690: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau------ | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  | \| percs slowly | 10.13 | erodes easily | 10.60 | \| wetness | 1.00 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | percs slowly | 10.13 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket---- |  |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| seepage | 10.50 |  |  | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75390 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort | \|Very limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| seepage | 11.00 |  |  | \| erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 | erodes easily | 10.60 |
|  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot----- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |
|  | \| seepage | 10.50 | \| flooding | 10.60 | \| flooding | 10.60 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


Table 15.--Water Management--Continued


The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00 . The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table)

| Map symbol and soil name | \| Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by | irrigation |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Treatment of wastewater by } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { slow rate process } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | \| Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.03 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.53 | \| wetness | 10.53 | wetness | 10.53 | wetness | 0.53 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.07 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | \| flooding | 10.30 | \| flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Porme- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.10 | \| slope | 0.10 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | \|1.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 | ponded (wetness) | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 0.99 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 0.00 | Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by | irrigation |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Treatment of wastewater by } \\ & \text { slow rate process } \end{aligned}$ |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73068: | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
| Tick- | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.99 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.36 | too acid | 10.36 | too acid | 10.36 | too acid | 10.36 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 10.07 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73069 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.36 | too acid | 10.36 | too acid | 10.36 | too acid | 10.36 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.07 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.07 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.07 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.07 | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 10.07 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73073: } \\ & \text { Scholten- } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.99 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.70 | droughty | 10.70 | droughty | 10.70 |  | 10.58 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | too acid | 10.42 | percs slowly | 10.32 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------- |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.76 | \| slope | 10.76 | \| slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.99 | \| slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.75 | droughty | 10.75 | droughty | 10.75 | too acid | 10.42 | percs slowly | 10.32 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.42 | too acid | 10.42 | too acid | 10.42 |  |  | too acid | 10.03 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | \| 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | \|1.00 |
|  | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 |  | 10.12 | large surface stones | 0.60 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \| Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by | irrigation |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | Treatment of wastewater by \|rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> \| limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.72 | droughty | 10.72 | droughty | 10.72 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large surface stones\| (moderately limited) | | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.60 | depth to bedrock (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy-------- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 0.10 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 0.44 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.42 | too acid | 10.42 | too acid | 0.42 | too acid | 0.42 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 0.10 | too acid | 10.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | shallow to bedrock | 11.00 | \| droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 11.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | shallow to bedrock | 11.00 | shallow to bedrock | 11.00 | large stones > $35 \%$ | 0.99 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones $>35 \%$ | 10.99 | large stones $>35 \%$ | 10.99 | large stones >35\% | 10.99 | slope | 0.70 |  | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor--------- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.61 | too acid | 10.61 |  | 10.61 |  | 0.61 |  | 10.32 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.57 | droughty | 10.57 | droughty | 10.57 |  | 0.31 |  | 0.31 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by$\qquad$ |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | \| ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 10.61 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 10.55 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulston | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large surface stones (very limited) | 1.00 | large surface stones (very limited) | 1.00 | large surface stones (very limited) | 1.00 | large surface stones (very limited) | 1.00 | large surface stones (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter (very limited) | 11.00 | percs slowly <br> (moderately limited) | 10.32 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 |  | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | poor filter | \|1.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | too cobbly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | Moderately limited <br> \| slope |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  | 10.45 | slope | 10.45 | \| slope | 10.70 | slope | 10.70 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness \|0 | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | depth to bedrock | \| 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | depth to bedrock | 10.25 | wetness | \| 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood----- | Moderately limited <br> \| depth to bedrock |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \| Limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 |  | 10.70 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | \| 1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 0.45 | slope | 10.45 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | slope | 10.70 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 0.36 | wetness \|0 | 10.36 | wetness \|0 | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \| Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater byirrigation |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by slow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | \| Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value | Rating class and | \|Value |
|  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  | limiting features |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 0.06 | too acid | 10.06 | too acid | 10.06 | depth to bedrock | 10.25 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | slope | 1.00 | slope | \| 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.13 |  | 10.13 |  | 10.13 |  | 10.36 |  | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulston | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | droughty | 11.00 |  | 1.00 | too stony | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { large stones >35\% } \\ & \text { (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | large surface stones <br> (very limited) | 1.00 | large surface stones <br> (very limited) | 1.00 | large stones $>35 \%$ <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | large surface stones (very limited) | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | too cobbly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood------ | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 0.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 0.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by | irrigation |  | \|Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 73231: Wasola- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
| Wasola- | \| percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | \| percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 0.44 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 10.10 | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | \| percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large stones > $35 \%$ | 10.99 | large stones >35\% | 10.99 | large stones >35\% | 10.99 | large stones >35\% | 10.99 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.13 | depth to bedrock | 10.13 | depth to bedrock | 10.13 | wetness | 0.36 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.70 | \| droughty | 10.70 | droughty | 10.70 | wetness | 0.58 | wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (limited) |  | \| (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | too acid | 0.42 | percs slowly | 0.96 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  | 10.42 |  | 10.42 |  | 10.42 | slope | 0.31 |  | 0.91 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.42 | \| too acid | 10.42 | \| too acid | 10.42 | \| too acid | 0.42 | \| percs slowly | 0.73 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.20 | slope | 10.20 | slope | 0.66 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.03 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued


Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | Disposal of wastewater by irrigation |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | Treatment of wastewater by \|rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 73248: Alred | Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Very limited |  |
| Alred | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (limited) } \end{aligned}\right.$ | 10.76 | slope <br> (limited) | 10.76 | slope <br> (limited) | 10.99 | slope <br> (limited) | 10.99 | percs slowly <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 |
|  | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.13 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | \| 0.13 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.13 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | 0.13 | slope <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 10.12 | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 10.12 | too acid (slightly limited) | 10.12 | too acid (slightly limited) | 10.12 | large surface stones (slightly limited) | \|0.13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis---- | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.99 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 0.58 | depth to bedrock | 0.58 | depth to bedrock | 10.58 | slope | 10.99 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.45 | droughty | 10.45 | droughty | 10.45 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Very limited |  |  |  |
|  | \| slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| large surface stones | 0.13 | large surface stones | 10.13 | large surface stones | 0.13 | large surface stones | 0.13 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | too acid | 10.12 | large surface stones | 0.13 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oci | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| large surface stones| | 0.70 | large surface stones\| | 10.70 | large surface stones\| | 0.70 | large surface stones\| | 0.70 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 0.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| large surface stones| | 0.70 | large surface stones\| | 10.70 | large surface stones\| | 0.70 | slope | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | large surface stones | 0.70 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \| Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater byirrigation |  | \|Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater by\|rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73295: } \\ & \text { Taterhi: } \end{aligned}$ | Not limited | 10.00 | Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (slightly limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 0.10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { slope } \\ & \text { (slightly limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 0.10 | ```percs slowly (very limited) slope (moderately limited)``` | 10.99 |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { droughty } \\ \text { (moderately limited) } \end{array}$ | 10.57 | droughty <br> (moderately limited) | 10.57 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { droughty } \\ & \text { (moderately limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 10.57 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.31 | percs slowly <br> (moderately limited) | 0.32 |
|  | \| large surface stones <br> \| (moderately limited) | 0.31 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.31 | large surface stones (moderately limited) \| | 0.31 | too acid <br> (slightly limited) | 10.30 | large surface stones (moderately limited) | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | \|1.00 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 |  | 10.44 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.10 |  | 10.10 |  | 10.10 |  |  |  | 10.42 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  | (moderately limited) \| |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73298: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.30 |  | 10.30 |  | 10.30 |  | 10.30 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 10.10 | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek- |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 10.55 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.18 | depth to bedrock | 10.18 | depth to bedrock | 10.18 | wetness | 10.55 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | percs slowly | 0.92 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater byirrigation |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Treatment of wastewater by } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text { slow rate process } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater by\|rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.30 | \| too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.20 | slope | 0.20 | \| slope | 0.66 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.36 | \| too acid | 10.36 | \| too acid | 10.36 | \| too acid | 0.36 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.20 | slope | 0.20 | slope | 0.66 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.07 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $73303:$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga- | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 0.44 | \| wetness | 1.00 |
|  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.10 | slope | 0.10 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove----- | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.10 | \| slope | 10.10 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.03 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove----- | Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.10 | \| slope | 10.10 | \| percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 0.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | too acid | 0.03 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater byirrigation |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 73308: } \\ & \text { Grandgulf } \end{aligned}$ | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| ponded (wetness) } \\ & \text { \| (very limited) } \end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) (very limited) | 11.00 | ponded (wetness) (very limited) | 11.00 | $\|$percs slowly <br> (very limited) <br> $\|$ponded (wetness) <br> (very limited) | $\left.\right\|_{1.00}{ }^{1.00}$ |
| 73309 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville--- | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | \|1.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | percs slowly | \| 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | slope <br> (very limited) | \|1.00 |
|  | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 0.03 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| slope | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 | \| slope | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | large surface stones | 10.70 | large surface stones | 0.70 | large surface stones | 0.70 |  | 11.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) \| |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 |  | 10.28 |  | 0.70 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.70 | \| droughty | 10.70 | droughty | 10.70 | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | wetness | 10.58 | too acid | 10.42 | percs slowly | 10.78 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.42 | too acid | 10.42 | too acid | 10.42 | slope | 10.20 | slope | 10.66 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | too acid | 10.30 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.27 | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | wetness | 10.28 | percs slowly | 10.78 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued


Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater byirrigation |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \|Treatment of wastewater by } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text { slow rate process } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | Value <br> \| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis------ | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | \| depth to bedrock | 11.00 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | wetness | 10.28 | too acid | 0.30 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | depth to bedrock | 10.27 | \| wetness | 0.28 | percs slowly | 10.78 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti |  |  |  |  | \|Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |  |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 10.44 | \| wetness | 0.44 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 0.30 | wetness | \| 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.10 | slope | 0.10 | slope |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill----- | \|Not limited | 10.00 | \| Not limited | 10.00 | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| slope | 10.10 | \| slope | 0.10 | percs slowly | 10.99 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | \| (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | \| slope | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | slope | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | slope | \|1.00 | slope | \|1.00 | droughty | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | depth to bedrock | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  | 11.00 |  | \|1.00 |  | 11.00 |  | 1.00 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| shallow to bedrock | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | \| droughty | 1.00 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | \|1.00 | shallow to bedrock | \|1.00 | shallow to bedrock | 1.00 | slope | 0.70 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.45 | slope | 10.45 | slope | 10.70 | large stones | 0.39 | too cobbly | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop--- | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | Disposal of wastewater by <br> irrigation |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| too acid | 10.30 | \| too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | \| too acid | 10.30 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | slope | 10.20 | slope | 10.20 | slope | 10.66 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Moderately limited |  | Moderately limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | \| depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 1.00 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | \| (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.31 | droughty \|o | 10.31 | droughty | 10.31 | slope | 10.20 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| slope | 10.76 | \| slope | 10.76 | \| slope | 10.99 | slope | 10.99 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | too acid | 10.30 | slope | \|1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \| Very limited |  |  |  |
|  | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.76 | slope | 10.99 | \| depth to bedrock | 1.00 | \| percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | depth to bedrock | 10.46 | slope | 10.99 | slope | 1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | wetness | 10.36 | depth to bedrock | \|1.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74626: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tanglenook- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 1.00 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 |  | \|1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 |  | 10.30 |  | 10.30 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by | irrigation |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by <br> slow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 74648: Aslinger------ | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
| Aslinger------ | percs slowly <br> (limited) | 10.61 | percs slowly <br> (limited) | 10.61 | percs slowly <br> (limited) | 10.61 | percs slowly <br> (limited) | 10.61 | percs slowly (very limited) | 11.00 |
|  | \| wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 10.44 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.18 | too acid | 10.18 | slope | 10.20 | slope | 10.20 | slope | 10.66 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658: |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | percs slowly | 10.22 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deible | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 1.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | \| 1.00 | percs slowly | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | percs slowly | 10.99 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74679: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Higdon- | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 10.61 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 10.60 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond------ | \|Limited |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 10.81 | \| wetness | 10.81 | \| wetness | 10.81 | wetness | 10.81 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | 1.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | wetness | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \|Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | Disposal of wastewater by <br> irrigation |  | $\mid$ Treatment of wastewater byslow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket--- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 0.30 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75390: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | \| flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 0.30 | percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot---- |  |  | Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Moderately limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | \| flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 0.90 | flooding | 10.60 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | too acid | 10.54 | too acid | 10.54 | too acid | 10.54 | too acid | 0.54 |  |  |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | \|1.00 | \| droughty | 11.00 | \| poor filter | 1.00 | percs slowly | 10.50 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 1.00 | flooding | 0.30 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 11.00 | \| flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | percs slowly | 0.32 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| (moderately limited) | |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman | \|Very limited |  | \| Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |
|  | \| droughty | 10.62 | droughty | 10.62 | droughty | 10.62 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | \| Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater byirrigation |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by slow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and <br> limiting features | $\mid$ Value $\mid$ | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value |
| 75396: | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
| Relfe | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 1.00 | droughty | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | percs slowly | 0.50 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { poor filter } \\ \text { (very limited) } \end{array}$ | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | poor filter <br> (very limited) | 11.00 |  |  |  | । |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75408: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh- | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Slightly limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 10.30 | \| flooding | 0.30 | \| flooding | 10.30 | \| flooding | 0.30 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75417: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | droughty | 11.00 | poor filter | 1.00 | percs slowly | 0.50 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | \| poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Very limited |  | $\mid$ Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 | flooding | 1.00 | flooding | 1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | percs slowly | 0.32 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75418: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk- | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | Slightly limited |  |
|  | \| poor filter | 11.00 | \| poor filter | 11.00 | \| poor filter | 11.00 | poor filter | 1.00 | percs slowly | 0.32 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.34 | droughty | 10.34 | droughty | 10.34 | flooding | 0.30 | too acid | 0.01 |
|  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) \| |  | (moderately limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.30 |  | 10.30 | flooding | 10.30 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  | (slightly limited) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75420: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | \|Limited |  | $\mid$ Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 0.90 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | 0.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Land application of manure and food processing waste |  | Land application of municipal sewage sludge |  | \|Disposal of wastewater by | irrigation |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by | slow rate process |  | \|Treatment of wastewater by |rapid infiltration process |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value| | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value | Rating class and <br> limiting features | \|Value |
| $\begin{array}{r} 75420: \\ \text { Tilk- } \end{array}$ | \|Very limited | $\begin{array}{ll} \mid & \mid \\ \mid & \mid \\ \mid & \mid \\ \mid \end{array}$ | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \| Limited |  |
|  | \| poor filter | 11.00 | \| poor filter | 11.00 | \| poor filter | 11.00 | \| poor filter | 11.00 | flooding | 10.60 |
|  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | percs slowly | 10.32 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  | droughty | 10.34 | droughty | 10.34 | droughty | 10.34 |  |  | too acid | 10.01 |
|  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  | (moderately limited) |  |  |  | (slightly limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75432 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Batcave | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | \|1.00 | |  | 11.00 |  | 11.00 | flooding | 11.00 |  | 11.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| $\begin{aligned} & \text { flooding } \\ & \text { (very limited) }\end{aligned}$ | 11.00 | flooding (very limited) | \|1.00 | flooding (very limited) | 11.00 | wetness <br> (very limited) | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limi |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | \|1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell | $\mid$ Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| wetness | \|1.00 | \| wetness | 11.00 | \| wetness | 1.00 | \| flooding | 1.00 | percs slowly | 1.00 |
|  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  | \| flooding | 11.00 | flooding | \|1.00 | flooding | 11.00 | wetness | 11.00 | wetness | \|1.00 |
|  | (very limited) |  | \| (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | 11.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75433:Racket |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|Limited |  | \|Very limited |  |
|  | \| flooding | 10.90 | \| flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | flooding | 10.90 | \| percs slowly | 11.00 |
|  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (limited) |  | (very limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wetness | 10.69 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (limited) |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | flooding | 0.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (moderately limited) |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99001: |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99002: $\quad$ Borrow areas-- |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  | \| Not rated |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

rable 17.--Engineering Index Properties
(Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated. For an explanation of the abbreviations in the USDA texture column, see "Texture, soil" in the Glossary)


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued


Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

(Entries under "Erosion factors--T" apply to the entire profile. Entries under "Wind erodibility group" and "Wind erodibility index" apply only to the surface layer. Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated)


Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued


Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued


Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moist <br> bulk <br> density | Saturated <br> hydraulic \|conductivity | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { \|Available\| } \\ \text { \| water } \\ \text { \|capacity } \end{array}$ | Linear <br> extensi- <br> bility | Organic matter | \|Erosion factors |  |  | Wind \|erodi|bility |group | \|Wind |erodi|bility |index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kw | Kf | T |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In | Pct | Pct | Pct | g/cc | $\mathrm{um} / \mathrm{sec}$ | In/in | Pct | Pct |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie------------ | 0-5 | 15-30\| | 52-80\| | 5-18 | 1.10-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \| 0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.17 | 10.49 | 3 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 5-11 | 12-30\| | 55-83\| | 5-15 | 1.10-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.20 | \| 0.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 11-24 | 5-30\| | 35-80\| | 15-35 | 1.10-1.35 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | \|0.15 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 24-56 | 2-14\| | 16-43\| | 55-70\| | 1.10-1.30 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.10 | \|0.15 |  |  |  |
|  | 56-80 | --- \| | -- | --- | --- | 0.00-0.11 | --- | \| --- | --- | - |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood-------- | 0-2 | 15-30\| | 50-75\| | 10-20 | 1.10-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.06-0.12| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 0.17 | 10.49 | 2 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 2-5 | 15-30\| | 50-78\| | 7-20 | 1.10-1.35 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | $\mid 0.17$ | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-36 | 2-20\| | 5-35 | 60-85 | 1.10-1.30 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-1.0 | \| 0.10 | \|0.15 |  |  |  |
|  | 36-80 | --- | --- | , | --- | 0.00-0.11 | --- | \| --- | --- | -- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone-------- | 0-1 | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|42.00-141.00| | \|0.10-0.20 | --- | 35-90 |  |  | 3 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 1-6 | 40-70\| | 25-55\| | 5-12 | 1.20-1.45 | \| 42.00-141.00| | \|0.03-0.10 | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.05 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 6-29 | 35-70\| | 25-55\| | 6-24 | 1.25-1.45 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.02-0.09| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.05 | 10.24 |  |  |  |
|  | 29-42 | 35-60\| | 15-55 | 14-50\| | 1.40-1.55 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.02-0.10| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-0.3 | 10.05 | \| 0.17 |  |  |  |
|  | 42-80 | 30-55\| | 8-40 | 18-50 | 1.50-1.65 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.02-0.11| | 0.1-5.9 | 0.1-0.3 | 10.05 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender---------- |  | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| 42.00-141.00| | \|0.10-0.20 | --- | --- | --- |  | 2 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 1-5 | 50-75\| | 17-49\| | 1-8 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.01-0.09| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.5-3.0 | 0.05 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-21 | 45-75 | 10-54 | 1-15 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.01-0.06| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.5 | $\mid 0.10$ | 10.28 |  |  |  |
|  | 21-31 | 40-85\| | 5-48 | 2-30 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.01-0.06| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.0-0.5 | 10.05 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 31-80 | --- \| | --- | - | --- \| | 0.00-0.11 | --- | \| --- | --- | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood--------- | 0-2 | 15-30\| | 50-75\| | 10-20 | 1.10-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.05 | 10.43 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 2-5 | 15-30\| | 50-78\| | 7-20 | 1.10-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.24 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-36 | 2-20\| | 5-35 | 60-85\| | 1.10-1.30 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.10 | \| 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  | 36-80 | --- \| | --- | - | --- \| | 0.00-0.11 | --- | \| --- | --- | -- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola---------- | 0-7 | 15-30\| | 55-70\| | 10-18 | 1.35-1.45 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.16-0.21| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.43 | 10.55 | 5 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 7-22 | 10-25 | 50-70\| | 18-35 | 1.30-1.45 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.14-0.21| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \|0.37 | \| 0.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 22-30 | 10-35\| | 35-55\| | 20-35 | 1.25-1.40 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.02-0.08| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | \|0.10 | \| 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 30-80 | 10-40\| | 20-55\| | 27-60\| | 1.25-1.40 | 1.40-4.00 | \|0.04-0.14| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-1.0 | 10.10 | \| 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-4 | 10-35 | 35-80\| | 6-18 | 1.20-1.45 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13 | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.05 | 10.24 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 4-17 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 6-18 | 1.20-1.45 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.08 | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.15 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 17-27 | 10-20\| | 50-70\| | 20-35 | 1.40-1.55 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.05 | \| 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 27-80 | 1-10 | 5-30 | 45-90\| | 1.20-1.40 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.08-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.05 | 10.10 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moist bulk density | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Saturated } \\ & \text { \| hydraulic } \\ & \text { \| conductivity\| } \end{aligned}$ | \|Available|$\mid$ water\|capacity | Linear <br> extensibility | Organic <br> matter | \|Erosion factors |  |  | Wind \|erodi|bility |group | \|Wind |erodi|bility |index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kw | Kf | T |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In | Pct | Pct | Pct | g/cc | um/sec | In/in | PCt | PCt |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood--------- | 0-2 | 15-30\| | 50-75\| | 10-20 | 1.10-1.40\| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.06-0.12| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.17 | 0.49 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 2-5 | 15-30\| | 50-78\| | 7-20 | 1.10-1.35\| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.17 | 0.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-36 | 2-20\| | 5-35 | 60-85 | 1.10-1.30 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.10 | 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  | 36-80 | --- |  |  |  | 0.00-0.11 | --- | \| --- | --- | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten-------- | 0-7 | 17-33\| | 54-74\| | 9-13 | \|1.20-1.40| | 12.00-42.00 | \|0.07-0.19| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.24 | 0.49 | 4 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 7-21 | 13-25\| | 47-75\| | 12-28 | \|1.30-1.50| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.02-0.11| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-0.7 | 10.24 | 0.64 |  |  |  |
|  | 21-34 | 11-32 | 27-72\| | 17-41\| | \|1.60-1.90| | 0.01-0.42 | \|0.01-0.05| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-0.3 | 10.17 | 0.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 34-80 | 6-40 | 10-65\| | 29-72 | \|1.30-1.60| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.01-0.03| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.3 | 10.10 | 0.24 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 12-37\| | 49-82\| | 6-14 | \|1.20-1.45| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.07-0.19| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.15 | 0.43 | 3 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 4-10 | 12-37\| | 49-82\| | 6-14 | \|1.25-1.45| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.07-0.19| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.7-2.0 | \| 0.15 | 0.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 10-28 | 5-38\| | 27-85\| | 10-35 | \|1.40-1.55| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.11-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.15 | 0.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 28-80 | 2-41\| | 10-50\| | 45-86\| | \|1.50-1.65| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.08-0.12| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.10 | 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon | 0-5 | 20-40\| | 50-70\| | 5-15 | \|1.35-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.18-0.24| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.32 | 0.37 | 5 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 5-10 | 20-40\| | 50-70\| | 5-15 | \|1.35-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.16-0.22| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.37 | 0.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 10-28 | 20-40\| | 40-65\| | 14-30 | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.14-0.21| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.37 | 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 28-47 | 20-35 | 35-55\| | 22-40 | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | $\|0.08-0.14\|$ | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.15 | 0.32 |  |  |  |
|  | 47-80 | 5-35\| | 15-40\| | 40-75 | \|1.25-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.10-0.14| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.10 | 0.10 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti----------- | 0-6 | 8-45 | 48-82\| | 10-17\| | \|1.30-1.50| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.19-0.22| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.37 | 0.49 | 4 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 6-22 | 8-40 | 23-77\| | 15-37 | \|1.30-1.50| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.18| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.3-1.0 | 10.37 | 0.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 22-35 | 10-50\| | 20-78\| | 12-30 | \|1.60-1.90| | 0.01-0.42 | \|0.02-0.04| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.4 | 10.24 | 0.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 35-80 | 2-25 | 5-60 | 38-75 | \|1.20-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.03-0.11| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.0-0.4 | 10.15 | 0.24 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill------- | 0-9 | 35-52\| | 28-50\| | 6-18 | \|1.40-1.50| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.14-0.22| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.37 | 0.37 | 5 | 3 | 86 |
|  | 9-31 | 20-52\| | 28-50\| | 15-30 | \|1.50-1.60| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.17-0.21| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.0-0.5 | 10.37 | 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 31-80 | 20-60\| | 20-50\| | 18-35 | \|1.50-1.60| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.16-0.20| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.0-0.5 | 10.32 | 0.32 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73245: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | 0-3 | 20-30\| | 52-75\| | 5-18\| | 1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.15 | 10.43 | 4 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 3-13 | 20-30\| | 55-75\| | 5-15 | \|1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.20 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 13-33 | 8-20\| | 50-80\| | 12-30 | \|1.30-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.14| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.17 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 33-80 | 1-20 | 5-44 | 55-75 | \|1.30-1.60 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.06-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-0.8 | 10.10 | $\mid 0.15$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73246: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | 0-3 | 20-30\| | 52-75\| | 5-18 | 1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.15 | 10.43 | 4 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 3-13 | 20-30\| | 55-75\| | 5-15 | \|1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.20 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 13-33 | 8-20\| | 50-80\| | 12-30 | \|1.30-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.14| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.17 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 33-80 | 1-20 | 5-44\| | 55-75 | 1.30-1.60 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.06-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-0.8 | 10.10 | 10.15 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moist <br> bulk <br> density | \| Saturated <br> hydraulic \|conductivity | \|Available| <br> water capacity | Linear <br> extensibility | Organic matter | \|Erosion factors |  |  | Wind \|erodi|bility |group | \|Wind |erodi|bility |index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kw | Kf | T |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In | Pct | Pct | Pct | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{cc}$ | um/sec | In/in | Pct | PCt |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-4 | 10-50\| | 35-80\| | 6-18 | \|1.20-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 0.10 | 0.43 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 4-17 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 6-18 | \|1.20-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.08| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 0.15 | 0.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 17-27 | 10-20\| | 50-70\| | 20-35 | \|1.40-1.55| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 0.05 | \| 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 27-80 | 1-10 | 5-30 | 45-90 | \|1.20-1.40| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.08-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.05 | 10.10 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73248 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-4 | 10-55\| | 35-80\| | 6-18 | \|1.20-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 0.05 | 0.24 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 4-17 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 6-18 | \|1.20-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.08| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 0.15 | \| 0.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 17-27 | 10-20\| | 50-70\| | 27-35 | \|1.40-1.55| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 0.05 | 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 27-80 | 1-10 | 5-30 | 45-85 | \|1.20-1.40| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.08-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 0.05 | 10.10 |  |  |  |
| Bendavis--------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0-5 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 5-15 | \|1.20-1.40| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 0.15 | 10.49 | 2 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 5-9 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 5-15 | \|1.20-1.40| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | \|0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 9-25 | 15-35 | 50-70\| | 15-30 | \|1.20-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 25-80 | --- \| | --- \| | --- | \| --- | | 0.00-0.11 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | 0-4 | 10-55\| | 35-80\| | 6-18 | \|1.20-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.05 | 10.24 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 4-17 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 6-18 | \|1.20-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.08| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \| 0.15 | \| 0.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 17-27 | 10-20\| | 50-70\| | 27-35 | \|1.40-1.55| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.05 | \|0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 27-80 | 1-10 | 5-30 | 45-90\| | \|1.20-1.40| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.08-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.2-0.5 | 10.05 | \| 0.10 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie------------ | 0-5 | 10-35 | 45-85 | 5-20 | \|1.10-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | \|0.17 | 10.49 | 3 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 5-11 | 10-35\| | 45-85 | 5-20 | \|1.10-1.35| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 11-24 | 5-25\| | 40-75\| | 20-35 | \|1.10-1.35| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 24-56 | 2-10 | 4-33 | 65-86 | \|1.10-1.30| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.07-0.10| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-1.0 | 10.05 | 10.10 |  |  |  |
|  | 56-80 |  |  | --- | \| --- | | 0.00-0.11 | --- \| | \| --- | --- | . | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-3 | 14-35 | 50-81\| | 5-15 | \|1.30-1.50| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.09-0.12| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.49 | 2 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 3-14 | 15-35 | 47-77\| | 8-18 | \|1.30-1.50| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.13-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-1.5 | \|0.28 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 14-34 | 12-30\| | 43-78\| | 10-30 | \|1.30-1.50| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-0.8 | \| 0.17 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 34-80 |  |  |  | 1 | 0.00-0.11 | - | \| --- | --- | - | \| --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill------- | 0-9 | 15-40\| | 42-75\| | 10-18 | \|1.35-1.45| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.18-0.24| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.43 | 10.43 | 5 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 9-30 | 14-35 | 35-73\| | 13-30 | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.19| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \| 0.37 | \| 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 30-80 | 14-55\| | 15-66\| | 20-50 | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.15| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-0.3 | \| 0.10 | \|0.32 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 17-33\| | 54-74\| | 8-20 | \|1.20-1.45| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.04-0.12| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.10 | 10.43 | 3 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 4-10 | 13-25\| | 47-75 | 8-20 | \|1.25-1.45| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.02-0.09| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | \|0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 10-28 | 11-32 | 27-72\| | 18-35 | \|1.40-1.55| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.02-0.09| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.8 | \| 0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 28-80 | 6-40 | 10-65\| | 50-85 | \|1.50-1.65| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.08-0.12| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.5 | \| 0.15 | \| 0.17 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued


Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued


Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moist <br> bulk <br> density | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Saturated } \\ & \mid \text { hydraulic } \\ & \text { \|conductivity } \mid \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \mid \text { Available } \mid \\ \mid \text { water } \\ \mid \text { capacity } \end{array}$ | Linear <br> extensi- <br> bility | Organic matter | \|Erosion factors |  |  | \|Wind |erodi|bility |group | \|Wind |erodi|bility |index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kw | Kf | T |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In | Pct | Pct | Pct | g/cc | $\mathrm{um} / \mathrm{sec}$ | In/in | Pct | Pct |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-5 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 5-15 | 1.20-1.40 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.49 | 2 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 5-9 | 10-30\| | 60-80\| | 5-15 | 1.20-1.40 | \|14.00-42.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 9-25 | 15-35 | 50-70\| | 15-30 | 1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.15| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | \| 0.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 25-80 |  |  | --- \| | --- \| | 0.00-0.11 | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | -- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 10-40\| | 50-80\| | 5-15 | 1.20-1.45 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.04-0.12| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.20 | 10.43 | 3 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 4-10 | 10-40\| | 50-80\| | 8-27 | 1.25-1.45 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.02-0.09| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.10 | 10.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 10-28 | 5-40 | 50-80\| | 8-35 | 1.40-1.55 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.02-0.09| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | 10.15 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 28-80 | 2-40 | 5-60\| | 45-85 | 1.50-1.65 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.08-0.12| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.9 | \| 0.10 | 10.15 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-4 | 10-50 | 35-75\| | 6-18 | 1.30-1.50 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.09-0.13| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.10 | 10.43 | 4 | 7 | 38 |
|  | 4-9 | 10-30\| | 30-80\| | 6-18 | 1.40-1.60 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.07-0.11| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.5-1.0 | \| 0.10 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 9-26 | 10-20\| | 50-70\| | 20-35 | 1.30-1.50 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.06-0.10| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.15 | 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 26-80 | 1-10 | 5-30 | 45-85 | 1.40-1.60 | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.08-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.2-0.8 | \| 0.05 | 10.10 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis--------- | 0-8 | 14-35 | 52-78\| | 8-13 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.12-0.20| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.28 | 10.49 | 2 | 6 | 48 |
|  | 8-10 | 14-35\| | 52-78\| | 8-13 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.06-0.20| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | \| 0.28 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 10-31 | 12-31\| | 40-77\| | 11-29 | 1.30-1.50 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.03-0.14| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \| 0.24 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 31-80 | --- \| | --- \| | --- \| | --- \| | 0.00-0.11 | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti----------- | 0-8 | 8-20 | 60-82\| | 10-20\| | 1.30-1.50 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.15-0.20| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-3.0 | 10.43 | 10.55 | 4 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 8-20 | 6-18 | 47-74\| | 20-35 | 1.30-1.50 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-1.0 | \| 0.32 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 20-34 | 10-30 | 35-75\| | 15-35 | 1.60-1.90 | 0.00-0.42 | \|0.02-0.08| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.20 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 34-80 | 5-15\| | 5-55 | 40-80 | 1.20-1.40 | 1.40-4.00 | \|0.05-0.10| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.05 | 10.24 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill-------- | 0-9 | 15-40 | 42-75\| | 10-18 | 1.35-1.45 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.18-0.24| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.37 | 10.43 | 5 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 9-30 | 14-35 | 35-73\| | 13-30 | 1.30-1.45 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.19| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \| 0.32 | 10.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 30-80 | 14-55 | 15-66\| | 20-50\| | 1.30-1.45 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.15| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-0.3 | 10.10 | 10.32 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73318 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender----------- | 0-1 | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| 42.00-141.00| | $\|0.10-0.20\|$ | --- | 35-90 | --- | --- | 2 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 1-5 | 50-75\| | 17-49\| | 1-8 | 1.30-1.50 | \|14.00-42.00 | \|0.01-0.09| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.5-3.0 | 10.05 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-21 | 45-75 | 10-54\| | 1-15 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.01-0.06| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.5 | 10.10 | 10.28 |  |  |  |
|  | 21-31 | 40-85 | 5-48 | 2-30 | 1.30-1.50 | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.01-0.06| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.0-0.5 | 10.05 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 31-80 | --- \| | --- \| | --- | --- | 0.00-0.11 | \|0.01-0.01| | -- | -- | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko------------ | 0-7 | 10-50\| | 25-70\| | 8-35 | 1.25-1.50 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.08-0.13| | 0.0-2.9 | 2.0-10 | 10.05 | 10.20 | 1 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 7-12 | 10-50\| | 25-70\| | 8-35 | 1.25-1.60 | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.03-0.14| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-8.0 | 10.05 | 10.32 |  |  |  |
|  | 12-80 | -- |  | --- | --- | 0.00-0.11 | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | Sand | Silt | Clay | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moist } \\ & \text { bulk } \\ & \text { density } \end{aligned}$ | \| Saturated <br> hydraulic \|conductivity | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { \|Available\| } \\ \mid \text { water } \\ \text { \|capacity } \end{array}$ | Linear <br> extensi- <br> bility | Organic matter | \|Erosion factors |  |  | \|Wind |erodi|bility |group | \|Wind |erodi|bility <br> \|index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kw | Kf | T |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In | Pct | PCt | Pct | g/cc | um/sec | In/in | PCt | PCt |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-3 | 20-30\| | 52-75 | 5-18 | \|1.20-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.20 | 10.43 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 3-13 | 20-30\| | 55-75\| | 5-15 | \|1.20-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.28 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 13-33 | 8-20 | 50-80\| | 12-30\| | \|1.30-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.14| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \| 0.17 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 33-80 | 1-20 | 5-44 | 55-75 | \|1.30-1.60| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.06-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-0.8 | 10.10 | \| 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood--------- | 0-2 | 15-30\| | 50-75 | 10-20 | \|1.10-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.17 | 10.43 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 2-5 | 15-30\| | 50-78\| | 7-20 | \|1.10-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | \| 0.28 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-36 | 2-20\| | 5-35 | 60-85 | \|1.10-1.30| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.10 | \| 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  | 36-80 | --- \| | --- | , |  | 0.00-0.11 | --- \| | \| --- | --- |  | - |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73322 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | 0-3 | 20-30\| | 52-75\| | 5-18 | \|1.20-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.17 | 0.43 | 4 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 3-13 | 20-30\| | 55-75\| | 5-15 | \|1.20-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.13-0.18| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.20 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 13-33 | 8-20\| | 50-80\| | 12-30 | \|1.30-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.04-0.14| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | \| 0.17 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 33-80 | 1-20\| | 5-44\| | 55-75 | \|1.30-1.60| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.06-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-0.8 | \| 0.10 | \| 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood--------- | 0-2 | 15-30\| | 50-75\| | 10-20 | \|1.10-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.17 | 10.43 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
|  | 2-5 | 15-30\| | 50-78\| | 7-20 | \|1.10-1.40| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.12-0.17| | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.28 | 10.49 |  |  |  |
|  | 5-36 | 2-20 | 5-35 | 60-85\| | \|1.10-1.30| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-1.0 | 10.10 | \|0.15 |  |  |  |
|  | 36-80 | --- | --- \| | --- \| | \| --- | | 0.00-0.11 | --- \| | \| --- | --- | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74626: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tanglenook------- |  | 5-12 | 60-80\| | 15-27 | \|1.25-1.30| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.21-0.25| | 0.1-2.9 | 3.0-6.0 | 10.37 | 10.37 | 5 | 6 | 48 |
|  | 6-17 | 5-12 | 48-80\| | 15-40 | \|1.30-1.40| | 1.40-4.00 | \|0.18-0.21| | 3.0-5.9 | 2.0-4.0 | 10.43 | 10.43 |  |  |  |
|  | 17-30 | 1-25 | 15-54\| | 35-60\| | \|1.40-1.45| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.10-0.13| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.24 | \|0.24 |  |  |  |
|  | 30-56 | 1-25 | 15-54\| | 35-60\| | \|1.40-1.45| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.10-0.13| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.24 | \|0.24 |  |  |  |
|  | 56-80 | 1-25 | 15-54\| | 35-60\| | \|1.40-1.45| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.10-0.13| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.5-2.0 | 10.24 | 10.24 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74648 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aslinger-------- | 0-6 | 4-35 | 58-76\| | 9-19 | \|1.35-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.18-0.24| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.32 | 10.37 | 5 | 5 | 56 |
|  | 6-22 | 5-26\| | 50-62\| | 21-35 | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.14-0.19| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.2-1.0 | 10.24 | \| 0.37 |  |  |  |
|  | 22-46 | 11-35 | 32-64\| | 26-39 | \|1.30-1.45| | 1.40-4.00 | \|0.03-0.07| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.3 | \| 0.15 | \|0.32 |  |  |  |
|  | 46-80 | 6-30 | 23-30\| | 47-68\| | \|1.60-1.90| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.02-0.05| | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.3 | 10.05 | \| 0.15 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni---------- | 0-7 | 30-75\| | 20-60\| | 7-12 | \|1.30-1.50| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.09-0.22| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.17 | 10.20 | 4 | 3 | 86 |
|  | 7-36 | 35-80\| | 15-40\| | 6-19 | \|1.30-1.50| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.08-0.18| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.3-1.0 | 0.17 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 36-50 | 35-85\| | 10-40\| | 6-22 | \|1.20-1.50| | 14.00-42.00 | \|0.07-0.17| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.5 | 10.15 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  | 50-80 | 40-88\| | 5-45 | 6-20 | \|1.20-1.50| | \|14.00-141.00| | \|0.03-0.17| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.1-0.3 | 10.02 | 10.20 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deible---------- | 0-10 | 4-24\| | 64-81\| | 7-27\| | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.22-0.24| | 0.0-2.9 | 1.0-4.0 | 10.49 | 10.49 | 5 | 6 | 48 |
|  | 10-15 | 4-21\| | 60-79\| | 13-27 | \|1.30-1.45| | 4.00-14.00 | \|0.20-0.22| | 0.0-2.9 | 0.3-2.0 | 10.55 | 10.55 |  |  |  |
|  | 15-37 | 2-15 | 39-69\| | 27-60\| | \|1.35-1.50| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.09-0.20| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.3-1.0 | 10.32 | \| 0.32 |  |  |  |
|  | 37-80 | 1-28 | 39-62\| | 40-60\| | \|1.35-1.50| | 0.42-1.40 | \|0.08-0.12| | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-0.5 | \| 0.24 | \| 0.24 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued--Continued


Table 18.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued--Continued


| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | Sand | Silt | Clay | Moist <br> bulk <br> density | \| Saturated <br> \| hydraulic <br> \| conductivity | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { \|Available\| } \\ \text { \| water } \\ \text { \|capacity } \end{array}$ | Linear <br> \|extensi- <br> bility | Organic matter | \|Erosion factors| |  |  | Wind erodibility group | Wind erodi <br> bility <br> index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kw | Kf | T |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In | Pct | Pct | Pct | g/cc | um/sec | In/in | PCt | PCt |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99001. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99002: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Borrow areas--- | 0-80 | --- | --- | --- | --- | 1.40-4.00 | --- | -- | -- | --- |  | -- | \| 8 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Fable 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils
(Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated)



Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | \| Cation | exchange |capacity | $\mid$ $\mid$ Effective $\mid$ $\mid$ cation $\mid$ $\mid$ exchange \|capacity $\mid$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Soil } \\ \text { \|reaction } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 73226: | In | $\mid \mathrm{meq} / 100$ | meq/100 g\| | $p H$ |
| Ocie | 0-5 | 10-18 | 4.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-11 | 4.0-10 | 1.0-6.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 11-24 | 6.0-12 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 24-56 | 28-42 | 20-40 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 56-80 | --- | --- | -- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood-------- | 0-2 | 8.0-18 | 4.0-15 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 2-5 | 3.0-10 | 4.0-12 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 5-36 | 20-38 | 15-35 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 36-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | 0-5 | 5.0-20 | 3.0-12 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 5-11 | 4.0-12 | 1.0-6.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 11-24 | 5.0-12 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 24-56 | 20-30 | 15-30 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 56-80 | \| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood--------- | 0-2 | 8.0-18 | 4.0-15 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 2-5 | 3.0-10 | 4.0-12 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 5-36 | 20-38 | 15-35 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 36-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230 : |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone------- | 0-1 | 10-40 | 5.0-30 | 3.5-6.5 |
|  | 1-6 | 3.0-12 | 2.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 6-29 | 2.0-10 | 1.0-5.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 29-42 | 3.0-18 | 1.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 42-80 | 4.0-18 | 1.0-9.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender---------- | 0-1 | 10-40 | 5.0-30 | 3.5-6.5 |
|  | 1-5 | 4.0-18 | 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 5-21 | 2.0-5.0 | 1.0-15 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 21-31 | 1.0-7.0 | 1.0-9.0 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 31-80 | \| --- | --- \| | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | 0-2 | 8.0-18 | 4.0-15 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 2-5 | 3.0-10 | 4.0-12 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 5-36 | 20-38 | 15-35 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 36-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- | 0-7 | 5.0-12 | 2.0-15 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 7-22 | 8.0-16 | 3.0-15 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 22-30 | 8.0-24 | 3.0-15 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 30-80 | 10-30 | 5.0-20 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | 0-4 | 5.0-18 | 4.0-16 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-17 | 5.0-12 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 17-27 | 8.0-13 | 6.0-11 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 27-80 | 18-30 | 15-30 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | 0-2 | 8.0-18 | 4.0-15 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 2-5 | 3.0-10 | 4.0-12 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 5-36 | 20-38 | 15-35 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 36-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | \| Cation |exchange |capacity |  | Soil reaction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In | $\mid \mathrm{meq} / 100$ | $\mathrm{g}\|\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}\|$ | pH |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten-------- | 0-7 | 4.3-8.8 | 2.0-4.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 7-21 | 4.6-10 | 2.5-7.1 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 21-34 | 6.1-11 | 3.9-7.5 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | 6.8-21 | 6.1-16 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 3.3-10 | 1.3-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-10 | 3.3-10 | 1.3-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 10-28 | 3.0-10 | 1.9-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 28-80 | 7.4-28 | 5.0-23 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon--------- | 0-5 | 4.0-12 | 3.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-10 | 4.0-12 | 3.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 10-28 | 6.0-16 | 3.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 28-47 | 8.0-16 | 5.0-15 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 47-80 | 10-30 | 10-15 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti----------- | 0-6 | 5.0-9.0 | 3.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 6-22 | 6.0-15 | 4.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 22-35 | 5.0-18 | 4.0-12 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 35-80 | 11-20 | 8.0-16 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73243 : |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill-------- | 0-9 | 5.0-15 | 3.0-12 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 9-31 | 0.5-10 | 3.0-8.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 31-80 | 0.5-10 | 3.0-8.0 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73245: |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | 0-3 | 5.0-15 | 4.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 3-13 | 4.0-13 | \| 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 13-33 | 5.0-12 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 33-80 | 18-30 | 15-30 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73246: |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  | 5.0-15 | 4.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 3-13 | 4.0-13 | 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 13-33 | 5.0-12 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 33-80 | 18-30 | 15-30 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | 0-4 | 5.0-18 | \| 4.0-16 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-17 | \| 5.0-12 | \| 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 17-27 | 8.0-13 | 6.0-11 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 27-80 | 18-30 | 15-30 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  | \| | \| |  |
| 73248: |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-4 | 5.0-18 | 4.0-16 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-17 | \| 5.0-12 | \| 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 17-27 | 8.0-13 | \| 6.0-11 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 27-80 | 18-30 | 12-25 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-5 | 3.0-10 | \| 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 5-9 | \| 3.0-10 | 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 9-25 | 3.0-10 | 2.0-8.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 25-80 | --- | \| --- | | --- |
|  |  | \| | \| |  |
| 73249: |  |  |  |  |
| Alred----------- | 0-4 | 5.0-18 | 4.0-16 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-17 | 5.0-12 | \| 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 17-27 | 8.0-13 | 6.0-11 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 27-80 | 15-30 | 12-25 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  |  | \| | $\mid$ \| |  |

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \| Cation } \\ & \text { \| exchange } \\ & \text { \| capacity } \end{aligned}$ | \|Effective <br> \| cation <br> \| exchange <br> \|capacity | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Soil } \\ \mid \text { reaction } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In | $\mid \mathrm{meq} / 100$ | $\|m e q / 100 \mathrm{~g}\|$ | pH |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | 0-5 | 10-18 | 4.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-11 | 4.0-10 | 1.0-6.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 11-24 | 6.0-12 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 24-56 | 28-42 | 20-40 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 56-80 | -- | -- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-3 | 4.0-13 | 0.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 3-14 | 3.0-6.0 | 0.0-4.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 14-34 | 3.0-6.0 | 0.0-4.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | \| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill------- | 0-9 | 5.0-16 | 2.0-16 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  | 9-30 | 5.0-16 | 2.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 30-80 | 5.0-16 | 2.0-12 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 3.3-10 | 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-10 | 3.3-10 | 2.0-8.0 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 10-28 | 3.0-10 | 4.0-12 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 28-80 | 7.4-28 | 12-25 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten--------- | 0-9 | 5.0-16 | 4.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 9-24 | 5.0-10 | 3.0-8.0 | 3.5-6.5 |
|  | 24-33 | 5.0-10 | 3.0-10 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 33-80 | 7.0-28 | 5.0-25 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73298: |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti----------- | 0-8 | 5.0-15 | 4.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 8-20 | 6.0-15 | 4.0-12 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 20-34 | 5.0-14 | 5.0-15 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | 12-22 | 12-24 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek-------- | 0-5 | 8.0-18 | 3.0-13 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-16 | 5.0-15 | 3.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 16-22 | 5.0-20 | 3.0-18 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 22-28 | 6.0-18 | 5.0-14 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 28-80 | - | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300: |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia------- | 0-5 | 5.0-12 | 2.0-6.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-18 | 5.0-14 | 2.0-6.0 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 18-28 | 7.0-19 | 5.0-13 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 28-80 | 12-30 | 10-22 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | 0-5 | 5.5-11 | 1.7-4.6 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-10 | 4.0-5.9 | 1.7-2.9 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 10-18 | 4.4-8.5 | 3.5-7.9 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 18-42 | \| 4.9-19 | 3.8-15 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 42-80 | 3.1-15 | 2.2-12 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73303: |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga----------- | 0-6 | 6.0-11 | 2.0-5.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 6-16 | 6.0-18 | 2.0-11 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 16-34 | 10-18 | 4.0-12 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | \| 10-18 | 7.0-14 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | \| Cation |exchange |capacity | \|Effective <br> cation <br> \| exchange <br> \|capacity | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Soil } \\ \text { reaction } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In | $\mid \mathrm{meq} / 100$ | $\|m e q / 100 \mathrm{~g}\|$ | pH |
| 73303: |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove------ | 0-7 | 6.0-11 | 2.0-5.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 7-16 | 6.0-18 | 2.0-11 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 16-27 | 8.0-20 | 3.0-12 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 27-80 | 10-22 | 7.0-14 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305 : |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove------- | 0-7 | 6.0-11 | 2.0-5.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 7-16 | 6.0-18 | 2.0-11 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 16-27 | 8.0-20 | 3.0-12 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 27-80 | 10-22 | 7.0-14 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73308: |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgul | 0-10 | 5.0-12 | 3.0-7.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 10-48 | 5.0-15 | 3.0-7.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 48-80 | 5.0-15 | 4.0-7.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73309 : |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville------ | 0-1 | 10-40 | 5.0-30 | 3.5-6.5 |
|  | 1-5 | 8.0-17 | 3.0-13 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 5-11 | 4.0-7.0 | 2.0-6.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 11-42 | 5.0-9.0 | 2.0-7.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 42-80 | 10-20 | 7.0-20 | 3.5-5.5 |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-3 | 4.0-13 | 2.0-6.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 3-14 | 3.0-8.0 | 2.0-7.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 14-34 | 3.0-9.0 | 1.0-9.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten-------- | 0-7 | 4.3-8.8 | 2.0-4.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 7-21 | 4.6-10 | 2.5-7.1 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 21-34 | 6.1-11 | 3.9-7.5 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | 6.8-21 | 6.1-16 | 3.5-5.5 |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-8 | 6.0-12 | 3.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 8-10 | 3.0-8.0 | 3.0-6.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 10-31 | 3.0-9.0 | 3.0-6.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 31-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 3.3-20 | 1.3-20 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-10 | 3.3-18 | 1.3-15 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 10-28 | 3.0-15 | 1.9-11 | 3.5-6.0 |
|  | 28-80 | 7.4-28 | 5.0-23 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten-------- | 0-7 | 4.3-8.8 | 2.0-4.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 7-21 | 4.6-10 | 2.5-7.1 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 21-34 | 6.1-11 | 3.9-7.5 | 4.5-5.5 |
|  | 34-80 | 6.8-21 | 6.1-16 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis-------- | 0-5 | 3.0-10 | 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 5-9 | 3.0-10 | 2.0-8.0 | 4.5-6.0 |
|  | 9-25 | 3.0-10 | 3.0-8.0 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  | 25-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor---------- | 0-4 | 8.0-18 | 3.0-9.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 4-10 | 4.0-10 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 10-28 | 5.0-15 | 3.0-12 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 28-80 | 15-25 | 10-20 | 3.5-5.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |



Table 19.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | \| Cation |exchange |capacity | \|Effective <br> cation <br> \|exchange <br> \|capacity | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Soil } \\ \text { reaction } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In | $\mid \mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\|\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}\|$ | pH |
| 74648: |  |  |  |  |
| Aslinger-------- | 0-6 | 7.0-15 | 4.0-8.0 | 4.8-6.4 |
|  | 6-22 | 8.0-20 | 5.0-17 | 4.3-5.5 |
|  | 22-46 | 8.0-15 | 6.0-11 | 4.6-5.1 |
|  | 46-80 | 11-16 | 7.0-12 | 4.6-5.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658 : |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni---------- | 0-7 | 3.0-12 | 0.0-10 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  | 7-36 | 2.0-10 | 0.0-8.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 36-50 | 2.0-10 | 0.0-8.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 50-80 | 2.0-12 | 0.0-8.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |
| Deible | 0-10 | 7.2-14 | 3.5-13 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 10-15 | 8.3-12 | 3.5-9.5 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 15-37 | 12-33 | 9.3-29 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 37-80 | 13-35 | 5.9-33 | 6.6-8.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 74679 : |  |  |  |  |
| Higdon---------- | 0-8 | 8.0-14 | 5.0-10 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 8-22 | 8.0-15 | 5.0-12 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 22-44 | 9.0-20 | 5.0-15 | 5.6-6.5 |
|  | 44-80 | 9.0-20 | 5.0-15 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681 : |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond | 0-8 | 7.0-12 | 0.0-7.0 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  | 8-20 | 8.0-20 | 0.0-18 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 20-80 | 8.0-17 | 0.0-13 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 74690: |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau-------- | 0-7 | 10-14 | 7.0-12 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 7-14 | 6.0-12 | 4.0-8.0 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 14-80 | 12-20 | 10-14 | 5.1-6.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket----- | 0-10 | 5.0-12 | 3.0-12 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 10-48 | 5.0-12 | 4.0-10 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 48-80 | 7.0-12 | 4.0-10 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75390 : |  |  |  |  |
| Razort---------- | 0-7 | 6.0-25 | 6.0-27 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 7-34 | 5.0-20 | 5.0-20 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 34-80 | 5.0-20 | 5.0-20 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot------ | 0-6 | 5.0-15 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  | 6-45 | 5.0-10 | 3.0-10 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  | 45-80 | 1.0-5.0 | 1.0-5.0 | 4.5-6.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394 : |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | 0-6 | 6.4-12 | 3.9-10 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 6-80 | 1.5-6.3 | 0.5-4.3 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur--------- | 0-8 | 4.0-10 | 2.0-10 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 8-80 | 5.0-8.0 | 2.0-8.0 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Wideman- | 0-6 | 4.0-8.0 | 0.0-0.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 6-18 | 3.0-6.0 | 0.0-0.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 18-80 | 3.0-6.0 | 0.0-0.0 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Map symbol and soil name | Depth | \| Cation |exchange |capacity | $\begin{aligned} & \mid \text { Effective } \\ & \mid \text { cation } \\ & \mid \text { exchange } \\ & \text { \| capacity } \end{aligned}$ | Soil reaction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In | $\text { meq/100 } \mathrm{g}$ | $\mathrm{g}\|\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}\|$ | $p H$ |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe | 0-6 | 6.4-12 | 3.9-10 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 6-80 | 1.5-6.3 | 0.5-4.3 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75408: |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh- | 0-8 | 8.0-14 | 10-16 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 8-11 | 8.0-14 | 10-16 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 11-27 | 8.0-14 | 12-18 | 5.1-6.0 |
|  | 27-80 | 8.0-14 | 12-18 | 5.1-6.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75417: |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe- | 0-6 | 6.4-12 | 3.9-10 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  | 6-80 | 1.5-6.3 | 0.5-4.3 | 5.1-7.3 |
| Sandbur | 0-8 | 4.0-10 | 2.0-10 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 8-50 | 5.0-8.0 | 2.0-8.0 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 50-80 | 2.0-10 | 0.5-5.0 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75418: |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk- | 0-8 | 5.0-14 | 2.0-12 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 8-47 | 3.3-8.0 | 1.0-5.9 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  | 47-80 | 2.4-10 | 0.5-6.2 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75420 : |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh | 0-8 | 10-16 | 8.0-14 | 5.6-7.3 |
|  | 8-11 | 10-16 | 8.0-14 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 11-27 | 12-18 | 8.0-14 | 5.1-6.0 |
|  | 27-80 | 12-18 | 8.0-14 | 5.1-6.0 |
| Tilk | 0-8 | 7.0-11 | 1.0-10 | 5.1-6.5 |
|  | 8-47 | 5.0-11 | \| 1.0-6.0 | 4.5-7.3 |
|  | 47-80 | 5.0-14 | 0.5-6.2 | 5.1-7.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75432 : |  |  |  |  |
| Batcave--------- | 0-11 | 6.0-15 | 0.0-12 | 5.6-7.8 |
|  | 11-36 | 6.0-15 | 0.0-12 | 5.6-7.8 |
|  | 36-60 | 6.0-15 | 0.0-12 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  | 60-80 | 6.0-15 | 0.0-12 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell--------- | 0-8 | 9.8-25 | 0.0-17 | 5.6-6.5 |
|  | 8-18 | 8.2-18 | 0.0-20 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 18-39 | 8.6-22 | 0.0-20 | 6.1-7.8 |
|  | 39-80 | 7.2-23 | 0.0-19 | 6.6-7.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 75433 : |  |  |  |  |
| Racket | 0-7 | 8.0-17 | 0.0-10 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 7-42 | 10-20 | 0.0-8.0 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  | 42-80 | 2.0-8.0 | 0.0-8.0 | 6.1-7.3 |
|  |  | \| |  |  |
| 99001. |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  | \| | 1 \| |  |
|  |  | \| | 1 |  |
| 99002: |  |  |  |  |
| Borrow areas | 0-80 | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |

rable 20.--Water Features
(Depths of layers are in feet. See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated)


Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper \| Lower | \|Surface | Duration | \|Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit \| limit | \| water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  | \| | | | \| depth | |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| | $F t \quad \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Ft }\end{aligned}\right.$ | Ft |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten----------- | C | High | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| February | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|March | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|April | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | B | Medium |  | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73080: |  |  | \| | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | B | Very high |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bardley- | B | Very high |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop-------- | \| --- | --- |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\|\quad\|$ |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73198: |  |  | \| | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy | B | Medium |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton------------ | C | Very high |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | -- | --- \| | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| February | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | --- | --- \| | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|March | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | -- | --- \| | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| April | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | - | --- \| | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | --- | --- \| | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | \| | |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | D | Very high |  | \| | , |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop------- | \| --- | - |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec |  | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73221: |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | B | Very high | $1$ |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec |  | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73222: |  |  | \| | \| | , |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb--------- | C | Negligible |  | \| | | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | $\|1.0-1.7\|>6.0$ | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | Frequent | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|February | $\|1.0-1.7\|>6.0$ | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | Frequent | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|March | $\|1.0-1.7\|>6.0 \mid$ | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | Frequent | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|April | $\|1.0-1.7\|>6.0 \mid$ | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | Frequent | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|May | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | Frequent | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Very brief | \|Occasional| | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| July | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Very brief | Rare \| | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Very brief | Rare | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Very brief | Rare | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \|October | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Very brief | \|Occasional| | - | None |
|  |  |  | \| November | --- \| --- |0. | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | \| Frequent | | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|1.0-1.7\|>6.0 \mid$ | \|0.0-0.5| | Brief | Frequent | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223: |  |  | \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone---------- | B | Very high |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper \| Lower | \|Surface| | Duration | \| Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit \| limit | \| water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  |  | depth \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \| | Ft \| Ft | | Ft |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender------------- | - ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Very high |  | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | I | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie--------------- | - C | High | \| |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| January | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | - | --- | None | - | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| February | $\|2.0-3.0\| 3.3-5.0 \mid$ | -- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|March | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|April | $\|2.0-3.0\| 3.3-5.0 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| December | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | --- | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | C | Very high |  |  | $\mid$ \| |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| January | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | -- | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| February | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|March | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| April | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| December | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | \| --- | | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| | 1 | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | C | Very high |  | $1$ | I |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ \| |  | \| January | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | , | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| February | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | \| --- | | - | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| March | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| | |  | \| April | $\|2.0-3.0\| 3.3-5.0 \mid$ | \| --- | | -- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| December | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | $\|\quad\|$ |  |  | $\mid$ | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | C | Very high |  | \| | , |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| January | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| February | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|March | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | -- | -- | None | -- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|April | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73230: |  |  | \| | 1 | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone---------- | - ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Very high |  | 1 | \| |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \|Jan-Dec | - \| --- | --- | --- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | B | Very high |  | \| | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  |  | $1$ | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | C | Very high |  | , | \| |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| January | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | \| --- | -- | None | -- | None |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| February | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|March | \|1.5-3.0|1.7-3.3| | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|April | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | - |  |  | \| | | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73231: \| | |  |  | \| | \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola- | - ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Medium |  | , | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | \| January | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| February | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| March | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0 \mid$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|April | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- \| | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | , |  |  | \| | | $\mid$ \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  | 1 \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \| B | Very high |  | $1$ | \| |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid$ \| |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | I |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper \| Lower | \|Surface | Duration | \| Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit \| limit | water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|group | |  |  | $\mid$ \| | | depth \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \| | \| Ft | Ft | Ft |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \| | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood----------- | - | Very high | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| January | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|February | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|March | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- | -- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|April | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | $\|1.5-3.0\| 1.7-3.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | C \| | High |  | $1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | \| January | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|February | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|March | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|April | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | B | Medium |  | $1 \quad \mid$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73242: |  |  | \| | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon------------ | - | Medium |  | $1 \quad 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | - |  | , | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti-------------- | \| C | | High |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \| January | $\|1.1-2.3\| 1.3-2.5 \mid$ | - | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|February | $\|1.1-2.3\| 1.3-2.5 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|March | $\|1.1-2.3\| 1.3-2.5 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|April | $\|1.1-2.3\| 1.3-2.5 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| December | $\|1.1-2.3\| 1.3-2.5 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | $1 \quad 1$ |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73243 : |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill----------- | - | Medium |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73245: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | C | Medium | \| | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73246: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | C | High | - | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | \| --- | --- | \| None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| | 1 | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73247: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | B | Very high | - | \| | | , |  |  |  |  |
|  | I |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  |  | \| <br> \| | , |  |  |  |  |
| 73248: |  |  | \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | B | High | \| | , |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | $1 \quad \mid$ |  | 兂 | \| | | $1$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | C | Very high | \| | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | \| January | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | I |  | \|February | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ |  | --- | \| None | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ |  | --- | \| None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249 : |  |  | \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | B | Very high |  | 1 \| |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| | |  | \|Jan-Dec |  | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| | |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hydrologic group |  |  | \| Upper | Lower | \|Surface $\mid$ water $\mid$ depth | Duration | \|Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \| |  | \| | Ft \| Ft | Ft |  |  |  |  |
|  | I |  | \| | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie--------------- | - | Very high |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| February | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | --- | -- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  | \|March | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| April | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | \|2.0-3.0|3.3-5.0| | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----------- | C | Very high |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|2.0-3.0|2.3-3.4| | -- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| February | \|2.0-3.0|2.3-3.4| | - | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | \|2.0-3.0|2.3-3.4| | \| --- | --- | None | - | None |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill---------- | \| B | Medium |  | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- | --- | None | -- | None |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73297: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor------------ | \| B | Very high |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten----------- | C | Very high |  | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | - | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| March | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|April | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | + | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.5-3.5 \mid$ | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73298 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti-------------- | C | High |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.0-3.0 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.0-3.0 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|March | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.0-3.0 \mid$ | -- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|April | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.0-3.0 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|1.5-2.5\| 2.0-3.0 \mid$ | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek----------- | C | Medium |  | \| | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | \|1.3-2.7|1.5-2.8| | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | \|1.3-2.7|1.5-2.8| | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | \|1.3-2.7|1.5-2.8| |  | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|April | \|1.3-2.7|1.5-2.8| | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|1.3-2.7\| 1.5-2.8 \mid$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73300: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macedonia---------- | B | Medium |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73301: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick--------------- | C | Medium |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  | \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |
| 73303 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenaga------------- | \| --- | Medium |  | \| | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| March | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|April | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- | --- | None | - | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|1.5-2.5\|>6.0$ | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove--------- | B | Medium |  | \| | I |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table | Ponding |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper \| Lower | \|Surface| Duration | Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit \| limit | water \| |  |  |  |
|  | \| group | |  |  | \| | | depth \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Ft \| Ft | Ft |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| | \| | | | , |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egyptgrove---------- | B | Medium |  | \| | | | \| | |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  | \| | | 1 |  |  |  |
| 73308: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf----------- | B | Negligible |  | \| | | \| | |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| February | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief| | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|March | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief| | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \|April | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief| | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| May | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief $\mid$ | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|June | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief| | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|July | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief| | Rare | --- | None |
|  | , |  | \| August | --- \| --- | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ Very brief $\mid$ | Rare | -- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| September | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|October | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief| | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| November | --- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief $\mid$ | Rare | --- | None |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | -- \| --- | \|0.0-0.5|Very brief $\mid$ | Rare | --- | None |
|  | \| | |  |  | , | , |  |  |  |
| 73309: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville-------- | - | Very high |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| Jan-Dec | \| --- | --- | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | + |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----------- | C | Very high |  |  | 1 \| | |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| January | $\|1.5-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | \| | None | --- | None |
|  | , |  | \| February | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten----------- | C | Medium |  |  | \| | | |  |  |  |
|  | $\mid 1$ |  | \| January | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | - \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | , |  | \| February | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | -- \| --- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  | \|March | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  | \|April | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis----------- | C | High |  |  | \| |  |  |  |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| January | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | \| --- | None | - | None |
|  |  |  | \| February | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- \| -- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------------- | B | Medium |  | \| | 1 \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | , |  |  |  |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | C | High |  | \| | | \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|March | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | - | None |
|  | \| |  | \| April | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|1.3-2.2\| 1.5-2.3 \mid$ | - \| --- | None | -- | None |
|  |  |  |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |
| Bendavis- | C | Very high |  | \| | \| |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|2.0-3.0|2.3-3.4| | --- \| --- | | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|2.0-3.0\| 2.3-3.4 \mid$ | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |
| Poynor-------------- | B | High |  | \| | 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| Jan-Dec | --- \| --- | --- \| --- | None | --- | None |
|  | , |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued


Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table |  | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \| Hydro-| |  |  | Upper | Lower | \|Surface | Duration | \|Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic |  |  | limit | limit | water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  |  |  | depth |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| | Ft | Ft | Ft |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74626: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tanglenook---------- | D | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | $\|0.0-1.5\|$ | >6.0 | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | $\|0.0-1.5\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | $\|0.0-1.5\|$ | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|April | $\|0.0-1.5\|$ | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|May | $\|0.0-1.5\|$ | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | - | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- \| | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | \|0.0-1.5| | >6.0 | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| December | $\|0.0-1.5\|$ | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74648: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aslinger----------- | B | Medium |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| February | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \|March | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | -- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| April | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| May | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | \| --- | | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| November | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | -- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  | \| December | \|1.5-2.5| | 2.5-3.5\| | --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74658 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zanoni------------- | B | Very low |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | - | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | - | --- \| | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|March | - | -- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|April | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- \| | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | - | --- \| | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| August | --- | --- \| | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | - | --- \| | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | - | -- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | - | --- \| | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74677: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deible------------- | D | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | \|0.0-1.0| | $>6.0$ | --- | - | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|March | \|0.0-1.0| | $>6.0$ |  | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| April | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | I | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|May | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- \| | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| August | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|October | --- \| | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table |  | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper | Lower | \|Surface | Duration | \|Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit | limit | water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group | |  |  |  |  | depth \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  | Ft | Ft | $F t$ |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74679: \| C | Medium |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Higdon | $\mid$ |  | \|January | \|1.0-2.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| | |  | \|February | $\|1.0-2.0\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | $\mid$ March | \|1.0-2.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| | |  | \| April | $\|1.0-2.0\|$ | >6.0 | -- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| May | \|1.0-2.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | - | - | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|October | --- \| | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | \|1.0-2.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| December | \|1.0-2.0| | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74681: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lostpond----------- | C | High |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|0.6-2.4| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|February | $\|0.6-2.4\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | $\mid$ March | $\|0.6-2.4\|$ | $>6.0$ | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| April | $\|0.6-2.4\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|May | \|0.6-2.4| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- | - | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| October | - | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | \|0.6-2.4| | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|0.6-2.4\|$ | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 74690 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moniteau----------- | A | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| February | $\|0.0-1.0\|$ | $>6.0$ | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | $\mid$ March | $\|0.0-1.0\|$ | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| April | $\|0.0-1.0\|$ | >6.0 | --- | - | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| May | $\|0.0-1.0\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | -- | -- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- \| | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| October | --- \| | --- | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | \|0.0-1.0| | >6.0 | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| December | $\|0.0-1.0\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 75381: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bearthicket-------- | B | Low |  |  |  | 1 |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| February | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| March | -- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|April | --- | --- | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|May | --- \| | --- |  | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | --- | --- |  | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- | --- | \| --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \|October | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $1 \quad 1$ |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table |  | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper | Lower | \|Surface| | Duration | \|Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit | limit | water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  |  |  | \| depth | |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| | $F t$ | $F t$ | Ft |  |  | \| |  |
|  | \| |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |
| 75390 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Razort------------- | B | Low | \| |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| April | --- | --- | --- \| | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|May | - | --- | --- | --- \| | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | -- | --- | \| --- | | --- \| | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | - | --- | --- | --- \| | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | - | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | 1 \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75391: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Possumtrot--------- | \| B | Low |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | - | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | --- | - | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| April | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | None | \| Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | - | --- | -- | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | - | --- | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | - | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | - | - | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | - | --- | --- | --- | None | \| Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | - | --- | None | \| Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75394 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe-------------- | - A | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | - | --- \| | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|March | --- | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| April | - | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|May | - | --- | --- | --- \| | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | - | --- | --- \| | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | \| Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | - | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | - | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur------------ | A | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | - | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| February | -- | --- | --- \| | --- \| | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | 1 \| |  | \|March | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Brief | Frequent |
|  | 1 |  | \| April | --- | --- | --- | -- | None | \| Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | - | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| August | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- \| | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | --- | -- | None | \| Very brief | Rare |
|  | 1 |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Occasional |
|  | 1 |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | \| Brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table |  | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper | Lower | \|Surface | Duration | \| Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic |  |  | limit | limit | \| water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  |  |  | depth \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| | $F t$ | Ft | $F t$ |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75396:  <br> Wideman------------------ A A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \|January | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | - | --- \| | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|March | - | --- | - | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ April | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June | - | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | -- | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Occasional |
|  | , |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe------------- | A | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| February | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|March | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|April | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|May | - | --- | - | --- | None | Brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | - | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | - | --- | - | --- | None | Brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| December | - | --- | - | --- | None | Brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75408: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh------------- | B | Low |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|January | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- \| | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|April | --- \| | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | - | --- | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | - | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75417: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relfe------------- | A | Negligible |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| December | -- | --- | \| --- | | --- | \| None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| January | --- | --- | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| March | --- | --- | --- | - | \| None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|April | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | - | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table |  | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper | Lower | \|Surface| | Duration | \|Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit | limit | water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  |  |  | depth \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| | Ft | Ft | Ft |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
| 75417: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sandbur------------ | A | Very low |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|January | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | - | - | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| April | - | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \| May | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| July | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| August | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | - | - | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75418:   <br> Tilk--------------------- B Negligible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk--------------- | $1$ |  | \|January | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| February | - | - | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | --- | - | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| April | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| May | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|June | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| August | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | - | - | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Very rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | - | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
| 75420: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secesh------------- | - | Low |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | - | - | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | $\mid$ March | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|April | --- | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|May | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June | -- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  |  | - | --- | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | -- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| October | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk--------------- | \| ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Very low |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| January | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| February | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|March | --- | - | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|April | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | I |  | \|May | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \|June |  | --- | - | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|July | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|August | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \|October | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| |  | \| November | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| December | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |

Table 20.--Water Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name |  | Surface runoff | Month | Water table |  | Ponding |  |  | Flooding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \|Hydro-| |  |  | Upper | Lower | \|Surface| | Duration | Frequency | Duration | Frequency |
|  | \|logic | |  |  | limit | limit | water |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| group |  |  |  |  | \| depth | |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  | \| | Ft | Ft | $F t$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | I |  | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75432 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Batcave------------ | \| ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | High |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|February | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ | >6.0 |  | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  | $\mid$ March | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  | \|April | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  | \| |  | \|May | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- \| | --- | - | - | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | --- \| | --- | --- | - | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| August | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  | \| | |  | \| September | --- \| | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|October | --- \| | --- |  | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \| December | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | - | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell | D | High |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  | \| February | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  | \|March | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ | $>6.0$ | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  | \|April | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ | >6.0 | - | -- | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  | \|May | $\|0.0-0.5\|$ | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \|June | --- \| | --- | - | - | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | --- \| | --- | --- | -- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- \| | - | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- \| | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|October | --- \| | --- | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  | \| |  | \| December | \|0.0-0.5| | >6.0 | \| --- | | - | None | Very brief | Frequent |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 75433 : |  |  | \| | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Racket------------- | B | Negligible |  |  |  | 1 \| |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| January | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \|February | \|3.5-6.0| | >6.0 | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \|March | \|3.5-6.0| | $>6.0$ | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \| April | \|3.5-6.0| | >6.0 | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \|May | --- | - | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \|June | -- | - | $\mid$--- \| | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|July | --- | --- | \| --- | | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \|August | --- \| | --- |  | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| September | --- | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| October | - | - | - | --- | None | Very brief | Rare |
|  |  |  | \| November | --- \| | --- |  | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  | \| December | --- \| | --- | --- | --- | None | Very brief | Occasional |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  | , |  |  |  |  |
| 99001: |  |  | \| | 1 |  | \| |  | \| |  |  |
| Water | --- | --- |  | 1 |  | , |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | --- \| | --- | \| --- | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  | $1 \quad 1$ |  | , |  |  |  |  |
| 99002: |  |  |  | 1 \| |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Borrow areas | --- | --- |  | 1 1 |  | $1 \quad 1$ |  | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  | \|Jan-Dec | \| --- | | --- | --- \| | --- | None | --- | None |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 21. --Soil Features
(See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated)

| Map symbol <br> and soil name | Restrictive layer |  |  |  | Potential <br> for | Risk of corrosion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \| Depth | | |  | Hardness |  | Uncoated steel | Concrete |
|  | Kind | \| to top | \|Thickness| |  | frost action |  |  |
|  |  | In | In |  | \| |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 70025: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branson--- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|High | \|Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb------ | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | \| High | \| High | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 71250: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Britwater--- | --- | --- | --- | \| --- | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73000: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pomme---- | --- | --- | --- | \| --- | \|Moderate | \| Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73013 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowassie-------- | --- | --- | --- \| | --- | \| High | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73051: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg-------- | --- | - | --- | --- | \|High | \|Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73068: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | Dense material | 22-66 | 14-58 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  | Dense material |  |  |  |  |  | , |
| 73069 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tick- | Dense material | 22-66 | 14-58 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73073: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | Fragipan | 14-31 | 6-29 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73080: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| Moderate |
|  | contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Bardley-- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rock outcrop. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73198: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gressy------- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|Moderate | \|Low | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Viraton- | Fragipan | 16-41 | 10-30 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73199 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 6-20 | 60-76 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| Low | \| Low |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  | \| |
| Rock outcrop. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | , |  | \| |  | \| |
| 73221: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \|High |
|  |  |  |  |  | \|oderate |  | \|righ |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  | 1 |

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Restrictive layer |  |  |  |  | Risk of corrosion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Depth |  |  | for | Uncoated | \| |
|  | Kind | \| to top | \|Thickness | Hardness | \|frost action| | steel | Concrete |
|  |  | In | In |  | \| | |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73222: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Splitlimb-- | \| --- | --- | --- | --- | \| High | \| High | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73223 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone-- | \| --- | --- | --- | \| --- | \|Moderate | \| Low | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| Low | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73226: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 40-60 | 20-40 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| High | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | $\mid$ High | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73227: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 40-60 | 20-40 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | $\mid$ High | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| High | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73230 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coulstone-- | --- | --- | --- | -- | \|Moderate | \| Low | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bender- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| Low | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| High | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73231: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wasola---- | --- | --- | --- | -- | \|Moderate | \| Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73234: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- |  | 15-39 | 40-65 | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | \|Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  | contrasting |  |  |  |  |  | Moderate |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Gatewood- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| High | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73236 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | \|Fragipan | 14-31 | 6-29 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor- | \|Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | Noncemented | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73242 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanchon--- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti- | \|Fragipan | 16-28 | 10-25 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |
| 73243 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topazmill-------- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|Moderate | Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73245 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred | \|Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | Noncemented | \| Moderate | \| High | \| Moderate |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  | Moderate |  | Moderate |
|  | \| textural |  |  |  | 1 |  | \| |
|  | \| stratification |  |  |  | 1 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Restrictive layer |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Potential } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { frost action } \end{array}$ | Risk of corrosion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Depth |  |  |  | Uncoated |  |
|  | Kind | to top | \| Thickness | Hardness |  | \| steel | Concrete |
|  | \| | In | In | \| | \| | | \| |  |
|  | \| |  |  | \| |  |  |  |
| 73246: | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| ${ }^{\text {igh }}$ | \| Moderate |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73247: | \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | \|Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| textural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73248 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  | contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| textural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| stratification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \| Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73249 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | \|Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | \| Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| textural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocie | \|Strongly | 15-39 | --- | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | \| High | \| Moderate |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| textural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| stratification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 40-60 | 20-40 | \| Indurated |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \| Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73295: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill--------73297: | \| --- | --- | - | --- | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | \|Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| textural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten- | \|Fragipan | 14-31 | 6-29 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73298: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tonti | \|Fragipan | 16-28 | 10-25 | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | \| ${ }^{\text {igigh }}$ | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hogcreek- | \|Fragipan | 18-32 | 7-14 | \| Noncemented | --- | \|High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 28-40 | 40-52 | \| Indurated | \| |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 73300 : |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |
| Macedonia--------73301: | \| --- | - | --- | --- | \| Moderate | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \| |  |  |  | $\mid$ |  |  |
| Tick | \| Dense material | 22-66 | 14-58 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73303:Kenaga | \| |  |  |  | \| | |  |  |
|  | Dense material | 15-44 | 36-65 | \| Noncemented | --- | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Restrictive layer |  |  |  | Potential for | Risk of corrosion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Depth |  |  |  | Uncoated |  |
|  | Kind | \|to top | \|Thickness | Hardness | frost action\| | steel | Concrete |
|  |  | In | In |  | \| | |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73303: |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Egyptgrove- | Dense material | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73305: |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Egyptgrove- | Dense material | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73308: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandgulf- | \| --- | --- | --- | --- | \| High | \|Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| $73309 \text { : }$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clarksville------ | \| | --- | --- | - | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73310: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scholten | Fragipan | 14-31 | 6-29 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor | Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | Noncemented | \|Moderate | $\mid$ High | \| High |
|  | contrasting |  |  |  | - |  | \| |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | \| |  | \| |
| 73311: |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Scholten | Fragipan | 14-31 | 6-29 | \| Noncemented | \| High | $\mid$ High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bendavis- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-80 | \| Indurated | \| High | \|Moderate | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poynor----------- |  | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \| Moderate | Moderate | \| High |
|  | contrasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 73312 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | Noncemented | \|Moderate | Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  | \| contrasting |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | textural |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  | stratification |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Bendavis | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |
| 73317: |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Tonti | Fragipan | 16-28 | 10-25 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | \| High | \| High |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taterhill--------73318: | \| --- | --- | - | -- | \| Low | \| Moderate | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \| | |  |  |  | \| |
| Bender | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| Low |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moko-------------Rock outcrop. | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 6-20 | 60-76 | \| Indurated | \|Moderate | \| Low | \| Low |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
|  |  |  | \| |  | 1 |  | \| |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | \| |
| 73321: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alred- | Strongly | 15-39 | 41-65 | \| Noncemented | \|Moderate | Moderate | \| Moderate |
|  | contrasting |  |  |  | \| | |  | \| |
|  | textural |  |  |  | 1 |  | \| |
|  | \| stratification |  | \| |  | 1 \| |  | \| |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Gatewood- | \|Bedrock (lithic) | 20-40 | 40-60 | Indurated | \|Moderate | $\mid$ High | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Moderate |

Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued


Table 21.--Soil Features--Continued

| Map symbol and soil name | Restrictive layer |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Potential } \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { frost action } \end{aligned}$ | Risk of corrosion |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kind | Depth to top | \|Thickness | Hardness |  | Uncoated steel | Concrete |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | In | In |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| 75420: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilk--- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|Moderate | Low | \| Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75432 : |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Batcave--------- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| Moderate | \|Moderate | \| Low |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farewell-------- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \|Moderate | \| High | \|Moderate |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75433 : |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Racket---------- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| Moderate | Moderate | \| Low |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99001: |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Water------------ | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99002: |  |  |  |  |  |  | \| |
| Borrow areas----- | --- | --- | --- | --- | \| None | --- | \| --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 22.--Taxonomic Classification of the Soils
(An asterisk in the first column indicates a taxadjunct to the series. See text for a description of those characteristics that are outside the range of the series)

| Soil name | Family or higher taxonomic class |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Alr | Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs |
| Aslinger | Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Fragiaquic Paleudults |
| Bardley | Very-fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs |
| Batcave | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Argiaquolls |
| Bearthicket | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs |
| Bendavis | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults |
| Bende | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults |
| Bra | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Britwater | Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs |
| Clarksvil | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Coulston | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Deible | Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Albaqualfs |
| Egyptgrove | Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Fanchon | Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Farewell | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Argiaquolls |
| Gatewood | Very-fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs |
| Grandgulf | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Gressy | Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs |
| Higdon | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs |
| Hogcreek | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults |
| Kenaga | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Aquic Paleudults |
| Lostpond | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs |
| Lowassie | Fine, smectitic, mesic Vertic Epiaquults |
| Macedonia | Fine, mixed, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Mok | Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Lithic Hapludolls |
| *Monit | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleaquults |
| Oci | Loamy-skeletal over clayey, mixed, semiactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs |
| Pom | Fine-loamy, mixed, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs |
| Possumtrot | Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, mesic Fluventic Dystrudepts |
| Poynor | Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Racke | Fine-loamy, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls |
| Raz | Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Mollic Hapludalfs |
| Rel | Sandy-skeletal, siliceous, mesic Mollic Udifluvents |
| Sandbur | Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Mollic Udifluvents |
| Scholt | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults |
| Secesh | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs |
| Splitlimb | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Paleudults |
| Tanglenook | Fine, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Argiaquolls |
| Taterh | Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Tick | Fine, mixed, subactive, mesic Typic Hapludults |
| Till | Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs |
| Ton | Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults |
| Topaz | Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults |
| Viraton | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Oxyaquic Fragiudalfs |
| Wasola | Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Fragiaquic Hapludalfs |
| Widema | Sandy, siliceous, mesic Typic Udifluvents |
| Winnipeg | Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs |
| Zanoni | Coarse-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Ultic Hapludalfs |
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