

# W/Z+jets and Z $p_T$ measurements at the Tevatron

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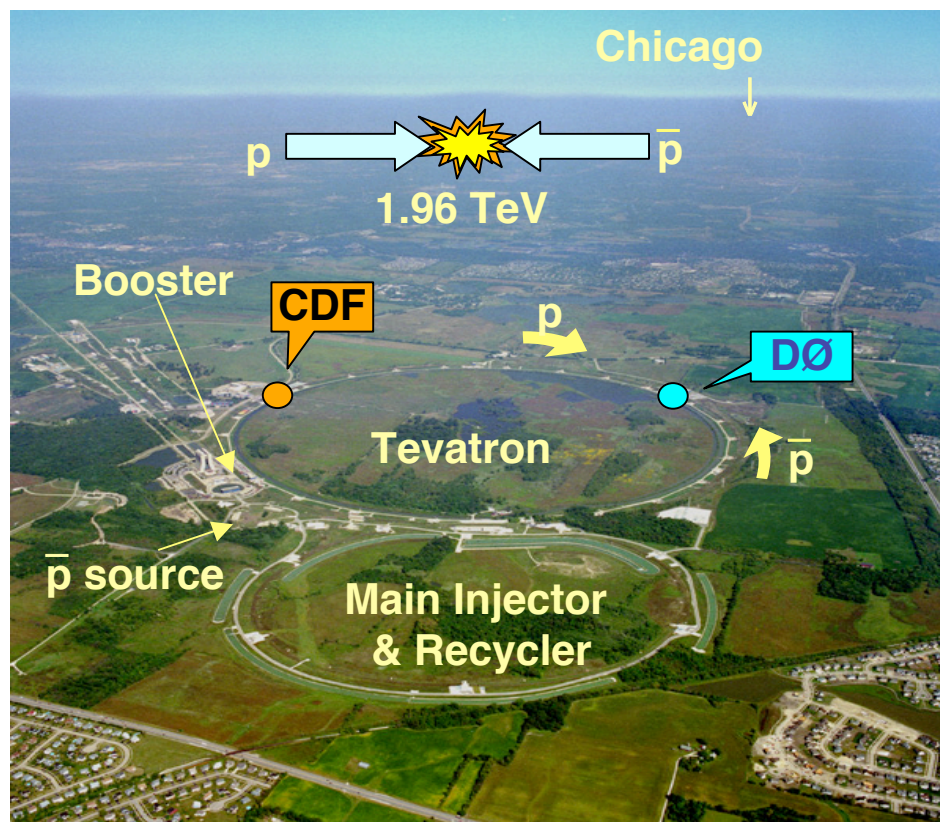


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# Outline

- Introduction
- DØ/CDF detectors
- W+jets production
- Z+jets production
- Z  $p_T$  measurement
- Summary

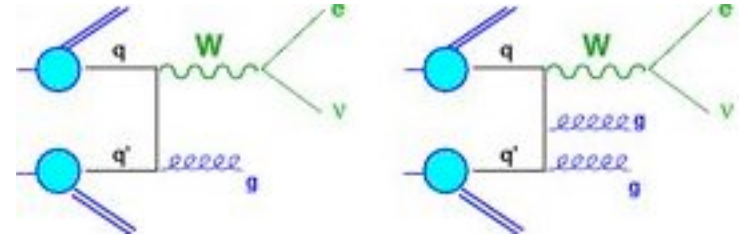


- ✓ p-pbar at  $\sqrt{s}=1.96$  TeV
- ✓ peak  $L \sim 1.7 \times 10^{32}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>/s
- ✓  $\sim 1.6$  fb<sup>-1</sup> delivered

# W/Z+jets production

- W/Z+jets are signatures for

- Top pair & single top
- Higgs boson (WH, ZH)
- SUSY

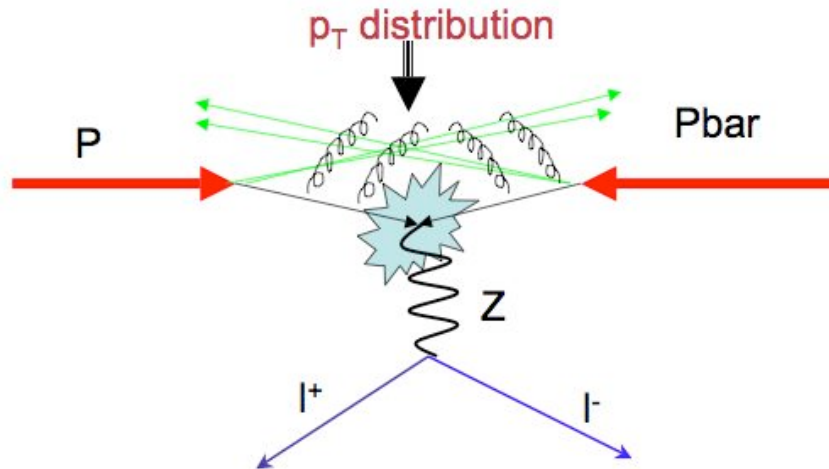


- ✓ But large QCD production is main backgrounds
- ✓ Knowing of cross section and kinematic properties are essential for reliable background estimates

and test of

- pQCD at high  $Q^2$
- LO and NLO Matrix Element + Parton Showering: modeling MC is very crucial for LHC

# Z $p_T$ distribution

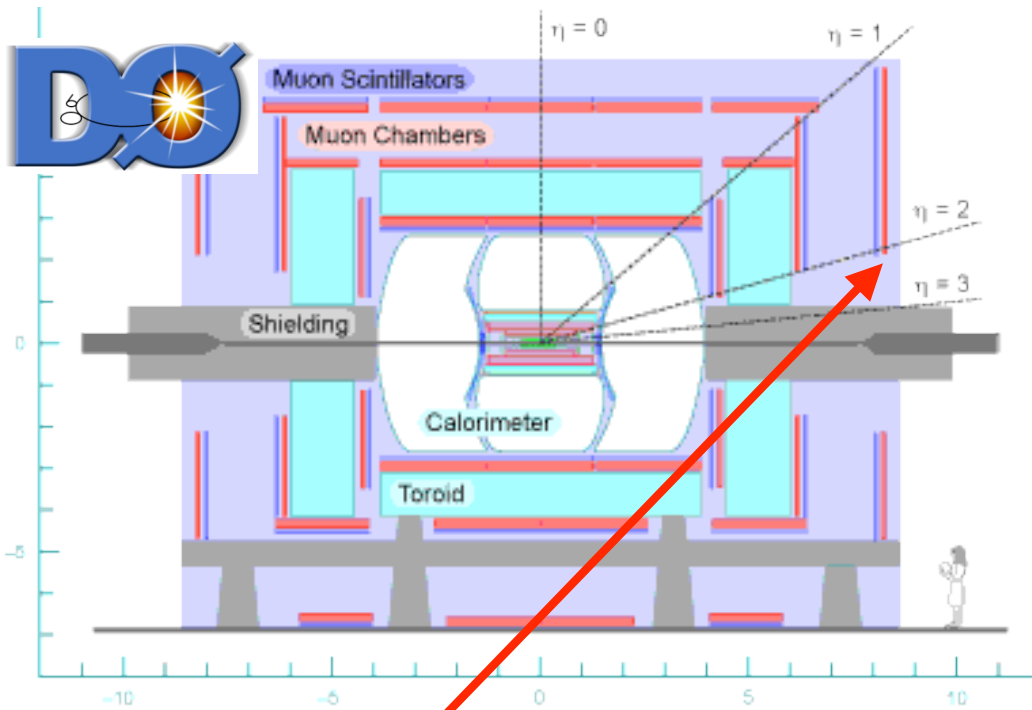


- Initial state QCD radiations:
  - Number of jet distributions : impact on many other channels (ex.  $W/Z/t\bar{t}$  + (n)jets)
  - Understanding of boson (W,Z)  $p_T$  is important

At Tevatron, we use clean Z events for boson  $p_T$

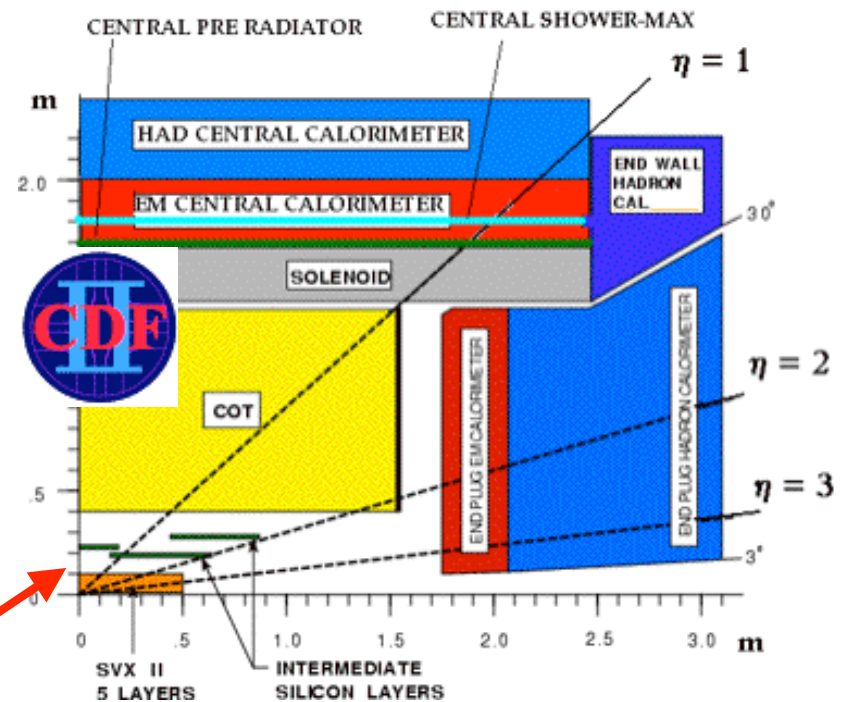
- ✓ High  $p_T$  region : pQCD test
- ✓ Low  $p_T$  region : non-pQCD (resummation) test
- ✓ Understanding of  $p_T$  distribution reduces the W mass uncertainty (CDF Goal  $\sim 40$  MeV, 13 MeV from W  $p_T$ )
- ✓ Deviations at high  $p_T$  are sign of new physics

# DØ and CDF detectors



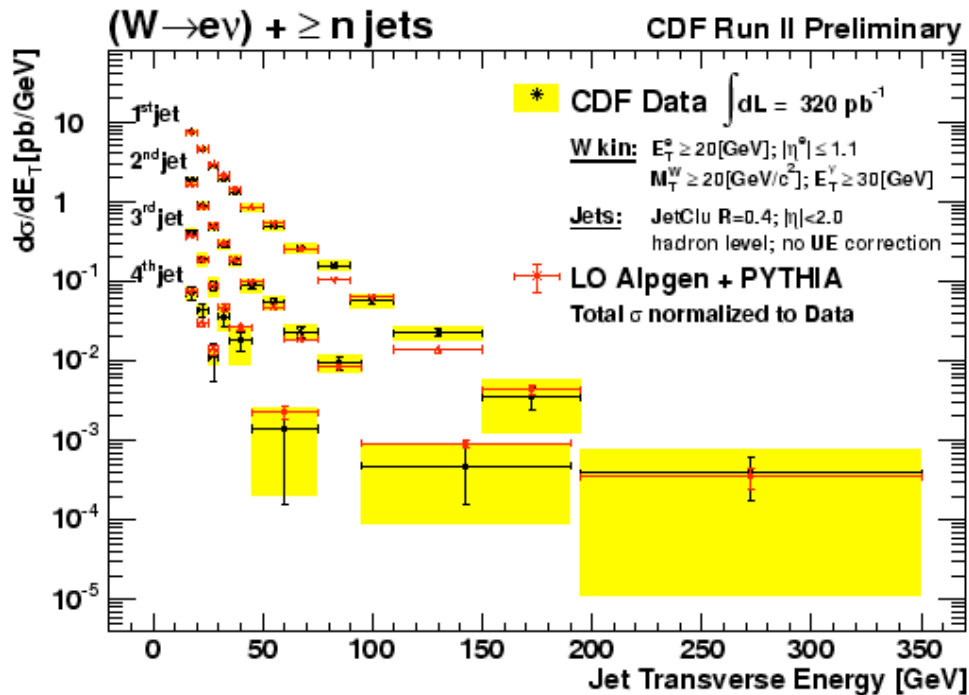
Excellent muon ID and acceptance

Multi-purpose detector:  
 Precision tracking with SI  
 EM & Hadron Calorimeters  
 Muon Chambers



Excellent tracking

# W+ jets production (CDF 320 pb<sup>-1</sup>)



## W(→eν) + jet

Restrict W cross section to the measurable phase space to minimize the model dependence

- $E_T(e) > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $M_T(W) > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $MET > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta(e)| < 1.1$
- JETCLU 0.4,
- $E_T(\text{jet}) > 15 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta(\text{jet})| < 2.0$

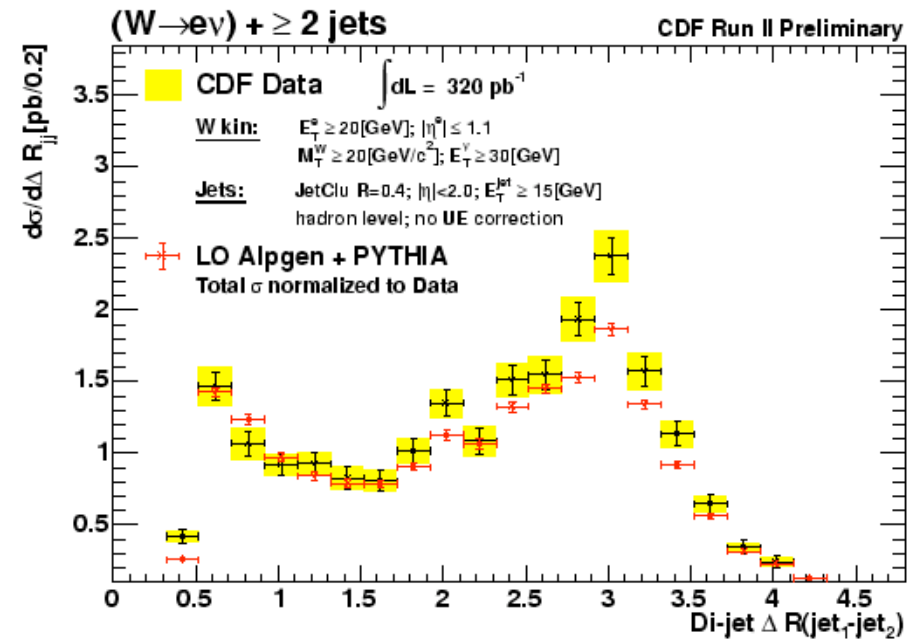
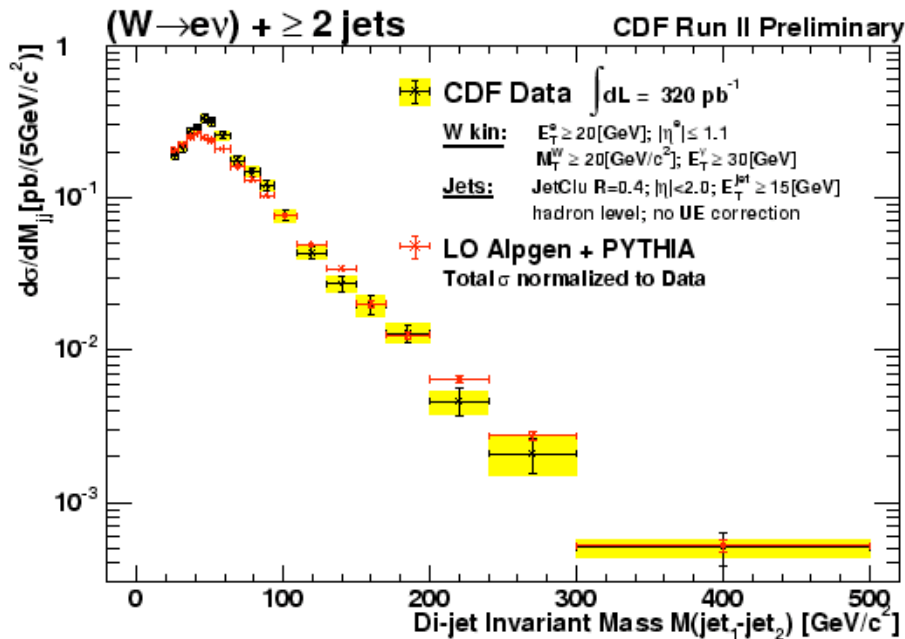
- ✓ Jets are corrected to the hadron level
- ✓ Comparison with LO Alpgen ME (v2) + Pythia PS
- ✓ Normalized for each jet multiplicity
- ✓ Agreement is good in shape

# W+ $\geq 2$ jets (CDF 320 pb $^{-1}$ )



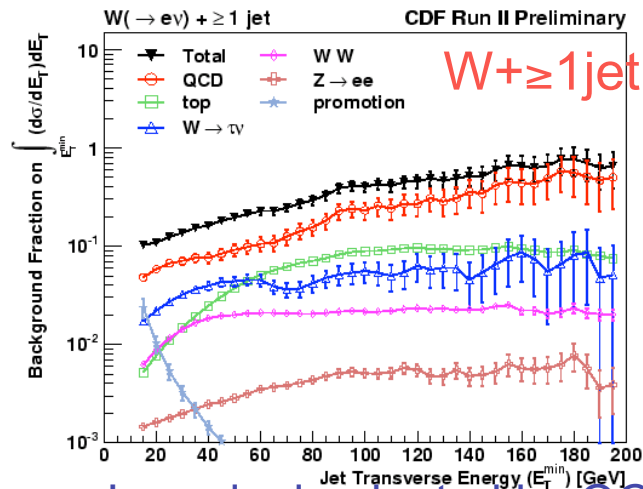
$d\sigma/dM$  vs.  $M(\text{jet}, \text{jet})$

$d\sigma/d\Delta R$  vs.  $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \text{jet})$



Comparison with LO Alpgen (v2) + Pythia in shape only  
(MC have been normalized to the measured cross section)  
Reasonable agreement between data and predictions

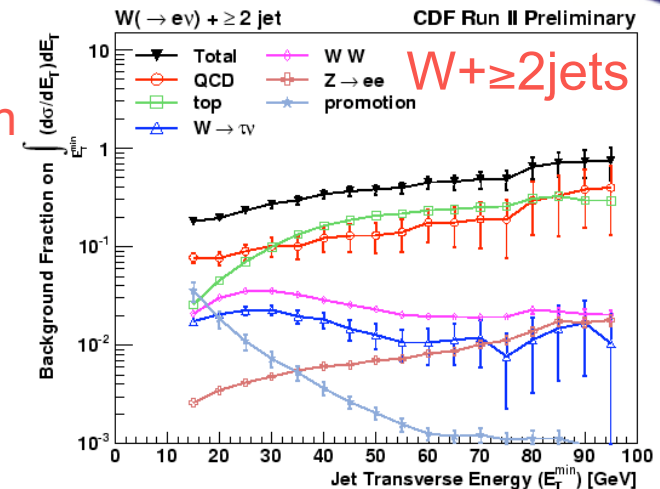
# Backgrounds & Uncertainties



$W + \geq 1 \text{ jet}$

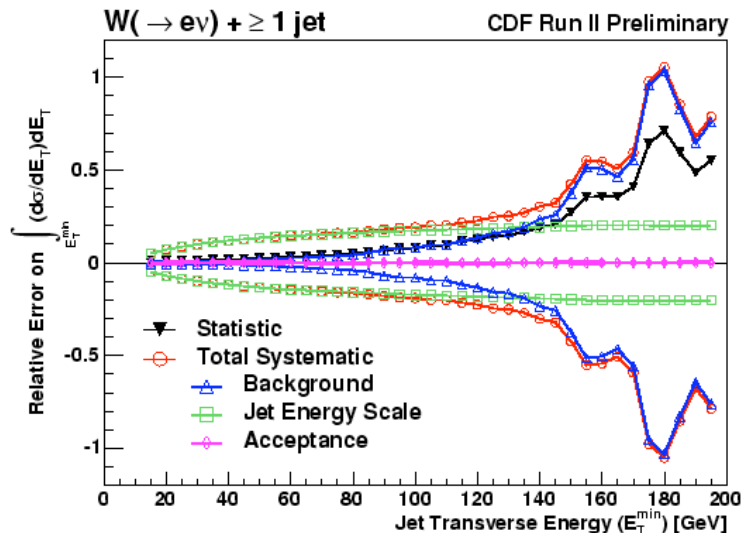
Background fraction

Largely dominated by QCD



$W + \geq 2 \text{ jets}$

top contribution is sizeable in high jet multiplicity and high jet  $E_T$



Still large statistic uncertainty at high  $E_T$

Systematic uncertainty:

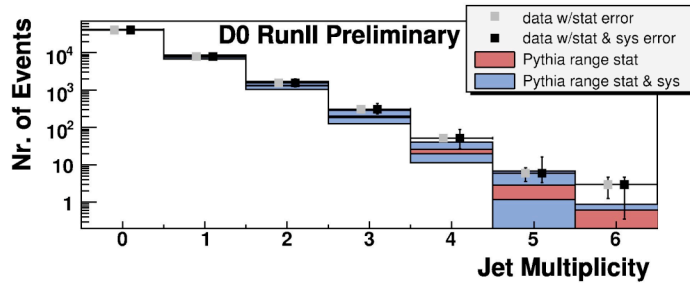
- ✓ Jet energy scale ( $\sim 3\%$ ) is dominant at low  $E_T$
- ✓ Uncertainty due to background subtraction will scale with luminosity



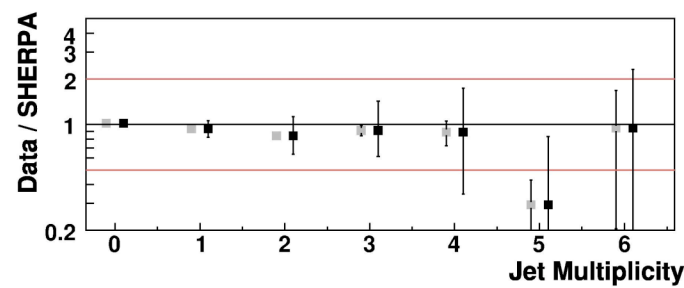
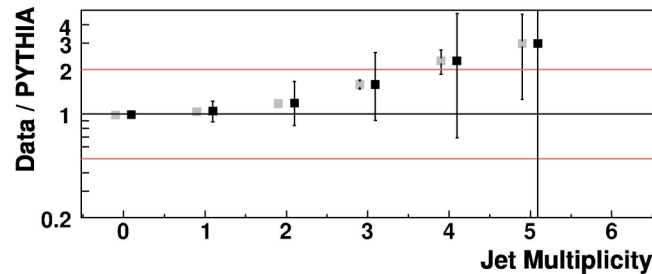
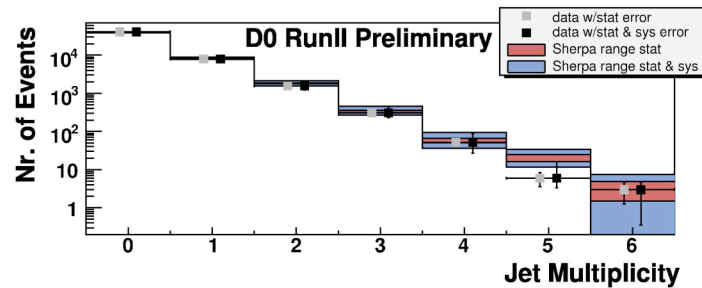
# Z+jet production ( $D\bar{O}$ 950 pb<sup>-1</sup>)



Pythia 6.319 with CTEQ6L



SHERPA 1.0.6 with CTEQ6L

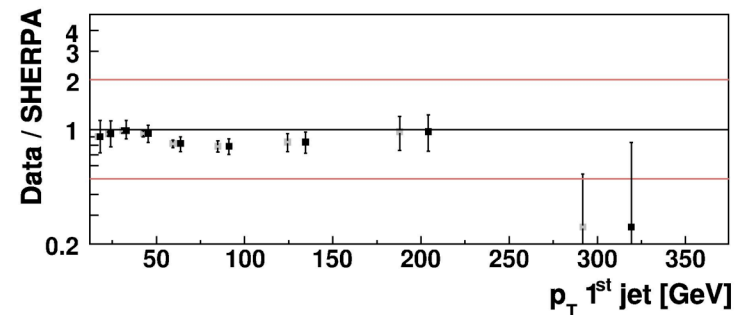
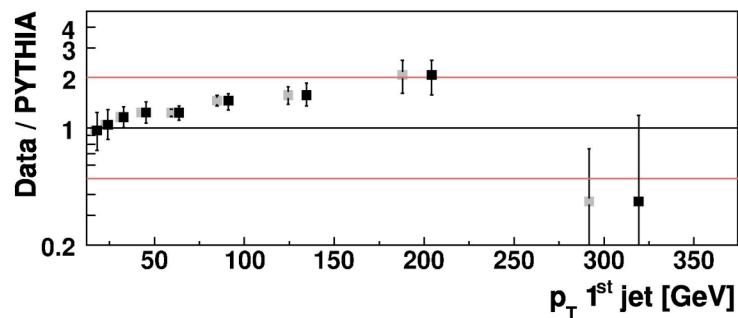
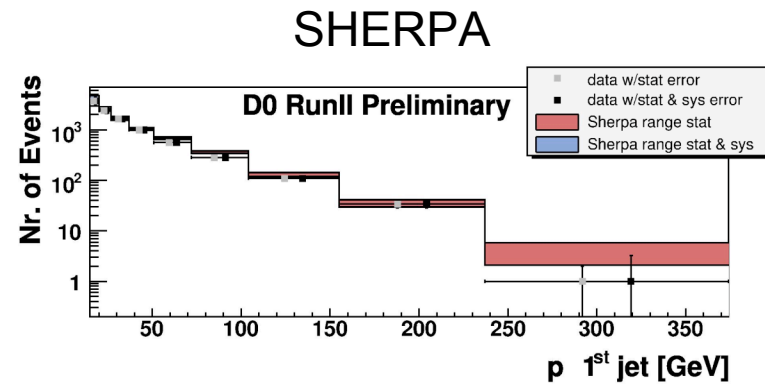
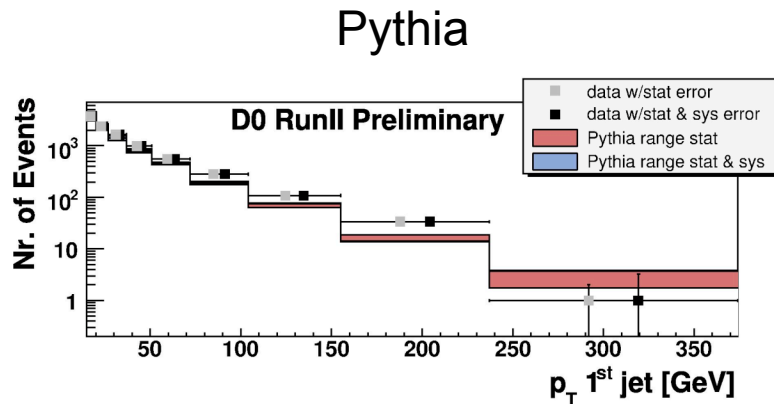


$Z/\gamma^*$  ( $\rightarrow ee$ ) + jet

- Oppositely charged
- $p_T(e) > 25$  GeV
- One  $e$   $|\eta| < 1.1$
- Another  $e$   $|\eta| < 2.5$
- $70 < M(ee) < 100$  GeV
- Cone jets
- $p_T(\text{jet}) > 15$  GeV
- $\Delta R(\text{jet}, e) > 0.5$

- ✓ MC samples are normalized to the total number of  $Z/\gamma^*$  in the data
- ✓ Pythia tends to produce too few multi-jet events
- ✓ SHERPA predictions are somewhat higher than in data
- ✓ Both predictions are in agreement with data within errors

# Z+jet production ( $D\bar{O}$ 950 $\text{pb}^{-1}$ )

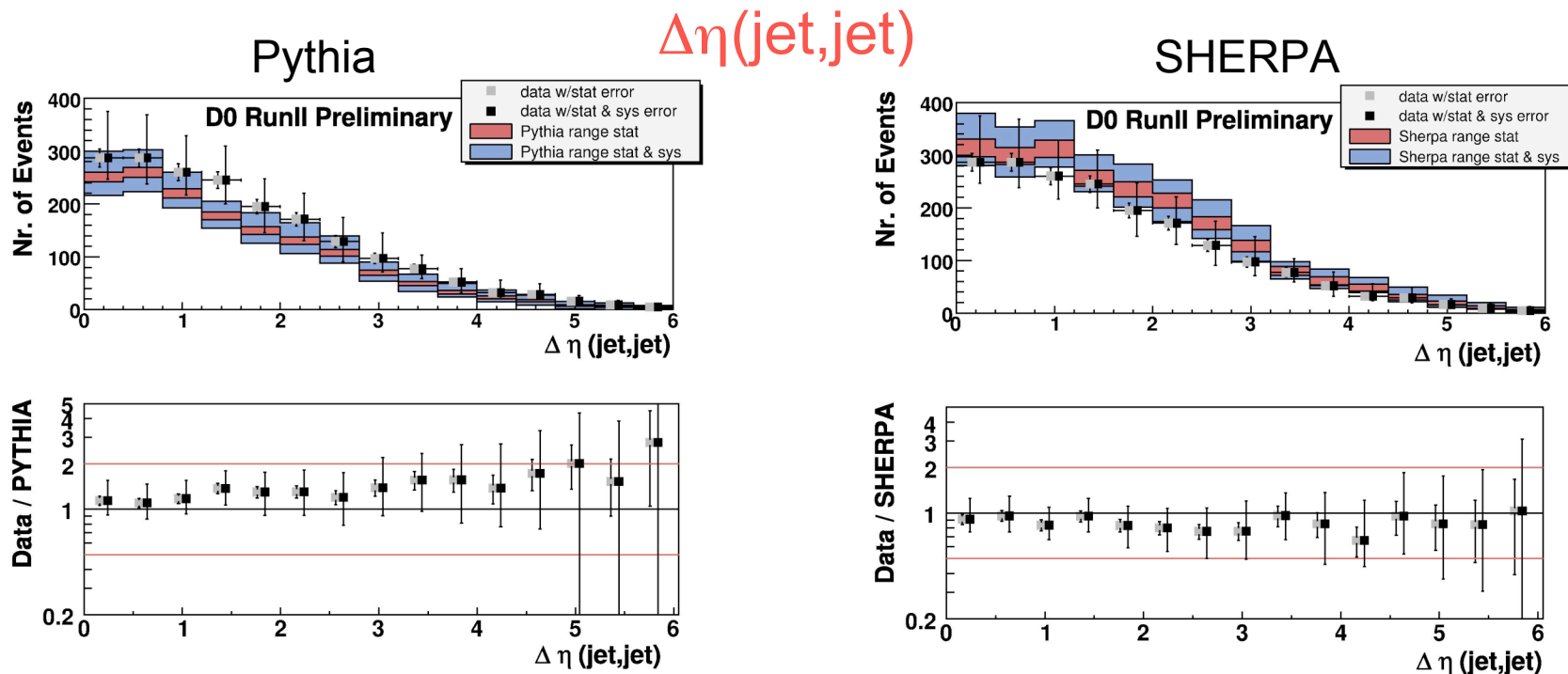


- ✓ MC samples are normalized to the total number of  $Z/\gamma^*$  in the data
- ✓ Positive slope in the ratio for Pythia prediction (larger for 2nd and 3rd jets)
- ✓ SHERPA prediction is consistent with data within errors
- ✓ Also good matches between SHERPA and data for 2nd and 3rd hardest jets

# Z+jet production ( $D\bar{O}$ 950 pb<sup>-1</sup>)

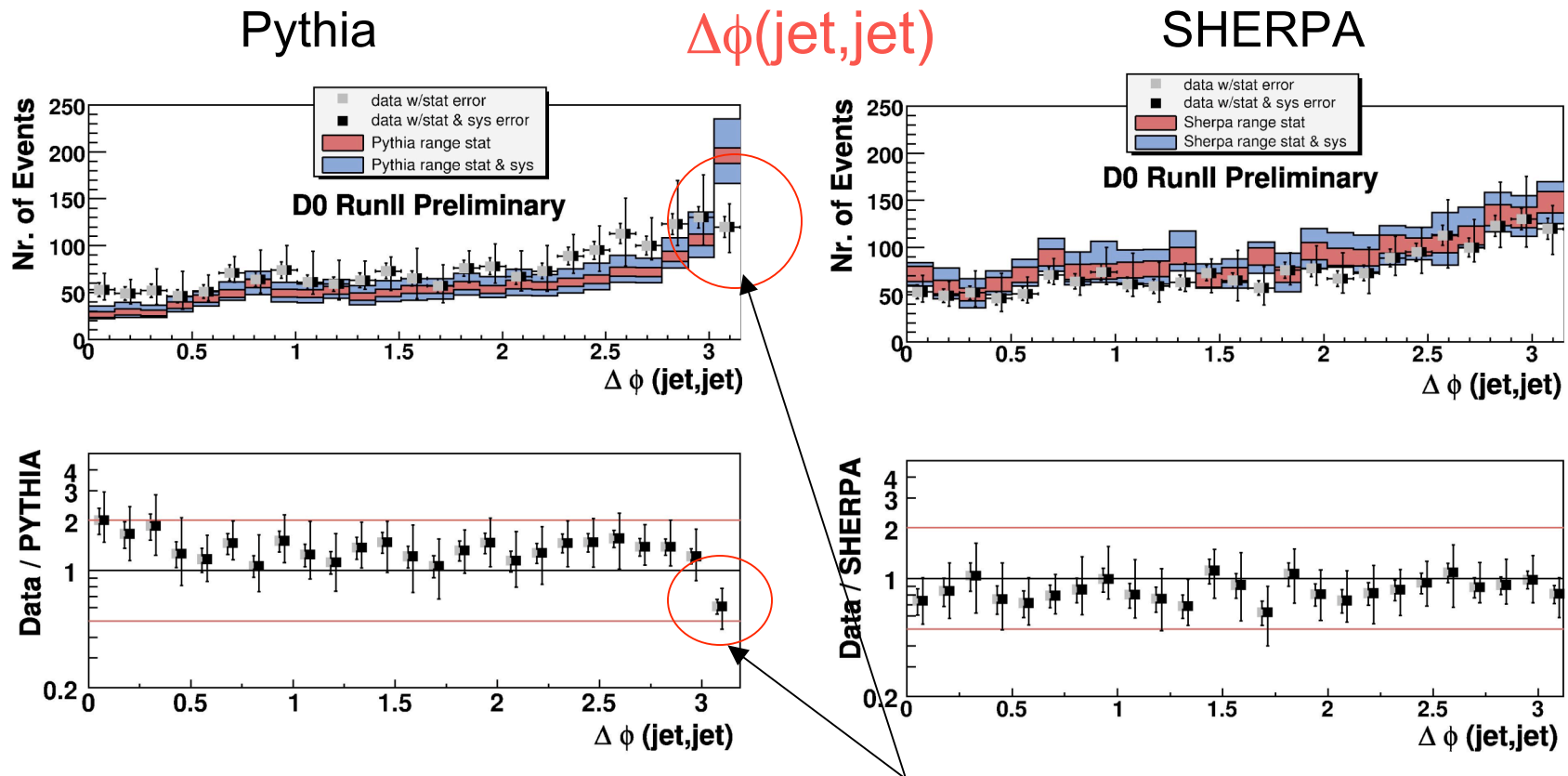


Angular correlations between pairs of hard final state jets



✓ Both predictions describe the  $\Delta\eta$  observed in data within errors

# Z+jet production ( $D\bar{O}$ 950 $\text{pb}^{-1}$ )

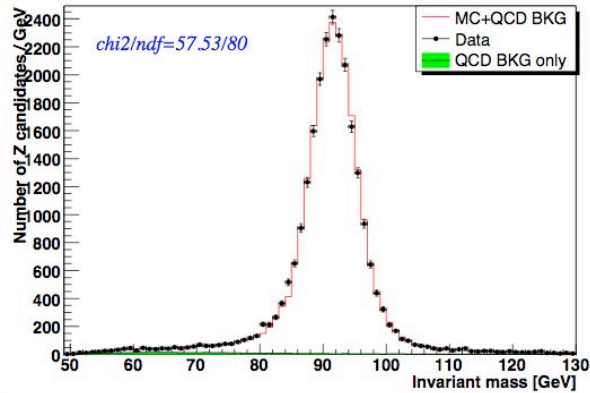


- ✓ Pythia predicts data well except at  $\Delta\Phi=\pi$
- ✓ SHERPA gives a very good description of data
- ✓ A previous  $D\bar{O}$  study shows a good agreement between SHERPA and data in QCD di-jet events

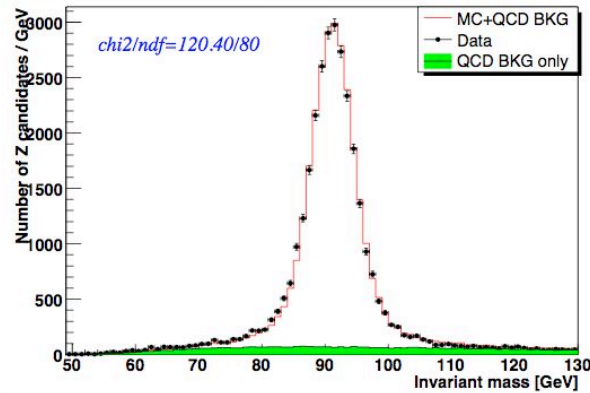
# Z $p_T$ measurement (DØ 960 pb<sup>-1</sup>)



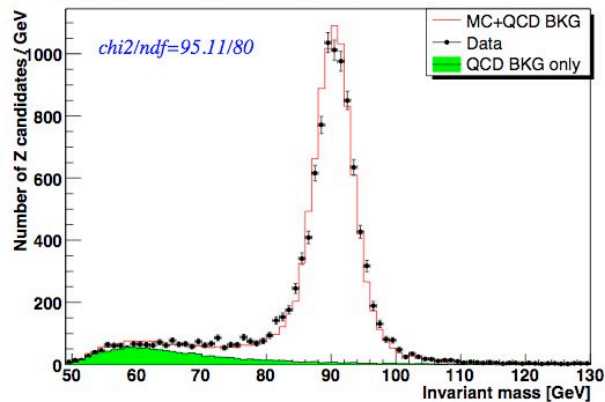
Invariant mass - Z candidates(CCCC)



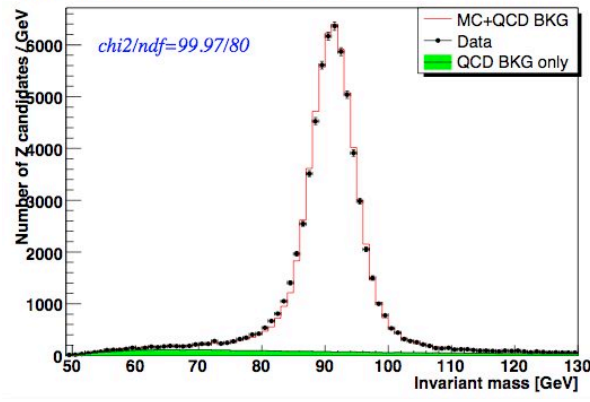
Invariant mass - Z candidates(CCEC)



Invariant mass - Z candidates(ECEC)



Invariant mass - Z candidates(All)



Z/ $\gamma^*$  ( $\rightarrow ee$ )

- $E_T(e) > 25$  GeV
- $|\eta_{det}(e)| < 1.1$  (CC) or  $1.5 < |\eta_{det}(e)| < 3.2$  (EC)
- $70 < M(ee) < 100$  GeV/C<sup>2</sup>

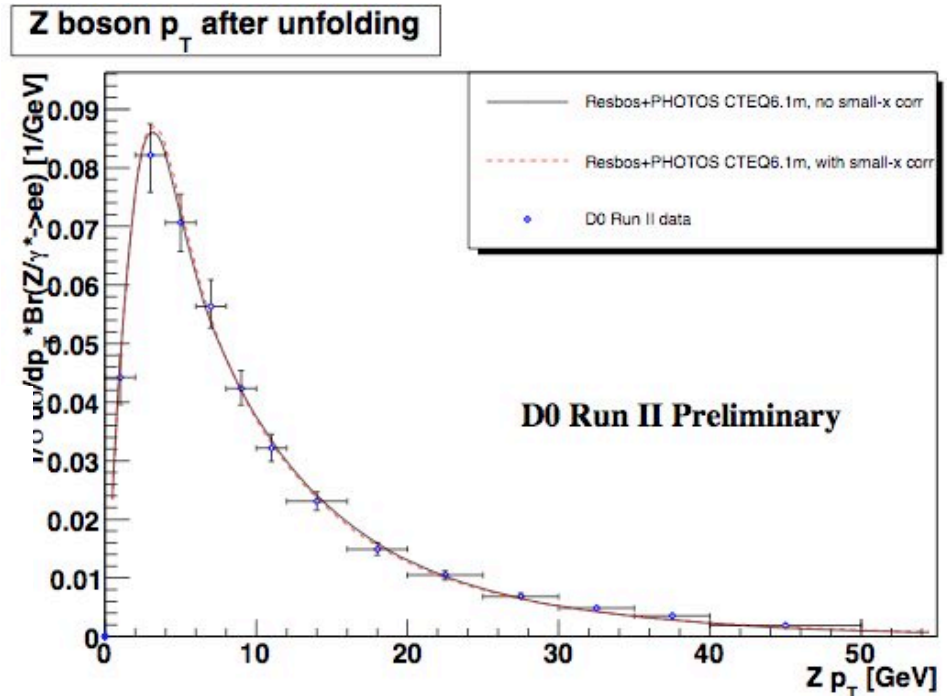
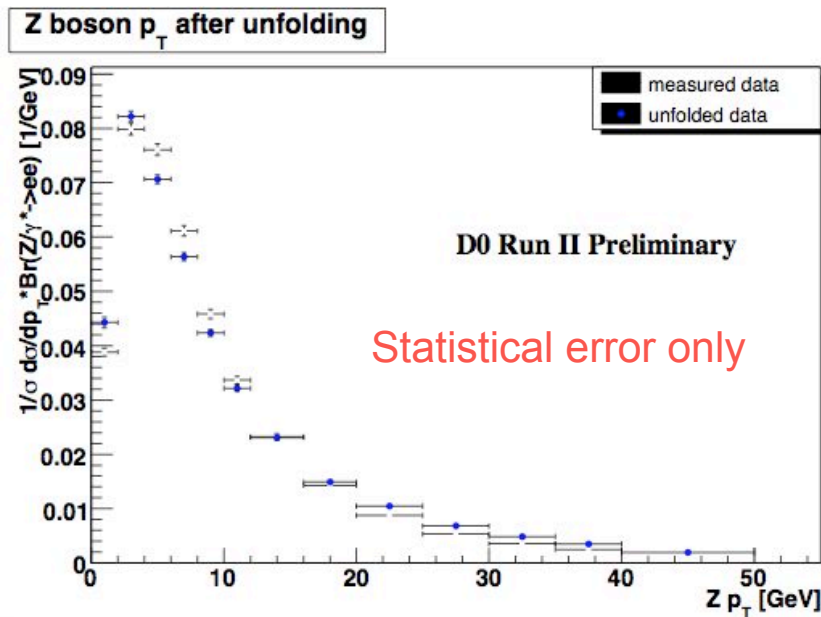
63901 selected events  
~5000 forward Z events

- ✓ Invariant mass,  $M(ee)$ , distribution (signal+background)
- ✓ ResBos (resummation) + PHOTOS (QED radiation) MC
- ✓ Good agreement between data and predictions

# Z $p_T$ measurement ( $D\bar{O}$ 960 $\text{pb}^{-1}$ )



Measured Z  $p_T$  is smeared due to detector resolution effects: unfold the effects to compare with theory directly



- ✓ ResBos+PHOTOS (CTEQ6.1m) describes the data well ( $\chi^2/\text{ndf}=16.8/13$ )
- ✓ Z  $p_T$  for  $y(Z)>2$  will be available soon

# Summary

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- CDF has a measurement of W+jets production
  - Data with 320 pb<sup>-1</sup>
  - Agreement with LO Alpgen(v2)+Pythia is good
- DØ has measured the Z+jets production
  - Data with 950 pb<sup>-1</sup>
  - SHERPA prediction is consistent with data within errors
- DØ has a new measurement of Z p<sub>T</sub> distribution
  - Data with 960 pb<sup>-1</sup>
  - ResBos+PHOTOS MC describes the data well
  - Z p<sub>T</sub> for y(Z)>2 is expected to be available soon
- Stay tuned as the Tevatron continues to produce improved results on boson+jet(s) and boson p<sub>T</sub> distribution