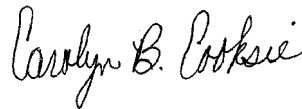


For: FSA Offices

**Administrative and Property Management Costs for
Debt and Loan Restructuring System (DALR\$)**

Approved by: Deputy Administrator, Farm Loan Programs



1 Overview

A Background

FSA must do the following to determine eligibility for writedowns:

- determine the net recovery of involuntary liquidation by calculating the value of security and other property
- compare the value of security and other property with the value of the restructured loan.

According to FmHA Instruction 1951-S, Section 1951.909(f)(2), State Offices shall conduct a cost analysis annually to determine the constants needed by servicing officials to calculate the net recovery value. These costs are determined according to FmHA Instruction 1951-S, Exhibit I.

B Purpose

This notice provides State Offices with:

- administrative liquidation costs for each loan type
- a worksheet for determining property management costs.

C Contact

If there are questions about this notice, State Offices shall contact Sharilyn Hashimoto, LSPMD, at 202-720-2743.

Disposal Date October 1, 2007	Distribution All FSA Offices; State Offices relay to County Offices
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2 Action

A Administrative Liquidation Costs

The administrative liquidation costs for each loan type are provided in the following table. These constants are for all versions of DALR\$.

Loan Type	Calculation	Cost
OL	$(3063 \div 60 = 51.05) \times \$22.13 =$	\$1,130.00
FO/SW	$(3063 \div 60 = 51.05) \times \$22.13 =$	\$1,130.00
EM/EE	$(3063 \div 60 = 51.05) \times \$22.13 =$	\$1,130.00
RH (used for RHF loans only)	$(3063 \div 60 = 51.05) \times \$22.13 =$	\$1,130.00

Note: Costs were calculated using the FY 2004 Delphi study and the 2006 Salary Table GS-11/1 pay rate.

B Determining Property Management Costs

Exhibit 1 shall be used to calculate property management costs. Delphi data standards for the calculation have been entered in Exhibit 1. Average actions per month have also been entered based upon a National average from the Delphi study for required actions per property.

Insert the average holding period for the State determined according to FmHA Instruction 1951-S, Exhibit I, paragraph A (1).

Note: The average holding period will be the average number of months suitable properties, which are **not** leased, are held in inventory. Deduct the number of months these properties were leased or were **not** sold because of litigation or environmental problems.

Use 6 months (165 calendar days rounded to months) in States that have no suitable properties, or have a limited number (generally less than 5) of suitable properties for which the holding period is **not** representative.

Note: Use 6 months only for purposes under FmHA Instruction 1951-S. Continue to use 5.5 months for FmHA instruction 1955-A, Exhibits G and G-1.

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2 Action (Continued)

C Farm Land Market Advisory Committee (FLMAC)

FLMAC will consist of the following:

- FSA, SED
- NRCS State Conservationist
- extension specialist from a land grant university, if available, or other CSREES employee with knowledge of the farm real estate market.

Note: See FmHA Instruction 1951-S, Exhibit I, paragraph (A)(4).

Data obtained from EIP-51R and FSA-326 may be useful to FLMAC in determining the annual percentage of decrease or increase in land values.

D State Supplement

FmHA Instruction 1951-S, Section 1951.909(f)(2) requires SED's to issue a State supplement to:

- address the estimated costs and average holding period to use in making calculations or net recovery value
- provide servicing officials with the factors to use in adjusting current market value.

Note: The State supplement shall be issued **after** completing the cost analysis, but no later than November 1, 2006, according to 1-AS.

Worksheet for Determining Property Management Costs

This is the worksheet for determining property management costs.

$$\text{Step 1. (} \frac{.215}{\text{Average Actions Per Property/Month}} \times \frac{\text{Average Holding Period}}{\text{Average Holding Period}} = \text{)}$$

$$\text{Step 2. (} \frac{180}{\text{Delphi Data for Real Estate Loans}} \div 60 = 3 \text{)}$$

$$\text{Step 3. (} \frac{\text{Amount from Step 1}}{\text{Amount from Step 1}} \times \frac{3}{\text{Amount From Step 2}} \times \frac{22.13}{\text{GS 11/1 Hourly Pay}} = \text{)}$$

$$\text{Step 4. (} \frac{648}{\text{Delphi Data for Inventory Actions}} \div 60 = 10.8 \text{)}$$

$$\text{Step 5. (} \frac{10.8}{\text{Amount from Step 4}} \times \frac{22.13}{\text{GS 11/1 Hourly Pay}} = 239.00 \text{)}$$

$$\text{Step 6. (} \frac{\text{Amount from Step 3}}{\text{Amount from Step 3}} + \frac{\text{Amount From Step 5}}{\text{Amount From Step 5}} = \text{ Administrative Costs for Inventory Property } \text{)}$$